

تَبَارَكَ الَّذِي نَزَّلَ الْقُرْآنَ عَلَى عَبْدِهِ
لِيُتْلَى عَلَيْهِ
إِلَى اللُّغَةِ الْإِنْجِلِيزِيَّةِ

THE GRACIOUS QURAN

A MODERN-PHRASED INTERPRETATION IN ENGLISH
ARABIC-ENGLISH PARALLEL EDITION

AHMAD ZAKI HAMMAD

Surah 1 / 7 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Fâtiḥah



- 1:1 In the name of God,
the All-Merciful,
the Mercy-Giving.
- 1:2 All praise is for God 'alone',
Lord of 'All' the Worlds,
- 1:3 the All-Merciful,
the Mercy-Giving,
- 1:4 Master of the Day of Judgment.
- 1:5 It is You 'alone'
we worship,
and it is You 'alone'
we ask for help.
- 1:6 Guide us
along the straight way—
- 1:7 the way of those
upon whom
You have bestowed grace,
not those upon whom
there is wrath,
nor those astray.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ١

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Surah 2 / 286 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Baqarah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

2:1 Alif Lām Mīm

- 2:2 This is the Book of God.
There is no doubt therein.
It is guidance for the God-fearing:
- 2:3 Those who believe
in the 'realms of the' unseen,
and who 'duly' establish the Prayer
'set by God',
and who spend 'charitably'
out of what We have provided them;
- 2:4 and those who 'further' believe in 'this Quran'
that has been sent down to you,
'O Muhammad, as a revelation from God'
and 'who believe in the Scripture'
that has been sent down 'to the prophets'
who came 'before you,
and those who, 'within themselves,'
have 'utter' certainty
of 'the imminence of' the Hereafter.
- 2:5 It is these who are 'advancing'
upon 'the path of' guidance from their Lord.
And so it is these who are the 'truly' successful.

الْعَم

ذَٰلِكَ الْكِتَابُ لَا رَيْبَ

فِيهِ هُدًى لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ

الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْغَيْبِ

وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ

وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفِقُونَ

وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ

بِمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ

وَمَا أُنزِلَ مِن قَبْلِكَ

وَبِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ يُوقِنُونَ

أُولَٰئِكَ عَلَىٰ هُدًى مِّن رَّبِّهِمْ

وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِكْمَةُ الْأَوَّلَى

- 2:6 As for those who disbelieve,
it is the same to them
whether you forewarn them
of the consequence of unbelief
or you do not forewarn them.
They will not believe.
- 2:7 'Therefore,' God has set a seal
upon their hearts and upon their hearing.
And over their eyes, there is a veil.
Thus for them there is a great torment
'awaiting in the Hereafter'.
- 2:8 Now, there are 'also' among humankind
those who say:
We believe in God
and in the 'coming Judgment of the' Last Day!
But they do not truly believe.
- 2:9 They seek to deceive God
and those who believe.
Yet they deceive none but themselves,
though they do not perceive 'it'.
- 2:10 In their 'doubting' hearts, there is a sickness.
Therefore, God increases them in sickness.
Thus for them there is a most painful torment
'awaiting in the Hereafter'
because they have lied 'about their faith'.
- 2:11 Now, when it is said to them:
Do not spread corruption in the earth, they say:
On the contrary, it is we who are the ones
sowing righteousness!
- 2:12 Most assuredly 'no'!
Indeed, it is they themselves
who are the sowers of corruption.
Yet they do not perceive 'it'.
- 2:13 Moreover, when it is said to them:

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
سَوَاءٌ عَلَيْهِمْ أُنذِرْتَهُمْ
أَمْ لَمْ تُنذِرْهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ
خَتَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ
وَعَلَى سَمْعِهِمْ
وَعَلَى أَبْصَارِهِمْ غِشْوَةٌ
وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ
وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَن يَقُولُ
ءَامَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَإِنَّا لَنُؤْمِرُ الْآخِرَ
وَمَا هُمْ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ
يُخَادِعُونَ اللَّهَ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
وَمَا يُخَادِعُونَ إِلَّا أَنفُسَهُمْ
وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ
فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ
فَرَادَهُمُ اللَّهُ مَرَضًا
وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْذِبُونَ
وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ
لَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
قَالُوا إِنَّمَا نَحْنُ مُصْلِحُونَ
أَلَا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ الْمُفْسِدُونَ
وَلَكِن لَّا يَشْعُرُونَ
وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

Believe in the Heavenly message,
as the people of true faith have believed,
they say:
Shall we believe as the fools have believed?
Most assuredly no!
Indeed, it is they themselves who are the fools.
Yet they do not know it.

- 2:14 Thus when they meet those who believe,
they say:
We too have believed!
But when they are alone with their evil ones,
they say:
We are, indeed, with you!
We were only making mockery of them!
2:15 Rather, it is God
who makes a mockery of them,
for He lets them continue in their transgression,
wandering blindly.

- 2:16 These are the ones
who have purchased misguidance
at the cost of guidance.
Thus their trade has not profited their souls,
for they have not been guided aright.

- 2:17 Their parable is this:
They are like one who seeks to kindle a fire
for his companions.
Then when it has begun
to shine out all around him,
God takes away their light,
and He leaves them enveiled in darkness,
unable to see.

- 2:18 Deaf, dumb, and blind—
never shall they return to guidance.
2:19 Or they are like those who have been caught
in a cloudburst from the sky

ءَامِنُوا كَمَا ءَامَنَ النَّاسُ
قَالُوا أَتُؤْمِنُ كَمَا ءَامَنَ السُّفَهَاءُ
أَلَا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ السُّفَهَاءُ
وَلَكِن لَّا يَعْلَمُونَ
وَإِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا قَالُوا ءَامَنَّا
وَإِذَا خَلَوْا إِلَىٰ شَيَاطِينِهِمْ قَالُوا إِنَّا مَعَكُمْ
إِنَّمَا نَحْنُ مُسْتَهْزَءُونَ
اللَّهُ يَسْتَهْزِئُ بِهِمْ
وَيُؤَيِّدُهُمْ فِي طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ
أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ اشْتَرَوُا الضَّلَالَةَ بِالْهُدَىٰ
فَمَا رِيحَت بِخَنَازِهِمْ
وَمَا كَانُوا مُهْتَدِينَ
مَثَلُهُمْ كَمَثَلِ الَّذِي
أَسْتَوْفَدَ نَارًا
فَلَمَّا أَضَاءَتْ مَا حَوْلَهُ
ذَهَبَ اللَّهُ بِنُورِهِمْ
وَتَرَكَهُمْ فِي ظُلُمَةٍ لَّا يَبْصُرُونَ
ضُمُّهُم بِكُمْ عَمَىٰ
فَهُمْ لَا يَرْجِعُونَ
أَوْ كَصَيْبٍ مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ

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١٩

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

in which there are 'billowing' veils
of darkness, and thunder, and lightning.
They put their fingers in their ears
'to shield themselves'
against the peals of thunder, wary of death.
Yet God is all-encompassing of the disbelievers.
2:20 The lightning nearly snatches away their sight.
Whenever it shines forth for them,
they walk in its 'light'.
But when suddenly it darkens all about them,
they stand still.
And had God so willed,
He, most surely, could have taken away
their hearing and their sight 'altogether'.
Indeed, God is powerful over all things.

2:21 O humankind!
Worship your Lord, who created you
and those before you,
so that you may become God-fearing.

2:22 'Worship none but' the One
who 'alone' has made the earth
a furnished habitation for you,
and 'who alone'
has made 'the heaven a 'sheltering' edifice,
and who 'alone'
has sent down from the sky water,
whereby He brought forth with it
the 'varied' fruits 'of the earth'
as a provision for you.
Therefore, you shall not set up rivals to God
when you know 'well
that such deities cannot exist'.
2:23 And if you are in doubt about 'the divine origin
of' what We have sent down

فِيهِ ظُلُمَاتٌ وَّرَعْدٌ وَبَرْقٌ
يَجْعَلُونَ أَصْغَرَهُمْ فِيْءَاذِهِمْ
مِّنَ الصَّوَاعِقِ حُدُودَ الْمَوْتِ
وَاللَّهُ مُحِيطٌ بِالْكَافِرِينَ
يَكَادُ الْبَرْقُ يَنْطَفِئُ أَبْصَرَهُمْ
كُلَّمَا أَصْبَأَ لَهُمْ مَّشَوْا فِيهِ
وَإِذَا أَظْلَمَ عَلَيْهِمْ قَامُوا
وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَذَهَبَ
بِسَمْعِهِمْ وَأَبْصَرِهِمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ
اعْبُدُوا رَبَّكُمُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ
وَالَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ
الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ
الْأَرْضَ فِرَاشًا وَالسَّمَاءَ بِنَاءً
وَأَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً
فَأَخْرَجَ بِهِ مِنَ الثَّمَرَاتِ
رِزْقًا لَّكُمْ
فَلَا تَجْعَلُوا لِلَّهِ أَنْدَادًا
وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ فِي رَيْبٍ
مِّمَّا نَزَّلْنَا عَلَى عَبْدِنَا

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الأول

to Our servant Muhammad in the Quran,
then bring forth a single surah of its like.
Moreover, call all your witnesses,
apart from God,
to prove your claim, if you are truthful.

2:24 Yet if you cannot do so—
and never shall you do so—

then fear the Fire of Hell,
whose fuel is people and stones—
a Fire prepared for the disbelievers.

2:25 But give glad tidings, O Prophet,
to those who believe and do righteous deeds
that for them there are Gardens of Paradise
awaiting in the Hereafter,
beneath which rivers flow.

Whenever they are provided from it
of its varied Heavenly fruits
as a provision to enjoy, they will say:
This is, in appearance,
like what we were provided before
in the life of the world!

And, indeed, it shall be brought to them
in full resemblance,
yet being far more delectable!

And so too shall they have
in these Gardens of Delight
spouses who are ever pure.

And, therein,
shall they abide with them forever.

2:26 *Indeed, God does not refrain
from giving any example
to teach humankind—
not even that of a gnat—
or anything that should surpass it,

فَاتُوا بِسُورَةٍ مِّنْ مِّثْلِهِ
وَادْعُوا شُهَدَاءَكُمْ

مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

فَإِنْ لَّمْ تَفْعَلُوا وَلَنْ تَفْعَلُوا ﴿٢٤﴾

فَاتَّقُوا النَّارَ الَّتِي

وَقُودُهَا النَّاسُ وَالْحِجَارَةُ

أُعِدَّتْ لِلْكَافِرِينَ

وَبَشِّرِ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿٢٥﴾

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

أَنَّ لَهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

كُلَّمَا رُزِقُوا مِنْهَا

مِنْ ثَمَرٍ وَزِقُوا قَالُوا

هَذَا الَّذِي رُزِقْنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَأْتُوا بِهِ مُتَشَبِهًا

وَلَهُمْ فِيهَا أَزْوَاجٌ مُّطَهَّرَةٌ

وَهُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

﴿٢٦﴾ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَسْتَحْيِي

أَنْ يَضْرِبَ مَثَلًا مَّا

بَعُوضَةً فَمَا فَوْقَهَا

in smallness or greatness.

Then, as for those who believe,
they know well

that such an example is, indeed, the truth
from their Lord.

But as for those who disbelieve,
they say, with contempt:

What would God intend
with such an unworthy example?
Say to them:

It is a test of choice.

By this He leads many astray.

And by this He guides many.

Yet He does not lead anyone astray, thereby,
except the ungodly—

- 2:27 those who break the covenant of God
after it has been solemnly pledged before Him;
and who cut off the relations
that God has commanded to be kept joined;
and who spread corruption in the earth.
It is such as these who are the losers
of an everlasting Paradise.

- 2:28 How can you human beings disbelieve in God
when you were once lifeless,
and He gave you life;
then He causes you to die;
then He shall again give you life;
then to Him
shall you all be returned for Judgment?

- 2:29 He is the One who created for you
all that is in the earth.
Then He directed Himself toward the heaven,
and He fashioned it into seven heavens.
For He alone is all-knowing of all things.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
فَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ
الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ
وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
فَيَقُولُونَ مَاذَا أَرَادَ اللَّهُ
بِهَذَا مَثَلًا
يُضِلُّ بِهِ كَثِيرًا
وَيَهْدِي بِهِ كَثِيرًا
وَمَا يُضِلُّ بِهِ
إِلَّا الْفَاسِقِينَ
الَّذِينَ يَتَفَضُّونَ عَهْدَ اللَّهِ
مِنْ بَعْدِ مِيثَاقِهِ
وَيَقْطَعُونَ مَا أَمَرَ اللَّهُ
بِهِ أَنْ يُوصَلَ
وَيُفْسِدُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ
كَيْفَ تَكْفُرُونَ بِاللَّهِ
وَكُنْتُمْ ءَمَوَاتًا
فَأَحْيَاكُمْ
ثُمَّ يُمِيتُكُمْ ثُمَّ يُحْيِيكُمْ
ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ
هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ لَكُمْ
مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا
ثُمَّ أَسْتَوَىٰ إِلَى السَّمَاءِ
فَسَوَّاهُنَّ سَبْعَ سَمَوَاتٍ
وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

- 2:30 Now, behold!
Your Lord said to the angels:
I am placing upon the earth
a 'human' successor to steward it.
They said:
Will You place thereupon
one who will spread corruption therein,
and who, moreover, will shed blood,
while we ever exalt You with all praise
and hallow You?
He said:
Indeed, I know what you do not know.
- 2:31 Thus He taught Adam
the names of created beings, all of them.
Thereafter, He arrayed them before the angels.
Then He said:
Tell Me the names of these,
if you are truthful in saying
that man is undeserving of this stewardship.
- 2:32 They said:
Highly exalted be You!
We have no knowledge,
other than what You, Yourself, have taught us.
Indeed, it is You, our Lord, You alone,
who are the All-Knowing, the All-Wise.
- 2:33 He said: O Adam!
Tell them the names of these beings.
So when he had informed them
of all their names,
'God' said to the angels:
Did I not say to you that I know all the realms
of the unseen of the heavens and the earth,
and I know what you reveal
and what you conceal?
- 2:34 Then behold! We said to the angels:

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

وَإِذْ قَالَ رَبُّكَ لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ ﴿٣٠﴾

إِنِّي جَاعِلٌ

فِي الْأَرْضِ خَلِيفَةً

قَالُوا أَتَجْعَلُ فِيهَا

مَنْ يُفْسِدُ فِيهَا

وَسَفْكَ الدِّمَاءَ

وَنَحْنُ نُسَبِّحُ بِحَمْدِكَ

وَنُقَدِّسُ لَكَ

قَالَ إِنِّي أَعْلَمُ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

وَعَلَّمَ آدَمَ الْأَسْمَاءَ كُلَّهَا ﴿٣١﴾

ثُمَّ عَرَضَهُمْ عَلَى الْمَلَائِكَةِ

فَقَالَ أَنْبِئُونِي بِأَسْمَاءِ هَؤُلَاءِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

قَالُوا سُبْحَانَكَ ﴿٣٢﴾

لَا عِلْمَ لَنَا إِلَّا مَا عَلَّمْتَنَا

إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ

قَالَ يٰٓأَدَمُ ﴿٣٣﴾

أَنْبِئْهُمْ بِأَسْمَائِهِمْ

فَلَمَّا أَنْبَأَهُمْ بِأَسْمَائِهِمْ

قَالَ أَلَمْ أَقُلْ لَكُمْ إِنِّي أَعْلَمُ

غَيْبَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَأَعْلَمُ مَا تُبْدُونَ

وَمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْتُمُونَ

وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ ﴿٣٤﴾

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

- Bow your faces down to receive Adam into life and to honor him!
 So they all bowed down, except Iblis.
 He refused and grew greatly arrogant.
 And thus did he become of the rebellious disbelievers.
- 2:35 Thereafter, We said: O Adam! Dwell, you and your wife, in the garden; and eat from it plentifully, both of you, wherever of it you so please. But you shall not come near this single tree to eat of its fruit. For, then, you shall both be of the wrongdoers.
- 2:36 Yet Satan caused them both to eat from it and so slip from the garden. Thus did he expel them from where they had been secure. And so it was that We said to them all: Descend from here, being enemies to one another! Yet there is for you in the earth a place suitable for settlement, and of goodly provision, for a preordained time.
- 2:37 Adam then received words of guidance from his Lord. Thus, He granted him repentance. For, indeed, it is He alone who is the All-Relenting, the Mercy-Giving.
- 2:38 For We had said: Descend from it now, all together! Then whenever guidance from Me comes to you—then know that as for all those who follow My guidance,

أَسْجُدُوا لِآدَمَ

فَسَجَدُوا إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ

أَبَىٰ وَاسْتَكْبَرَ

وَكَانَ مِنَ الْكَافِرِينَ

وَقُلْنَا يَتَادَمُ

٣٥

أَسْكُنْ أَنْتَ وَزَوْجُكَ الْجَنَّةَ

وَكُلَا مِنْهَا رَغَدًا

حَيْثُ شِئْتُمَا

وَلَا تَقْرَبَا هَذِهِ الشَّجَرَةَ

فَتَكُونَا مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ

فَأَرَاهُمَا الشَّيْطَانُ عَنَّا

٣٦

فَأَخْرَجَهُمَا مِمَّا كَانَا فِيهِ

وَقُلْنَا اهْبِطُوا

بَعْضُكُمْ لِبَعْضٍ عَدُوٌّ

وَلَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ

مُسْتَقَرٌّ وَمَتَاعٌ إِلَىٰ حِينٍ

فَلَقَىٰ آدَمُ

٣٧

مِنْ رَبِّهِ كَلِمَاتٍ فَثَابَ عَلَيْهِ

إِنَّهُ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُ

قُلْنَا اهْبِطُوا مِنْهَا جَمِيعًا

٣٨

فَأَمَّا يَٰٓأَيُّهَا النَّاسُ فَمَنِ هَدَىٰ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

there shall be no fear upon them
when they assemble for Judgment.

Nor shall they ever grieve
over the life of the world.

- 2:39 But as to those who disbelieve
and belie Our 'natural and revealed' signs—
it is these who are 'destined'
to be 'the Companions of the Fire' of Hell.
They shall abide therein forever.

- 2:40 O Children of Israel!
Recall 'in your hearts' My blessings
with which I have blessed you.
Thus you shall fulfill 'the terms
of My covenant' with you',
and I shall fulfill 'the terms
of your covenant' with Me'.
And 'it is' Me alone you shall hold in awe.
- 2:41 Therefore, you shall believe
in that which I have sent down 'in this Quran',
confirming 'the truth of the Scripture'
that is already with you.
And be not the first
'among the People of the Scripture'
to disbelieve in it.
Nor be 'the ones
to 'sell My 'revealed' signs for a small price.
And it is Me alone whom you shall fear.
- 2:42 Nor shall you mix the truth with falsehood,
nor 'willfully' suppress the truth,
while you know 'that it is wrong to do so'.
Rather, you shall 'duly' establish the Prayer,
and you shall give the Zakât-Charity,
and you shall bow 'to God in Prayer'
along with those who bow 'to Him'.

فَمَنْ يَبْعَ هُدًى
فَلَا خَوْفَ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ

٣٩

وَكَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ
هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

٤٠

يٰٓبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
أَذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتِيَ
الَّتِي أَنْعَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ
وَأَوْفُوا بِعَهْدِي أُوفِ بِعَهْدِكُمْ
وَإِنِّي فَازِهِبُونَ

٤١

وَأَمْسُوا بِمَا أَنْزَلْتُ
مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا مَعَكُمْ
وَلَا تَكُونُوا أَوَّلَ كَافِرٍ بِهِ
وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا بِآيَاتِي ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا
وَإِنِّي فَاتِنُونَ

٤٢

وَلَا تَلْسُوا
الْحَقَّ بِالْبَاطِلِ
وَتَكُنْهُوا بِالْحَقِّ

٤٣

وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ
وَأَقِمْوُا الصَّلَاةَ
وَأَتُوا الزَّكَاةَ

٤٤

وَارْكَعُوا مَعَ الرَّاكِعِينَ

- 2:44 *Do you enjoin virtuousness upon 'other' people while forgetting yourselves? And yet you 'are a people who recite the Scripture! Are you not, then, able to understand?
- 2:45 Rather, seek 'God's' help through 'enduring' patience and 'devotion in' Prayer. And this is, indeed, a great 'burden', except on those who humble themselves 'before God'—
- 2:46 those who realize that they will, assuredly, meet their Lord, and that, indeed, it is to Him 'alone' that they are returning 'for Judgment in the Hereafter'.
- 2:47 O Children of Israel! Recall 'in your hearts' My blessings with which I have blessed you, and that I had, indeed, showed preference to you above the peoples of 'the time in all' the world.
- 2:48 Then be ever fearful of a Day 'Hereafter' when no soul shall indemnify any other soul against anything 'from God'. Nor shall any intercession be accepted from it 'for its salvation'. Nor shall any compensation be taken from it 'in atonement for its sins'. Nor shall they 'who have disbelieved' ever be helped 'against God's Judgment'.
- 2:49 And 'recall, O Children of Israel', how We delivered you from the House of Pharaoh.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الأول

٤٤ ﴿۴۴﴾ أَتَأْمُرُونَ النَّاسَ بِالْبِرِّ وَتَنْسَوْنَ أَنْفُسَكُمْ وَأَنْتُمْ نَتْلُونَ الْكِتَابَ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ

٤٥ ﴿۴۵﴾ وَأَسْتَعِينُوا بِالصَّبْرِ وَالصَّلَاةِ وَإِنَّهَا لَكَبِيرَةٌ إِلَّا عَلَى الْخَاشِعِينَ

٤٦ ﴿۴۶﴾ الَّذِينَ يَظُنُّونَ أَنَّهُمْ مُلَاقُوا رَبِّهِمْ وَأَنَّهُمْ إِلَيْهِ رَاجِعُونَ

٤٧ ﴿۴۷﴾ يَبْنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ أَذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتِيَ الَّتِي أَنْعَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَأَنِّي فَضَّلْتُكُمْ عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ

٤٨ ﴿۴۸﴾ وَاتَّقُوا يَوْمًا لَا تَجْزِي نَفْسٌ عَنْ نَفْسٍ شَيْئًا وَلَا يَقْبَلُ مِنْهَا شَفَعَةً وَلَا يُؤْخَذُ مِنْهَا عَدْلٌ وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ

٤٩ ﴿۴۹﴾ وَإِذْ نَجَّيْنَاكُمْ مِّنْ آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ يَسُومُونَكُمْ سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ

يُؤْتِيكُمُ اللَّهُ

الْحِزْنَ الْأَوَّلَ

They were inflicting upon you
 a most evil torment, slaying your sons
 and keeping your womenfolk alive
 in bondage for themselves.
 And in this, there was a great trial
 from your Lord.

- 2:50 And recall how We divided the sea for you.
 Thus We delivered you
 and drowned the House of Pharaoh,
 even while you were looking on.

- 2:51 And recall when We promised to Moses
 an appointment of forty nights
 on Mount Tûr in Sinai
 to receive the Torah.
 Then you took the 'Golden Calf' as a god
 after him, when he had departed
 from your midst—and in this
 you became idolatrous wrongdoers!

- 2:52 Then We pardoned you, even after this,
 so that you might give thanks.

- 2:53 And recall when We gave Moses
 the Book of the Torah
 and the criterion of right and wrong,
 so that you might be guided aright.

- 2:54 And recall when Moses said to his people:
 O my people!
 Indeed, you have wronged yourselves
 by your taking of the 'Golden Calf' as a god.
 So repent to your Maker,
 and let the righteous among you
 slay the wrongdoers among yourselves.

يَذِيحُونَ أَبْنَاءَكُمْ
 وَيَسْتَحْيُونَ نِسَاءَكُمْ
 وَفِي ذَٰلِكُمْ بَلَاءٌ
 مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ عَظِيمٌ
 وَإِذْ فَرَقْنَا بِكُمُ الْبَحْرَ
 فَأَنجَيْنَاكُمْ

٥٠

وَأَغْرَقْنَا آلَ فِرْعَوْنَ
 وَأَنْتُمْ تَنْظُرُونَ

٥١

وَإِذْ وَعَدْنَا مُوسَىٰ
 أَرْبَعِينَ لَيْلَةً ثُمَّ اتَّخَذْتُمْ
 الْعِجْلَ مِن بَعْدِهِ

وَأَنْتُمْ ظَالِمُونَ

ثُمَّ عَفَوْنَا عَنْكُمْ

٥٢

مِّن بَعْدِ ذَٰلِكَ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

وَإِذْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ

٥٣

الْكِتَابَ وَالْفُرْقَانَ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ

وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمِهِ

٥٤

يَنْقُومِ

إِنَّكُمْ ظَلَمْتُمْ أَنْفُسَكُمْ

بِاتِّخَاذِكُمُ الْعِجْلَ

فَتَوَبُّوا إِلَىٰ بَارِيكُمْ

فَأَقِمْوْا أَنْفُسَكُمْ

ذَلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ عِندَ بَارِيكُمْ

فَنَابِ عَلَيْكُمْ

إِنَّهُ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُ

That is best for you in the sight of your Maker.
Then He granted you repentance.
Indeed, it is He
who is the All-Relenting, the Mercy-Giving.

- 2:55 And 'recall' when you said: O Moses!
We shall never believe in you
until we see God openly, 'before our very eyes'.
Then, suddenly, the thunderbolt seized you,
even while you were looking on.
- 2:56 Then We revived you after your death,
so that you might give thanks.
- 2:57 Furthermore, We shaded you 'in the desert'
with thin cloud cover.
Moreover, We sent down upon you
manna and quail, 'saying':
Eat of the wholesome foods
which We have provided you.
And yet it was not Us whom they wronged
'with their defiant ingratitude'.
But, rather, it was their own souls
they were 'all the while' wronging.
- 2:58 And 'recall' when We said:
Enter 'the blessed land of' this city,
and eat from it plentifully wherever you will.
Yet you shall enter the gateway
bowing down 'to God' while you say 'in prayer':
Disburden us, 'our Lord,
from the consequences of our wrongdoing.
Then 'We shall forgive you of your sins.
And We shall increase 'the reward
of' those who excel in 'doing' good.
- 2:59 But those 'of them'
who were 'habituated to' doing wrong

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

وَإِذْ قُلْتُمْ يَمُوسَىٰ ٥٥
لَنْ نُؤْمِنَ لَكَ
حَتَّىٰ نَرَى اللَّهَ جَهْرَةً
فَأَخَذَتْكُمُ الصَّاعِقَةُ
وَأَنْتُمْ تُنظَرُونَ
ثُمَّ بَعَثْنَاكُم ٥٦
مِّنْ بَعْدِ مَوْتِكُمْ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ
وَوَضَعْنَا عَلَىٰ كُمْ الْغَمَامَ ٥٧
وَأَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ
الْمَنَّاءَ وَالسَّلَوىَّ
كُلُوا مِنْ طَيِّبَاتِ
مَا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ
وَمَا ظَلَمُونَا وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا
أَنفُسُهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ
وَإِذْ قُلْنَا ادْخُلُوا هَذِهِ الْقَرْيَةَ
فَكُلُوا مِنْهَا
حَيْثُ شِئْتُمْ رَغَدًا
وَادْخُلُوا الْبَابَ سُجَّدًا
وَقُولُوا حِطَّةٌ
نَّعْفِرْ لَكُمْ خَطِيئَتَكُمْ
وَسَتَرْيِدُ الْمُحْسِنِينَ
فَبَدَّلَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ٥٩
قَوْلًا غَيْرَ الَّذِي قِيلَ لَهُمْ
فَأَنزَلْنَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا
رِجْزًا مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزُّ الْأَوَّلُ

substituted 'this invocation' with a word
unlike 'the Heavenly command'
that was said to them.

So upon those who were doing wrong,
We sent down 'a plague
of' castigation from the sky
for the 'deeds of' ungodliness
they had committed.

2:60 *And 'recall' how Moses sought drinking water
'in the desert' for his people.

So We said 'to him':

Strike the stone with your staff!

Then from it twelve springs burst forth.

Each 'group of' people knew its watering place.

'And it was said to them:

Eat and drink 'freely'

from the 'generous' provision of God.

Yet you shall not make mischief in the earth,
sowing corruption 'in it'.

2:61 And 'recall' when you said, 'thereafter':
O Moses!

Never shall we endure with 'patience'
one 'kind of' food.

So call upon your Lord for us,
to bring forth for us some 'variation'
from what the earth grows—
of its herbs and its cucumbers,
and its garlic, and its lentils, and its onions.

He said:

Do you seek to substitute that which is lesser
for that which is better?

Go down 'in shame' to any township!

Then, indeed, you shall have

يَمَا كَانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ

وَإِذْ أَسْتَسْقَىٰ مُوسَىٰ

لِقَوْمِهِ فَقُلْنَا

أَضْرِبْ بِعَصَاكَ الْحَجَرَ

فَانْفَجَرَتْ مِنْهُ

اثْنَا عَشَرَ عَيْنًا قَدْ عَلِمَ

كُلُّ أَتَانٍ مَّشْرِبُهُمْ

كُلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا

مِنْ رِزْقِ اللَّهِ وَلَا تَعْثَوْا

فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ

وَإِذْ قُلْتُمْ يَمْوُتُونَ

لَنْ نَضْرِبَ عَلَىٰ طَعَامٍ وَجِدٍ

فَادْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ

يُخْرِجْ لَنَا مِمَّا تُنْبِتُ الْأَرْضُ

مِنْ بَقْلِهَا وَقِثَاقِهَا

وَعُودِهَا وَعَدَسِيهَا وَبَصِلَهَا

قَالَ أَتَنْتَبِدُلُونَ

الَّذِي هُوَ أَذْفَىٰ

بِالَّذِي هُوَ خَيْرٌ

أَهْطُوا مِصْرًا

فَإِنَّ لَكُمْ مَأْسًا لَّئِمَّةً

وَضُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ

الذِّلَّةُ وَالْمَسْكَنَةُ

وَبَاءَ وَبَغَضَ مِنَ اللَّهِ

ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانُوا يَكْفُرُونَ

all that you have asked for!
 So they were struck with humiliation
 and indigence.
 For they had brought upon themselves
 great wrath from God.
 That is because, 'again and again,'
 they disbelieved in the 'revealed' signs of God
 and killed 'His' prophets without any right.
 That is because they disobeyed 'God'
 and 'persistently' transgressed 'His covenant'.

2:62 Indeed, those who believe 'in Islam',
 and those of Jewry, and the Christians,
 and the Sabians—
 whoever 'among them truly' believes in God
 and 'in the coming Judgment of' the Last Day
 and works righteousness—
 shall have their reward with their Lord 'in full';
 and there shall be no fear upon them
 'when they assemble for Judgment'.
 Nor shall they ever grieve
 'over the life of the world'.

2:63 And 'recall, O Children of Israel',
 when We took your 'pledge'
 to fulfill Our 'covenant',
 and We lifted Mount Ṭūr 'of Sinai'
 above you, 'saying':
 Take 'hold of' all that We have given you
 'in the covenant' with 'utmost' power!
 And be 'ever' mindful of
 what is 'prescribed' in it,
 so that you may become 'truly' God-fearing.
 2:64 But, thereafter, you turned away.
 And had it not been

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

وَعَايَنَتِ اللَّهُ

وَيَقْتُلُونَ النَّبِيِّينَ

بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ ذَلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوْا

وَكَانُوا يَعْتَدُونَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ١٢

وَالَّذِينَ هَادُوا

وَالنَّصَارَى وَالصَّابِئِينَ

مَنْ ءَامَنَ بِاللَّهِ

وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ

وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا

فَلَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ

وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ

وَإِذَا خَذْنَا مِيثَاقَكُمْ ١٣

وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَكُمُ الطُّورَ

خُذُوا مَا ءَاتَيْنَاكُمْ بِقُوَّةٍ

وَاذْكُرُوا مَا فِيهِ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ

ثُمَّ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ ١٤

فَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ

وَرَحْمَتُهُ

لَكُنْتُمْ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ

وَلَقَدْ عَلَّمْتُمُ الَّذِينَ ١٥

أَعْتَدُوا مِنْكُمْ فِي السَّبْتِ

فَقُلْنَا لَهُمْ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

for the grace of God upon you, and His mercy,
most surely,
you would have become among the losers
of an everlasting Paradise`.

- 2:65 And truly, you have known already
what became of those of you
who violated the solemnity of the Sabbath.
Thus, We said to them:
Be you apes, most despicable!
- 2:66 Thus We made it an exemplary punishment
for the people of their time,
and for those who succeeded them;
and it remains an admonition
to the God-fearing for all time`.

- 2:67 Moreover, behold!
Moses said to his people:
Indeed, God commands you
to slaughter a cow in charitable sacrifice`.
They said:
Do you mean to make a mockery of us?
He said:
I take refuge in God
from ever being of the ignorant
who mock God's commands`!

- 2:68 They said:
Call upon your Lord for us to make clear to us
what sort of cow it may be.
He said:
Indeed, He says:
It is to be a cow that is neither old
nor a virgin calf—but midrange in between.
So do at once as you are commanded.

- 2:69 They said:
Call again upon your Lord for us

كُونُوا قِرَدَةً خَاسِئِينَ

فَجَعَلْنَاهَا نَكَالًا

٦٦

لِمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهَا

وَمَا خَلْفَهَا

وَمَوْعِظَةً لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ

وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمِهِ

٦٧

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَأْمُرُكُمْ

أَنْ تَذْبَحُوا بَقْرَةً

قَالُوا أَلَنَتَجِدُنَا هَٰزِلُونَ

قَالَ أَعُودُ بِاللَّهِ

أَنْ أَكُونَ مِنَ الْجَاهِلِينَ

قَالُوا ادْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ

٦٨

يُبَيِّنَ لَنَا مَا هِيَ

قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُولُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ

لَّا فَارِصٌ وَلَا يَكَرُّ

عَوَانٌ بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ

فَافْعَلُوا مَا تُؤْمَرُونَ

قَالُوا ادْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ

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يُبَيِّنَ لَنَا مَا لَوْنُهَا

قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُولُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ

صَفْرَاءُ فَاقْبَعْ لَوْنُهَا

تَسْرُ النَّظِيرِينَ

قَالُوا ادْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ

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يُبَيِّنَ لَنَا مَا هِيَ

إِنَّ الْبَقَرَ تَشَبَهَ عَلَيْنَا

to make clear to us what its color may be.

He said:

Indeed, He says:

It is to be a yellow cow, so intense in its color that it gladdens all beholders.

2:70 They said:

Call 'again' upon your Lord for us to make clear to us what 'sort of cow' it may be; 'for,' indeed, all cows look alike to us. If God so wills, we shall, most surely, be guided aright.

2:71 He said:

Indeed, He says:

It is to be a cow never yoked to plow the land, nor to water the tillage, one which has been 'kept' sound, without 'any' blemish in it.

They said:

Now you have come out with the whole truth! Then 'reluctantly' they slaughtered it—though very nearly they did not do so.

2:72 And 'recall' when 'some among' you had killed a person, and therein you contended against each other—though God was to bring to light all that you were suppressing.

2:73 So We said:

Strike the 'slain' one with part of 'the slaughtered cow, and he shall come to life'! Even so does God give life to the dead and show you His 'miraculous' signs, so that you might reflect 'and believe that He who gives life to one can give life to all'.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الأول

وَأَنَّا إِن شَاءَ اللَّهُ

لَمُهْتَدُونَ

قَالَ إِنَّهُ يَقُولُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ

لَا ذَلُولٌ تُثِيرُ الْأَرْضَ

وَلَا تَسْقِي الْحَرْثَ

مُسَلَّمَةٌ لَا شِيَةَ فِيهَا

قَالُوا أَأَتَيْنَا بِالْحَقِّ

فَذَبَحُوهَا وَمَا كَادُوا يَفْعَلُونَ

وَإِذْ قُلْتُمْ نَفْسًا

فَاذْرَيْهَا ثُمَّ يَذَبَحُونَ

وَاللَّهُ يُخْرِجُ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْتُمُونَ

فَقُلْنَا أَضْرِبُوهُ بِبَعْضِهَا

كَذَلِكَ يُعْجِبُ اللَّهُ الْأَمُوتِينَ

وَيُرِيكُمْ ءَايَاتِهِ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ

ثُمَّ قَسَتْ قُلُوبُكُمْ

مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ فَهِيَ كَالْحِجَارَةِ

أَوْ أَشَدُّ قَسْوَةً

وَإِنَّ مِنَ الْحِجَارَةِ

لَمَا يَتَفَجَّرُ مِنْهُ الْأَنْهَارُ

وَإِنَّ مِنْهَا لَمَا يَشْفَقُ

فَيَخْرُجُ مِنْهُ الْمَاءُ

وَإِنَّ مِنْهَا لَمَا يَهْبِطُ

مِنْ خَشْيَةِ اللَّهِ

2:74 Yet still your hearts hardened after 'all' this,
and they became like stones, or even harder;
for assuredly there are some stones
from which rivers burst forth!
And, indeed, some of them split asunder,
so that water issues from them!
And some of them fall down
in fear of God!
And never is God at all heedless of what you do.

2:75 *So 'after all this', do you 'believers'
hope for them to profess belief because of you,
while already a group of them used to hear
the 'very' words of God 'in the Torah'
and would thereafter alter them—
after they had understood them—
and they did so knowingly?

2:76 Now, when they meet
those 'of you' who believe, they say:
We believe!
But when they are alone with one another,
they say 'to each other':
Do you speak to them
about what God has revealed to you
'in the Torah', so that with it
they can argue against you before your Lord?
Will you not, then, understand 'and beware'?

2:77 Do they not know that God knows 'well'
all that they conceal and all that they reveal?

2:78 Rather, 'some' among them are illiterate,
having no knowledge of the Scripture
other than 'vague' fancies.
Thus they do nothing but conjecture.

2:79 So woe to those who write the Scripture
with their own hands and then say:

الْحِزْبِ الْاَوَّلِ
وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ
۞ اَفَنْظَمُونَ اَنْ يُؤْمِنُوا لَكُمْ
وَقَدْ كَانَ فَرِيقٌ مِنْهُمْ
يَسْمَعُونَ كَلِمَ اللَّهِ
ثُمَّ يُخْرِفُوهُ
مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا عَقَلُوهُ
وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ
۞ وَاِذَا لَقُوا الَّذِيْنَ ءَامَنُوْا
قَالُوْا ءَاٰمَنَّا
وَاِذَا خَلَا بِعَضُوْهُمْ اِلَىٰ بَعْضٍ
قَالُوْا اَتَّخِذُوْهُمْ
بِمَا فَتَحَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا
لِيُخَاجُوْكُمْ بِهِ عِنْدَ رَبِّكُمْ
اَفَلَا تَعْقِلُوْنَ
۞ اَوْ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ اَنَّ اللَّهَ
يَعْلَمُ مَا يُسِرُّوْنَ
وَمَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ
وَمِنْهُمْ اٰمِيْنُوْنَ
۞ لَا يَعْلَمُوْنَ الْكِتٰبَ
اِلَّا اٰمَانٍ وَاِنْ هُمْ اِلَّا يَظُنُوْنَ
۞ فَوَيْلٌ لِلَّذِيْنَ يَكْتُمُوْنَ
الْكِتٰبَ بِاَيْدِيْهِمْ ثُمَّ يَقُوْلُوْنَ
هٰذَا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
لِيَشْتَرُوْا بِهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيْلًا
فَوَيْلٌ لَهُمْ
مِّمَّا كَتَبَتْ اَيْدِيْهِمْ
وَوَيْلٌ لَهُمْ مِّمَّا يَكْسِبُوْنَ
۞ وَقَالُوْا اِنْ تَمَسَّنَا النَّكَارُ

This is from God!

They do so to obtain thereby a small price.

So woe to them

for what their hands have written!

And woe to them for what they earn from it!

2:80 Moreover, they have even said:

Never will the Fire of Hell

touch us in the Hereafter,

except for a few numbered days. Say:

Have you made a covenant with God promising you this?

For never will God fail His covenant!

Or is it, rather, that you say about God what truly you do not know?

2:81 Indeed, the truth

is that whoever has earned an evil deed

and is encompassed

by the enormity of his sin—

then it is these

who are the Companions of the Fire of Hell.

They shall abide therein forever.

2:82 Yet those who truly believe

and do righteous deeds, it is these

who are the Companions

of the Everlasting Garden of Paradise.

They shall abide therein forever.

2:83 Now, behold!

We took the covenant of the Children of Israel, commanding them:

You shall worship none but God.

And to your parents you shall be good—

as well as to close relatives,

and to orphans, and to the indigent.

And you shall speak to people in a goodly way.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْبَقَرَةُ الْأُولَى

إِلَّا أَنْتُمْ مَعْدُودَةٌ

قُلْ أَخَذْتُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ عَهْدًا

فَلَنْ يُخْلِفَ اللَّهُ عَهْدَهُ

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ

مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

بِكُلِّ مَنْ كَسَبَ سَيِّئَةً

وَأَخْطَأْتُ بِهِ خَطِئْتُهُ

قُلْ وَلَكُمْ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ

هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

أُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ

هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

وَإِذَا خَذْنَا

مِيثَاقَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ

لَا تَعْبُدُونَ إِلَّا اللَّهَ

وَيَا لَوْلَا الَّذِينَ إِحْسَانًا

وَذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ

وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالْمَسْكِينِ

وَقُولُوا لِلنَّاسِ حُسْنًا

وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ

وَاءَاتُوا الزَّكَاةَ

ثُمَّ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ

إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِّنْكُمْ

وَأَنْتُمْ مُّعْرِضُونَ

وَإِذَا خَذْنَا مِيثَاقَكُمْ

لَا تَسْفِكُونَ دِمَاءَكُمْ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الأول

And you shall establish the Prayer.
And you shall give the Zakât-Charity.
Yet, thereafter, all but a few of you turned away.
And still, you forsake 'your covenant'.

- 2:84 And 'recall, O Children of Israel,
that 'We took your covenant,
'commanding you that 'you shall not
shed the blood of your own;
and you shall not expel one another
from your dwellings.
And 'to this' you consented and bore witness.
- 2:85 Then there you were
'treacherously' killing one another
and expelling a group
of your own 'faith-community'
from their dwellings—
banding together against them
'with unbelievers', in sin and aggression.
Then, when they 'have been seized
by the unbelievers,
and they 'come to you as captives
'to obtain their own release',
it is you who ransom them
'according to the Law of the Torah'—
while their expulsion
was unlawful for you 'in the first instance'!
Then is it that you believe
in part of the Scripture
and disbelieve in part 'of it'?
What, then, shall be the recompense
for those among you who do such 'deeds'—
except disgrace in the life of this world?
Then on the Day of Resurrection
such 'wrongdoers' shall be driven

وَلَا تَخْرُجُونَ أَنْفُسَكُمْ
مِنْ دِيَارِكُمْ ثُمَّ أَقْرَرْتُمْ
وَأَنْتُمْ تَنْهَدُونَ

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ثُمَّ أَنْتُمْ هَؤُلَاءِ
تَقْتُلُونَ أَنْفُسَكُمْ
وَتَخْرُجُونَ فَرِيقًا مِنْكُمْ
مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ
تَظَاهِرُونَ عَلَيْهِمْ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَإِنْ يَأْتُوكُمْ أَسْرَى
تُفْلِدُوهُمْ وَهُمْ وَهُوَ
مُحَرَّمٌ عَلَيْكُمْ إِنْ خَرَجَهُمْ
أَفْتُوهُمْ

بِبَعْضِ الْكِتَابِ
وَتَكْفُرُونَ بِبَعْضٍ
فَمَا جَزَاءُ مَنْ يَفْعَلُ
ذَلِكَ مِنْكُمْ إِلَّا خِزْيٌ
فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا
وَيَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ يُرَدُّونَ
إِلَى أَشَدِّ الْعَذَابِ وَمَا اللَّهُ
بِعَاقِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ
أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ اشْتَرَوُا
الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا بِالْآخِرَةِ
فَلَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمْ الْعَذَابُ
وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ

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into the most severe torment of Hell.
 For never is God at all heedless of what you do.
 2:86 These are the ones who have purchased
 the life of this world
 at the cost of the Hereafter.
 Thus the torment
 shall never be lightened for them.
 Nor shall they ever be helped
 against God's punishment.

2:87 Now, very truly, We gave Moses the Scripture,
 and following in his footsteps,
 We sent the Children of Israel
 many messengers.
 Then We gave Jesus, son of Mary,
 clear and miraculous proofs
 to confirm his truth to them.
 Moreover, We aided him
 with Angel Gabriel, the Holy Spirit.
 So is it that whenever a messenger
 comes to you with a message
 that your souls do not desire,
 you grow so very arrogant
 and you belie some messengers,
 while others you kill?

2:88 Indeed, they have said of this revelation:
 Our hearts are encased in our own religion
 against further revelation.
 Rather, God has cursed them
 for their unbelief—
 and little is it that they believe!

2:89 So when this very Book
 came to them from God
 confirming what is with them, they belied it—
 though beforehand

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الأول

وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا

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مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ

وَفَقَّيْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ بِالرُّسُلِ

وَأَنَّا آتَيْنَا عِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ

الْبَيِّنَاتِ وَأَيَّدْنَاهُ

بِرُوحِ الْقُدُسِ

أَفَكُلَّمَا جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولٌ

بِمَا لَا تَهْوَى أَنْفُسُكُمْ

اسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ فَفَرِيقًا كَذَّبْتُمْ

وَفَرِيقًا تَقْتُلُونَ

وَقَالُوا لَوْ كُنَّا نَعْلَمُ

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بَل لَّعَنَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِكُفْرِهِمْ

فَقَلِيلًا مَّا يُؤْمِنُونَ

وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ كِتَابٌ

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مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ

مُصَدِّقٌ لِمَا مَعَهُمْ

وَكَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ يَسْتَفْتِحُونَ

عَلَى الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ مَا عَرَفُوا

كَفَرُوا بِهِ

فَلَعَنَهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

they were ardently seeking God's victory
over those who disbelieved.

Yet when that which they recognized
as a true message came to them,
they disbelieved in it.

So may the curse of God
be upon the disbelievers!

2:90 How woeful is that for which
they have sold their souls!
For it is only out of malice
that they have disbelieved
in what God has sent down—
envious that God should send down guidance
from His bounty upon whomever He so wills
from among His servants.

So they have brought upon themselves
wrath upon wrath.

And for the disbelievers,
there shall be a disgracing torment.

2:91 For when it is said to them:
Believe in what God has sent down!
They say:
We believe only
in what has been sent down to us!
Thus, they disbelieve in what is beyond it,
though it is the truth,
confirming what is already with them.

Say to them, O Prophet:
Why, then, did you kill God's prophets of old
who came specially to you,
if, indeed, you are true believers
in what has been sent down to you?

2:92 *Moreover,
very truly, Moses himself came to you

يَسْمَا أَشْتَرُوا بِهِ ۖ ﴿٩٠﴾

أَنفُسَهُمْ أَن يَكْفُرُوا

بِمَا أُنْزِلَ اللَّهُ بَغْيًا

أَن يُنْزِلَ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ

عَلَىٰ مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ

فَبَاءَهُ وَبَعْضٌ عَلَىٰ عَصَبٍ

وَالْكَافِرِينَ

عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ

ءَامِنُوا بِمَا أُنْزِلَ اللَّهُ

قَالُوا نُؤْمِنُ

بِمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا

وَيَكْفُرُونَ بِمَا وَرَاءَهُ

وَهُوَ الْحَقُّ

مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا مَعَهُمْ

قُلْ فَلِمَ تَقْتُلُونَ

أَنْبِيَاءَ اللَّهِ مِنْ قَبْلُ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُّؤْمِنِينَ

﴿٩١﴾ وَلَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ

مُوسَىٰ بِآلِهَتِكُمْ

ثُمَّ اتَّخَذْتُمُ الْعِجْلَ

مِنْ بَعْدِهِ

وَأَنْتُمْ ظَالِمُونَ

﴿٩٢﴾ وَإِذْ أَخَذْنَا مِيثَاقَكُمْ

with clear and miraculous proofs from God.
Then still you took the Golden Calf
as a god, after him, when he had departed
to receive the Torah —
and in this
you became idolatrous wrongdoers!

- 2:93 Furthermore, recall
when We took your pledge
to fulfill Our covenant,
and We lifted Mount Tûr of Sinai
above you, saying:
Take hold of all that We have given you
in the covenant with utmost power,
and hear, O Children of Israel!
But they said:
We hear and we disobey!
For profound adoration of the Golden Calf
had infused deep into their hearts
because of their incessant unbelief in God.
Say to them:
Woeful is what your false faith bids you to,
if, indeed, you are believers!
- 2:94 Say to the Children of Israel:
If the abode of the Hereafter with God
is, indeed, purely for you,
to the exclusion of all other people,
then wish for death, if, indeed, you are truthful.
- 2:95 But never will they ever wish for it,
for they well know
what their hands in this life have forwarded
for the Hereafter.
And God is all-knowing about the wrongdoers
who are godless in heart.
- 2:96 Thus you will most surely find them

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الأول

وَرَفَعْنَا قَوْفَكُمْ الطُّورَ
خُذُوا مَا آتَيْنَاكُمْ
يَقُولُوا وَاسْمَعُوا
قَالُوا سَمِعْنَا وَعَصَيْنَا
وَأَشْرَبُوا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ
الْعِجْلُ بِكُفْرِهِمْ
قُلْ يَسْمَا
يَا مُرُكُمْ بِهِ إِيْمَانُكُمْ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ
قُلْ إِنْ كَانَتْ لَكُمْ
الدَّارُ الْآخِرَةُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
خَالِصَةً مِّنْ دُونِ النَّاسِ
فَتَمَنَّوْا الْمَوْتَ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
وَلَنْ يَتَمَنَّوْهُ أَبَدًا
بِمَا قَدَّمْت أَيْدِيَهُمْ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالظَّالِمِينَ
وَلَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ
أَحْرَصَ النَّاسِ عَلَى حَيَاتِهِ
وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا
يَوَدُّ أَحَدُهُمْ لَوْ يُعَمَّرَ
أَلْفَ سَنَةٍ
وَمَا هُوَ بِمُزَحَّزَجَةٍ
مِّنَ الْعَذَابِ أَنْ يُعَمَّرَ
وَاللَّهُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ

the most eager of all people for 'this' life—
even more than those
who associate gods with God.
Each one of them 'who disbelieve'
would love that his life be prolonged
'for' a thousand years—
though, still, this would not remove such a one
from the torment 'of Hellfire',
even if he should live 'that long'.
For God is all-seeing of all that they do.

2:97 Say, 'O Prophet:

Woe to 'whomever is an enemy
to 'Angel' Gabriel.

For, indeed, it is he
who has brought 'this Quran'
to your own heart 'from on high'—
by the permission of God—
as a confirmation

of all 'the Heavenly revelations' that preceded it,
and as guidance 'to salvation' and glad tidings
'of an everlasting Paradise' for the believers.

2:98 Whoever is an enemy to God,
and His angels, and His messengers—
and 'especially to angels' Gabriel and Michael—
then 'let it be known, that', most surely,
God is an enemy to 'all' the disbelievers.

2:99 Now, very truly, We have sent down to you,
'O Prophet, in this Quran'
clear 'Heavenly' verses.
Thus none shall disbelieve in them
but the ungodly.

2:100 Is it that whenever these 'Children of Israel'
make a covenant 'with God',
a group of them must cast it away?

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

قُلْ مَنْ كَانَ عَدُوًّا لِجِبْرِيلَ ﴿١٧﴾

فَأِنَّهُ نَزَّلَهُ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ

بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ مُصَدِّقًا

لِمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ

وَهُدًى وَبُشْرَى لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

مَنْ كَانَ عَدُوًّا لِلَّهِ ﴿١٨﴾

وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ

وَجِبْرِيلَ وَمِيكَالَ

فَأِنَّ اللَّهَ عَدُوٌّ لِلْكَافِرِينَ

وَلَقَدْ أُنزِلَتْ إِلَيْكَ

ءَايَاتٍ بَيِّنَاتٍ

وَمَا يَكْفُرُ بِهَا

إِلَّا الْفَاسِقُونَ

أَوْ كَلَّمَا عَنْهُمْ عَهْدًا ﴿١٩﴾

بَيْنَهُمُ فَرِيقٌ مِّنْهُمْ

بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ ﴿٢٠﴾

مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ

مُصَدِّقٌ لِّمَا مَعَهُمْ

بَدَّ وَبِقُ

مِّنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ

كَتَبَ اللَّهُ

وَرَاءَ ظُهُورِهِمْ

كَأَنَّهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

Rather, most of them do not truly believe.

- 2:101 For 'even now,' when a messenger has come to them from God—
'and his description is in confirmation of what was already with them in the Torah'—
a group of those to whom that Scripture was given
did cast the Book of God behind their backs,
as though they did not know 'it to be true'.

- 2:102 So too, 'before this,'
did they follow what the satans
'deceptively' recited 'to their predecessors'
during the reign of Solomon.
And, most surely, Solomon did not disbelieve
'or learn sorcery, as they have alleged',
but it was the satans 'themselves'
who disbelieved, teaching the people sorcery.
Moreover, 'thereafter,'
they followed into unbelief 'what was sent down
to the two angels of Babylon, Hârût and Mârût.
Yet the two 'of them' did not teach anyone
without 'first' saying 'to them':
We are but a test 'of faith,'
sent from God to expose the evil of sorcery'.
So do not disbelieve 'by learning it'.
Even so, they did learn from them
that by which they could separate
a man from his wife.
Yet they could not harm anyone with it,
except by God's permission.
Thus they learned
what would harm their own souls,
rather than benefit their own souls.
For, most surely, they knew
that whoever acquired this 'evil knowledge'

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الأول

وَاتَّبَعُوا مَا تَتْلُوا الشَّيَاطِينُ عَلَىٰ مُلْكٍ سُلَيْمَٰنَ ۖ
وَمَا كَفَرَ سُلَيْمَٰنُ وَلَٰكِنَّ
الشَّيَاطِينَ كَفَرُوا
يُعَلِّمُونَ النَّاسَ السِّحْرَ
وَمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَى الْمَلَكَيْنِ
بِبَابِلَ هَارُوتَ وَمَارُوتَ
وَمَا يُعَلِّمَانِ مِنْ أَحَدٍ
حَتَّىٰ يَقُولَا
إِنَّمَا نَحْنُ فِتْنَةٌ فَلَا تَكْفُرْ
فَيَتَعَلَّمُونَ مِنْهُمَا
مَا يُفَرِّقُونَ بِهِ
بَيْنَ الْمَرْءِ وَزَوْجِهِ
وَمَا هُمْ بِضَآرِّينَ بِهِ
مِنْ أَحَدٍ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ
وَيَتَعَلَّمُونَ مَا يَضُرُّهُمْ
وَلَا يَنْفَعُهُمْ
وَلَقَدْ عَلَّمُوا لِمَنِ اشْتَرَاهُ
مَالُهُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ
مِنْ خَلْقٍ وَلَيْسَ
مَا شَرَوْا بِهِ أَنْفُسَهُمْ
لَوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ
وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ آمَنُوا وَاتَّقَوْا
لَمَثُوبَةٌ مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْبَقَرَةُ الْأُولَى

would have no share of Paradise
in the Hereafter.

So how woeful a price it is
for which they have sold their souls—
if only they were to know
the graveness of their sin.

- 2:103 And had they believed and been God-fearing,
then, most surely, their reward from God
would have been far better,
if only they were to know
the delight in the Hereafter
awaiting the believers.

- 2:104 O you who believe!
Do not say to the Prophet:
Rā'inā, 'pay heed to us!'
But, rather, say:
Unẓurnā, 'grant us consideration'—
and listen, thereafter, attentively to him!
Indeed, for the disbelievers
there shall be a most painful torment.

- 2:105 Those who disbelieve from among
the People of the Scripture—
along with the idolaters—
wish that nothing good
would ever be sent down to you believers
from your Lord.
But it is God who singles out for His mercy
whomever He so wills.
For God alone
is the Possessor of Magnificent Bounty.

- 2:106 * Whatever decree or verse We abrogate,
or cause to be forgotten,
We bring in its place

خَيْرٌ لَّوْكَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ

يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿١٠٤﴾

لَا تَقُولُوا رَاعِنَا

وَقُولُوا أَنْظِرْنَا وَأَسْمِعُوا

وَالْكَافِرِينَ

عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

مَا يُوَدُّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿١٠٥﴾

مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ

وَالْأَشْرِكِينَ

أَنْ يُنْزَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ

مِنْ خَيْرٍ مِنْ رِيعِكُمْ

وَاللَّهُ يَخْتَصُّ بِرَحْمَتِهِ

مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ

ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيمِ

﴿١٠٦﴾ مَا نَنْسَخْ مِنْ آيَةٍ

أَوْ نُنْسِهَا نَأْتِ بِخَيْرٍ مِنْهَا

أَوْ مِثْلَهَا

أَلَمْ تَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ

عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

﴿١٠٧﴾ أَلَمْ تَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُ مُلْكُ

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَمَا لَكُمْ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

مِنْ وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٍ

﴿١٠٨﴾ أَمْ تُرِيدُونَ أَنْ

- one better for the welfare of humanity
or one similar to it.
Do you not know
that God is, indeed, powerful over all things?
- 2:107 Do you not know that to God alone belongs
all dominion over the heavens and the earth
and that you do not have,
apart from God, any patron or supporter
to help you?
- 2:108 Or is it that you believers
wish to question your Messenger,
as Moses was questioned before by his people?
Yet whoever replaces faith with unbelief
has truly strayed far from the even way.
- 2:109 Many are those
among the People of the Scripture
who would love to turn you back
into disbelievers after your coming to faith—
out of the envy that has grown in their souls,
even after the truth has become clear to them.
Yet pardon and overlook this, O believers,
until God brings about
whatever He shall decree regarding them.
Indeed, God is powerful over all things.
- 2:110 However, duly establish the Prayer,
and give the Zakât-Charity.
For whatever good you advance for your souls,
you will find its reward with God.
Indeed, God is all-seeing of all that you do.
- 2:111 Now, some among the People of the Scripture
have said:
None shall enter the Garden of Paradise
except for those who are Jews,
or those who are Christians.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

تَسْأَلُوا رَسُولَكُمْ
كَمَا سَأَلَ مُوسَى مِنْ قَبْلُ
وَمَنْ يَتَّبِدَلِ
الْكُفْرَ بِالْإِيمَانِ فَقَدْ
ضَلَّ سَوَاءَ السَّبِيلِ
وَدَّ كَثِيرٌ
مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ
لَوْ يَرُدُّونَكُمْ
مِنْ بَعْدِ إِيمَانِكُمْ كُفَّارًا
حَسَدًا مِنْ عِنْدِ أَنْفُسِهِمْ
مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا بَيَّنَّ
لَهُمُ الْحَقُّ
فَاعْفُوا وَاصْفَحُوا
حَتَّى يَأْتِيَ اللَّهُ بِأَمْرٍ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ
وَاءَاتُوا الزَّكَاةَ وَمَا تُقَدِّمُوا
لِأَنْفُسِكُمْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ
يَحْدُوهُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ
وَقَالُوا لَنْ يَدْخُلَ الْجَنَّةَ
إِلَّا مَنْ كَانَ هُودًا
أَوْ نَصْرَانًى

تِلْكَ أَمَانِيُّهُمْ
قُلْ هَاتُوا بُرْهَانَكُمْ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
بَلَى مَنْ أَسْلَمَ وَجْهَهُ لِلَّهِ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحَزَنَةُ الْأَوَّلَى

These are their wishful fancies!

Say to them:

Bring us your proof, if you are truthful in this.

2:112 On the contrary!

Whoever willingly submits his face in worship to God alone—

striving all the while to excel in doing good—

he shall then have his reward

with his Lord in full.

And there shall be no fear upon such as these

when they assemble for Judgment.

Nor shall they ever grieve

over the life of the world.

2:113 Nevertheless, the Jews say:

The Christians stand on nothing!

And the Christians say:

The Jews stand on nothing!

Yet they recite from the same Scripture.

Moreover, these idolaters—

who do not even know revealed Scripture—

say the same of both of them,

just as these both have said of each other.

Thus God will judge between them all

on the Day of Resurrection about that wherein

they have been disputing.

2:114 Yet who does a greater wrong

than those who close off the mosques of God,

barring the mention of His name in them

and striving all the while to bring them to ruin?

It is not befitting for such as these

to ever even enter them—except in fear.

For them there shall be in this world disgrace.

And for them there shall be in the Hereafter

وَهُوَ مُحْسِنٌ

فَلَهُ أَجْرُهُ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِ

وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ

وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ ﴿١١٣﴾

لَيْسَتِ النَّصْرَى عَلَى شَيْءٍ

وَقَالَتِ النَّصْرَى

لَيْسَتِ الْيَهُودُ عَلَى شَيْءٍ

وَهُمْ يَتْلُونَ الْكِتَابَ

كَذَلِكَ قَالَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

مِثْلَ قَوْلِهِمْ فَاللَّهُ يَحْكُمُ

بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

فِيمَا كَانُوا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ ﴿١١٤﴾

مَنْ مَنَعَ مَسْجِدَ اللَّهِ

أَنْ يُذْكَرَ فِيهَا اسْمُهُ

وَسَعَى فِي خَرَابِهَا

أُولَئِكَ مَا كَانَ لَهُمْ

أَنْ يَدْخُلُوهَا إِلَّا خَائِفِينَ

لَهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا خِزْيٌ

وَلَهُمْ فِي الْآخِرَةِ

عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ

وَلِلَّهِ الْمَشْرِقُ وَالْمَغْرِبُ ﴿١١٥﴾

فَأَيْنَمَا تُولُوا فَتَمَّ وَجْهُ اللَّهِ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ

وَقَالُوا اتَّخَذَ اللَّهُ وَلَدًا ﴿١١٦﴾

سُبْحَنَهُ بَلْ لَهُ

- a great torment awaiting.
- 2:115 For to God alone
belongs the East and the West.
So wherever you turn, there is the Face of God.
Indeed, God is all-encompassing, all-knowing.
- 2:116 Yet still they say:
God has taken for Himself offspring.
Highly exalted is He far above this!
Rather, to Him alone
belongs all that is in the heavens and the earth.
All are inescapably obedient to Him.
- 2:117 For He is the Sole Originator
of the heavens and the earth
with no precedent.
Thus when He decrees a matter,
He but says to it: Be! And so it is.
- 2:118 But these idolaters who do not know
revealed Scripture say:
If only God would speak to us,
or if only a miraculous sign would come to us,
we would believe!
So said those disbelievers before them—
similar in their very word.
Their hearts are all alike.
Truly, We have made the revealed verses clear
for a people who would have certainty of faith.
- 2:119 O Prophet!
Indeed, We have sent you with the truth,
as a bearer of glad tidings
of everlasting delight in Paradise
and as a forewarner
of God's nearing Judgment.
But you shall not be called to account
for the fate of the Companions of Hellfire.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الأول

مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
كُلٌّ لِلَّهِ قَانُونٌَ
بَدِيعُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ﴿١١٧﴾
وَإِذَا قَضَىٰ أَمْرًا
فَإِنَّمَا يَقُولُ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ
وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١١٨﴾
لَوْلَا يُكَلِّمُنَا اللَّهُ
أَوْ نَأْتِيَنَا آيَةً
كَذَلِكَ قَالَ
الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
مِثْلَ قَوْلِهِمْ
تَشَبَّهَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ
فَدَبَبْنَا آلَاءِنَا
لِقَوْمٍ يُوقِنُونَ
إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ بِالْحَقِّ
بَشِيرًا وَنَذِيرًا وَلَا تُسْأَلُ
عَنْ أَصْحَابِ الْجَحِيمِ
وَلَنْ رَضَىٰ عَنْكَ
الْيَهُودُ وَلَا النَّصَارَىٰ
حَتَّىٰ تَنْبَغَ مِلَّتُهُمْ
قُلْ إِنَّ هَدَىٰ اللَّهُ هُوَ الْهُدَىٰ
وَلَكِنْ أَتَّبَعْتُ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ
بَعْدَ الَّذِي جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الأول

- 2:120 Yet, never will the Jews or the Christians
be pleased with you
until you follow their way 'of faith'.
So say 'to them':
Indeed, the 'revealed' guidance of God
is the 'only' sure guidance.
For if ever you were to follow
their whims, 'O Prophet—
after sure knowledge has come to you—
then against God you would have
neither patron nor supporter 'to help you'.
- 2:121 Those to whom We have given the 'Quran
as a revealed' Book—
who recite it with its due recitation—
it is these who 'truly' believe in it.
And whoever disbelieves in it,
then it is such as these who are the losers
'of an everlasting Paradise'.
- 2:122 O Children of Israel!
Recall 'in your hearts' My blessings
with which I have blessed you,
and that I had, indeed,
showed preference to you
above the peoples of 'the time in all' the world.
- 2:123 Then be ever fearful of a Day 'Hereafter'
when no soul shall indemnify any other soul
against anything 'from God'.
Nor shall any compensation
be accepted from it 'in atonement for its sins'.
Nor shall any intercession
benefit it 'to obtain salvation'.
Nor shall they 'who have disbelieved'
ever be helped 'against God's Judgment'!

مَا لَكَ مِنْ اللَّهِ
مِنْ وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٍ
الَّذِينَ آتَيْنَاهُمُ الْكِتَابَ ﴿١٢٠﴾
يَتْلُونَهُ حَقَّ تِلَاوَتِهِ
أُولَئِكَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ
وَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ بِهِ
فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ
يَبْنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ أَذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتِيَ
الَّتِي أَنْعَمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ
وَأَنِّي فَضَّلْتُكُمْ عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ
وَاتَّقُوا يَوْمًا ﴿١٢١﴾
لَا تَجْزِي نَفْسٌ عَنْ نَفْسٍ شَيْئًا
وَلَا يُقْبَلُ مِنْهَا عَدْلٌ
وَلَا تَنْفَعُهَا شَفَاعَةٌ
وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ
وَإِذْ أَنْتَلَىٰ إِبرَاهِيمَ رَبُّهُ ﴿١٢٢﴾
بِكَلِمَةٍ فَأَتَمَّهُنَّ
قَالَ إِنِّي جَاعِلُكَ لِلنَّاسِ إِمَامًا

مِنْ قَالِيبَةٍ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

2:124 *Now, behold!

Abraham's Lord tested him
with arduous commandments,
and he fulfilled all of them.
So God said to him:
Indeed, I shall make you an exemplar
for all people.
Abraham implored the favor of his Lord:
And also my descendants.
God said:

'The promise of My covenant shall not extend
to the wrongdoers among them
who are godless in heart.'

2:125 So behold!

We made the Sacred House in Makkah
a spiritual resort and place of security
for all believing people.

So take up
the marked Station of Abraham there,
as a place of Prayer.

Moreover,

We covenanted with Abraham and Ishmael:
'You shall purify My House for all those
who shall circumambulate it in worship;
and for all those who shall retreat there;
and for all those who shall both bow,
and bow their faces down to the ground,
in Prayer there.'

2:126 And behold! Abraham said in supplication:
My Lord!

Make this land of Makkah secure.

And provide its people
with every kind of fruit—
such of them as believe in God
and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day.

قَالَ وَمِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِي قَالَ

لَا يَتَأَلَّ عَهْدِي الظَّالِمِينَ

وَإِذْ جَعَلْنَا الْبَيْتَ

١٢٥

مَثَابَةً لِّلنَّاسِ وَأَمَّا وَاتَّخِذُوا

مِنْ مَّقَامِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ مُصَلًّى

وَعَهْدًا إِلَىٰ

إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ

أَن طَهِّرَا بَيْتِيَ لِلطَّائِفِينَ

وَالْعَاكِفِينَ

وَالرُّكَّعِ السُّجُودِ

وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ

١٢٦

رَبِّ اجْعَلْ هَذَا بَلَدًا آمِنًا

وَارْزُقْ أَهْلَهُ مِنَ الشَّرَعِ

مَنْ آمَنَ مِنْهُمْ

بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ

قَالَ وَمَنْ كَفَرَ فَأُمَتِّعُهُ قَلِيلًا

ثُمَّ أَضْطَرُّهُ إِلَىٰ عَذَابِ النَّارِ

وَيُسَّ الْمَصِيرِ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْبَقَرَةُ الْأُولَى

God said:

As for any one of them who disbelieves,
I shall grant him
the enjoyment of his provision,
for a little while, until the Hereafter —
whereupon I shall compel him
into the torment of the Fire of Hell —
and a most woeful destination it is!

2:127 Thus when Abraham and Ishmael
raised the foundation of the Sacred House,
they prayed: Our Lord!
Accept this deed from us.
Indeed, it is You, You alone
who are the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

2:128 Our Lord!
And make us both *muslims*,
in willing submission to You alone.
And make of our children
a community of *muslims*,
in willing submission to You alone.
And show us
our religious rites in Your worship,
and grant us repentance.
Indeed, it is You, You alone
who are the All-Relenting, the Mercy-Giving.

2:129 Our Lord!
And send forth among our descendants
a messenger from their own midst
who shall recite to them Your verses,
and teach them the revealed Book
and the way of prophetic wisdom,
and purify them.
Indeed, it is You, You alone
who are the Overpowering One, the All-Wise.

2:130 Now, who but one who fools himself

وَإِذْ يَرْفَعُ إِبْرَاهِيمُ

١٢٧

الْقَوَاعِدَ مِنَ الْبَيْتِ

وَإِسْمَاعِيلُ رَبَّنَا تَقَبَّلْ مِنَّا

إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

رَبَّنَا وَاجْعَلْنَا مُسْلِمَيْنِ لَكَ

١٢٨

وَمِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِنَا

أُمَّةً مُسْلِمَةً لَكَ

وَارِنَا مَسْكَاوَتَ عَلَيْنَا

إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُ

رَبَّنَا وَابْتِخِمْ لَنَا

١٢٩

رَسُولًا مِنْهُمْ

يَتْلُوا عَلَيْنَا آيَاتِكَ

وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِتَابَ

وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَيُزَكِّهِمْ

إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

وَمَنْ يَرْغَبْ

١٣٠

عَنْ مِلَّةِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ

إِلَّا مَنْ سَفِهَ نَفْسَهُ

وَلَقَدْ أَصْطَفَيْنَاهُ فِي الدُّنْيَا

وَالْآخِرَةِ

لِمَنْ الصَّلَاحِينَ

إِذْ قَالَ لَهُ رَبُّهُ أَسْلِمِ

١٣١

- could be averse to the sacred way of Abraham?
 For very truly, We did choose him
 'as a messenger' in this world.
 Moreover, in the Hereafter,
 he shall, most surely,
 be among the righteous 'in Paradise'.
- 2:131 For when his Lord said to him:
 Submit yourself!
 He said 'at once':
 Willingly, I submit 'my face in worship'
 to the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
- 2:132 Thus Abraham enjoined his children
 with this 'sincere devotion to God',
 as did Jacob, 'saying':
 O my children!
 Indeed, God has chosen for you
 the religion 'of purity'.
 So take care not to die except as *muslims*,
 in willing submission to God 'alone'.
- 2:133 Or were 'those of' you 'who would deny this'
 witnesses when death approached Jacob?
 Behold! He said to his children:
 What will you worship after me?
 They said:
 We shall worship your God 'alone'
 and the God of your fathers—
 Abraham, and Ishmael, and Isaac—
 the One 'and only' God.
 Thus are we *muslims*,
 in willing submission to Him 'alone'.
- 2:134 This is a community that has already passed on.
 For its 'people' awaits 'the recompense'
 of 'all that they have earned'.
 And for you awaits 'the recompense'
 of 'all that you have earned'.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

قَالَ أَتَسْلَمْتُ لِرَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
 وَوَحَّيَ بِهَا إِبْرَاهِيمَ بَيْنَهُ
 وَيَعْقُوبَ يَبْنِي
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ اصْطَفَى لَكُمُ الدِّينَ
 فَلَا تَمُوتُنَّ
 إِلَّا وَأَنْتُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ
 أَمْ كُنْتُمْ شُهَدَاءَ
 إِذْ حَضَرَ يَعْقُوبَ الْمَوْتُ
 إِذْ قَالَ لِبَنِيهِ
 مَا تَعْبُدُونَ مِن بَعْدِي
 قَالُوا نَعْبُدُ إِلَهَكَ
 وَإِلَهَ آبَائِكَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ
 وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ
 إِلَهُائِهَا وَجَدْنَا
 وَمَنْحُ لَّهُ مُسْلِمُونَ
 تِلْكَ أُمَّةٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ
 لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتْ
 وَلَكُمْ مَا كَسَبْتُمْ
 وَلَا تُسْأَلُونَ عَمَّا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
 وَقَالُوا كُونُوا
 هُودًا أَوْ نَصَارَى تَهْتَدُوا
 قُلْ بَلْ مِلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا

Thus you shall not be called to account
for what they used to do in life.

2:135 Now, some have said: Be Jews!

Or: Be Christians!

And then you shall be guided aright.

Say to them, O Prophet:

Rather: We follow only
the sacred way of Abraham,
the purely upright in heart—
and never was he of those
who associated gods with God.

2:136 Say, O believers:

We believe in One God,
and in all that has been sent down to us
in the Quran;

and in all that has been sent down
to Abraham, and Ishmael, and Isaac, and Jacob,
and to the prophets of the Tribes of Israel;
and in all that was given to Moses
and to Jesus;

and in all that was given
to all the other prophets from their Lord.
We do not differentiate in faith
between any of them.

Thus are we muslims,
in willing submission to Him alone.

2:137 Then if they believe in the same creed

in which you have believed,
then, truly, they are guided aright.

But if they turn away from the true religion,
then it is they who are the ones
in schism with God's religion.

Thus God
shall suffice you, O Prophet, against them.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ

قُولُوا آمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ

وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْنَا وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ

إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ

وَيَعْقُوبَ وَالْأَسْبَاطَ

وَمَا أَوْفَى مُوسَى وَعِيسَى

وَمَا أَوْفَى النَّبِيِّينَ

مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ

لَا نَفَرُ بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ مِنْهُمْ

وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلِمُونَ

فَإِنْ آمَنُوا

بِمِثْلِ مَا آمَنْتُمْ بِهِ

فَقَدْ أَهْتَدُوا

وَإِنْ لَوُوا فَإِنَّمَا هُمْ فِي شِقَاقٍ

فَسَيَكْفِيكَهُمُ اللَّهُ

وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

صَبَغَهُ اللَّهُ وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ

مَنْ اللَّهُ صَبَغَهُ

وَنَحْنُ لَهُ عَابِدُونَ

- For He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.
 2:138 Say, O believers:
 It is the hue of God alone
 that is upon our religion.
 And who is there better than God
 to endue the human soul
 with the true hue of His religion!
 Thus to Him alone we do solemnly devote
 all our worship.
 2:139 Say to the People of the Scripture, O Prophet:
 Do you argue with us about our faith in God,
 while He alone is our Lord and your Lord;
 and while to our souls shall be the recompense
 of our deeds and to your souls
 shall be the recompense of your deeds;
 and while it is Him alone
 we do serve in all sincerity?
 2:140 Or do you say
 that Abraham, and Ishmael, and Isaac, and Jacob,
 and the prophets of the Tribes of Israel
 were Jews or Christians?
 Say to them, O Prophet:
 Do you know best, or does God?
 For who does a greater wrong than one
 who willfully suppresses the truth
 of a testament revealed from God?
 Yet never is God at all heedless of what you do.
 2:141 Again, this is a community
 that has already passed on.
 For its people awaits the recompense
 of all that they have earned.
 And for you awaits the recompense
 of all that you have earned.
 Thus you shall not be called to account
 for what they used to do in life.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْأَوَّلُ

- قُلْ أَتَحَاجُّونَنَا فِي اللَّهِ ١٣٨
 وَهُوَ رَبُّنَا وَرَبُّكُمْ
 وَلَنَا أَعْمَلُنَا
 وَلَكُمْ أَعْمَلُكُمْ
 وَنَحْنُ لِلَّهِ مُخْلِصُونَ
 أَمْ يَقُولُونَ إِنَّا بِإِزْمِهِمْ ١٣٩
 وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ
 وَيَعْقُوبَ وَالْأَسْبَاطَ
 كَانُوا هُودًا أَوْ نَصَارَى
 قُلْ أَأَنْتُمْ أَعْلَمُ أَمِ اللَّهُ
 وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ كَتَمَ
 شَهَادَةً عِنْدَهُ مِنَ اللَّهِ
 وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَفِيلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ
 تِلْكَ أُمَّةٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ
 لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتْ
 وَلَكُمْ مَا كَسَبْتُمْ
 وَلَا تُسْأَلُونَ
 عَمَّا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
 سَيَقُولُ السُّفَهَاءُ ١٤٢
 مِنَ النَّاسِ مَا وَلَّاهُمْ
 عَنْ قِبَلِهِمُ الَّذِينَ كَانُوا عَلَيْهَا

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزُّ الثَّانِي



قُلْ لِلَّهِ الْمَشْرِقُ وَالْمَغْرِبُ
يَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ

إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

وَكَذَلِكَ جَعَلْنَاكُمْ

أُمَّةً وَسَطًا لِتَكُونُوا

شُهَدَاءَ عَلَى النَّاسِ

وَيَكُونَ الرَّسُولُ

عَلَيْكُمْ شَهِيدًا

وَمَا جَعَلْنَا الْقِبْلَةَ

الَّتِي كُنْتَ عَلَيْهَا إِلَّا لِنَعْلَمَ

مَنْ يَبْتَغِ الرَّسُولَ

مِمَّنْ يَنْقُلِبُ عَلَى عَقِبَيْهِ

وَإِنْ كَانَتْ لَكَبِيرَةً

إِلَّا عَلَى الَّذِينَ هَدَى اللَّهُ

وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ

لِيُضِلَّكُمْ

إِنِ اتَّكَفَرَ النَّاسُ

لَرَأَوْهُ وَفَّ رَحِيمٌ

قَدْ رَأَى تَقَلُّبَ

وَجْهِكَ فِي السَّمَاءِ

فَلَنَوَلِّيَنَّكَ قِبْلَةً تَرْضَاهَا

فَوَلِّ وَجْهَكَ

شَطْرَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ

وَحَيْثُ مَا كُنْتُمْ فَوَلُّوا

وَجْهَكُمْ

وَجْهَكُمْ

وَجْهَكُمْ

وَجْهَكُمْ

وَجْهَكُمْ

وَجْهَكُمْ

2:142 *The insolent fools among the people shall say of the Muslims: What turned them away from their first direction of Prayer toward Jerusalem, which they had been facing? Say to them, O Prophet: To God belongs the East and the West. He guides whomever He so wills to a straight way of salvation.

2:143 And so it is that We have now appointed you Muslims the Chosen Community of the Midmost Way, to stand as witnesses to the revealed truth before all people, and for Muhammad, the Messenger of God, to be a witness before all of you. Nor did We appoint the first direction of Prayer which you had been facing but as a trial, so that We might distinguish one who would follow the Messenger from one who would turn back on his heels. And, indeed, it was most surely a great trial—except for all those whom God guided. Yet never would God render the acts of your sincere faith futile. For toward all people, God is all-kind and mercy-giving.

2:144 O Prophet! We have, indeed, seen your face turn in supplication toward the heaven. Therefore, We shall turn you

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toward a direction of Prayer
that is pleasing to you.
So, 'henceforth,' turn your face 'in Prayer'
toward the Sacred Mosque
'in Makkah built by Abraham'.
Thus, wherever you may be,
'O you who believe,'
turn your faces toward it 'in Prayer'.
Indeed, those who have been given
the Scripture
know that this 'change' is, most surely, the truth
from their Lord.
And never is God at all heedless
of what they do.

2:145 Yet even if you were to bring
every 'miraculous' sign 'in evidence'
to those who have been given the Scripture,
'O Prophet, still' they would not follow
your direction of Prayer.
Nor are you ever to follow
their direction of Prayer.
Indeed, some of them
will not even follow the direction of Prayer
of others 'among themselves'.
And were you ever to follow their whims,
after sure knowledge 'from God'
has come to you, then, most surely,
you would be of the wrongdoers,
'godless in heart'.

2:146 Those to whom We have given the Scripture
recognize 'the divine message of' this 'Prophet'
as they recognize their own children.
But there is a group of them
who 'willfully' suppress the truth,
though they know 'it' well.

وُجُوهَكُمْ سَطْرَهُ

وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ

لَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ الْحَقُّ

مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ

وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَفِلٍ عَمَّا يَعْمَلُونَ

وَلَكِنْ أَتَيْتَ الَّذِينَ

١٤٥

أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ بِكُلِّ آيَةٍ

مَا تَبِعُوا قِلَّتَكَ

وَمَا أَنْتَ بِتَابِعٍ قِلَّتِهِمْ

وَمَا بَعْضُهُمْ بِتَابِعٍ

قِلَّةَ بَعْضٍ

وَلَكِنْ أَتَّبَعْتَ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ

مِنْ بَعْدِ

مَا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ

إِنَّكَ إِذَا لَمِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ

الَّذِينَ آتَيْنَاهُمُ الْكِتَابَ

١٤٦

يَعْرِفُونَهُ كَمَا يَعْرِفُونَ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ

وَإِنْ فَرِيقًا مِنْهُمْ

لَيَكْنُتُونَ الْحَقَّ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ

الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ

١٤٧

فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْمُتَكِبِينَ

وَلِكُلٍّ وِجْهَةٌ هُوَ مُوْجِهٌ

١٤٨

فَأَسْتَبِقُوا الْخَيْرَاتِ

أَيْنَ مَا تَكُونُوا

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- 2:147 The 'very essence of all' truth is from your Lord.
So do not ever be of those who doubt 'it'.
- 2:148 Thus for each 'faith-community'
there is a direction of Prayer
to which one is to turn 'in facing God'.
Therefore, race one another to good works.
Wherever you may be,
God will bring all of you 'to Judgment'.
Indeed, God is powerful over all things.
- 2:149 Thus from wherever
you may go forth, 'O Prophet',
turn your face 'in Prayer'
toward the Sacred Mosque.
For, indeed, this 'decree'
is most surely the truth from your Lord.
And never, 'O believers',
is God at all heedless of what you do.
- 2:150 And, 'again, O Prophet!'
From wherever you may go forth,
turn your face 'in Prayer'
toward the Sacred Mosque.
Thus, wherever you may be,
'O you who believe',
turn your faces toward it 'in Prayer'.
God makes this decree 'so that people will have
no argument against you 'believers'—
except for those of them
who are 'clearly' wrongdoers, 'godless in heart'.
Therefore, you shall not fear them!
Rather, you shall fear Me—and so 'shall it be',
that I may perfect My blessings upon you,
and so that you may be guided aright—
- 2:151 even as We have 'already' sent among you
'the blessing of' a messenger
from among your own selves.

يَأْتِيَكُمْ اللَّهُ جَمِيعًا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
وَمِنْ حَيْثُ خَرَجْتَ
فَوَلِّ وَجْهَكَ
شَطْرَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ
وَإِنَّهُ لَالحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
وَمَا اللَّهُ بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ
وَمِنْ حَيْثُ خَرَجْتَ
فَوَلِّ وَجْهَكَ
شَطْرَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ
وَحَيْثُ مَا كُنْتُمْ
فَوَلُّوا وُجُوهَكُمْ شَطْرَهُ
إِنَّمَا يَكُونُ
لِلنَّاسِ عَلَيْكُمْ حُجَّةٌ
إِلَّا الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا مِنْهُمْ
فَلَا تَخْشَوْهُمْ وَاخْشَوْنِي
وَلَا تَمْنَعِي عَلَيْكُمْ
وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ
كَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا فِيكُمْ
رُسُلًا مِنْكُمْ
يَتْلُوا عَلَيْكُمْ آيَاتِنَا
وَيُزَكِّيْكُمْ وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ
الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ
وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ
مَا لَمْ تَكُونُوا تَعْلَمُونَ

- He recites to you Our 'revealed' verses.
And he purifies you.
And he teaches you the 'commandments
of God's' Book
and the 'way of prophetic' wisdom.
Moreover, he teaches you 'other matters'
that you did not know.
- 2:152 So be ever in remembrance of Me,
'and' I shall remember you.
Moreover, be ever thankful to Me,
and do not ever be ungrateful to Me!
- 2:153 O you who believe!
Seek 'God's' help through 'enduring' patience
and 'devotion in' Prayer.
Indeed,
God is with those who are 'enduringly' patient.
- 2:154 Thus you shall not say,
regarding those who are killed
in the path of God, that they are dead.
Rather, they are alive!
But you cannot perceive it.
- 2:155 And, most surely,
We shall test 'all of' you 'believers'
with something of fear and 'with' hunger
and 'with' loss of wealth and life and crops.
So give glad tidings
'of everlasting delight in Paradise'
to those who are 'enduringly' patient—
those who when an affliction strikes them, say:
Indeed, to God do we belong,
and, indeed, to Him are we returning.
- 2:157 Upon such as these descend prayers 'of blessing'
from their Lord, and 'His' mercy.
And it is these who are the rightly guided.

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فَاذْكُرُونِي اَذْكُرْكُمْ ﴿١٥٢﴾
وَأَسْكُرُوا لِي
وَلَا تَكْفُرُونِ
يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
أَسْتَعِينُوا بِالصَّبْرِ وَالصَّلَاةِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الصَّابِرِينَ
وَلَا تَقُولُوا لِمَنْ يُقْتَلُ
فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَمُوتٌ
بَلْ أَحْيَاءُ
وَلَكِنْ لَا تَشْعُرُونَ
وَلَنَبْلُوَنَّكُمْ شَيْئًا
مِّنَ الْخَوْفِ وَالْجُوعِ
وَنَقْصٍ مِّنَ الْأَمْوَالِ
وَالْأَنْفُسِ وَالشَّرَاطِ
وَبَشِّرِ الصَّابِرِينَ
الَّذِينَ إِذَا أَصَابَتْهُمْ مُصِيبَةٌ
قَالُوا إِنَّا لِلَّهِ وَإِنَّا إِلَيْهِ رَاجِعُونَ
أُولَئِكَ عَلَيْهِمْ صَلَوَاتٌ
مِّن رَّبِّهِمْ وَرَحْمَةٌ
وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْتَخُونَ
﴿١٥٧﴾
إِنَّ الصَّفَا وَالْمَرْوَةَ
مِن سَعَائِرِ اللَّهِ
فَمَنْ حَجَّ الْبَيْتَ

2:158 * Concerning the Pilgrimage :
the Mounts of Şafâ and Marwah
are, indeed, among the ritual waymarks
set by God.
So as to one who makes the Hajj-Pilgrimage
to the Sacred House in Makkah ,
or one who makes
the Umrah-Lesser Pilgrimage—
it is no sin for him to circumambulate
between the two hillocks .
Moreover, whoever volunteers
a good act for the sake of God—then, indeed,
God is ever-thankful, all-knowing.

2:159 As to those who suppress the clear evidences
of divine revelation and its right guidance
that We have sent down
in the preceding Scripture—
doing so after We had made it clear
for all people—
it is they whom God shall curse,
and who shall be cursed
by whoever is entitled to curse—

2:160 except for those of them who repent
and set things aright and make evident
what they had formerly suppressed .
It is to these that I grant repentance;
for I alone am God,
the All-Relenting, the Mercy-Giving.

2:161 As to those who have disbelieved,
and died as disbelievers,
upon them is the curse of God
and of the angels and of humanity all together.

2:162 They are doomed to Hell
and shall abide therein forever.

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أَوْ اعْتَمَرَ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِ
أَنْ يَطُوفَ بِهِمَا
وَمَنْ تَطَوَّعَ خَيْرًا
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ شَاكِرٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٥٩﴾
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْتُمُونَ مَا أَنْزَلْنَا
مِنَ الْبَيِّنَاتِ وَأَهْدَى
مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا بَيَّنَّاهُ لِلنَّاسِ
فِي الْكِتَابِ
أُولَئِكَ يَلْعَنُهُمُ اللَّهُ
وَيَلْعَنُهُمُ النَّاسُ
وَيَلْعَنُهُمُ الْمَلَكُوتُ ﴿١٦٠﴾
إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوا وَأَصْلَحُوا
وَبَيَّنَّا فَاُولَئِكَ
أَتُوبُ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَأَنَا التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿١٦١﴾
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
وَمَا تَوَّاهُمْ كَفَّارٌ
أُولَئِكَ عَلَيْهِمْ لَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ
وَالْمَلَائِكَةِ
وَالنَّاسِ أَجْمَعِينَ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا ﴿١٦٢﴾
لَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمْ الْعَذَابُ
وَلَا هُمْ يُنظَرُونَ
وَاللَّهُمَّ إِنَّكَ وَحِيدٌ
لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ
الرَّحْمَنُ الرَّحِيمُ ﴿١٦٣﴾

Never shall the torment be lightened for them.
Nor shall they ever be reprieved.

2:163 For the God of all of you is One God.
There is no God but Him,
the All-Merciful, the Mercy-Giving.

2:164 Indeed, in the creation of the heavens
and the earth;
and in the alternation of the night
and the daylight;
and in the ships that run through the sea
with all that benefits people;
and in every shower of water
that God sends down from the sky
with which He gives life to the earth
after its death;
and in all the many species
that He spreads about therein
of every treading creature;
and in His turning about of the winds;
and in the clouds subjugated
between heaven and earth—
in all this there are sure signs
of God's magnificent blessing
for a people who would use their reason
to understand.

2:165 Yet among humankind
there are those who take false gods
apart from God as His rivals.
They love them with the love due only to God!
But those who truly believe
have a far greater love for God.
If only those who do wrong
by associating others with God

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إِنَّ فِي خَلْقِ

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَاخْتِلَافِ اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ

وَالْفُلْكِ الَّتِي تَجْرِي

فِي الْبَحْرِ بِمَا يَنْفَعُ النَّاسَ

وَمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ

مِنْ مَاءٍ فَأَخْيَسَ بِهِ الْأَرْضَ

بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا وَبَثَّ فِيهَا

مِنْ كُلِّ دَابَّةٍ

وَتَصْرِيفِ الرِّيحِ

وَالسَّحَابِ الْمُسَخَّرِ

بَيْنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ

لَا يَكُنْ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ

مَنْ يَتَّخِذُ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ أَنْدَادًا

يُحِبُّونَهُمْ كَحُبِّ اللَّهِ

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَشَدُّ حُبًّا لِلَّهِ

وَلَوْ رَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا

إِذْ يَرْوْنَ الْعَذَابَ

أَنَّ الْقُوَّةَ لِلَّهِ جَمِيعًا

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعَذَابِ

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could see themselves
at the moment they shall behold
the torment of Hellfire,
when they realize that, indeed, all power
belongs to God, entirely—and that, indeed,
God is most severe in administering torment.
2:166 Then and there, all those who were followed
into heinous unbelief in the world
shall disavow all those who followed them—
as they behold the imminent torment
that awaits them.

Thus all ties between them
shall be utterly cut off.

2:167 And those who were followers
shall say of their leaders:

If only we had a chance
to return to life in the world!

Then we would disavow them
as they now have disavowed us.

Thus will God show them
the enormity of their deeds,
heaping much overwhelming regret
upon them.

For never shall they emerge
from the Fire of Hell.

2:168 O humankind!

Eat from whatever is upon the earth
that is lawful and wholesome.

Yet do not follow the footsteps of Satan.
For, indeed, he is a clear enemy to you.

2:169 Thus, he but commands you
to every evil and lewdness,
and that you should say about God
what you do not know.

إِذْ تَبَرَّأَ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوا ٣٦
مِنَ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوا
وَرَأَوْا الْعَذَابَ
وَنَقَطَعْتُ بِهِمُ الْأَسْبَابَ
وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوا ٣٧
لَوْ أَنَّا كُنَّا نَعْلَمُ
فَنَتَّبِعَ أَهْلَهُمْ
كَمَا تَبَرَّأُوا مِنَّا
كَذَلِكَ يُرِيهِمُ اللَّهُ
أَعْمَالَهُمْ حَسَرَاتٍ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَمَا هُمْ بِخَارِجِينَ مِنَ النَّارِ
يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّاسُ ٣٨
كُلُّوا مِنَّا فِي الْأَرْضِ
حَلَالًا طَيِّبًا وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا
خُطُوَاتِ الشَّيْطَانِ
إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ
إِنَّمَا يَأْمُرُكُمْ ٣٩
بِالسُّوءِ وَالْفَحْشَاءِ
وَأَن تَقُولُوا
عَلَى اللَّهِ مَا لَا نَعْلَمُونَ
وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ ٤٠
اتَّبِعُوا مَا أُنزِلَ اللَّهُ
قَالُوا بَلْ نَتَّبِعُ
مَا أَلْفَيْنَا عَلَيْهِ آبَاءَنَا
أَوَلَوْ كُنَّا عَابِدًا لَهُمْ

- 2:170 When the disbelievers
are admonished with this, and it is said to them:
Follow what God has sent down!
They say:
Rather, we shall follow only that to which
we found our forefathers adhering.
Will they do so even if their forefathers
did not understand anything
about the truth of God,
nor were they guided aright?
- 2:171 This is the parable of those who disbelieve
in the call of their messenger:
It is like the case of a shepherd
who hollers out to flocks that hear nothing
but mere calls and cries.
Deaf, dumb, and blind in heart —
never shall they understand.
- 2:172 O you who believe!
Eat of the wholesome foods
which We have provided you.
And give thanks to God,
if, indeed, it is He alone whom you worship.
- 2:173 Indeed, He has but forbidden you to eat
carrion, and blood, and the flesh of swine,
and that over which
other than the name of God has been invoked
at the time of slaughter.
But whoever is compelled
by circumstance to eat any of this —
without being rebellious
and without being a willful transgressor —
then no penalty of sin shall there be upon him.
Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 2:174 As for those who suppress any part

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لَا يَعْقِلُونَ شَيْئًا
وَلَا يَهْتَدُونَ
وَمَثَلُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
كَمَثَلِ الَّذِي يَنْعِقُ
بِمَا لَا يَسْمَعُ إِلَّا دُعَاءً وَنِدَاءً
صُمٌّ بَكْمٌ عُمْيٌ
فَهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ
يَتَّبِعُهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
كُلُّوا مِنْ طَيِّبَاتِ
مَا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ وَاشْكُرُوا لِلَّهِ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ إِتْيَاهُ تَعْبُدُونَ
إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ
الْمَيْتَةَ وَالْدَّمَ
وَلَحْمَ الْخِنْزِيرِ
وَمَا أَهْلَ بِهِ لغيرِ اللَّهِ
فَمَنْ أَضْطَرَّ غَيْرِ بَاغٍ
وَلَا عَادٍ فَلَا إِثْمَ عَلَيْهِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْتُمُونَ مَا
أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْكِتَابِ
وَيَشْتَرُونَ بِهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا
أُولَئِكَ مَا يَأْكُلُونَ
فِي بُطُونِهِمْ إِلَّا النَّارَ
وَلَا يُكَلِّمُهُمُ اللَّهُ
يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ وَلَا يُزَكِّيهِمْ

of what God has sent down in the Scripture—
and thereby sell it for a small price—
they do nothing but consume fire from Hell
into their bellies.

Nor shall God speak to them
on the Day of Resurrection.

Nor shall He purify them from the stain of sin.

Thus for them,

there is a most painful torment awaiting.

2:175 These are the ones

who have purchased misguidance

at the cost of guidance,

and eternal torment at the cost of forgiveness.

Oh, with what shocking patience

shall they endure the Fire of Hell!

2:176 This they deserve

because God sent down the Scripture
to His messengers with the truth.

Then the wrongdoers suppressed it.

And, indeed,

those of the People of the Scripture

who dispute about the Scripture

are yet in uttermost schism

about its true tidings.

2:177 *Righteousness in the sight of God

is not the mere turning of your faces

toward the East or the West.

Rather, true righteousness

dwells in one who believes in God,

and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day,

and in the angels, and in every revealed Book,

and in all the prophets;

and dwells in one, who—

despite his love for it—

gives of his wealth in charity

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ اشْتَرَوُا

الضَّلَالَةَ بِالْهَدَىٰ

وَالْعَذَابُ بِالْمَغْفِرَةِ

فَمَا أَصْبَرَهُمْ عَلَى النَّارِ

ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ

نَزَّلَ الْكِتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ

وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ

اخْتَلَفُوا فِي الْكِتَابِ

لِئَلَّ شِقَاقِ بَعِيدٍ

لَيْسَ الْبِرَّ

أَنْ تَوَلُّوا وُجُوهَكُمْ

قِبَلَ الْمَشْرِقِ وَالْمَغْرِبِ

وَلَكِنَّ الْبِرَّ مَنْ ءَامَنَ بِاللَّهِ

وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَالْمَلَائِكَةِ

وَالْكِتَابِ وَالنَّبِيِّينَ

وَعَاَى الْمَالَ عَلَى حُبِّهِ

ذَوَى الْقُرْبَىٰ

وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالْمَسْكِينِ

وَابْنِ السَّبِيلِ وَالسَّالِينَ

فِي الرِّقَابِ

وَأَقَامَ الصَّلَاةَ

وَعَاَى الزَّكَاةَ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثاني

to close relatives and orphans,
and to the indigent and the wayfarer,
and to beggars,
and for the emancipation of slaves;
and dwells in one who establishes the Prayer
and gives the Zakât-Charity;
and dwells in all those
who fulfill their covenant
when they make a covenant,
as well as in those who are patient
during periods of affliction and harm
and times of conflict.
These are the ones who have been truehearted,
and it is such as these who are the God-fearing.

2:178 O you who believe!

Equivalence in retribution is prescribed for you
regarding all those who are murdered.

For instance:

The life of the freeman who has killed
for the life of the freeman he has killed;
and the life of the slave who has killed
for the life of the slave he has killed;
and the life of the female who has killed
for the life of the female she has killed.

But if one is granted a pardon from execution
by his brother in faith,

then let the latter pursue restitution,
in accordance with what is right.

Moreover, let his due compensation
be remitted in a most excellent way.

This commandment is an alleviation
from your Lord, and thus a mercy from Him,
for it frees you from lawless vengeance.

So whoever commits an offense of reprisal

وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ بِعَهْدِهِمْ

إِذَا عَاهَدُوا وَالصَّادِقِينَ

فِي الْأَسَاءِ وَالضَّرَاءِ

وَحِينَ الْبَأْسِ

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ صَدَقُوا

وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُتَّقُونَ

يَتَأْتِيَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

١٧٨

كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمْ

الْقصاصُ فِي الْقَتْلِ

الْحُرِّ بِالْحُرِّ وَالْعَبْدَ بِالْعَبْدِ

وَالْأُنثَى بِالْأُنثَى

فَمَنْ عَفَى لَهُ مِنْ أَخِيهِ شَيْءٌ

فَأَنْبِئْ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ

وَأَدِّ إِلَيْهِ بِإِحْسَنِ ذَلِكَ

تَخْفِيفٌ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ وَرَحْمَةٌ

فَمَنْ أَعْتَدَى بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ

فَلَهُ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

وَلَكُمْ فِي الْقصاصِ حَيَوةٌ

١٧٩

يَتَأُولَى الْأَنْبِ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ

after this 'compensation is taken', then for him,
there shall be a most painful torment
'in the Hereafter'.

2:179 Hence, there is life for 'all of' you in retribution,
O people of 'discretion and' understanding,
so that you may be ever God-fearing.

2:180 Prescribed for you 'believers',
when death approaches any one of you
who shall leave behind wealth,
is that he make a will
for 'his' parents and nearest relatives,
in accordance with what is right.
'This is' an obligation upon the God-fearing.

2:181 Thus whoever changes 'a will'
after hearing it 'from a testator',
the 'guilt of' sin shall fall only upon those
who 'make the' change 'in' it.
Indeed, God is all-hearing, all-knowing.

2:182 Yet as to one who fears erroneous inclination
from the testator,
or willful violation 'of the heirs' due right,
and who 'then sets matters aright between them,
no 'guilt of' sin shall fall upon him.
Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

2:183 O you who believe!
Fasting is prescribed for you
as it has been prescribed
for those 'who have believed' before you,
so that you may be 'ever' God-fearing.

2:184 It is for a specified number of days.
But one among you who is sick
or is on a journey 'shall then fast'
the same number of other days.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي

كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمْ (١٨٠)
إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَكُمْ الْمَوْتُ

إِنْ تَرَكَ خَيْرًا الْوَصِيَّةُ

لِلْوَالِدَيْنِ وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ

بِالْمَعْرُوفِ

حَقًّا عَلَى الْمُتَّقِينَ

فَمَنْ بَدَّلَهُ بَعْدَ مَا سَمِعَهُ (١٨١)

فَأَنبَأَ إِثْمَهُ عَلَى الَّذِينَ يُبَدِّلُونَهُ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ

فَمَنْ خَافَ (١٨٢)

مِنْ مُوصٍ جَنَفًا أَوْ إِثْمًا

فَأَصْلَحَ بَيْنَهُمْ فَلَا إِثْمَ عَلَيْهِ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا (١٨٣)

كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الصِّيَامُ

كَمَا كُتِبَ

عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ

أَيَّامًا مَعْدُودَاتٍ (١٨٤)

فَمَنْ كَانَ مِنْكُمْ مَرِيضًا

أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ

فَعِدَّةٌ مِنْ أَيَّامٍ أُخَرَ

وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ يُطِيقُونَهُ

فِدْيَةٌ طَعَامُ مِسْكِينٍ

فَمَنْ تَطَوَّعَ خَيْرًا فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَهُ

وَأَنْ تَصُومُوا خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ

Yet for those who are 'hardly' able to endure it,
'and do not fast,' the redemption 'for each day'
is feeding an indigent person 'instead'.

And if one volunteers a good offering
'over and above this', it is better for him, 'still'.
However, if you fast 'despite difficulty',
it is best for you, if only you were to know.

2:185 It was the month of Ramadan
in which the Quran was 'first' sent down
as guidance for all people,
having 'in it' clear proofs of 'divine' guidance
and the criterion 'for right and wrong'.
So whoever among you
bears witness to the month shall then fast it.
Yet if one among you is sick or is on a journey
'such a person shall then fast' the same number
of other days.

God intends for you ease,
and does not intend for you hardship.
Rather, 'He wills' for you to complete
the number 'of prescribed days'—
and that you shall extol God
for 'the blessing of faith'
to 'which He has guided you,
so that you may give thanks
'to Him alone for easing its way
and establishing you therein'.

2:186 Now, if My servants ask you,
'O Prophet,' about Me—
then, indeed, I am near.
I answer the call of the caller
when he calls upon Me.
Then let them 'all' respond to Me
and believe in Me,
so that they may be rightly guided.

يُنَزِّلُ الْمَلَائِكَةَ

الْجُزْءَ الثَّانِي

شَهْرَ رَمَضَانَ

١٨٥

الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ فِيهِ الْقُرْآنُ

هُدًى لِلنَّاسِ وَبَيِّنَاتٍ

مِنَ الْهُدَى وَالْفُرْقَانِ

فَمَن شَهِدَ مِنْكُمُ

الشَّهْرَ فَلْيَصُمْهُ

وَمَن كَانَ مَرِيضًا

أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ

فَعِدَّةٌ مِّنْ أَيَّامٍ أُخَرَ

يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ بِكُمُ الْيُسْرَ

وَلَا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ الْعُسْرَ

وَلِتُكْمِلُوا الْعِدَّةَ

وَلِتُكَبِّرُوا اللَّهَ

عَلَى مَا هَدَىٰكُمْ

وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

وَإِذَا سَأَلَكَ عِبَادِي

١٨٦

عَنِّي فَإِنِّي قَرِيبٌ أُجِيبُ

دَعْوَةَ الدَّاعِ إِذَا دَعَانِ

فَلْيَسْتَجِيبُوا لِي

وَلْيُؤْمِنُوا بِي

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْشُدُونَ

أَجَلٌ لَّكُمْ لَيْلَةُ الصَّيَامِ

١٨٧

أَلْقَتْ إِلَىٰ سَائِلِكُمُ

هُنَّ لَيَاسٌ لَّكُمْ

وَأَنْتُمْ لَيَاسٌ لَهُنَّ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثاني

- 2:187 Permitted for you 'believers' on the night of the fast is intimate approach to your wives. They are a garment for you. And you are a garment for them. God knows that 'before granting this permission, you used to betray yourselves. Thus He has granted you repentance 'for what is past' and pardoned you. So now you may lie with them and seek whatever 'offspring' God has decreed for you. Moreover, you may 'now' eat and drink until the white thread of dawn becomes clear to you, 'as distinguished' from the black thread 'of night'. Then complete the fast until the night. But do not 'ever' lie with them for so long as you may be in ritual retreat in the mosques 'of God'. These are the ordained limits of God. Therefore, do not approach them. Thus does God make clear His 'revealed' signs to 'all' people, that they may be ever God-fearing.
- 2:188 Moreover, you shall not consume one another's wealth by false means, nor proffer any of it to 'bribe' those in authority, in order to sinfully consume a portion of people's wealth— while you know 'it is wrong'.

- 2:189 *They 'who believe' ask you, 'O Prophet,'

عَلِمَ اللَّهُ أَنَّكُمْ كُنْتُمْ
تَخْتَانُونَ أَنْفُسَكُمْ
فَتَابَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَعَفَا عَنْكُمْ
فَالَّذِينَ بَدِثُوا مِنْكُمْ وَابْتَغُوا
مَا كَتَبَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ
وَكُلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا حَتَّى يَبَيِّنَ لَكُمُ
الْخَيْطُ الْأَبْيَضُ
مِنَ الْخَيْطِ الْأَسْوَدِ مِنَ الْفَجْرِ
ثُمَّ أَمِنُوا الصِّيَامَ إِلَى اللَّيْلِ
وَلَا تُبْشِرُوا بِهِ
وَأَنْتُمْ عَلَىكُمْ فِي الْمَسْجِدِ
تِلْكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ
فَلَا تَقْرُبُوهَا كَذَلِكَ
يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ آيَاتِهِ لِلنَّاسِ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ
وَلَا تَأْكُلُوا
أَمْوَالَكُمْ بَيْنَكُمْ بِالْبَاطِلِ
وَتُذَلُّوا بِهَا إِلَى الْحُكَّامِ
لِتَأْكُلُوا فَرِيقًا
مِنَ أَمْوَالِ النَّاسِ بِالْإِثْمِ
وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الْأَهْلِ
قُلْ هِيَ مَوَاقِيتُ
لِلنَّاسِ وَالْحُجَّ

about the 'significance of the' lunar crescents
 'and the waxing and waning of the moon'. Say:
 They are 'but' time-marks for people
 and for the Hajj-Pilgrimage.
 Thus there is no virtue in 'the pagan custom'
 that 'after making the Pilgrimage'
 you 'return home and' come into 'your' houses
 from 'openings you rend in' their back 'walls'.
 Rather, true virtue is 'exemplified
 in the conduct of' one who is God-fearing.
 So come into 'your' homes
 from their 'proper' doors.
 And be ever God-fearing,
 so that you may be successful.

2:190 Furthermore, fight in the path of God
 all those who fight you.

But do not commit aggression.

Indeed, God does not love those
 who commit aggression.

2:191 Yet 'if they continue
 in their aggression against you,'
 kill them wherever you encounter them.
 And expel them
 from wherever they have expelled you.

For persecution
 is 'far' more grievous than killing.
 But do not fight them at the Sacred Mosque,
 unless they 'first' fight you therein.
 Yet if they fight you 'there', then kill them.
 Such is the recompense of the disbelievers.

2:192 But if they desist, then, indeed,
 God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

2:193 Moreover, fight them
 until there is no 'more' persecution,

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي

وَلَيْسَ الْبِرُّ بِأَنْ تَأْتُوا
 الْبُيُوتَ مِنْ ظُهُورِهَا
 وَلَكِنَّ الْبِرَّ مَنْ اتَّقَى
 وَأَتَى الْبُيُوتَ
 مِنْ أَبْوَابِهَا وَأَقَامُوا اللَّهَ
 لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ
 وَقَاتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
 الَّذِينَ يُقَاتِلُونَكُمْ
 وَلَا تَعْتَدُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ
 لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ
 وَأَقَاتِلُوهُمْ حَيْثُ تَقْبَلُوهُمْ

وَأَخْرِجُوهُمْ مِنْ حَيْثُ أَخْرَجُوكُمْ
 وَالْفِتْنَةُ أَشَدُّ مِنَ الْقَتْلِ
 وَلَا تُقَاتِلُوهُمْ
 عِنْدَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ
 حَتَّى يَقَاتِلُوكُمْ فِيهِ
 فَإِنْ قَاتَلُوكُمْ فَاقْتُلُوهُمْ
 كَذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ الْكَافِرِينَ

إِنْ أَنَّهُمْ
 فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
 وَقَاتِلُوهُمْ حَتَّى لَا تَكُونَ فِتْنَةٌ
 وَيَكُونَ لِلدِّينِ لِلَّهِ
 فَإِنْ أَنَّهُمْ

فَلَا عُدْوَانَ إِلَّا عَلَى الظَّالِمِينَ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحَزَنَةُ الثَّانِي

and religion is for God alone.
But if they desist,
then let there be no 'ongoing' hostility,
except against the wrongdoers
'who are godless in heart.

2:194 Reprisal in 'the Sacred Month
is 'rightly due' for 'aggression
in 'the Sacred Month,
for there is to be retribution
for 'violating' the sacred.
So whoever commits aggression
against you 'believers therein',
then 'you may rightfully' commit
the like of that aggression against him.
Yet be ever God-fearing, and know that God
is with the God-fearing.

2:195 And thus shall you spend 'freely for defense'
in the path of God.

Yet do not cast your souls,
by your own hands, into destruction.
Rather, do good 'to one and all'.
Indeed, God loves those
who excel in 'doing' good.

2:196 So complete the Hajj-Pilgrimage
and the 'Umrah-Lesser Pilgrimage
solely for 'the sake of' God.

But if you are prevented 'therefrom',
then 'send forth'
whatever charitable-offering 'of sacrifice'
is ready at hand.

Yet you shall not 'ritually' shave your heads
until the charitable-offering reaches
its destination 'for sacrifice'.

As to whoever among you becomes sick,
or has an ailment of the head

الشَّهْرُ الْحَرَامُ بِالشَّهْرِ الْحَرَامِ
وَأَحْرَمْتُ قِصَاصٌ

فَمَنْ أَعْتَدَى عَلَيْكُمْ

فَاعْتَدُوا عَلَيْهِ

بِمِثْلِ مَا أَعْتَدَى عَلَيْكُمْ

وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ

وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الْمُتَّقِينَ

وَأَتَّقُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

وَلَا تُلْقُوا بِأَيْدِيكُمْ إِلَى التَّهْلُكَةِ

وَأَحْسِنُوا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

وَأَتِمُّوا الْحَجَّ وَالْعُمْرَةَ لِلَّهِ

فَإِنْ أُحْصِرْتُمْ

فَمَا اسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ الْهَدْيِ

وَلَا تَحْلِفُوا رُءُوسَكُمْ

حَتَّى تَبْلُغَ الْهَدْيُ مَحَلَّهُ

فَمَنْ كَانَ مِنْكُمْ مَرِيضًا

أَوْ بِهِ أَذًى مِنْ رَأْسِهِ

فَفِدْيَةٌ مِنْ صِيَامٍ

أَوْ صَدَقَةٍ أَوْ نُسُكٍ

فَإِذَا أَمِنْتُمْ مِنْ تَمَنَعٍ

that requires shaving,
 then the due redemption is fasting,
 or giving charity,
 or a charitable-offering of sacrifice.
 But when you become safe and secure,
 then whoever takes advantage of performing
 the Umrah-Lesser Pilgrimage separately,
 before the designated days of Hajj-Pilgrimage,
 let him then send forth
 whatever charitable-offering of sacrifice
 is ready at hand.

But if one of you does not find the means
 to make an offering,
 then fasting three days during Hajj-Pilgrimage
 is obligatory —

and seven days when you return home.
 This is a total of ten days.

That is for one whose family
 does not reside in the precincts
 of the Sacred Mosque.

Thus be ever God-fearing!

And know that God is severe in punishment.

2:197 The time-frame of the Hajj-Pilgrimage
 falls within the well-known months
 at the end of the lunar year.

So whoever determines to undertake
 the Hajj-Pilgrimage therein,
 then there shall be no sexual relations,
 nor ungodliness, nor disputation,
 during the Hajj-Pilgrimage.

And whatever good you do, God knows it.

Moreover, take with you
 your own provisions —
 and, indeed, the best provision
 is to be ever God-fearing.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْبَقَرَةُ

بِالْعُمْرَةِ إِلَى الْحَجِّ

فَمَا اسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ الْهَدْيِ

فَمَنْ لَمْ يَجِدْ

فَصِيَامُ ثَلَاثَةِ أَيَّامٍ فِي الْحَجِّ

وَسَبْعَةٍ إِذَا رَجَعْتُمْ

تِلْكَ عَشْرَةٌ كَامِلَةٌ

ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ أَهْلَهُ

حَاضِرِي الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ

وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ

وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ

الْحَجُّ أَشْهُرٌ مَعْلُومَةٌ

١٩٧

فَمَنْ قَرَضَ فِيهِ مِنَ الْحَجِّ

فَلَا رَفَثَ وَلَا فُسُوقَ

وَلَا جِدَالَ فِي الْحَجِّ

وَمَا تَفْعَلُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ

يَعْلَمَهُ اللَّهُ وَكَرَّوُدًا

فَابْتَغُوا خَيْرَ الزَّادِ لِلْفَقْوَى

وَاتَّقُوا يَتَأُولَى الْأَلْبَابِ

لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ

١٩٨

أَنْ تَبْتَغُوا

فَضْلًا مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّانِي

Therefore, fear Me,
O people of 'discretion and' understanding.

2:198 It is not a sin for you 'during Hajj-Pilgrimage'
if you seek 'to obtain' bounty from your Lord
'through commerce'.

Yet when you pour forth
from 'the plain of' 'Arafât',
then remember God 'much'
with most solemn reverence
at the sacred waymark 'of Muzdalifah'.
And remember Him 'always'
with much solemn reverence',
as He has guided you.

And, indeed, before this
you were of those 'gone' astray.

2:199 Thus 'be sure to' pour forth from 'Arafât',
where 'all' the people
have poured forth 'in the past'.
And seek God's forgiveness.
Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

2:200 Yet 'even' when you have concluded your rites
'of Hajj-Pilgrimage',
then 'still' you shall remember God
'with much solemn reverence',
like your 'past' remembrance
of your forefathers—
or with yet greater solemnity
and remembrance.

Now, among people,
there are those who say 'in supplication':
Our Lord! Give to us in this world!
Yet such a one has no 'Heavenly' share
in the Hereafter.

2:201 But among them are those who say:

فَإِذَا أَفَضْتُمْ
مِنْ عَرَفَاتٍ
فَاذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ
عِنْدَ الْمَشْعَرِ الْحَرَامِ
وَاذْكُرُوهُ
كَمَا هَدَيْتُكُمْ
وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ
لَمَنِ الضَّالِّينَ ﴿١٩٩﴾
ثُمَّ أَفِيضُوا مِنْ حَيْثُ
أَفَاضَ النَّاسُ
وَأَسْتَغْفِرُوا اللَّهَ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُمْ
مَنْسِكَكُمْ
فَاذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ
كَذِكْرِكُمْ ءَابَاءَكُمْ
أَوْ أَشَدَّ ذِكْرًا
فَمِنَ النَّاسِ
مَنْ يَقُولُ
رَبَّنَا ءَاتِنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا
وَمَا لَهُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ
مِنْ خَلْقٍ ﴿٢٠٠﴾
وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَقُولُ رَبَّنَا
ءَاتِنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً
وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً
وَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ ﴿٢٠١﴾

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثاني

Our Lord!

Give us good in this world
and good in the Hereafter,
and save us
from the torment of the Fire of Hell.

2:202 As to these,

for them there is a 'Heavenly' portion awaiting
for all 'the good' that they have earned.
And God is swift in reckoning.

2:203 *Thus make 'much' mention

'of the name' of God 'with solemn reverence'
in the 'special' numbered days
in the valley of Minâ.

Yet should one hasten to depart Minâ
on the second day,
then no 'penalty of sin' shall there be upon him.
And 'as to' one who delays 'a day more',
then no 'penalty of sin'
shall there be upon him, 'either',
provided one remains God-fearing.
So be ever God-fearing!
And know that 'all of you'
shall, indeed, be assembled
before Him 'for Judgment'.

2:204 Now, there is among humanity,
'the like of' one

whose words about the life of this world
please you.

And he 'openly' calls upon God to bear witness
as to what is in his heart, though truly,
he is most relentlessly contentious.

2:205 For when he turns away 'from you',
he strives in the land
to spread corruption therein

أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ ٢٠٢

نَصِيبٌ مِمَّا كَسَبُوا

وَاللَّهُ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ

وَاذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ ٢٠٣

فِي أَيَّامٍ مَّعْدُودَاتٍ

فَمَنْ تَعَجَّلَ فِي يَوْمَيْنِ

فَلَا إِثْمَ عَلَيْهِ

وَمَنْ تَأَخَّرَ فَلَا إِثْمَ عَلَيْهِ

لِمَنِ انْتَقَى وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ

وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّكُمْ

إِلَيْهِ تُخْشَرُونَ

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ ٢٠٤

مَنْ يُعْجِبُكَ قَوْلُهُ

فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَيُشْهِدُ اللَّهَ عَلَى مَا فِي قَلْبِهِ

وَهُوَ اللَّهُ الْخَصَامُ

وَإِذَا تَوَلَّى سَعَى فِي الْأَرْضِ ٢٠٥

لِيُفْسِدَ فِيهَا

وَيُهْلِكَ الْحَرْثَ وَالنَّسْلَ

وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْفُسَادَ

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُ اتَّقِ اللَّهَ ٢٠٦

أَخَذَتْهُ الْعِزَّةُ بِالْإِثْمِ

فَحَسْبُهُ جَهَنَّمُ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي

and to destroy tillage and livestock—
and God does not love corruption.

2:206 Thus when it is said to him:

Be 'truly' God-fearing!
arrogant pride carries him into 'yet more' sin.
Thus sufficient for him is Hell—
and a most woeful cradle 'it is'!

2:207 Yet there are among people
those who would give their 'very' souls
in seeking the good pleasure of God—
and God is all-kind to 'all His' servants.

2:208 O you who believe!
Enter into peace, all of you together.
And do not follow the footsteps of Satan.
For, indeed, he is a clear enemy to you.

2:209 And should you ever backslide,
after the clear proofs 'from God'
have come to you,
then know that God is overpowering, all-wise.

2:210 Do those 'who are faithless' await anything
but that God should come to them
'with punishment'
from overshadowing clouds,
along with the angels,
and that the matter 'of their doom'
be determined!
Indeed, to God 'alone' are all matters returned
'for just Judgment'.

2:211 Ask the Children of Israel
how many a clear 'and miraculous' sign
We gave them.
Yet whoever exchanges the favor
of 'faith in' God 'for ungodliness'

وَلَيْسَ الْمَهَادُ

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ ﴿٢٠٧﴾

مَنْ يَشْرِي نَفْسَهُ

أَتَيْغَاءَ مَرْضَاتِ اللَّهِ

وَاللَّهُ رَءُوفٌ بِالْعِبَادِ

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿٢٠٨﴾

أَدْخُلُوا فِي السِّلْمِ كَافَّةً

وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا

خُطُوَاتِ الشَّيْطَانِ

إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ

فَإِنْ زَلَلْتُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ ﴿٢٠٩﴾

مَا جَاءَتْكُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

فَاعْلَمُوا

أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ

هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ ﴿٢١٠﴾

إِلَّا أَنْ يَأْتِيَهُمُ اللَّهُ

فِي ظُلُمٍ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ

وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ

وَقُضِيَ الْأَمْرُ

وَالِلَّهِ تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُورُ

سَلَّ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ ﴿٢١١﴾

كَمْ ءَاتَيْنَاهُمْ مِنْ ءَايَةٍ يَبَيِّنُهُ

وَمَنْ يَبْدِلْ نِعْمَةَ اللَّهِ

مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَتْهُ

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ

زُيِّنَ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿٢١٢﴾

الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا

وَيَسْخَرُونَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

- after 'faith' has come to him—know, then,
that God is, indeed, severe in punishment.
- 2:212 The life of this world is made fair-seeming
to those who disbelieve.
And so they scoff at those who believe.
But those who are God-fearing
shall be above them on the Day of Resurrection.
For God alone gives provision
to whomever He so wills without measure.
- 2:213 Once, all people were one 'faith'-community.
'Then they differed.'
So God sent forth the prophets,
as bearers of glad tidings and forewarners.
And with them,
He sent down the 'Heavenly' Scripture
with the truth,
'so as' to judge between people
about that wherein they disputed.
Yet none other than those 'peoples'
to whom 'the Scripture' was given
disputed over it—
after the clear 'and miraculous' proofs 'of God'
had come to them—
'thereby' exceeding the due bounds 'of God'
with one another
'out of nothing but insolence and envy'.
Then, by His 'divine' permission,
God guided those who believed to the truth
about that wherein they had been disputing.
For God guides whomever He so wills
to a straight way 'of salvation'.
- 2:214 So do you 'believers' think
that you will ever enter the Garden 'of Paradise'
without there coming to you
the like of 'the trials that befell

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثاني

وَالَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا
فَوَقَّهْمُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
وَاللَّهُ يَرْزُقُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ
كَانَ النَّاسُ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً
فَبَعَثَ اللَّهُ النَّبِيِّينَ
مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذِرِينَ
وَأَنْزَلَ مَعَهُمُ الْكِتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ
لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ
فِيمَا اخْتَلَفُوا فِيهِ
وَمَا اخْتَلَفَ فِيهِ
إِلَّا الَّذِينَ أُوتُوهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ
مَا جَاءَتْهُمْ الْبَيِّنَاتُ
بَغْيًا بَيْنَهُمْ
فَهَدَى اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لِمَا اخْتَلَفُوا فِيهِ
مِنَ الْحَقِّ بِإِذْنِهِ
وَاللَّهُ يَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ
إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ
أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ
أَنْ تَدْخُلُوا الْجَنَّةَ
وَلَمَّا يَأْتِكُمْ
مَثَلُ الَّذِينَ خَلَوْا مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ
مَسْتَكْمِلِينَ الْبَأْسَاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ
وَزُلْزِلُوا حَتَّى يَقُولَ الرَّسُولُ
وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَعَهُ

those who have passed
 'over the path of belief' before you?
 Affliction and harm struck them,
 and they were 'severely' shaken,
 until 'each' messenger,
 and whoever believed with him, would say:
 When comes the help of God?
 Yet most surely, the help of God is ever near!

2:215 They ask you, 'O Prophet,'
 what 'ways' they should spend 'charitably'.
 Say to them:
 Whatever good offering you spend
 is to be for 'your' parents, and nearest relatives,
 and orphans, and the indigent,
 and the 'needy' wayfarers.
 And whatever good you do,
 God is, indeed, all-knowing of it.

2:216 Fighting 'in the just cause of God'
 is prescribed for you,
 though it is hateful to you 'to fight'.
 Yet it may be that you hate a thing,
 while it is good for you.
 And it may be that you love a thing,
 while it is evil for you.
 Yet God knows
 'what is most beneficial for you',
 and you do not know.

2:217 They ask you, 'O Prophet,'
 about the sacred month, 'about' fighting therein.
 Say:
 Fighting therein is a great 'sin'.
 But to bar 'people' from the way of God,
 and to disbelieve in Him,

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثاني

مَنْ نَصَرَ اللَّهَ
 إِلَّا أَنْ نَصَرَ اللَّهَ قَرِيبٌ
 يَسْأَلُونَكَ مَاذَا يُنْفِقُونَ ﴿٢١٥﴾
 قُلْ مَا أَنْفَقْتُمْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ
 فَلِلَّذِينَ وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ
 وَالْيَتَامَى وَالْمَسْكِينِ
 وَابْنِ السَّبِيلِ
 وَمَا تَفْعَلُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ
 فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيمٌ
 كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْقِتَالُ ﴿٢١٦﴾
 وَهُوَ كُرْهُ لَكُمْ
 وَعَسَى أَنْ تَكْرَهُوا شَيْئًا
 وَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ
 وَعَسَى أَنْ تُحِبُّوا شَيْئًا
 وَهُوَ شَرٌّ لَكُمْ
 وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ
 وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ
 يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الشَّهْرِ الْحَرَامِ ﴿٢١٧﴾
 قِتَالٍ فِيهِ
 قُلْ قِتَالٌ فِيهِ كَبِيرٌ
 وَصَدٌّ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
 وَكُفْرٌ بِهِ
 وَالْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ
 وَإِخْرَاجُ أَهْلِهِ مِنْهُ
 أَكْبَرُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
 وَالْفِتْنَةُ أَكْبَرُ مِنَ الْقَتْلِ
 وَلَا يَرَاوُنَّ يُقْتُلُوكُمْ

and to bar them from the Sacred Mosque,
and to expel its people from its precincts—
all are greater sins in the sight of God.
For persecution is a far greater sin than killing.
Still, they shall never cease
fighting you believers
until they turn you away from your religion,
if ever they are so able.
And whoever among you
should turn away from his religion,
then die while he is a disbeliever—
the good works of the likes of these
are rendered utterly futile with God—
in this world and in the Hereafter—
and these are the Companions
of the Fire of Hell.

They shall abide therein forever.

- 2:218 As for those who have believed,
and those who have emigrated
and striven in the path of God,
the likes of these have hope
for the mercy of God—
and God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

- 2:219 *They ask you, 'O Prophet,'
about intoxicants and gambling. Say:
In both of them, there is great sinfulness—
and some benefit for people.
Yet their sinfulness
is far greater than their benefit.

They ask you, as well, 'O Prophet,'
what part of their wealth
they should spend charitably. Say:
Spend of your surplus.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي

حَتَّى يَرْدُّوكُمْ عَنْ دِينِكُمْ
إِنْ أَسْطَلْعُوا

وَمَنْ يَزِدْ ذِمَّتَهُ
عَنْ دِينِهِ

فَيَمُتْ وَهُوَ كَافِرٌ
فَأُولَئِكَ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ
فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ
وَأُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ
هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوا

وَجَاهَدُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
أُولَئِكَ يَرْجُونَ رَحْمَتَ اللَّهِ
وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ
الْخَمْرِ وَالْمَيْسِرِ

قُلْ فِيهِمَا إِثْمٌ كَبِيرٌ
وَمَنْفَعٌ لِلنَّاسِ وَإِثْمُهُمَا
أَكْبَرُ مِنْ نَفْعِهِمَا

وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ مَاذَا يُنْفِقُونَ
قُلِ الْمَغْفُورُ كَذَلِكَ

يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمُ الْآيَاتِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَفَكَّرُونَ

فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثاني

Thus does God make the wisdom
of His revealed verses clear to you,
so that you may reflect on them
2:220 in relation to the affairs of this world
and the consequences in the Hereafter.

And they ask you, 'O Prophet,
about looking after orphans. Say:
Setting their affairs aright
is best for you and them.
Thus if you interrelate with them,
then they are to be treated
as your brothers in faith'.
And God knows best the sower of corruption
from the sower of righteousness.
And had God so willed,
He could have overburdened you
'with restrictions'.
Indeed, God is overpowering, all-wise.

2:221 Moreover, you shall not marry
idolatrous women
until they believe in God alone.
For a believing bondwoman
is most surely better
than an idolatrous woman—
even if she should please you.
Nor shall you marry your believing women
to idolatrous men
until they believe in God alone.
For a believing bondman is most surely better
than an idolater—even if he should please you.
These idolaters call to the Fire of Hell,
while God calls to the Garden of Paradise,
and to forgiveness, by His permission.
Thus does He make

وَيَسِّرُ لَكَ الْيُسْرَى
قُلْ إِصْلَاحٌ لَّهُمْ خَيْرٌ
وَلَا تَحْاطُّوهُمْ فَأَخَوَانُكُمُ
وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ الْمُفْسِدَ
مِنَ الْمُصْلِحِ
وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَأَغْنَيْنَاكُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ
وَلَا تَنْكِحُوا الْمُشْرِكِينَ
حَتَّى يُؤْمِنُوا وَلَئِمَّةٌ مُؤْمِنَةٌ
خَيْرٌ مِّنْ مُّشْرِكَةٍ
وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَكُمْ
وَلَا تَنْكِحُوا الْمُشْرِكِينَ
حَتَّى يُؤْمِنُوا وَلَعَبْدٌ مُّؤْمِنٌ
خَيْرٌ مِّنْ مُّشْرِكٍ
وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَكُمْ
أُولَئِكَ يَدْعُونَ إِلَى النَّارِ
وَاللَّهُ يَدْعُو إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ
وَالْمَغْفِرَةِ بِإِذْنِهِ
وَيُبَيِّنُ آيَاتِهِ لِلنَّاسِ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ
وَيَسِّرُ لَكَ الْيُسْرَى
قُلْ هُوَ أَدْنَى

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His signs clear to the people,
so that they may become mindful
of His commandments.

- 2:222 And they ask you, 'O Prophet,'
about menstruation. Say:
It is a 'cause for' harm.
So withhold yourselves
'from sexual intercourse' with women
during menstruation,
and do not approach them 'there'
until they are cleansed.
Then, when they are cleansed, come to them
as God has commanded you.
Indeed, God loves those who are ever-penitent,
and He loves those who purify themselves.
- 2:223 Your 'lawful' women are a tillage for you.
So come to your tillage as you will.
Yet advance 'good deeds' for your souls.
And fear God!
And know
that you will, most surely, meet Him.
So give glad tidings to the believers.
- 2:224 Moreover, do not use 'the name of' God
in your oaths as a hindrance to being virtuous,
or 'to' being God-fearing,
or 'to' setting things aright among the people.
And God is all-hearing, all-knowing.
- 2:225 God will not hold you accountable
for unintended vows in your oaths.
But He will hold you accountable
for what your hearts have 'intentionally' earned.
For God is all-forgiving, most forbearing.
- 2:226 So as to those who forswear
'relations with' their wives,

فَاعْتَرَلُوا نِسَاءَهُ
فِي الْمَعْصِيَةِ
وَلَا تَقْرُبُوهُنَّ حَتَّى يَطْهَرْنَ
فَإِذَا طَهَّرْنَ فَأْتُوهُنَّ
مِنْ حَيْثُ أَمَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ التَّوَّابِينَ
وَيُحِبُّ الْمُتَطَهِّرِينَ
نِسَاؤُكُمْ حَرْثٌ لَكُمْ
فَأَتُوا حَرْثَكُمْ أَنَّى شِئْتُمْ
وَقَدْ مُوا لَأَنْفُسِكُمْ
وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّكُمْ مُلْقَوَةٌ
وَبَشِّرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَلَا تَجْعَلُوا اللَّهَ
عُرْضَةً لِأَيْمَانِكُمْ
أَنْ تَبَرُّوا وَتَتَّقُوا
وَتُصَلِّحُوا بَيْنَ النَّاسِ
وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ
لَا يُؤَاخِذُكُمُ اللَّهُ
بِاللَّغْوِ فِي أَيْمَانِكُمْ
وَلَكِنْ بِوَأْخِذِكُمْ
بِمَا كَسَبَتْ قُلُوبُكُمْ
وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ
لِلَّذِينَ يُؤْلُونَ مِنْ نِسَائِهِمْ
تَرَبُّصٌ أَرْبَعَةَ أَشْهُرٍ
فَإِنْ قَاءُوا

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causing them to suffer abuse,
there shall be a waiting period
of cessation of intimacy for four months.
But if they go back to their wives
during this period, then, indeed,
God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

2:227 But if they stay resolved
to divorce them thereafter, so shall it be—
and God is all-hearing, all-knowing.

2:228 Divorced women shall keep themselves in wait
for three monthly periods before remarrying.
Nor is it lawful for them therein
to conceal what God has created
in their wombs—

if they truly believe in God
and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day.
For their husbands have full right to restore
them as wives during this waiting period,
if they truly desire reconciliation.
Yet for women, there are rights equal
to what is enjoined upon them,
in accordance with what is right.

But commensurate
with their family obligations,
men shall have a degree over them.
And God is overpowering, all-wise.

2:229 Pronouncement of divorce
is revocable two times.
Each time thereafter, wives are to be retained,
in accordance with what is right,
or set free with generous kindness.
Moreover, it is not lawful for you
to take back anything in divorce
of what you have given them—

فَإِنْ أَرَادَ اللَّهُ عَفْوَ رَجِيعٍ

وَأِنْ عَزَمُوا الطَّلَاقَ ﴿٢٢٧﴾

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ

وَالْمُطَلَّقَاتُ يَتَرَبَّصْنَ ﴿٢٢٨﴾

بِأَنْفُسِهِنَّ ثَلَاثَةَ قُرُوءٍ

وَلَا يَحِلُّ لَهُنَّ

أَنْ يَكْتُمْنَ مَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ

فِي أَرْحَامِهِنَّ

إِنْ كُنَّ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ

وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ

وَيُعَوِّلُهُنَّ أَحْسَنُ مِنْ ذَلِكَ

إِنْ أَرَادُوا إِصْلَاحًا وَلَهُنَّ

مِثْلُ الَّذِي عَلَيْهِنَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ

وَلِلرِّجَالِ عَلَيْهِنَ دَرَجَةٌ

وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ

الطَّلَاقُ مَرَّتَانٍ ﴿٢٢٩﴾

فَأَمْسَاكٌ بِمَعْرُوفٍ

أَوْ تَفْرِيقٌ بِإِحْسَانٍ

وَلَا يَحِلُّ لَكُمْ أَنْ تَأْخُذُوا

بِمَاءٍ أَنْتُمْ مَوْحُونَ سَيِّئًا

إِلَّا أَنْ يَخَافَا

أَلَّا يُقِيمَا حُدُودَ اللَّهِ

فَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ

أَلَّا يُقِيمَا حُدُودَ اللَّهِ

فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا

unless both have cause to fear
that they will not be able to maintain
the ordained limits of God in their settlement.
So, if you who judge between them
have cause to fear
that they will not be able to maintain
the ordained limits of God,
then there shall be no blame on either of them
in that which she may compensate
the husband, for her parting.
Thus these are the ordained limits of God,
so do not transgress them.
For whoever transgresses
the ordained limits of God,
then it is such as these who are the wrongdoers,
accountable before Him.

2:230 But if he duly divorces her the third time,
she is not lawful to him thereafter,
until she marries a husband other than him.
Then, should the succeeding husband die,
or should he duly divorce her,
then there is no blame on either of them
in the preceding union
if they go back to each other—
provided both think they can maintain
the ordained limits of God.

Thus, these are the ordained limits of God,
which He makes clear
for a people who would seek to know
and fulfill His commandments.

2:231 Thus, if you declare the first or second
divorce pronouncement to your wives
and they reach the end
of their term of waiting,
then retain them in marriage,

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فَمَا أَفَلَدَّتْ بِهِ
تِلْكَ حُدُودَ اللَّهِ فَلَا تَعْدُوهَا
وَمَنْ يَعْصِ حُدُودَ اللَّهِ
فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ
فَإِنْ طَلَّقَهَا
فَلَا جُنَاحَ لَّهُمْ مِنْ بَعْدُ
حَتَّى تَنْكِحَ زَوْجًا غَيْرَهُ
فَإِنْ طَلَّقَهَا
فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا أَنْ يَرَاجَعَا
إِنْ ظَنَّا أَنْ يُقِيمَا حُدُودَ اللَّهِ
وَتِلْكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ
يُبَيِّنُهَا لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ
وَإِذَا طَلَقْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ
فَبَلَّغْنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ
فَأَمْسِكُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ
أَوْ سَرِّحُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ
وَلَا تُمْسِكُوهُنَّ
ضِرَارًا لِنَعْتِدُوا

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in accordance with what is right,
 or set them free,
 in accordance with what is right.
 Yet you shall not retain them
 to 'cause them' harm,
 so as to transgress 'against them and God'.
 For whoever does this,
 then truly he has wronged his own soul.
 Moreover, you shall not take
 the 'revealed' verses of God as a mockery.
 Rather, remember 'with reverence'
 the grace of God upon you,
 and what He has sent down to you
 of the Book, and the wisdom 'of revelation',
 with which He admonishes you.
 So fear God, and know that, indeed,
 God is all-knowing of all things.

2:232 Now, if you 'declare
 the first or second' divorce pronouncement
 to 'your wives and they reach' the end
 of 'their term' of waiting,
 you 'believers' shall not impede them
 from marrying their husbands 'again',
 if both of them consent,
 in accordance with what is right.
 With this, let whoever among you
 who believes in God
 and 'in the coming Judgment of' the Last Day
 be admonished.
 These 'commandments'
 are most befitting for you
 and most pure 'for your hearts'.
 For God knows
 'what is most beneficial for you',
 and you do not know.

وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ
 فَقَدْ ظَلَمَ نَفْسَهُ
 وَلَا تَنْخِذُوا
 ءَايَاتِ اللَّهِ هُزُوًا
 وَأَذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ
 وَمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ
 مِنَ الْكِتَابِ وَالْحِكْمَةِ
 يَعِظُكُمْ بِهِ
 وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُوا
 أَنَّ اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ
 وَإِذَا طَلَقْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ ﴿٢٣٢﴾
 فَلَعَنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ
 فَلَا تَعْصُلُوهُنَّ
 أَنْ يَنْكِحْنَ أَزْوَاجَهُنَّ
 إِذَا تَرَضَوْا بَيْنَهُمْ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
 ذَلِكَ يُوعَظُ بِهِ
 مَنْ كَانَ مِنْكُمْ
 يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ
 ذَلِكَمُ أَزْكَى لَكُمْ وَأَطْهَرُ
 وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ
 وَالْوَالِدَاتُ ﴿٢٣٣﴾ وَالْأُولَادُ
 يُرْضَعْنَ أَوْلَدَهُنَّ
 حَوْلَيْنِ كَامِلَيْنِ
 لِمَنْ أَرَادَ أَنْ يُنِمَّ الرِّضَاعَةَ

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2:233 * Furthermore,

mothers shall nurse their children
two full years, for one who desires to complete
the nursing period.

And 'incumbent' upon the child's father
is 'supplying' their provision and their clothing,
in accordance with what is right.

No soul shall be tasked beyond its capacity.

No mother shall be harmed for her child,
nor a father for his child.

Moreover, 'incumbent' upon the 'father's' heir
is the like of this 'paternal obligation'.

But if both 'parents' desire to wean 'the child'
by their mutual consent and consultation,
then there is no blame on either of them.

And if you desire to wet-nurse your children,
then there is no blame on you,
provided 'each of' you tender all 'the wages'
that you must give,

in accordance with what is right. And fear God!

And know that, indeed,

God is all-seeing of all that you do.

2:234 As for those among you who die

and leave wives 'behind,

your widows' shall keep themselves in wait
for four months and ten 'days'.

But when they reach 'the end

of' their term 'of waiting',

then there shall be no blame on you

'who watch over them' as to what they 'choose
to' do with themselves,

in accordance with what is right.

And God is all-aware of all that you do.

2:235 Moreover, there shall be no blame

وَعَلَى الْمَوْلُودِ لَهُ رِزْقُهُنَّ

وَكِسْوَتُهُنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ

لَا تَكْلَفُ نَفْسٌ إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا

لَا نَضْكَارَ وَلَدَةٍ يُؤْلَدُهَا

وَلَا مَوْلُودٌ لَهُ بِوَلَدِهِ

وَعَلَى الْوَارِثِ مِثْلُ ذَلِكَ

فَإِنْ أَرَادَا فِصَالًا

عَنْ تَرَاثٍ مِنْهُمَا

وَتَشَاوُرَ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا

وَلِنْ أَرَدْتُمْ

أَنْ تَسْرِعُوا وَلَدَكُمْ

فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذَا سَلَّمْتُمْ

مَاءَ أَنْتُمْ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ

وَأَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُوا

أَنَّ اللَّهَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ

وَالَّذِينَ يُتَوَفَّوْنَ مِنْكُمْ

وَيَذَرُونَ أَزْوَاجًا

يَرِيبُنَّ بِأَنْفُسِهِنَّ

أَرْبَعَةَ أَشْهُرٍ وَعَشْرًا

فَإِذَا بَلَغْنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ

فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ

فِيمَا فَعَلْنَ

فِي أَنْفُسِهِنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ

وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ

وَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ

فِيمَا عَرَضْتُمْ بِهِ

مِنْ خُطْبَةِ النِّسَاءِ

أَوْ أَكْنَنْتُمْ فِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ

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١٣٥

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزُّ الْقَائِي

on you 'believers'
 wherein you allude to a marriage proposal
 regarding 'such' women 'in waiting',
 or if you conceal 'it' within yourselves.
 God knows
 that you will make mention of them.
 But do not make a firm promise
 'of marriage' to them in secret,
 other than to say a 'benevolent' word,
 in accordance with what is right.
 Yet do not resolve
 'to make' the marriage contract
 until the prescribed term reaches its end.
 And know that, indeed,
 God knows what is within your souls.
 So beware of Him.
 And know that
 God is all-forgiving, most forbearing.

2:236 There shall be no blame on you
 if 'after the marriage contract'
 you divorce women
 whom you have yet to touch 'in intimacy'
 and with whom you have not yet determined
 an obligatory dowry.
 Yet make a 'goodly' provision for them—
 the affluent man according to his means
 and the constrained man according to his means.
 A 'goodly' provision
 in accordance with what is right is incumbent
 upon those who excel in 'doing' good.

2:237 But if you divorce them
 before you have touched them 'in intimacy',
 and you have already determined for them
 an obligatory dowry,
 then 'give them' half

عَلِمَ اللَّهُ
 أَنَّكُمْ سَتَذْكُرُوهُنَّ
 وَلَكِنْ لَا تُوَاعِدُوهُنَّ سِرًّا
 إِلَّا أَنْ تَقُولُوا
 قَوْلًا مَعْرُوفًا وَلَا تَعْزِمُوا
 عُقْدَةَ الزَّكَاجِ
 حَتَّى يَبْلُغَ الْكِتَابُ أَجَلَهُ
 وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ
 مَا فِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ فَاحْذَرُوهُ
 وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ
 عَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ ﴿١٣٦﴾
 لَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ
 إِنْ طَلَقْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ
 مَا لَمْ تَمْسُوهُنَّ
 أَوْ تَقْرِضُوهُنَّ لَكُمْ فَرِيضَةٌ
 وَمَعْرُوهٌ عَلَى الْمُوسِعِ قَدَرُهُ
 وَعَلَى الْمُقْتِرِ قَدَرُهُ
 مَتَعًا بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
 حَقًّا عَلَى الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٣٧﴾
 وَإِنْ طَلَقْتُمُوهُنَّ
 مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَمْسُوهُنَّ
 وَقَدْ فَرَضْتُمْ لَهُنَّ فَرِيضَةً
 فَرَضُوا مَا قَرَضْتُمْ
 إِلَّا أَنْ يَعْفُوا
 أَوْ يَعْفُوا الَّذِي بِيَدِهِ
 عُقْدَةُ الزَّكَاجِ

of what you have already determined,
unless they grant remission of it,
or the one
in whose hand is the marriage contract
grants remission of it.
Yet if you 'believers' grant remission
of the full amount,
it is, indeed, nearer to the virtue
of fearing God.
Thus do not forget benevolence
among yourselves.
Indeed, God is all-seeing of all that you do.

2:238 Be ever mindful of the 'obligatory' Prayers—
and 'especially' the middle Prayer.

And stand devoutly obedient before God.

2:239 But if you fear 'harm',
then 'pray' on foot or 'while' riding.
Then when you become secure,
remember God 'with solemn reverence',
as it is He who has taught you
'of the Divine Law' what you did not know.

2:240 As to those among you who die
and leave wives 'behind',
let there be a testament for their wives,
'bequeathing' provision for a year,
without expulsion
'from the husband's residence'.
But if they depart 'of their own accord',
then there is no blame on you
'who are his heirs',
as to what they 'choose to' do with themselves,
in accordance with what is right.
And God is overpowering, all-wise.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثاني

وَأَنْ تَعْمُوا أَقْرَبُ لِلتَّقْوَىٰ
وَلَا تَنْسُوا الْفَضْلَ بَيْنَكُمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ

حَافِظُوا عَلَى الصَّلَوَاتِ ﴿٢٣٨﴾

وَالصَّلَاةِ الْوُسْطَىٰ

وَقُومُوا لِلَّهِ قَانِتِينَ

فَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ ﴿٢٣٩﴾

فَرَجًا لَا أَوْرُكْنَا

فَإِذَا أَمِنْتُمْ

فَاذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ

كَمَا عَلَّمَكُمْ

مَا لَمْ تَكُونُوا تَعْلَمُونَ

وَالَّذِينَ يُتَوَفَّوْنَ مِنْكُمْ ﴿٢٤٠﴾

وَيَذَرُونَ أَزْوَاجًا

وَصِیَّةً لَّأَزْوَاجِهِمْ

مَّتَنَعًا إِلَى الْحَوْلِ

غَيْرَ إِخْرَاجٍ فَإِنْ خَرَجْنَ

فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ

فِي مَا فَعَلْنَ

فِي أَنْفُسِهِنَّ مِنْ مَّعْرُوفٍ

وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ

وَالْمُطَلَّاتُ مَتَّعٌ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ ﴿٢٤١﴾

حَقًّا عَلَى الْمُتَّقِينَ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْبَقَرَةُ

- 2:241 And let there also be reasonable provision for divorced women, in accordance with what is right, as an obligation upon the God-fearing.
- 2:242 Thus does God make the commandments of His revealed verses clear to you, so that you may understand them.
- 2:243 *Have you not considered the miraculous case of those from the Children of Israel who in the spirit of cowardice departed from their dwellings in thousands, fearful of death, whereupon God said to them: Die all of you! and, thereafter, brought them back to life? Indeed, God is ever bountiful to all people. But most people do not give thanks for the plenty God gives them.
- 2:244 So have no fear, and fight on in the path of God against aggression — and know that God is, indeed, all-hearing, all-knowing.
- 2:245 Who is that special one who shall loan to God a goodly loan for His cause, so that He may multiply it for him many times over? For it is God alone who withholds and extends reward and abundant provision. And to Him alone shall you all be returned.
- 2:246 Have you not also considered the case of the elders of the Children of Israel after Moses? They said to a prophet of theirs:

كَذَلِكَ
يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمُ آيَاتِهِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿٢٤١﴾
﴿٢٤٢﴾ أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ
خَرَجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ
وَهُمْ أَلُوفٌ حَذَرَ الْمَوْتِ
فَقَالَ لَهُمْ اللَّهُ مُوتُوا
ثُمَّ أَحْيَاهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
لَذُو فَضْلٍ عَلَى النَّاسِ
وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُ النَّاسِ
لَا يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٢٤٣﴾
وَقَاتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ
سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٤٤﴾
مَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يُقْرِضُ اللَّهَ
قَرْضًا حَسَنًا فَيُضَاعِفَهُ لَهُ
أَضْعَافًا كَثِيرَةً ﴿٢٤٥﴾
وَاللَّهُ يَقْبِضُ وَيَبْضِطُ
وَالِيهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿٢٤٦﴾
أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الْمَلَكِ
مِنْ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
مَنْ بَعْدَ مُوسَى
إِذْ قَالَ لِلَّهِ لَهِمْ
أَبْعَثْ لَنَا مَلِكًا
نُقَاتِلَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
فَكَالَ هَلْ عَسَيْتُمْ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ
أَلْفَتَالُ أَلَّا تُقَاتِلُوا

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثاني

Appoint for us a king 'and' we will fight
in the path of God!

He said:

Might it be that if fighting is prescribed for you
you will not fight?

They said:

Why should we not fight in the path of God
while truly we have been driven out
of our own dwellings
and 'deprived of' our children
'whom they have killed'?

But when fighting was prescribed for them,
they turned away 'from it' —
all but a few of them.

And God is all-knowing about the wrongdoers
'who are godless in heart'.

2:247 Thus their prophet said to them:

Indeed, God has appointed Saul for you
as a king.

They said:

How can it be
that he shall have kingship over us,
while we are 'nobles'
more worthy of kingship than him,
and while he has not 'even' been given
any abundance of wealth?

He said:

Indeed, God has chosen him over you
and has increased him amply
in knowledge and in stature.
For God gives His dominion
to whomever He so wills.

And God is all-encompassing, all-knowing.

2:248 Thus their prophet said to them:

Indeed, the sign of his kingship

قَالُوا وَمَا لَنَا
أَلَّا نَقْتُلَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَقَدْ أُخْرِجْنَا
مِنْ دِيَارِنَا وَأَبْنَاءِنَا
فَلَمَّا كُتِبَ
عَلَيْهِمْ الْقِتَالُ تَوَلَّوْا
إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِنْهُمْ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالظَّالِمِينَ
وَقَالَ لَهُمْ نَبِيُّهُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ قَدْ بَعَثَ لَكُمْ
طَالُوتَ مَلِكًا قَالُوا
أَنَّى يَكُونُ لَهُ
الْمُلْكُ عَلَيْنَا
وَنَحْنُ أَحَقُّ بِالْمُلْكِ مِنْهُ
وَلَمْ يُوْتِ سَعَةً
مِنْ الْمَالِ قَالِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
أَصْطَفَاهُ عَلَيْكُمْ
وَزَادَهُ بَسْطَةً
فِي الْعِلْمِ وَالْجِسْمِ
وَاللَّهُ يُؤْتِي مَلَكَهُ
مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَاللَّهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ
وَقَالَ لَهُمْ نَبِيُّهُمْ
إِنَّ آيَةَ مَلِكِهِ
أَنْ يَأْتِيَكُمُ التَّابُوتُ
فِيهِ سَكِينَةٌ
مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ

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٢٤٨

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي

is that the ark of the covenant will come to you
from the hand of the enemy,
wherein shall be tranquility for your hearts
from your Lord
and a remnant of what the Family of Moses
and the Family of Aaron
have left behind.

And carrying it shall be the angels.

Indeed, in this there is a sure sign for you
if, indeed, you are believers.

2:249 So when Saul set out with the hosts of Israel,
he said:

God shall, indeed, test you with thirst
when you come to a river.

Thus whoever drinks of it is not of me.

And whoever does not taste it, he is of me—
except one who is compelled

to scoop up a single scoop with his hand.

But they all drank their fill of it,

except a few of them.

Then when he had crossed it—

he and those few who believed with him—
they said in their council:

There is no force of strength for us today
compared with Goliath and his hosts!

But those who realized that they would certainly
meet God said:

How many a small company

of believers has prevailed

over a more numerous company

of the ungodly, by God's permission?

And God is with those who are patient.

2:250 So when they came forth
to engage Goliath and his hosts, they said:
Our Lord! Pour forth upon us patience.

وَقِيَّةٌ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ

ءَالُ مُوسَىٰ وَعَالُ هَارُونَ

تَحْمِلُهُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ

إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَآيَةً لِّكُمْ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ

فَلَمَّا فَصَلَ طَالُوتُ بِالْجُنُودِ

قَالَ إِنَّكَ

مُبْتَلَىٰ بِكُمْ بِنَهَرٍ

فَمَنْ شَرِبَ مِنْهُ فَلَيْسَ مِنِّي

وَمَنْ لَّمْ يَطْعَمْهُ فَإِنَّهُ مِنِّي

إِلَّا مَنِ اغْتَرَفَ

عُرْفَةً بِيَدَيْهِ فَشَرَبُوا مِنْهُ

إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِّنْهُمْ

فَلَمَّا جَاوَزَهُ هُوَ

وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَعَهُ

فَكَالُوا لَآ طَاقَةَ لَنَا الْيَوْمَ

بِجَالُوتَ وَجُنُودِهِ

قَالَ الَّذِينَ يَظُنُّونَ

أَنَّهُمْ مُّلتَقُوا اللَّهَ

كَمْ مِنْ فِئَةٍ قَلِيلَةٍ

غَلَبَتْ فِئَةً كَثِيرَةً

يَا ذِي آلِهِ وَاللَّهُ مَعَ الصَّابِرِينَ

وَلَمَّا بَرَزُوا

لِجَالُوتَ وَجُنُودِهِ قَالُوا

رَبَّنَا أَفْرِغْ عَلَيْنَا مَبِيعًا

وَكُنْتَ أَقْدَامُنَا

وَأَنْصُرْنَا عَلَىٰ

الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ

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٢٥٠

And set firm our feet.

And grant us victory
over the disbelieving people.

2:251 And so they vanquished them,
by God's permission.

And David killed Goliath.

And God gave him kingship
and 'prophetic' wisdom.

Moreover, He taught him
of 'divine and worldly matters'
whatever He so willed.

And were it not 'for the decree' of God
to repel some people by 'means of' others,
the 'whole' earth

would, most surely, become corrupted.

But ever is God benevolent
to 'the peoples of' all the world.

2:252 These are the 'revealed' verses of God.

We recite them to you
with the 'very essence of all' truth.

For, indeed, 'O Muhammad,'
you are, most surely,
'one' of the 'chosen' messengers 'of God.

2:253 *Of these messengers—

We have shown preference
to some above others:

Among them

are those to whom God has spoken.

And some of them He raised 'higher' by degrees.

Thus We gave Jesus, son of Mary,
clear 'and miraculous' proofs
'to confirm his truth'.

Moreover, We aided him
with 'Angel Gabriel', the Holy Spirit.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

فَهَزَمُوهُمْ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ ﴿٢٥١﴾

وَقَتَلَ دَاوُدُ جَالُوتَ

وَأَتَتْهُ اللَّهُ

الْمُلْكَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ

وَعَلَّمَهُ مَا يَشَاءُ

وَلَوْلَا دَفْعُ اللَّهِ النَّاسَ

بَعْضُهُمْ بِبَعْضٍ

لَفَسَدَتِ الْأَرْضُ

وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ

ذُو فَضْلٍ

عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ

تِلْكَ آيَاتُ اللَّهِ ﴿٢٥٢﴾

نَتْلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِالْحَقِّ

وَإِنَّكَ لَمِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ

تِلْكَ الرُّسُلُ ﴿٢٥٣﴾

فَضَّلْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ

مِنْهُمْ مَنْ كَلَّمَ اللَّهُ

وَرَفَعَ بَعْضَهُمْ دَرَجَاتٍ

وَأَتَيْنَا عِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ

الْبَيِّنَاتِ وَأَيَّدْنَاهُ

بِרוْحِ الْقُدُسِ

وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا أَقْتَلَلْ

الَّذِينَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ

مَا جَاءَتْهُمْ الْبَيِّنَاتُ



سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّالِثُ

And had God so willed,
those 'people' who came after them
would not have fought each other,
after the clear and miraculous 'proofs' of God
had come to them. Yet they 'bitterly' disputed.
So among them are those who believed.
And among them are those who disbelieved.
And had God so willed,
they would not have fought each other.
Yet God does all that He intends.

2:254 O you who believe!
Spend 'charitably'
out of what We have provided you,
before there comes a Day 'Hereafter'
in which there shall be no 'gainful' trade
nor 'availing' friendship, nor intercession.
Then 'as to' the disbelievers
'who embrace false gods' —
it is they who are the wrongdoers,
'godless in heart'.

2:255 God! There is no God but Him,
the All-Living,
the Self-Subsisting 'All-Sustaining One'.
Slumber does not overtake Him, nor does sleep.
To Him belongs all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.
Who is it that shall intercede with Him,
except by His permission?
He knows what lies before them
and what lies behind them.
And they do not comprehend anything
of His knowledge—
except that which He wills.

وَلَكِنْ اَخْتَلَفُوا
فَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ ءَامَنَ
وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ كَفَرَ
وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللّٰهُ مَا اَفْتَتَلُوا
وَلَكِنَّ اللّٰهَ يَفْعَلُ مَا يُرِيدُ
يٰۤاَيُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ ءَامَنُوْا
اَنْفِقُوْا مِمَّا رَزَقْنٰكُمْ
مِّنْ قَبْلِ اَنْ يَّآئِيَ يَوْمٌ
لَّاۤ يَبْعُ فِيْهِ وَلَا خُلَّةٌ
وَلَا شَفَعَةٌ
وَالْكَافِرُوْنَ هُمُ الظّٰلِمُوْنَ
اللّٰهُ لَا اِلٰهَ اِلَّا هُوَ
الْحَيُّ الْقَيُّوْمُ
لَا تَاْخُذُهٗ سِنَةٌ وَلَا نَوْمٌ
لَّهٗ مَا فِى السَّمٰوٰتِ
وَمَا فِى الْاَرْضِ
مَنْ ذَا الَّذِى يَشْفَعُ عِنْدَهٗ
اِلَّا بِاِذْنِهٖ يَعْلَمُ
مَا بَيْنَ اَيْدِيْهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ
وَلَا يُحِيطُوْنَ بِشَيْءٍ
مِّنْ عِلْمِهٖ اِلَّا بِمَا شَاءَ
وَسِعَ كُرْسِيُّهٗ
السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضُ
وَلَا يَـُٔوْدُهٗ حِفْظُهُمَا
وَهُوَ الْعَلِىُّ الْعَظِيْمُ

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- His Seat of Divinity
encompasses the heavens and the earth,
and preserving them does not fatigue Him.
For He is the Ever-Exalted, the Magnificent.
- 2:256 There shall be no compulsion in religion!
For truly
rectitude has been made clearly distinct
from perversity.
Thus whoever disbelieves in false deities
and believes in God alone
has truly grasped the firmest handhold,
which is forever unbreakable.
And God is all-hearing, all-knowing.
- 2:257 God is the Patron of those who believe.
He brings them out
from the veils of darkness into the light.
And those who disbelieve,
their patrons are false deities.
They bring them out from the light
into the veils of darkness.
These are the Companions of the Fire of Hell.
They shall abide therein forever.
- 2:258 Have you not considered the folly
of the one who arrogantly argued
with Abraham about his Lord—
‘simply’ because God had given him
the kingship?
When Abraham said to him:
My Lord is He who gives life and gives death,
he said:
I give life and give death.
Abraham said:
Then, indeed, it is God
who brings the sun from the East;

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّالِثُ

لَا إِكْرَاهَ فِي الدِّينِ ۚ
قَدْ تَبَيَّنَ الرُّشْدُ مِنَ الْغَيِّ
فَمَن يَكْفُرْ بِالطَّاغُوتِ
وَيُؤْمَرْ بِاللَّهِ
فَقَدْ اسْتَمْسَكَ
بِالْعُرْوَةِ الْوُثْقَىٰ لَا انْفِصَامَ لَهَا
وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ
اللَّهُ وَلِيُّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
يُخْرِجُهُم مِّنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ
إِلَى النُّورِ
وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الطَّاغُوتُ
يُخْرِجُونَهُم مِّنَ النُّورِ
إِلَى الظُّلُمَاتِ
أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ
هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ
أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ
حَاجَّ إِبرٰهٖمَ فِي رَبِّهِۦ
أَنۡ ءَاتٰهُ اللّٰهُ الْمُلْكَ
إِذْ قَالَ اِبْرٰهٖمُ
رَبِّیَّ الَّذِیۡ یُعٰیۡ وَیُمِیْتُ
قَالَ اَنَاۡ اُخِیۡ وَءَمِیْتُ
قَالَ اِبْرٰهٖمُ فَاِنَّکَ اللّٰهُ
یَأْتِیۡ بِالشَّمْسِ مِنَ الْمَشْرِقِ
فَاَنْتَ بِهَا مِنْ الْمَغْرِبِ
فَبُهِتَ الَّذِیۡ کَفَرَ
وَاللّٰهُ لَا یَهْدِی
الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِیۡنَ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي

so you bring it from the West.
Thus he who disbelieved was confounded.
For God does not guide the wrongdoing people
who are godless in heart.

2:259 Or 'consider' the case
of the 'sincere and humble' one
'from the prophets of Israel'
who passed by a town,
desolate and 'toppled' upon its rooftops.
He said:
How will God ever give life to 'all' this
after its death?
So God caused him to die for a hundred years.
Then He resurrected him.
'God' said 'to him':
How long have you tarried?
He said:
I have tarried a day, or some part of a day.
He said: No.
Rather, you have tarried a hundred years!
But look at your food and your drink.
They have not spoiled.
And look at 'the remnants of' your donkey,
so that We may make you
a 'clear' sign 'of resurrection' for people.
Now look at the bones 'of the donkey',
how We set them 'together',
then clothe them with flesh!
So when it 'all' became clear to him, he said:
I know 'now with certainty'
that God is, indeed, powerful over all things!

2:260 And behold! Abraham said:
My Lord!
Show me how You give life to the dead.

أَوْ كَالَّذِي مَرَّ عَلَى قَرْيَةٍ
وَهُى خَاوِيَةٌ عَلَى عُرُوشِهَا
قَالَ أَنِّي يُحْيِي هَذِهِ اللَّهُ
بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا
فَأَمَاتَهُ اللَّهُ مِائَةَ عَامٍ
ثُمَّ بَعَثَهُ قَالَ كَمْ لَبِثْتَ
قَالَ لَبِثْتُ يَوْمًا
أَوْ بَعْضَ يَوْمٍ قَالَ
بَل لَّبِثْتَ مِائَةَ عَامٍ
فَانْظُرْ إِلَى طَعَامِكَ
وَشَرَابِكَ لَمْ يَتَسَنَّهْ
وَانْظُرْ إِلَى حِمَارِكَ
وَلَنَجْعَلَكَ
ءَايَةً لِلنَّاسِ
وَانْظُرْ إِلَى الْعِظَامِ
كَيْفَ نُنشِزُهَا
ثُمَّ نَكْسُوهَا لَحْمًا
فَلَمَّا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُ
قَالَ أَعْلَمَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ
عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
وَإِذْ قَالَ لِأَبْرَاهِيمَ رَبِّ ارْنِي
كَيْفَ تُحْيِي الْمَوْتَى
قَالَ أَوْلَمْ تُؤْمِنْ قَالَ بَلَى
وَلَكِن لِّيَطْمَئِنَّ قَلْبِي

God said:
Do you not believe?
Abraham said: I do indeed!
But it is only that my heart
may be fully assured.
He said:
Take, then, four varied types of birds
and draw them to you.
Then set on each mountain top
a dismembered part of them.
Then call them.
They shall come rushing to you.
And know, then, with certainty
that God is, indeed, overpowering, all-wise.

2:261 The likeness of those who spend their wealth
in the path of God is as the likeness of a grain
that sprouts seven spikes.

In every spike, there are a hundred grains.
Thus does God multiply reward
for whomever He so wills.

And God is all-encompassing, all-knowing.

2:262 Those who spend their wealth
in the path of God—then do not follow up
what they have spent in charity
with boastful reminders, or any harm—
they shall have their reward
with their Lord in full.

And there shall be no fear upon them
when they assemble for Judgment.

Nor shall they ever grieve
over the life of the world.

2:263 *A good word and forgiveness
are better than any charity
that is followed by harm.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثالث

قَالَ فَخُذْ أَرْبَعَةً مِنَ الطَّيْرِ
فَصْرُهُنَّ إِلَيْكَ ثُمَّ اجْعَلْ
عَلَى كُلِّ جَبَلٍ مِنْهُنَّ جُزْءًا
ثُمَّ ادْعُهُنَّ يَأْتِينَكَ سَعْيًا
وَأَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ
مَثَلُ الَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ
فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ كَمَثَلِ حَبَّةٍ
أُتْبِتَتْ سَبْعَ سَنَابِلٍ
فِي كُلِّ سُنْبُلَةٍ مِائَةُ حَبَّةٍ
وَاللَّهُ يُضَاعِفُ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَاللَّهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ

الَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ
فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
ثُمَّ لَا يَتَّبِعُونَ مَا أَنْفَقُوا
مَنًّا وَلَا أَذًى

لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ
وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ

قَوْلٌ مَعْرُوفٌ وَمَغْفِرَةٌ
خَيْرٌ مِنْ صَدَقَةٍ
يَتَّبِعُهَا أَذًى

وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَلِيمٌ

يَتَذَكَّرُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا يُبْطِلُوا صَدَقَتِكُمْ
بِالْمَنِّ وَالْأَذَى

And God is self-sufficient, most forbearing.

2:264 O you who believe!

Do not nullify your charitable acts
with boastful reminders and harm,
as does one who spends his wealth
merely to be seen by people
while he does not truly believe in God
and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day.
The likeness of such a one
is as a 'smooth' boulder
upon which there is 'light' soil.

Then a heavy rain strikes it and leaves it bare.
They have no power to 'retain' anything
that they have 'sought to' earn.

For God does not guide the disbelieving people.

2:265 But the likeness of those who spend their wealth

seeking the pleasure of God—
and as an affirmation 'of faith' for themselves—
is as the likeness of a garden on a hilltop
struck by heavy rain,
such that it brings forth its produce twofold.

And even if no heavy rain strikes it,
then a drizzle 'suffices'.

And God is all-seeing of all that you do.

2:266 Would any one of you like

to have a garden of date palms and grapevines,
beneath which rivers flow,
wherein he has every kind of fruit,
but then old age strikes him
while he has children who are weak,
and then a whirlwind wherein is fire
strikes it, and thus it is burned?
Thus does God make 'the wisdom
of His revealed' verses clear to you,

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثالث

كَالَّذِي يُنْفِقُ مَالَهُ رِثَاءَ النَّاسِ
وَلَا يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ

فَمَثَلُهُ كَمَثَلِ صَفْوَانٍ

عَلَيْهِ تَرَابٌ فَاصَابُهُ وَابِلٌ

فَفَرَّكَهُ صَلْدًا

لَا يَقْدِرُونَ عَلَى شَيْءٍ

وَمِمَّا كَسَبُوا وَاللَّهُ لَا

يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْكَافِرِينَ

وَمَثَلُ الَّذِينَ

(٢٦٥)

يُنْفِقُونَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ

ابْتِغَاءَ مَرْضَاتِ اللَّهِ

وَتُؤْتِيهِم مِّنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ

كَمَثَلِ جَنَّةٍ يَرْسُوهُ

أَصَابُهَا وَابِلٌ

فَنَاتَتْ أَكْثَلَهَا ضِعْفَيْنِ

فَإِن لَّمْ يُمْسِكْهَا وَابِلٌ فَطُلُ

وَاللَّهُ يَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ

أَبُودَ أَحَدِكُمْ

(٢٦٦)

أَن تَكُونَ لَهُ جَنَّةٌ

مِنْ نَّخِيلٍ وَأَعْنَابٍ

تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

لَهُ فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ الثَّمَرَاتِ

وَأَصَابَهُ الْكِبَرُ

وَلَهُ ذُرِّيَّةٌ ضُعَفَاءُ

فَأَصَابَهَا إِعْصَارٌ فِيهِ نَارٌ

فَلَا تَرَفَتْ كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ

لَكُمْ آيَاتِهِ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَفَكَّرُونَ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

(٢٦٧)

أَنفِقُوا مِنْ طَيِّبَاتِ

so that you may reflect on them
and their benefit for you.

2:267 O you who believe!

Spend charitably from the wholesome things
you have earned and from all
that We have brought forth for you
from the earth.

Thus do not target what is vile
to spend from it in charity,
though you yourselves would not take it,
without closing your eyes to accept it.
And know that God is self-sufficient, all-praised.

2:268 Satan threatens you with poverty,
and he commands you to obscenity,
while God promises you
much forgiveness from Him and great bounty.
And God is all-encompassing, all-knowing.

2:269 He gives wisdom to whomever He so wills.
And whoever is given wisdom
has truly been given much goodness.
And none is truly mindful of this
but those who are endowed
with discretion and understanding
and so heed admonition.

2:270 Thus whatever expenditure you spend,
and whatever vow you vow,
indeed, God knows it.
And for the wrongdoers
who are godless in heart,
there shall not be any helpers
against God's punishment.

2:271 If you disclose your charitable offerings,
it is commendable.
But if you conceal them,

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثالث

مَا كَسَبْتُمْ

وَمِمَّا أَرْجَأَلَكُمْ

مِنَ الْأَرْضِ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا

الْخَبِيثَ مِنْهُ تُنْفِقُونَ

وَلَسْتُمْ بِتَاجِزِهِ

إِلَّا أَنْ تُحِضُوا فِيهِ

وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ عِنْدَ حَكِيمٌ

السَّيِّطُنُ يَعِدُّكُمْ الْفَقْرَ

وَيَأْمُرُكُمْ بِالْفَحْشَاءِ

وَاللَّهُ يَعِدُّكُمْ مَغْفِرَةً مِنْهُ

وَفَضْلًا وَاللَّهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ

يُؤْتِي الْحِكْمَةَ مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَمَنْ يُؤْتَ الْحِكْمَةَ

فَقَدْ أُوتِيَ خَيْرًا كَثِيرًا

وَمَا يَذْكُرُ

إِلَّا أُولُوا الْأَلْبَابِ

وَمَا أَنْفَقْتُمْ مِنْ نَفَقَةٍ

أَوْ أَنْزَلْتُمْ مِنْ كَذْرٍ

فَأَبَتْ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُهُ

وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ أَنْصَارٍ

إِنْ تُبْدُوا الصَّدَقَاتِ

فَنِعْمًا هِيَ وَإِنْ تُخْفُوهَا

وَتُؤْتُوهَا الْفُقَرَاءَ

فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ

وَيُكَفِّرُ عَنْكُمْ

مِنْ سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ

وَاللَّهُ يَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ خَيْرٌ

and give them to the poor,
then it is best for you.
Thus shall He absolve you of your misdeeds.
For God is all-aware of all that you do.

2:272 *It is not incumbent upon you,
'O Muhammad,' to ensure the openness
of the hearts of people
and their acceptance of divine guidance.
Rather, it is God who guides
whomever He so wills.

And know
that whatever good you 'believers' spend,
it is for the good of your own souls.
So whatever you spend 'in charity',
do so seeking only the Face of God.
Thus whatever good you spend
shall be rendered to you in full—
and never shall you be wronged 'in the least.

2:273 Give to the poor
who, 'striving' in the path of God,
have become constrained—
unable to tread through the land 'for livelihood'.
One ignorant 'of their condition'
would think them rich
because of their self-restraint.
You shall recognize them
by their mark 'of poverty'.

They ask not of people importunately.
And whatever good you spend,
God is indeed all-knowing of it.

2:274 Those who spend their wealth
'for the sake of God', by night and by day,
secretly and openly—
they shall have their reward
with their Lord 'in full'.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثالث

لَيْسَ عَلَيْكَ هُدَاهُمْ

وَلَا كُنْ يَهْدِي

مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا

مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَلَا يُنْفِقُكُمْ

وَمَا تُنْفِقُونَ

إِلَّا أَتَيْنَاكَ وَجْهَ اللَّهِ

وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ

يُوفِّ إِلَيْكُمْ

وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَظْلَمُونَ

لِلْفُقَرَاءِ الَّذِينَ أُحْصُوا

فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ ضَرْبًا

فِي الْأَرْضِ

يَحْسِبُهُمُ الْجَاهِلُ

أَغْنِيَاءَ مِنَ التَّعَفُّفِ

تَعْرِفُهُمْ بِسِيمَاهُمْ

لَا يَسْأَلُونَ النَّاسَ

إِلْحَافًا وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ

فَأَنَّ اللَّهَ بَرُّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ

الَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ

بِالْأَيْدِي وَالْأَنفُسِ

سِرًّا وَعَلَانِيَةً

فَلَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ

وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ

And there shall be no fear upon them
when they assemble for Judgment.
Nor shall they ever grieve
over the life of the world.

- 2:275 Those who devour usury
shall not rise 'on Judgment Day',
except as one rises whom Satan has battered
with the touch 'of madness'.
That is because they say:
Indeed, selling is just like usury—
while God has made selling lawful
and has prohibited usury.
So when an admonition comes to one
from his Lord, and he quits 'usury',
then to him belongs what was formerly 'gained'.
And his affair 'henceforth' rests with God.
But whoever returns 'to usury'—
then these are the Companions
of the Fire 'of Hell'.
They shall abide therein forever.

- 2:276 God obliterates 'all blessing from' usury
and increases 'generously the reward for' charity.
For God loves no relentlessly unbelieving sinner.

- 2:277 Indeed, those who believe
and do righteous deeds
and 'duly' establish the Prayer
and give the Zakât-Charity,
they shall have their reward
with their Lord 'in full'.
And there shall be no fear upon them
when they assemble for Judgment.
Nor shall they ever grieve
over the life of the world.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّالِثُ

الَّذِينَ يَأْكُلُونَ الرِّبَا لَا يَقُومُونَ إِلَّا
كَمَا يَقُومُ الَّذِي يَتَخَبَّطُهُ
الشَّيْطَانُ مِنَ الْمَسِّ
ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُوا
إِنَّمَا الْبَيْعُ مِثْلُ الرِّبَا
وَأَحَلَّ اللَّهُ الْبَيْعَ وَحَرَّمَ الرِّبَا
فَمَنْ جَاءَهُ مَوْعِظَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِ
فَأَنْتَهَى فَلَهُ مَا سَلَفَ
وَأَمْرُهُ إِلَى اللَّهِ وَمَنْ عَادَ
فَأُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ
هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ
يَمْحُو اللَّهُ الرِّبَا
وَيُزِيهِ الصَّدَقَاتُ وَاللَّهُ
لَا يُحِبُّ كُلَّ كَفَّارٍ أَثِيمٍ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ
وَأَتَوْا الزَّكَاةَ
لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ
وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ
يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
وَذَرُوا مَا بَقِيَ مِنَ الرِّبَا
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثَّانِي

- 2:278 O you who believe!
Be ever God-fearing and forsake all that remains
`due to you` from usury,
if, indeed, you are believers.
- 2:279 Yet if you do not do so,
then be forewarned of war from God
and His Messenger.
But if you repent,
for you is the capital of your wealth.
You shall neither do wrong nor be wronged.
- 2:280 Now, if one `in debt` has hardship,
then let there be respite,
until there is ease `for him`.
And should you give it `up` as charity,
it is best for you, if only you were to know.
- 2:281 Thus fear a Day `Hereafter`
in which you shall be returned to God.
Then each soul shall be rendered in full
what it has earned—
and never shall they be wronged `in the least`.
- 2:282 O you who believe!
When you contract a loan between each other
for a stated term, then write it down.
Indeed, let a scribe
write it down between you with justice.
And never should a scribe refuse to write,
`truthfully`, as God has taught him.
Therefore, let him write.
Moreover, let the one who shall incur the debt
dictate `the terms of the contract`.
And let him fear God, his Lord.
Nor shall he defraud `anyone` of any part of it.
But if the one who shall incur the debt

(٢٧٨) فَإِنْ لَمْ تَفْعَلُوا فَأْذَنُوا بِحَرْبٍ
مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَإِنْ تُبْتُمْ
فَلَكُمْ مَوْلُودُكُمْ وَمِنْ أَمْوَالِكُمْ
لَا تَظْلُمُونَ وَلَا تُظْلَمُونَ
(٢٧٩) وَإِنْ كَانَتْ ذُو عُسْرَةٍ
فَنَظِرَةٌ إِلَىٰ مَيْسَرَةٍ
وَأَنْ تَصَدَّقُوا خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
وَاتَّقُوا يَوْمًا
تُرْجَعُونَ فِيهِ إِلَى اللَّهِ
ثُمَّ تُوَفَّىٰ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ
مَا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ
(٢٨٠) يٰٓأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
إِذَا تَدَانَيْتُمْ بِدَيْنٍ
إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى فَاكْتُبُوهُ
وَلْيَكْتُب بَيْنَكُمْ
كَاتِبٌ بِالْعَدْلِ
وَلَا يَأْبَ كَاتِبٌ أَنْ يَكْتُبَ
كَمَا عَلَّمَهُ اللَّهُ
فَلْيَكْتُبْ وَلْيُمْلِلِ
الَّذِي عَلَيْهِ الْحَقُّ
وَلْيَتَّقِ اللَّهَ رَبَّهُ
وَلَا يَبْخَسْ مِنْهُ شَيْئًا
فَإِنْ كَانَ الَّذِي عَلَيْهِ الْحَقُّ
سَفِيهًا أَوْ ضَعِيفًا
أَوْ لَا يَسْطِيعُ أَنْ يُمْلِهُ
فَلْيُمْلِلْ وَيُؤْمَرْ بِالْعَدْلِ
وَأَسْتَشْهِدُوا شَهِيدَيْنِ
مِّن رِّجَالِكُمْ

is incompetent, or a minor, or he himself is unable to dictate its terms, then let his guardian dictate them with justice. Moreover, bring two witnesses from your men to witness it. But if there are not two men, then you may bring a man and two women from those whom you mutually approve of as witnesses, so that if one of the two should err then the other one can remind her. Nor shall the witnesses refuse to bear witness when they are called upon to do so. Still, you shall not be loath to write it down in a contract—be it small or large in value—together with its due term. That is more just than oral agreement in the sight of God, and more suitable for testimony, and likelier to safeguard you from becoming doubtful. Excepted from this command to write down terms is an immediate transaction transferred between yourselves. In such case, then, there shall be no blame on you for not writing it down. But otherwise have witnesses when you sell to one another. Moreover, neither scribe nor witness shall be harmed. For if ever you do so, it shall be deemed grave ungodliness on your part. Therefore, be ever God-fearing.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّالِثُ

فَإِنْ لَمْ يَكُنَا رَجُلَيْنِ
فَرَجُلٌ وَأَمْرَأَتَانِ
يَمَعَنَ رِضْوَانٍ مِنَ الشَّهَدَاءِ
أَنْ تَضِلَّ إِحْدَاهُمَا
فَتَذَكَّرَ إِحْدَاهُمَا الْأُخْرَى
وَلَا يَأْتِ الشَّهَدَاءُ إِذَا مَا دُعُوا
وَلَا تَسْمَعُوا أَنْ تَكْفُرُوا
صَغِيرًا أَوْ كَبِيرًا إِلَىٰ أَجَلِهِ
ذَلِكَمُ أَقْسَطُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
وَأَقْوَمُ لِلشَّهَدَةِ
وَأَذَىٰ لِّالَّذِينَ بَاتُوا
إِلَّا أَنْ يَكُونَ بَيْعَةً حَاضِرَةً
تُدِيرُونَهَا بَيْنَكُمْ
فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ
أَلَّا تَكْتُمُوهَا
وَأَشْهَدُوا إِذَا تَبَايَعْتُمْ
وَلَا يُضَارَّ كَاتِبٌ وَلَا شَهِيدٌ
وَأَنْ تَفْعَلُوا
فَإِنَّهُ فُسُوقٌ بِكُمْ
وَأَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
وَيَعْلَمُكُمْ اللَّهُ
وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ
وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ عَلَىٰ سَفَرٍ
وَلَمْ تَجِدُوا كَاتِبًا
فَرِهْنِ مَقْبُوضَةً

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الْحَزْنَةُ الْكَافِرُ

For it is God who teaches you.
And God is all-knowing of all things.

- 2:283 *But if you are on a journey
and you cannot find a scribe,
then have a security on hand.
But if you trust one another,
then let him who is entrusted deliver his trust—
and let him be ever God-fearing,
and conscious of God, his Lord.
Nor shall you ever 'willfully' suppress
a testimony.

For whoever suppresses it,
then, most surely, his heart is sinful.
And God is all-knowing of all that you do.

- 2:284 To God belongs all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.
Hence, whether you disclose
what is in your souls or you conceal it,
God will call you to account for it.
Thus He shall 'mercifully' forgive
whomever He so wills
and 'justly' torment whomever He so wills.
For God is powerful over all things.

- 2:285 The Messenger believes
in what has been sent down to him
from his Lord, as do the believers.
All believe in God
and His angels and His 'revealed' Books
and His messengers.
'They say:
We do not differentiate 'in faith'
between any of His messengers.
Moreover, they say: We hear and we obey.
Your forgiveness, our Lord!

فَإِنْ أَمِنَ بَعْضُكُم بَعْضًا
فَلْيَمُودَ الَّذِي أَوْثَقَ أَمْنَهُ
وَلْيَتَّقِ اللَّهَ رَبَّهُ
وَلَا تَكُونُوا الشَّاهِدَةَ
وَمَنْ يَكُنْهَا
فَالْهُوَ ذَا إِمٍّ قَلْبُهُ
وَاللَّهُ يُعَاقِبُ الْمُعْمَلُونَ عَلَيْهِ
لِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَإِنْ تُبْذَرُوا
مَا فِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ
أَوْ تُخْفَوْهُ
يُحَاسِبْكُمْ بِهِ اللَّهُ
فَيَغْفِرُ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَيُعَذِّبُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
عَاقِبَةُ الرُّسُولِ
يَمَا أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْهِ مِنْ رَبِّهِ
وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ كُلٌّ آمِنٌ بِاللَّهِ
وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ وَكُتُبِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ
لَا يُفَرِّقُونَ
بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ مِنْ رُسُلِهِ
وَقَالُوا سَمِعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا
غُفْرَانَكَ رَبَّنَا
وَالِإِلَيْكَ الْمَصِيرُ
لَا يُكَلِّفُ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا
إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتْ
وَعَلَيْهَا مَا اكْتَسَبَتْ

For to You alone is the ultimate destiny.
 2:286 God does not task a soul beyond its capacity.
 For it in the Hereafter
 is all the good that it has earned.
 And against it is the evil it has reaped.
 Thus pray, O you who believe: Our Lord!
 Hold us not accountable
 if ever we forget or we have erred.
 Our Lord! Neither lay upon us a burden
 like that which You have laid
 upon those before us.
 Our Lord! Nor lay upon us
 that which we do not have the strength to bear.
 Rather, pardon us. And forgive us.
 And have mercy upon us.
 You alone are our Patron.
 So give us victory over the disbelieving people.

سُورَةُ الْبَقَرَةِ

الجزء الثالث

رَبَّنَا لَا تُؤَاخِذْنَا
 إِن نَسِينَا أَوْ أَخْطَأْنَا
 رَبَّنَا وَلَا تَحْمِلْ عَلَيْنَا
 إِصْرًا كَمَا حَمَلْتَهُ
 عَلَى الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِنَا
 رَبَّنَا وَلَا تَحْمِلْنَا
 مَا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا بِهِ
 وَاعْفُ عَنَّا
 وَارْحَمْنَا
 أَنْتَ مَوْلَانَا فَانصُرْنَا
 عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ

Surah 3 / 200 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Âl 'Imrân

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

3:1 *Alif Lâm Mîm*

3:2 God!

There is no God but Him, the All-Living,
the Self-Subsisting 'All-Sustaining One'.

3:3 It is He who has sent down
to you, 'O Muhammad,' the Book
with the 'very essence of all revealed' truth—
to confirm 'the divine revelations'
that have preceded it.

And He sent down the Torah and the Evangel
before 'this'—as guidance for all people.

3:4 And 'now' He has sent down 'in this Quran'
the Criterion 'of the way of truth'.

As for those who disbelieve
in the 'revealed' signs of God,
for them there is a severe torment
'awaiting in the Hereafter'.

For God is overpowering,
all-avenging 'of evil-doing'.

3:5 Indeed, God is He
from whom nothing in the earth
nor in the heaven is hidden.

١ اَلَمْ

٢ اَللّٰهُ لَا اِلٰهَ اِلَّا هُوَ

اَلْحَيُّ الْقَيُّوْمُ

٣ نَزَّلَ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتٰبَ بِالْحَقِّ

مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ

وَاَنْزَلَ التَّوْرَةَ وَالْاِنْجِيلَ

٤ مِنْ قَبْلُ هٰذِي لِّلنَّاسِ

وَاَنْزَلَ الْفُرْقَانَ

٥ اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا بِآيٰتِ اللّٰهِ

لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيْدٌ

وَاللّٰهُ عَزِيْزٌ ذُوْا نِقَامٍ

٦ اِنَّ اللّٰهَ لَا يَخْفٰى عَلَيْهِ شَيْءٌ

فِي الْاَرْضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ

- 3:6 He is the One
who fashions you in the wombs as He so wills.
There is no God but Him,
the Overpowering, the All-Wise.
- 3:7 He is the One
who has sent down the Book to you.
In it are verses
clearly decisive in their meaning.
They are the mother of the Book.
And others are ambiguous.
As for those in whose hearts there is perversity,
they pursue whatever is ambiguous in it,
thereby seeking dissension
and thereby seeking
to distort its interpretation.
But none truly knows
its ultimate interpretation except God.
Thus, those well-grounded in knowledge say:
We believe in it. All of it is from our Lord.
And none is truly mindful of this
but those who are endowed
with discretion and understanding
and thus heed admonition, and so pray:
- 3:8 Our Lord! Let not our hearts swerve
after You have guided us.
And grant us mercy
from Your own providence.
Indeed, it is You, You alone,
who are the All-Granting.
- 3:9 Our Lord!
You shall certainly gather all people
for a Day Hereafter,
about which there is no doubt.
Indeed, God does not fail to fulfill
the promise He makes.

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانٍ

الجزء الثالث

هُوَ الَّذِي يُصَوِّرُكُمْ
فِي الْأَرْحَامِ كَيْفَ يَشَاءُ
لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
هُوَ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ
مِنْهُ آيَاتٌ مُحْكَمَاتٌ
هُنَّ أُمُّ الْكِتَابِ
وَأُخَرُ مُتَشَابِهَاتٌ
فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ زَيْغٌ
فَيَتَّبِعُونَ مَا تَشَبَهَ مِنْهُ
ابْتِغَاءَ الْفِتْنَةِ وَابْتِغَاءَ تَأْوِيلِهِ
وَمَا يَعْلَمُ تَأْوِيلَهُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ
وَالرَّاسِخُونَ فِي الْعِلْمِ يَقُولُونَ
ءَامَنَّا بِهِ كُلٌّ مِنْ عِنْدِ رَبِّنَا
وَمَا يَذْكُرُ إِلَّا أَتَوَلَّوْا إِلَّا لَنْبٍ
رَبَّنَا لَا تَزِغْ قُلُوبَنَا
بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدَيْتَنَا وَهَبْ لَنَا
مِنْ لَدُنْكَ رَحْمَةً
إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْوَهَّابُ
رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ جَامِعُ النَّاسِ
لِيَوْمٍ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ إِنَّكَ اللَّهُ

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانٍ

الجزء الثالث

- 3:10 As for those who disbelieve—
never shall their wealth, nor their children,
avail them against God in anything at all.
And it is they who are the fuel
for the Fire of Hell.
- 3:11 Such was the case with the House of Pharaoh,
and all those who disbelieved before them.
They denied Our signs.
Then, suddenly, God seized them by their sins,
for God is severe in punishment.
- 3:12 Say, 'O Prophet,' to those who disbelieve:
You shall be defeated.
And you shall be mustered to Hell—
and a most woeful cradle it is!
- 3:13 There has already been,
for you who disbelieve,
a sure sign of the triumph of faith
in the encounter of the two companies
at the Battle of the Wells of Badr:
One company, fighting in the path of God;
and the other—staunch disbelievers,
who saw the believers with their very eyes
as twice their own number.
For God aids with His victory
whomever He so wills.
Indeed in this, there is a sure lesson
for those who have eyes to see!
- 3:14 Made fair-seeming to people
are their beloved desires—
as to women, and begetting children,
and heaped up piles of gold and silver,
and well-bred horses, and cattle, and tillage.
That is the mere enjoyment

لَا يُخْلِفُ الْوَعْدَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

١٠

لَنْ تُنْفِكَ عَنْهُمْ أَمْوَالَهُمْ

وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ مِنْ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا

وَأُولَئِكَ هُمْ وَقُودُ النَّارِ

كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا

١١

وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا

فَأَخَذَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ

وَاللَّهُ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ

قُلْ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

١٢

سَعْتٌ

وَتُحْشَرُونَ إِلَىٰ جَهَنَّمَ

وَبِئْسَ الْوِجْدَانُ

فَدَكَانَ لَكُمْ آيَةٌ

١٣

فِي فَتْنَةِ الْتَقَاتِ فِئَةٍ تُفْتَلُ

فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

وَأُخْرَىٰ كَافِرَةٌ يَرَوْنَهُمْ

مِثْلَهُمْ رَأَىٰ الْمَكِينُ

وَاللَّهُ يُؤَيِّدُ بِنَصَرِهِ مَن يَشَاءُ

لَهُ فِي ذَلِكَ لَوَبْرَةٌ

لِأُولِي الْأَبْصَارِ

زَيْنٌ لِلنَّاسِ حُبُّ الشَّهَوَاتِ

١٤

مِنَ النِّسَاءِ وَالْبَنِينَ

وَالْمَنْطَرَةِ الْمَغْنَمَةِ

مِنَ الذَّهَبِ وَالْفِضَّةِ

وَالْخَيْلِ الْمُسَوَّمَةِ

وَالْأَنْعَامِ وَالْحَرْثِ

- of the life of this world.
Yet with God is the most excellent resort.
- 3:15 * Say, ‘O Prophet, to humanity :
Shall I tell you of something
‘far’ better than this,
‘reserved’ for those who are God-fearing?
They shall have Gardens ‘of Paradise’
with their Lord, beneath which rivers flow,
wherein they shall abide forever—
along with spouses, ever pure,
and the good pleasure of God.
And God is all-seeing of ‘all His’ servants.
- 3:16 It is they who say ‘penitently’ :
Our Lord, we have, indeed, believed.
So forgive us our sins.
And save us
from the torment of the Fire ‘of Hell’.
- 3:17 These are the patient ‘ones’, the truthful ‘ones’,
the devoutly obedient, the givers of charity,
and the seekers of forgiveness at night’s end.
- 3:18 God ‘Himself’ bears witness that, indeed,
there is no God but Him—as do the angels,
and those with knowledge—
‘that He is the One’ upholding justice.
There is no God but Him,
the Overpowering, the All-Wise.
- 3:19 Indeed, the ‘true’ religion with God
‘that He has revealed to all the prophets’ is Islam,
‘a willing submission to God alone’.
As for those who were ‘previously’
given the Scripture,
they did not dispute ‘among themselves’
regarding the true religion,
until after the ‘revealed’ knowledge
‘of the Scripture’ had come to them,

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانٍ

الجزء الثالث

ذَٰلِكَ مَتَعُ
الْحَيٰوةِ الدُّنْيَا
وَاللّٰهُ عِنْدَهُ حُسْنُ الْمَآبِ
﴿١٥﴾ قُلْ اَوْفَيْتُكُمْ
بِخَيْرٍ مِّنْ ذَٰلِكُمْ
لِلَّذِيْنَ اٰتَقَوْا عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ
جَنَّتْ تَجْرِي
مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْاَنْهَارُ
خَالِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا وَاَزْوَاجٌ مُّطَهَّرَةٌ
وَرِضْوَانٌ مِّنْ اللّٰهِ
وَاللّٰهُ بَصِيْرٌ بِالْعٰبِدِ
الَّذِيْنَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ
رَبَّنَا اِنَّا اٰمَنَّا
فَاغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوْبَنَا
وَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ
﴿١٦﴾ الصّٰدِقِيْنَ وَالصّٰدِقَاتِ
وَالْقَنِيْنَ وَالْقَنِيَّاتِ
وَالْمُسْتَغْفِرِيْنَ وَالْمُسْتَغْفِرَاتِ
شَهِدَ اللّٰهُ اَنَّهُ لَا اِلٰهَ اِلَّا هُوَ
وَالْمَلٰٓئِكَةُ وَاُولُو الْعِلْمِ
قَابِلًا بِالْقِسْطِ لَا اِلٰهَ اِلَّا هُوَ
الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ
﴿١٧﴾ اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ عِنْدَ اللّٰهِ اِلَّا سَلَمٌ
وَمَا اَخْتَلَفَ الَّذِيْنَ
اُوْتُوْا الْكِتٰبَ
اِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَهُمُ الْعِلْمُ

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانٍ

الجزء الثالث

thereby exceeding the due bounds of God
with one another,

out of nothing but insolence and envy.

Yet whoever disbelieves

in the revealed signs of God, know, then,

that God is, indeed, swift in reckoning.

3:20 So if they argue with you

about God, O Prophet, then say:

Willingly, have I submitted my face

in worship to God alone,

as have those who follow me.

And say, moreover,

to those who were given the Scripture

and to those who are unlettered in revelation:

Will you not

submit yourselves to God willingly?

Thus if they willingly submit themselves,

then truly they are rightly guided.

But if they turn away,

then what is incumbent upon you is no more

than the clear conveyance of the message.

And God is all-seeing of all His servants.

3:21 As to those who disbelieve in the signs of God,

and who kill the prophets without any right,

and who kill those among the people

who enjoin justice—give them heavy tidings

of a most painful torment.

3:22 It is these whose good works

are rendered utterly futile with God—

in this world and in the Hereafter.

And for them, there shall not be any helpers

against God's punishment.

3:23 Have you not seen the case

of those who were given knowledge

of a portion of Heavenly Scripture?

بَغْيًا بَيْنَهُمْ

وَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ يَتَّخِذِ اللَّهُ

فَأَمْرًا اللَّهُ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ

فَإِنْ حَاجُّوكَ فَقُلْ أَسْلَمْتُ

وَجْهِيَ لِلَّهِ وَمَنِ اتَّبَعَنِ

وَقُلْ لِلَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ

وَالْأُمِّيِّينَ أَسْلَمْتُ

فَإِنْ أَسْلَمُوا فَقَدِ اهْتَدَوْا

وَلَا تَوَلَّوْا

فَأَنصِتْ عَلَيْكَ الْبَلَّغُ

وَاللَّهُ بِصِيرٍ بِالْعِبَادِ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْفُرُونَ

يَتَّخِذِ اللَّهُ وَيَقْتُلُونَ

النَّبِيَّ بَغْيًا حَقًّا

وَيَقْتُلُونَ الَّذِينَ

يَأْمُرُونَ بِالْقِسْطِ

مِنَ النَّاسِ

فَبَشِّرْهُمْ بِعَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ

حِطَّتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ

فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرِينَ

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا

(٢٠)

(٢١)

(٢٢)

(٢٣)

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانٍ

الجزء الثالث

They are called to the Book of God,
so that it may judge between them
'wherein they differ.

Yet thereafter a group of them turns away,
in 'utter' evasion 'of the truth'.

3:24 And 'they dare do this because' they say:
Never will the Fire 'of Hell' touch us,
'in the Hereafter'
except for a 'few' numbered days!
For these 'lies' they have forged in their religion
have deluded them.

3:25 How then shall it be
when We gather them to a Day 'Hereafter'
wherein there is no doubt
and each soul is rendered in full
what it has earned?
And never shall they be wronged 'in the least.

3:26 Rather, say 'in all humility': O God!
Master of all dominion!
You give dominion to whomever You will.
And You strip dominion
from whomever You will.
You exalt whomever You will.
And You abase whomever You will.
In Your 'mighty' Hand is all good.
Truly, You have power over all things.

3:27 You make the night penetrate the daylight.
And You make the daylight penetrate the night.
And You bring forth the living from the dead.
And You bring forth the dead from the living.
And You give provision to whomever You will,
without measure.

3:28 Let not the believers
take the disbelievers as allies

نَصِيحًا مِّنَ الْكِتَابِ

يَدْعُونَ إِلَى كِتَابِ اللَّهِ

لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَهُمْ

ثُمَّ يَتَوَلَّى فَرِيقٌ مِّنْهُمْ

وَهُمْ مُّعْرِضُونَ

ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُوا

لَن نَّمَسِّنَا النَّارَ

إِلَّا أَيَّامًا مَّعْدُودَاتٍ

وَعَرَّضُوا فِي دِينِهِمْ

مَا كَانُوا يَفْرَوْنَ

فَكَيْفَ إِذَا جُمِعْتَهُمْ

لِيَوْمٍ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ وَوُفِّيَتْ

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتْ

وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ

قُلِ اللَّهُمَّ مَلِكُ الْمَلِكِ

تُؤْتِي الْمُلْكَ مَن تَشَاءُ

وَتَنزِعُ الْمُلْكَ مِمَّن تَشَاءُ

وَتُعِزُّ مَن تَشَاءُ

وَتُذِلُّ مَن تَشَاءُ بِيَدِكَ الْخَيْرُ

إِنَّكَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

تُولِجُ اللَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ

وَتُولِجُ النَّهَارَ فِي اللَّيْلِ

وَتُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ

وَتُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ مِنَ الْحَيِّ

وَتَرْزُقُ مَن تَشَاءُ بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ

لَا يَتَّخِذُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ

الْكُفْرِينَ أَوْلِيَاءَ

سُورَةُ الْاِٰمْرٰنِ

الجزء الثالث

instead of the believers.

And whoever among you does this has nothing to hope for from God—except if you are safeguarding against a genuine fear from them.

And God warns you to beware of Him.

For to God alone is the ultimate destiny.

3:29 Say to them, O Prophet:

Whether you conceal what is in your breast or you disclose it, God knows it.

And He knows what is in the heavens and what is in the earth.

For God is powerful over all things.

3:30 'There shall come a Day Hereafter' when each soul will find present before it whatever good it had done in the world. And concerning whatever evil it had done—it shall wish there were a very great distance between it and that evildoing.

And God warns you to beware of Him, though God is all-kind to all His servants.

3:31 'O Muhammad, say to the believers:

If you love God, then follow me.

God will love you and forgive you your sins.

For God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

3:32 Say to them:

Obeys God and the Messenger.

And if they turn away, then know that God does not love the disbelievers.

3:33 *Indeed, God has chosen Adam and Noah, and the Family of Abraham, and the Family of 'Imrân above the people of all the world.

مِنْ دُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ

فَلَيْسَ مِنْ اللَّهِ فِي شَيْءٍ

إِلَّا أَنْ تَتَّقُوا مِنْهُمْ تُقَاتُوا

وَيَحْذَرُكُمْ اللَّهُ نَفْسَهُ

وَالِلَّهِ الْمَصِيرُ

قُلْ إِنْ تُحِبُّوا

مَا فِي صُدُورِكُمْ

أَوْ تُبْشِرُوهُ يَعْلَمَهُ اللَّهُ

وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

يَوْمَ تَجِدُ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ

مَا عَمِلَتْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ مُحْضَرًا

وَمَا عَمِلَتْ مِنْ سُوءٍ

تَوَدُّ لَوْ أَنَّ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَهُ

أَمَدًا بَعِيدًا

وَيَحْذَرُكُمْ اللَّهُ نَفْسَهُ

وَاللَّهُ رَءُوفٌ بِالْعِبَادِ

قُلْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُحِبُّونَ اللَّهَ

فَاتَّبِعُونِي يُحْبِبْكُمُ اللَّهُ

وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ ذُنُوبَكُمْ

وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

قُلْ أَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ

فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْكَافِرِينَ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ اصْطَفَىٰ آدَمَ وَنُوحًا

وَعَالِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَعَالِ عِمْرَانَ

عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ

- 3:34 'They are' descendants, one of another.
And God is all-hearing, all-knowing.
- 3:35 Behold! The wife of ‘Imrân said:
My Lord, I have, indeed, dedicated to You
what is in my belly to be ‘solely’ devoted
‘to Your service’.
So accept ‘this’ from me.
For it is You who are the All-Hearing,
the All-Knowing.
- 3:36 So when she delivered her, she said: My Lord!
I have, indeed, delivered her, a female—
and God knows best what she had delivered.
And, ‘my Lord, she said,’
the male is not like the female
‘as to service in the High Temple’!
Yet I have named her Mary.
And I do, indeed, seek refuge for her in You,
and for her children, from Satan, the Accursed.
- 3:37 And so ‘it was that’ her Lord accepted ‘Mary’
with goodly acceptance
and caused her to grow up wholesomely
in ‘the years of’ her growing.
And He entrusted her
to ‘the foster care of’ Zachariah.
Whenever Zachariah entered upon her ‘place’
in the Sanctuary, he found her with provisions.
He said: O Mary!
From where does this come to you?
She said: It is from God.
Indeed, God provides
for whomever He so wills without measure.
- 3:38 Then and there, Zachariah called upon his Lord.
He said: My Lord!
Grant me from Your bounty
wholesome children.

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانَ

الجزء الثالث

دُرِيَّةً بَعْضُهَا مِنْ بَعْضٍ ٣٤
وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ
إِذْ قَالَتِ امْرَأَتُ عِمْرَانَ
رَبِّ إِنِّي نَذَرْتُ لَكَ
مَا فِي بَطْنِي مُحَرَّرًا فَقَبَّلَ مِنِّي
إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ
فَلَمَّا وَضَعَتْهَا
قَالَتْ رَبِّ إِنِّي وَضَعْتُهَا أُنْثَىٰ
وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا وَضَعْتَ
وَلَيْسَ الذَّكَرُ كَالْأُنْثَىٰ
وَإِنِّي سَمَّيْتُهَا مَرْيَمَ
وَإِنِّي أُعِيذُهَا بِكَ وَذُرِّيَّتَهَا
مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ
فَقَبَّلَهَا رَبُّهَا ٣٥
بِقَبُولٍ حَسَنٍ وَأَنْبَتَهَا نَبَاتًا
حَسَنًا وَكَفَّلَهَا زَكَرِيَّا كُلَّمَا
دَخَلَ عَلَيْهَا زَكَرِيَّا الْمِحْرَابَ
وَجَدَ عِنْدَهَا رِزْقًا قَالَ يَمْرِئُ
أَنَّىٰ لَئِذَا هَذَا
قَالَتْ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَرْزُقُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ
هَئِنَا لَكَ دَعَاءُ زَكَرِيَّا رَبِّهِ ٣٦
قَالَ رَبِّ هَبْ لِي
مِنْ لَدُنْكَ ذُرِّيَّةً طَيِّبَةً

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانٍ

الْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ

Indeed, You are the Hearer of Prayer.

- 3:39 Then the angels called out to him,
as he stood offering his Prayer in the Sanctuary:
God, indeed, gives you glad tidings of a son
who shall be named John,
confirming the revelation of a word from God.
And he shall be an honored leader,
and abstinent,
and a prophet from among the righteous.

- 3:40 He said: My Lord!
How shall I have a boy when old age
has already come upon me,
and my wife is barren?
He said: So shall it be!
God does whatever He so wills.
- 3:41 He said: My Lord!
Appoint for me a sign that this will be!
He said:
Your sign is that
you shall not be able to speak to people
for three days, except by gesture.
And remember your Lord much,
with reverence.
And exalt Him
in the evenings and the mornings.

- 3:42 And behold!
The angels said: O Mary!
Indeed, God has chosen you
to serve Him and purified you.
And He has chosen you
above all the women of the world.
- 3:43 O Mary, be ever devoutly obedient
to your Lord.
And bow your face down

إِنَّكَ سَمِيعُ الدُّعَاءِ
فَنَادَتْهُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ ﴿٣٩﴾
وَهُوَ قَائِمٌ يُصَلِّي
فِي الْمَحْرَابِ أَنَّ اللَّهَ يُبَشِّرُكَ
بِغُلَامٍ مُّصَدِّقًا
يَكْفُمُكَ مِنَ اللَّهِ
وَسَيِّدًا وَحَصُورًا
وَنَبِيًّا مِّنَ الصَّالِحِينَ
قَالَ رَبِّ ﴿٤٠﴾
أَنَّى يَكُونُ لِي غُلَامٌ
وَقَدْ بَلَغَنِي الْكِبَرُ
وَأُمْرَاتِي عَاقِرٌ
قَالَ كَذَلِكَ اللَّهُ
يَفْعَلُ مَا يَشَاءُ
قَالَ رَبِّ اجْعَلْ لِّي آيَةً
قَالَ ءَايَتُكَ
أَلَّا تُكَلِّمَ النَّاسَ
ثَلَاثَةَ أَيَّامٍ إِلَّا رَمْرًا
وَأَذْكُرَ رَبَّكَ كَثِيرًا وَسَبِّحَ
بِالْعَشِيِّ وَالْإِبْكَرِ
وَإِذْ قَالَتِ الْمَلَائِكَةُ ﴿٤١﴾
يَمْرُؤُا إِنَّ اللَّهَ اصْطَفَاكِ
وَطَهَّرَكِ وَاصْطَفَاكِ
عَلَى نِسَاء الْعَالَمِينَ
يَمْرُؤُا أَقْبِئِي لِرَبِّكِ ﴿٤٢﴾
وَأَسْجُدِي

to the ground 'before Him'.
And bow with those who bow 'in Prayer.

- 3:44 O Muhammad!
This is 'but one' of the tidings
of the unseen 'past' that We reveal to you.
For you were not with them
when they cast their quills
'to resolve' which of them
would have the 'foster' care of Mary.
And you were not with them
when they were contending 'for this honor'.

- 3:45 Behold!
The angels said: O Mary!
Indeed, God gives you glad tidings of 'a son
brought into being by' a word from Him.
His name is the Messiah, Jesus, son of Mary,
eminent in this world and 'in' the Hereafter,
and of those brought near 'to God'.

- 3:46 And he shall speak to people
'of Heavenly guidance while' in the cradle
and in the prime of manhood.
'Moreover', he shall be of the righteous.

- 3:47 She said: My Lord!
How shall I have a son
when no human being has touched me?
He said: So shall it be!
God creates whatever He so wills.
When He decrees a matter,
He but says to it: Be! And so it is.

- 3:48 Moreover, He shall teach him
the 'skill of' writing,
'with regard to the divine law',
and the wisdom 'of prophethood',

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانٍ

الْحَزْنَةُ الثَّالِثُ

وَأَرْكَعِي مَعَ الرَّاكِعِينَ

ذَٰلِكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءِ الْغَيْبِ

نُوحِيهِ إِلَيْكَ

وَمَا كُنْتَ لَدَيْهِمْ

إِذْ يُلْقُونَ أَقْلَامَهُمْ

أَيُّهُمْ يَكْمُلُ مَرْيَمَ

وَمَا كُنْتَ لَدَيْهِمْ

إِذْ يَخْتَصِمُونَ

إِذْ قَالَتِ الْمَلَائِكَةُ

يَمْرُومُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُبَشِّرُكَ

بِكَلِمَةٍ مِنْهُ أَسْمُهُ

الْمَسِيحُ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ

وَجِيهًا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

وَمِنَ الْمُقَرَّبِينَ

وَيُكَلِّمُ النَّاسَ فِي الْمَهْدِ

وَكَهْلًا وَمِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ

قَالَتْ رَبِّ أَنَّى يَكُونُ لِي وَلَدٌ

وَلَمْ يَمَسِّنِي بَشَرٌ

قَالَ كَذَٰلِكَ أَلَّهُ

يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ إِذَا قَضَىٰ أَمْرًا

فَإِنَّمَا يَقُولُ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ

وَيُعَلِّمُهُ الْكِتَابَ

وَالْحِكْمَةَ

وَالتَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ

سُورَةُ الْاِٰمْرٰنِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ

- and the Torah, and the Evangel,
 3:49 and 'appoint him as a messenger
 to the Children of Israel, 'to say':
 Truly, I have come to you
 with a sign 'of my commission' from your Lord,
 that I, indeed, form for you
 from the mud 'of the earth' a bird-like figure.
 Then I blow into it, and so it becomes a bird—
 by God's permission.
 I heal the born-blind and the leper;
 and I give life to the dead—
 by God's permission.
 And I tell you 'what no person knows'
 of what you eat
 and of what you store up in your houses.
 Indeed, in this there is a sure sign for you,
 if, indeed, you are believers.
 3:50 And I am to confirm what has preceded me
 of 'the Commandments of the Torah
 and to make lawful for you
 some of what has been 'previously'
 prohibited to you.
 I have come to you
 with a sign 'of my truth' from your Lord.
 So fear God, and obey me!
 3:51 Indeed, God is my Lord and your Lord.
 So worship Him 'alone'.
 This is a straight way 'to salvation'.
 3:52 *But when Jesus discerned from them
 'resolute' unbelief, he said 'to his followers':
 Who will be my supporters
 'on the path' to God?
 The Disciples said:
 We are the supporters of 'the religion of God.
 We have, indeed, believed in God.

وَرَسُولًا إِلَىٰ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
 أَنِّي قَدْ جِئْتُكُمْ
 بِبَيِّنَاتٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ أَنِّي
 أَخْلَقْتُ لَكُمْ مِنَ الطِّينِ
 كَهَيْئَةِ الطَّيْرِ فَأَنْفُخُ فِيهِ
 فَيَكُونُ طَيْرًا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ
 وَأُبْرِئُ الْأَكْمَهَ
 وَالْأَنفُسَ وَأُحْيِي الْمَوْتَىٰ
 بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ
 وَأُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا تَكُونُونَ
 وَمَا تَدْخِرُونَ فِي بُيُوتِكُمْ
 إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَآيَةً لَّكُمْ
 إِن كُنتُمْ مُّؤْمِنِينَ
 وَمُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيَّ
 مِنَ التَّوْرَةِ
 وَلَأُحِلَّ لَكُمْ بَعْضَ
 الَّذِي هُرِّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ
 وَجِئْتُكُمْ بِبَيِّنَاتٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ
 فَأَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا
 إِنَّا اللَّهُ
 رَبُّكُمْ فَاعْبُدُوهُ
 هَذَا صِرَاطٌ مُّسْتَقِيمٌ
 فَلَمَّا أَحَسَّ عِيسَىٰ
 مِنْهُمْ الْكُفْرَ
 قَالَ مَنْ أَنْصَارِي إِلَى اللَّهِ
 قَالَ الْحَوَارِيُّونَ
 نَحْنُ أَنْصَارُ اللَّهِ ءَامَنَّا بِاللَّهِ

- So bear witness that we are, indeed, *muslims*,
in willing submission to God alone.
- 3:53 Our Lord! We have believed in the Revelation
that You have sent down to Jesus.
And we have followed him
as the Messenger You sent to us.
So inscribe us among those
who bear witness to Your Oneness.
- 3:54 Now, they who disbelieved
had devised a plan to kill Jesus.
But God had devised a plan to save him.
And God is the best of all those who plan.
- 3:55 Behold! God said: O Jesus!
Indeed, I shall take your soul.
And I shall lift you up to Me.
And I shall cleanse you from the defilement
of all those who disbelieve in you.
Moreover, I shall place those who follow you
and confirm your message
above those who disbelieve
until the Day of Resurrection.
Then to Me alone shall be the return
of all of you, and I shall judge between you
regarding that wherein you have been disputing.
- 3:56 Then as for those who disbelieve,
I shall torment them with a severe torment
in the life of this world and in the Hereafter.
And for them, there shall not be any helpers
against God's punishment.
- 3:57 But as for those who believe in God,
and do righteous deeds,
He shall render them their rewards in full.
Yet God does not love the wrongdoers
who are godless in heart.

سُورَةُ آلِ 'IMRĀN

الجزء الثالث

وَأَشْهَدُ بِأَنَّا مُسْلِمُونَ

رَبَّنَا ءَامَنَّا بِمَا أُنزِلَتْ ٥٣

وَاتَّبَعْنَا الرَّسُولَ

فَاكْتُبْنَا

مَعَ الشَّاهِدِينَ

وَمَكْرُوا وَمَكَرَ اللَّهُ ٥٤

وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُ الْمَكْرِينَ

إِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يَٰعِيسَى

إِنِّي مُتَوَفِّيكَ وَرَافِعُكَ إِلَيَّ

وَمُطَهِّرُكَ

مِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

وَجَاعِلَ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوكَ

فَوْقَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ

ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ مَرْجِعِكُمْ

فَأُنْكُتُمْ فِيَّهَا

فِيمَا كُنْتُمْ فِيهِ تَخْتَلِفُونَ

فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ٥٥

فَأَعَدَّ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا

فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ نَّاصِرِينَ

وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ٥٦

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

فَيُوفِّيهِمْ أَجْرَهُمْ

وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ

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الجزء الثالث

- 3:58 This account that We recite to you,
 'O Muhammad,
 is among the signs of your prophethood
 and a confirmation of the truth of this Quran—
 the All-Wise Reminder—for all humanity.
- 3:59 Indeed, the likeness of the creation of Jesus,
 with respect to God,
 is as the likeness of that of Adam:
 He created him out of dust.
 Then He said to him: Be! And he was.
- 3:60 This is the truth from your Lord
 regarding Jesus.
 So do not be of those who have doubt about it.
- 3:61 Hence, whoever argues with you, O Prophet,
 concerning him
 after this knowledge has come to you,
 say to them: Come!
 Let us call upon our sons and your sons,
 and our women and your women,
 and ourselves and yourselves.
 Then we shall earnestly pray
 to lay the curse of God
 upon those of us who are the liars.
- 3:62 Indeed, this is most surely
 the true narrative regarding Jesus.
 Nor is there any god but the One God.
 Indeed, God is most surely
 the Overpowering, the All-Wise.
- 3:63 Yet if they turn away from this summons,
 then God is assuredly all-knowing
 of the sowers of corruption.
- 3:64 'O Muhammad, say:
 O People of the Scripture!
 Come to an equitable word

ذَٰلِكَ نَتْلُوهُ عَلَيْكَ مِنَ
 ٥٨
 الْآيَاتِ وَالذِّكْرِ الْحَكِيمِ
 ٥٩
 إِنَّ مِثْلَ عِيسَىٰ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
 كَمِثْلِ آدَمَ
 خَلَقَهُ مِنْ تُرَابٍ
 ثُمَّ قَالَ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ
 ٦٠
 الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
 فَلَا تَكُن مِّنَ الْمُمْتَرِينَ
 ٦١
 فَمَنْ حَاجَّكَ فِيهِ
 مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْوَحْيِ
 فَقُلْ تَعَالَوْا
 نَدْعُ أَبْنَاءَنَا وَأَبْنَاءَكُمْ
 وَنِسَاءَنَا وَنِسَاءَكُمْ
 وَأَنْفُسَنَا وَأَنْفُسَكُمْ
 ثُمَّ نَبْتَهِلْ فَنَجْعَلْ
 لَعْنَتَ اللَّهِ
 عَلَى الْكَٰذِبِينَ
 ٦٢
 إِنَّ هَٰذَا لَهُو الْقَصَصُ الْحَقُّ
 وَمَا مِن إِلَٰه إِلَّا اللَّهُ
 وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ
 لَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
 ٦٣
 فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا
 فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِالْمُفْسِدِينَ
 ٦٤
 قُلْ يَٰٓأَهْلَ الْكِتَٰبِ
 تَعَالَوْا إِلَىٰ كَلِمَةٍ سَوَآءٍ

between us and you:

That 'together' we shall not
worship other than God.

And 'together' we shall not
associate anything 'at all'
in 'our worship of 'Him.

And 'together' we shall not
take one another as lords apart from God.
Yet if they turn away, 'O believers',
then say 'to them':

Bear witness that we, indeed, are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone'.

3:65 O People of the Scripture!
Why do you argue 'with us' about 'your claim
that 'Abraham' was a Jew or a Christian',
while the Torah 'of Moses'
and the Evangel 'of Jesus'
were not sent down until after him?
Are you not, then, able to understand?

3:66 Yet there you are!
You 'attempt to' argue 'about Moses and Jesus',
wherein you have 'some' knowledge.
Why, then, would you argue
about that which you have
no knowledge 'at all'?
For God knows 'the truth of all matters',
and you do not know!

3:67 Abraham was neither a Jew nor a Christian.
Rather, he was a 'believer',
purely 'upright' in heart',
a *muslim*, in willing submission to God 'alone'—
and never was he of those
who associated gods with God.

3:68 Indeed, the people most worthy

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانٍ

الجزء الثالث

بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَكُمْ
أَلَّا نَعْبُدَ إِلَّا اللَّهَ
وَلَا نُشْرِكَ بِهِ شَيْئًا
وَلَا يَتَّخِذَ بَعْضُنَا بَعْضًا
أَرْبَابًا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَقُولُوا اشْهَدُوا
بِأَنَّا مُسْلِمُونَ

١٦٥

لِمَ تُحَاجُّونَ فِي إِبْرَاهِيمَ
وَمَا أَنْزَلَتْ التَّوْرَةَ
وَالْإِنْجِيلَ إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ
أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ

١٦٦

هَئَانَتْ هَذِهِ حَجَجُكُمْ
فِيمَا لَكُمْ بِهِ عِلْمٌ
فَلِمَ تُحَاجُّونَ

فِيمَا لَيْسَ لَكُمْ بِهِ عِلْمٌ
وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

١٦٧

مَا كَانَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ يَهُودِيًّا
وَلَا نَصْرَانِيًّا

وَلَكِنْ كَانَ حَنِيفًا مُسْلِمًا
وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ

١٦٨

إِنَّ أَوَّلَى النَّاسِ بِإِبْرَاهِيمَ

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الجزء الثالث

of tracing their faith back to Abraham
are surely those who follow him
in willing submission to God alone —
and foremost among them is
this Prophet, Muhammad,
and all those who believe in his message.
And God alone is the Patron of the believers.

3:69 A group of the People of the Scripture
would love to lead you believers astray.
But they lead none astray but themselves,
though they are not aware of their doom.

3:70 O People of the Scripture!
Why do you disbelieve
in the revealed signs of God
while you yourselves
bear witness to their truth?
3:71 O People of the Scripture!
Why do you mix the truth with falsehood
and willfully suppress the truth,
while you know that it is wrong to do so?

3:72 And furthermore,
a group from the People of the Scripture
say to one another:
Profess faith at the start of the day
in what has been sent down to Muhammad
and to those who believe in his message.
And renounce faith at day's end,
so that they may doubt themselves
and turn back from their faith.
3:73 Yet all the while, in your heart
believe none except one
who follows your own religion,
keeping its knowledge to yourselves.

لِّلَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوهُ
وَهَٰذَا النَّبِيُّ وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
وَاللَّهُ وَلِيُّ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَدَّتْ طَائِفَةٌ ﴿٦٩﴾
مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ
لَوْ يَضِلُّوكُمْ
وَمَا يَضِلُّونَ إِلَّا أَنفُسَهُمْ
وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ
يَأْهَلُ الْكِتَابِ ﴿٧٠﴾
لِمَ تَكْفُرُونَ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ
وَأَنْتُمْ تَشْهَدُونَ
يَأْهَلُ الْكِتَابِ ﴿٧١﴾
لِمَ تَلْبِسُونَ الْحَقَّ بِالْبَاطِلِ
وَتَكْتُمُونَ الْحَقَّ
وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
وَقَالَتْ طَائِفَةٌ ﴿٧٢﴾
مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ
ءَامِنُوا بِالَّذِي أُنْزِلَ
عَلَى الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
وَجَهَ النَّهَارَ وَكُفُّواْ ءَاخِرَهُ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ
وَلَا تُؤْمِنُوا ﴿٧٣﴾
إِلَّا لِمَنْ تَبِعَ دِينَكُمْ

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانَ

الجزء الثالث

Say 'to them':
Indeed, all 'true' guidance
is the guidance of God.
'Are you envious and begrudging'
that someone is given 'revealed knowledge'
from God'
like what you have been given 'from Him',
or 'are you fearful' that 'the believers' will prevail
in argument against you 'on Judgment Day'
before your Lord?
Say: Indeed,
all bounty is in the 'mighty' Hand of God.
He gives it to whomever He so wills.
And God is all-encompassing, all-knowing.
3:74 It is He who singles out for His mercy
whomever He so wills.
For God 'alone'
is the Possessor of Magnificent Bounty.

3:75 *Yet there are 'also'
among the People of the Scripture
'the likes of' one who,
if you were to entrust him with a heap 'of gold',
he would faithfully restore it to you.
And there are among them
'the likes of' one who,
if you were to entrust him
with even a 'single' dinar,
he would not restore it to you,
unless you were to remain standing over him.
That is because they say:
It is not incumbent upon us to keep faith
with people unlettered 'in Scripture'!
And thus do they speak lies against God—
and they do so knowingly.

قُلْ إِنْ أَلْهَدَىٰ هُدَىٰ اللَّهِ
أَنْ يُؤْتِيَ أَحَدٌ
مِّثْلَ مَا أُوتِيتُمْ
أَوْ يُحَاجُّوكُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّكُمْ
قُلْ إِنْ أَلْفَضَّلَ بِيَدِ اللَّهِ
يُؤْتِيهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَاللَّهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ
يَخْلُصُ بِرَحْمَتِهِ
مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَاللَّهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيمِ
وَمِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ
مَنْ إِنْ تَأَمَّنْهُ بِقِطَارٍ
يُؤَدِّهِ إِلَيْكَ
وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ إِنْ تَأَمَّنْهُ
بِدِينَارٍ لَا يُؤَدِّهِ إِلَيْكَ
إِلَّا مَا دُمْتَ عَلَيْهِ قَائِمًا
ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُوا
لَيْسَ عَلَيْنَا فِي الْأُمِّيَّتِ سَبِيلٌ
وَيَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ
وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ

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سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانٍ

الجزء الثالث

- 3:76 Rather, whoever fulfills his covenant and fears God, 'know that' God, indeed, loves the God-fearing.
- 3:77 As for those 'People of the Scripture' who sell the covenant of God and their 'solemn' oaths for a small price, they shall not have any share 'of Paradise' in the Hereafter.
Nor shall God speak to them!
Nor shall He 'even' look at them on the Day of Resurrection!
Nor shall He purify them 'of this evil-doing'!
Rather, there shall be for them a most painful torment 'awaiting'.
- 3:78 For, indeed, there is a faction among them who distort the Scripture with their tongues, so as to make you think 'what they say' is from the Scripture, when it is not from the Scripture.
And they say: This is from God!
Yet it is not from God.
And thus do they speak lies against God—and they do so knowingly.
- 3:79 It is not conceivable for a human being to whom God gives the Scripture and good judgment and the gift of 'prophethood' to say thereafter to the people:
Be you worshippers of me instead of God!
Rather 'he would say':
Be you 'well-versed' and 'devout servants of God' alone and exemplify His way,
in that you have been teaching the Scripture, and in that you have been studying 'it'.

بَلَىٰ مَنْ أَوْفَىٰ بِعَهْدِهِ وَاتَّقَىٰ ۖ

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فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِينَ

إِنَّا لَذِينَ

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يَشْتَرُونَ بِعَهْدِ اللَّهِ

وَأَيْمَانِهِمْ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا

أُولَٰئِكَ لَا خَلَاقَ لَهُمْ

فِي الْآخِرَةِ

وَلَا يُكَلِّمُهُمُ اللَّهُ

وَلَا يَنْظُرُ إِلَيْهِمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

وَلَا يُزَكِّيهِمْ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

وَأِنَّ مِنْهُمْ لَفَرِيقًا

٧٨

يَلُونُ أَلَيْسَتْ لَهُمُ بِالْكِتَابِ

لِيَحْسَبُوهُ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ

وَمَا هُمْ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ

وَيَقُولُونَ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ

وَمَا هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ

وَيَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ

وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ

مَا كَانَ لِلْبَشَرِ

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أَنْ يُؤْتِيَهُ اللَّهُ الْكِتَابَ

وَالْحُكْمَ وَالنُّبُوَّةَ

ثُمَّ يَقُولُ لِلنَّاسِ

كُونُوا عِبَادًا لِّيَ

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

وَلَكِنْ كُونُوا رَبَّانِيِّينَ

بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ الْكِتَابَ

وَبِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَدْرُسُونَ

3:80 Nor would one 'so commissioned`
command you to take the angels or the prophets
as lords 'to be worshipped`.
Would he command you to disbelieve
after you have become *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone`?

3:81 And behold!
God made 'a sacred` covenant
with all the prophets, 'saying:
Convey to your people`
whatever I give you of the Scripture
and 'of revealed` wisdom.
Then when there comes to you
a 'final` messenger
who confirms what is with 'all of` you—
'in fulfillment of My promise—
ardently` shall you believe in him
and 'ardently` shall you support him.
'God` said:

Do you pledge your consent
and accept My solemn compact
'to fulfill this trust`?

They said: We do so consent.

He said: Then bear you witness 'to it`!

For, indeed, I am with you
among those who so bear witness.

3:82 Thus whoever turns away
'from God's religion` after this—
then it is they who are the *ungodly*.

3:83 So 'as to the People of the Scripture`:
Is it, then, other than God's religion
that they seek,
when all those in the heavens
and 'in` the earth submit to Him—

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانَ

الْحُزْنَةُ الْقَالِكُ

وَلَا يَأْمُرُكُمْ أَنْ تَتَّخِذُوا
الْمَلَائِكَةَ وَالنَّبِيِّينَ أَرْبَابًا
أَيَأْمُرُكُمْ بِالْكَفْرِ
بَعْدَ إِذْ أَنْتُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ
وَإِذْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ
مِيثَاقَ النَّبِيِّينَ
لَمَّا أْتَيْتُكُمْ
مِنْ كِتَابٍ وَحِكْمَةٍ
ثُمَّ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولٌ
مُصَدِّقٌ لِمَا مَعَكُمْ
لَتُؤْمِنُنَّ بِهِ، وَلَتَنْصُرُنَّهُ
قَالَ أَأَقْرَرْتُمْ
وَأَخَذْتُمْ عَلَىٰ ذَٰلِكُمْ إِصْرِي
قَالُوا أَأَقْرَرْنَا
قَالَ فَاشْهَدُوا
وَأَنَا مَعَكُمْ مِنَ الشَّاهِدِينَ
فَمَنْ تَوَلَّىٰ بَعْدَ ذَٰلِكَ
فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ
أَفَغَيْرَ دِينِ اللَّهِ يَبْغُونَ
وَلَهُ أَسْلَمَ مَنْ
فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

willingly or unwillingly—
and when it is to Him
that they shall all be returned for Judgment?

3:84 Say to one and all, O Prophet:

As for those who follow me, we believe in God
and in what has been sent down to us,
and in what has been sent down
to Abraham, and Ishmael, and Isaac, and Jacob,
and to the prophets of the Tribes of Israel.
And we believe in what was given to Moses
and to Jesus and to all the other prophets
from their Lord.

We do not differentiate in faith
between any of them.

Thus are we *muslims*,
in willing submission to Him alone.

3:85 And so, anyone after this
who seeks submission to God
through a religion other than Islam
as revealed to all the prophets—
never shall it be accepted from him!

Moreover, in the Hereafter,
he shall be among the losers
of an everlasting Paradise.

3:86 How shall God guide a people
who have disbelieved
after they have professed their faith
and borne witness that the Messenger is true,
and after the clear proofs of God
have come to them?

For God does not guide the wrongdoing people
who are godless in heart.

3:87 As for the likes of these,
their recompense is
that upon them is the curse of God,

طَوْعًا وَكَرْهًا

وَالِإِلَهِ يَرْجِعُونَ

قُلْ ءَامَنَّا بِاللَّهِ

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وَمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا

وَمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَىٰ إِبْرَاهِيمَ

وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ

وَيَعْقُوبَ وَالْأَسْبَاطَ

وَمَا أُوتِيَ مُوسَىٰ وَعِيسَىٰ

وَالنَّبِيِّينَ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ

لَا نَفْرَقُ بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ مِنْهُمْ

وَنَحْنُ لِلَّهِ مُسْلِمُونَ

وَمَنْ يَبْتَغِ

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غَيْرَ الْإِسْلَامِ دِينًا

فَلَنْ يَقْبَلَ مِنْهُ

وَهُوَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ

مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ

كَيْفَ يَهْدِي اللَّهُ قَوْمًا

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كَفَرُوا بَعْدَ إِيمَانِهِمْ

وَشَهِدُوا أَنَّ الرُّسُولَ حَقٌّ

وَجَاءَهُمُ الْبَيِّنَاتُ

وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي

الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ

أُولَٰئِكَ جَزَاءُ هُمْ

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أَن عَلَيْهِمْ لَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانٍ

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and of the angels and of humanity all together.

3:88 They are doomed to Hell

and shall abide therein forever.

Never shall the torment be lightened for them.

Nor shall they ever be reprieved—

3:89 except for those of them

who repent after this breach of faith,

and set things aright.

For, indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

3:90 But as for those who have disbelieved

after having professed their faith,

and who then stubbornly increase in unbelief,

never shall their repentance be accepted!

For it is these who are the ones astray.

3:91 Indeed, those who disbelieve

and die as disbelievers,

not even the whole earth full of gold

shall be accepted from any of them

in repentance,

were one of them so able

to ransom himself with it.

It is these for whom there shall be

a most painful torment.

And for them, there shall not be any helpers

against God's punishment.

3:92 Even so, O believers, you shall never attain

to the highest virtue of faith

until you spend in charity

from that which you love.

And anything you spend,

indeed, God is all-knowing of it.

3:93 * Furthermore, all wholesome food

was lawful to the Children of Israel,

except what the Prophet Israel

وَالْمَلَائِكَةِ

وَالنَّاسِ أَجْمَعِينَ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا

لَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمْ الْعَذَابُ

وَلَا هُمْ يُنظَرُونَ

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوا

مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ وَأَصْلَحُوا

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

بَعْدَ إِيمَانِهِمْ

ثُمَّ أَرَادُوا كُفْرًا

لَنْ تُقْبَلَ تَوْبَتُهُمْ

وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الضَّالُّونَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

وَمَاتُوا وَهُمْ كُفَّارٌ

فَلَنْ يُبَدِّلَ مِنْ أَحَدِهِمْ

مِثْلَ أَهْلِ الْأَرْضِ ذَهَبًا

وَلَوْ أَفْتَدَى بِهِ

أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرِينَ

لَنْ نَنَالُوا الْبِرَّ

حَتَّى تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ مَّا تُحِبُّونَ

وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ شَيْءٍ

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيمٌ

كُلِّ الطَّعَامِ

كَانَ حَلَالًا لِبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ

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prohibited for himself
 'long' before the Torah was sent down.
 Say 'to them, O Muhammad:
 If you deny this', then bring the Torah
 and recite 'the evidence from' it,
 if you are truthful 'in your claim'.

3:94 But whoever forges lies
 against God after this 'word of truth',
 then it is they who are the wrongdoers,
 'godless in heart'.

3:95 Say: God has spoken the truth.
 So follow the sacred way of Abraham,
 the 'purely upright in heart' —
 and never was he of those
 who associated gods with God.

3:96 Indeed, the first House 'of God'
 appointed for all people
 is that 'in the valley' of Bakkah.
 'It is' most blessed and a 'source of guidance
 for all the 'peoples of the' world.

3:97 'From the time of Abraham,
 there have remained' in it clear signs—
 'such as' the Station of Abraham.
 Moreover, whoever enters its 'sanctuary'
 shall be secure.
 Thus Hajj-Pilgrimage
 to the 'Sacred' House 'in Makkah'
 is owed to God,
 as an obligation upon all people
 who are able to attain a way to it.
 And as to those who disbelieve 'this,
 know', then, that 'God is, indeed, self-sufficient,
 without' any need
 for any of His creation in 'all the worlds.

إِلَّا مَا حَرَّمَ إِسْرَءِيلُ
 عَلَى نَفْسِهِ
 مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تُنَزَّلَ التَّوْرَةُ
 قُلْ فَأْتُوا بِالتَّوْرَةِ فَاتْلُوهَا
 إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
 ١٤ فَمَنْ أَفْترَى
 عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ
 مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ
 فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ
 ١٥ قُلْ صَدَقَ اللَّهُ
 فَاتَّبِعُوا مِلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا
 وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ
 ١٦ إِنَّ أَوَّلَ بَيْتٍ وُضِعَ لِلنَّاسِ
 لَلَّذِي بِبَكَّةَ مُبَارَكًا
 وَهُدًى لِّلْعَالَمِينَ
 ١٧ فِيهِ آيَاتٌ بَيِّنَاتٌ
 مِّمَّا وُضِعَ لِّلْزَيْمِ
 وَمَنْ دَخَلَهُ كَانَ آمِنًا
 وَلِلَّهِ عَلَى النَّاسِ
 حِجُّ الْبَيْتِ
 مَنْ اسْتَطَاعَ إِلَيْهِ سَبِيلًا
 وَمَنْ كَفَرَ
 فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَنِيٌّ عَنِ الْعَالَمِينَ

سُورَةُ آلِ اِمْرَانَ

الجزء الرابع

- 3:98 Say: O People of the Scripture!
Why do you disbelieve
in the `revealed` signs of God,
while `you yourselves know
that `God is all-witnessing over what you do?
- 3:99 Moreover, say: O People of the Scripture!
Why do you bar from the `straight` path of God
those who believe, seeking to render it crooked,
while you are `charged
to be `witnesses` to its truth`?
Yet never is God at all heedless of what you do.
- 3:100 O you who believe!
Were you to obey `the dictates
of a `certain` faction of those
who have been given the Scripture,
they would turn you back into disbelievers
after your `having come to` faith.
- 3:101 Yet how could you disbelieve,
while it is to you yourselves
that the verses of God are being recited?
Moreover, His Messenger is among you!
So `know well
that `whoever holds fast to `faith in` God,
then `it is` he who is most surely guided
along a straight way `of salvation`.
- 3:102 O you who believe!
Be ever God-fearing, with a fear justly due Him.
And do not die, except while you are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God `alone`.
- 3:103 So hold fast to the rope of God—
all `of you` together! You shall not divide!
And remember `with reverence`
the grace of God upon you

قُلْ يٰٓاَهْلَ الْكِتٰبِ

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لِمَ تَكْفُرُوْنَ بِآيٰتِ اللّٰهِ
وَاللّٰهُ شَهِيدٌ عَلٰى مَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ

قُلْ يٰٓاَهْلَ الْكِتٰبِ

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لِمَ تَصُدُّوْنَ
عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللّٰهِ مَنْ ءٰمَنَ
تَبْعُوْهَا عَوْجًا
وَاَنْتُمْ شٰهَدَآءُ

وَمَا اللّٰهُ بِغَفْلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُوْنَ

يٰٓاَيُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ ءٰمَنُوْا

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اِنْ تُطِيعُوْا فَرِيقًا
مِّنَ الَّذِيْنَ اٰتَوْنَ الْكِتٰبَ
يُرُدُّوْكُمْ بَعْدَ اِيْمَانِكُمْ كَافِرِيْنَ

وَكَيْفَ تَكْفُرُوْنَ وَاَنْتُمْ

١٠١

تُنْتَلٰى عَلَيْكُمْ ءَايٰتُ اللّٰهِ
وَفِيْكُمْ رَسُوْلُهُ

وَمَنْ يَعْنَصِمْ بِاللّٰهِ فَقَدْ هُدِيَ

اِلٰى صِرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقِيْمٍ

يٰٓاَيُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ ءٰمَنُوْا

١٠٢

اَتَّقُوا اللّٰهَ حَقَّ تَقٰوْلِهِ

وَلَا تَمُوْنْ اِلَّا وَاَنْتُمْ مُّسْلِمُوْنَ

وَاعْتَصِمُوْا

١٠٣

بِحَبْلِ اللّٰهِ جَمِيْعًا

وَلَا تَفَرَّقُوْا

وَاذْكُرُوْا نِعْمَتَ اللّٰهِ عَلَيْكُمْ

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when you were enemies
and He bound your hearts together,
so that you became—by His grace—
brothers to one another .
For you were on the brink of a pit of Fire.
And He rescued you from it.
Thus does God make His revealed signs
clear to you, so that you may be guided aright.

3:104 So let there be of you one 'united' community
calling to all that is good
and enjoining what is right
and forbidding what is wrong.

And it is these who are the 'truly' successful.
3:105 Therefore, be not like those
who became divided
and disputed 'regarding the true religion' —
even after the clear
'and miraculous' proofs 'of God'
had come to them!

Indeed, for these,
there shall be a great torment 'awaiting'
3:106 on a Day 'Hereafter'
when 'some faces
shall be whitened 'with purity',
and some faces blackened 'by sin'.

As for those whose faces shall be blackened,
'it will be said':

Did you disbelieve after 'professing' your faith?
Then taste the 'everlasting' torment
in that 'before this Day' you have disbelieved!

3:107 Yet as for those whose faces shall be whitened,
they shall be 'secure' in the mercy of God.
Therein shall they abide forever.

3:108 These are the 'revealed' verses of God

إِذْ كُنْتُمْ أَعْدَاءُ
فَأَلَّفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِكُمْ
فَأَصْبَحْتُمْ بِنِعْمَتِهِ إِخْوَانًا
وَكُنْتُمْ عَلَى شَفَا حُفْرٍ
مِّنَ النَّارِ فَأَنْقَذَكُم مِّنْهَا
كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ
آيَاتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ

١٠٤

وَلَتَكُن مِّنكُمْ أُمَّةٌ
يَدْعُونَ إِلَى الْخَيْرِ
وَيَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ
وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ
وَلَا تَكُونُوا

١٠٥

كَالَّذِينَ نَفَرُوا وَاخْتَلَفُوا
مِّنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَهُمُ الْبَيِّنَاتُ
وَأُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ

١٠٦

يَوْمَ تَبْيَضُّ وُجُوهٌ
وَتَسْوَدُّ وُجُوهٌ فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ

أَسْوَدَّتْ وُجُوهُهُمْ

أَكْفَرْتُمْ بَعْدَ إِيمَانِكُمْ

فَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ

بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْفُرُونَ

١٠٧

وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ أَبْيَضَتْ وُجُوهُهُمْ

فَفِي رَحْمَةِ اللَّهِ

هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

- that We recite to you, 'O Prophet,
with the very essence of all truth.
And never does God desire injustice
for any being in all the worlds.
- 3:109 For to God alone belongs
all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.
Indeed, to God alone
are all matters returned for just judgment.
- 3:110 You 'believers' are the best Community
ever brought forth for the good of humankind:
You enjoin what is right.
And you forbid what is wrong.
And you believe in God.
- Yet if only the People of the Scripture
had believed!
It most surely would have been better for them.
Among them, there are believers.
But most of them are ungodly.
- 3:111 So 'be comforted
that they shall not inflict harm upon you,
except a slight hurt.
And if they should fight you,
they shall ultimately turn away from you
in retreat.
Then they shall not be helped by God.
- 3:112 They shall be struck with humiliation
wherever they are encountered—
except if they have a bond of covenant
with God,
or a bond of peace and security
with the people of the community.
For they have incurred great wrath from God.

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تِلْكَ آيَاتُ اللَّهِ
نَتْلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِالْحَقِّ
وَمَا اللَّهُ يُرِيدُ ظُلْمًا لِّلْعَالَمِينَ
وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَالِلَّهِ تُرْجِعُ الْأُمُورَ
كُنْتُمْ خَيْرَ أُمَّةٍ
أُخْرِجَتْ لِلنَّاسِ
تَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
وَتَنْهَوْنَ
عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ
وَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَلَوْ ءَامَنَ
أَهْلُ الْكِتَابِ
لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُمْ
مِّنْهُمْ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ
وَآكَرَهُمُ الْفٰسِقُونَ
لَن يَضُرُّكُمْ إِلَّا أَذًى
وَإِن يَفْعَلُوكُمُ
يُؤْلَوْكُمْ أَلَدَبَارَ
ثُمَّ لَا يُنصِّرُونَ
ضَرَبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الدَّلَّةُ
أَيْنَ مَا تَقِفُوا
إِلَّا يَجْعَلِ مِنَ اللَّهِ
وَجَبِلَ مِنَ النَّاسِ
وَبَاءُوا بِغَضَبٍ مِّنَ اللَّهِ

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Moreover, they shall be struck with indigence.
That is because, 'again and again,'
they have disbelieved
in the 'revealed' signs of God
and killed 'His' prophets without right.
That is 'also' because they have disobeyed 'God'
and 'persistently' transgressed 'His covenant'.

3:113 *Yet 'know that' not all 'of them' are the same.

For among the People of the Scripture,
there is an upstanding community
that recites the verses of God
in the watches of the night.
And they bow 'their faces' down
to the ground 'in worship before Him alone'.

3:114 They believe in God
and in 'the coming Judgment of' the Last Day.
Moreover, they enjoin what is right
and forbid what is wrong.
And they hasten to 'exceed one another
in' good works.

So these are among the righteous.

3:115 Thus whatever good they do,
never shall they be denied its 'reward'.
For God is all-knowing
of those who are God-fearing.

3:116 As for those who disbelieve,
never shall their wealth, nor their children,
avail them against God in anything 'at all'.
These are the Companions of the Fire 'of Hell'.
They shall abide therein forever.

3:117 The parable of what they spend 'charitably'
in the life of this world is like that of a wind
in which there is a bitter cold that afflicts—
and thus destroys—the tillage of a people
who have wronged their own souls.

وَصَرَبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَسْكَنَةُ
ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانُوا
يَكْفُرُونَ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ
وَيَقْتُلُونَ الْأَنْبِيَاءَ
يَغْتَرِبُونَ فِي ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوْا
وَكَانُوا يَعْتَدُونَ

لَيْسُوا سَوَاءً

١١٣

مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ أُمَّةٌ
قَالِمَةٌ يَتْلُونَ آيَاتِ اللَّهِ
عِندَ اللَّيْلِ وَهُمْ يَسْجُدُونَ
يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ

١١٤

وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ
وَيَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ
وَيُسْرِعُونَ فِي الْخَيْرَاتِ
وَأُولَٰئِكَ مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ

١١٥

وَمَا يَفْعَلُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ
فَلَنْ يُكْفَرُوا
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالْمُتَّقِينَ

١١٦

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
لَنْ تُغْنِيَ عَنْهُمْ أَمْوَالُهُمْ
وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا
وَأُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ
هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

١١٧

مَثَلُ مَا يُنْفِقُونَ
فِي هَذِهِ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا
كَمَثَلِ رِيحٍ فِيهَا صِرٌّ
أَصَابَتْ حَرْثَ قَوْمٍ

١١٨

ظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ فَهَلْ كُنْتُمْ

For God has not wronged them
in punishing them.

But rather, it is their own souls
they themselves have wronged
with ungodliness.

3:118 O you who believe!

Do not take anyone as a confidant,
apart from those
who believe in your own faith.
And beware!

Those who disbelieve
will spare nothing to corrupt you.
They love that which overburdens you.

Already, bitter hatred has become apparent
from their own mouths.

And what their hearts conceal is greater still.

We have, indeed, made clear to you
the revealed signs, if you but use your reason
to understand His admonitions.

3:119 Yet there you are! You love them.

But they do not love you.

Moreover, you believe in every revealed Book.

But as for them, when they meet you they say:

We believe.

But when they are alone,
they bite their very fingertips out of rage
because of you.

Say to them: Die in your rage!

Indeed, God is all-knowing
of all that is harbored
within the breast of people.

3:120 If any good comes to you believers,
it troubles them.

And if any evil afflicts you, they rejoice in it.

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وَمَا ظَلَمَهُمُ اللَّهُ

وَلَكِنْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

١١٨

لَا تَتَّخِذُوا بِطَانَةَ

مِنْ دُونِكُمْ

لَا يَأُولُوكُمْ خَبَالًا

وَدُّوا مَا عَنِتُّمْ قَدْ بَدَتِ

الْبَغْضَاءُ مِنْ أَفْوَاهِهِمْ

وَمَا تُخْفِي صُدُورُهُمْ أَكْبَرُ

قَدْ بَيَّنَّا لَكُمْ الْآيَاتِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ

هَآأَنْتُمْ أُولَآءِ

١١٩

مُحِبُّونَهُمْ وَلَا يُحِبُّونَكُمْ

وَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْكِتَابِ كُلِّهِ

وَإِذَا الْقَوْمُ قَالَوْا ءَامَنَّا

وَإِذَا خَلَوْا عَصَوْا عَلَيْكُمْ

أَلَا تَأْمَلُ مِنَ الْعَقِيطِ

قُلُومُوتُوا يَعِظُوكُمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

إِنْ تَمَسَسْتُمْ حَسَنَةً سَوْهُمْ

١٢٠

وَإِنْ تُصِيبْكُمْ سَيِّئَةٌ

يَفْرَحُوا بِهَا

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الْحَزَنَةُ الرَّابِعَةُ

And 'yet', if you but remain patient
and God-fearing,
their cunning will not harm you
in anything 'at all'.
Indeed,
God is all-encompassing of what they do.

- 3:121 Remember, O Muhammad,
when you went forth in the early morning
from your household
to settle the believers in positions
for fighting 'at the Battle of Uḥud'.
And God is all-hearing, all-knowing.
- 3:122 Then two groups among you
were about to become fainthearted.
Yet God was the 'assuring' Patron of them both.
So upon God 'alone', let the believers rely.
- 3:123 And truly God gave you victory
at 'the Battle of Badr' before this,
though you were humble 'in number'.
Thus be ever God-fearing.
'And be conscious of His help',
so that you may give thanks 'to Him'.
- 3:124 Behold, 'O Prophet! You said to the believers:
Will it not suffice you
that your Lord shall reinforce you
with three thousand 'forces' from the angels
sent down 'to help you'?
- 3:125 Most certainly,
if you remain patient and God-fearing
and 'the enemy forces'
come upon you suddenly,
your Lord will reinforce you
with five thousand 'forces'
from the angels of marked 'distinction'.

وَإِنْ تَصْبِرُوا وَتَتَّقُوا
لَا يَضُرُّكُمْ كَيْدُهُمْ شَيْئًا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ

بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ مُخِيطٌ

وَإِذْ عَدَوْتَ مِنْ أَهْلِكَ ﴿١٢١﴾

ثُبُوءِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

مَقْلَعِدَ لِلْقِتَالِ

وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ

إِذْ هَمَمْتَ ﴿١٢٢﴾

طَائِفَتَانِ مِنْكُمْ

أَنْ تَفْشَلَا وَاللَّهُ وَلِيُّهُمَا

وَعَلَى اللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ

وَلَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ ﴿١٢٣﴾

بِذَرٍّ وَأَنْتُمْ أَوْلَىٰ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

إِذْ نَقُولُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٢٤﴾

أَلَنْ يَكْفِيَكُمْ

أَنْ يُبَدِّلَ رَبُّكُمْ

بِثَلَاثَةِ أَلْفٍ

مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ مُزْلَلِينَ

بَلَىٰ إِنْ تَصْبِرُوا وَتَتَّقُوا ﴿١٢٥﴾

وَيَأْتِيَكُمْ مِنْ فَوْرِهِمْ هَذَا

يُمْدِدْكُمْ رَبُّكُمْ

بِخَمْسَةِ أَلْفٍ

مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ مُسَوِّمِينَ

- 3:126 Nor does God occasion this 'promise of help' as other than a glad tiding for you— and for your hearts to be calmed thereby. For victory comes only from God, the Overpowering 'One', the All-Wise.
- 3:127 'God made the believers victorious at Badr', so that He might cut off a 'leading' flank of those who disbelieve, or subdue them, so that they would turn back in 'utter' failure.
- 3:128 You have nothing 'to say' of this matter, 'O Prophet'. Rather, it is for Him 'alone to determine' whether to grant them repentance or to punish them. For, indeed, they are wrongdoers, 'godless in heart'.
- 3:129 For to God 'alone' belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. He forgives whomever He so wills. And He punishes whomever He so wills. Yet God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 3:130 O you who believe! You shall not consume usury 'on anything lent', multiplying and compounding 'the return'. Rather, be ever God-fearing, so that you may be successful.
- 3:131 Therefore, fear the Fire 'of Hell', which has been prepared for the disbelievers.
- 3:132 Thus obey God and, 'Muhammad', the Messenger, so that you may be shown mercy.
- 3:133 *And hasten to 'attain' forgiveness from your Lord—

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وَمَا جَعَلَهُ اللَّهُ
إِلَّا بُشْرَىٰ لَكُمْ
وَلِتَطْمَئِنَّ قُلُوبُكُم بِهِ
وَمَا النَّصْرُ إِلَّا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ
لِيَقْطَعَ طَرَفًا
مِّنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَوْ يَكْبِتَهُمْ
فَيَنْقَلِبُوا خَائِبِينَ
لَيْسَ لَكَ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ شَيْءٌ
أَوْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْهِمْ أَوْ يُعَذِّبَهُمْ
فَإِنَّهُمْ ظَالِمُونَ
وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
يَغْفِرُ لِمَن يَشَاءُ
وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ
وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا تَأْكُلُوا أَمْوَالَكُم
أَضْعَافًا مُّضَاعَفَةً
وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ
وَاتَّقُوا النَّارَ الَّتِي
أُعِدَّتْ لِلْكَافِرِينَ
وَاطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ
وَسَارِعُوا إِلَى
مَغْفِرَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ

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and a Garden in Paradise, whose breadth
is as the heavens and the earth,
prepared only for the God-fearing:
3:134 The ones who spend in charity,
in times of prosperity and adversity alike;
and who suppress their rage,
and who pardon people—
for God loves those who excel in doing good.

3:135 Moreover, these are the ones
who when they commit any act of obscenity,
or wrong themselves with sin,
they remember God,
to whom they are accountable,
and so seek forgiveness for their sins.
For who is it that forgives sins but God?
Nor do they persist
in whatever wrong they have done
when they know it is wrong.

3:136 It is these whose reward
is forgiveness from their Lord—
and Gardens beneath which rivers flow,
wherein they shall abide forever.
And how exceedingly commendable
is the reward of those
who ever do the will of God!

3:137 Entire ways of life have already passed away
in the generations before you, O humanity.
So journey in the earth,
and see how devastating was the end
of those who belied God!

3:138 This Quran is a clear declaration
of divine truth for all people.
Thus it is Heavenly guidance
and an inspired admonition

وَجَنَّةٍ عَرْضُهَا
السَّمَاوَاتُ وَالْأَرْضُ
أُعِدَّتْ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ
الَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ
فِي السَّرَّاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ
وَالْكَاظِمِينَ الْغَيْظَ
وَالْعَافِينَ عَنِ النَّاسِ
وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ
وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا فَعَلُوا فَحِشَةً
أَوْ ظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ
ذَكَرُوا اللَّهَ
فَأَسْتَغْفَرُوا لِذُنُوبِهِمْ
وَمَنْ يَغْفِرِ الذُّنُوبَ
إِلَّا اللَّهُ
وَلَمْ يَصِرُوا عَلَى مَا فَعَلُوا
وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ
أُولَئِكَ جِزَاؤُهُمْ
مَغْفِرَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ وَجَنَّاتُ
تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا
وَنِعَمَ أَجْرُ الْعَامِلِينَ
قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ سُنَنٌ
فَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَانظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ
عَاقِبَةُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ
هَذَا بَيَانٌ لِلنَّاسِ وَهُدًى
وَمَوْعِظَةٌ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ

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- for the God-fearing.
- 3:139 So do not grow feeble in spirit, O believers, nor grieve over losses.
For you shall be the uppermost, if, indeed, you are believers.
- 3:140 If painful injury has touched you, then know that similar injury has certainly touched the people opposing you.
And such are the days of life.
By turns do We alternate them among humankind, that God may know those who believe, and that He may take to Himself martyrs from among you.
For God does not love the wrongdoers who are godless in heart.
- 3:141 Moreover, in this way does God purge fault from the believers and obliterate the disbelievers.
- 3:142 Or did you think that you would enter the Garden of Paradise while God has not yet made known who among you has faithfully striven, nor made known those who are truly patient?
- 3:143 And, indeed, you used to long for death in the cause of God, before actually confronting it in combat.
So now you have truly seen it for yourselves and looked upon it.
So endure patiently.
- 3:144 And remember that Muhammad is not other than a Messenger of God.
All the messengers before him have already passed on.
If he dies, or is killed in battle,

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الْحِزْبُ الرَّابِعُ

وَلَا تَهِنُوا وَلَا تَحْزَنُوا ۚ
وَأَنْتُمْ الْأَعْلَوْنَ ۚ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ۚ
إِنْ يَمَسَّكُمْ فَرَحٌ ۚ
فَقَدْ مَسَّ الْقَوْمَ
فَرَحٌ مِثْلُهُ ۚ
وَتِلْكَ الْأَيَّامُ نَدَاوَلْهَا
بَيْنَ النَّاسِ وَلِيَعْلَمَ اللَّهُ
الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَيَتَّخِذَ مِنْكُمْ شُهَدَاءَ
وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ ۚ
وَلِيُمَجِّصَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَيَمْحَقَ الْكَافِرِينَ ۚ
أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ
أَنْ تَدْخُلُوا الْجَنَّةَ
وَلَمَّا يَعْلَمِ اللَّهُ
الَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوا مِنْكُمْ
وَيَعْلَمَ الصَّابِرِينَ ۚ
وَلَقَدْ كُنْتُمْ تَمَنَّوْنَ الْمَوْتَ
مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَلْقَوْهُ
فَقَدْ رَأَيْتُمُوهُ وَأَنْتُمْ نَظَرُونَ
وَمَا مُحَمَّدٌ إِلَّا رَسُولٌ
قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ الرُّسُلُ
أَفَاِنْ مَاتَ أَوْ قُتِلَ

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will you then turn back on your heels
after having faith?

Yet should any one so turn back on his heels,
never would he harm God in anything.

And it is the thankful whom God shall reward.

- 3:145 Nor does any soul ever die,
except by the permission of God,
at the end of a predetermined term.
So whoever desires the reward of this world,
from this shall We give him.

And whoever desires
the reward of the Hereafter,
from this shall We give him.

And it is the thankful whom We shall reward
with great goodness.

- 3:146 And how many a prophet has there been,
alongside of whom
fought many godly followers!
Nor were they ever disheartened
by what afflicted them in the path of God.
Nor did they weaken.

Nor did they seek to surrender.

And God loves those who are patient.

- 3:147 Rather, their only utterance then was to say:
Our Lord! Forgive us our sins,
and our excesses in our affairs.
And set firm our feet.
And grant us victory
over the disbelieving people.

- 3:148 So God gave them the reward of this world
and the most excellent reward of the Hereafter.
For God loves those who excel in doing good.

- 3:149 O you who believe!
Were you to obey the dictates of

أَنْفَلَبْتُمْ عَلَىٰ أَعْقَابِكُمْ

وَمَنْ يَنْفَلِبْ عَلَىٰ عَقِبَيْهِ

فَلَنْ يَضُرَّ اللَّهَ شَيْئًا

وَسَيَجْزِي اللَّهُ

الشَّاكِرِينَ

وَمَا كَانَ لِنَفْسٍ

أَنْ تَمُوتَ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ

كُنَّا مُّوَجَّلًا

وَمَنْ يُرِدْ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا

نُؤْتِهِ مِنْهَا

وَمَنْ يُرِدْ ثَوَابَ الْآخِرَةِ

نُؤْتِيهِ مِنْهَا

وَسَيَجْزِي الشَّاكِرِينَ

وَكَايِن مِّن نَّبِيٍّ

قَاتَلَ مَعَهُ رِيثُونَ كَثِيرٌ

فَمَا وَهَنُوا لِمَا أَصَابَهُمْ

فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

وَمَا ضَعُفُوا وَمَا اسْتَكَانُوا

وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الصَّابِرِينَ

وَمَا كَانَ قَوْلُهُمْ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا

رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا

وَإِسْرَافَنَا فِي أَمْرِنَا

وَكَيْتَ أَقْدَامَنَا وَانصُرْنَا

عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ

فَعَالَهُمُ اللَّهُ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا

وَحَسَنَ ثَوَابِ الْآخِرَةِ

وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

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those who disbelieve, they would cause you
to turn back on your heels ‘after having faith’.

And thus you would turn back
as losers ‘of an everlasting Paradise’.

3:150 Indeed, God ‘alone’ is your patron.

And He is the very best of supporters.

3:151 We shall cast terror in the hearts

of those who disbelieve

for having associated gods with God,

for which He has not sent down any authority.

Moreover, their ‘final’ abode

shall be the Fire ‘of Hell’—

and a most woeful dwelling it is

for the wrongdoers ‘who are godless in heart’!

3:152 And truly God has fulfilled His promise to you
‘of victory at Uhud’.

Behold! You were sweeping them away,

with His permission—

until, suddenly, you grew fainthearted.

And you quarreled about the ‘Prophet’s’ order
‘to hold your positions’.

And you disobeyed it—

as soon as He had shown you what you love
‘of spoils and worldly gain’—

among you being those who desire this world,

and among you being those

who desire the Hereafter.

Thereupon, He turned you away

from ‘routing’ them, that He might test you.

But truly He has pardoned you.

For ever is God benevolent to the believers.

3:153 *Behold!

You were scrambling up ‘the hillsides, fleeing’—

and not looking back for anyone ‘else’!—

while the Messenger was calling ‘out to’ you,

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إِنْ تُطِيعُوا

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

يَرُدُّوكُمْ عَلَىٰ أَعْقَابِكُمْ

فَتَنْقَلِبُوا خَاسِرِينَ

بَلِ اللَّهُ مَوْلَاكُمْ

وَهُوَ خَيْرُ النَّاصِرِينَ

سَنُلْقِي فِي قُلُوبِ

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا الرُّعْبَ

بِمَا أَشْرَكُوا بِاللهِ

مَا لَمْ يُنَزَّلْ بِهِ سُلْطَانًا

وَمَا وَلَهُمْ النَّارُ

وَيَسَّسَ مَثْوَى الظَّالِمِينَ

وَلَقَدْ

صَدَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَعْدَهُ

إِذْ تَحْسَبُونَهُمْ بِأَذْنِهِ

حَقًّا إِذَا فُتِنْتُمْ

وَتَنَزَّعْتُمْ فِي الْأَمْرِ

وَعَصَيْتُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ

مَا أَرْسَلَكُمْ مَا تُحِبُّونَ

مِنْكُمْ مَنْ يُرِيدُ الدُّنْيَا

وَمِنْكُمْ مَنْ يُرِيدُ الْآخِرَةَ

ثُمَّ صَرَّفَكُمُ عَنْهُمْ

لِيَبْتَلِيَكُمْ

وَلَقَدْ عَفَا عَنْكُمْ

وَاللَّهُ ذُو فَضْلٍ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

إِذْ تُصْعِدُونَ

وَلَا تَلُوكُونَ عَلَى أَحَدٍ

وَالرَّسُولُ يَدْعُوكُمْ

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from behind you, to stand firm.

And God sees all things.

Thus He requited you,

with anguish upon anguish,

so that you might learn not to grieve

for whatever gain has escaped you,

nor for whatever loss has stricken you.

And God is all-aware of all that you do.

3:154 Then He sent down upon you,

after the anguish, a sense of security

in the form of a sleepfulness

that came upon a group of you.

Yet a group of you

kept worrying about themselves,

having thoughts about God that are not true—

like the thoughts of the days of ignorance,

saying:

Did we have any choice at all

in undertaking this affair?

Say to them:

Indeed, the whole of every affair

belongs to God alone.

They conceal in their souls

what they do not disclose to you, O Prophet.

They say to themselves:

Had we anything at all to do with this affair,

we would not have fought and our companions

would not have been killed here in this place!

Say to them:

Even if you had been

in your own homes at that time,

still those for whom death by killing

was prescribed

would have issued forth to their death place.

And it is such, so that God may test you

فِيْ اٰخِرَتِكُمْ

فَاَنْتَبِكُمْ عَمَّا فِغَرَ

لِكَيْلًا تَحْزَنُوْا

عَلٰى مَا فَاتَكُمْ

وَلَا مَا اَصَابَكُمْ

وَاللّٰهُ خَبِيْرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُوْنَ

ثُمَّ اَنْزَلَ عَلَيْنَا

مِنْۢ بَعْدِ الْغَمِّ اَمْنًا نَّعَاسًا

يَغْشٰى طَآئِفَةً مِّنْكُمْ

وَطَآئِفَةٌ قَدْ

اَهَمَّتْهُمْ اَنْفُسُهُمْ

يَظُنُّوْنَ بِاللّٰهِ غَيْرَ الْحَقِّ

ظَنَّ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ يَقُوْلُوْنَ

هَلْ لَّنَا مِنَ الْاَمْرِ شَيْءٌ

قُلْ اِنَّ الْاَمْرَ كُلَّهُ لِلّٰهِ

يُخْفُوْنَ فِيْ اَنْفُسِهِمْ

مَا لَا يَبْدُوْنَ لَكَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ

لَوْ كَانَ لَنَا مِنَ الْاَمْرِ شَيْءٌ

مَا قُتِلْنَا هٰهُنَا

قُلْ لَوْ كُنْتُمْ فِيْ بُيُوتِكُمْ لَبَرَزَ

اَلَّذِيْنَ كَتَبَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَتْلُ

اِلٰى مَضَاجِعِهِمْ وَلِيَبْتَلِيَ اللّٰهُ

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as to what conviction is in your breast;
and also that God may purge
whatever sin is in your hearts.
For God is all-knowing of all that is harbored
within the breast of people.

- 3:155 As for those among you
who turned away from their duty
the day the two armies met at Uḥud,
it was Satan who caused them to slip into error
by means of something sinful
they themselves have earned.
Yet truly God has pardoned them.
Indeed, God is all-forgiving, most forbearing.

- 3:156 O you who believe!
Do not be like those who disbelieve
and who say of their brothers
when they tread in the land
or are on a campaign:
Had they remained with us,
they would not have died,
and they would not have been killed.
So does it appear, but only that God
may make it a cause of regret in their hearts.
For it is God alone
who gives life and gives death.
And God is all-seeing of all that you do.
- 3:157 Thus, if you are killed
in the path of God or die in it,
most surely forgiveness from God
and His mercy are far better
than all that they who remain alive
shall amass in the life of this world.
- 3:158 Yet even if you should so die or be killed,
still, you shall most surely

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مَا فِي صُدُورِكُمْ
وَلِيُخَصَّصَ مَا فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ

وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ

بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَوَلَّوْا مِنْكُمْ

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يَوْمَ اتَّفَقَ الْجَمْعَانِ

إِنَّمَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ الشَّيْطَانُ

بِبَعْضِ مَا كَسَبُوا

وَلَقَدْ عَفَا اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

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لَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

وَقَالُوا لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ

إِذَا ضَرَبُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ

أَوْ كَانُوا غُرَى

لَوْ كَانُوا عِنْدَنَا مَا مَاتُوا

وَمَا قَتَلُوا لِيَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ ذَلِكَ

حَسْرَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ

وَاللَّهُ يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ

وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ

وَلَيْنَ قُتِلْتُمْ

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فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَوْ مُتُّمْ

لِمَغْفِرَةٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرَحْمَةٍ

خَيْرٌ مِمَّا يَجْمَعُونَ

وَلَيْنَ مُتُّمْ أَوْ قُتِلْتُمْ

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be assembled before God 'in the Hereafter'.

- 3:159 And so, 'O Muhammad',
it was by the sheer mercy of God
that you were lenient with them
'after their disobedience at Uḥud'.
For had you been harsh and hard-hearted,
then they would have disbanded
from around you.
So pardon them. And seek forgiveness for them.
And take counsel with them
concerning the 'community's' affairs.
Thereafter, if you become resolved
'on a matter, O Muhammad',
then rely upon God 'alone'.
Indeed, God loves those
who rely 'only on Him'.

- 3:160 If God helps you, then none shall defeat you.
But if ever He forsakes you,
then who is it that can help you besides Him?
So upon God 'alone' let the believers rely.
3:161 It is not conceivable that a prophet
would defraud.

For whoever defrauds
shall come on the Day of Resurrection
with whatever he has defrauded.
Then each soul shall be rendered in full
what it has earned—
and never shall they be wronged 'in the least'.

- 3:162 Is one who follows the good pleasure of God
like one who brings upon himself
the wrath of God,
and whose 'final' abode shall be Hell?
And a most woeful destination it is!

- 3:163 They shall be 'arrayed' before God
in ranks 'of ascending grace

لِإِلَى اللَّهِ تُحْشَرُونَ

فَمَا رَحِمَهُ مِنَ اللَّهِ ﴿١٥٩﴾

لَئِنْ لَّهُمْ

وَلَوْ كُنْتَ ظَلًا غَلِيظَ الْقَلْبِ

لَا تَفْضُوا مِنْ حَوْلِكَ

فَاعْفُ عَنْهُمْ وَاسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ

وَسَاوِرُهُمْ فِي الْأَمْرِ

فَإِذَا عَزَمْتَ فَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَوَكِّلِينَ

إِنْ يَنْصُرْكُمْ اللَّهُ ﴿١٦٠﴾

فَلَا غَالِبَ لَكُمْ

وَإِنْ يَخْذُلْكُمْ

فَمَنْ ذَا الَّذِي

يَنْصُرْكُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ ۖ وَعَلَى اللَّهِ

فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ

وَمَا كَانَ لِنَبِيٍّ أَنْ يَغْلُفَ ﴿١٦١﴾

وَمَنْ يَغْلُفْ

يَأْتِ بِمَا عَلَ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

ثُمَّ تَوَفَّى كُلُّ نَفْسٍ

مَا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ

أَفَمَنْ أَتَّبَعَ رِضْوَانُ اللَّهِ ﴿١٦٢﴾

كَمَنْ بَاءَ بِسَخَطٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ

وَمَا وَهُ جَهَنَّمَ

وَيْسَ الْمَصِيرُ

هُمْ دَرَجَاتٌ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ ﴿١٦٣﴾

and descending damnation.

For God is all-seeing of all that they do.

3:164 Truly, God has conferred favor
upon the believers

in sending forth to them a messenger
from among themselves,

‘one’ who recites to them

His verses ‘revealed in the Quran’,

and who purifies them,

and teaches them the ‘Heavenly’ Book

and the wisdom ‘of prophethood’.

Indeed, before ‘this’

they were ‘utterly lost’ in clear misguidance.

3:165 ‘O believers!’

Is it that when an affliction strikes you—

while you have already

afflicted ‘your opponents’

with one twice as great!—

that you say:

How could this be?

‘Rather, say to them, O Prophet:

It is from ‘the doings of’ your own souls.

Indeed, God is powerful over all things.

3:166 Thus what afflicted you

the day the two armies met ‘at Uḥud’

was by the permission of God,

so that God might make known

the ‘true’ believers;

3:167 and that He might make known

those who are hypocrites.

For when it was said to them: Come!

Fight in the path of God,

or defend us ‘against our foes’!

They said:

If we knew ‘with certainty’

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وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ

لَقَدْ مَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٦٤﴾

إِذْ بَعَثَ فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا

مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ

يَتْلُوا عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتِهِ

وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ

الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ

وَإِنْ كَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ

لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ

أَوَلَمَّْا أَصَابَتْكُمْ مُصِيبَةٌ ﴿١٦٥﴾

قَدْ أَصَابَتْكُمْ مِثْلِهَا

قُلْتُمْ أَنَّى هَذَا

قُلْ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ أَنْفُسِكُمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ

عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

وَمَا أَصَابَكُمْ ﴿١٦٦﴾

يَوْمَ اتَّخَذَ الْجَمْعَانِ

فِيَاذَنْ اللَّهُ وَلِيَعْلَمَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَلِيَعْلَمَ الَّذِينَ نَافَقُوا ﴿١٦٧﴾

وَقِيلَ لَهُمْ تَعَالَوْا قَاتِلُوا

فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَوْ ادْفَعُوا

قَالُوا لَوْ نَعْلَمُ

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that there will be fighting,
 we certainly would follow you
 'to the battlefield'.
 On that day,
 they were closer to unbelief than to belief.
 They say with their mouths
 what is not in their hearts.
 And God knows best what they suppress.

3:168 They are the ones who said of their brothers,
 while they themselves stayed behind:

Had they obeyed us,
 they would not have been killed!
 Say to them:

Then thrust death away from yourselves,
 if you are truthful.

3:169 And do not think those
 killed in the path of God are dead.
 Rather, they are alive, with their Lord,
 being provided for,
 3:170 rejoicing in what God has given them
 from His bounty.

Moreover, they are 'gladdened
 by 'the prospects of' those 'believers'
 who have not 'yet' joined them,
 who remain behind 'in the world'.
 For they know
 that there shall be no fear upon them
 'when they assemble for Judgment'.
 Nor shall they ever grieve
 'over the life of the world'.

3:171 * They are gladdened
 by the grace and great favor of God,
 and that God, indeed,
 does not neglect the reward of the believers:
 3:172 The ones who have answered 'the summons

وَقَالَا لَا تَتَّبِعُنَا
 هُمُ الْكَافِرُونَ
 أَقْرَبُ مِنْهُمْ لِلْإِيمَانِ
 يَقُولُونَ بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ
 مَا لَيْسَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ
 وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَكْتُمُونَ
 (١٦٨) الَّذِينَ قَالُوا لِأَخْوَانِهِمْ وَقَعَدُوا
 لَوْ أَطَاعُونَا مَا قُتِلُوا
 قُلْ فَأَدْرَأُوا
 عَنْ أَنْفُسِكُمُ الْمَوْتَ
 إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
 (١٦٩) وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ قُتِلُوا
 فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَمْوَاتًا
 بَلْ أَحْيَاءُ
 عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ يُرْزَقُونَ
 (١٧٠) فَرِحِينَ بِمَا
 آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
 وَيَسْتَبْشِرُونَ بِالَّذِينَ
 لَمْ يَلْحَقُوا بِهِمْ مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ
 أَلَّا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ
 وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ
 (١٧١) يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ
 بِنِعْمَةِ اللَّهِ وَفَضْلِهِ
 وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ
 لَا يُضِيعُ أَجْرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

- of God and the Messenger
 to press on in pursuit of the aggressors—
 even after they themselves
 had been stricken with wounds.
 For such of them as have excelled
 in doing good and have been God-fearing,
 there is a magnificent reward awaiting;
 3:173 the ones to whom the faithless people said:
 Indeed, the people have amassed against you.
 So be fearful of them!
 This, then, only increased them in faith.
 Thus they said to them:
 God is sufficient for us.
 And He is the most excellent Guardian!
 3:174 So they returned from pursuing the aggressors
 with the grace of God and His great favor,
 untouched by any evil.
 For they had followed the good pleasure
 of God.
 And God alone
 is the Possessor of Magnificent Bounty.
 3:175 Indeed, that voice of despair
 is only from Satan,
 prompting your hearts with fear of his patrons.
 So do not fear them.
 But fear Me, if, indeed, you are believers!
 3:176 O Messenger!
 Do not let those factions
 bent on racing one another into unbelief
 grieve you:
 Never shall they harm God in anything at all.
 God intends not to assign to them
 any good portion in the Hereafter.
 And for them,
 there is a great torment awaiting.

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الَّذِينَ اسْتَجَابُوا لِرَبِّهِمْ وَالرُّسُولِ ١٧٣
 مِنْ بَعْدِ
 مَا اَصَابَهُمُ الْقَرْحُ
 لِلَّذِينَ احْسَنُوا مِنْهُمْ وَاَنْتَفَوْا
 اَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ
 الَّذِينَ قَالَتْ لَهُمُ النَّاسُ ١٧٤
 اِنَّ النَّاسَ قَدْ جَمَعُوا لَكُمْ
 فَاَخْشَوْهُمْ فَرَادَهُمْ اِيْمَانًا
 وَقَالُوا حَسْبُنَا اللّٰهُ
 وَنِعْمَ الْوَكِيلُ
 فَانْقَلَبُوا بِنِعْمَةِ رَبِّهِمْ اِلَى اللّٰهِ ١٧٥
 وَفَضَّلَ لَهُمْ يَمَسُّهُمْ سُوءٌ
 وَاتَّبَعُوا رِضْوَانَ اللّٰهِ
 وَاللّٰهُ ذُو فَضْلٍ عَظِيمٍ
 اِنَّمَا ذَلِكُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ ١٧٦
 يُخَوِّفُ اَوْلِيَآءَهُ
 فَلَا تَخَافُوهُمْ وَخَافُوا رَبَّ
 اِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُّؤْمِنِينَ
 وَلَا يَحْزَنُكَ ١٧٧
 الَّذِينَ يُسْرِعُونَ فِي الْكُفْرِ
 اِنَّهُمْ لَنْ يَصْرِوْا اِلَّا شَيْعًا
 يُرِيدُ اللّٰهُ اَلَّا يَجْعَلَ لَهُمْ
 حِظًّا فِي الْاٰخِرَةِ

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- 3:177 Indeed, those who have purchased unbelief
 'at the cost of' belief
 shall never harm God in anything.
 For them, moreover,
 there is a most painful torment 'awaiting'.
- 3:178 Then let not those who disbelieve
 think that the respite We 'now' grant them
 is good for their souls.
 Indeed, We grant them respite
 only that they may increase in sin.
 For them, moreover,
 there is a disgracing torment 'awaiting'.
- 3:179 Never will God leave 'you' believers
 in the state 'of vulnerability' you are in,
 'with hypocrites in your midst,
 but only' until He sets apart 'through trial'
 those who are corrupt 'in faith'
 from those who are good.
 Nor will God let you 'believers'
 look into the 'realms of the' unseen
 'to know who is faithful and who is not'.
 But rather, God chooses from His messengers
 whomever He so wills 'for this end'.
 So believe in God
 and His messengers, 'unfailingly'.
 And if you so believe and are God-fearing,
 then for you
 there is a magnificent reward 'awaiting'.
- 3:180 Nor let those who are miserly
 with what God has given them of His bounty
 think that it is good for them.
 Rather, it is evil for them.
 What they stingily withhold
 shall be hung about their necks
 on the Day of Resurrection.

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ
 إِنَّ الَّذِينَ اشْتَرُوا
 الْكُفْرَ بِالْإِيمَانِ
 لَنْ يَضُرُّوا اللَّهَ شَيْئًا
 وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
 وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 أَنَّمَا نُؤْتِيهِمْ خَيْرٌ لَّأَنفُسِهِمْ
 إِنَّمَا نُؤْتِيهِمْ
 لِيَزْدَادُوا إِثْمًا
 وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُهِينٌ
 مَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيَذَرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
 عَلَى مَا أَنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ حَتَّى يَمِيزَ
 الْخَبِيثَ مِنَ الطَّيِّبِ
 وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ
 لِيُطْلِعَكُمْ عَلَى الْغَيْبِ
 وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يَجْتَبِي
 مِنْ رُسُلِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
 فَتَأْمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ
 وَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا وَتَقَفُوا
 فَلَكُمْ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ
 وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ يَبْخُلُونَ
 بِمَا آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
 هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّهُمْ بَلْ هُوَ شَرٌّ لَّهُمْ
 سَيُطَوَّقُونَ مَا بَخُلُوا بِهِ
 يَوْمَ الْفَيْصَمَةِ

- For to God alone
belongs the 'inevitable' heritage
of the heavens and the earth.
For God is all-aware of all that you do.
- 3:181 Truly God has heard the statement
of those who 'mockingly' said:
Most surely God is poor, and we are rich!
We shall inscribe what they have said—
along with their 'condoning'
of the 'killing of the prophets without any right!
Then We shall say to them in the Hereafter:
Taste the 'everlasting' torment of burning!
- 3:182 That is 'the recompense' for all 'the evil'
that your own hands
have advanced 'in the world'—
and never does God wrong 'His' servants
'in the least'.
- 3:183 There are others, as well, who have said:
Indeed, God has made a covenant with us
that we shall not believe
in any messenger until he brings us an offering
that shall be consumed by fire.
Say to them:
Truly, messengers have come to you
before me 'from God'—
with clear 'and miraculous' proofs—
and with 'the fulfillment'
of 'what you have 'now' said.
Why, then, did you kill them,
if you are truthful?
- 3:184 So if they have belied you, 'O Muhammad,
then do not grieve'.
For messengers before you
have been belied 'by them'.
They came 'to them'

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وَلِلّٰهِ مِيرَاثُ
السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ
وَاللّٰهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ
لَّقَدْ سَمِعَ اللّٰهُ
قَوْلَ الَّذِيْنَ قَالُوْا
اِنَّ اللّٰهَ فَقِيْرٌ وَنَحْنُ اَغْنِيَاۗهُ
سَتَكْنُتُۢ مَا قَالُوْا
وَقَتْلُهُمُ الْاَنْبِيَاۗءَ
بِعَدْوٍ حَقٍّ وَّنَقُوْلُ
ذُوْۤقُوْا عَذَابَ الْحَرِيْقِ
ذٰلِكَ بِمَا قَدَّمْتُمْ اَيْدِيَكُمْ
وَاَنَّ اللّٰهَ
لَيْسَ بِظَلٰمٍ لِّلْعٰسِيْنَ
الَّذِيْنَ قَالُوْا
اِنَّ اللّٰهَ عٰهَدَ اِلَيْنَا
اَلَا نُوْمِنُ لِرَسُوْلٍ
حَتّٰى يَّاْتِنَاۤ بِقُرْاٰنٍ
تَاْكُلُهٗ النَّارُ كُلُّهَا
قَدْ جَآءَكُمْ رُسُلٌ مِّنْ قَبْلِيْ
بِالْبَيِّنٰتِ وَاِلٰذٰى قُلْتُمْ
فَلِمَ قَتَلْتُمُوْهُمْ
اِنْ كُنْتُمْ صٰدِقِيْنَ
فَاِنْ كَذَّبُوْكَ
فَقَدْ كَذَّبَ رُسُلٌ مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ

with clear and miraculous proofs from God—
along with revealed Writs,
and the Illuminating Scripture.

- 3:185 Every single soul shall taste death.
And you shall all be rendered in full
your rewards on the Day of Resurrection.
So whoever is removed
far from the Fire of Hell and is admitted
to the Garden of Paradise,
truly he has triumphed.
For the life of this world is nothing
but the mere enjoyment of a delusion.
- 3:186 * You shall most surely be tested
in your wealth and in your persons.
And you shall most surely hear
many hurtful things
from those who have been given the Scripture
before you and from those
who have associated gods with God.
But if you remain patient and be God-fearing,
great shall be your reward.
For, indeed, these are among
the foremost commandments of God
that must be kept with diligent resolve.
- 3:187 And behold!
God took the covenant
of those who were given the Scripture, saying:
You shall make its message clear to the people.
And you shall not suppress it.
But they cast it behind their backs.
And sold it for a small price.
How woeful
is what they have purchased with it!

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الْحَزْنَةُ الرَّابِعُ

جَاءَهُ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ وَالزُّبُرِ

وَالْكِتَابِ الْمُنِيرِ

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَائِقَةُ الْمَوْتِ ﴿١٨٥﴾

وَلَكُمْ تَوْفَؤُكُم

أَجُورَكُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

فَمَنْ دُخِيَ عَنِ النَّارِ

وَأُدْخِلَ الْجَنَّةَ فَقَدْ فَازَ

وَمَا الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا

إِلَّا لَهْوٌ مُتَعٍ

لَتُبْلَوُنَّ فِي ﴿١٨٦﴾

أَمْوَالِكُمْ وَأَنْفُسِكُمْ

وَلَتَسْمَعُنَّ مِنَ الَّذِينَ

أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ

مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ

وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا

أَذَى كَثِيرًا

وَإِنْ تَصْبِرُوا وَتَتَّقُوا

فَإِنَّ ذَلِكَ

مِنْ عَزْمِ الْأُمُورِ

وَلِإِذْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ ﴿١٨٧﴾

مِيثَاقَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ

لَتُبَيِّنُنَّهُ لِلنَّاسِ وَلَا تَكْتُمُونَهُ

فَنَبَذُوهُ وَرَاءَ ظُهُورِهِمْ

وَأَشْرَوْا بِهِ مِمَّا قَلِيلًا

فَبِئْسَ مَا يَشْتَرُونَ

سُورَةُ الْاِٰمْرٰنِ

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- 3:188 Do not think that those who exult
in 'abominable acts' that they have done,
and who love to be praised
for what they have not done—
do not think that they shall ever
be safe from torment 'in this life'.
And for them 'in the Hereafter',
there shall be a most painful torment.
- 3:189 For to God 'alone' belongs all dominion
over the heavens and the earth.
And God is powerful over all things.
- 3:190 Indeed, in the creation
of the heavens and the earth
and in the alternation
of the night and the daylight
are signs 'of God's creative power'
for those who are endowed
with 'discretion and' understanding
'and so heed admonition':
- 3:191 The ones who remember God 'with reverence'
while standing and while sitting
and while lying on their sides;
and who reflect on the creation
of the heavens and the earth,
'saying': Our Lord!
You have not created 'all' this in vain.
Highly exalted are You 'far above all'!
So save us from the torment of the Fire 'of Hell'.
- 3:192 Our Lord!
Indeed, whoever You commit
to the Fire 'of Hell',
truly You have disgraced him.
And for the wrongdoers
'who are godless in heart',
there shall not be any helpers

لَا تَحْسَبَنَّ
الَّذِينَ يَفْرَحُونَ بِمَا آتَوْا
وَيُحِبُّونَ أَنْ يُحْمَدُوا
بِمَا لَمْ يَفْعَلُوا فَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّهُمْ
بِمَقَارِقٍ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ
وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

وَلِلَّهِ مُلْكُ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

إِنَّ فِي خَلْقِ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَإِخْتِلَافِ اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ
لَآيَاتٍ لِّأُولِي الْأَلْبَابِ
الَّذِينَ يَذْكُرُونَ اللَّهَ
قِيَمًا وَقُعُودًا
وَعَلَى جُنُوبِهِمْ
وَيَتَفَكَّرُونَ فِي خَلْقِ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
رَبَّنَا مَا خَلَقْتَ هَذَا بَطْلًا
سُبْحَنَكَ فَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ

رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ مَنْ تَدْخِلِ النَّارَ
فَقَدْ أَخْرَجْنَاهُ

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to deliver them from it.

3:193 Our Lord!

We have heard a caller calling to faith, saying:

Believe in your Lord! So we have believed.

Our Lord! Forgive us our sins.

And absolve us of our misdeeds.

And take our souls

while we are among the virtuous.

3:194 Our Lord!

And give us what You have promised us
through Your messengers.

And do not disgrace us
on the Day of Resurrection.

Indeed, You do not fail to fulfill
the promise You make.

3:195 Thus their Lord has answered them:

I do not neglect the deeds of anyone of you
who works, whether male or female.

You are of one another.

So those who have emigrated

for the sake of God

and who have been expelled from their homes

and who have suffered harm in My path

and who fought against persecution

and were killed—

I shall absolve them all of their misdeeds.

Moreover, I shall admit them

into Gardens beneath which rivers flow—

a reward from God.

And with God is the most excellent reward.

3:196 Do not let the unrestrained mobility
of the disbelievers in the land delude you.

3:197 It is small enjoyment!

Thereafter, their abode shall be Hell—

وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ أَنْصَارٍ

رَبَّنَا إِنَّا سَمِعْنَا

مُنَادِيًا يَدْعُو إِلَى الْإِيمَانِ

أَن آءَامِنُوا بِرَبِّكُمْ فَآمَنَّا

رَبَّنَا فَاعْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا

وَكُفِّرْ عَنَّا سَيِّئَاتِنَا

وَتَوَفَّنَا مَعَ الْأَبْرَارِ

رَبَّنَا وَآءِإِنَّا

مَا وَعَدْتَنَا عَلَى رُسُلِكَ

وَلَا تُخْزِنَا يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

إِنَّكَ لَا تَخْلِفُ الْمِيعَادَ

فَأَسْتَجَابَ لَهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ

أَنِّي لَا أَضِيعُ

عَمَلٌ عَمِلَ مِنْكُمْ

مِنْ ذَكَرٍ أَوْ أُنْثَى

بَعْضُكُمْ مِنْ بَعْضٍ

فَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوا

وَأُخْرِجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ

وَأُودُوا فِي سَبِيلِي

وَقُتِلُوا وَقَاتِلُوا

لَأَكْفِّرَنَّ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ

وَلَأُدْخِلَنَّهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

ثَوَابًا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ

وَاللَّهُ عِنْدَهُ حُسْنُ الثَّوَابِ

لَا يَغُرُّكَ تَقَلُّبُ

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فِي الْبِلَادِ

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- and a most woeful cradle 'it is'!
- 3:198 But 'as to' those who fear their Lord,
for them there are Gardens
beneath which rivers flow
wherein they shall abide forever—
an 'everlasting' hospitality 'extended' from God.
And all that is with God
is most surely 'far' better for the virtuous.
- 3:199 Now, indeed,
there are among the People of the Scripture
those who believe in God
and 'in' what has been sent down to you
and 'in' what has been sent down to them,
humbling themselves before God.
They do not sell the 'revealed' signs of God
for a small price.
For these, their reward is with their Lord 'in full'.
Indeed, God is swift in reckoning.
- 3:200 O you who believe! Be patient.
And have outlasting patience.
And be ever at the ready.
And be ever God-fearing,
so that you may be successful.

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مَتَّعٌ قَلِيلٌ ﴿١٩٧﴾
ثُمَّ مَا وَطَّئَهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ
وَبِئْسَ الْمِهَادُ
لَكِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا رَبَّهُمْ ﴿١٩٨﴾
لَهُمْ جَنَّاتُ
تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا
نُزُلًا مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
وَمَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لِّلْآبَرَارِ
وَإِنَّ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ ﴿١٩٩﴾
لَمَنْ يُّؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ
وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ
وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِمْ
خَاشِعِينَ لِلَّهِ
لَا يَشْتَرُونَ بِعَآيِدَتِ اللَّهِ
ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا أُولَٰئِكَ
لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ
عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ
يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
أَصْبِرُوا وَاصْبِرُوا وَرَاطِبُوا
وَأَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٢٠٠﴾

Surah 4 / 176 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Nisâ'

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 4:1 O humankind!
 Be ever God-fearing, 'conscious' of your Lord
 who created 'all of' you from a single soul—
 and from it created its mate,
 and from them both spread 'abroad'
 many men and women.
 So fear God,
 in whose name you ask 'consideration'
 of one another.
 And, therefore, 'be dutiful to' kindred.
 For, indeed, ever is God vigilant
 over 'all of' you.
- 4:2 Moreover, restore to orphans their wealth
 'when they attain maturity'.
 Nor shall you substitute 'your' tainted 'wealth'
 for their wholesome 'wealth'.
 Nor shall you consume their wealth
 with your own wealth,
 for it is, indeed, a great offense.
- 4:3 Thus if you 'men' fear
 that in 'marrying' orphaned females
 you may not act with justice,
 then marry 'other' women

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ اتَّقُوا رَبَّكُمُ
 الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ نَفْسٍ وَاحِدَةٍ
 وَخَلَقَ مِنْهَا زَوْجَهَا وَبَثَّ مِنْهُمَا
 رِجَالًا كَثِيرًا وَنِسَاءً
 وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
 الَّذِي تَسَاءَلُونَ بِهِ وَالْأَرْحَامَ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَيْكُمْ رَقِيبًا
 وَءَاتُوا الْيَتَامَىٰ أَمْوَالَهُمْ
 وَلَا تَبَدِّلُوا الْخَيْثَ بِالْخَيْثِ
 وَلَا تَأْكُلُوا أَمْوَالَهُمْ إِلَىٰ أَمْوَالِكُمْ
 إِنَّهُ كَانَ حُوبًا كَبِيرًا
 وَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ
 أَلَّا تُقْسِطُوا فِي الْيَتَامَىٰ

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that seem good to you—

up to two, or three, or four.

Yet if you fear that you will not be equitable
between them, then marry only one.

Or consider those

whom your hands may rightfully attain to.

This is most befitting

to ensure that you will not be unfair.

4:4 Moreover, give the women whom you marry
their rightful marriage present, unconditionally.

Yet if they are pleased

to give something of it to you,

then enjoy it salubriously, pleasantly.

4:5 But do not give those

who are mentally incompetent your wealth,
for God has assigned you

to maintain this yourselves.

Rather, provide for them from it.

And clothe them.

And say to them

a gracious and comforting word.

4:6 Therefore, test the judgment of the orphans
in your care,

until they reach the age of marriage.

And when you recognize

mature judgment in them,

then hand over their wealth to them.

Nor shall you consume it in wasteful spending,

or in haste,

for fear they will grow up and claim it.

Moreover,

if the one who is the orphan's guardian is rich,
then let him abstain from it entirely.

But if one is poor, then let him consume of it
only in accordance with what is right.

فَأَنْكِحُوا مَا طَابَ لَكُمْ

مِنَ النِّسَاءِ مَتَى

وَأُولَئِكَ وَرَبِّعُ

فَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ أَلَّا تَعْدِلُوا فَوَاحِدَةً

أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ

ذَلِكَ أَذَىٰ أَلَّا تَعُولُوا

وَأَتُوا النِّسَاءَ صَدُقَتَيْنِ نَحْلَةً

فَإِنْ طِبْنَ لَكُمْ

عَنْ شَيْءٍ مِنْهُ نَفْسًا

فَكُلُوهُ هَنِيئًا مَرِيئًا

وَلَا تُؤْتُوا السُّفَهَاءَ أَمْوَالَكُمُ

الَّتِي جَعَلَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ قِيَمًا

وَارْزُقُوهُمْ فِيهَا وَاكْسُوهُمْ

وَقُولُوا لَهُمْ قَوْلًا مَعْرُوفًا

وَابْتَلُوا الْيَتَامَىٰ

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا بَلَغُوا النِّكَاحَ

فَإِنْ ءَانَسْتُمْ مِنْهُمْ زُجْدًا

فَادْفَعُوا إِلَيْهِمْ أَمْوَالَهُمْ

وَلَا تَأْكُلُوهَا إِسْرَافًا وَبِدَارًا

أَنْ يَكْبَرُوا

وَمَنْ كَانَ غَنِيًّا فَلْيَسْتَعْفِفْ

وَمَنْ كَانَ فَقِيرًا

فَلْيَأْكُلْ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ

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And when you hand over their wealth to them,
then bring witnesses before them to attest to it.
Yet sufficient is God as a just reckoner.

- 4:7 For men, there shall be a portion
of what parents and nearest relatives
leave behind in death.
And for women, there shall be a portion
of what parents and nearest relatives
leave behind.
Whatever there is of it, be it little or much,
there shall be
an obligatory apportionment made.
- 4:8 Moreover, when close relatives,
or orphans, or the indigent
attend the division of inheritance,
provide for them out of it.
Moreover, say to them
a gracious and comforting word.
- 4:9 And let those, who were they themselves
to leave behind them helpless children—
for whom they would be fearful—
beware of God!
Thus let them fear God
and say a forthright word
to uphold the inheritance rights
of orphans and others.
- 4:10 Indeed, those who consume
the wealth of the orphan unjustly
are only consuming fire into their bellies.
For they shall roast in a flaming fire in Hell.
- 4:11 God hereby enjoins you
concerning your children's inheritance:
To the male heir

فَإِذَا دَفَعْتُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ أَمْوَالَهُمْ
فَاشْهَدُوا عَلَيْهِمْ
وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ حَسِيبًا

لِلرِّجَالِ نَصِيبٌ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ

الْوَالِدَانِ وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ

وَلِلنِّسَاءِ نَصِيبٌ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ

الْوَالِدَانِ وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ

مِمَّا قَلَّ مِنْهُ أَوْ كَثُرَ

نَصِيبًا مَّفْرُوضًا

وَإِذَا حَضَرَ الْقِسْمَةَ

أُولُوا الْقُرْبَىٰ

وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالْمَسْكِينُ

فَارْزُقُوهُمْ مِنْهُ

وَقُولُوا لَهُمْ قَوْلًا مَعْرُوفًا

وَلْيَخْشَ الَّذِينَ لَوْ تَرَكَوْا

مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّتَهُمْ ضَعْفًا

خَافُوا عَلَيْهِمْ فَلْيَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ

وَلْيَقُولُوا قَوْلًا سَدِيدًا

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَأْكُلُونَ

أَمْوَالَ الْيَتَامَىٰ ظُلْمًا

إِنَّمَا يَأْكُلُونَ

فِي بُطُونِهِمْ نَارًا

وَسَيَصْلَوْنَ سَعِيرًا

يُوصِيكُمُ اللَّهُ

فِي أَوْلَادِكُمْ لِلرِّجَالِ

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goes a portion like that of two females.
 But if there are only females—two or more—
 then to them go two-thirds
 of what he who is deceased leaves behind.
 But if there is only one daughter,
 then to her goes one-half.
 And as to his parents, to each one of them,
 goes one-sixth of what he leaves behind,
 if he has children.
 But if he does not have children,
 and his only heirs are his parents,
 then to his mother goes one-third.
 Yet if he has brothers or sisters,
 then to his mother goes one-sixth,
 after any testament he bequeaths
 is apportioned or any debt is paid.

Behold!

They are your parents and your children.

Yet you do not know
 which one of them is rightfully closer
 as a benefactor to you.

This injunction of inheritance
 is an obligation from God.

Indeed, ever is God all-knowing, all-wise.

- 4:12 *And as to you men, there goes one-half
 of what your wives leave behind,
 if they do not have children.
 But if they have children,
 then to you goes one-fourth
 of what they leave behind,
 after any testament they bequeath
 is apportioned or any debt is paid.

لِّلذَّكَرِ مِثْلُ حَظِّ الْأُنثِيَيْنِ
 فَإِنْ كُنَّ نِسَاءً فَوْقَ اثْنَتَيْنِ
 فَلَهُنَّ ثُلُثَا مَا تَرَكَ
 وَإِنْ كَانَتْ وَاحِدَةً
 فَلَهَا النِّصْفُ وَلِأَبَوَيْهِ
 لِكُلِّ وَاحِدٍ مِّنْهُمَا السُّدُسُ
 مِمَّا تَرَكَ إِنْ كَانَ لَهُ وَلَدٌ
 فَإِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ وَلَدٌ
 وَوَرِثَتُهُ آبَاؤُهُ فَلِأُمِّهِ الثُّلُثُ
 فَإِنْ كَانَ لَهُ إِخْوَةٌ
 فَلِأُمِّهِ السُّدُسُ
 مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ
 يُوصِي بِهَا أَوْ دَيْنٍ
 ءَابَاؤُكُمْ وَأَبْنَاؤُكُمْ
 لَا تَدْرُونَ
 أَيُّهُمْ أَقْرَبُ لَكُمْ نَفْعًا
 فَرِيضَةٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ
 إِنْ اللَّهُ كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا
 وَلَكُمْ نِصْفُ
 مَا تَرَكَ أَزْوَاجُكُمْ
 إِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُنَّ وَلَدٌ
 فَإِنْ كَانَ لَهُنَّ وَلَدٌ
 فَلَكُمْ الرُّبُعُ
 مِمَّا تَرَكَنَّ
 مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ
 يُوصِيْنَ بِهَا أَوْ دَيْنٍ

And to them 'goes' one-fourth
of what you 'husbands' leave 'behind',
if you do not have children.
But if you have children,
then to them 'goes' one-eighth
of what you leave 'behind',
after any testament you bequeath
'is apportioned' or any debt 'is paid'.

And if a man or a woman is to be inherited
by a non-lineal heir
while having a 'uterine' brother or sister,
then to each one of them 'goes' one-sixth.
But if they 'number' more than two,
then they 'all' share 'equally' in one-third,
after any testament one bequeaths
'is apportioned' or any debt 'is paid' —
without causing 'anyone' harm.
This is an enjoinder from God.
And God is all-knowing, most forbearing.

- 4:13 These are the ordained limits of God.
And whoever obeys God and His Messenger,
He shall admit him
into Gardens beneath which rivers flow
to abide therein forever.
And that is the magnificent triumph!
- 4:14 But whoever disobeys God and His Messenger,
and transgresses His ordained limits,
He will commit him to a 'blazing' Fire 'in Hell',
wherein he shall abide forever.
And for 'the likes of' him
a disgracing torment 'awaits'.

- 4:15 As to those of your women

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الْحِزْبُ الرَّابِعُ

وَلَهُمْ الرُّبُعُ مِمَّا تَرَكْتُمْ
إِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَكُمْ وَلَدٌ
فَإِنْ كَانَ لَكُمْ وَلَدٌ
فَلَهُنَّ الثَّمَنُ مِمَّا تَرَكْتُمْ
مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّتِي
تُوصُونَ بِهَا أَوْ دِينَ
وَإِنْ كَانَتْ رَجُلٌ
يُورِثُ كَلَّةً أَوْ امْرَأَةً
وَلَهُ أَخٌ أَوْ أُخْتٌ
فَلَكَلَّ وَاحِدٍ مِّنْهُمَا الشُّدُوسُ
فَإِنْ كَانُوا
أَكْثَرَ مِنْ ذَلِكَ
فَهُمْ شُرَكَاءُ فِي الثُّلُثِ
مِنْ بَعْدِ وَصِيَّتِي
يُوصِي بِهَا أَوْ دِينَ
غَيْرِ مُضَارٍّ
وَصِيَّةٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَلِيمٌ

١٣ تِلْكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ
وَمَنْ يُطِيعِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
يُدْخِلْهُ جَنَّاتٍ
تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا
الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا
وَذَٰلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ
وَمَنْ يَعْصِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
وَيَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَهُ
يُدْخِلْهُ نَارًا خَالِدًا فِيهَا
وَلَهُ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ
وَالَّذِي يَأْتِيكَ الْفَقْصَةُ
مِنْ نِّسَائِكَ

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١٥

who commit illicit sexual intercourse,
 you shall call against them
 four eyewitnesses to the very act
 from among yourselves.
 Thus if these so bear witness,
 then confine such women
 within designated homes
 until death takes them,
 or until God decrees in His Book
 a different means of discipline for them.

- 4:16 As to the two parties among you
 who commit this offense,
 you shall punish them both.
 Then if they repent and do righteousness,
 turn aside from them
 and punish them no more.

Indeed, ever is God
 all-relenting, mercy-giving.

- 4:17 Yet there is acceptance of repentance with God
 only for those who do evil out of ignorance
 then repent soon after.

It is to such as these whom God
 will grant repentance.

And ever is God all-knowing, all-wise.

- 4:18 But there is no repentance for those
 who continue to do great sins—
 until, when death approaches one of them,
 he says:

I do, indeed, repent now!

Nor is there repentance for those who die
 while they are disbelievers.

For such as these, We have made ready
 a most painful torment.

- 4:19 O you who believe!

سُورَةُ النِّسَاءِ

الجزء الرابع

فَاسْتَشْهِدُوا عَلَيْهِمْ
 اَرْبَعَةً مِنْكُمْ
 فَاِنْ شَهِدُوا فَاَمْسِكُوهُمْ
 فِي الْبُيُوتِ
 حَتَّى يَتَوَفَّيَهُنَّ الْمَوْتُ
 اَوْ يَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ لَهُنَّ سَبِيلًا
 وَالَّذَانِ يَأْتِيَنِهَا مِنْكُمْ
 فَعَاذُوهُمَا

فَاِنْ تَابَا وَاصْلَحَا
 فَاَعْرِضُوا عَنْهُمَا ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
 كَانَ تَوَّابًا رَحِيمًا
 إِنَّمَا التَّوْبَةُ عَلَى اللَّهِ

لِلَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ السُّوءَ بِجَهْلَةٍ
 ثُمَّ يُتُوبُونَ مِنْ قَرِيبٍ
 فَأُولَئِكَ يَتُوبُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ
 وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا

وَلَيْسَتِ التَّوْبَةُ لِلَّذِينَ
 يَعْمَلُونَ السَّيِّئَاتِ حَتَّى
 إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَهُمُ الْمَوْتُ

قَالَ إِنِّي تَبْتُ أَلَنْ
 وَلَا الَّذِينَ يَمُوتُونَ
 وَهُمْ كُفَّارٌ

أُولَئِكَ أَعْتَدْنَا لَهُمْ
 عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
 لَا يَحِلُّ لَكُمْ

سُورَةُ النِّسَاءِ

الجزء الرابع

It is not lawful for you
to inherit like mere objects
the women of your deceased;
nor to hold them forcibly
in order to have their wealth.
Nor shall you impede them from marriage,
in order for you to take away anything
of whatever possessions you have given them,
except when they commit flagrant indecency.
So consort with them only in accordance
with what is right and honorable.
And should you come to detest them
after marrying them, then, behold:
It may be that you detest something
and God will place therein much goodness.

4:20 Moreover,
if you intend a substitution of one wife
in place of another wife
and you have given one of them
as much as a heap of gold in dowry,
then you shall not take back
anything at all from it.
Will you take it by way of calumny
and clear sin?

4:21 And how could you take it back
when you have consorted intimately
with each other,
and when they have taken from you
a most solemn covenant of marriage?

4:22 Moreover, you shall not marry those women
whom your fathers have married before.
Excepted from this proscription
is what has already taken place in the past.
It is, indeed, lewdness,

أَنْ تَرِثُوا النِّسَاءَ كَرِثَتِ
وَلَا تَعْضُلُوهُنَّ أَنْ تَنْكِحُوا
بَعْضَ مَا آتَيْتُمُوهُنَّ
إِلَّا أَنْ يَأْتِيَنَّ
بِفَاحِشَةٍ مُبِينَةٍ
وَعَاشِرُوهُنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
فَإِنْ كَرِهْتُمُوهُنَّ
فَعَسَى أَنْ تَكْرَهُوا شَيْئًا
وَيَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ فِيهِ
خَيْرًا كَثِيرًا
وَلِإِنْ أَرَدْتُمْ أَنْ تُبَدِّلُوا
زَوْجَ مَكَاتٍ زَوْجٍ
وَأَنْتُمْ إِحْدَاهُنَّ قَنَاطِرًا
فَلَا تَأْخُذُوا مِنْهُ شَيْئًا
أَتَأْخُذُونَ بِهِتِنَا
وَإِنَّمَا مُبِينَا
وَكَيفَ تَأْخُذُونَ؟
وَقَدْ أَفْضَى
بَعْضُكُمْ إِلَى بَعْضٍ
وَأَخَذْتُمْ مِنْكُمْ
مِيثَاقًا غَلِيظًا
وَلَا تَنْكِحُوا
مَا نَكَحَ آبَاؤُكُمْ
مِنَ النِّسَاءِ
إِلَّا مَا قَدْ سَلَفَ
إِنَّهُ كَانَ فَاحِشَةً
وَمَقْتًا وَسَاءَ سَبِيلًا

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٢٢

and 'utterly' abhorrent, and an evil way.
 4:23 Forbidden to you 'in marriage, as well,'
 are your mothers,
 and your daughters,
 and your sisters,
 and your paternal aunts,
 and your maternal aunts,
 and the daughters of a brother,
 and the daughters of a sister,
 and your foster-mothers—
 who have nursed you—
 and your sisters through nursing,
 and the mothers of your wives,
 and your step-daughters
 who are in your 'foster' care
 from your wives with whom
 you have consummated 'marriage'.
 But if you 'divorce them
 while you' have not yet
 consummated 'marriage' with them,
 then there is no blame on you
 'in marrying their daughters'.
 Furthermore, the spouses of your sons
 from your own loins
 'are forbidden to you in marriage'
 as is having two sisters 'as wives' together.
 Excepted from this proscription
 is what has already 'taken place in the' past.
 Indeed, ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
 4:24 *Also forbidden to you
 are presently 'wedded women,
 excepting those whom your hands
 may rightfully 'come to' attain to.
 Such is the prescribed law of God.
 'It is' binding upon you.

يُنَافِقُ الزَّانِيَةَ

الجزء الخامس

حُرِّمَتْ عَلَيْكُمْ
 أُمَّهَاتُكُمْ وَبَنَاتُكُمْ
 وَأَخَوَاتُكُمْ
 وَعَمَّنَّتُكُمْ وَحَمَلَاتُكُمْ
 وَبَنَاتُ الْأَخِ وَبَنَاتُ الْأَخْتِ
 وَأُمَّهَاتُكُمْ
 اللَّاتِي أَرْضَعْنَكُمْ
 وَأَخَوَاتُكُمْ
 مِنَ الرِّضَاعِ
 وَأُمَّهَاتُ نِسَائِكُمْ
 وَرَبِّبَاتُكُمْ
 اللَّاتِي فِي حُجُورِكُمْ
 مِنْ نِسَائِكُمْ
 اللَّاتِي دَخَلْتُمْ بِهِنَّ
 فَإِنْ لَمْ تَكُونُوا
 دَخَلْتُمْ بِهِنَّ
 فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ
 وَحَلَائِلُ أَبْنَائِكُمُ
 الَّذِينَ مِنْ أَصْلَابِكُمْ
 وَأَنْ تَجْمَعُوا
 بَيْنَ الْأُخْتَيْنِ
 إِلَّا مَا قَدْ سَلَفَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
 كَانَ عَفُورًا رَحِيمًا
 وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ
 إِلَّا مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ
 كِتَابَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ
 وَأُحِلَّ لَكُمْ مَا وَرَاءَ ذَلِكَ

سُورَةُ النِّسَاءِ

الْمَرْءَةُ الْخَالِيسَةُ

But lawful for you are 'all' those beyond this,
provided you seek them out
through a gift of your wealth
in 'chaste' matrimony, not in fornication.
So if ever you are to have
'intimate marital' enjoyment from them,
you shall 'first' give them
their 'full dowry' compensation,
by way of obligation.
Yet there is no blame on you
regarding 'adjustments' you 'both' agree to
by mutual consent,
after 'having established the dowry' obligation.
Indeed, ever is God all-knowing, all-wise.

4:25

Now, if any among you
are unable to afford marrying
believing, chaste, free-women,
then 'you may marry'
of those to whom your hands
may rightfully attain
from your believing handmaids.
And God knows best about your faith.
'Moreover,
you 'human beings' are 'all' of one another.
So 'regarding your handmaids,
you may marry them,
with the permission of their households.
But give them their 'full dowry' compensation,
in accordance with what is right.
They are to be chaste women
and not fornicators, nor those who take lovers.
But when they are in wedlock,
if they commit illicit sexual intercourse,
then for them is half the punishment
'prescribed' for chaste free-women.

أَنْ تَبْتَغُوا بِأَمْوَالِكُمْ
مُحْصَنِينَ غَيْرَ مُسْفَحِينَ
فَمَا اسْتَمْتَعْتُمْ بِهِ مِنْهُنَّ
فَأْتُوهُنَّ
أُجُورَهُنَّ بِقَرِيضَةٍ
وَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ
فِيمَا تَرَضَيْتُمْ بِهِ
مِنْ بَعْدِ الْقَرِيضَةِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا
وَمَنْ لَمْ يَسْتَطِعْ مِنْكُمْ
طَوْلًا أَنْ يَنْكِحَ
الْمُحْصَنَاتِ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ
فَمِنْ مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ
مِنْ فَنِيَتِكُمْ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ
وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِإِيمَانِكُمْ
بَعْضُكُمْ مِنْ بَعْضٍ
فَأَنْكِحُوهُنَّ بِإِذْنِ أَهْلِهِنَّ
وَأْتُوهُنَّ
أُجُورَهُنَّ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
مُحْصَنَاتٍ غَيْرَ مُسْفَحَاتٍ
وَلَا مُتَّخِذَاتِ أَخْدَانٍ
فَإِذَا أَحْصَيْنَ
فَإِنْ أَتَيْنَ بِفَحْشَةٍ
فَعَلَيْهِنَّ نِصْفُ
مَا عَلَى الْمُحْصَنَاتِ
مِنَ الْعَذَابِ

٢٥

This 'marriage provision to handmaids'
is for those among you who fear the burden
'of illicit sexual intercourse'.

Yet if you remain patient, it is best for you.
And God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

- 4:26 God desires to clarify for you
'His commandments',
and 'to' guide you to the 'godly' ways
of those before you,
and 'to' grant you repentance.
For God is all-knowing, all-wise.

- 4:27 Moreover,
God desires to grant you repentance,
while those who follow 'their' passions
desire that you should fall a great fall
away 'from faith'.

- 4:28 God desires to lighten 'the burden' for you,
for man is created weak.

- 4:29 O you who believe!
You shall not consume one another's wealth
by false means.
But, rather, let there be 'free' trade
with consent among yourselves.
And you shall not kill one another.
Indeed, God is ever merciful to you.

- 4:30 And whoever does this—
with aggression and injustice—
We shall most surely roast him
in the Fire 'of Hell'.
And that, for God, is ever easy.

- 4:31 If you 'but' keep away from the great sins
from which you are forbidden,
We shall absolve you of your misdeeds.

ذَٰلِكَ لِمَنْ
خَشِيَ أَلَمَنْتَ مِنْكُمْ
وَأَنْ تَصِيرُوا خَيْرَ لَكُمْ
وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ
(٢٦)
يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لِيُذْهِبَ عَنْكُمُ
وَيَهْدِيَكُمْ سَبِيلَ
الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ
وَيَتُوبَ عَلَيْكُمْ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ
(٢٧)
أَنْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْكُمْ
وَيُرِيدُ الَّذِينَ
يَتَّبِعُونَ الشَّهَوَاتِ
أَنْ تَمِيلُوا مِيلًا عَظِيمًا
(٢٨)
يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَنْ يُخَفِّفَ عَنْكُمْ
وَحُلُقَ الْإِنْسَانِ ضَعِيفًا
(٢٩)
يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
لَا تَأْكُلُوا أَمْوَالَكُمْ
بَيْنَكُمْ بِالْبَاطِلِ
إِلَّا أَنْ تَكُونَ تِجَارَةً
عَنْ تَرَاضٍ مِنْكُمْ
وَلَا تَقْتُلُوا أَنْفُسَكُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِكُمْ رَحِيمًا
(٣٠)
وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَٰلِكَ
عُدُوْنَا وَظُلَمًا
فَسَوْفَ نُصْلِيهِ نَارًا
وَكَانَ ذَٰلِكَ
عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرًا
(٣١)
إِنْ تَجْتَنِبُوا كَبَائِرَ
مَا تُنْهَوْنَ عَنْهُ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ

And We shall cause you to enter Paradise with a most honorable entrance.

4:32 Thus you shall not covet that with which God has favored some of you over others.

To men goes in recompense the portion that they have earned.

And to women goes in recompense the portion that they have earned.

Rather, ask God of His bounty.

Indeed, God is ever knowing of all things.

4:33 Therefore, to everyone have We assigned heirs to receive from what parents and nearest relatives leave behind.

As to those with whom you have a bond of sworn fidelity, give them their due portion, as well.

Indeed, ever is God a witness over all things.

4:34 Men are maintainers of the affairs of women, for God has preferred in bounty one of them over the other, and for what they spend to sustain them from their own wealth.

Thus, righteous women are devoutly obedient, safeguarding their sacred trusts in the absence of their husbands.

For God has ordained such trusts to be safeguarded.

So as to those wives whose flagrant defiance you fear, you shall admonish them.

And, should they persist, part with them in bed.

And, should they persist strike them with a light hand.

But if they obey you,

نُكَفِّرْ عَنْكُمْ سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ

وَنُدْخِلَكُمْ

مُدْخَلًا كَرِيمًا

وَلَا تَتَمَنَّوْا

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مَا فَضَّلَ اللَّهُ بِهِ

بَعْضُكُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ

لِلرِّجَالِ نَصِيبٌ

مِمَّا اكْتَسَبُوا

وَلِلنِّسَاءِ نَصِيبٌ مِمَّا اكْتَسَبْنَ

وَسَأَلُوا اللَّهَ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ

يَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ عَالِمًا

وَلِكُلٍّ جَعَلْنَا مَوَالِي

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مِمَّا تَرَكَ الْوَالِدَانِ

وَالْأَقْرَبُونَ وَالَّذِينَ

عَقَدْتُمْ بَيْنَكُمْ

فَعَلَّوْهُمْ نَصِيبَهُمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ

عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدًا

الرِّجَالُ قَوَّامُونَ

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عَلَى النِّسَاءِ

يَمَا فَضَّلَ اللَّهُ

بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ

وَيَمَا أَنْفَقُوا مِنْ أَمْوَالِهِمْ

فَأَلْصَقْنَا بِكَ قَتِينَتُكَ

حَافِظَاتٌ لِّلْغَيْبِ

يَمَا حَفِظَ اللَّهُ

وَالَّذِي تَخَافُونَ ذُشُورَهُمْ

فَعِظُوهُمْ

وَأَهْجُرُوهُمْ فِي الْمَضَاجِعِ

وَأَضْرِبُوهُمْ

سُورَةُ النِّسَاءِ

الجزء الخامس

then do not seek to go against them
in any way.

Indeed, God is ever exalted, all great.

- 4:35 Moreover, as to spouses in dispute,
if you believers fear a split
between the two of them,
then send for an arbitrator from his people
and another arbitrator from her people.
If they both desire reconciliation,
God will bring about harmony
between the two of them.
Indeed, God is ever-knowing, all-aware.

- 4:36 * O believers! You shall worship God alone.
And you shall not associate anything
with Him therein.
And to your parents you shall be good,
as well as to close relatives
and orphans and the indigent;
and also to the neighbor who is near,
and to the neighbor who is distant;
and to the companion by your side,
and to the wayfarer;
and to those
whom your hands rightfully possess.
Indeed, God does not love anyone
who is self-conceited, boastful—
4:37 those who are miserly
and enjoin miserliness on people,
and who conceal
whatever God has given them of His bounty.
Thus have We made ready for the disbelievers
a disgracing torment.
4:38 Nor does God love those
who spend their wealth

فَإِنْ أَطَعْتَكُمْ
فَلَا تَبْغُوا عَلَيْهِمْ سَبِيلًا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا كَبِيرًا
وَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ شِقَاقَ بَيْنِهِمَا
فَابْعَثُوا حَكَمًا مِنْ أَهْلِهِ
وَحَكَمًا مِنْ أَهْلِهَا
إِنْ يُرِيدَا إِصْلَاحًا
يُوفِّقِ اللَّهُ بَيْنَهُمَا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا

وَأَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ

وَلَا تُشْرِكُوا بِهِ شَيْئًا
وَالْوَالِدَيْنِ إِحْسَانًا
وَبِذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ
وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالْمَسْكِينِ
وَالْجَارِ ذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ
وَالْجَارِ الْجُنُبِ
وَالصَّاحِبِ بِالْجَنبِ
وَابْنِ السَّبِيلِ
وَمَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ

مَنْ كَانَ مُخْتَالًا فَخُورًا
الَّذِينَ يَبْخُلُونَ

وَيَأْمُرُونَ النَّاسَ
بِالْبُخْلِ وَيَكْتُمُونَ
مَا آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
وَأَعْتَدْنَا لِلْكَافِرِينَ
عَذَابًا مُهِينًا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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merely to be seen by people, while in truth
they do not believe in God,
nor in the coming Judgment of the Last Day.
So as to such as these
for whom Satan becomes a close companion—
how evil a close companion they have chosen!
For what harm would come to them
were they to believe in God
and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day
and spend charitably
from all that God has provided them?
And ever is God all-knowing about them.

- 4:39 Indeed, God wrongs none,
not even an atom's weight.
Yet if there is a good deed, He multiplies it
and gives, moreover, from His own bounty
a magnificent reward in the Hereafter.
- 4:41 How then shall it be on Judgment Day
when We bring forth from each community
its prophet as a witness—
and We bring you forth, O Muhammad,
over all these as a witness?
- 4:42 On that Day, those who have disbelieved
and disobeyed the Messenger
shall ardently wish
that the earth would be leveled with them in it.
For they shall not conceal from God
even a single word of their deeds.

- 4:43 O you who believe!
Do not approach the Prayer
while you are intoxicated,
until you know what you are saying.
Nor approach a place of Prayer
when you are ritually unclean,

وَالَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ
أَمْوَالَهُمْ رِشَاءَ النَّاسِ
وَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ
وَلَا بِالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ
وَمَنْ يَكُنِ الشَّيْطَانُ لَهُ
قَرِينًا فَسَاءَ قَرِينًا
وَمَا ذَا عَلَيْهِمْ
لَوْ آمَنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ
وَأَنفَقُوا مِمَّا رَزَقَهُمُ اللَّهُ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِهِمْ عَلِيمًا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَظْلِمُ
مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ وَإِنْ تَكُ
حَسَنَةً يُضْعِفْهَا
وَيُؤْتِ مِنْ لَدُنْهُ
أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا
فَكَيْفَ إِذَا جِئْنَا
مِنْ كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ بِشَهِيدٍ
وَجِئْنَا بِكَ
عَلَى هَؤُلَاءِ شَهِيدًا
يَوْمَئِذٍ يَوَدُّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
وَعَصَوْا الرَّسُولَ
لَوْ سُئِلُوا فِيهِمُ الْأَرْضُ
وَلَا يَكْتُمُونَ لِلَّهِ حَدِيثًا
يَتْلَاهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا تَقْرَأُوا الصَّلَاةَ
وَأَنْتُمْ سُكَرَى

until you have bathed—except to cross through.
 And if you become sick, or are on a journey,
 or if one of you comes forth
 from the place of relieving oneself,
 or if you have touched women 'intimately'
 and you cannot find water—then take recourse
 to 'patting' clean earth;
 then wipe 'it' over your faces
 and your hands 'in place of ritual ablution'.
 Indeed, God is ever pardoning, all-forgiving.

- 4:44 Have you not seen the case
 of those who were given knowledge
 of a portion of Heavenly Scripture,
 how they have purchased misguidance
 in exchange for Heavenly truth?
 And now they desire
 that you too should stray from God's path.
- 4:45 Yet God knows best your enemies!
 And sufficient is God as an 'invincible' ally.
 And sufficient is God as a 'mighty' supporter.
- 4:46 There are those among Jewry
 who alter the words of the Scripture,
 omitting them from their contexts.
 Moreover, they say of this Quran:
 We have heard. But we disobey!
 And also they say to you, O Prophet:
 Hear! But may you be unable to hear!
 And they say to you, as well:
Râ'inâ, pay heed to us,
 twisting it with their tongues
 and thereby reviling this religion.
 Yet if only they had said:
 We have heard, and we obey!
 And also: Do hear and regard us.

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حَتَّى تَعْلَمُوا مَا تَقُولُونَ
 وَلَا جُنْبًا إِلَّا
 عَابِرِ سَبِيلٍ حَتَّى تَغْتَسِلُوا
 وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ مَرْضَى أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ
 أَوْ جَاءَ أَحَدٌ مِنْكُمْ
 مِنَ الْغَائِطِ
 أَوْ لَمَسْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ
 فَلَمْ تَجِدُوا مَاءً
 فَتَيَمَّمُوا صَعِيدًا طَيِّبًا
 فَامْسَحُوا
 بِرُءُوسِكُمْ وَأَيْدِيكُمْ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَفُورًا
 غَفُورًا ١١

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ
 أُوتُوا نَصِيبًا مِنَ الْكِتَابِ
 يَشْتُرُونَ الضَّلَالَةَ
 وَيُرِيدُونَ أَنْ تَضِلُّوا السَّبِيلَ
 وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِأَعْدَائِكُمْ ١٢

وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ وَلِيًّا
 وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ نَصِيرًا
 مِنَ الَّذِينَ هَادُوا
 يُحَرِّفُونَ الْكَلِمَ ١٣

عَنْ مَوَاضِعِهِ
 وَيَقُولُونَ سَمِعْنَا وَعَصَيْنَا
 وَأَسْمَعُ غَيْرُ مَسْمُوعٍ
 وَرَدَّعِنَا لِيَّا لَا لِسِنِهِمْ
 وَطَعْنًا فِي الدِّينِ
 وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ قَالُوا
 سَمِعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا

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It, most surely, would have been better for them
and most upright 'of heart'.

But God has cursed them for their unbelief.

Little, then, do they believe.

4:47 O you who have been given the Scripture!

Believe in what We have sent down
'to Muhammad',

confirming what is already with you,

before 'the time comes when' We blot out faces

and turn them around upon their backs;

or 'before' We 'condemn the ungodly

and 'curse them,

as We have cursed the Sabbath-breakers.

And the command of God is ever done.

4:48 Indeed, God will not forgive

associating any god with Him.

But He forgives anything less than this

for whomever He so wills.

For whoever associates gods with God

has truly forged a great sin.

4:49 Have you not seen those 'among Jewry'

who profess the 'inherent' purity

of their own souls.

Rather, it is God who commends the purity

of whomever He so wills.

And never shall they be wronged 'even' a whit.

4:50 Look how they have forged lies

against God 'by saying this'!

And that 'alone' suffices as a clear 'act of' sin.

4:51 Have you not seen 'the case

of' those who were given 'knowledge

of' a portion of 'Heavenly' Scripture?

They believe in demonic witchery

and false deities.

Then they 'dare to' say—

وَأَسْمِعْ وَأَنْظُرْنَا

لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَّهُمْ وَأَقْوَمَ

وَلَكِنْ لَعَنَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِكُفْرِهِمْ

فَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ أَوْثَرُوا آلَ كَتَبَ

ءَامِنُوا بِمَا نَزَّلْنَا

مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا مَعَكُمْ

مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ نَطْمِسَ وُجُوهًا

فَنَرُّدَّهَا عَلَىٰ آذَانِهَا

أَوْ نَلْعَنَهُمْ

كَمَا لَعَنَّا أَصْحَابَ السَّبْتِ

وَكَانَ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ مَفْعُولًا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَغْفِرُ

أَنْ يُشْرَكَ بِهِ

وَيَغْفِرُ مَا دُونَ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَمَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللَّهِ

فَقَدْ أَفْرَىٰ إِنَّمَا عَظِيمًا

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَىٰ

الَّذِينَ يُزَكُّونَ أَنْفُسَهُمْ

بَلِ اللَّهُ يَرْكِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَلَا يُظْلَمُونَ قَتِيلًا

أَنْظُرْ كَيْفَ يَقْرَرُونَ

عَلَىٰ آلِهِ الْكِتَابَ

وَكُفَىٰ بِهِ إِثْمًا مُبِينًا

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَىٰ الَّذِينَ

أَوْثَرُوا نَصِيبًا

مِنْ الْكِتَابِ يُوْمِنُونَ

بِالْجِبْتِ وَالطَّاغُوتِ

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- to 'bolster' those who disbelieve:
 These 'idolaters' have a more guided way
 than 'Muhammad and'
 those who have believed 'with him'.
- 4:52 These are the 'faithless' ones
 whom God has cursed.
 And whomever God curses—
 never will you find any supporter for him!
- 4:53 So do they 'yet claim to' have
 a 'controlling' share in 'God's' kingdom?
 'If ever they did,' then 'be sure
 that' they would not give people
 even a speck 'of it'.
- 4:54 Or is it rather that they envy 'Muhammad
 and his' people for 'the Heavenly guidance'
 that God has given them
 from His 'abounding' benevolence?
 Then, assuredly, 'such is Our way.
 For 'We gave to the Family of Abraham
 the Scripture, and 'prophetic' wisdom.
 And We gave to them
 'under David and Solomon'
 a magnificent kingdom.
- 4:55 Yet 'as to Muhammad',
 some of them, 'who follow the Scripture',
 have believed in him, and some of them
 have barred 'people' from 'believing in' him.
 So sufficient for the disbelievers
 is Hell as a flaming fire!
- 4:56 As for those who disbelieve
 in Our 'revealed' signs,
 We shall, assuredly, roast them
 in the Fire 'of Hell'.
 Whenever their skins are thoroughly burned,
 We shall give them, in exchange, other skins,

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وَيَقُولُونَ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 هَؤُلَاءِ أَهْدَى
 مِنَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا سَبِيلًا
 أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ لَعَنَهُمُ اللَّهُ ٥٢
 وَمَنْ يَلْعَنِ اللَّهُ
 فَلَنْ نَجِدَ لَهُ نَصِيرًا
 أَمْ لَهُمْ نَصِيبٌ مِنَ الْمُلْكِ ٥٣
 فَإِذَا لَا يُؤْتُونَ النَّاسَ نَقِيرًا
 أَمْ يَحْسُدُونَ النَّاسَ عَلَى ٥٤
 مَا ءَاتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
 فَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا ءَالَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ
 الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ
 وَءَاتَيْنَاهُمْ مُلْكًا عَظِيمًا
 فَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ ءَامَنَ بِهِ ٥٥
 وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ صَدَّ عَنْهُ
 وَكَفَىٰ بِجَهَنَّمَ سَعِيرًا
 إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِآيَاتِنَا ٥٦
 سَوْفَ نُصْلِيهِمْ نَارًا

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so that they may 'ceaselessly' taste
the 'eternal' torment.

Indeed, ever is God overpowering, all-wise.

- 4-57 But 'as to' those who believe
and do righteous deeds,
We shall admit them
into Gardens beneath which rivers flow,
wherein they shall abide forever and ever.
For them therein are spouses ever-pure.
And We shall admit them
into a 'blissful' shade 'that is' ever-shading.

- 4-58 *Indeed, God commands you
to render 'all' trusts to their rightful people.
Moreover,
whenever you judge between people,
you shall judge with justice.
Indeed, that to which God exhorts you
is most excellent.
Indeed, ever is God all-hearing, all-seeing.

- 4-59 O you who believe! You shall obey God.
And you shall obey the Messenger
and those in authority among you.
And if you should ever dispute over anything,
then refer it to God and the Messenger,
if truly you believe in God
and 'in the coming Judgment of' the Last Day.
That is the best and fairest resolution
'to your conflicts'.

- 4-60 Have you not seen 'the feckless example
of' those who allege
that they have believed in 'the revelation'
that has been sent down to you
and in 'the revelation'

كَمَا نَصَبْتَ جُلُودَهُمْ

بَدَلْنَهُمْ جُلُودًا غَيْرَهَا

لِيَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَزِيزًا حَكِيمًا

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

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وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

سَنُدْخِلُهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا

لَهُمْ فِيهَا أَزْوَاجٌ مُطَهَّرَةٌ

وَنُدْخِلُهُمْ ظِلًّا ظَلِيلًا

﴿إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَأْمُرُكُمْ أَنْ

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تُؤَدُّوا الْأَمَانَاتِ إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهَا

وَإِذَا حَكَمْتُمْ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ

أَنْ تَحْكُمُوا بِالْعَدْلِ

﴿إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْظُمُ بِهِ

﴿إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

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أَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ

وَأُولِي الْأَمْرِ مِنْكُمْ

فَإِنْ لَنَنْزِعَنَّ فِي شَيْءٍ

فَرْدُهُ إِلَى اللَّهِ وَالرَّسُولِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ

وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ

ذَٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحْسَنُ تَأْوِيلًا

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ

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يَزْعُمُونَ أَنَّهُمْ آمَنُوا

that has been sent down before you?

They desire to submit
to the judgment of false deities,
while they have been commanded
to disbelieve in them.

Yet Satan desires to mislead them far astray.

4:61 So when it is said to them:

Come to 'the decree' that God has sent down,
and to 'the judgment of' the Messenger,
you see the hypocrites—
so very averse 'to this'—
adamantly turn 'themselves and others'
away from you, 'O Prophet'.

4:62 How then shall it be

when an affliction strikes them
for what 'evil' their own hands have advanced,
whereafter they come to you 'lamenting,'
swearing by God, we intended nothing
but 'to bring about' goodwill and conciliation?

4:63 These are the ones whom God well knows
what is 'lurking' in their hearts.

So turn aside from them. Yet admonish them.
And say to them a cogent word
about 'the remedy for' their souls.

4:64 For never have We sent any messenger
but to be obeyed 'by the people',
with the permission of God.

Thus, if after wronging themselves
they had come to you, 'O Muhammad,'
and sought the forgiveness of God—
and had the Messenger, as well,
sought forgiveness for them—
they most surely would have found God
all-relenting, mercy-giving.

4:65 But no!

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بِمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ
وَمَا أُنْزِلَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ
يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يُتَحَاكَمُوا
إِلَى الطَّاغُوتِ وَقَدْ أُمِرُوا
أَنْ يَكْفُرُوا بِهِ.

وَيُرِيدُ الشَّيْطَانُ
أَنْ يُضِلَّهُمْ ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا
وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ
تَعَالَوْا إِلَى مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ
وإِلَى الرَّسُولِ

رَأَيْتَ الْمُنَافِقِينَ
يُضِلُّونَ عَنْكَ صُودًا
فَكَيْفَ إِذَا

أَصَابَتْهُمْ مُصِيبَةٌ
بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ
ثُمَّ جَاءُوكَ يَحْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ
إِنْ أَرَدْنَا

إِلَّا أَحْسَنَآ وَتَوَفَّقَا
أَوَلَيْكَ الَّذِينَ

يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ مَا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ
فَاعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَعِظْهُمْ
وَقُلْ لَهُمْ فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ
قَوْلًا بَلِيغًا

وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ رَّسُولٍ
إِلَّا يُطَاعُ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ
وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ
إِذْ ظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ

جَاءُوكَ فَاسْتَغْفَرُوا اللَّهَ
وَأَسْتَغْفَرَ لَهُمُ الرَّسُولُ
لَوَجَدُوا اللَّهَ

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By your Lord, they will not truly believe
until they make you the judge
of whatever disputes break out among them,
finding, then,
no sense of constraint within themselves,
as to complying with what you have decided—
submitting to it willingly
with a pure submission.

4:56 And had We ever prescribed for them:
You are to kill the godless wrongdoers
among yourselves! Or:

You are to leave your own dwellings
forevermore!

They would not have done it,
except for a few of them.

Yet had they done
what they were admonished to do,
it would have been best for them
and far stronger in setting firm their faith.

4:57 For, then, We would have given them,
out of Our own bounty,
a magnificent reward in the Hereafter.

4:58 Moreover,
We would have certainly guided them
upon a straight way in this life.

4:59 For whoever obeys God and the Messenger,
then it is these who shall be
with those upon whom God
has bestowed grace—

among the prophets and the truthful
and the martyrs and the righteous
in the Hereafter.

And most excellent are they as companions!

4:70 Such is the abounding benevolence of God.
And sufficient is God as the All-Knowing.

تَوَابًا رَحِيمًا
فَلَا وَرَبِّكَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

حَتَّىٰ يُحَكِّمُوكَ

فِيمَا شَجَرَ بَيْنَهُمْ

ثُمَّ لَا يَجِدُوا فِي

أَنفُسِهِمْ حَرَجًا

مِمَّا قَضَيْتَ

وَيُسَلِّمُوا سَلِيمًا

وَلَوْ أَنَّا كَتَبْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ

أَنِ اقْتُلُوا أَنْفُسَكُمْ

أَوْ أَخْرِجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِكُمْ

مَا فَعَلُوهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ مِنْهُمْ

وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ فَعَلُوا مَا يُوعَظُونَ بِهِ

لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُمْ

وَأَشَدَّ تَنْبِيئًا

وَإِذَا لَا تِنَّهُمْ

مِنْ لَدُنَّا أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا

وَلَهْدَيْنَهُمْ

صِرَاطًا مُسْتَقِيمًا

وَمَنْ يُطِيعِ اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ

فَأُولَٰئِكَ مَعَ الَّذِينَ

أَنعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ

مِنَ النَّبِيِّينَ وَالصِّدِّيقِينَ

وَالشُّهَدَاءِ وَالصَّالِحِينَ

وَحَسُنَ أُولَٰئِكَ رَفِيقًا

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- 4:71 O you who believe!
Take due precaution 'against all belligerents'.
Then advance 'against them' in detachments.
Or advance all together.
- 4:72 For, indeed,
there are among you those who tarry.
Then if an affliction strikes you 'believers',
the likes of 'one who tarried' says:
Truly, God has bestowed grace upon me,
since I was not present with them 'in defeat'.
- 4:73 But whenever a 'great triumph and' bounty
comes to you from God,
he most surely says 'in lament' —
as if there had never been
genuine 'mutual' love between you and him—
Oh! If only I had been with them,
I too would have obtained
a magnificent 'worldly' triumph.
- 4:74 *So let those who would trade
the life of this world for the Hereafter
fight 'on against aggression' in the path of God.
For whoever fights 'aggression'
in the path of God and is killed or triumphs,
We shall then give him a magnificent reward.
- 4:75 Then what is with you
that you do not fight in the path of God,
and for the 'utterly' helpless
among the men and the women
and the children who say: Our Lord!
Bring us out of this city
whose people are 'oppressive' wrongdoers,
'godless in heart'.
And appoint for us, from Yourself,
an 'invincible' ally.
And appoint for us, from Yourself,

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ذَٰلِكَ الْفَضْلُ مِنَ اللَّهِ
وَكُنْ بِاللهِ عَلِيمًا
يَتَأْتِيهِمُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
خُذُوا حِذْرَكُمْ
فَأَنْفِرُوا ثُبَاتٍ
أَوْ أَنْفِرُوا جَمِيعًا
وَإِنْ مِنْكُمْ لَمَنْ لَيُبَطِّئَنَّ
فَإِنْ أَصَبْتُمْ مَصِيبَةً قَالَ
قَدْ أَنْعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيَّ
إِذْ لَوْ أَكُن مَعَهُمْ شَهِيدًا
وَلَيْنَ أَصَبْتُمْ
فَضْلٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ
لَيَقُولَنَّ كَأَنْ لَمْ تَكُنْ
بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُ مَوَدَّةٌ
يَلْبِثَتَنِي كُنْتُ مَعَهُمْ
فَأَفُوزَ فَوْزًا عَظِيمًا
فَلْيُقَاتِلْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
الَّذِينَ يَشْرُونَ
الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا بِالْآخِرَةِ
وَمَنْ يُقَاتِلْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
فَيُقْتَلْ أَوْ يَغْلِبْ
فَسَوْفَ نُؤْتِيهِ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا
وَمَا لَكُمْ لَا تُقَاتِلُونَ
فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَالْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ مِنَ الرِّجَالِ
وَالنِّسَاءِ وَالْوِلْدَانِ الَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ
رَبَّنَا أَخْرِجْنَا
مِنْ هَذِهِ الْقَرْيَةِ الظَّالِمِ أَهْلُهَا

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a 'mighty' supporter.

4:76 Those who believe fight in the path of God.

And those who disbelieve

fight in the path of false deities.

So fight the allies of Satan.

Indeed, Satan's plot is ever weak.

4:77 Have you not seen the example
of those to whom it was 'previously' said:

Stay your hands from fighting

and 'duly' establish the Prayer

and give the Zakât-Charity?

Yet when fighting was prescribed for them,

at once, a group of them

feared the people they were to fight

as they should fear God—

or with an even greater fear.

And so they said: Our Lord!

Why 'now' have You prescribed fighting for us?

If only You had deferred 'it' for 'us

to a near term!

Say to them:

The enjoyment of this world is little,

while the Hereafter is best

for those who are God-fearing.

And never shall you be wronged 'even' a whit.

4:78 Wherever you may be, death shall overtake you
'at the pre-ordained time' —

even if you are in lofty towers.

Yet if any good comes to them,

they say 'in their wavering hearts':

This is from God!

But if any harm strikes them,

they say:

This is from you, 'O Muhammad'!

Say to them:

وَأَجْعَلْ لَنَا مِنْ لَدُنْكَ وَيًّا

وَأَجْعَلْ لَنَا مِنْ لَدُنْكَ نَصِيرًا

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

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يُقَاتِلُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

يُقَاتِلُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ الطَّاغُوتِ

فَقَاتِلُوا أَوْلِيَاءَ الشَّيْطَانِ

إِنَّ كَيْدَ الشَّيْطَانِ كَانَ ضَعِيفًا

الَّذِينَ قِيلَ لَهُمْ

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كُفُّوا أَيْدِيَكُمْ وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ

وَمَآئُوا الزَّكَاةَ

فَلَمَّا كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقِتَالُ

إِذَا فَرِيقٌ مِنْهُمْ يَخْشَوْنَ النَّاسَ

كَخَشْيَةِ اللَّهِ أَوْ أَشَدَّ خَشْيَةً

وَقَالُوا رَبَّنَا

لِمَ كُتِبَ عَلَيْنَا الْقِتَالُ

لَوْ لَا أَخَّرْنَا إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ قَرِيبٍ

قُلْ مَنَعَ الدُّنْيَا قَلِيلٌ

وَالْآخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لِّمَنِ اتَّقَىٰ

وَلَا تُظْلَمُونَ فَيَلًا

أَيَنَّمَا تَكُونُوا

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يُذَكِّرْكُمْ الْمَوْتَ

وَلَوْ كُنْتُمْ فِي بُرُوجٍ مُّشِيدَةٍ

وَلِإِنْ تَصْبَهُمْ حَسَنَةً

يَقُولُوا هَٰذَا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ

وَلِإِنْ تَصْبَهُمْ سَيِّئَةً

- All 'things' are 'decreed' from God.
 What is with these people
 that they can hardly understand any discourse?
 4:79 Whatever good has come to 'any one of' you,
 it is from God.
 And whatever harm has stricken you,
 it is from your 'own' self.
 Thus have We sent you, 'O Muhammad,'
 as a Messenger to all people
 'to convey this message'.
 And sufficient is God as a witness 'to this'.
 4:80 Whoever obeys the Messenger
 has thus obeyed God.
 But 'as to' whoever turns away 'from God—'
 then 'know that' We have not sent you,
 'O Muhammad,'
 to be a keeper over 'any of' them.
 4:81 Moreover, they say 'to you':
 We pledge 'obedience!'
 But when they depart from your presence,
 a group of them deliberate by night
 'to do' other than what you say.
 Yet God inscribes
 what they deliberate on by night.
 So turn away from them.
 And rely on God 'alone'.
 For sufficient is God as a guardian.
 4:82 Will they not, then, reflect
 on 'the meaning of' the Quran?
 If it had been from other than God,
 they would, most surely, have found in it
 much discrepancy.
 4:83 And 'again',
 when there comes to them a matter—
 be it of 'general' security or alarm—

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يَقُولُوا هَذِهِ مِنْ عِنْدِكَ
 قُلْ كُلٌّ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
 قَالِ هَؤُلَاءِ الْقَوْمِ
 لَا يَكَادُونَ يَفْقَهُونَ حَدِيثًا
 ٧٩ مَا أَصَابَكَ مِنْ حَسَنَةٍ فَمِنَ اللَّهِ
 وَمَا أَصَابَكَ مِنْ سَيِّئَةٍ فَمِنْ نَفْسِكَ
 وَأَرْسَلْنَاكَ لِلنَّاسِ رَسُولًا
 وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ شَهِيدًا
 ٨٠ مَنْ يُطِيعِ الرَّسُولَ
 فَقَدْ أَطَاعَ اللَّهَ
 وَمَنْ تَوَلَّى فَمَا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ
 عَلَيْهِمْ حَفِظًا
 وَيَقُولُونَ طَاعَةٌ
 فَإِذَا بَرَرُوا مِنْ عِنْدِكَ
 بَيَّتَ طَائِفَةٌ مِنْهُمْ
 غَيْرَ الَّذِي تَقُولُ
 وَاللَّهُ يَكْتُبُ مَا يُبَيِّتُونَ
 فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ
 وَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ
 وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ وَكِيلًا
 ٨١ أَفَلَا يَتَذَكَّرُونَ الْقُرْآنَ
 وَلَوْ كَانَ مِنْ عِنْدِ غَيْرِ اللَّهِ
 لَوَجَدُوا فِيهِ
 اخْتِلَافًا كَثِيرًا

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they broadcast it.

But if they referred it to the Messenger,
and to those in authority among them,
those of them who could discover its veracity
would know of it and act accordingly.

And had it not been

for the grace of God upon you, and His mercy,
all but a few of you 'believers'
would have followed the promptings of Satan.

4:84 So fight on against aggression
in the path of God, 'undaunted'.

You are not accountable, 'O Prophet,'
for other than yourself.

Yet urge the believers on to fearlessness, as well.

It may be that God

will hold back the mighty power
of those who have disbelieved.

For God is far greater in mighty power
and far greater in chastisement.

4:85 Whoever intercedes in a matter
with benevolent intercession,
there shall be for him
a portion of its 'Heavenly reward'.

And whoever intercedes with evil intercession,
there shall be for him a share of its 'sin'.

And ever is God an able watcher over all things.

4:86 Moreover, whenever you are greeted
with a salutation, then return the greeting
with an even better salutation.

Or, 'at the least,' return it 'in kind'.

Indeed, ever is God

a 'just' reckoner of all things.

4:87 God! There is no God but Him.

وَإِذَا جَاءَهُمْ أَمْرٌ
مِّنَ الْأَمْنِ أَوْ الْخَوْفِ
أَذَاعُوا بِهِ

وَلَوْ رَدُّوهُ إِلَى الرَّسُولِ
وَالِئَاتِ أُولَى الْأَمْرِ مِنْهُمْ
لَعَلِمَهُ الَّذِينَ

يَسْتَنْبِطُونَهُ مِنْهُمْ وَلَوْ لَا
فَضَّلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَتَهُ
لَاتَّبَعْتُمُ الشَّيْطَانَ
إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

فَقَنَلْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
لَا تَكُلَّفُ إِلَّا نَفْسَكَ
وَحَرَضِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

عَسَى اللَّهُ أَنْ يَكْفَى
بَأْسَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
وَاللَّهُ أَشَدُّ بَأْسًا
وَأَشَدُّ تَنكِيلًا

مَنْ يَشْفَعْ شَفْعَةً حَسَنَةً
يَكُنْ لَهُ نَصِيبٌ مِنْهَا
وَمَنْ يَشْفَعْ شَفْعَةً سَيِّئَةً
يَكُنْ لَهُ كِفْلٌ مِنْهَا

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُّقِيمًا
وَإِذَا حُيِّيتُمْ بِحَيْتِهِ
فَحَيُّوا بِأَحْسَنَ مِنْهَا
أَوْ رُدُّوهَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ

He shall, indeed, gather all of you
to the Day of Resurrection,
in which there is no doubt.

And who is more truthful in word than God?

4:88 * What is with you, then,
that you believers are of two parties,
'divided in opinion' regarding the hypocrites,
while God has subverted them
for all 'the evil works' they have earned?
Do you wish to guide those
whom God has left to stray?
And whomever God leaves to stray,
never will you find for him
a 'rightly guided' way.

4:89 They would love that you disbelieve,
as they themselves have disbelieved—
so that you may be all alike.
Therefore, take no allies from among them
until they emigrate in the path of God.
But if they turn away 'from faith',
then seize them and kill them
wherever you find them.
So take from them no ally, nor supporter.

4:90 Excepted are those
who take asylum with a people
wherein there is a treaty between you and them;
and also those who come to you
'with' their hearts constrained
from fighting 'against' you,
or 'from' fighting their own people.
Had God so willed,
He would have given them power over you.
Then they would have most surely fought you.
Therefore, if they withdraw themselves
from 'belligerence against' you,

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كَانَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ حَسِيبًا
اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

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لِيَجْمَعَنَّكُمْ إِلَى

يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ
وَمَنْ أَصْدَقُ مِنَ اللَّهِ حَدِيثًا

فَمَا لَكُمْ

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فِي الْمُنَافِقِينَ فَمُتَنِّينَ

وَاللَّهُ أَرْكَسَهُمْ بِمَا كَسَبُوا

أَتُرِيدُونَ أَنْ

تَهْدُوا مَنْ أَضَلَّ اللَّهُ

وَمَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ

فَلَنْ تَجِدَ لَهُ سَبِيلًا

وَدُّوا أَنْ تَكْفُرُوا

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كَمَا كَفَرُوا فَتَكُونُونَ سَوَاءً

فَلَا تَتَّخِذُوا مِنْهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءَ

حَتَّى يَهَاجَرُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَعُدُّوهُمْ

وَأَقْتُلُوهُمْ

حَيْثُ وَجَدْتُمُوهُمْ

وَلَا تَتَّخِذُوا مِنْهُمْ

وَلِيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ يَصِلُونَ إِلَى

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قَوْمٍ بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُمْ مِيثَاقٌ

أَوْ جَاءُوكُمْ

حَصْرَتْ صُدُورُهُمْ أَنْ

يُقَاتِلُوكُمْ أَوْ يُقَاتِلُوا قَوْمَهُمْ

وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ

لَسَلَّطَهُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَلَقَاتِلُوكُمْ

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and do not fight you, and offer you peace,
then God accords you no 'lawful' way
to fight against them.

- 4:91 You shall find others, 'as well,'
who seek 'a promise of' security from you,
and 'who at the same time
seek' to have security from their own people.
Yet whenever they are returned
to the temptation of unbelief and hostility,
they are subverted therein.
So if they do not withdraw 'unconditionally'
from 'fighting' you,
and 'if they do not' offer you peace
and stay their hands,
then seize them and kill them
wherever you encounter them.
It is over these people
that We have accorded you manifest authority.
- 4:92 But it is not 'lawful' for a believer
to kill a believer, unless it be by mistake.
Thus, whoever kills a believer by mistake,
then 'the atonement' shall be
the freeing of a believing human being
'from bondage', and 'due' compensation
submitted to his 'surviving' family—
unless they remit it as a charitable offering.
But if the one 'killed' is from a people
who are an enemy to you,
and he was a believer,
then 'the atonement' shall be
the freeing of a believing human being
'from bondage only'.
And if he is from a people
wherein there is a treaty between you and them,

فَإِنْ أَعْرَضُوا عَنْكُمْ فَلَمْ يَقْبَلُوا
وَأَلْقُوا إِلَيْكُمْ السَّلَامَ
فَمَا جَعَلَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ

عَلَيْهِمْ سَبِيلًا

سَتَجِدُونَ آخَرِينَ ﴿٩١﴾

يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يُبْسِلُوا

وَيَأْمُرُوا قَوْمَهُمْ

كُلَّ مَا رَدُّوا إِلَى الْفِتْنَةِ

أُرْكَبُوا فِيهَا فَإِنْ لَمْ يَعْزِلُوا

وَيُلْقُوا إِلَيْكَ السَّلَامَ

وَيَكْفُرُوا بِأَيْدِيهِمْ

فَخُذُوهُمْ وَأَقْلَبُوا

حَيْثُ نَفَقْتُمُوهُمْ

وَأُولَئِكَ جَعَلْنَا لَكُمْ

عَلَيْهِمْ سُلْطَانًا مُبِينًا

وَمَا كَانَ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَنْ ﴿٩٢﴾

يَقْتُلُوا مُؤْمِنًا إِلَّا خَطَأً

وَمَنْ قَتَلَ مُؤْمِنًا خَطَأً

فَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ مُؤْمِنَةٍ

وَدِيَّةٌ مُسَلَّمَةٌ إِلَى أَهْلِهِ

إِلَّا أَنْ يَصَدَّقُوا

فَإِنْ كَانَ مِنَ قَوْمٍ

عَدُوٍّ لَكُمْ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ

فَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ مُؤْمِنَةٍ

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then the atonement shall be
 'due' compensation submitted to his family
 and the freeing of a believing human being
 'from bondage'.

As for one who commits this offense,
 yet cannot find such means of atonement,
 then he shall instead fast

two consecutive months

as a repentance 'ordained' by God!

And ever is God, all-knowing, all-wise.

4:93 But whoever kills a believer deliberately,
 his due recompense is Hell,
 wherein he shall abide forever.

For God will be wrathful with him
 and will curse him and will prepare for him
 a great torment 'in the Hereafter'.

4:94 O you who believe!

When you strike out in the path of God
 'in a campaign',

be duly discerning 'of friend and foe'.

But you shall not say to one

who offers you 'the greeting of' peace:

You are not a believer, and vanquish him,
 seeking to have 'the fleeting things

of the life of this world.

For with God are abundant gains.

You yourselves were 'exactly' like this
 before 'Islam came to you'.

Then God conferred 'His' favor upon you.

So be duly discerning!

Indeed, ever is God all-aware of all that you do.

4:95 Not equal are the believers

who stay behind 'in times of conflict'—
 apart from those who suffer injury—

وَأِنْ كَانَ مِنْ قَوْمٍ
 بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُمْ مِيثَاقٌ
 فَدْيَةٌ مُسَلَّمَةٌ إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهِ
 وَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ مُّؤْمِنَةٍ
 فَمَنْ لَّمْ يَجِدْ فَصِيَامُ
 شَهْرَيْنِ مُتَتَابِعَيْنِ
 تَوْبَةً مِنَ اللَّهِ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ
 عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا

وَمَنْ يَقْتُلْ

مُؤْمِنًا مُّتَعَمِدًا
 فَجَزَاؤُهُ جَهَنَّمُ
 خَالِدًا فِيهَا

وَعَضِبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ
 وَلَعَنَهُ وَأَعَدَّ لَهُ

عَذَابًا عَظِيمًا

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

إِذَا صُرِّعْتُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

فَقِيْنُوا وَلَا تَقُولُوا لِمَنْ

أَلْفَىٰ إِلَيْكُمْ السَّلَامُ

لَسْتَ مُؤْمِنًا تَبْتَغُونَ

عَرَضَ الدُّنْيَا

فَعِنْدَ اللَّهِ مَغَانِمُ كَثِيرَةٌ

كَذَلِكَ

كُنْتُمْ مِنْ قَبْلُ

فَمَنْ كَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ

فَتَبَيَّنُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ

بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا

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and those who strive in the path of God
with their wealth and their persons.
God has preferred in rank
those who strive with their wealth
and their persons
above those who stay behind.
And to each, God has promised great goodness.
Yet God has preferred those who strive
above those who stay behind
with the promise of a magnificent reward.
4:96 High ranks from Him
shall they have in Paradise,
and His forgiveness and mercy.
And ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

- 4:97 As for those whose souls the angels take
while they are wronging themselves
in the midst of unbelief,
the angels will say to them:
In what state of faith were you in life?
They will say:
We were utterly helpless in the land.
The angels will say:
Was God's earth not spacious enough
for you to migrate therein, away from unbelief?
It is these, then,
whose final abode shall be Hell—
and what an evil destination it is!
- 4:98 Excepted are the truly helpless
among the men and the women
and the children
who can gather no means
to avert their oppression,
nor find a way out of it.
- 4:99 It is these, then, whom God may pardon.

١٥ لَا يَسْتَوِي الْقَاعِدُونَ
مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ غَيْرُ أُولِي الضَّرَرِ
وَالْمُجَاهِدُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ
فَضَّلَ اللَّهُ الْمُجَاهِدِينَ
بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ
عَلَى الْقَاعِدِينَ دَرَجَةً
وَكُلًّا وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْحُسْنَى
وَفَضَّلَ اللَّهُ الْمُجَاهِدِينَ
عَلَى الْقَاعِدِينَ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا
دَرَجَاتٍ مِنْهُ وَمَغْفِرَةً وَرَحْمَةً
١٦ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا
١٧ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَوَفَّاهُمُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ
ظَالِمِينَ أَنْفُسِهِمْ
قَالُوا فِيهِمْ كُنْتُمْ قَالُوا
كُنَّا مُسْتَضْعَفِينَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
قَالُوا أَلَمْ تَكُنْ أَرْضُ اللَّهِ
وَسِعَةً فَهَاجِرُوا فِيهَا
فَأُولَئِكَ مَا وَلَّهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ
وَسَاءَتْ مَصِيرًا
١٨ إِلَّا الْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ
مِنَ الرِّجَالِ وَالنِّسَاءِ وَالْوِلْدَانِ
لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ حِيلَةً

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Indeed, ever is God all-pardoning, all-forgiving.
 4:100 * Thus whoever emigrates in the path of God shall find in the land many a 'flourishing' refuge and great plenitude.

And whoever departs from his home as an émigré to God and His Messenger, 'but' thereafter death overtakes him 'on the road', then truly 'the granting of' his reward shall fall to God.

And ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

4:101 Now, when you strike out in the land, then there shall be no blame on you if you shorten 'something' of the Prayer, should you fear that those who disbelieve will assail you.

Indeed, the disbelievers are to you a clear enemy.

4:102 Thus, 'as to congregational Prayer with the believers

in an area of conflict, O Prophet,' whenever you are among them and you have called them to stand for the Prayer,

then let one group of them stand with you 'in the Prayer'.

Moreover, let them take 'with them' their arms.

And when they are bowing 'their faces' down 'to the ground in the Prayer',

let the 'other group be on guard' behind you. Then 'after you rise

from first bowing your face down',

let the other group who has not yet prayed come 'and begin' to pray with you

وَلَا يَهْتَدُونَ سَبِيلًا

فَأُولَٰئِكَ عَسَىٰ اللَّهُ

أَنْ يَعْفُو عَنْهُمْ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَفُوًّا غَفُورًا

وَمَنْ يُهَاجِرْ

فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ يَجِدْ فِي الْأَرْضِ

مُرَاعًا كَثِيرًا وَسَعَةً

وَمَنْ يَخْرُجْ مِنْ بَيْتِهِ

مُهَاجِرًا إِلَى اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

ثُمَّ يَدْرِكُهُ الْمَوْتُ

فَقَدْ وَقَعَ أَجْرُهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا

وَإِذَا ضَرَبْتُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ

فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ

أَنْ تَقْصُرُوا مِنَ الصَّلَاةِ

إِنْ خِفْتُمْ أَنْ يَفْتِنَكُمْ

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِنَّ الْكَافِرِينَ

كَانُوا لَكُمْ عَدُوًّا مُبِينًا

وَإِذَا كُنْتُمْ فِيهِمْ

فَأَقِمْتَ لَهُمْ الصَّلَاةَ

فَلْنَقُصِّمْ طَائِفَةً مِنْهُمْ مَعَكَ

وَلْيَأْخُذُوا أَسْلِحَتَهُمْ

فَإِذَا سَجَدُوا فَلْيَكُونُوا

مِنْ وَرَائِكُمْ

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after the first group has completed its Prayer.

And let them take due precaution

as well as their arms.

For those who disbelieve

would love for you to neglect your arms

and your belongings.

Then they would pounce down upon you
all at once.

But there shall be no blame on you—

when you are beset with hardship from rain

or you are sick—if you set aside your arms.

Yet take due precaution.

And know that indeed,

God has prepared for the disbelievers

a disgracing torment.

4:103 So when you have concluded the Prayer,

then remember God with reverence,

while standing, or sitting,

or lying on your sides.

Thereafter, when you are secure,

establish the regular Prayer.

Indeed, the Prayer

is a prescribed obligation for the believers

at the well-known appointed times.

4:104 Yet do not become disheartened

in pursuing the people who have assailed you.

If you suffer pain, they too suffer pain

as you suffer pain.

But you have hope to receive from God

what they can never hope for.

And ever is God all-knowing, all-wise.

4:105 O Prophet!

We have, indeed, sent down the Book to you

with the very essence of all truth

to judge between people

وَلَتَأْتِ طَائِفَةٌ أُخْرَىٰ

لَمْ يُصَلُّوا فَلْيُصَلُّوا مَعَكَ

وَلْيَأْخُذُوا حِذْرَهُمْ

وَأَسْلِحَهُمْ ۚ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

لَوْ تَعَفَّلُوا

عَنْ أَسْلِحَتِكُمْ وَأَمْتِكُمْ

فَيَمِيلُونَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَيْلَةً وَاحِدَةً

وَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ

إِنْ كَانَ بِكُمْ أَذًى مِنْ مَطَرٍ

أَوْ كُنْتُمْ مَرْضَىٰ

أَنْ تَضَعُوا أَسْلِحَتَكُمْ

وَحُذِرْكُمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ أَعَدَّ لِلْكَافِرِينَ

عَذَابًا مُهِينًا

فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُمُ الصَّلَاةَ

فَاذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ قِيَمًا وَقُعُودًا

وَعَلَىٰ جُنُوبِكُمْ

فَإِذَا أَطْمَأْنَنْتُمْ

فَأَقِمْوُا الصَّلَاةَ ۚ إِنَّ الصَّلَاةَ

كَانَتْ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

كِتَابًا مَوْفُورًا

وَلَا تَهِنُوا فِي ابْتِغَاءِ الْقَوْمِ

إِنْ تَكُونُوا تَأْمِنُونَ

فَالَهُمْ يَا أُولِي الْأَلْبَابِ

كَمَا تَأْمِنُونَ

وَرَجُوعٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ

مَا لَا يَرْجُونَ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا

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١٠٤

- by what God has shown you.
 So do not be an advocate
 for the treacherous 'who disavow the truth'.
 4:106 But seek 'much' forgiveness from God.
 Indeed, ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
 4:107 Moreover, do not argue on behalf of those
 who betray their own souls 'with sin'.
 Indeed, God does not love one
 who is treacherous, sinful.
 4:108 They seek to hide their 'true' selves from people.
 But they do not hide from God.
 For He is with them, 'watching',
 when at night they deliberate
 on a discourse with which He is not pleased.
 And ever is God
 all-encompassing of what they do.
 4:109 So there you 'believers' are
 having argued on their behalf
 in the life of this world!
 But who will argue before God on their behalf
 on the Day of Resurrection?
 Or who will be there as a guardian for them
 'to defend them'?
 4:110 Whoever does a misdeed
 or wrongs his own soul
 then seeks forgiveness from God
 will find God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
 4:111 Yet whoever earns a sin
 earns it only against his own soul.
 And ever is God all-knowing, all-wise.
 4:112 But whoever commits an offense or a sin,
 then casts it upon an innocent 'person',
 then, assuredly, he shall bear the burden
 of 'both a grave' calumny and a clear sin.
 4:113 And were it not for the grace of God upon you,

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- إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ إِلَيْكَ ١٠٥
 أَلْكَتِبَ بِالْحَقِّ
 لِتَحْكُمَ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ
 بِمَا أَرْسَلَ اللَّهُ وَلَا تَكُنْ
 لِلظَّالِمِينَ حَصِيمًا
 ١٠٦ وَأَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
 كَانَ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا
 وَلَا تَجِدُ عَنِ
 الَّذِينَ يَخْتَانُونَ أَنْفُسَهُمْ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ
 مَنْ كَانَ خَوَافًا أَثِيمًا
 ١٠٧ يَسْتَخْفُونَ مِنَ النَّاسِ
 وَلَا يَسْتَخْفُونَ مِنَ اللَّهِ
 وَهُوَ مَعَهُمْ إِذْ يُبَيِّنُونَ
 مَا لَا يَرْضَى مِنَ الْقَوْلِ
 وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ مُحِيطًا
 ١٠٨ هَتَأْتُهُمْ هُتُوءًا جَدَلْتُمْ
 عَنْهُمْ فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا
 فَمَنْ يُجَدِّلُ اللَّهَ عَنْهُمْ
 يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
 أَمْ مَنْ يَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكِيلًا
 ١٠٩ وَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ سُوءًا
 أَوْ يَظْلِمْ نَفْسَهُ
 ثُمَّ يَسْتَغْفِرِ اللَّهَ
 يَجِدِ اللَّهَ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا
 ١١٠ وَمَنْ يَكْسِبْ إِثْمًا
 فَإِنَّمَا يَكْسِبُهُ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ
 وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا
 ١١١ وَمَنْ يَكْسِبْ خَطِيئَةً أَوْ إِثْمًا

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‘O Muhammad, and His mercy,
a group of them would have resolved
to lead you astray.
But, in fact,
they lead none astray but themselves.
And they will not harm you in anything.
For it is God
who has sent down to you the Book
and ‘prophetic’ wisdom.
And He has taught you what you did not know.
Thus the bounty of God upon you
has been magnificent, ‘indeed’.

- 4:114 * There is nothing good
in most of the secret converse of people,
except if one enjoins charitable offerings,
or the doing of what is right,
or reconciliation among people.
And whoever does this,
seeking the pleasure of God,
then We shall give him a magnificent reward.
- 4:115 But whoever rebels against the Messenger
after the ‘revealed’ guidance
has become clear to him,
and follows other than the way of the believers,
We shall turn him over
to that which he ‘himself’ has turned.
And We shall roast him in Hell—
and what an evil destination it is!
- 4:116 Indeed, God will not forgive
associating any god with Him.
But He forgives anything less than this
for whomever He so wills.
Thus whoever associates gods with God
has truly strayed far astray!

ثُمَّ يَرِيءُ بِهِ ۖ يَرِيءَا
فَقَدْ أَحْصَيْنَاهُ ۖ هَتَيْنَا ۖ وَ إِنَّمَا مَعِينَا
وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكَ
وَرَحْمَتُهُ
لَهَمَّتْ طَائِفَةٌ مِنْهُمْ
أَنْ يُضِلُّوكَ
وَمَا يُضِلُّونَ إِلَّا أَنْفُسَهُمْ
وَمَا يَضُرُّونَكَ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
وَأَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ
الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ
وَعَلَّمَكَ مَا لَمْ تَكُن تَعْلَمُ
وَكَانَ فَضْلُ اللَّهِ
عَلَيْكَ عَظِيمًا
❖ لَا خَيْرَ
فِي كَثِيرٍ مِّنْ نَّجْوَاهُمْ
إِلَّا مَن أَمَرَ بِصَدَقَةٍ
أَوْ مَعْرُوفٍ أَوْ إِصْلَاحٍ
بَيْنَ النَّاسِ
وَمَن يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ
إِتِبَاعًا مَّرَضَاتِ اللَّهِ
فَسَوْفَ نُؤْتِيهِ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا
وَمَن يُسَاقِ الرَّسُولَ
مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا بُيِّنَ لَهُ الْهُدَىٰ
وَيَتَّبِعْ غَيْرَ سَبِيلِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
تُوَلِّهِ مَا تَوَلَّىٰ
وَنُصْلِهِ جَهَنَّمَ
وَسَاءَتْ مَصِيرًا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَغْفِرُ أَنْ يُشْرَكَ بِهِ ۚ

(113)

(114)

(115)

(116)

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- 4:117 'As for the Makkan idolaters ,
they call upon nothing besides Him
but 'false' female 'deities' .
And they call upon nothing, 'in reality' ,
but a rebellious Satan,
4:118 whom God has cursed,
and who has 'himself' said 'to God':
I shall most surely take hold
of an appointed portion of Your servants.
4:119 And I shall, most surely, lead them astray.
Moreover, I shall, most surely, fill them
with fancies.
Thus, I shall command them:
And they shall slit the ears of cattle
'in false ritual' .
And I shall command them:
And they shall 'seek unnatural' change
'to' the creation of God.
But whoever takes Satan as a patron,
apart from God, ,
has most surely suffered a manifest loss.
4:120 'Satan' makes promises to them
and fills them with fancies.
Yet Satan promises 'those of' them
'who follow him' nothing but a mere delusion.
4:121 The 'final' abode of these shall be Hell!
And they shall not find any asylum from it.
4:122 But 'as for' those who believe
and do righteous deeds,
We shall admit them
into Gardens beneath which rivers flow,
wherein they shall abide, forever and ever.
It is the true promise of God.
And who is more truthful in word than God?
4:123 It shall not be willed by your fancies—

وَيَعْبِرُوا مَا دُونَهُ ذَٰلِكَ
لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَمَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللَّهِ
فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا ﴿١١٧﴾
إِنْ يَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِهِ
إِلَّا إِنْسَانًا وَإِنْ يَدْعُونَ
إِلَّا شَيْطَانًا مَّرِيدًا ﴿١١٨﴾
لَعَنَهُ اللَّهُ وَقَالَ
لَا تَتَّخِذْنَ مِنْ عِبَادِكَ
نَصِيبًا مَفْرُوضًا ﴿١١٩﴾
وَلَا ضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ
وَلَا مَرَدُّ لَهُمْ فَلْيَبْزَكُنَّ
ءَاذَانَ الْآفَكَةِ ﴿١٢٠﴾
وَلَا مَرْئِيَهُمْ فَلْيَغْرِب
خَلْقَ اللَّهِ وَمَنْ يَتَّخِذِ
الشَّيْطَانَ وَلِيًّا
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ فَقَدْ
خَسِرَ خُسْرَانًا مُبِينًا ﴿١٢١﴾
يَعِدُّهُمْ وَيُمْنِيهِمْ وَمَا
يَعِدُّهُمْ الشَّيْطَانُ إِلَّا غُرُورًا ﴿١٢٢﴾
أُولَٰئِكَ مَا وَلَّهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ
وَلَا يَجِدُونَ عَنْهَا مَحِيصًا ﴿١٢٣﴾
وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا
الصَّالِحَاتِ
سَنُدْخِلُهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ
تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا

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nor the fancies of the People of the Scripture—
that any of you enter Paradise.

Rather, whoever does a misdeed
shall be recompensed for it.

And he shall not find for himself,
apart from God, any patron nor supporter.

- 4:124 But whoever does righteous deeds—
whether male or female and is a believer—
these, then, shall enter the Garden of Paradise.
And never shall they be wronged even a speck.

- 4:125 For who is of a more excellent faith
than one who submits his face to God,
while he excels in 'doing' good
and follows the sacred way of Abraham,
the upright in heart?

For God took Abraham to be a 'beloved' friend.

- 4:126 And to God belongs all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.
And ever is God all-encompassing of all things.

- 4:127 Now, they who follow you in faith
seek a ruling from you, O Muhammad,
about their obligations concerning women.
Say to them:
God 'Himself' gives you a ruling about them—
and what has been recited to you 'before'
in the Book clarifies this for you:
Uphold all rights
with regard to female orphans—
especially those whom you have not granted
all that has been 'duly' prescribed for them
by God, though you desire to marry them.
Moreover, uphold all rights
with regard to children,
who are 'utterly' helpless.

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ حَقًّا
وَمَنْ أَصْدَقُ مِنَ اللَّهِ قِيلًا
لَيْسَ بِأَمَانِيكُمْ وَلَا أَمَانِي
أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ
مَنْ يَعْمَلْ سُوءًا يُجْزَ بِهِ
وَلَا يَجِدْ لَهُ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
وَلِيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا
وَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ
مِنَ الصَّالِحَاتِ
مِنْ ذَكَرٍ أَوْ اُنْثَى
وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ
فَأُولَئِكَ يَدْخُلُونَ الْجَنَّةَ
وَلَا يُظْلَمُونَ نَقِيرًا
وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ دِينًا
مِمَّنْ أَسْلَمَ وَجْهَهُ لِلَّهِ
وَهُوَ مُحْسِنٌ
وَاتَّبَعَ مِلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا
وَاتَّخَذَ اللَّهُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ خَلِيلًا
وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ
يَكُلُّ شَيْءًا مُخِطًا
وَيَسْتَفْتُونَكَ فِي النِّسَاءِ
قُلِ اللَّهُ يُفْتِيكُمْ فِيهِنَّ
وَمَا يَتْلَى عَلَيْكُمْ
فِي الْكِتَابِ فِي يَتِمَّى النِّسَاءِ
الَّتِي لَا تَوْفُونَهُنَّ
مَا كُتِبَ لَهُنَّ
وَرِعْيُونَ أَنْ تَنْكِحُوهُنَّ

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- In addition, uphold all rights
with regard to all orphans, with due justice.
And know that whatever good you do,
then, indeed, ever is God all-knowing of it.
- 4:128 Furthermore, if any woman
fears disfavor or alienation from her husband,
then there shall be no blame on the two of them
if they reconcile a peaceful settlement
between themselves.
For reconciliation is far better
than kindling strife,
though beware that avarice is ever-present
in the human soul.
But if you excel in doing good
and are God-fearing—
then ever is God all-aware of all that you do.
- 4:129 Yet you shall never be able
to be purely equitable between wives—
even if you are solicitous about doing so.
But do not altogether incline against one,
such that you leave her,
as it were, hanging.
Rather, if you set affairs aright,
and be God-fearing, then, indeed, ever is God
all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 4:130 If, however, the two of them part equitably,
God will enrich each one of them
out of His vast bounty.
And ever is God all-encompassing, all-wise.
- 4:131 For to God belongs all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.
And truly We have enjoined those
who were given the Scripture before you—
and you yourselves—

وَالْمُسْتَضْعِفِينَ
مِنَ الْوِلْدَانِ وَأَنْ
تَقُومُوا لِلْيَتَامَى بِالْقِسْطِ
وَمَا تَفْعَلُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ بِهِ عَلِيمًا
وَإِنْ أَمْرَاهُ خَافَتْ ١٢٨
مِنْ بَعْلِهَا شُورًا أَوْ إِعْرَاضًا
فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا
أَنْ يُصْلِحَا بَيْنَهُمَا صُلْحًا
وَالصُّلْحُ خَيْرٌ
وَأُحْضِرَتِ الْأَنْفُسُ الشُّحَّ
وَإِنْ تَحْسِنُوا وَسَتَقْبُوا
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ
بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا
وَلَنْ تَسْتَطِيعُوا ١٢٩
أَنْ تَعْدِلُوا بَيْنَ النِّسَاءِ
وَلَوْ حَرَصْتُمْ فَلَا
تَمِيلُوا كُلَّ الْمِيلِ
فَتَذَرُوهُنَّ كَالْمُعَلَّقَةِ
وَإِنْ تَصْلِحُوا وَسَتَقْبُوا
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ
عَفُورًا رَحِيمًا
وَإِنْ يَنْفَرَا بَعْضُ اللَّهِ
كُلًّا مِنْ سَعَتِهِ ١٣٠
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ وَاسِعًا حَكِيمًا
وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ ١٣١

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that you shall 'all' be God-fearing.

But if you disbelieve—

then, nevertheless, to God

belongs all that is in the heavens

and all that is in the earth.

And ever is God self-sufficient, all-praised.

4:132 For to God belongs all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.

And sufficient is God as a guardian.

4:133 If ever He so wills, He shall do away with you,
O people 'of the Earth',
and bring others 'in your place'.

And ever is God all-able to do this.

4:134 Thus whoever desires
the reward of this world—
then 'know that'
with God is the reward of this world
and the Hereafter.

Indeed, ever is God all-hearing, all-seeing.

4:135 *O you who believe!
Be most upright in 'upholding' justice,
bearing 'true' witness
for 'the sake of' God 'alone'—
even if it is against your own selves,
or 'your' parents, or 'your' nearest relatives—
'regardless of' whether one 'party' is rich
and 'the other' is poor,
for God is most regardful
of 'what is good for' them both.
So do not follow whim
such that you pervert equity.
For if you distort 'testimony'
or turn away 'from the truth',
then, indeed, ever is God all-aware

وَلَقَدْ وَصَّيْنَا الَّذِينَ

أَوْثَرُوا الْكُتُبَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ

وَرِثَانَكُمْ أَنْ اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ

وَرِنْ تَكْفُرُوا فَإِنَّ لِلَّهِ

مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَنِيًّا حَمِيدًا

وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ ﴿١٣٢﴾

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَكُفَى بِاللَّهِ وَكِيلًا

إِنْ يَشَأْ يُذْهِبْكُمْ ﴿١٣٣﴾

أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ

وَيَأْتِ بِآخَرِينَ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى ذَلِكَ قَدِيرًا

مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا ﴿١٣٤﴾

فَعِنْدَ اللَّهِ

ثَوَابُ الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿١٣٥﴾

كُونُوا قَوَّامِينَ بِالْقِسْطِ

شُهَدَاءَ لِلَّهِ

وَلَوْ عَلَى أَنْفُسِكُمْ

أَوِ الْوَالِدِينَ وَالْأَقْرَبِينَ

إِنْ يَكُنْ غَنِيًّا أَوْ فَقِيرًا

فَاللَّهُ أَوْلَىٰ بِهِمَا

فَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا الْهَوَىٰ

أَنْ تَعْدِلُوا

of all that you do.

- 4:136 O you who believe!
Believe `steadfastly` in God,
and His Messenger, and the Book
that He has, indeed, sent down
to His Messenger—
and every `revealed` Book
that He has sent down before.
For whoever disbelieves in God
and His angels and His `revealed` Books
and His messengers
and `in the coming Judgment of` the Last Day
has truly strayed far astray.
- 4:137 As to those who have believed, then disbelieved,
then believed, then disbelieved,
then `stubbornly` increased in unbelief—
never will God forgive them.
Nor will He guide them to `the right` way.
- 4:138 Give `heavy` tidings to the hypocrites, `as well`,`
that for them there is a most painful torment
`awaiting in the Hereafter.
- 4:139 For they are `the ones
who take the disbelievers as allies
instead of the believers.
Do they seek invincible might from them?
Then, most surely,
invincibility is altogether with God.
- 4:140 Moreover, `recall
that `He has already sent down to you
`a commandment` in the Book
that when you hear the verses of God
being belied and mocked at `by people`,
then do not sit with them
until they take up some other discourse.

وَإِنْ تَلَوْا أَوْ تَعْرِضُوا
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ
بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
ءَامِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ
وَالْكِتَابِ الَّذِي
نَزَّلَ عَلَى رَسُولِهِ
وَالْكِتَابِ الَّذِي
أَنزَلَ مِنْ قَبْلُ
وَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ بِاللَّهِ وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ
وَكُتُبِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ
وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ
فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
ثُمَّ كَفَرُوا ثُمَّ ءَامَنُوا
ثُمَّ كَفَرُوا ثُمَّ أَزْدَادُوا كُفْرًا
لَمْ يَكُنِ اللَّهُ لِيَغْفِرَ لَهُمْ
وَلَا لِيَهْدِيَهُمْ سَبِيلًا
بَشِّرِ الْمُنَافِقِينَ بِأَنَّ
لَهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا
الَّذِينَ يَتَخَذُونَ الْكَافِرِينَ
أَوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
أَيَنْفَعُونَ عَنْدَهُمُ الْعِزَّةُ
فَإِنَّ الْعِزَّةَ لِلَّهِ جَمِيعًا
وَقَدْ نَزَّلَ عَلَيْكُمْ
فِي الْكِتَابِ أَنْ إِذَا سَمِعْتُمْ
ءَايَاتَ اللَّهِ

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For, indeed, you would then be like them.
Indeed, God shall gather the hypocrites
and the disbelievers in Hellfire, all together.

- 4:141 The hypocrites are those
who await misfortune to befall you.
But if there is for you a victory from God,
they say: Were we not with you?
But when the disbelievers
have a measure of success over you,
they say to them:
Did we not have the advantage over you
and shield you against the believers?
Indeed, God shall judge between you all
on the Day of Resurrection.
And never will God
make a way for the disbelievers
to utterly overcome the true believers.
4:142 Indeed, the hypocrites seek to deceive God.
But it is He who causes them to be deceived.
Whenever they stand for the Prayer,
they stand lazily, for they merely desire
to show themselves before people.
Nor do they remember God thereafter
except a little—

- 4:143 wavering between the two sides,
belonging neither to these nor to those.
Yet whomever God leaves to stray,
never will you find for him
a rightly guided way.
4:144 O you who believe!
You shall not take the disbelievers as allies
instead of the believers.
Do you desire, in doing this,
to give God a manifest proof against you

يَكْفُرُ بِهَا وَيُسْتَهْزَأُ بِهَا
فَلَا تَقْعُدُوا مَعَهُمْ حَتَّى
يَخْرُجُوا فِي حَدِيثٍ غَيْرِهِ
إِنَّكُمْ إِذَا مَثَلْتُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ جَامِعُ الْمُنَافِقِينَ
وَالْكَافِرِينَ فِي جَهَنَّمَ جَمِيعًا
الَّذِينَ يَرَبُّونَ بِكُمْ
فَإِنْ كَانَ لَكُمْ فَتْحٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ
فَقَالُوا أَلَمْ تَكُنْ مَعَكُمْ
وَإِنْ كَانَ لِلْكَافِرِينَ نَصِيبٌ
قَالُوا أَلَمْ نَسْتَحِذْ عَلَيْكُمْ
وَنَمْنَعَكُم مِّنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
فَاللَّهُ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَكُمْ
يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
وَلَنْ يَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ لِلْكَافِرِينَ
عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ سَبِيلًا
إِنَّ الْمُنَافِقِينَ يُخَادِعُونَ اللَّهَ
وَهُوَ خَادِعُهُمْ
وَإِذَا قَامُوا إِلَى الصَّلَاةِ
قَامُوا كُسَالَى يُرَاءُونَ النَّاسَ
وَلَا يَذْكُرُونَ اللَّهَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا
مُّدَبِّدِينَ بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ
لَا إِلَى هَؤُلَاءِ وَلَا إِلَى هَؤُلَاءِ
وَمَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ
فَلَنْ تَجِدَ لَهُ سَبِيلًا
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

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١٤٤

as to your faithlessness?

- 4:145 Indeed, the hypocrites shall be
in the lowest depth of the Fire of Hell!
And never will you find for them
any helper to deliver them.
- 4:146 Excepted are those who repent,
and set their affairs aright,
and hold fast to faith in God,
and make their religion sincere to God alone.
Such as these shall be ever with the believers.
And God shall give the believers
a magnificent reward.

- 4:147 What would God attain by tormenting you
if you give thanks to Him
and truly believe in Him?
And ever is God all-thankful, all-knowing.
- 4:148 * God does not love overt expression
of offensive discourse, unless it be in redress
by one who has been wronged.
And, indeed, ever is God
all-hearing, all-knowing.
- 4:149 If you disclose a good deed done by one,
or conceal it,
or pardon an evil offense against you—
then know that ever is God
all-pardoning, almighty.
- 4:150 Those who disbelieve in God
and His messengers,
and who desire to separate
between belief in God
and belief in all His messengers, saying:
We believe in some.
But we disbelieve in others!—
and who thereby desire

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لَا تَنَجِدُوا الْكَافِرِينَ
أُولَٰئِكَ مِنْ دُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
أَتَرِيدُونَ أَنْ يَجْعَلُوا لِلَّهِ
عَلَيْكُمْ سُلْطَانًا مُبِينًا
إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي الدَّرَكِ
الْأَسْفَلِ مِنَ النَّارِ
وَلَنْ يَجِدَ لَهُمْ نَصِيرًا
إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوا وَأَصْلَحُوا
وَأَعْتَصَمُوا بِاللَّهِ
وَأَخْلَصُوا دِينَهُمْ لِلَّهِ
فَأُولَٰئِكَ مَعَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَسَوْفَ يُؤْتِي اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا
مَا يَفْعَلُ اللَّهُ بِعَدَابِكُمْ
إِنْ شَكَرْتُمْ وَءَامَنْتُمْ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ شَاكِرًا عَلِيمًا
لَا يُحِبُّ اللَّهُ
الْجَهْرَ بِالسُّوءِ مِنَ الْقَوْلِ
إِلَّا مَنْ ظَلَمَ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ سَمِيعًا عَلِيمًا
إِنْ يَبْدُوا خَيْرًا أَوْ يُخَفُّوهُ
أَوْ تَعَفَّوْا عَنْ سُوءٍ
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَفُوًّا قَدِيرًا
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ
يَكْفُرُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ
وَيُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يُفَرِّقُوا
بَيْنَ اللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ

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- to pursue a 'deceptive' path between them—
 4:151 it is these who are, in truth, the disbelievers.
 And We have made ready for the disbelievers
 a disgracing torment.
- 4:152 But all those who believe in God
 and His messengers—
 not differentiating 'in faith'
 between any of them—
 to those He shall give their 'full' rewards.
 And ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 4:153 The People of the Scripture ask you,
 'O Prophet, to bring down to them
 an 'inscribed' book from Heaven.
 Truly, they have asked Moses
 for 'something' greater than this.
 They said:
 Show us God openly, 'before our very eyes'!
 Then, suddenly, the thunderbolt seized them
 for their wrongdoing.
 Then they took the 'Golden' Calf for worship,
 after the clear 'and miraculous' proofs
 'of God' had come to them.
 Then We pardoned this.
 Moreover, We gave Moses
 clear evidence 'against idolatry'.
- 4:154 For We lifted Mount Tûr above them
 'as a warning' for 'defying' their covenant.
 And 'thereafter' We said to them:
 Enter through the gate 'of Jerusalem'
 bowing down 'in all humility'.
 But they defied it.
 And 'thereafter' We said to them,
 You shall commit no violation in the Sabbath.
 But they defied it.

وَيَقُولُونَ نُوْمِنُ بِبَعْضِ

وَنَكْفُرُ بِبَعْضِ

وَيُرِيدُونَ أَن يُتَّخَذُوا

بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ سَبِيلًا

أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْكَافِرُونَ حَقًّا ١٥١

وَأَعْتَدْنَا لِلْكَافِرِينَ

عَذَابًا مُّهِينًا

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِآلِلَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ ١٥٢

وَلَمْ يَفْرُقُوا

بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ مِنْهُمْ

أُولَٰئِكَ سَوْفَ

يُؤْتِيهِمْ أَجْرَهُمْ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا

يَسْأَلُكَ أَهْلُ الْكِتَابِ ١٥٣

أَن تُنَزِّلَ عَلَيْهِمْ كِتَابًا

مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ

فَقَدْ سَأَلُوا مُوسَىٰ

أَكْبَرُ مِن ذَلِكَ فَقَالُوا

أَرِنَا اللَّهَ جَهْرَةً فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ

الصَّاعِقَةُ بِظُلْمِهِمْ

ثُمَّ اتَّخَذُوا الْعِجْلَ

مِّن بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَتْهُمْ الْبَيِّنَاتُ

فَعَفَوْنَا عَنْ ذَلِكَ

وَأَنبَأْنَا مُوسَىٰ سُلْطَانًا مُّبِينًا

وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَهُمُ الطُّورَ ١٥٤

بِمِيثَاقِهِمْ وَقُلْنَا لَهُمْ

ادْخُلُوا الْبَابَ سُجَّدًا

- And thereafter We took from them
a most solemn covenant. But they defied it.
- 4:155 Thus for breaking their own covenant;
and for their disbelief in the signs of God;
and for their killing of the prophets
without any right;
and for their saying:
Our hearts are encased
against further Revelation—
they were condemned.
Rather, as to their hearts,
God has set a seal upon them for their unbelief.
For they do not believe, except for a little.
- 4:156 Moreover they were condemned
for their unbelief;
and for their utterance
of an enormous calumny against Mary;
and for their saying:
Indeed, we have killed the Messiah,
Jesus, son of Mary, the Messenger of God!
However, they did not kill him.
Nor did they crucify him.
Rather, it was made to appear to them as so.
And as to those who are in dispute
with regard to him and the crucifixion,
they themselves remain in doubt about it.
They have no sure knowledge of it,
except the following of mere conjecture.
Yet for a certainty they did not kill him!
- 4:158 Rather, God has raised him to Himself.
And ever is God overpowering, all-wise.
- 4:159 And there is not a single one
of the People of the Scripture
save that every last one of them
shall most surely believe in him

وَقُلْنَا لَهُمْ لَا تَعْدُوا

فِي السَّبْتِ

وَأَخَذْنَا مِنْهُمْ مِيثَاقًا غَلِيظًا

فِيمَا نَقَضُوا مِنْهُمْ مِيثَاقَهُمْ

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وَكُفِّرْهُمْ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ

وَقَتْلِهِمُ الْأَنْبِيَاءَ بِغَيْرِ حَقٍّ

وَقَوْلِهِمْ قُلُوبُنَا غُلْفٌ

بَلْ طَبَعَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهَا بِكُفْرِهِمْ

فَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

وَبِكُفْرِهِمْ وَقَوْلِهِمْ

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عَلَى مَرْيَمَ بِهَتْنًا عَظِيمًا

وَقَوْلِهِمْ إِنَّا قَتَلْنَا الْمَسِيحَ

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عِيسَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ

وَمَا قَتَلُوهُ وَمَا صَلَبُوهُ

وَلَكِنْ شُبِّهَ لَهُمْ

وَأَنَّ الَّذِينَ اخْتَلَفُوا فِيهِ

لَفِي شَكٍّ مِنْهُ

مَا لَهُمْ بِهِ مِنْ عِلْمٍ

إِلَّا أَنْبَاءَ الظَّنِّ

وَمَا قَتَلُوهُ يَقِينًا

بَلْ رَفَعَهُ اللَّهُ إِلَيْهِ

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وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَزِيزًا حَكِيمًا

as the Messiah before his death.
Moreover, on the Day of Resurrection,
he himself shall be a witness against them.

- 4:160 Because of the wrongdoing
perpetrated by those of Jewry,
We have made forbidden to them
wholesome foods
previously made lawful to them—
and also because of their barring
of so many people from the way of God;
4:161 and for their taking of usury,
though they were forbidden to do it;
and for their consuming
the wealth of the people by false means.
Moreover, We have prepared
for the disbelievers among them
a most painful torment in the Hereafter.
4:162 But those among them
who are well-grounded in knowledge,
as well as the true believers,
believe in this revelation
that has been sent down to you,
O Muhammad,
and in the Scripture that has been sent down
to the prophets who came before you—
as do the steadfast in establishing the Prayer,
and the givers of the Zakât-Charity,
and the believers in God
and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day.
It is to these that We shall give
a magnificent reward.
4:163 *Indeed, We have given revelation to you,
O Muhammad,
even as We gave revelation to Noah

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الجزء السَّادِسُ

وَإِنْ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ إِلَّا

يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ قَبْلَ مَوْتِهِ

وَيَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

يَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمْ شَهِيدًا

فَيُظَاهَرُونَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ هَادُوا

حَرَمْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ طَيِّبَاتٍ

أُحِلَّتْ لَهُمْ وَبِصَدِّهِمْ

عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ كَثِيرًا

وَأَخَذَهُمُ الرِّبَا

وَقَدْ نُهُوا عَنْهُ

وَأَكْثُهُمْ أَمْوَالُ النَّاسِ بِالْبَاطِلِ

وَأَعْتَدْنَا لِلْكَافِرِينَ مِنْهُمْ

عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا

لَكِنِ الَّذِينَ الرَّاسِخُونَ

فِي الْعِلْمِ مِنْهُمْ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ

يُؤْمِنُونَ بِمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ

وَمَا أُنْزِلَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ

وَالْمُقِيمِينَ الصَّلَاةَ

وَالْمُؤْتِينَ الزَّكَاةَ

وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ

أُولَئِكَ سَنُؤْتِيهِمْ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا

and the prophets after him—
and as We have given revelation to Abraham,
and Ishmael, and Isaac, and Jacob,
and to the prophets of the Tribes of Israel,
and to Jesus, and Job, and Jonah,
and Aaron, and Solomon.

And We gave David the Psalms as a revelation.

4:164 Thus there are messengers
of whom We have told you before
and other messengers
of whom We have not told you.

And it is true
that God spoke directly to Moses—
His very word, indeed!

4:165 They were messengers—
bearers of glad tidings and forewarners—
so that after the coming of the messengers
people would have no argument before God
to justify their misdeeds.

Indeed, ever is God overpowering, all-wise.

4:166 Yet if they belie you, God bears witness
to what He has sent down to you,
'O Muhammad':

He has sent it down with His knowledge.
And all the angels so bear witness.
Yet sufficient is God as a witness to this.

4:167 So as to those who disbelieve
and bar people from the path of God,
they have truly strayed far astray.

4:168 Indeed, those who disbelieve and do wrong,
God shall not forgive them!

Nor shall He guide them along any path—

4:169 except the path to Hell,
wherein they shall abide, forever and ever.
And that, for God, is ever easy.

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الجزء السادس

﴿١٦٤﴾ إِنَّا أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ

كَمَا أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَى نُوحٍ

وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ

وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَى

إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ

وَإِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ

وَالْأَسْبَاطَ وَعِيسَى

وَأَيُّوبَ وَيُوسُفَ

وَهَارُونَ وَسُلَيْمَانَ

وَعَاثَيْنَا دَاوُدَ زَبُورًا

﴿١٦٥﴾ وَرُسُلًا قَدْ قَصَصْنَاهُمْ

عَلَيْكَ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَرُسُلًا

لَمْ نَقْصُصْهُمْ عَلَيْكَ

وَكَلَّمَ اللَّهُ مُوسَى تَكْلِيمًا

﴿١٦٦﴾ رُسُلًا مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذِرِينَ

لِتَلَا يَكُونَ لِلنَّاسِ عَلَى اللَّهِ

حُجَّةٌ بَعْدَ الرُّسُلِ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَزِيزًا حَكِيمًا

﴿١٦٧﴾ لَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يَشْهَدُ

بِمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ

أَنْزَلَهُ بِعِلْمِهِ

وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ يَشْهَدُونَ

وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ شَهِيدًا

﴿١٦٨﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

وَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

قَدْ ضَلُّوا ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا

﴿١٦٩﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَظَلَمُوا

لَمْ يَكُنِ اللَّهُ لِيَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ

وَلَا لِيَهْدِيَهُمْ طَرِيقًا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَجَّةُ السَّادِسُ

- 4:170 O humankind!
Most surely,
the 'promised' Messenger has come to you
with the truth from your Lord.
So believe. It is best for you.
Yet if you disbelieve, then 'be forewarned
that', indeed, to God belongs
all that is in the heavens and the earth.
And ever is God all-knowing, all-wise.
- 4:171 O People of the Scripture!
Do not exceed the bounds 'of revealed faith'
in 'the creed of' your religion.
Nor say about God other than the truth.
Indeed, the Messiah, Jesus, son of Mary,
is only God's messenger;
and 'was created by' His word
that He cast to Mary;
and 'was' a spirit 'that issued forth
by a command' from Him 'to be'.
So believe in God and 'all' His messengers.
And do not say:
Three 'gods in a Trinity'!
Desist! It is better for you.
Indeed, God is but One God.
Highly exalted is He above having a son!
To Him belongs all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.
And sufficient is God as a guardian.
- 4:172 Never shall the Messiah disdain
to be a servant of God,
nor the angels brought near.
So as to whoever is disdainful of His worship—
and grows arrogant—
let it be known', then,

إِلَّا طَرِيقَ جَهَنَّمَ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا
وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرًا
يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّاسُ
قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ الرَّسُولُ
بِالْحَقِّ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ
فَقَامُوا خَيْرًا لَكُمْ
وَلِنْ تَكْفُرُوا فَإِنَّ لِلَّهِ
مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا
يَتَأَهَّلَ الْكِتَابِ
لَا تَقُولُوا فِي دِينِكُمْ
وَلَا تَقُولُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ
إِلَّا الْحَقَّ إِنَّمَا الْمَسِيحُ
عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ
رَسُولُ اللَّهِ وَكَلِمَتُهُ
أَلْقَاهَا إِلَى مَرْيَمَ
وَرُوحٌ مِنْهُ
فَقَامُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ
وَلَا تَقُولُوا ثَلَاثَةٌ
أَنْتَهُمْ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ
إِنَّمَا اللَّهُ إِلَهُ وَاحِدٌ
سُبْحَنَهُ
أَنْ يَكُونَ لَهُ وَلَدٌ
لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَكَفَى بِاللَّهِ وَكِيلًا
لَنْ يَسْتَنْكِفَ الْمَسِيحُ
أَنْ يَكُونَ عَبْدًا لِلَّهِ

- that He shall certainly assemble them
 'for Judgment' before Him, all together.
- 4:173 Then as to those who believe 'in God',
 and do righteous deeds,
 He shall render them their rewards 'in full'
 and increase them evermore from His bounty.
 But as for those who become disdainful
 'of His worship', and grow arrogant,
 He shall torment them
 with a most painful torment.
 And they shall not find for themselves,
 apart from God, either patron or supporter.
- 4:174 O humankind!
 Truly 'decisive' proof 'of the true religion'
 has come to you from your Lord 'in this Quran'.
 And 'herein' have We sent down to you
 a manifest light.
- 4:175 So for those who believe in God
 and hold fast to 'faith in' Him,
 He shall admit them to a mercy of His own,
 and to 'His' favor.
 And He shall guide them to Himself,
 along a straight way 'of salvation'.
- 4:176 They 'who believe'
 seek an 'additional' ruling from you,
 'concerning inheritance, O Muhammad'.
 Say to them:
 God Himself gives you a ruling
 regarding one who has 'only' a non-lineal heir:
 If a person perishes, having no children,
 but he has a sister, then to her 'goes' one-half
 of what he leaves 'behind'.
 And he 'alone' inherits her

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وَلَا الْمَلَائِكَةُ الْمُقَرَّبُونَ
 وَمَنْ يَسْتَنْكِفْ
 عَنْ عِبَادَتِهِ وَيَسْتَكْبِرْ
 فَسَيَحْشُرُهُمْ إِلَيْهِ جَمِيعًا
 فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا (١٧٣)
 وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
 فَيُوَفِّيهِمْ أُجُورَهُمْ
 وَيَزِيدُهُمْ مِّن فَضْلِهِ
 وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ
 اسْتَنَكَفُوا فَاسْتَكَفُوا
 فَيُعَذِّبُهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا
 وَلَا يَجِدُونَ لَهُمْ
 مِّن دُونِ اللَّهِ وَلِيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا
 يٰٓأَيُّهَا النَّاسُ قَدْ جَاءَكُم
 بُرْهَانٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ
 وَأَنزَلْنَا إِلَيْكُمْ نُورًا مُّبِينًا
 فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا بِاللَّهِ (١٧٤)
 وَاعْتَصَمُوا بِهِ فَسَيُدْخِلُهُمْ
 فِي رَحْمَتِنَا وَفَضْلٍ
 وَيَهْدِيهِمْ إِلَى
 صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ
 يَسْتَفْتُونَكَ قُلِ اللَّهُ (١٧٥)
 يُفْتِيكُمْ فِي الْكَلَالَةِ

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if she has no children.
 But if there are two 'surviving' sisters,
 to them 'go' two-thirds
 of what he leaves 'behind'.
 Yet if there are 'surviving' siblings,
 men and women,
 then to the male 'goes' a portion
 like that of two females.
 God clarifies 'this' for you,
 so that you may not go astray.
 And God is all-knowing of all things.

إِنْ أَمْرُهَا هَٰكَذَا لَيْسَ لَهَا وَلَدٌ
 وَلَهُ وَأُخْتُ
 فَلَهُمَا نِصْفُ مَا تَرَكَ
 وَهُوَ بَيْنَهُمَا
 إِنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهَا وَلَدٌ
 فَإِنْ كَانَتَا اثْنَتَيْنِ
 فَلَهُمَا الثُّلَاثَانِ مِمَّا تَرَكَ
 وَإِنْ كَانُوا إِخْوَةً
 رِجَالًا وَنِسَاءً فَلِلذَّكَرِ
 مِثْلُ حَظِّ الْأُنثِيَيْنِ
 يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ أَن تَضِلُّوا
 وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

Surah 5 / 120 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Mâ'idah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 5:1 O you who believe!
Fulfill all contracts, treaties, and covenants
with God and with people.

God decrees these terms:
Lawful for you as food are grazing beasts—
excluding what shall be presently
recited to you as specifically forbidden,
and provided you do not make lawful
the hunting of game
while you are in the state of pilgrim sanctity.
Indeed, God decrees whatever He so wills.

- 5:2 O you who believe!
As to the Pilgrimage:
Do not violate the prescribed rituals
and waymarks of God therein—
neither in relation to the sacred month
in which it occurs;
nor in relation to the animal you bring along
as a charitable-offering of sacrifice;
nor in relation to sacrificial animals for charity,
so marked by their bearing of garlands;

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
أَوْفُوا بِالْعُقُودِ
أَحَلَّتْ لَكُمْ بَيْمَتُ الْأَنْعَامِ
إِلَّا مَا بَيَّنَّ عَلَيْكُمْ
غَيْرُ مُحِلِّي الصَّيْدِ وَأَنْتُمْ حُرْمٌ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحْكُمُ مَا يُرِيدُ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا تُحِلُّوا شَعْيَرَ اللَّهِ
وَلَا الشَّهْرَ الْحَرَامَ
وَلَا الْهَدْيَ وَلَا الْقَلَائِدَ
وَلَا أَيْمِينَ الْبَيْتِ الْحَرَامِ
يَبْتَغُونَ فَضْلًا
مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ وَرِضْوَانًا
وَإِذَا حَلَلْتُمْ فَاصْطَادُوا
وَلَا يَجْرِمَنَّكُمْ شَنَاٰنُ قَوْمٍ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْجُزْءُ السَّامِيُّ

nor 'in relation to' those 'pilgrims'
 headed for the Sacred House 'in Makkah'
 seeking bounty from their Lord
 and 'in quest of His' good pleasure.
 But when you lawfully end
 'the state of pilgrim sanctity',
 then you may 'resume' hunting game.
 Yet you shall not let your 'feelings'
 of 'detestation toward a people'
 who have 'previously' barred you
 from the Sacred Mosque
 cause you to commit aggression 'against them'.
 Rather, you shall help one another
 to virtuousness, and to the fear of God.
 But you shall not help one another
 to sin and to aggression.
 Therefore, fear God.
 Indeed, God is severe in punishment
 'for the breaking of His covenant.'

- 5:3 As to specific dietary prohibitions:
 Forbidden to you
 is 'the consumption of' carrion,
 and blood, and the flesh of swine,
 and that over which
 other than 'the name of' God has been invoked,
 and what has been strangled,
 and what has been beaten to death,
 and what has fallen to 'its' death,
 and what has been gored to death,
 and what has been eaten by a predator—
 except that which you duly slaughter
 'before it dies'—
 and what has been slaughtered on any altar.
 And 'prohibited to you, as well,

أَنْ صَدَّوْكُمْ
 عَنِ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ
 أَنْ تَعْتَدُوا
 وَتَعَاوَنُوا عَلَى الْإِثْمِ وَالنَّفْيِ
 وَلَا تَعَاوَنُوا عَلَى
 الْإِثْمِ وَالْعُدْوَانِ
 وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ
 حُرِّمَتْ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمَيْتَةُ
 وَالدَّمُ وَلَحْمُ الْخَنَازِيرِ
 وَمَا أَهْلَ لُغَيْرِ اللَّهِ بِهِ
 وَالْمُنْخَنِقَةُ وَالْمَوْقُوذَةُ
 وَالْمُتَرَدِّيَةُ وَالنَّطِيحَةُ
 وَمَا أَكَلَ السَّبُعُ
 إِلَّا مَا ذَكَّيْتُمْ
 وَمَا ذُبِحَ عَلَى النُّصُبِ



is that you cast lots with divining arrows
to determine your decisions.
This is sheer ungodliness.

This day:
Those who disbelieve
have despaired of destroying your religion.
So do not fear them. But fear Me!
This day:
I have perfected for you your religion!
And I have completed My grace upon you!
And I am well-pleased for you
with Islam—The Peace—as your religion!

But whoever is compelled by starvation
to eat of forbidden foods
without inclining to sin, then, indeed,
God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

5:4 They ask you, O Prophet,
for further clarification
about what food is lawful for them.
Say to them:
Lawful for you are all wholesome foods,
along with the prey
of the hunting creatures you have taught,
training them as hounds
and teaching them
from what God has taught you.
So eat from what they catch for you.
But mention the name of God over it.
And be ever God-fearing!
Indeed, God is swift in reckoning.

5:5 This day:
Also made lawful for you

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وَأَنْ تَسْتَقْسِمُوا بِالْأَزْلَمِ
ذَلِكَ فُسُوقٌ

الْيَوْمَ يَيْسُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
مِنْ دِينِكُمْ

فَلَا تَخْشَوْهُمْ وَاخْشَوْنِي
الْيَوْمَ أَكْمَلْتُ لَكُمْ دِينَكُمْ

وَأَتَمَّمْتُ عَلَيْكُمْ نِعْمَتِي
وَرَضِيتُ لَكُمُ

الْإِسْلَامَ دِينًا
فَمَنْ اضْطُرَّ فِي مَخْمَصَةٍ

غَيْرِ مُتَجَانِفٍ لِإِثْمٍ
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

يَسْأَلُونَكَ مَاذَا أُحِلَّ لَهُمْ
قُلْ أُحِلَّ لَكُمُ الطَّيِّبَاتُ

وَمَا عَلَّمْتُمْ مِنَ الْجَوَارِحِ
مَكَلَّيْنَ تَعْلَمُونَهُنَّ

بِمَا عَلَّمَكُمُ اللَّهُ
فَكُلُوا مِمَّا أَمْسَكْنَ عَلَيْكُمْ

وَاذْكُرُوا اسْمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ
وَأَنْقُوا اللَّهَ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ
الْيَوْمَ أُحِلَّ لَكُمُ الطَّيِّبَاتُ

are all wholesome things.
 Thus the food of those
 who have been given the Scripture
 is lawful for you.
 And your food is lawful for them.
 Moreover, 'lawful for you in matrimony
 are 'chaste women from among the believers
 and chaste women from among those
 who have been given the Scripture
 before you—
 provided you have given them
 their 'full dowry' compensation in marriage—
 not to commit fornication,
 nor to take them as lovers.
 Yet whoever belies faith 'in God',
 his 'good' work
 shall assuredly be 'rendered utterly' futile.
 And he shall be, in the Hereafter,
 among the losers 'of an everlasting Paradise'.

- 5:6 O you who believe!
 When you rise for the Prayer,
 wash your faces, and your hands to the elbows.
 And wipe your heads 'with wet hands'.
 And 'wash' your feet to the ankles.
 And when 'again' you become ritually unclean,
 then cleanse yourselves 'thus'.
 But if you become sick or are on a journey,
 or if one of you comes forth
 from the place of relieving oneself,
 or if you have touched women 'intimately'
 and you cannot find water—
 then take recourse to 'patting' clean earth;
 then wipe 'over' your faces
 and your hands with it

سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الجزء الثاوي

وَطَعَامُ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ
 حَلَالٌ لَكُمْ
 وَطَعَامُكُمْ حَلَالٌ لَهُمْ
 وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ
 وَالْمُحْصَنَاتُ مِنَ الَّذِينَ
 أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ
 إِذَا آتَيْتُمُوهُنَّ أَجُورَهُنَّ
 مُحْصِينَ غَيْرَ مُسْفَحِينَ
 وَلَا مُتَّخِذِي أَخْدَانٍ
 وَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ بِالْإِيمَانِ
 فَقَدْ حَبِطَ عَمَلُهُ
 وَهُوَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ
 يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
 إِذَا قُمْتُمْ إِلَى الصَّلَاةِ
 فَاغْسِلُوا وُجُوهَكُمْ
 وَأَيْدِيَكُمْ إِلَى الْمَرَافِقِ
 وَامْسَحُوا بِرُءُوسِكُمْ
 وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ إِلَى الْكَعْبَيْنِ
 وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ جُنُبًا فَاطَّهَرُوا
 وَإِنْ كُنْتُمْ مَرْضَى
 أَوْ عَلَى سَفَرٍ
 أَوْ جَاءَ أَحَدٌ مِنْكُمْ
 مِنَ الْغَائِطِ
 أَوْ لَمَسْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ
 فَلَمْ تَجِدُوا مَاءً
 فَتَيَمَّمُوا صَعِيدًا طَيِّبًا
 فَامْسَحُوا بِوُجُوهِكُمْ
 وَأَيْدِيكُمْ مِنْهُ

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سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الجزء السادس

in place of ritual ablution.

God does not wish to place any strain upon you.

Rather, He intends to purify you

and to perfect His blessings upon you,

so that you may give thanks.

5:7 And remember with reverence

the grace of God upon you

and His solemn covenant

which He has covenanted with you,

when you said:

We hear and we obey! So fear God.

Indeed, God is all-knowing

of all that is harbored

within the breast of people.

5:8 O you who believe!

Be ever upright for the sake of God,

bearing witness to truth with impartial justice.

Therefore, let not detestation

for some people induce you to be unfair.

Rather, be fair!

For to do so

is, indeed, closer to the fear of God.

Therefore, fear God!

Indeed, God is all-aware of all that you do.

5:9 God has promised those who believe

and do righteous deeds,

that for them there is forgiveness

and a magnificent reward awaiting!

5:10 As for those who have disbelieved

and belied Our revealed signs,

these are the Companions of Hellfire.

5:11 O you who believe!

Remember with reverence

مَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لِيَجْعَلَ

عَلَيْكُمْ مِنْ حَرْجٍ

وَلَكِنْ يُرِيدُ لِيُطَهِّرَكُمْ

وَلِيُثَبِّتَ نِعْمَتَهُ عَلَيْكُمْ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

وَأَذْكُرُوا نِعْمَةَ اللَّهِ

عَلَيْكُمْ وَمِيثَقَهُ

الَّذِي وَاثَقَكُمْ بِهِ

إِذْ قُلْتُمْ سَمِعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا

وَأَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ

عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

كُونُوا قَوَّامِينَ لِلَّهِ

شُهَدَاءَ بِالْقِسْطِ

وَلَا يَجْرِمَنَّكُمْ

شَتَنُ قَوْمٍ

عَلَىٰ أَلَّا تَعْدِلُوا أَعْدِلُوا

هُوَ أَقْرَبُ لِلتَّقْوَىٰ

وَأَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ

خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ وَأَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

وَكَذَّبُوا بَيِّنَاتِنَا أُولَٰئِكَ

أَصْحَابُ الْجَحِيمِ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الْمِيزَةُ السَّادِسُ

the grace of God upon you
when a 'certain' people resolved
to stretch out their hands against you.
But God held back their hands
from 'harming' you.
So be ever God-fearing!
And upon God 'alone', let the believers rely.

5:12

*For truly God
had 'previously' taken the 'solemn' covenant
of the Children of Israel.
And We raised up from among them
twelve leaders.
And God said 'to them':
Indeed, I am with you.
Assuredly, if you 'but duly' establish the Prayer
and give the Zakât-Charity
and believe in My messengers and uphold them
and lend 'to' God a goodly loan
'by spending in His cause',
I shall most surely absolve you of your misdeeds.
And I shall most surely admit you
into Gardens beneath which rivers flow.
But whoever among you disbelieves after this
shall have truly strayed from the even way.
Thus for breaking their own covenant,
We cursed them.
And We made their hearts harden.
'For' they altered the words 'of the Scripture',
omitting them 'from their contexts'.
Thus they forgot a 'cardinal' portion
of 'the Torah out of neglect for the very thing'
that they had been reminded 'to uphold'.
Nor shall you cease
to observe treachery from them—
except 'for' a few among them. So pardon them.

أَذْكُرُوا

نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ

إِذْ هَمَّ قَوْمٌ أَنْ يَبْسُطُوا

إِلَيْكُمْ أَيْدِيَهُمْ

فَكَفَّ أَيْدِيَهُمْ عَنْكُمْ

وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَعَلَى اللَّهِ

فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ

وَلَقَدْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ

مِيثَاقَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ

وَبَعَثْنَا مِنْهُمُ

أَتْنَى عَشَرَ نَقِيبًا

وَقَالَ اللَّهُ إِنِّي مَعَكُمْ

لَئِنْ أَقَمْتُمُ الصَّلَاةَ

وَوَاتَيْتُمُ الزَّكَاةَ وَءَامَنْتُمْ

بِرُسُلِي وَعَزَّرْتُمْهُمْ

وَأَقْرَضْتُمُ اللَّهَ

قَرْضًا حَسَنًا لَأُكَفِّرَنَّ

عَنْكُمْ سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ

وَلَأُدْخِلَنَّكُمْ جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

فَمَنْ كَفَرَ

بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ مِنْكُمْ

فَقَدْ ضَلَّ سَوَاءَ السَّبِيلِ

فِيمَا نَقَضْتُمْ مِيثَاقَهُمْ

لَعَنَهُمْ وَجَعَلْنَا

قُلُوبَهُمْ قَسِيَةً

يُحَرِّفُونَ الْكَلِمَ

عَنْ مَوَاضِعِهِ وَنَسُوا حَظًّا

مِمَّا ذُكِّرُوا بِهِ وَلَا تَزَالُ

تَطَّلِعُ عَلَى خَائِنَةٍ مِنْهُمْ

إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِنْهُمْ

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- And overlook 'mistreatment from them'.
Indeed, God loves those
who excel in 'doing' good.
- 5:14 Now, as to those who say: We are Christians!
We took their 'solemn' covenant, 'as well'.
Yet they 'too' have forgotten
a 'cardinal' portion of 'the Evangel'
out of neglect for the very thing
that they had been reminded 'to uphold'.
Thus We have roused between them
enmity and 'bitter' hatred
until the Day of Resurrection.
And God shall tell them 'then'
about all that they used to do 'in life'.
- 5:15 O People of the Scripture!
Truly Our Messenger has come to you
to make clear to you
much of what you have been concealing
of the Scripture—
and to pass over much
'that is no longer essential'.
Truly there has 'now' come to you
from God a 'guiding' light
and a clear Book 'in this Quran'.
- 5:16 By it God guides
whomever follows His good pleasure
along the pathways of peace.
And, thereby, He brings them out
from the 'veils of' darkness into the light—
by His permission.
Thus does He guide them
to a straight way 'of salvation'.
- 5:17 Very truly they have disbelieved who say:
Indeed, God, Himself, is the Messiah,

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فَاعْفُ عَنْهُمْ وَاصْفَحْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ
وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا
إِنَّا نَصْرِي
أَخَذْنَا مِيثَاقَهُمْ
فَاسْوَأْ حَظًّا
مِمَّا ذُكِّرُوا بِهِ
فَأَعْرَبْنَا بَيْنَهُمُ
الْعَدَاوَةَ وَالْبَغْضَاءَ
إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ
وَسَوْفَ يَنْتَهُمُ اللَّهُ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَصْنَعُونَ
يَتَأْهَلُ الْكِتَابِ
قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولُنَا
يُبَيِّنُ لَكُمْ كَثِيرًا
مِمَّا كُنْتُمْ تُخْفُونَ
مِنَ الْكِتَابِ
وَيَعْفُوا عَنْ كَثِيرٍ
قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ
نُورٌ وَكِتَابٌ مُبِينٌ

يَهْدِي بِهِ اللَّهُ
مَنِ اتَّبَعَ رِضْوَانَهُ
سُبُلَ السَّلَامِ
وَيُخْرِجُهُمُ
مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ
إِلَى النُّورِ بِإِذْنِهِ
وَيَهْدِيهِمْ إِلَى
صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

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son of Mary.

Say to them:

Who, then, would be able
to do anything against God
if He so willed to destroy the Messiah,
son of Mary,
and his mother—

and everyone in the earth all together?
For to God alone belongs
all dominion over the heavens and the earth
and all that is between them.

He creates whatever He so wills.

For God is powerful over all things.

5:18 Moreover,
both the Jews and the Christians say:

We are the children of God,
and His most beloved!

Say to them:

Why, then, does He punish you for your sins?
Rather, you are but human beings
among all the others that He has created!
He forgives whomever He so wills.

And He punishes whomever He so wills.
For to God alone belongs
all dominion over the heavens and the earth
and all that is between them.

Thus to stand for Judgment before Him
in the Hereafter
is the ultimate destiny of every human being.

5:19 O People of the Scripture!
Truly Our Messenger has come to you
to make faith clear to you
after an extended interval has passed
in the coming of the messengers.
For otherwise you would say

لَقَدْ كَفَرَ

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الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ

الْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ

قُلْ فَمَنْ يَمْلِكُ

مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا إِنْ أَرَادَ

أَنْ يُهْلِكَ الْمَسِيحَ

ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ وَأُمَّهُ

وَمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا

وَاللَّهُ مُلْكُ

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا

يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ

وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ وَالنَّصَارَى

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نَحْنُ أَبْنَاءُ اللَّهِ وَأَحِبُّوهُ

قُلْ فَلِمَ يُعَذِّبُكُمْ بِذُنُوبِكُمْ

بَلْ أَنْتُمْ بَشَرٌ مِمَّنْ خَلَقَ

يَغْفِرُ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَيُعَذِّبُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَاللَّهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ

وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا

وَإِلَيْهِ الْمَصِيرُ

يَا أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ

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رُسُلُنَا يَبَيِّنُ لَكُمْ

عَلَى فَرْقٍ مِنَ الرُّسُلِ

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in your defense on Judgment Day :
 Neither bearer of glad tidings nor forewarner
 has ever come to us from You !
 So truly a bearer of glad tidings and a forewarner
 has now come to you.
 And God alone is powerful over all things.

- 5:20 Give heed, O believers!
 For Moses said to his people: O my people!
 Remember with reverence
 the grace of God upon you
 when He appointed prophets among you
 and made you sovereigns over yourselves .
 Moreover, He gave to you
 what He has not given to anyone else
 in all the worlds.
- 5:21 O my people!
 Enter the Holy Land
 that God has decreed for you to enter .
 And do not turn away from this battle
 in retreat.
 For then, you shall turn back from faith itself
 as losers of an everlasting Paradise .
- 5:22 They said: O Moses!
 Indeed, there are people therein
 of a tyrannical might.
 And never, indeed, shall we enter it,
 until they depart from it!
 But if they depart from it,
 then we shall most surely enter the land
 as you so command .
- 5:23 Two men from among those who feared God ,
 on whom God had bestowed His blessings, said:
 Enter upon them
 through the very gate of the city .

أَنْ تَقُولُوا مَا جَاءَنَا
 مِنْ بَشِيرٍ وَلَا نَذِيرٍ
 فَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بَشِيرٌ وَنَذِيرٌ
 وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
 وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لِقَوْمِهِ

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يَنْقُورِ أَذْكُرُوا
 نِعْمَةَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ
 إِذْ جَعَلَ فِيكُمْ أَنْبِيَاءَ
 وَجَعَلَ لَكُم مُلُوكًا
 وَأَتَاكُمْ مَا لَمْ يُؤْتِ
 أَحَدًا مِنَ الْعَالَمِينَ

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يَنْقُورِ أَذْخُلُوا
 الْأَرْضَ الْمُقَدَّسَةَ الَّتِي
 كَتَبَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ
 وَلَا تَرْتَدُّوا عَلَى أَدْبَارِكُمْ
 فَتَنْقَلِبُوا خَاسِرِينَ
 قَالُوا يَمُوسَى

٢٢

إِنَّ فِيهَا قَوْمًا جَبَّارِينَ
 وَإِنَّا لَنْ نَدْخُلَهَا
 حَتَّى يَخْرُجُوا مِنْهَا
 فَإِن يَخْرُجُوا مِنْهَا
 فَإِنَّا دَاخِلُونَ

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قَالَ رَجُلَانِ
 مِنَ الَّذِينَ يَخَافُونَ
 أَنْعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمَا

For if you 'so' enter it,
you shall be triumphant—
and rely upon God 'alone',
if, indeed, you are believers!

5:24 They said: O Moses!

Never, indeed, shall we enter it, ever,
so long as they remain in it!

So go—you and your Lord—
and both of you fight 'them'!

Indeed, we shall be right here, sitting!

5:25 He said: My Lord!

Indeed, I control none
but myself and my brother.

So give judgment between us
and the ungodly people.

5:26 'God' said:

Therefore, 'as to the Holy Land,'
it shall, indeed, be forbidden to them.

Forty years shall they wander in the earth!

So do not grieve over the ungodly people.

5:27 *And recite to them, in truth, 'O Muhammad,
the tidings of the two sons of Adam, 'as well'.

For they both offered a 'freewill' offering.

So it was accepted 'by God' from one of them.

And it was not accepted from the other,
who 'thus' said 'to his brother':

Most surely, I will kill you!

'His brother' said:

Indeed, God but accepts 'the offering'
of the God-fearing.

5:28 Assuredly,

if you stretch out your hand against me
to kill me,

I will not stretch out my hand against you

أَدْخُلُوا عَلَيْهِمُ الْبَابَ
فَإِذَا دَخَلْتُمُوهُ
فَأِنَّكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَعَلَى اللَّهِ
فَتَوَكَّلُوا إِن كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ
قَالُوا يَمْشِي ۝٢٤

إِنَّا لَن نَدْخُلُهَا أَبَدًا
مَا دَامُوا فِيهَا فَاذْهَبْ
أَنْتَ وَرَبُّكَ فَقَتِلَا
إِنَّا هُنَا مُعْذِرُونَ ۝٢٥

قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي لَا أَمْلِكُ
إِلَّا نَفْسِي وَآخِي
فَأَفْرِقْ بَيْنَنَا

وَبَيْنَ الْقَوْمِ الْفَاسِقِينَ
قَالَ فَإِنَّهَا مُحَرَّمَةٌ عَلَيْهِمْ
أَرْبَعِينَ سَنَةً

يَسْهُوُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَلَا تَأْسَ

عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْفَاسِقِينَ
وَأَقُلُّ عَلَيْهِمُ ۝٢٧

نَبَأَ ابْنَى آدَمَ بِالْحَقِّ
إِذْ قَرَّبَا قُرْبَانًا فَتُقْبِلُ
مِنْ أَحَدِهِمَا

وَلَمْ يُقْبَلْ مِنَ الْآخَرِ
قَالَ لَا قَوْلَ لَكَ قَالَ

إِنَّمَا يَتَقَبَّلُ اللَّهُ مِنَ الْمُتَّقِينَ
لَئِنْ بَسَطْتَ إِلَى يَدِكَ لِتَقْتُلَنِي

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to kill you.

For, indeed, I fear God,
Lord of 'All' the Worlds.

- 5:29 Indeed, I intend 'by withholding my hand'
that you bear my sin and your own sin,
so that you will become
of the Companions of the Fire 'of Hell'!
For that is the recompense
of the wrongdoers 'who are godless in heart'.
- 5:30 Yet still his 'brother's' soul prompted him
to kill his own brother. So he killed him.
Thus he became among the losers
'of an everlasting Paradise'.

- 5:31 Then God sent forth a crow
that scratched 'a hollow' into the earth
to show him how to bury
the corpse of his brother.
He said: Oh, woe to me!
Am I not even able to be like this crow,
so as to bury the corpse of my 'own' brother?
And thus did he become of the regretful.

- 5:32 Because of this,
We did prescribe for the Children of Israel
that whoever kills a person—
except 'in punishment'
for 'the killing of another' person,
or for the spreading of 'dire' corruption
in the earth—
it shall be 'reckoned' as though
he has killed all humankind.
And whoever saves a life,
it shall be 'reckoned' as though
he has saved the life of all humankind.
And very truly, Our messengers came to them
with the clear 'and miraculous' proofs 'of God'.

مَا أَنَا بِبَاسِطٍ

يَدِي إِلَيْكَ لِأَقْتُلَكَ

إِنِّي أَخَافُ اللَّهَ

رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

إِنِّي أُرِيدُ أَنْ نَبُوَّا (٢٩)

بِإِثْمِي وَإِثْمِكَ فَتَكُونُ

مِنْ أَصْحَابِ النَّارِ

وَذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ الظَّالِمِينَ

فَطَوَّعَتْ لَهُ نَفْسُهُ (٣٠)

قَتْلَ أَخِيهِ فَقَتَلَهُ

فَأَصْبَحَ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ

فَبَعَثَ اللَّهُ غُرَابًا (٣١)

يَبْحَثُ فِي الْأَرْضِ لِيُرِيَهُ

كَيْفَ يُؤْوِي سَوْءَ أَخِيهِ

قَالَ يَوَيْلَ لِي أَخَعِزْتُ أَنْ

أَكُونَ مِثْلَ هَذَا الْغُرَابِ

فَأُوْوِيَ سَوْءَ أَخِي

فَأَصْبَحَ مِنَ النَّادِمِينَ

مِنْ أَجْلِ ذَلِكَ (٣٢)

كَتَبْنَا عَلَى بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ

أَنَّهُ مَنْ قَتَلَ نَفْسًا

بِعَيرٍ نَفْسٍ

أَوْ فَسَادٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ

فَكَأَنَّمَا قَتَلَ

النَّاسَ جَمِيعًا

وَمَنْ أَحْيَاهَا فَكَأَنَّمَا

أَحْيَا النَّاسَ جَمِيعًا

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Yet, indeed, even then
many among them thereafter
were exceedingly rebellious in the land.
5:33 Assuredly, the just recompense
for those who wage war against God
and His Messenger,
and go about in the land sowing corruption,
is nothing less
than that they be killed or crucified,
or that their hands and their feet
be cut off on opposite sides,
or that they be exiled from the land.
That is a disgrace for them in this world.
And for them there shall be in the Hereafter
a great torment awaiting —

5:34 except for those
who return penitently to you believers
before you gain power over them.
Know, then,
that God is most forgiving, mercy-giving.

5:35 O you who believe! Be ever God-fearing!
And seek every devout way
of approach to Him.
And strive hard in His path,
so that you may be successful.

5:36 As for those who disbelieve,
even if they shall have
amassed all that is in the earth
and the like of it along with it
by which to ransom themselves
from the torment of the Day of Resurrection,
it shall not be accepted from them.
Rather, for them
there is a most painful torment awaiting.

وَلَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ
رُسُلُنَا بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ ثُمَّ إِنَّ
كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ
فِي الْأَرْضِ لَمُسْرِفُونَ
إِنَّمَا جَزَاءُ الَّذِينَ
يُحَارِبُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
وَيَسْعَوْنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَسَادًا
أَنْ يُقَتَّلُوا أَوْ يُصَلَّبُوا
أَوْ تُقَطَّعَ أَيْدِيهِمْ
وَأَرْجُلُهُمْ مِنْ خَلْفٍ
أَوْ يُنْفَوْا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ
ذَلِكَ لَهُمْ

خِزْيٌ فِي الدُّنْيَا

وَلَهُمْ فِي الْآخِرَةِ

عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوا

مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَقْدِرُوا عَلَيْهِمْ

فَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ

غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

يَتَّيِبُهَا لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

أَتَقُوا اللَّهَ

وَاتَّبَعُوا إِلَهَهُ الْوَسِيلَةَ

وَجَاهِدُوا فِي سَبِيلِهِ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَفْلِحُونَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

لَوْ أَنَّ لَهُمْ

مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا

وَمِثْلَهُ مَعَهُ لَيَفْتَدُوا بِهِ

مِنْ عَذَابِ يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ

مَا تَقْبَلُ مِنْهُمْ

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سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الجزء السادس

- 5:37 How¹ they will desire to get out of the Fire!
But they will never get out of it.
Rather, for them
there is 'only' an enduring torment.
- 5:38 As for the male thief and the female thief
'among yourselves',
cut off their hands as a recompense
for what 'evil' they have earned,
'and' as a chastisement of deterrence from God.
And God is overpowering, all-wise.
- 5:39 But whoever repents after his wrongdoing,
and sets things aright,
then, indeed, God shall grant him repentance.
Indeed, God is most forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 5:40 Do you not know that to God 'alone' belongs
all dominion over the heavens and the earth?
He punishes whomever He so wills.
And He forgives whomever He so wills.
For God is powerful over all things.
- 5:41 *O Messenger!
Do not let those 'factions'
bent on 'racing' one another into unbelief
grieve you:
Those 'hypocrites' who say with their mouths:
We believe!
while their hearts do not believe;
and those among Jewry
who listen eagerly to lies 'about you',
who listen eagerly to 'the connivance'
of 'another' group among their 'people'
who have never 'themselves'
even 'come to you' to heed your judgment.
They 'knowingly' alter the 'laws laid down

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

يُرِيدُونَ أَن

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يَخْرُجُوا مِنَ النَّارِ

وَمَا لَهُمْ يُخْرَجُونَ مِنْهَا

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُّهِيمٌ

وَالسَّارِقُ وَالسَّارِقَةُ

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فَأَقْطَعُ أَيْدِيَهُمَا

جَزَاءً بِمَا كَسَبَا

نَكَلًا مِّنَ اللَّهِ

وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ

فَمَن تَابَ مِن بَعْدِ ظُلْمِهِ

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وَأَصْلَحَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ

يَتُوبُ عَلَيْهِ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ

أَلَمْ تَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُ

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مُلْكُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

يُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ

وَيَغْفِرُ لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ

عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

يَتَأْتِيهَا الرُّسُولُ

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لَا يَحْزَنكَ الَّذِينَ

يُكَفِّرُونَ فِي الْكَفْرِ

مِنَ الَّذِينَ

قَالُوا ءَامَنَّا بِأَقْوَامِهِمْ

وَلَمْ نُؤْمِن قُلُوبُهُمْ

وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ هَادُوا

سَمِعُواكَ لِلْكَذِبِ

سَمِعُواكَ لِقَوْمٍ آخَرِينَ

سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الجزء السادس

in the words of the Scripture ,
 after their contexts have been set,
 by saying to one another
 when seeking your prophetic arbitration :
 If you are given this
 favorable ruling by the Messenger , then take it.
 But if you are not given it,
 then beware of accepting his ruling.
 Do not grieve for them.
 For one whose trial God intends,
 you shall never acquire for him
 any measure of saving grace from God.
 These are the ones whose hearts
 God does not intend to purify.
 For them there shall be in this world disgrace.
 And for them there shall be in the Hereafter
 a great torment awaiting .

- 5:42 They listen eagerly to lies.
 They devour ill-gotten gains.
 Thus, if ever they should come to you again
 for arbitration , then judge between them
 or turn away from them.
 And should you turn away from them,
 they shall never harm you in any way.
 Yet if you judge between them,
 then judge between them with justice.
 Indeed, God loves those who are just.
- 5:43 And how is it that they seek your judgment
 while the Torah itself is with them?
 In it is the ruling from God which they seek .
 Yet even when you render
 the Torah's own judgment ,
 still, after this, they turn away from it !
 Therefore, these are not truly believers.
- 5:44 Indeed, it is We, Ourselves,

لَمْ يَأْتَوْكَ بِمُحَرِّفُونَ الْكَلِمَ
 مِنْ بَعْدِ مَوَاضِعِهِ
 يَقُولُونَ إِنْ أُوتِيتُمْ هَذَا
 فَخُذُوهُ وَإِنْ لَمْ تُؤْتَوْهُ
 فَأَحْذَرُوا وَمَنْ يُرِدِ اللَّهُ فِتْنَتَهُ
 فَلَنْ تَمْلِكَ لَهُ
 مِنْ أَلَاءِ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا
 أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ لَمْ يُرِدِ اللَّهُ
 أَنْ يَهْدِمْ قُلُوبَهُمْ
 لَهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا خِزْيٌ
 وَلَهُمْ فِي الْآخِرَةِ
 عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ
 سَمِعُوا لِلْكَذِبِ
 أَكْثَرُونَ لِلشُّحِّ
 فَإِنْ جَاءُوكَ فَاحْكُم بَيْنَهُمْ
 أَوْ اعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ
 وَإِنْ تُعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ
 فَلَنْ يَضُرَّوكَ شَيْئًا
 وَإِنْ حَكَمْتَ
 فَاحْكُم بَيْنَهُمْ بِالْقِسْطِ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُقْسِطِينَ
 وَكَفَى بِكُمْ نَذِيرًا
 وَعِنْدَهُمُ التَّوْرَةُ
 فِيهَا حُكْمُ اللَّهِ ثُمَّ تَوَلَّوْا
 مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ

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who sent down the Torah.
In it there is guidance and light.
With it the prophets,
who submitted themselves to God,
made judgments for Jewry,
as did the rabbis and the scribes;
for they had been entrusted
to preserve the Scripture of God—
and to this 'trust' they were 'mindful' witnesses.
'God said to them:

Henceforth, you shall not fear people!
Rather, you shall fear Me.
Nor shall you sell My 'revealed' signs
for a small price.

And whoever does not rule
by what God has sent down—
then such as these are the disbelievers.

5:45 Now, in it We prescribed for them:

A life for a life, and an eye for an eye,
and a nose for a nose, and an ear for an ear,
and a tooth for a tooth,
and retribution for wounds.

Yet whoever would forgo this, out of charity,
then it will be taken as an atonement
for the one 'who has suffered injury'.

But whoever does not rule
by what God has sent down—
then such as these are the wrongdoers,
'godless in heart'.

5:46 And 'after the prophets of Israel',
We sent following upon their traces
Jesus, son of Mary,
as a confirmation of 'the truth'
that had preceded him 'in the law' of the Torah.
Moreover, We gave him the Evangel—

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وَمَا أَوْلَيْكَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَا التَّوْرَةَ

فِيهَا هُدًى وَنُورٌ

يَحْكُمُ بِهَا النَّبِيُّونَ

الَّذِينَ أَسْلَمُوا لِلَّذِينَ هَادُوا

وَالرَّكَابِيُّونَ وَالْأَحْبَارُ

بِمَا أَسْتَحْفِظُوا مِنْ كِتَابِ اللَّهِ

وَكَانُوا عَلَيْهِ شُهَدَاءَ

فَلَا تَخْشَوْا النَّاسَ

وَأَخْشَوْنِي

وَلَا تَشْتَرُوا بِآيَاتِي ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا

وَمَنْ لَمْ يَحْكَمْ بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ

فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْكَافِرُونَ

وَكُنَّا عَلَيْهِمْ فِيهَا

أَنَّ النَّفْسَ بِالنَّفْسِ

وَالْعَيْنَ بِالْعَيْنِ

وَالْأَنْفَ بِالْأَنْفِ

وَالْأُذُنَ بِالْأُذُنِ

وَالسِّنَّ بِالسِّنِّ

وَالْجُرُوحَ قِصَاصٌ

فَمَنْ تَصَدَّقَ بِهِ

فَهُوَ كَفَّارَةٌ لِلَّهِ

وَمَنْ لَمْ يَحْكَمْ

بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ

فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ

وَقَفَّيْنَا عَلَى آثَارِهِمْ

بِعِيسَى ابْنِ مَرْيَمَ

in which there is guidance and light—
 as a confirmation of the truth
 that had preceded him
 in the law of the Torah,
 along with further guidance
 and inspired admonition for the God-fearing.
 5:47 Then let the people of the Evangel
 rule by what God has sent down in it.
 For whoever does not rule
 by what God has sent down—
 then such as these are the ungodly.
 5:48 Now We have sent down to you,
 'O Muhammad, the Scripture of the Quran'
 with the truth,
 as a confirmation of all the Scripture
 that preceded it—
 and as a guardian over it
 to preserve divine guidance.
 So judge between them
 by what God has sent down.
 And do not follow their whims
 over what has come to you
 as a clear statement of the truth.
 For each faith-community among you
 We have appointed a Divine Law
 and a way of life.
 And had God so willed,
 He would have made all of you
 one faith-community without choice.
 But He has intended to test you
 in what He has given you.
 Thus race with one another to good works!
 To God is your return—all of you.
 He shall then tell you the truth
 about all that you have been disputing.

مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ
 مِنَ التَّوْرَةِ
 وَآيَاتِهِ الْإِنْجِيلِ
 فِيهِ هُدًى وَنُورٌ وَمُصَدِّقًا
 لِمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ التَّوْرَةِ
 وَهُدًى وَمَوْعِظَةٌ لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ
 وَلِيَحْكُمَ أَهْلَ الْإِنْجِيلِ ﴿٤٧﴾
 بِمَا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ فِيهِ
 وَمَن لَّمْ يَحْكَمْ
 بِمَا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ
 فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ
 وَأَنزَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ ﴿٤٨﴾
 الْكِتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ مُصَدِّقًا
 لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ مِنَ
 الْكِتَابِ وَمُهَيِّمًا عَلَيْهِ
 فَاحْكُم بَيْنَهُم
 بِمَا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ
 وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ
 عَمَّا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْحَقِّ
 لِكُلِّ جَعَلْنَا مِنْكُمْ
 شِرْعَةً وَمِنْهَاجًا
 وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَجَعَلَكُمْ
 أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً وَلَكِن
 لِّيَبْلُوَكُمْ فِي مَا آتَاكُمْ
 فَاسْتَبِقُوا الْخَيْرَاتِ إِلَى اللَّهِ
 مَرْجِعُكُمْ جَمِيعًا

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- 5:49 And thus, judge between them
by what God has sent down.
Nor are you to follow their whims.
Yet beware of them!
Or else they may tempt you from adhering
to some of what God has sent down to you.
So if they turn away
from the commandments of God,
then know that God only intends to afflict them
for some of their sins.
And, assuredly,
many of the people are, indeed, ungodly.
- 5:50 Is it, then, the judgment of pagan ignorance
that they seek?
Yet who renders a fairer judgment than God
to a people who would have certainty of faith?
- 5:51 *O you who believe!
Do not take the Jews and the Christians as allies.
They are allies one to another.
And whoever among you
takes them as allies, then he is of them.
Indeed, God does not guide
the wrongdoing people
who are godless in heart.
- 5:52 Yet you see the hypocrites,
those in whose doubting hearts
there is a sickness,
rushing to ally themselves with them,
saying to one another:
We must do this for fear of defeat,
for we fear that a bad turn of fortune
will afflict us.
Yet it may be
that God shall bring the believers' victory,

فَيَنْتَظِمُ
بِمَا كُنْتُمْ فِيهِ تَخْتَلِفُونَ
وَإِنْ أَحْكَمَ بَيْنَهُمْ
بِمَا أُنْزِلَ اللَّهُ
وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ
وَاحْذَرُهُمْ أَنْ يَقْتُلُوكَ
عَنْ بَعْضِ مَا أُنْزِلَ اللَّهُ إِلَيْكَ
فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ
أَنْ يُصِيبَهُمْ بِبَعْضِ ذُنُوبِهِمْ
وَإِنْ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ النَّاسِ
لَفَاسِقُونَ
أَفَحُكْمَ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ يَبْغُونَ
وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ مِنَ اللَّهِ حُكْمًا
لِّقَوْمٍ يُوقِنُونَ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا تَتَّخِذُوا الْيَهُودَ وَالنَّصَارَىٰ
أَوْلِيَاءَ بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بَعْضٍ
وَمَن يَتَوَلَّهُمْ يَتَوَلَّكُمْ فَإِنَّهُ مِنْهُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي
الْقَوْمَ الْفَاطِلِينَ
فَتَرَى الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ
يُتَرَعَّضُونَ فِيهِمْ يَقُولُونَ
نَحْشَى أَنْ تُصِيبَنَا دَائِرَةٌ

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or a decree from Him
 'that whelms away the disbelievers'.
 Then will 'the hypocrites'
 become 'utterly' remorseful
 for what 'treachery' they kept secret
 within themselves.

- 5:53 For those who believe will then say:
 Are these 'traitors'
 the 'same' ones who swore by God
 with the utmost of their vows
 that they were most surely with you?
 'Utterly' futile are their 'good' works 'with God'!
 Thus have they become losers
 'of an everlasting Paradise'.

- 5:54 O you who believe!
 Should any of you turn back from his religion,
 then 'know that' God shall bring forth 'instead'
 a people He will love and who will love Him—
 humble with the believers,
 mighty with the disbelievers,
 striving 'hard' in the path of God,
 and having no fear of the blame of any
 who would 'cast' blame 'on their religion'.
 That is the bounty of God.
 He gives it to whomever He so wills.
 And God is all-encompassing, all-knowing.
- 5:55 Indeed, your ally is none but God,
 and also His Messenger,
 and those who have believed—
 those who 'duly' establish the Prayer,
 and give the Zakât-Charity,
 and who, moreover, bow 'humbly'
 before God alone.

- 5:56 Thus whoever takes God as an ally—

فَعَسَىٰ اللَّهُ أَنْ يَأْتِي بِالْفَتْحِ

أَوْ أَمْرٍ مِنْ عِنْدِهِ

فَيُصْبِحُوا عَلَىٰ مَا أَسْرُوا

فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ نَدِيمِينَ

وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

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أَهْلُو لَاءِ الَّذِينَ

أَقْسَمُوا بِاللَّهِ جَهْدَ أَيْمَانِهِمْ

إِنَّهُمْ لَمَعَكُمْ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَلُهُمْ

فَأَصْبَحُوا خَاسِرِينَ

يَتْلَاهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

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مَنْ رَتَدَ مِنْكُمْ عَنْ دِينِهِ

فَسَوْفَ يَأْتِي اللَّهُ بِقَوْمٍ

يُحِبُّهُمْ وَيُحِبُّونَهُ

أَذَلَّةٌ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

أَعَزَّةٌ عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ

يُجَاهِدُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

وَلَا يَخَافُونَ لَوْمَةً لَاحِيَةً

ذَٰلِكَ فَضْلُ اللَّهِ

يُؤْتِيهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَاللَّهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ

إِنَّمَا وَلِيُّكُمُ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ

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وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

الَّذِينَ يُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ

وَيُؤْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ وَهُمْ رَاكِعُونَ

and also His Messenger,
and those who believe—
they are indeed of the alliance of God.
It is they who shall be triumphant.

- 5:57 O you who believe!
You shall not take as allies
those who take your religion
for mockery and play,
be it from those
who have been given the Scripture before you,
or the disbelievers.
And fear God, if, indeed, you are believers.
- 5:58 For when you call to the Prayer,
they take it for mockery and play.
That is because they are people
who have no understanding of true religion.
- 5:59 Say to them:
O People of the Scripture!
Do you take umbrage at us for any reason
but that we believe in God
and what was sent down to us,
and what was sent down before us,
while most of you are ungodly?
- 5:60 Say to them:
Shall I tell you of a recompense
awaiting with God that is far worse than that
which you do to us?
It is the punishment
of those whom God has cursed,
and with whom He is wrathful,
and out of whom He made apes and swine,
and who worship false deities.
It is these who are in the worst position
and furthest astray from the even way of faith.

سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الجزء السادس

وَمَنْ يَتَوَلَّ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
فَإِنَّ حِزْبَ اللَّهِ هُمُ الْغَالِبُونَ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا تَتَّخِذُوا
الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا دِينَكُمْ هُزُوًا وَلَعِبًا
مِّنَ الَّذِينَ
أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ
وَالْكَفَّارَ أَوْلِيَاءَ
وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ إِن كُنتُمْ مُّؤْمِنِينَ
وَإِذَا نَادَيْتُمْ إِلَى الصَّلَاةِ
اتَّخَذُوهَا هُزُوًا وَلَعِبًا
ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ
قُلْ يٰٓأَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ
هَلْ تَعْقِمُونَ مِنَّا
إِلَّا أَن ءَامَنَّا بِاللَّهِ
وَمَا أُنزِلَ إِلَيْنَا وَمَا أُنزِلَ مِن قَبْلُ
وَأَن أَكْثَرُكُمْ فَاسِقُونَ
قُلْ هَلْ أُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِشَرٍّ مِّنْ ذَٰلِكَ
مَثُوبَةً عِندَ اللَّهِ
مَنْ لَعَنَهُ اللَّهُ وَغَضِبَ عَلَيْهِ

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- 5:61 And when they come to you, they say:
We believe!
though truly they entered 'your presence'
with unbelief 'in their hearts'.
And truly they have departed
with it, 'unchanged'.
And God knows best about
what they have been suppressing.
- 5:62 Moreover, you see many of them
racing with one another
in sinful 'lies' and aggression,
and in their devouring of ill-gotten gains.
Truly woeful is what they have been doing!
- 5:63 If only the rabbis and the scribes
would forbid their saying
of what is 'false and 'sinful
and their devouring of ill-gotten gains!
Truly woeful is what they have wrought!
- 5:64 And the Jews have said:
The Hand of God is chained!
Chained be their hands!
And cursed are they for what they have said!
Rather, both His 'mighty' Hands
are stretched out 'wide'.
He dispenses 'His ever-flowing blessings'
as He so wills.
And assuredly, 'O Prophet,'
what has been sent down to you from your Lord
shall increase many of them
in transgression and unbelief.
Thus have We cast between them
enmity and 'bitter' hatred
until the Day of Resurrection.
And whenever they kindle a fire for war,
God extinguishes it.

وَجَعَلَ مِنْهُمْ الْفِرْدَ وَلَفَنَازِيرَ
وَعَبْدَ الطَّلُوتِ
أُولَئِكَ شَرُّ مَكَانًا
وَأَضَلُّ عَنْ سَوَاءِ السَّبِيلِ
وَإِذَا جَاءَهُمْ قَالُوا آمَنَّا
وَقَدْ دَخَلُوا بِالْكَفْرِ
وَهُمْ قَدْ خَرَجُوا بِهِ
وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْتُمُونَ
وَنَرَى كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ
يُسْرِعُونَ فِي الْإِثْمِ وَالْعُدْوَانِ
وَأكْثَرُهُمُ الشُّحْتِ
لَيْسَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
لَوْلَا يَنْهَاهُمْ
الرَّبِّيُّونَ وَالْأَجْبَارُ
عَنْ قَوْلِهِمُ الْإِثْمَ
وَأكْثَرُهُمُ الشُّحْتِ
لَيْسَ مَا كَانُوا يَصْنَعُونَ
وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ يَدُ اللَّهِ مَغْلُولَةٌ
عُلَّتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَلُعِنُوا بِمَا قَالُوا
بَلْ يَدَاهُ مَبْسُوطَتَانِ
يُفِي كَيْفَ يَشَاءُ
وَلَيَزِيدَنَّ كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ
مَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
طُغْيَانًا وَكُفْرًا وَالْفَيْسَا بَيْنَهُمْ
الْعُدَاوَةَ وَالْبَغْضَاءَ

- Moreover, they go about in the earth
sowing corruption 'in it'.
And God does not love
the sowers of corruption.
- 5:65 But if only the People of the Scripture
had believed and been God-fearing!
Assuredly, We would have absolved them
of their misdeeds.
And, assuredly,
We would have admitted them 'forever'
into the Gardens of Delight.
- 5:66 And if only they had upheld
the 'commandments of the Torah
and the Evangel,
and what has 'thereafter'
been sent down to them
from their Lord 'in the Quran'!
They assuredly would have partaken
'of every kind of goodness',
from above them and from beneath their feet.
Among them, there is an equable community.
Yet 'for' many of them,
evil is that which they do.
- 5:67 *O Messenger!
Proclaim all that has been sent down to you
from your Lord.
For if you do not,
then you will not have conveyed His message.
And 'have no fear'.
God will preserve you from the people.
Indeed, God does not guide
the disbelieving people.
- 5:68 Say: O People of the Scripture!
You stand on nothing,

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إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ
كُلَّمَا أَوْقَدُوا نَارًا لِلْحَرْبِ
أَطْفَأَهَا اللَّهُ
وَيَسْعَوْنَ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَسَادًا
وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُفْسِدِينَ
وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ
ءَامَنُوا وَاتَّقَوْا
لَكَفَّرْنَا عَنْهُمْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ
وَلَا دَخَلَتْهُمْ جَنَّتِ النَّعِيمِ
وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ أَقَامُوا
التَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ
وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْهِمْ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ
لَأَكَلُوا مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ
وَمِنْ تَحْتِ أَرْجُلِهِمْ
مِنْهُمْ أُمَّةٌ مُقْنَصَةٌ
وَكَثِيرٌ مِنْهُمْ سَاءَ مَا يَحْكُمُونَ
يَا أَيُّهَا الرَّسُولُ بَلِّغْ
مَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
وَإِنْ لَمْ تَفْعَلْ
فَمَا بَلَّغْتَ رِسَالَتَهُ
وَاللَّهُ يَعْصِمُكَ مِنَ النَّاسِ

until you uphold the Commandments
of the Torah and the Evangel
and what has been sent down to you
from your Lord in the Quran.
Yet, assuredly, O Prophet,
what has been sent down to you from your Lord
shall increase many of them
in transgression and unbelief.
So do not grieve over a disbelieving people.

5:69 Indeed, those who believe in Islam
and those of Jewry, and the Sabians,
and the Christians—
whoever among them truly believes in God
and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day
and works righteousness—
there shall be no fear upon them
when they assemble for Judgment.
Nor shall they ever grieve
over the life of the world.

5:70 As to Jewry:
Truly We have taken a covenant
with the Children of Israel.
And We sent to them messengers
to guide them.
Whenever a messenger came to them
with anything that they disliked,
a group of the messengers they belied
and a group they killed—
5:71 and they thought there would be
no trial by affliction in consequence!
Thus were they struck blind to guidance
and deaf to truth.
Then God granted them repentance.

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي
الْقَوْمَ الْكَافِرِينَ
قُلْ يٰٓأَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ ﴿٦٨﴾
لَسْتُمْ عَلَى شَيْءٍ حَتَّى تُقِيمُوا
التَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ
وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ
وَلَيَزِيدَنَّ كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ
مَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
طُعَيْنًا وَكُفْرًا فَلَا تَأْسَ
عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿٦٩﴾
وَالَّذِينَ هَادُوا
وَالصَّابِئِينَ وَالنَّصَارَى
مَنْ ءَامَنَ بِاللَّهِ
وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ
وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا
فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ
لَقَدْ أَخَذْنَا ﴿٧٠﴾
مِيثَاقَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
وَأَرْسَلْنَا إِلَيْهِمْ رُسُلًا
كُلَّمَا جَاءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ
بِمَا لَا تَهْوَىٰ أَنفُسُهُمْ
فَرِيقًا كَذَّبُوا
وَفَرِيقًا يَقْتُلُونَ

Then, again, many of them
were 'struck' blind and deaf
'for their disobedience'.
Yet God is all-seeing of all that they do.

- 5:72 'And as to the Christians':
Very truly they have disbelieved who say:
Indeed, God, Himself, is the Messiah,
son of Mary.
while the Messiah 'himself' said:
O Children of Israel:
Worship God, my Lord and your Lord!
Indeed,
as to anyone who associates gods with God,
then truly God has prohibited for such a one
the Garden 'of Paradise'.
And his abode shall be the Fire 'of Hell'.
And for the wrongdoers
'who are godless in heart',
there shall not be any helpers
'to deliver them from it'.
5:73 Truly they have disbelieved who say
that God is the third of three 'in a trinity',
while there is no other god but the One God.
And if they do not desist
from what they are saying,
assuredly a most painful torment
will strike those of them who 'thus' disbelieve.
5:74 Will they not, then, repent to God
and seek His forgiveness,
while God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving?
5:75 The Messiah, son of Mary,
was only a 'mortal' messenger.
Truly, before him messengers have passed away.
And his mother 'too'

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وَحَسِبُوا أَلَّا تَكُونَ فِتْنَةً

فَعَمُوا وَصَمُوا

ثُمَّ تَابَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ

ثُمَّ عَمُوا وَصَمُوا

كَثِيرٌ مِنْهُمْ

وَاللَّهُ بِصِرَاطٍ يُعَاجِلُونَ

لَقَدْ كَفَرَ

الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ

هُوَ الْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ

وَقَالَ الْمَسِيحُ يَنْبَغِي لِإِسْرَائِيلَ

أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ رَبِّي وَرَبَّكُمْ

إِنَّهُ مَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللَّهِ

فَقَدْ حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ الْجَنَّةَ

وَمَأْوَاهُ النَّارُ

وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ أَنْصَارٍ

لَقَدْ كَفَرَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ ثَالِثُ ثَلَاثَةٍ

وَمِنْ إِلَهِ إِلَّا إِلَهُ وَاحِدٌ

وَإِنْ لَمْ يَنْتَهُوا

عَمَّا يَقُولُونَ

لَيَمَسَّنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

مِنْهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

أَفَلَا يَتُوبُونَ إِلَى اللَّهِ

وَيَسْتَغْفِرُونَ

وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

was a mortal woman of faith and truth.
Both of them used to eat food
to sustain themselves.

Look how We make clear
to those of them who thus disbelieve
the signs of Our Oneness.

Then, look again!

How are they turned away from the truth?

5:76 Say to them:

Do you worship apart from God
what holds neither harm nor benefit for you,
while God is He who is the All-Hearing,
the All-Knowing?

5:77 Say to them: O People of the Scripture!

Do not exceed the bounds of Heavenly faith
in the creed of your religion
without revealed truth.

And do not follow the whims of a people
who have gone astray before you.

For they have led many astray,
having strayed from the even path themselves.

5:78 Cursed

by the tongue of David and Jesus, son of Mary,
in their Heavenly Books,
were those who disbelieved
of the Children of Israel.

That is because they disobeyed God
and persistently transgressed His covenant.

5:79 They used not to forbid one another
from any wrongdoing they did.

Truly woeful is what they have been doing!

5:80 You see many of them taking as allies
those idolaters who disbelieve.

Woeful is what their souls
have advanced for themselves,

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الجزء السَّادِسُ

مَا الْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ
إِلَّا رَسُولٌ

قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ الرُّسُلُ
وَأُمُّهُ صِدِّيقَةٌ

كَأَنَّا يَأْكُلَانِ الطَّلْعَامَ
أَنْظُرْ كَيْفَ بُيِّنْتُ

لَهُمُ الْآيَاتِ ثُمَّ أَنْظُرْ
أَنَّهُ يُوَفَّكُونَ

قُلْ أَتَعْبُدُونَ

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ مَا لَا

يَمْلِكُ لَكُمْ ضَرًّا وَلَا نَفْعًا

وَاللَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

قُلْ يَا أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ

لَا تَغْلُوا فِي دِينِكُمْ

غَيْرَ الْحَقِّ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا

أَهْوَاءَ قَوْمٍ قَدْ ضَلُّوا

مِنْ قَبْلُ وَأَضَلُّوا كَثِيرًا

وَضَلُّوا عَنْ سَوَاءِ السَّبِيلِ

لُعِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

مِنْ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ

عَلَى لِسَانِ دَاوُدَ

وَعِيسَى ابْنِ مَرْيَمَ

ذَلِكَ بِمَا عَصَوْا

وَكَانُوا يَعْتَدُونَ

كَانُوا لَا يَتَنَاهَوْنَ

عَنْ مُنْكَرٍ فَعَلُوهُ لَبِئْسَ

مَا كَانُوا يَفْعَلُونَ

such that God's wrath has fallen upon them!
Thus in the torment of Hellfire,
they shall abide forever.

5:81 And had they believed in God
and the Prophet Muhammad,
and the Quran that was sent down to him,
they would not have taken them as allies.
But many of them are ungodly.

5:82 * You shall assuredly find
that of all people the severest in enmity
against those who believe are the Jews
and those who associate gods with God.
And you shall assuredly find
that the nearest of all of them
in genuine love to those who believe
are those who say:

We are, indeed, Christians.

That is because

there are among them priests and monks—
and they do not grow arrogant.

5:83 And when they hear what has been sent down
to the Messenger,
you see their eyes overflowing with tears
because of the truth, which they recognize.

They say: Our Lord!

We have believed.

So inscribe us

among those who bear witness to the truth.

5:84 Why should we not believe in God
and the truth that has come to us,
and hope for our Lord to admit us to Paradise
with the righteous people?

5:85 So God has rewarded them
for what they have said—
Gardens beneath which rivers flow,

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الْحِزْبُ السَّابِعُ

تَرَى كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ
يَتَوَلَّوْنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
لَيْسَ مَا قَدَّمَتْ لَهُمْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ
أَنْ سَخَطَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَفِي الْعَذَابِ هُمْ خَالِدُونَ
وَلَوْ كَانُوا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ
وَالْيَوْمِ وَمَا أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْهِ
مَا اتَّخَذُوهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءَ وَلَكِنَّ
كَثِيرًا مِنْهُمْ فَاسِقُونَ
* اتَّجِدَنَّ أَشَدَّ النَّاسِ
عَدَاوَةً لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
الْيَهُودُ وَالَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا
وَلَتَجِدَنَّ أَقْرَبَهُمْ مَوَدَّةً
لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّا نَصْرُكَ
ذَٰلِكَ بِأَن مِّنْهُمْ
قِسِيَّسِينَ وَرُهْبَانًا
وَأَنَّهُمْ لَا يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ
وَإِذَا سَمِعُوا
مَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَى الرَّسُولِ تَرَى
أَعْيُنُهُمْ تَفِيضُ مِنَ الدَّمْعِ
مِمَّا عَرَفُوا مِنَ الْحَقِّ
يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا آمَنَّا
فَاكْتُبْنَا مَعَ الشَّاهِدِينَ
وَمَا لَنَا لَا نُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ
وَمَا جَاءَنَا مِنَ الْحَقِّ
وَنَطْمَعُ أَنْ يَدْخِلَنَا رَبُّنَا
مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الصَّالِحِينَ



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزْبُ السَّابِعُ

wherein they shall abide forever.

Such is the reward
of those who excel in 'doing' good.

5:86 But those who have disbelieved
and belied Our 'revealed' signs,
these are the Companions of Hellfire.

5:87 O you who believe!
You shall not prohibit the wholesome things
that God has made lawful for you.
And you shall not
transgress His ordained limits.
Indeed, God does not love the transgressors.

5:88 Thus eat from whatever God
has provided for you, lawful and wholesome.
And you shall fear God,
in whom you are believers.

5:89 God will not hold you accountable
for unintended vows in your oaths.
But He will hold you accountable
for what you have 'intentionally'
bound yourselves to by oaths,
the atonement of which
is feeding ten indigent people with the average
of what you feed your own families;
or clothing them;
or freeing a human being from bondage.
But if one 'of you' does not find 'such means',
then fast three days 'instead'.
That is the atonement for your oaths,
when you swear 'and break them'.
So guard your oaths.
Thus does God make clear to you
His 'revealed' signs, so that you may give thanks.

فَأَنذَرُهمُ اللَّهُ بِمَا قَالُوا جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا

وَذَٰلِكَ جَزَاءُ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

وَكَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا

أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَحِيمِ

يَتَأْتِيهِمُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

لَا تَحَرُّمُوا طَيِّبَاتِ مَا

أَحَلَّ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ وَلَا تَعْتَدُوا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ

وَكُلُوا مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ

حَلَالًا طَيِّبًا وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ

الَّذِي أَنْتُمْ بِهِ مُؤْمِنُونَ

لَا يُؤَاخِذُكُمُ اللَّهُ

بِاللَّغْوِ فِي أَيْمَانِكُمْ

وَلَكِنْ يُؤَاخِذُكُمْ

بِمَا عَقَدْتُمُ الْأَيْمَانَ فَكَفَرْتُمْ بِهِ

إِطْعَامَ عَشْرَةِ مَسْكِينٍ

مِنْ أَوْسَطِ مَا تُطْعَمُونَ

أَهْلِيكُمْ أَوْ كِسْوَتُهُمْ

أَوْ تَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ فَمَنْ لَمْ يَجِدْ

فَصِيَامَ ثَلَاثَةِ أَيَّامٍ

ذَٰلِكَ كَفْرَةٌ أَيْمَانِكُمْ

إِذَا حَلَفْتُمْ

وَاحْفَظُوا أَيْمَانَكُمْ

5:90 O you who believe!

- Indeed intoxicants, and gambling,
and idol altars, and divining arrows
are but defilement from the works of Satan.
So shun them, so that you may be successful.
- 5:91 Indeed, Satan only desires
to instill between you enmity and `bitter` hatred
through intoxicants and gambling,
and to turn you away
from the remembrance of God
and from the Prayer.
Will you not, then, desist?
- 5:92 Rather, you shall obey God.
And you shall obey the Messenger.
And you shall beware `of all evil`!
But if you turn away,
then know that, indeed,
what is incumbent upon Our Messenger
is only the clear conveyance `of this message`.
- 5:93 There is no blame on those who believe
and do righteous deeds
as to what they have consumed
`before this prohibition`,
provided that they fear God and believe
and do righteous deeds!
And, again,
`provided that` they fear God and believe!
And, again, `provided that` they fear God
and excel in `doing` good!
And God loves those who excel in `doing` good.
- 5:94 O you who believe!
God shall assuredly test you
`during the Pilgrimage`
with something of the `restricted` game
to which your hands and your lances
can readily attain—

سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الجزء السابع

كَذَلِكَ يَبِينُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ
ءَايَاتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

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يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

إِنَّمَا الْخَمْرُ وَالْمَيْسِرُ

وَالْأَصَابُ وَالْأَزْلَمُ

رَجَسٌ مِّنْ عَمَلِ الشَّيْطَانِ

فَاجْتَنِبُوهُ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ

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إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ الشَّيْطَانُ

أَن يُوقِعَ بَيْنَكُمْ

الْعَدَاوَةَ وَالْبَغْضَاءَ

فِي الْخَمْرِ وَالْمَيْسِرِ وَيَصُدَّكُمْ

عَن ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ وَعَنِ الصَّلَاةِ

فَهَلْ أَنْتُمْ مُنْهَوُونَ

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وَأَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ

وَأَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ وَأَحْذَرُوا

فَإِن تَوَلَّيْتُمْ فَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا

عَلَى رَسُولِنَا الْبَلَاغُ الْمُبِينُ

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لَيْسَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

جُنَاحٌ فِيمَا طَعِمُوا

إِذَا مَا اتَّقَوْا وَءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

ثُمَّ اتَّقَوْا وَءَامَنُوا

ثُمَّ اتَّقَوْا وَأَحْسَنُوا

وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

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يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

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الْحِزْبُ السَّابِعُ

that God may know who fears Him
and His torment in the unseen.
Thus, whoever commits such a violation
after this warning,
for him there is a most painful torment
awaiting in the Hereafter.

5:95

O you who believe!
Do not kill any game
while you are in the state of pilgrim sanctity.
And whoever among you
kills any game therein deliberately,
then the recompense for him shall be
the like of what he has killed
in a charitable sacrifice of cattle—
as two just men from among you shall so judge.
It shall be treated
as a charitable-offering of sacrifice to God
brought to the Ka'bah for the poor.
Or, in atonement,
one shall offer its value in food
for the indigent of the Sacred Precincts;
or one shall render
the equivalent of this measure in fasting—
so that he may taste
the grievous consequences of his action.
God has pardoned of this
what has already passed.
Yet whoever willfully repeats this violation,
then God will take vengeance on him.
And God is overpowering,
all-avenging of evil-doing.

5:96 Lawful for you is fishing the waters
and eating of its food,
as an enjoyment for you
who are fishermen and for travelers.
Yet forbidden for you still

يَسْأَلُونَكَ
بِشَيْءٍ مِنَ الصَّيْدِ سَأَلَهُ
أَيْدِيكُمْ وَرِمَاكُمْ لِيَعْلَمَ اللَّهُ
مَنْ يَخَافُهُ بِالْغَيْبِ
فَمَنْ أَعْتَدَىٰ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ
فَلَهُ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا تَقْتُلُوا الصَّيْدَ وَأَنْتُمْ حُرُمٌ
وَمَنْ قَتَلَهُ مِنْكُمْ مُتَعَمِّدًا
فَجَزَاءٌ مِّثْلُ مَا قَتَلَ مِنَ النَّعَمِ
يَحْكُمُ بِهِ ذَوَا عَدْلٍ مِنْكُمْ
هَدْيًا بَلِغَ الْكَعْبَةِ
أَوْ كَفَرَةٌ طَعَامُ مَسْكِينٍ
أَوْ عَدْلُ ذَلِكَ صِيَامًا
لِيَذُوقَ وَبَالَ أَمْرِهِ
عَفَا اللَّهُ عَنْ سَلَفٍ
وَمَنْ عَادَ
فَيَنْقِمُ اللَّهُ مِنْهُ
وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ ذُو انْتِقَامٍ
أَحِلَّ لَكُمْ

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is 'hunting' the game of the land—
as long as you remain
in the 'state of' pilgrim sanctity.
And you shall fear God,
before whom you shall be assembled
'for Judgment'.

- 5:97 *God 'from of old' has ordained the Ka'bah,
the Sacred House 'in Makkah,
to be 'a cherished sanctuary
'of peace and security',
for 'the future welfare and prosperity
of the people—
and 'so too ordained' the Sacred Months,
and the charitable-offerings 'of sacrifice',
and the 'animals bearing' garlands
'that mark them for sacrifice'.

This 'We reveal' that you may 'come to' know
that God 'alone' knows all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth,
and that 'from everlasting to everlasting'
God is, indeed, all-knowing of all things.

- 5:98 Know that God is severe in punishment,
and that God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

- 5:99 What is incumbent upon the Messenger
is only the 'clear' conveyance 'of this message'.
And God knows what 'all of' you reveal
and what 'all of' you conceal.

- 5:100 Say 'to humanity':

The corrupt and the good are not equal—
even if the profusion of corrupt 'ways'
is pleasing to you.

So fear God,

O you people of 'discretion and' understanding,
so that you may be successful.

- 5:101 O you who believe!

سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الْحِزْبُ السَّابِعُ

صَيْدُ الْبَحْرِ وَطَعَامُهُ،
مَتَاعًا لَّكُمْ وَلِلْغَنَاءِ
وَحَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ صَيْدَ الْبَرِّ
مَا دُمْتُمْ حُرُمًا وَأَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
الَّذِي إِلَيْهِ تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿١٧﴾
جَعَلَ اللَّهُ الْكَعْبَةَ
الْبَيْتَ الْحَرَامَ

قِيَمًا لِلنَّاسِ

وَالشَّهْرَ الْحَرَامَ
وَالْهَدْيَ وَالْقَلْبَدِ

ذَلِكَ لِتَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ

يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

اعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ

شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

مَا عَلَى الرَّسُولِ إِلَّا الْبَلَاغُ ﴿١٨﴾

وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تُبْدُونَ

وَمَا تَكْتُمُونَ

قُلْ لَا يَسْتَوِي

الْخَبِيثُ وَالطَّيِّبُ

وَلَوْ أَعْجَبَكَ كَثْرَةُ الْخَبِيثِ ﴿١٩﴾

سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الْحِزْبُ السَّابِعُ

Do not ask about things of religion
with which you have not been obliged,
which if disclosed to you
will distress you with further obligation.
Yet if you ask about them
when the Quran is being sent down,
they will be disclosed to you.
God has pardoned of it what has past.
For God is all-forgiving, most forbearing.

5:102 Truly people before you
have asked such questions of their messengers.
Then they forsook the ensuing obligations,
and thereby became disbelievers.

5:103 God has never sanctified
pagan designations for offerings,
such as *Bahīrah*, the ear-slit she-camel,
or *Sā'ibah*, the free-grazing she-camel,
or *Waṣīlah*,
the successive female-bearing cattle,
or *Hām*, the protected, ten-sire camel.
Rather, those who disbelieve
have forged lies against God about them.
And most of them have no understanding
of true religion.

5:104 Thus when it is said to them:
Come to faith
in that which God has sent down
and to enlightenment from the Messenger.
They say:
Sufficient for us is the faith
that we found our forefathers following.
How so, when their forefathers
knew nothing of revealed religion
and were not guided to the truth?

5:105 O you who believe!

فَأْتُوا اللَّهَ
يَتَأُولَىٰ الْأَلْبَسِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ
يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
لَا تَسْأَلُوا عَنْ أَشْيَاءَ
إِنْ بُدِّ لَكُمْ تَسْأَلُكُمْ
وَإِنْ تَسْأَلُوا عَنْهَا
حِينَ يُنَزَّلَ الْفُرْقَانُ
بُدِّ لَكُمْ عَمَّا ءَلَّاهُ عَنْهَا
وَٱللَّهُ عَفُوٌّ حَلِيمٌ
قَدْ سَأَلَهَا
قَوْمٌ مِّن قَبْلِكُمْ
ثُمَّ أَصْبَحُوا بِهَا كَافِرِينَ
مَا جَعَلَ ٱللَّهُ مِن مَّيْمِرَةٍ
وَلَا سَائِمَةٍ وَلَا وَصِيلَةٍ
وَلَا حَامٍ
وَلَكِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
يَقْتَرُونَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ ٱلْكَذِبَ
وَكَثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ
وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ
تَعَالَوْا إِلَىٰ مَا أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ
وَإِلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ
قَالُوا حَسْبُنَا
مَا وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِ ءَابَاءَنَا

Incumbent upon you
is the safeguarding of your own souls.
For those who go astray
will not harm you if you are guided.
To God is your return, all of you.
He shall then tell you the due recompense
of all that you have been doing in life.

- 5:106 O you who believe!
When the signs of death
approach any one of you,
let two just persons among you
who are Muslims be in witness among you
at the time of one's utterance of bequeathal.
Or let two persons
other than from your own community
be in witness,
if you have set out in the land
and the affliction of death strikes you.
Thereupon summon them
to testify to the bequest before people
after the Prayer.
Then both shall swear by God, saying:
If you doubt our testimony, we swear:
Never would we exchange truth at any price—
even if it were to benefit a close relative.
And never would we conceal any testimony
that we have sworn to by God.
Indeed, we would then be of the sinful!
- 5:107 Yet if it is discovered
that both of them are guilty of sinning
by bearing false witness, then two others,
from those bereaved against whom
the two have committed a sin,
shall stand in witness in their place,
and shall then swear by God saying:

سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الجزء السابع

أُولُو كَانَ آبَاؤُهُمْ
لَا يَعْلَمُونَ شَيْئًا وَلَا يَهْتَدُونَ
يَتَأْتِيهِمُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
عَلَيْكُمْ أَنْفُسُكُمْ
لَا يَضُرُّكُمْ مَنْ ضَلَّ
إِذَا أَهْتَدَيْتُمْ

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إِلَى اللَّهِ مَرَجِعُكُمْ جَمِيعًا
فَيُنَبِّئُكُمْ
بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ
يَتَأْتِيهِمُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
شَهَدَةُ بَيْنِكُمْ
إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَكُمْ الْمَوْتُ
حِينَ الْوَصِيَّةِ

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أَتْنَانِ ذَوَا عَدْلٍ مِنْكُمْ
أَوْ آخَرَانِ مِنْ غَيْرِكُمْ
إِنْ أَنْتُمْ صَرَيْتُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَأَصْبَحَتْكُمْ مُصِيبَةُ الْمَوْتِ
تَحْسِبُونَهُمَا

مِنْ بَعْدِ الصَّلَاةِ
فَيَقْسِمَانِ بِاللَّهِ إِنْ أَرَبْتُمْ
لَا نَشْتَرِي بِهِ ثَمَنًا
وَلَوْ كَانَ ذَا قُرْبَى
وَلَا نَكْتُمُ شَهَادَةَ اللَّهِ

إِنَّا إِذَا لَمِنَ الْأَثِمِينَ

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فَإِنْ غَرَّ عَلَى أَنْهُمَا
اسْتَحَقَّا إِمَامًا
فَتَاخِرَانِ يَقُومَانِ مَقَامَهُمَا

سُورَةُ الْمَائِدَةِ

الْحِزْبُ السَّابِعُ

Our testimony is more truthful
than their testimony.
And 'we swear' we have not transgressed
'against the other witnesses'.

For, indeed,

we would then be of the wrongdoers.

- 5:108 This 'provision makes' it more likely
that they 'who testify' will give testimony
according to fact,
or else have fear that their oaths will be refuted
by the oaths of others.
So fear God and listen 'carefully'.
For God does not guide an ungodly people.

- 5:109 *On a Day 'Hereafter',
God shall assemble 'all' the messengers,
then say 'to them':
What has been the response
'of your people' to you?
They shall say:
We have no knowledge 'of their hearts'.
Indeed, it is You who are all-knowing
'of all' the 'realms of the' unseen.
5:110 It is then when God shall say:
O Jesus, son of Mary!
Remember My grace upon you,
and upon your mother:
When I aided you
with 'Angel Gabriel', the Holy Spirit,
so that you might speak to the people
'of Heavenly guidance, while' in the cradle
and in the prime of manhood;
'and' when I taught you writing
and the wisdom 'of prophethood'
and the Torah and the Evangel;
and when you formed out of mud

مِنَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَحَقَّ

عَلَيْهِمُ الْأُولَىٰ

فَيَقْسِمَانِ بِاللَّهِ لَشَهِدُنَا

أَحَقُّ مِنْ شَهِدَيْهِمَا

وَمَا أَعْتَدْنَا

إِنَّا إِذَا لَمِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ

ذَلِكَ أَدَقَّ

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أَنْ يَأْتُوا بِالشَّهَادَةِ

عَلَىٰ وَجْهِهَا أَوْ يَخَافُوا

أَنْ تُرَدَّ أَيْمَنُ بَعْدَ أَيْمَنِهِمْ

وَأَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَاسْمَعُوا

وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ

* يَوْمَ يَجْمَعُ اللَّهُ الرُّسُلَ

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فَيَقُولُ مَاذَا أَجَبْتُمُ

قَالُوا لَا عِلْمَ لَنَا

إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ عَلَّمُ الْغُيُوبِ

إِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يُعِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ

١١٠

أذْكُرْ نِعْمَتِي عَلَيْكَ

وَعَلَىٰ وَالِدَتِكَ

إِذْ أَيْدَنُكَ بِرُوحِ الْقُدُسِ

تُكَلِّمُ النَّاسَ

فِي الْمَهْدِ وَكَهْلًا

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a bird-like figure—by My permission—
then you blew into it,
'and' behold it became a bird—
by My permission;
and 'when' you healed the born-blind
and the leper—by My permission;
and when you brought forth the dead—
by My permission;
and when I withheld the Children of Israel
from 'killing' you, when you came to them
with clear 'and miraculous' proofs
'confirming the truth of your Message'.
Then those who disbelieved
from among them said:
This is nothing but manifest sorcery.

- 5:111 And 'remember'
when I revealed to the Disciples:
Believe in Me and 'in' My messenger, 'Jesus'.
They said: We believe!
And bear witness that we are, indeed, *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone'.
- 5:112 Behold! The Disciples said:
O Jesus, son of Mary!
Can your Lord send down to us
a table-spread 'of food as a sign' from Heaven?
He said:
Fear God, if, indeed, you are believers!
- 5:113 They said:
We wish to eat from it
and for our hearts 'thereby'
to repose 'in full assurance',
so that we may know 'with certainty'
that you have spoken the truth to us,
and so that we may 'ourselves' be
among the 'elect' witnesses to its 'miracle'.

وَإِذْ عَلَّمْنَاكَ
الْكَيْتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ
وَالتَّوْرَانَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ
وَإِذْ تَخْلُقُ مِنَ الطِّينِ
كَهَيْئَةِ الطَّيْرِ بِإِذْنِي
فَتَنْفُخُ فِيهَا
فَتَكُونُ طَيْرًا بِإِذْنِي وَتُبْرِئُ
الْأَكْمَةَ وَالْأَبْرَصَ بِإِذْنِي
وَإِذْ تُخْرِجُ الْمَوْتَى بِإِذْنِي
وَإِذْ كَفَفْتُ
بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ عَنْكَ
إِذْ جَعَلْتَهُمُ الْبَيْنَتَ
فَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْهُمْ
إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا سِحْرٌ مُبِينٌ
وَإِذْ أُوحِيَثُ إِلَى الْحَوَارِثِ
أَنْ ءَامِنُوا بِرَسُولِي
قَالُوا ءَامَنَّا
وَأَشْهَدُ بِأَنَّا مُسْلِمُونَ
إِذْ قَالَ الْحَوَارِثُ
يَعِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ
هَلْ يَسْتَطِيعُ رَبُّكَ
أَنْ يُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا
مَائِدَةً مِنَ السَّمَاءِ
قَالَ أَتَقُولُوا
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ
قَالُوا نُرِيدُ أَنْ نَأْكُلَ مِنْهَا
وَنَطْمِئِنَّ قُلُوبُنَا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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- 5:114 Jesus, son of Mary, said:
 O God! Our Lord!
 Send down to us a table-spread from Heaven
 to be a feast for us—
 for the first of us and the last of us—
 and 'to be a sure sign from You
 'of my prophethood'.
 And provide for us 'always',
 for You are the best of providers.
- 5:115 God said:
 Indeed, I shall send it down to you.
 But whoever of you disbelieves thereafter,
 I will punish him with a punishment
 such as I shall not punish anyone 'else' with
 among 'all' the people 'of the world'.
- 5:116 Thus 'it is then,
 on the Day of Judgment', when God shall say:
 O Jesus, son of Mary:
 Did you say to the people:
 Take me and my mother both
 as gods apart from God?
 Jesus 'shall say:
 Highly exalted are You 'far above this'!
 It was not for me to say
 what I had no right to 'say'.
 If I had said it,
 then, truly, You would have known it.
 You know what is in my soul,
 and I do not know what is in Yourself.
 Indeed, it is You,
 You 'alone' who are all-knowing
 'of all' the 'realms of the' unseen.
- 5:117 I have not said to them other than what
 You have commanded me:
 Worship God 'alone', my Lord and your Lord!

وَعَلَّمَ أَنْ قَدْ صَدَقْتَنَا
 وَتَكُونُ عَلَيْهَا مِنَ الشَّاهِدِينَ
 قَالَ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ اللَّهُمَّ
 رَبَّنَا أَنْزِلْ عَلَيْنَا
 مَائِدَةً مِنَ السَّمَاءِ
 تَكُونُ لَنَا عِيدًا
 لِأَوَّلِنَا وَآخِرِنَا وَآيَةً مِنْكَ
 وَارْزُقْنَا وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الرَّازِقِينَ
 قَالَ اللَّهُ إِنِّي مُنَزِّلُهَا عَلَيْكُمْ
 فَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ بَعْدُ مِنْكُمْ
 فَإِنِّي أُعَذِّبُهُ عَذَابًا
 لَا أُعَذِّبُهُ أَحَدًا مِنَ الْعَالَمِينَ
 وَإِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ
 يَٰعِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ
 ءَأَنْتَ قُلْتَ لِلنَّاسِ
 اتَّخِذُونِي وَأُمِّي آلِهَتَيْنِ
 مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
 قَالَ سُبْحَنَكَ مَا يَكُونُ لِي
 أَنْ أَقُولَ مَا لَيْسَ لِي بِحَقِّ
 إِنْ كُنْتُ قُلْتُهُ فَقَدْ عَلِمْتَهُ
 تَعَلَّمُ مَا فِي نَفْسِي
 وَلَا أَعْلَمُ مَا فِي نَفْسِكَ
 إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ عََلِمُ الْغُيُوبِ

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- Moreover, I was witness over them
 'only' while I remained among them.
 Then when You took my soul,
 You Yourself were ever-vigilant over them.
 For You are witness over all things.
- 5:118 If You torment them,
 indeed, they are Your servants.
 And if You forgive them,
 indeed, it is You who are the Overpowering,
 the All-Wise.
- 5:119 God shall say:
 This is the Day when the truthful shall benefit
 from their truthfulness.
 For them are Gardens
 beneath which rivers flow—
 wherein they shall abide, forever and ever—
 God being well-pleased with them,
 and they well-pleased with Him.
 That is the magnificent triumph!
- 5:120 To God 'alone' belongs
 all dominion over the heavens and the earth,
 and all that is in them.
 And He 'alone' is powerful over all things.

مَا قُلْتُ لَهُمْ ١١٧
 إِلَّا مَا أَمَرْتَنِي بِهِ
 أَنْ أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ رَبِّي وَرَبَّكُمْ
 وَكُنْتُ عَلَيْهِمْ شَهِيدًا
 مَا دُمْتُ فِيهِمْ فَلَمَّا تَوَفَّيْتَنِي
 كُنْتُ أَنْتَ الرَّقِيبَ عَلَيْهِمْ
 وَأَنْتَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ
 إِنْ تُعَذِّبْهُمْ فَإِنَّهُمْ عِبَادُكَ
 وَإِنْ تَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ
 فَإِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
 قَالَ اللَّهُ هَذَا يَوْمُ
 يَنْفَعُ الصَّادِقِينَ صِدْقُهُمْ
 لَهُمْ جَنَّاتٌ
 تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
 خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا
 رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَضُوا عَنْهُ
 ذَلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ
 لِلَّهِ مُلْكُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
 وَمَا فِيهِنَّ
 وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ



The surah that debunks as a mere forgery against the Law of God the forbidden practices of Pre-Islamic Arabia with regard to the sacrifice, distribution, and consumption of CATTLE—and all such systems that arbitrarily impose upon people meaningless sacrifices, offerings, and prohibitions in the name of ungodly ideas and lifeless idols, which lead invariably to the impoverishment of women and the poor, and the institutionalization, thereby, of infanticide.

Surah 6 / 165 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-An'âm

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 6:1 All praise is for God alone,
who created the heavens and the earth
and made the 'enveiling' darkness
and the 'unveiling' light.
Yet those who disbelieve
assign equals to their Lord!
- 6:2 He is the One
who created 'all of' you out of mud.
Then He decreed a term
for human life on earth.
And a stated term for the Day of Judgment
is with Him alone.
Yet 'those of' you 'who disbelieve'
doubt 'that it is nearing'.
- 6:3 Moreover, He is God
in the heavens and in the earth.
He knows your secrets
and what you make public.
And He knows all 'the good and the evil'
that you are earning.

١ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي خَلَقَ

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَجَعَلَ الظُّلُمَاتِ وَالنُّورَ

ثُمَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

بِرَبِّهِمْ يَعْدِلُونَ

٢ هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ طِينٍ

ثُمَّ قَضَىٰ أَجَلًا

وَأَجَلَ مُّسَمًّى عِنْدَهُ

ثُمَّ أَنْتُمْ تُمْتَرُونَ

٣ وَهُوَ اللَّهُ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

وَفِي الْأَرْضِ

يَعْلَمُ سِرَّكُمْ وَجَهْرَكُمْ

وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تَكْسِبُونَ

- 6:4 Yet not a 'single' sign
 of God's Oneness comes to them,
 from the 'revealed and natural'
 signs of their Lord,
 but that they 'who disbelieve' turn away from it.
- 6:5 So truly, they have 'willfully' denied the truth
 when it came to them 'from God'.
 And thus the 'revealed' tidings
 of the just recompense
 that they are mocking shall come to them.
- 6:6 Have they not considered
 how many a 'disbelieving' generation
 before them We have destroyed—
 whom We 'firmly' established in the earth,
 such as We have not established you,
 having sent down upon them 'of old'
 the 'blessing of rain from' heaven in abundance,
 thus causing the 'great' rivers
 to run beneath them 'at their feet'?
 Then We destroyed them for their sins
 and brought forth after 'each of' them
 another generation.
- 6:7 And had We sent down to you,
 'O Muhammad,'
 a 'revealed' Book 'inscribed' on parchment,
 so that they could feel it
 with their 'very own' hands,
 those who disbelieve
 would 'still' most surely say:
 This is nothing but manifest sorcery!
- 6:8 For 'already' they have said:
 If only an angel had been sent down
 'with Muhammad' to 'confirm' him!
 But had We sent down an angel,

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الْحِزْبُ السَّابِعُ

وَمَا تَأْتِيهِمْ مِنْ ءَايَةٍ
 مِنْ ءَايَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ
 إِلَّا كَانُوا عَنْهَا مُعْرِضِينَ
 فَقَدْ كَذَّبُوا بِالْحَقِّ
 لَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ
 فَسَوْفَ يَأْتِيهِمْ أَنْتَوُا
 مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ
 أَلَمْ يَرَوْا كَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا
 مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِنْ قَرْنٍ
 مَكَّثُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
 مَا لَهُمْ تُمْكِنٌ وَلَا نَجْدٌ
 الْأَسْمَاءُ عَلَيْهِمْ يُدْرَا
 وَجَعَلْنَا الْأَنْهَارَ
 تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهِمْ
 فَأَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ
 وَأَنْشَأْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ
 قَرْنًا آخَرِينَ
 وَلَوْ نَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ كِتَابًا
 فِي قِرْطَاسٍ فَلَمَسُوهُ بِأَيْدِيهِمْ
 لَقَالِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 إِنَّ هَذَا إِلَّا سِحْرٌ مُبِينٌ
 وَقَالُوا لَوْلَا أَنْزَلَ عَلَيْهِ مَلَكٌ

it would have been with their destruction,
and the matter would have been concluded.
Then they would not have been reprieved
for a single moment.

- 6:9 And even if We had sent
other than a human messenger
and made him an angel,
We, assuredly, would have made him
appear like a man.
Yet, assuredly, by this
We would have made confounding for them
what they now make confounding
for themselves.

- 6:10 And very truly, messengers before you
were mocked, O Muhammad.
But those who scoffed at them
were encompassed by the very punishment
they used to mock.

- 6:11 Say to them:
Journey in the earth,
and see how devastating was the end
of those who denied God!

- 6:12 Say to them:
To whom belongs
all that is in the heavens and the earth?
And say in answer: To God alone.
He has prescribed for Himself mercy.
Yet, most surely,
He shall, indeed, gather all of you
to the Day of Resurrection,
in which there is no doubt.
The ones who shall then lose their souls
are but those who do not believe
in the Heavenly call of God.

سُورَةُ الْأَنْعَامِ

الْجُزْءُ السَّابِعُ

وَلَوْ أَنزَلْنَا مَلَكًا لَّقُضِيَ الْأَمْرُ

ثُمَّ لَا يُنْظَرُونَ

وَلَوْ جَعَلْنَاهُ مَلَكًا ﴿٩﴾

لَجَعَلْنَاهُ رَجُلًا

وَلَلْبَسْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ

مَا يَلْبِسُونَ

وَلَقَدْ أَسْتَهْزِئُ ﴿١٠﴾

رُسُلٍ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ فَحَاقَ

بِالَّذِينَ سَخِرُوا مِنْهُمْ

مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِئُونَ

قُلْ سِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ ﴿١١﴾

ثُمَّ أَنْظِرُوا كَيْفَ

كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ

قُلْ لِمَنْ ﴿١٢﴾

مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ط

قُلْ لِلَّهِ

كُتِبَ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ الرَّحْمَةُ

لِيَجْمَعَنَّكُمْ إِلَى

يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ ؕ

الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ

فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

- 6:13 *Moreover, to Him 'alone'
belongs all that dwells 'in stillness'
in the night and the daylight.
And He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.
- 6:14 Say 'to them':
Shall I take a patron other than God,
the 'Sole' Originator
of the heavens and the earth,
while it is He who feeds and is not fed?
Say 'to them, O Muhammad':
Indeed, I have been commanded
to be the foremost of those
who have willingly submitted themselves
'as a Muslim' to God 'alone'.
Moreover, 'I have been commanded':
You shall not be of those
who associate gods with God.
- 6:15 Say 'to them':
Indeed, I fear—were I to disobey my Lord—
the torment of an awesome Day!
- 6:16 Whoever is turned away from 'the torment'
that Day,
then He has truly shown him mercy.
And that is the manifest triumph!
- 6:17 Yet should God touch you with harm,
there is none who can remove it but Him.
But if He touches you with good,
then He is powerful over all things.
- 6:18 For He 'alone' is all-dominating
over 'all' His servants.
And He is the All-Wise, the All-Aware.
- 6:19 Say 'to them, O Muhammad':
Which thing is greatest as a witness
'to the truth of my message'?

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الْحِزْبُ السَّابِعُ

- ١٣ ﴿وَلَهُ مَا سَكَنَ
فِي اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ
وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ
قُلْ اَغَيْرَ اللَّهِ اَتَّخِذُ وَلِيًّا
فَاطِرَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْاَرْضِ
وَهُوَ يَطْعَمُ وَلَا يُطْعَمُ
قُلْ اِنِّي
اُتِرْتُ اَنْ اَكُوْنَ
اَوَّلَ مَنْ اَسْلَمَ
وَلَا تَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِيْنَ
قُلْ اِنِّيْ اَخَافُ
اِنْ عَصَيْتُ رَبِّيْ
عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ عَظِيْمٍ
مَنْ يُصْرِفْ عَنْهُ يَوْمَئِذٍ
فَقَدْ رَجَعَهُ
وَذٰلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْاَمِيْنُ
وَاِنْ يَمَسَّكَ اللّٰهُ بِضُرٍّ
فَلَا كَاشِفَ لَهُ اِلَّا هُوَ
وَاِنْ يَمَسَّكَ بِخَيْرٍ
فَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرٌ
وَهُوَ الْقَاهِرُ فَوْقَ عِبَادِهِ
وَهُوَ الْحَكِيْمُ الْخَبِيْرُ
قُلْ اَيُّ شَيْءٍ اَكْبَرُ شَهَادَةً

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And say in answer:

God Himself is a witness between me and you.

Moreover, this Quran has been revealed to me,

as a means with which to forewarn you

and whomever it reaches

of His nearing Judgment.

Do you, indeed, bear witness

that there are other gods with God?

Say to them: I shall not bear such witness!

Say: Indeed, He is One God alone.

And, indeed, I am innocent of worshipping

all that you associate as gods with God.

6:20 Regarding those to whom
We gave the Scripture,
they recognize the divine message
of this Prophet
as they recognize their own children.

These are the ones
who have utterly lost their souls,
for they do not believe
in the Heavenly call of God.

6:21 For who does a greater wrong
than one who forges lies against God
or belies His revealed signs?
Indeed, the godless wrongdoers
shall not succeed.

6:22 For on the Day of Judgment
We shall assemble them all together.
We shall then say to those
who associated gods with God:
Where, now, are your associate-gods
that you used to allege?

6:23 Thereupon, they shall have nothing else
in their hour of trial, but to say:

قُلِ اللَّهُ شَهِيدُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ

وَأُوحِيَ إِلَيَّ هَذَا الْقُرْآنُ

لَا تُذِرْكُم بِهِ وَمَنْ بَلَغَ

أَيْتَكُمْ لِتُشْهَدُوا

أَنْتَ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلَهًا آخَرَى

قُلْ لَا أَشْهَدُ

قُلْ إِنَّمَا هُوَ اللَّهُ وَحِيدٌ

وَإِنِّي بَرِيءٌ مِمَّا تُشْرِكُونَ

الَّذِينَ آتَيْنَاهُمُ الْكِتَابَ

يَعْرِفُونَهُ

كَمَا يَعْرِفُونَ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ

الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ

فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ

مِمَّنْ افْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا

أَوْ كَذَبَ تِلْكَاهُ

إِنَّهُ لَا يَفْلَحُ الظَّالِمُونَ

وَيَوْمَ نَحْشُرُهُمْ جَمِيعًا

ثُمَّ نَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا

أَيْنَ شُرَكَاءُكُمْ

الَّذِينَ كُنْتُمْ تَزْعُمُونَ

٢٠

٢١

٢٢

- By God, our Lord!
 Never were we of those
 who associated gods with God!
- 6:24 Look how 'even then'
 they shall lie about themselves!
 For all 'the false gods' that they used to forge
 shall have strayed from them.
- 6:25 Yet 'even now'
 as you recite this Quran to them,
 among them are those
 who listen to you 'with malicious intent,
 pursuing their whims'.
 Therefore, We have placed sheaths
 over their 'ill-inclined' hearts,
 so that they may 'no longer' understand it,
 and in their ears, an utter deafness.
 For even if they were to see
 every 'natural and revealed' sign
 'of Heavenly truth',
 still 'they would not believe in it'.
 Thus when they come to you
 to argue with you, those who disbelieve say:
 This is nothing but tales of the ancients!
- 6:26 Moreover, they forbid 'other people'
 from 'listening to' it.
 And they draw 'themselves' away from it.
 Yet they are destroying none but themselves,
 though they are not aware 'of it'.
- 6:27 And if only you could 'now' see
 when they shall be set upon
 'the brink of' the Fire 'of Hell',
 and they shall say: Oh, 'woe to us!'
 If only we could be returned 'to the world'
 and not deny the signs
 of 'the Oneness of' our Lord

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الْجُزْءُ السَّابِعُ

ثُمَّ لَمْ تَكُنْ فِتْنَتَهُمْ ٢٣
 إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا ٢٤
 وَاللَّوْزَيْنَا مَا كُنَّا مُشْرِكِينَ ٢٥
 أَنْظِرْ كَيْفَ كَذَبُوا عَلَى أَنْفُسِهِمْ ٢٦
 وَصَلَّ عَنْهُمْ مَا كَانُوا يَفْعَلُونَ ٢٧
 وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَسْتَمِعُ إِلَيْكَ ٢٨
 وَجَعَلْنَا عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ أَكِنَّةً ٢٩
 أَنْ يَفْقَهُوهُ وَفِي آذَانِهِمْ وَقْرًا ٣٠
 وَإِنْ يَرَوْا كُلَّ آيَةٍ ٣١
 لَا يُؤْمِنُوا بِهَا ٣٢
 حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَوكَ يُجَادِلُونَكَ ٣٣
 يَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ٣٤
 إِنَّ هَٰذَا إِلَّا أَسْطُورُ الْأَوَّلِينَ ٣٥
 وَهُمْ يَنْهَوْنَ عَنْهُ ٣٦
 وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنْهُ ٣٧
 وَإِنْ يُهْلِكُونَ إِلَّا أَنْفُسَهُمْ ٣٨
 وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ ٣٩
 وَلَوْ تَرَىٰ إِذْ وَقَفُوا عَلَى النَّارِ ٤٠
 فَقَالُوا يَلَيْتُنَا ٤١
 نُرَدُّ وَلَا نَكْذِبُ بِآيَاتِ رَبِّنَا ٤٢

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الْجُزْءُ السَّامِعُ

and become of the believers!

- 6:28 Rather, what they previously used to conceal shall manifest 'itself' before them. Yet 'even' if they were to be 'so' returned 'to the world', they would revert to all 'the ways' that have been forbidden 'to them'. For, indeed, they are most surely liars.

- 6:29 Now, 'also,' they 'who disbelieve' say: There is nothing but our life in this world. And never shall we be raised 'from the dead'.
- 6:30 Yet if only you could 'now' see when they shall be 'brought back to life' and 'set before their Lord' for Judgment. He shall say 'to them': Is this 'Resurrection to life' not the very truth? They shall say: Oh yes, indeed! By our Lord 'it is'!
- He shall say:

- Then taste the 'everlasting' torment in that 'before this Day' you have disbelieved!
- 6:31 Truly those 'in life' who have belied 'resurrection' and 'the 'destined' Meeting of God' for Judgment in the Hereafter' shall lose 'all'— until, suddenly, when the Hour 'of Doom' shall have come to them, they shall say: Alas for us! for all that we have neglected regarding this 'Day'!
- And they shall carry their load 'of sin' upon their backs. Most surely, evil is the load they bear.
- 6:32 For the life of this world

وَنَكُونُ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

بَلْ بَدَأْ لَهُمْ

مَا كَانُوا يَخْفُونَ مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَلَوْ رُدُّوا لَعَادُوا لِمَا نُهُوا عَنْهُ

وَلِأَنَّهُمْ لَكَذِبُونَ

وَقَالُوا إِن هِيَ

إِلَّا حَيَاتُنَا الدُّنْيَا

وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمَبْعُوثِينَ

وَلَوْ تَرَى إِذْ وَقَعُوا عَلَى رَبِّهِمْ

قَالَ أَلَيْسَ هَذَا بِالْحَقِّ

قَالُوا بَلَى وَرَبِّنَا

قَالَ فَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ

بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَكْفُرُونَ

قَدْ خَسِرَ الَّذِينَ

كَذَّبُوا بِإِيقَاعِ اللَّهِ وَكَانَ إِذَا

جَاءَهُمُ السَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً

قَالُوا يَا حَسْرَتَنَا

عَلَى مَا فَرَّطْنَا فِيهَا

وَهُمْ يَحْمِلُونَ أَوْزَارَهُمْ

عَلَى ظُهُورِهِمْ

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الْجُزْءُ السَّابِعُ

is nothing but play and amusement.

And, most surely,

the abode of the Hereafter is 'far' better
for those who are God-fearing.

Will you not, then, understand?

6:33 Truly, We know that what they say
'in open defiance of your message'
grieves you, 'O Muhammad'.

But it is not 'really' you
whom they are belying.

Rather, it is the 'revealed' signs of God
that the 'godless' wrongdoers disavow.

6:34 Yet very truly, messengers before you,
'O Muhammad,' were belied.

But they endured patiently
against the denials and harm 'they suffered' —
until Our help came to them.

For there is none who can replace
the words of God,
'which have assured you of victory'.

And very truly,

some account of 'what' the messengers 'faced'
and their ultimate triumph
has already come to you.

6:35 Yet 'as to the disbelievers', if their turning away
is too great 'a burden' on you, 'O Prophet,'
then seek a tunnel into the 'heart of the' Earth,
if you are so able, or a stairway to Heaven,
so as to bring to them a sign
'that will make them believe'!

For had God so willed,

He would most surely have gathered them all
upon 'the path of' guidance.

So never become of the ignorant,
'frozen with anguish'.

اَلَا سَآءَ مَا يَرْزَوْنَ

وَمَا الْحَيٰوةُ الدُّنْيَا ﴿٣٣﴾

اِلَّا لَعِبٌ وَلَهْوٌ

وَلِلْاٰخِرَةِ

حَيْرٌ لِّلَّذِيْنَ يَنْقُوْنَ

اَفَلَا تَعْقِلُوْنَ

قَدْ نَعْلَمُ اِنَّهُمْ

لَيَحْزَنُوْنَكَ الَّذِيْنَ يَقُوْلُوْنَ

فَاِنَّهُمْ لَا يَكْذِبُوْنَكَ

وَلٰكِنَّ الظَّالِمِيْنَ

يَنَابِتُ اللّٰهَ يَجْحَدُوْنَ

وَلَقَدْ كَذَّبْتَ ﴿٣٤﴾

رُّسُلٌ مِّنْ قَبْلِكَ

فَصَبِّرْ وَاَعْلٰى مَا كُذِّبُواْ

وَاُوْدُوْاْ حَتّٰى اَنْتَهُمْ نَصَرْنَا

وَلَا مَبْدِلَ لِكَلِمٰتِ اللّٰهِ

وَلَقَدْ جَآءَكَ

مِّنْ نَّبِیِّ الْمُرْسَلِیْنَ

وَإِنْ كَانَ كَبُرَ عَلَیْكَ ﴿٣٥﴾

اِعْرَاضُهُمْ فَاِنْ اَسْتَطَعْتَ

اَنْ تَنْبَغِيْ نَفَقًا فِی الْاَرْضِ

اَوْ سُلٰمًا فِی السَّمٰوٰتِ

فَتَاتِبِهِمْ بِآیٰتِ

وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللّٰهُ

لَجَمَعَهُمْ عَلٰى الْهُدٰی

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الْحِزْبُ السَّابِعُ

- 6:36 *Indeed, only those who truly hear shall answer the call to faith.
And as for the dead of heart, who disbelieve, God shall, indeed, resurrect them as well.
Then to Him they shall all be returned.
- 6:37 Moreover, in arrogance they have said of you, O Prophet:
If only a miraculous sign from his Lord were sent down to him!
Say to them:
Indeed, God is well able to send down such a sign.
Yet most of them do not know the wisdom of God.
- 6:38 For there is not a single beast treading on the earth, nor a bird flying with its two wings, but that they are communities like you. We have not neglected anything in the Preserved Book of Heaven.
Then they who ask for miracles shall be assembled in the Hereafter before their Lord with all people.
- 6:39 And so it is that those who have denied Our signs are deaf and dumb to God's living miracles, cut off in veils of darkness.
Whomever God so wills, He leaves astray.
And whomever God so wills, He sets upon a straight way of salvation.
- 6:40 Say to all those who take associate-gods with God:
Have you considered if the punishment of God were to come to you,

فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْجَاهِلِينَ

﴿٣٦﴾ إِنَّمَا يَسْتَجِيبُ

الَّذِينَ يَسْمَعُونَ

وَالْمَوْتَى يَبْعَثُهُمُ اللَّهُ

ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ يُرْجَعُونَ

﴿٣٧﴾ وَقَالُوا لَوْلَا

نُزِّلَ عَلَيْهِ آيَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِ

قُلْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ قَادِرٌ

عَلَى أَنْ يَنْزِلَ آيَةٌ

وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

﴿٣٨﴾ وَمِمَّنْ دَاخِلُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَلَا ظَلَمَ يَطِيرُ بِجَنَاحِهِ

إِلَّا أُمَّةٌ أَمْنَالَكُمْ مَا فَرَطْنَا

فِي الْكِتَابِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ

ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ يُحْشَرُونَ

﴿٣٩﴾ وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا

صُفِّدُوا فِي الظُّلُمَاتِ

مَنْ يَشَاءُ اللَّهُ يُضْلِلْهُ

وَمَنْ يَشَاءُ يَجْعَلْهُ عَلَىٰ

صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

﴿٤٠﴾ قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ

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الجزء السابع

- or 'if' the Hour 'of Doom' itself
were to come to you?
Would it be other than God
whom you would call upon 'for help',
if you are truthful 'with yourselves'?
- 6:41 Rather, it is only Him you call upon!
And He 'alone' removes 'the affliction'
for which you call Him, if He so wills—
for 'then' you 'utterly' forget
all that you associate 'as gods with Him'.
- 6:42 And very truly, We have sent 'messengers'
to communities before you.
'But they denied Our message,'
so We seized them with affliction
and harm 'in this world',
so that they might humble themselves.
- 6:43 Yet if only when Our affliction came to them,
they had humbled themselves.
But rather, their hearts hardened,
and Satan made what they were doing
fair-seeming to them.
- 6:44 Then when they forgot that 'true faith'
of which they had been reminded,
We opened for them
the gates of everything 'they desired'—
until when they exulted
in what they had been given,
We seized them suddenly;
and then they became utterly despondent.
- 6:45 Thus 'all' the people who did wrong—
to the 'very' last one of them—were cut off.
For all praise is for God 'alone',
Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
- 6:46 Say 'to them':
Have you considered if God

إِنْ أَتَاكُمْ عَذَابُ اللَّهِ
أَوْ أَتَاكُمْ السَّاعَةُ
أَغَيْرَ اللَّهِ تَدْعُونَ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
بَلْ إِلَٰهَ تَدْعُونَ ﴿٤١﴾
فَيَكْشِفُ مَا تَدْعُونَ إِلَيْهِ
إِنْ شَاءَ
وَتَنْسَوْنَ مَا فَشَرْتُمُونَا
وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا
إِلَىٰ أُمَمٍ مِّن قَبْلِكَ
فَأَخَذْتَهُم بِالْبَاسِ ۖ وَأَضْرَأُوا
لَهُمْ يَنْضَرُّونَ ﴿٤٢﴾
فَلَوْلَا إِذْ جَاءَهُمْ بَاسُنَا
نَضَرُّوا
وَلَكِن قَسَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ
وَزَيَّنَّ لَهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ
مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٤٣﴾
فَلَمَّا نَسُوا
مَا ذُكِّرُوا بِهِ
فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِم
أَبْوَابَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ
حَتَّىٰ إِذَا فَرِحُوا بِمَا أُوتُوا
أَخَذْتَهُم بِقَعَّةٍ
فَإِذَا هُمْ مُبْلِسُونَ ﴿٤٤﴾
فَقَطَّعَ دَائِرَ الْقَوَمِ
الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ﴿٤٥﴾
وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

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الْجَنَّةُ السَّائِعُ

were to take away your hearing
and your sight and seal up your hearts?
Who is that god, other than God 'Himself',
that would give them back to you?
Behold how We vary the 'clear' signs.
Yet still they turn away.

6:47 Say 'to them':

Have you considered if the torment of God
were to come upon you suddenly, or overtly?
Would anyone be destroyed
but the wrongdoing people?

6:48 Thus We do not send the messengers
but as bearers of glad tidings 'to the believers
of everlasting delight in Paradise',
and 'as' forewarners 'of God's nearing Judgment'.
So whoever believes and does righteousness—
there shall be no fear upon them
'when they assemble for Judgment'.

Nor shall they ever grieve
'over the life of the world'.

6:49 But 'as to' those who deny Our signs,
the torment shall touch them
for the 'deeds of' ungodliness
they have committed.

6:50 Say 'to them, O Muhammad':

I do not say to you
that the treasures of God are with me,
nor that I know the unseen.
Nor do I say to you that I am an angel.
I but follow what is revealed to me.

Say 'to them':

Are the blind and the seeing equal?
Will you not, then, reflect 'on the signs of God'?

6:51 Hence, forewarn with 'this Quran
all' those who fear being gathered

٤٦ قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ

سَمْعَكُمْ وَأَبْصَرَكُمْ

وَحَنَمَ عَلَى قُلُوبِكُمْ

مَنْ إِلَهٌ غَيْرُ اللَّهِ يَأْتِيكُمْ بِهِ

أَنْظُرْ كَيْفَ

نُصْرَفُ الْأَيْتِ

ثُمَّ هُمْ يَصْدُقُونَ

٤٧ قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَنْزَلْنَا

عَذَابُ اللَّهِ بَغْتَةً

أَوْ جَهْرَةً هَلْ يُهْلِكُ

إِلَّا الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمُونَ

٤٨ وَمَا نُرْسِلُ الْمُرْسَلِينَ

إِلَّا مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذِرِينَ

فَمَنْ ءَامَنَ وَأَصْلَحَ

فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ

٤٩ وَالَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا

يَمَسُّهُمْ الْعَذَابُ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ

٥٠ قُلْ لَا أَقُولُ لَكُمْ

عِنْدِي خَزَائِنُ اللَّهِ

وَلَا أَعْلَمُ الْغَيْبِ

وَلَا أَقُولُ لَكُمْ إِنِّي مَلَكٌ

إِنْ أَتَيْتُ إِلَّا مَا يُوْحَىٰ إِلَيَّ

قُلْ هَلْ يَسْتَوِي

الْأَعْمَىٰ وَالْبَصِيرُ

أَفَلَا تَتَفَكَّرُونَ

before their Lord
 that they have no patron apart from Him,
 nor any intercessor,
 so that they may become God-fearing.
 Nor shall you heed the arrogant
 and send away the humble
 who call upon their Lord with devotion
 in the morning and in the evening,
 desiring only His Face.
 Nothing of their reckoning bears upon you.
 And nothing of your reckoning
 bears upon them

that you should send them away
 and thus become of the wrongdoers.

For in this variance of wealth and poverty
 We but try some of them
 through the condition of the others—
 that they who are rich and powerful
 might be tempted to say:
 Is it these, the poor and the meek,
 upon whom God has conferred favor
 among all of us?

Rather, is not God most knowing
 of those who are thankful?

So when those who believe
 in Our revealed signs come to you,
 then say to them: Peace be upon you!
 Your Lord has prescribed
 for Himself mercy,
 so that whoever among you
 does a misdeed in ignorance,
 then repents after it, and sets things aright,
 then, indeed, He is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

And so it is that We make utterly distinct
 the revealed signs, so as to make manifest

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء السابع

وَأَنْذِرْ بِهِ الَّذِينَ يَخَافُونَ ٥١
 أَنْ يُحْشَرُوا إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ
 لَيْسَ لَهُمْ مِنْ دُونِهِ

وَلِيٌّ وَلَا شَفِيعٌ
 لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ

وَلَا تَطْرُدِ الَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ ٥٢
 رَبَّهُمْ بِالْعَدْوَىٰ وَالْعَشَىٰ
 يُرِيدُونَ وَجْهَهُ مَا عَلَيْكَ

مِنْ حِسَابِهِمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ

وَمَا مِنْ حِسَابِكَ عَلَيْهِمْ

مِنْ شَيْءٍ فَتَطْرُدَهُمْ

فَتَكُونُ مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ

وَكَذَٰلِكَ فَتَنَّا ٥٣

بَعْضَهُم بِبَعْضٍ لِّيَقُولُوا

أَهَٰؤُلَاءِ مَنِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ

مِنْ بَيْنِنَا أَلَيْسَ اللَّهُ

بِأَعْلَمَ بِالشَّاكِرِينَ

وَلِذَا جَاءَكَ ٥٤

الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِآيَاتِنَا

فَقُلْ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمْ

كَتَبَ رَبُّكُمْ

عَلَىٰ نَفْسِهِ الرَّحْمَةَ

أَنَّهُ مَنْ عَمِلَ مِنْكُمْ

سُوًّا بِجَهْلَةٍ

ثُمَّ تَابَ مِنْ بَعْدِهَا وَأَصْلَحَ

فَأَنَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

سُورَةُ الْأَنْعَامِ

الْحِزْبُ السَّادِعُ

- the 'contrary' way of the defiant unbelievers.
 6:56 Say 'to them, O Prophet':
 Indeed, I have been forbidden
 to worship 'all' those whom you call upon
 apart from God. 'Then' say:
 I shall not follow your whims.
 For then I would have certainly gone astray,
 and I would not be of the 'rightly' guided.
 6:57 Say 'to them, as well':
 I am 'firmly established'
 on a clear proof from my Lord.
 Yet you have belied it.
 It is not in my power
 'to carry out the threat of divine judgment'
 which you seek to hasten.
 Judgment belongs to none but God.
 He relates 'nothing but' the truth
 'in His forewarnings'.
 And He is the very best of judges.
 6:58 Say 'to them':
 If what you seek to hasten
 'of your punishment' was with me,
 the matter would have been decided
 between me and you.
 But God knows best 'about' the wrongdoers
 'who are godless in heart'.
 6:59 *Moreover, with Him are the keys
 of the 'realms of the' unseen.
 No one knows 'of' them but Him.
 And He knows, 'as well',
 all that is in the land and the sea.
 Not even a leaf falls but He knows it.
 Nor is there a 'single' grain
 'hidden' within 'the veils'
 of 'the darkness of the earth—

وَكَذَلِكَ نَقُصِّلُ الْآيَاتِ ۝٥٥
 وَلِتَسْتَبِينَ سَبِيلَ الْمُجْرِمِينَ ۝٥٦
 قُلْ إِنِّي نُهَيْتُ أَنْ أُعْبَدَ
 الَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
 قُلْ لَا أَنْبِئُكُمْ بِأَهْوَاءِكُمْ
 قَدْ ضَلَلْتُ إِذَا
 وَمَا أَنَا مِنَ الْمُهْتَدِينَ ۝٥٧
 قُلْ إِنِّي عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِنْ رَبِّي
 وَكَذَّبْتُمْ بِهِ ۝٥٨
 مَا عِنْدِي
 مَا تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ بِهِ ۝٥٩
 إِنْ الْحُكْمُ إِلَّا لِلَّهِ
 يَقْضِ الْحَقُّ
 وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الْفَاصِلِينَ ۝٦٠
 قُلْ لَوْ أَنَّ عِنْدِي
 مَا تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ بِهِ
 لَفُضِيَ الْأَمْرُ
 بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ ۝٦١
 وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِالظَّالِمِينَ ۝٦٢
 وَعِنْدَهُ مَفَاتِحُ الْغَيْبِ
 لَا يَعْلَمُهَا إِلَّا هُوَ
 وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ
 وَمَا تَسْقُطُ مِنْ وَرَقَةٍ
 إِلَّا يَعْلَمُهَا ۝٦٣

- nor anything moist therein
 nor anything withered—
 but that it is 'recorded' in a clear Book
 'preserved in Heaven'.
- 6:60 Moreover, it is He who takes your souls
 by night 'as you sleep'.
 And He knows what you earn by day.
 Then He restores 'your souls,
 awakening' you therein
 for a stated term to be fulfilled.
 Then to Him is your return 'in the Afterlife'.
 Then He shall tell you 'the due recompense'
 of all that you have been doing 'in life'.
- 6:61 For He 'alone' is all-dominating
 over 'all' His servants.
 Thus He sends 'angels, as' guardians over you,
 'to record your every deed'—
 until when death comes to any one of you,
 Our messenger-angels take his soul—
 and never do they neglect 'anything
 they are ordered to do'.
- 6:62 Then they 'who die' are returned to God,
 their true Patron.
 Most surely, judgment belongs to Him 'alone'—
 and He is the swiftest of reckoners.
- 6:63 Say 'to them':
 Who is it that delivers you
 from the 'veils of' darkness of land and sea?
 You call upon Him imploringly and inwardly:
 If He delivers us from this 'peril',
 we shall most surely
 be of those who are ever-thankful!
- 6:64 Say 'to them':
 God delivers you from this
 and from every anguish!

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الْجُزْءُ السَّابِعُ

وَلَا حَبَّةٌ فِي ظُلُمَتٍ الْاَرْضِ

وَلَا رَطْبٌ وَلَا يَابِسٌ

اِلَّا فِي كِتَابٍ مُبِينٍ

وَهُوَ الَّذِي

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يَتَوَفَّاكُمْ بِاللَّيْلِ

وَيَعْلَمُ مَا جَرَحْتُم بِالنَّهَارِ

ثُمَّ يَبْعَثُكُمْ فِيهِ

لِيُقَضَّ اَجَلٌ مُّسَمًّى

ثُمَّ اِلَيْهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ

ثُمَّ يُنَبِّئُكُمْ

بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

وَهُوَ الْقَاهِرُ فَوْقَ عِبَادِهِ

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وَيُرْسِلُ عَلَيْكُمْ حَفَظَةً

حَتَّىٰ اِذَا

جَاءَ اَحَدُكُمْ الْمَوْتُ

تَوَفَّاهُ رُسُلُنَا

وَهُمْ لَا يُفْرِطُونَ

ثُمَّ رُدُّوْا اِلَى اللّٰهِ

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مَوْلَاهُمْ الْحَقُّ اِلَّا لَهُ الْحُكْمُ

وَهُوَ اَسْرَعُ الْحٰسِبِينَ

قُلْ مَنْ يُنَجِّكُمْ

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مِنْ ظُلُمَتِ اللَّيْلِ وَالْبَحْرِ

تَدْعُوْهُ نَضَرًا وَخَفِيَةً

لَّيْنًا نَحْنُنَا مِنْ هٰذِهِ

لَتَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الشَّاكِرِيْنَ

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- Yet 'still' you associate 'gods with Him' .
 6:65 Say 'to them':
 It is He 'alone' who is well-able
 to send forth upon you torment from above you
 or from beneath your feet;
 or to confound you into dissenting factions
 and cause some of you
 to taste the 'violent' affliction of others.
 Behold how We vary the 'clear' signs,
 that they may gain understanding
 'and heed admonition' .
 6:66 Yet your people have denied this 'Quran,
 O Muhammad',
 while it is 'in every word' the truth.
 Say 'to them':
 I am not a guardian over you
 'to compel you to believe' .
 6:67 For every tidings 'revealed in this Quran',
 there is an appointed destiny 'for its fulfillment' .
 And 'soon' shall you know
 'your own fate with God' .
 6:68 Thus, whenever you see those
 who fall to 'vilifying' Our 'revealed' signs,
 then turn away from them
 until they take up some other discourse.
 And if Satan should 'ever' cause you
 to forget 'this command', then do not 'continue
 to 'sit with the wrongdoing people
 after remembering 'this' .
 6:69 And 'while' those who are God-fearing
 bear nothing of 'the disbelievers' sin
 or 'their reckoning,
 nevertheless, 'they should give them' a reminder,
 so that they may 'desist from their calumny
 and' become God-fearing.

قُلِ اللَّهُ يَنْصِبُكُمْ مِنْهَا
 وَمِنْ كُلِّ كَرْبٍ
 ثُمَّ أَنْتُمْ مُشْرِكُونَ
 قُلْ هُوَ الْقَادِرُ عَلَى أَنْ يَبْعَثَ
 عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابًا مِنْ فَوْقِكُمْ
 أَوْ مِنْ تَحْتِ أَرْجُلِكُمْ
 أَوْ يَلْبِسَكُمْ شِيْعًا
 وَيُذِيقَ بَعْضُكُم مَأْسَ بَعْضٍ
 أَنْظُرْ كَيْفَ نَصَرَفُ الْآيَاتِ
 لَعَلَّهُمْ يَفْقَهُوْنَ
 وَكَذَّبَ بِهِ قَوْمُكَ وَهُوَ الْحَقُّ
 قُلْ لَنْسُتَ عَلَيْكُمْ بِوَكِيلٍ
 لِكُلِّ نَبِيٍّ مُنْصَرِّفٌ
 وَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ
 وَإِذَا رَأَيْتَ
 الَّذِينَ يَخُوضُونَ فِي آيَاتِنَا
 فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ
 حَتَّى يَخُوضُوا فِي حَدِيثٍ غَيْرِهِ
 وَإِمَّا يُلْسِنَّكَ الشَّيْطَانُ
 فَلَا تَقْعُدْ بَعْدَ الذِّكْرِى
 مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ
 وَمَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ يَنْفَقُونَ
 مِنْ حَسَابِهِمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ

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- 6:70 Thus, leave alone those who take their religion as play and amusement and whom the life of this world has utterly deluded. Yet remind 'one and all' with this 'Quran', so that no soul shall be wrecked by what it has earned. For 'each soul' shall have neither patron nor intercessor apart from God 'on Judgment Day'. And even if it 'seeks to' ransom 'itself' with every 'conceivable' ransom, such shall not be accepted from it. These are the ones who shall be wrecked by what they have earned. For them, 'in the Hereafter,' there shall be a drink of scalding fluid, along with a most painful torment, in that they have disbelieved.
- 6:71 Say 'to them': Are we 'in our worship' to call upon other than God— 'upon' what neither benefits us nor harms us? And are we to be turned back on our heels 'from true faith' after God has guided us— like one whom the satans lure 'aimlessly' through the land, 'until' he is utterly bewildered, 'though' he has 'faithful' companions calling him to 'the path of' guidance, 'saying': Come to us! Say 'to them': Indeed, the 'revealed' guidance of God is the 'only' sure guidance. And we are commanded

وَلَعَنَ ذِكْرَى
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَنْقُوتُونَ
وَذَرِ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا
دِينَهُمْ لُعْبًا وَلَهْوًا
وَعَرَّتْهُمْ الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا
وَذَكَّرْتَهُمْ
أَنْ يُبْسَلْ نَفْسٌ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ
لَيْسَ لَهَا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
وَلِيٌّ وَلَا شَفِيعٌ
وَإِنْ تَعَدَّلْ كُلٌّ عَدْلٍ
لَا يُؤْخَذُ مِنْهَا أُولَئِكَ
الَّذِينَ أُتْسِلُوا بِمَا كَسَبُوا
لَهُمْ شَرَابٌ مِنْ حَمِيمٍ
وَعَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْفُرُونَ
قُلْ أَدْعُوا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
مَا لَا يَنْفَعُنَا وَلَا يَضُرُّنَا
وَنُورِدْ عَلَى أَعْقَابِنَا
بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدَانَا اللَّهُ كَالَّذِي
اسْتَهْوَتْهُ الشَّيَاطِينُ
فِي الْأَرْضِ حَيْرَانَ
لَهُ أَصْحَابٌ يَدْعُونَهُ
إِلَى الْهَدَى أَفَتَبْهَتُنَا

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الْجُزْءُ السَّابِعُ

to willingly submit 'only'
to the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.

6:72 And thus 'are we commanded, as well':

You shall 'duly' establish the Prayer.

And you shall fear 'God alone'.

For He is the One

before whom you shall 'all' be assembled.

6:73 And He 'alone' is the One

who created the heavens and the earth

with 'the very essence of' all truth.

Thus, on the Day 'of Resurrection'

He shall 'but' say: Be! And so shall it 'be'.

His word is the 'utter' truth.

And for Him 'alone'

shall be all the dominion on a Day 'Hereafter'

when the Trumpet 'of Resurrection' is blown.

'He is the Sole' Knower of 'all' the 'realms'

of the 'unseen and the seen.

For He is the All-Wise, the All-Aware.

6:74 *Now, behold!

Abraham said to his father, Âzar:

Do you take idols for gods?

Indeed, I see you and your people

falling into clear misguidance.

6:75 And so too did We show Abraham

'the celestial majesty

and divine authority in' the vast kingdom

of the heavens and the earth,

so that he would be of those

'who believe in God' with certainty.

6:76 So when the night spread over him,

he saw a star.

He said: This is my Lord!

Then when it disappeared,

قُلْ اِنِّى هَدٰى اِلٰهٌ

هُوَ اَلْهٰدِىُّ وَاَمَرَنَا

لِنُسَلِّمَ لِرَبِّ الْعٰلَمِيْنَ

وَاَنۡ اَقِيْمُوا الصَّلٰوةَ ﴿٧٢﴾

وَاتَّقُوْهُ وَهُوَ الَّذِى

اِلَيْهِ تُخْشَرُوْنَ

وَهُوَ الَّذِى خَلَقَ ﴿٧٣﴾

السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضَ

بِالْحَقِّ وَيَوْمَ يَقُوْلُ

كُنْ فَيَكُوْنُ

قَوْلُهُ الْحَقُّ وَلَهُ الْمَلٰٓئِكَةُ

يَوْمَ يُنْفَخُ فِى الصُّوْرِ

عَلَيْهِمُ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ

وَهُوَ الْحَكِيْمُ الْحَسِيْبُ

۞ وَاِذْ قَالَ اِبْرٰهِيْمُ ﴿٧٤﴾

لَاۤ اُبۡدِىۡ ءَاۤرِذَ

اَتَتَّخِذُ اَصْنَامًا ءَالِهَةً

اِنِّىۡ اَرٰكَ وِقَوْمَكَ

فِى ضَلٰلٍ مُّبِيۡنٍ

وَكَذٰلِكَ ﴿٧٥﴾

رَآۤى اِبْرٰهِيْمُ مَلٰٓئِكَتَ

السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ

وَلَيَكُوْنَنَّ مِنَ الْمُوَفِّيۡنَ

فَلَمَّا جَنَّ عَلَيْهِ اللَّيْلُ ﴿٧٦﴾

رَآۤى كَوْكَبًا

- he said: I do not love that which disappears.
- 6:77 So when he saw the moon rising, he said:
This is my Lord!
Then when it disappeared, he said:
If my Lord does not guide me,
I shall most surely
be of the people who are astray.
- 6:78 So when he saw the sun rising, he said:
This is my Lord!
This is greater than both of them!
Then when it disappeared, he said:
O my people!
I am innocent of worshipping
all that you associate as gods with God.
- 6:79 I have turned my face,
being ever upright of heart,
to the One who alone originated the heavens
and the earth—
and I am not of those
who associate gods with God!
- 6:80 And so his people argued with him
about his faith.
He said: Do you argue with me
concerning the Oneness of God,
while truly He Himself has guided me
to the truth?
Thus I shall never fear your threats of wrath
from all the gods
that you associate with Him—
except if my Lord were to will something;
for my Lord has encompassed
all things in knowledge.
Will you not then be mindful that God is One?
- 6:81 And how is it that I should fear
what you have associated as gods with Him,

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قَالَ هَذَا رَبِّي فَلَمَّا أَفَلَ
قَالَ لَا أُحِبُّ إِلَّا فَلِينَ
فَلَمَّا رَأَى الْقَمَرَ بَازِعًا
قَالَ هَذَا رَبِّي فَلَمَّا أَفَلَ
قَالَ لَئِنْ لَمْ يَهْدِنِي رَبِّي
لَآتَكُونَن
مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الضَّالِّينَ
فَلَمَّا رَأَى الشَّمْسَ بَازِعَةً
قَالَ هَذَا رَبِّي هَذَا أَكْبَرُ
فَلَمَّا أَفَلَتْ قَالَ يُنْقِمُونَ
إِنِّي بَرِيءٌ مِمَّا تُشْرِكُونَ
إِنِّي وَجَّهْتُ وَجْهِيَ
لِلَّذِي فَطَرَ السَّمَوَاتِ
وَالْأَرْضَ حَنِيفًا
وَمَا أَنَا مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ
وَحَاجَّهُ قَوْمُهُ
قَالَ أَتُمْتَحِنُونِي فِي اللَّهِ
وَقَدْ هَدَانِي
وَلَا أَخَافُ مَا تُشْرِكُونَ بِهِ
إِلَّا أَن يَشَاءَ رَبِّي شَيْئًا
وَسِعَ رَبِّي
كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا
أَفَلَا تَتَذَكَّرُونَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

while you do not fear
to associate 'in worship' with God
that for which He has not sent down to you
any authority?

Which of these two parties, then,
is more worthy of feeling secure—
if, indeed, you know 'the truth'?

6:82 Those who believe 'in the One God'—
and who do not mingle their faith
with wrongdoing—
it is these who shall have security
'from God's Judgment'.

For they are, indeed, guided.

6:83 Such, then, was Our clear argument.
We gave it to Abraham against his people.
We raise in rank whomever We so will.
Indeed, your Lord is all-wise, all-knowing.

6:84 And to him We granted Isaac
and, 'from Isaac, 'Jacob.

Each We guided.

And Noah We had guided 'long' before.
And 'descending from Noah', of his seed,
'We guided' David and Solomon,
and Job and Joseph, and Moses and Aaron.
And even so do We reward
'all' those who excel in 'doing' good.

6:85 And also 'We guided'
Zachariah and John and Jesus and Elias.
All are of the righteous.

6:86 And 'so too We guided'
Ishmael and Elisha and Jonah and Lot.
And each 'of these messengers'
We preferred above all the people
'of their times'.

6:87 And 'thus have We guided

وَكَيْفَ أَخَافُ ٨١
مَا أَشْرَكْتُمْ وَلَا تَخَافُونَ
أَنْتُمْ أَشْرَكْتُمْ بِاللَّهِ

مَا لَمْ يُزَلْ بِهِ
عَلَيْكُمْ سُلْطَانًا
فَأَيُّ الْفَرِيقَيْنِ أَحَقُّ بِالْأَمْنِ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ

الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ٨٢
وَلَمْ يَلْبِسُوا إِيمَانَهُمْ بِظُلْمٍ
أُولَئِكَ لَهُمُ الْأَمْنُ
وَهُمْ مُهْتَدُونَ

وَتِلْكَ حُجَّتُنَا ٨٣
ءَاتَيْنَاهَا إِبْرَاهِيمَ عَلَى قَوْمِهِ
نَرْفَعُ دَرَجَاتٍ مَن نَّشَاءُ
إِنَّ رَبَّكَ حَكِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ

وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ ٨٤
إِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ
كُلًّا هَدَيْنَا
وَنُوحًا هَدَيْنَا مِن قَبْلُ
وَمِن ذُرِّيَّتِهِ

دَاوُدَ وَسُلَيْمَانَ
وَأَيُّوبَ وَيُوسُفَ
وَمُوسَى وَهَارُونَ
وَكَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ

وَزَكَرِيَّا وَيَحْيَى
وَعِيسَى وَإِلْيَاسَ
كُلٌّ مِّنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ٨٥
وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ
وَيُوسُفَ وَلُوطًا وَكُلًّا
فَضَّلْنَا عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ

- many of their forefathers,
and their descendants, and their brethren.
For We chose them and guided them
to a straight way of salvation .
- 6:88 Such is the guidance of God.
He guides with it
whomever He so wills of His servants.
But had they associated others
as gods with Him ,
all the good they had ever done
would be rendered utterly futile for them
with God .
- 6:89 These are the ones
to whom We gave the Scripture,
and the knowledge of revealed wisdom,
and the inspiration of prophethood.
So if these unbelievers now disbelieve in it,
then, assuredly,
We have already entrusted it to a people
who do not disbelieve in it.
- 6:90 These prophets of old are the ones
whom God has guided.
So follow after their guidance,
walking in their way.
And say to those
who disbelieve in this message :
I do not ask of you any reward for it.
Indeed, this Quran is but a revealed Reminder
sent to all the people of the worlds.
- 6:91 Thus they who disbelieve
have not esteemed God with His rightful esteem
when they have said:
God has never sent down anything
of His Heavenly revelation
to a mere human being.

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الْجُزْءُ السَّابِعُ

وَمِنْ اٰبَائِهِمْ ۝۸۷
وَذُرِّيَّتِهِمْ وَاٰخُوْنِهِمْ
وَاٰجِنِبَتْنٰهُمْ وَهَدَيْنٰهُمْ
اِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيْمٍ
ذٰلِكَ هُدَى اللّٰهِ يَهْدِيْهِ ۝۸۸
مَنْ يَشَآءْ مِنْ عِبَادِيْ
وَلَوْ اَشْرَكَوا الْحِطَّ عَنْهُمْ
مَا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ
اُولٰٓئِكَ الَّذِيْنَ اٰتَيْنٰهُمْ
الْكِتٰبَ وَالْحُكْمَ وَالنُّبُوَّةَ
فَاِنْ يَكْفُرْ بِهَا هٰؤُلَاءِ
فَقَدْ وَكَلْنَا بِهَا قَوْمًا
لِّيَسُوْا بِهَا يَكْفُرُوْنَ
اُولٰٓئِكَ الَّذِيْنَ هَدٰى اللّٰهُ ۝۸۹
فَيَهْدِيْهُمْ اِقْتَدِهٖ
فَقُلْ لَا اَسْأَلُكُمْ
عَلَيْهِ اَجْرًا اِنْ هُوَ
اِلَّا ذِكْرٌ لِّلْعٰلَمِيْنَ
وَمَا قَدَرُوا اللّٰهَ حَقَّ قَدْرِهٖ ۝۹۰
اِذْ قَالُوْا
مَا اَنْزَلَ اللّٰهُ عَلٰى بَشَرٍ مِّنْ شَيْءٍ

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الْجِزَةُ السَّائِعَةُ

Say to them :
 Who then sent down the Scripture
 that Moses came with,
 as a light and guidance for people?
 You, O People of the Scripture,
 make of it parchments,
 disclosing them in part and concealing much.
 And you who were unlettered in revelation
 have been taught from this Quran
 that which you did not know
 before its revelation —
 neither you nor your forefathers.
 Say to them all : God revealed it !
 Then leave them
 steeped in their indulgence, playing!
 6:92 For this Quran is also a Heavenly Book
 We have sent down.
 It is blessed and it is a confirmation
 of all the revealed Scripture
 that has preceded it,
 and to forewarn therewith Makkah,
 the Mother of Cities,
 of God's nearing Judgment,
 as well as those in all the world
 dwelling around it.
 Thus those who truly believe
 in the Hereafter believe in it as His revelation.
 And so they are constant
 in keeping up their Prayers.
 6:93 For who does a greater wrong
 than one who forges lies against God?
 Or one who says:
 It has been revealed to me!
 While in truth
 nothing has been revealed to him.

قُلْ مَنْ أَنْزَلَ الْكِتَابَ

الَّذِي جَاءَ بِهِ مُوسَى

نُورًا وَهُدًى لِلنَّاسِ

تَجْعَلُونَهُ قُرَاطِيسَ تُبْدُونَهَا

وَتُخْفُونَ كَثِيرًا

وَعَلَّمْتُم مَّا لَمْ تَعْلَمُوا

أَنْتُمْ وَلَا آبَاؤُكُمْ قُلِ اللَّهُ

نَزَّلَهُمْ

فِي خَوَاصِّهِمْ يَلْعَبُونَ

وَهَذَا كِتَابٌ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ مُبَارَكٌ ﴿٩٢﴾

مُصَدِّقُ الَّذِي بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ

وَلِنُنذِرَ أُمَّ الْقُرَىٰ

وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا

وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ

يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ وَهُمْ

عَلَىٰ صَلَاتِهِمْ يُحَافِظُونَ

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ افْتَرَىٰ ﴿٩٣﴾

عَلَىٰ اللَّهِ كَذِبًا

أَوْ قَالَ أُوحِيَ إِلَيَّ

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الْجُزْءُ السَّابِعُ

Or one who says:

I too shall send down revelation
like that which God has sent down.

If only you could see
when the godless wrongdoers
are whelmed in the throes of death
and the angels stretch out their hands, saying:
Bring forth your souls!

This Day, you shall be recompensed
with the torment of disgrace,
in that you used to say of God
other than the truth.

Moreover, you grew arrogant
against the imperatives of His revealed signs.

6:94 And, truly, you have come to Us now,
singly and naked,
just as We created you the first time.
And you have left all that We afforded you
of wealth and power
behind your backs in the world.

Nor do We see with you your intercessors,
whom you alleged in life
to be associates with God
in the matter of saving you from His torment.
Truly the bond between you and them
has been utterly cut off.

Thus all the false gods that you have alleged
have gone far astray from you.

6:95 *Indeed, God alone is splitter of grain and pit.
He brings forth the living from the dead.
And He brings forth the dead from the living.
That is God!

How, then, are you turned away
from worshipping Him alone?

وَلَمْ يُوحِ إِلَيْهِ شَيْءٌ
وَمَنْ قَالَ سَأُنْزِلُ
مِثْلَ مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ وَلَوْ تَرَى
إِذِ الظَّالِمُونَ
فِي غَمَرَاتِ الْمَوْتِ
وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ بَاسِطُو أَيْدِيهِمْ
أَخْرِجُوا أَنْفُسَكُمُ
الْيَوْمَ تُجْزَوْنَ عَذَابَ الْهُونِ
بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ
غَيْرَ الْحَقِّ وَكُنْتُمْ
عَنْ آيَاتِهِ تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ
وَلَقَدْ جِئْتُمُونَا فُرْدًا
كَمَا خَلَقْنَاكُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ
وَرَكْنَكُمْ مَا خَوَّلْنَاكُمْ
وَرَاءَ ظُهُورِكُمْ
وَمَا نَرَى مَعَكُمْ شُفَعَاءَكُمُ
الَّذِينَ زَعَمْتُمْ
أَنَّهُمْ فِيكُمْ شُرَكَاءُ
لَقَدْ نَقَطَ بَيْنَكُمْ
وَصَلَ عَنْكُمْ
مَا كُنْتُمْ تَزْعُمُونَ

﴿٩٥﴾ إِنَّ اللَّهَ

فَالِقُ الْخَيْبِ وَالنَّوَى
يُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ
وَيُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ مِنَ الْحَيِّ

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الْحِزْبُ السَّابِعُ

- 6:96 Splitter of morning light from the darkness —
 He alone made the night for repose
 and the sun and the moon for reckoning.
 That is the decree
 of the Overpowering One, the All-Knowing.
- 6:97 And He alone is the One
 who made the stars for you,
 that you might be guided by them
 through the veils of darkness of land and sea.
 Truly, We have made the signs in creation
 utterly distinct indications
 for a people who would know God
 and His way.
- 6:98 And He alone is the One
 who has produced all of you from a single soul.
 Then there is habitation for you
 upon the earth,
 then a repository in it, in the grave.
 Truly, We have made the signs in your lives
 utterly distinct indications
 for a people who would reflect on them
 and understand their wisdom.
- 6:99 And He alone is the One
 who has sent down
 from the sky water,
 by which We have thus brought forth
 plants of every kind,
 and from which We bring forth anew
 green sprouts.
 From this do We bring forth
 lushly layered grain.
 And so too from the spathes of date palms
 issue clusters of dates,
 hanging near in easy reach;
 moreover, from it

ذَلِكُمْ اللَّهُ فَأَنَّى تُؤْفَكُونَ

فَالِقُ الْإِصْبَاحِ ﴿١٦﴾

وَجَعَلَ اللَّيْلَ سَكَنًا

وَالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ حُسْبَانًا

ذَٰلِكَ تَقْدِيرُ الْعَزِيزِ الْعَلِيمِ

وَهُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ

النُّجُومَ لِتَهْتَدُوا بِهَا

فِي ظُلُمَاتِ اللَّيْلِ وَالْبَحْرِ

قَدْ فَصَّلْنَا الْآيَاتِ

لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ

وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنشَأَكُم

مِنْ نَفْسٍ وَاحِدَةٍ

فَمُسْتَقَرٍّ وَمُسْتَوْدَعٍ

قَدْ فَصَّلْنَا الْآيَاتِ

لِقَوْمٍ يَفْقَهُونَ

وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنزَلَ ﴿١٧﴾

مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً

فَأَخْرَجْنَا بِهِ نَبَاتَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

فَأَخْرَجْنَا مِنْهُ خَضِرًا

نُخْرِجُ مِنْهُ

حَبًّا مُتَرَاكِبًا

وَمِنَ النَّخْلِ

مِنَ طَلْعِهَا قِنْوَانٌ دَانِيَةٌ

سُورَةُ الْاَنْعَامِ

الجزء السابع

- He brings forth gardens of grapevines
and groves of olives and pomegranates—
alike in their foliage
yet unlike in their fruitage.
Look at their fruits when they fruit
and again when they ripen upon them.
Indeed, in this there are sure signs
of God's might and mercy
for a people who believe.
- 6:100 Still, they who disbelieve
have appointed for God
associate-gods from among the jinn,
though He created them.
Moreover, they impute to Him sons
and daughters, as well,
without any true source of knowledge.
Highly exalted is He and Most High
far above all that they ascribe to Him!
- 6:101 He is the Sole Originator
of the heavens and the earth
with no precedent!
Then, shall there be a son for Him,
while there has never been
a consort for Him?
Rather, He created everything from nothing.
For He is all-knowing of all things.
- 6:102 O humanity!
That is God, your Lord!
There is no God but Him,
the Creator of everything.
So worship Him alone.
For He is guardian over all things,
directing the affairs of creation.
- 6:103 No eye attains Him.
Yet He attains all that every eye sees.

وَجَنَّتْ مِنْ اَعْنَابٍ
وَالزَّيْتُونَ وَالرَّيْمَانُ
مُشْتَبِهًا وَغَيْرَ مُنْتَبِهٍ
اَنْظُرُوا إِلَى ثَمَرِهِ
إِذَا أَتَمَرَ وَيَنْعِهِ
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ
لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

وَجَعَلُوا لِلَّهِ
شُرَكَاءَ الْجِنَّ وَخَلَقَهُمْ
وَفَرَّقُوا لَهُ بَيْنَ وَبَنَاتٍ
بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ
سُبْحَنَهُ وَتَعَالَى
عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ

بَدِيعُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
أَنَّى يَكُونُ لَهُ وَلَدٌ
وَلَمْ تَكُنْ لَهُ صَاحِبَةً
وَخَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ
وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ
ذَٰلِكُمْ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ
لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ
خَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ
فَاعْبُدُوهُ وَهُوَ عَلَى
كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَكِيلٌ

سُورَةُ الْاَنْعَامِ

الجزء السابع

For He is the Subtle, the All-Aware.

6:104 Truly, manifest proofs have come to you
from your Lord.

Thus whoever sees 'them',
then it is for 'the good of' his own soul.
But whoever blinds himself 'to them',
then it is 'an offense' against himself.
So 'say to them, O Muhammad':
I am not a keeper over you.

6:105 And so it is that We vary the 'natural
and the revealed' signs;
so that they 'who disbelieve' may say:
You have studied this 'from another'!
And that We may 'bring forth the truth
and' make it clear to a people who know
'that it is revelation from God'.

6:106 Follow what has been revealed to you
from your Lord, 'O Muhammad'.
There is no God but Him.
And turn away from the idolaters.

6:107 For had God so willed,
'He would not have given them
wills to choose with',
and they would not have associated gods
with God.

Therefore, We have not appointed you
a keeper 'to avail them
against divine punishment'.
Nor are you a guardian over them
'to compel them to believe'.

6:108 Yet do not revile any 'of the divinities'
which they call upon apart from God.
For out of aggression they may revile God
without knowledge 'of its enormity'.

١٠٣ لَا تُدْرِكُهُ الْأَبْصَارُ

وَهُوَ يُدْرِكُ الْأَبْصَارُ

وَهُوَ اللَّطِيفُ الْخَبِيرُ

١٠٤ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ بَصَائِرُ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ

فَمَنْ أَبْصَرَ فَلِنَفْسِهِ

وَمَنْ عَمِيَ فَعَلَيْهَا

وَمَا أَنَا عَلَيْكُمْ بِحَفِيظٍ

١٠٥ وَكَذَلِكَ نُصَرِّفُ الْآيَاتِ

وَلِيَقُولُوا أَدْرَسْتَ وَلَيْسَ بِهِ

لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ

١٠٦ اتَّبِعْ مَا أُوحِيَ

إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

وَأَعْرِضْ عَنِ الْمُشْرِكِينَ

١٠٧ وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا أَشْرَكُوا

وَمَا جَعَلْنَاكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَفِيظًا

وَمَا أَنْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِوَكِيلٍ

For to every community
We have made their deeds fair-seeming.
Then to their Lord is their return.
Then He shall tell them 'the due recompense'
of all that they have been doing 'in life'.

6:109 Now, they 'who disbelieve' have sworn by God
with the utmost of their vows that most surely
if a 'miraculous' sign were to come to them,
they would believe in it.
Say 'to them': All such signs are only with God.
Yet what will make you 'believers' realize
that even if these 'signs' were to come 'to them',
they still would not believe?

6:110 Thus We turn away their hearts and their eyes
'from recognizing the varied signs',
just as they 'denied the miracle of the Quran'
and 'did not believe in it'
'from the very first moment—
and thus' shall We leave them
in their transgression wandering blindly.

6:111 *And were We to send
the angels 'from heaven' down to them,
and were the dead 'of the earth'
to speak to them,
and were We to assemble before them
every 'miraculous' thing 'in creation'
that they request—face to face—
still, they would never believe—
except if God so willed.
Rather, most of them are ignorant.

6:112 And so it is
that We have appointed for every prophet
an 'inveterate' enemy—satans,
'from among both' people and jinn,

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الْحَزْنُ الْقَائِمُ

وَلَا تَسْبُوا الَّذِينَ

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يَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

فَيَسْبُوا اللَّهَ عَدُوًّا بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ

كَذَلِكَ زَيَّنَّا

لِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ عَمَلَهُمْ

ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ مَرْجِعُهُمْ

فَيُنَبِّئُهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

وَأَقْسَمُوا بِاللَّهِ جَهْدَ أَيْمَانِهِمْ

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لَئِنْ جَاءَتْهُمْ آيَةٌ لِّيُؤْمِنُوا بِهَا

قُلْ إِنَّمَا الْآيَاتُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

وَمَا يَشْعُرُكُمْ أَنَهَا

إِذَا جَاءَتْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

وَنُقَلِّبُ أَفْئِدَتَهُمْ

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وَأَبْصَارَهُمْ

كَمَا لَوْ يُؤْمِنُوا بِهِ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ

وَنَذَرُهُمْ

فِي طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ

وَلَوْ أَنَّا

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نَزَّلْنَا إِلَيْهِمُ الْمَلَائِكَةَ

وَكَلَّمَهُمُ الْمَوْتَىٰ وَحَشَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ

كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قُبُلًا

مَا كَانُوا لِيُؤْمِنُوا

إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ

وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ يَجْهَلُونَ

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inspiring one another with florid words,
causing mere delusion among themselves.

Yet had your Lord so willed,
they would not have done this.

So leave them alone,
along with all the lies that they forge.

- 6:113 They but embellish words,
so that the hearts of those who do not believe
in the Hereafter may be swayed by them
and be pleased with them
and go on reaping the evil
that they are diligently reaping.

- 6:114 Ask them, O Muhammad:
Shall I seek other than God as a judge
between us, while it is He
who has sent down to you the Quran
as a Book detailing all distinctions?
Yet those to whom
We have previously given the Scripture
well know that the Quran is sent down
from your Lord with the truth.
So do not ever be of those
who doubt the revealed word of God.

- 6:115 For the word of your Lord is ever fulfilled
with profound truth and justice—
and there is none who can replace His words!
And He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

- 6:116 For were you to obey the dictates
of most of those on earth,
they would lead you astray
from the way of God.
For they do not follow anything
but mere conjecture
and do nothing but bring forth lies.

- 6:117 Indeed, it is your Lord who knows best

وَكَذَلِكَ جَعَلْنَا
لِكُلِّ نَبِيٍّ عَدُوًّا
شَيْطَانِ الْإِنْسِ وَالْجِنِّ
يُوحِي بَعْضُهُمْ إِلَى بَعْضٍ
زُخْرَفَ الْقَوْلِ غُرُورًا
وَلَوْ شَاءَ رَبُّكَ مَا فَعَلُوهُ
فَذَرُهُمْ وَمَا يَفْتَرُونَ
وَلِنَصْنَعَنَّ إِلَيْهِ
أَفْعِدَّةَ الَّذِينَ
لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ
وَلِيَرْضَوْهُ وَلِيَقْتَرِفُوا
مَا هُمْ مُقْتَرِفُونَ
أَفَغَيْرَ اللَّهِ أَبْتَغِي حَكْمًا
وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْكُمُ
الْكِتَابَ مُفَصَّلًا
وَالَّذِينَ آتَيْنَاهُمُ الْكِتَابَ
يَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ
مُنَزَّلٌ مِنْ رَبِّكَ بِالْحَقِّ
فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْمُمْتَرِينَ
وَقَمَّتْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ
صِدْقًا وَعَدًا
لَا مُبَدِّلَ لِكَلِمَاتِهِ
وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ
وَلِنْ نَقْطَعُ
أَكْثَرَهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
يُضِلُّوكَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

- those who stray from His way.
And He knows best those who are guided.
- 6:118 So 'in the matter of food',
eat 'only' of that over which
the name of God has been mentioned,
if, indeed, you are believers
in His 'revealed' signs.
- 6:119 And why should you not eat of that over which
the name of God has been mentioned,
while He has, indeed, made distinct for you
all that He has forbidden to you—
exempting that 'food'
to which you are compelled 'to eat of'?
For, indeed, many lead 'others' astray
by their whims,
without any 'true source of knowledge'.
Indeed, your Lord knows best
about 'the acts of' the transgressors.
- 6:120 Moreover, forsake 'all' manifest sin,
'O humankind'—
and its hidden 'practice, as well'.
Indeed, those who earn sin shall be recompensed
for all that they have been reaping.
- 6:121 Thus you 'who believe'
shall not eat 'any flesh' of that over which
the name of God has not been mentioned
'in its slaughter'.
For it is, indeed, ungodly.
And the satans do, indeed, inspire their patrons
to dispute with you 'as to eating carrion'.
So if you obey them,
then you, indeed, are most surely idolaters.
- 6:122 So, is one who was dead
whom We then gave life

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إِنْ يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا الظَّنَّ
وَلَنْ هُمْ إِلَّا يَخْرُصُونَ
إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ
مَنْ يَضِلُّ عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ
وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِالْمُعْتَدِينَ
فَكُلُوا مِمَّا
ذَكَرَ اسْمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ بِعَايِنَتِهِ مُؤْمِنِينَ
وَمَا لَكُمْ أَلَّا تَأْكُلُوا
مِمَّا ذَكَرَ اسْمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ
وَقَدْ فَصَّلَ لَكُمْ
مَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ
إِلَّا مَا اضْطُرَرْتُمْ إِلَيْهِ
وَإِنْ كَثِيرٌ لَيَضِلُّونَ بِأَهْوَايِهِمْ
يَغْيِرُ عَلَيْهِمْ إِنْ رَبَّكَ
هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِالْمُعْتَدِينَ
وَذَرُوا
ظُلُومَ الْإِنْتِمِ وَبَاطِنَهُ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْسِبُونَ الْإِنْتِمِ
سَيَجْزَوْنَ بِمَا كَانُوا يَقْتَرِفُونَ
وَلَا تَأْكُلُوا
مِمَّا لَمْ يَذْكُرْ اسْمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ
وَإِنَّهُ لَفَسْقٌ
وَإِنَّ الشَّيَاطِينَ لَيُوحُونَ
إِلَى أَوْلِيَائِهِمْ لِيُجِدُوا لَكُمْ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء الثامن

and for whom We made light
by which he might walk among the people
like one who is as 'if shrouded'
in 'veils' of darkness
from which he cannot come out?
So it is that whatever the disbelievers do
has been made fair-seeming to them.

- 6:123 And so it is, 'as well,'
that We have placed in every town
its chief 'trespassers and' defiant unbelievers,
so that they may plot in it.
Yet they plot against none but themselves,
though 'of this' they are unaware.
- 6:124 Thus when a 'divine' sign came
to 'the people of Makkah', they said:
We shall never believe until we 'ourselves'
are given the like of 'the revelations'
that the messengers of God have been given!
'Yet it is' God 'who' knows best
where to place His message.
Abasement 'decreed' by God
shall afflict those who defiantly disbelieve,
and a severe torment 'shall befall them'
for what they used to plot 'against God'.
- 6:125 Thus whomever God desires to guide,
He opens his heart to Islam,
'a willing submission to God alone'.
And whomever He desires to leave astray,
He makes his breast
narrow and constrained 'by it',
as if he were mounting up to the heaven.
Thus does God lay chastisement
upon those who do not believe.
- 6:126 For this 'religion' is the way of your Lord:
It is ever straight.

وَلَإِنْ أَطَعْتُمُوهُمْ إِتَّكُمُ لِلشِّرْكَوْنَ
أَوْ مَن كَانَ مِثْلًا فَأَحْيَيْنَهُ
وَجَعَلْنَا لَهُ نُورًا
يَمْشِي بِهِ فِي النَّاسِ
كَمَن مَّثَلُهُ فِي الظُّلُمَاتِ
لَيْسَ بِخَارِجٍ مِنْهَا
كَذَلِكَ نُزِّلَ الْكِتَابَ
مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
وَكَذَلِكَ جَعَلْنَا فِي كُلِّ قَرْيَةٍ
أَكْثَرَ مُجْرِمِينَ
لِيَعْلَمُوا فِيهَا
وَمَا يَمْكُرُونَ
إِلَّا بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ
وَإِذَا جَاءَتْهُمْ آيَةٌ قَالُوا
لَنْ نُؤْمِنَ حَتَّى نُؤْتَى
مِثْلَ مَا أُوتِيَ رُسُلُ اللَّهِ
اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ
حَيْثُ يَجْعَلُ رِسَالَتَهُ
سَيُصِيبُ الَّذِينَ أَجْرَمُوا
صَغَارٌ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
وَعَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ
بِمَا كَانُوا يَمْكُرُونَ
فَمَنْ يُرِدِ اللَّهُ أَنْ يَهْدِيَهُ
يُفْسَحْ صَدْرَهُ لِلْإِسْلَامِ
وَمَنْ يُرِدْ أَنْ يُضِلَّهُ
يَجْعَلْ صَدْرَهُ ضَيِّقًا حَرَجًا
كَأَنَّمَا يَصْعَقُ فِي السَّمَاءِ

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- Truly, We have made the 'revealed' signs
utterly distinct
for a people who would remember
'God with reverence'.
- 6:127 *For them is the Abode of Peace,
'in Paradise' with their Lord.
And ever is He their Patron
because of all 'the good' that they used to do.
- 6:128 Thus on a Day 'Hereafter'
when He shall assemble them all together,
'He shall say': O fellowship of jinn:
Truly you have 'tempted'
a great number of humans.
Their allies from among the humans shall say:
Our Lord!
We have enjoyed 'benefits'
from one another 'in the world'.
But we have reached
'the end of our 'earthly' term
that You have appointed for us. He shall say:
The Fire 'of Hell' is your dwelling,
wherein you shall abide evermore—
except as God wills.
Indeed, your Lord is all-wise, all-knowing.
- 6:129 And even so
do We make the 'godless' wrongdoers
allies of one another 'in the world',
for all 'the sin'
that they have been 'duly' earning 'in it.
- 6:130 Moreover, on that Day God shall say:
O fellowship of jinn and humans!
Did there not come to you messengers
from among yourselves
relating to you My 'revealed' signs
and forewarning you of the 'inevitable' Meeting

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كَذَلِكَ يَجْعَلُ اللَّهُ
الرَّجْسَ عَلَى
الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٢٦﴾
وَهَذَا صِرَاطُ رَبِّكَ مُسْتَقِيمًا
فَدَفَّصْنَا لَكَ آيَاتٍ
لِقَوْمٍ يَذْكُرُونَ ﴿١٢٧﴾
لَهُمْ دَارُ السَّالَةِ
عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ وَهُوَ وَلِيُّهُمْ
بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٢٨﴾
وَيَوْمَ يُحْشَرُهُمْ جَمِيعًا
يَمْعَشَرُ الْجِنَّ
فَدَرَسْتَكُتْرَتُهُ مِنَ الْإِنْسِ
وَقَالَ أُولِيَائُهُمْ مِنَ الْإِنْسِ
رَبَّنَا أَسْتَمْتَعَ بَعْضُنَا بِبَعْضٍ
وَبَلَّغْنَا أَجَلَنَا
الَّذِي أَجَلْتَ لَنَا
قَالَ النَّارُ مُتُونُكُمْ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ
إِنَّ رَبَّكَ حَكِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ
وَكَذَلِكَ نُؤَيِّ
بَعْضَ الظَّالِمِينَ بَعْضًا
بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿١٢٩﴾
يَمْعَشَرُ الْجِنَّ وَالْإِنْسِ
أَلَمْ يَأْتِكُمْ رُسُلٌ مِّنكُمْ

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of this Day of yours?

They will say:

We do so bear witness against ourselves!

For the life of the world 'utterly' deluded
'the disbelievers among' them.

Thus they 'who denied the messengers'
shall bear witness against themselves
that they were, indeed, disbelievers
'in their lifetimes'.

6:131 That is so, for never has your Lord
destroyed any 'of the past' communities unjustly,
while their people were 'left' heedless,
'without divine forewarning'
against their ungodliness'.

6:132 Thus, for each 'and every individual'
there is a rank in accordance with all
that they have done 'in life'.
And never is your Lord at all heedless
of what they do.

6:133 Moreover, your Lord, 'O Prophet,'
is the Self-Sufficient 'One',
the Possessor of Mercy.
If ever He so wills,
He shall do away with 'all of' you,
'O people of the earth',
and appoint as successors after you
whomever He so wills,
just as He brought you forth
from the posterity of another people.

6:134 Indeed, all that you are promised
shall assuredly come to pass.
And never shall you be able to elude
'the mighty Hand of God'.

يَقْضُونَ عَلَيْكُمْ ءَايَاتِي

وَيُنذِرُونَكُمْ

لِقَاءِ يَوْمِكُمْ هَذَا قَالُوا

شَهِدْنَا عَلَى أَنْفُسِنَا

وَعَرَّيْنَاهُمُ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا

وَشَهِدُوا عَلَى أَنْفُسِهِمْ

أَنَّهُمْ كَانُوا كَافِرِينَ

ذَلِكَ أَن لَّمْ يَكُنْ رَبُّكَ

مُهْلِكَ الْقُرَى بِظُلْمٍ

وَأَهْلُهَا غَافِلُونَ

وَلِكُلِّ دَرَجَةٌ

مِمَّا عَمِلُوا وَمَا رَبُّكَ

بِغَافِلٍ عَمَّا يَعْمَلُونَ

وَرَبُّكَ الْغَنِيُّ ذُو الرَّحْمَةِ

إِنْ يَشَاءْ يُدْهِبْكُمْ

وَيَسْتَخْلِفْ

مِنْ بَعْدِكُمْ مَا يَشَاءُ

كَمَا أَنْشَأَكُمْ

مِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِهِ قَوْمٍ ءَاخِرِينَ

إِنَّ مَا تَعْدُونَ لَأَنْتَ

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سُورَةُ الْاَنْعَامِ

الجزء الثامن

6:135 O Prophet! Say to them:
O my people!
Work in accordance with your 'ungodly' stand.
Indeed, I am working 'for God's way'.
Yet soon shall you know
for whom will be
the ultimate abode 'of Paradise'.
Indeed, the 'godless' wrongdoers
shall not succeed.

6:136 Now, 'the idolaters' have appointed for God,
'as an offering to the poor',
a portion of the tillage and cattle
He 'Himself' has 'created and' multiplied.
Then they have 'arbitrarily' said:
This 'portion' is for 'the sake of' God—
according to their 'false' claims—
and this 'other portion'
is 'only' for our associate-gods
'and thus is forbidden to the poor'.
So whatever is 'apportioned'
for their associate-gods
'only depletes their own provision
and' shall never reach God 'for reward'.
And whatever is 'apportioned by them
for the poor' for 'the sake of' God—
rather 'they appropriate it
for their associate-gods.
Thus' it reaches 'the idol-altars
of their associate-gods,
'whereupon they forbid it to the poor'.
So very grievous is the judgment they make!
6:137 And so it is that their associate-gods
'impoverish them,
and thus' make fair-seeming

وَمَا أَنشُرْ بِمُعْجِزَاتِنَا
قُلْ يَقَوْمِ اعْمَلُوا ١٣٥
عَلَىٰ مَكَانَتِكُمْ
إِنِّي عَامِلٌ
فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ
تَكُونُ لَهُ عَقِيبَةُ الدَّارِ
إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ الظَّالِمُونَ
وَجَعَلُوا لِلَّهِ ١٣٦
مِمَّا ذَرَأَ مِنَ الْحَرْثِ
وَالْأَنْعَامِ نَصِيبًا
فَقَالُوا
هَذَا لِلَّهِ بِرَعْمِهِمْ
وهَذَا لِشُرَكَائِنَا فَمَا
كَانَ لِشُرَكَائِهِمْ
فَلَا يَصِلُ إِلَى اللَّهِ
وَمَا كَانَ لِلَّهِ
فَهُوَ يَصِلُ
إِلَىٰ شُرَكَائِهِمْ
سَاءَ مَا يَحْكُمُونَ

سُورَةُ الْأَنْعَامِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّامِنُ

for many of the idolaters
the killing of their children
for fear of poverty,
that they may in effect
doom themselves with God
for killing innocent souls
and confound for them
their religion with deceit.
Yet had God so willed,
they would not have done this.
So leave them alone,
along with all that they forge.

- 6:138 Moreover, they have arbitrarily said:
Such and such cattle and tillage
are religiously designated offerings
that are restricted.
None shall eat from them
except whomever we so will—
according to their false claims.
And they further restrict cattle
whose backs are forbidden to be ridden
and other cattle over which
they do not mention the name of God—
all of which is mere forgery against God.
He shall recompense them
for what they have been forging.
- 6:139 Furthermore, they have arbitrarily said:
Whatever is in the bellies
of these designated cattle
is purely for the consumption
of the males among us
and forbidden by religion
to be food for our wives.
But if it is born dead,

وَكَذَٰلِكَ ۝١٣٧
زَيَّنَ لِكَثِيرٍ
مِّنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ
قَتْلَ أَوْلَادِهِمْ
شُرَكَاءُ وَهُمْ لَا يُرِدُّوهُمْ
وَلَيْسُوا عَلَيْهِمْ دِينَهُمْ
وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا فَعَلُوهُ
فَذَرَّهُمْ وَمَا يُفْتَرُونَ
وَقَالُوا هَذِهِ آتَنَةٌ ۝١٣٨
وَحَرَّتْ حِجْرٌ
لَّا يَطْعَمُهَا
إِلَّا مَن نَّشَاءُ بَرْعِمِهِمْ
وَأَنفَرُ حُرِّمَتْ ظُهُورُهَا
وَأَنفَرُ لَا يَذْكُرُونَ
أَسْمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهَا افْتِرَاءً عَلَيْهِ
سَكَبَ بِهِمُ
يَمَّا كَانُوا يُفْتَرُونَ
وَقَالُوا مَا فِي
بُطُونِ هَذِهِ الْأَنعَامِ
خَالِصَةٌ لِّذُنُورِنَا

then they all may have shares in it.
He shall recompense them for their 'false' claim.
Indeed, He is all-wise, all-knowing.

- 6:140 Truly, those who have killed their children
in 'unlawful' folly—without the permission
of revealed knowledge—
have 'utterly' lost 'their souls'.

Moreover, they have made forbidden
'the very food'
that God has 'lawfully' provided for them
in a 'manifest' forgery against God!
Truly, they have gone 'far' astray
and have not been guided.

- 6:141 *For He is the One
who has brought forth 'for you' gardens,
trellised and untrellised,
and date palms,
and planted fields of varied produce,
and olives and pomegranates—
alike 'in their foliage'
yet unlike 'in their fruitage'.

Eat of their fruits when they bear fruit.
And give out 'to the poor'
what is rightfully due from this
on the day of its harvest.
But do not be excessive.

For, indeed, He does not love those
who are excessive.

- 6:142 And of the cattle 'He has made for you',
there are the load carrying
and the tender of age 'for slaughter'.
Eat of 'them'
what God has provided you 'as lawful'.
And do not follow the footsteps of Satan
'in forbidding their use or consumption'.

سُورَةُ الْاَنْعَامِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّامِنُ

وَمُحَمَّدٌ عَلَىٰ أَرْوَاحِنَا

وَإِنْ يَكُنْ مَيِّتَةً

فَهُمْ فِيهِ شُرَكَاءُ

سَيَجْزِيهِمْ وَصْفُهُمْ

إِنَّهُ حَكِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ

قَدْ خَسِرَ الَّذِينَ

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قَتَلُوا أَوْلَادَهُمْ سَفَهًا

بَغْيٍ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكَرَّمُوا

مَا رَزَقَهُمُ اللَّهُ

أَفَرَأَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهِ قَدْ ضَلُّوا

وَمَا كَانُوا مُهْتَدِينَ

❖ وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنشَأَ

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جَنَّاتٍ مَّعْرُوشَاتٍ

وَعُيُنٍ مَّعْرُوشَاتٍ

وَالنَّخْلَ وَالزَّرْعَ

مُخْتَلِفًا أَلْوَانُهُ

وَالزُّيُوتَ وَالرُّمَانَ

مُتَشَابِهًا وَغَيْرَ مُتَشَابِهٍ

كُلُوا مِنْ ثَمَرِهِ

إِذَا أَثْمَرَ وَءَاتُوا حَقَّهُ

يَوْمَ حَصَادِهِ وَلَا تُسْرِفُوا

إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْرِفِينَ

وَمِنَ الْأَنْعَامِ

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حَمُولَةٍ وَفَرَشَاءٍ

سُورَةُ الْاَنْعَامِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّانِي

For, indeed, he is a clear enemy to you.

6:143 Let the idolaters consider
the randomness of their prohibitions:
Suppose there are eight males and females
in four pairs of cattle:
Of sheep there are two pairs,
and of goats there are two.
Say to them, O Prophet:
Has He made forbidden for food or use
the two males among them or the two females?
Or is it rather what is contained
in the wombs of the two females
that He has forbade?
Tell me with sure knowledge
what God has forbade, if you are truthful.

6:144 Also, of camels there are two,
one male and one female
and of cows there are two,
one male and one female.
Say to them:
Has He made forbidden the two males
or the two females?
Or is it what is contained
in the wombs of the two females
that He has forbade?
Or is it the case that you idolaters
were present as witnesses
when God was to have enjoined
such prohibitions upon you?
Rather, who does a greater wrong
than one who forges lies against God
to lead people astray,
without any sound knowledge!
Indeed, God does not guide
the wrongdoing people

كُلُوا مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ

وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا

خُطُوبَ الشَّيْطَانِ

إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ

ثُمَّ نَبِّئِ أَزْوَاجَهُ ﴿١٤٣﴾

مِنْ الصَّكَّانِ اثْنَيْنِ

وَمِنْ الْمَعْزِ اثْنَيْنِ

قُلْ أَلَّذَكَرْتَيْنِ حَرَّمَ

أَمِ الْأُنثَيَيْنِ

أَمَّا أَشْتَمَلْتُ عَلَيْهِ

أَرْحَامُ الْأُنثَيَيْنِ

نَبِّئُونِي بِعِلْمِي

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

وَمِنْ الْإِبِلِ اثْنَيْنِ ﴿١٤٤﴾

وَمِنْ الْبَقَرِ اثْنَيْنِ

قُلْ أَلَّذَكَرْتَيْنِ حَرَّمَ

أَمِ الْأُنثَيَيْنِ

أَمَّا أَشْتَمَلْتُ عَلَيْهِ

أَرْحَامُ الْأُنثَيَيْنِ

أَمْ كُنْتُمْ شُهَدَاءَ

إِذْ وَصَّيَكُمُ اللَّهُ بِهِذَا

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ

افْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا

- who are godless in heart .
- 6:145 Say to them, O Muhammad :
I do not find in what has been revealed to me
anything prohibited of the food one eats—
except if it be carrion or outpoured blood
or the flesh of swine—
for, indeed, this is defilement—
or an ungodly offering
invoked thereby to other than God.
But whoever is compelled
by circumstance to eat any of this—
without being rebellious
and without being a willful transgressor—
then, indeed, your Lord
is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 6:146 And as to those of Jewry,
We forbade every animal with undivided hoof.
And from cows and sheep,
We forbade them their fat,
excepting what their backs carry,
or the animals' entrails,
or what is joined with bone.
That is how We recompensed them
for their offenses.
And, indeed, We are ever truthful.
- 6:147 So if they belie you, O Prophet, then say:
Your Lord alone
is the Possessor of All-Encompassing Mercy.
Yet His severe chastisement
shall not be turned back
from any defiant, unbelieving people.
- 6:148 Those who associate gods with God shall say:
If God had so willed, we would not have
associated gods with Him .
Nor would our forefathers have done so .

سُورَةُ الْاَنْعَامِ

الْحَزْنَةُ الثَّامِنُ

لَيُضِلَّ النَّاسَ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي
الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ
قُلْ لَا أَجِدُ مَا أُوحِيَ إِلَيَّ
مُحَرَّمًا عَلَى طَاعِمٍ يَطْعَمُهُ
إِلَّا أَنْ يَكُونَ مَيْتَةً
أَوْ دَمًا مَسْفُوحًا
أَوْ لَحْمَ خَنزِيرٍ
فَإِنَّهُ رِجْسٌ أَوْ فِسْقًا
أَهْلٌ لِّغَيْرِ اللَّهِ بِهِ فَمَنْ
أَضْطُرَّ غَيْرَ بَاغٍ وَلَا عَادٍ
فَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ هَادُوا
حَرْمًا كُلِّ ذِي ظُفْرٍ
وَمِنَ الْبَقَرِ وَالْغَنَمِ
حَرَّمْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ شُحُومَهُمَا
إِلَّا مَا حَمَلَتْ ظُهُورُهُمَا
أَوِ الْحَوَايَا
أَوْ مَا اخْتَلَطَ بِعَظْمٍ
ذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ نَفْسٍ بِنَفْسٍ
وَلَنَا الصَّلَافُونَ
فَإِنْ كَذَّبُوكَ فَقُلْ
رَبُّكُمْ ذُو رَحْمَةٍ وَاسِعَةٍ
وَلَا يُرَدُّ بَأْسُهُ
عَنِ الْقَوْمِ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

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الجزء الثامن

Nor would we have made forbidden
anything 'without His approval'.
In this 'very' manner did those before them
deny 'Our message'—
until they tasted Our 'deadly' affliction.
Say 'to them':

Do you have any 'sure' knowledge
'to prove your claims'
so that you may bring it forth for us?
Rather, you follow nothing
but mere conjecture,
and you do nothing but bring forth lies.

6:149 Say 'to them':

Yet to God belongs the all-conclusive proof—
and had He so willed,
He would have guided all of you.

6:150 Say 'to them':

Bring forward your witnesses
who will bear witness that God has, indeed,
made forbidden such 'animals'.
Yet if they so bear witness,
then you shall not so bear witness with them.
Nor shall you follow the whims
of those who belie Our 'revealed' signs—
those who do not believe in the Hereafter—
and who, moreover, assign equals to their Lord.

6:151 *Say 'to them': Come!

I will recite what your Lord
has 'in fact' forbidden to you:
That you shall not
associate anything 'as a god' with Him.
And to your parents you shall be good.
And you shall not
kill your children because of indigence;
We provide for you and for them.

سَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا
لَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا أَشْرَكْنَا
وَلَا آبَاؤُنَا
وَلَا حَرَمْنَا مِنْ شَيْءٍ
كَذَلِكَ كَذَبَ
الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
حَتَّى دَأَوْنَا بَاسَنَا
قُلْ هَلْ عِنْدَكُمْ مِنْ عِلْمٍ
فَتُخْرِجُوهُنَا
إِنْ نَسْتَعِينُ إِلَّا الظَّنَّ
وَإِنْ أَنْتُمْ إِلَّا تَخْرُصُونَ
قُلْ فَلِلَّهِ الْحُجَّةُ الْبَالِغَةُ
فَلَوْ شَاءَ لَهَدَيْنَاكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ
قُلْ هَلُمْ شُهَدَاءُكُمْ
الَّذِينَ يَشْهَدُونَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ
حَرَّمَ هَذَا فَإِنْ شَهِدُوا
فَلَا تَشْهَدُ مَعَهُمْ
وَلَا تُنْفِعُ أَهْوَاءَ الَّذِينَ
كَذَّبُوا بِعَآيِنِنَا وَالَّذِينَ
لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ
وَهُمْ يَزِيدُهُمْ عِدْلَوٰتٍ
قُلْ تَعَالَوْا أَتْلُ مَا حَرَّمَ
رَبُّكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ
أَلَا تُشْرِكُوا بِهِ شَيْئًا
وَبِالْوَالِدَيْنِ إِحْسَانًا

سُورَةُ الْاَنْعَامِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّامِنُ

And you shall not come near lewdness,
what is manifest of it and what is hidden.
And you shall not ever kill any 'human' soul
that God has prohibited,
except by what is 'lawful and' right.
'All' this has He enjoined upon you,
so that you may understand 'the
commandments of God and observe them'.

6:152 And you shall not ever
approach the wealth of the orphan
'in your care'—except in the fairest manner,
until he reaches full maturity
'and you return it to him'.

And 'in trade', fill the measure
and 'weigh' the balance with 'all' justice;
We do not task any soul beyond its capacity.
And when you speak out, be fair,
even if one 'party' is a close relative.
And fulfill the covenant of God.
'All' this has He enjoined upon you,
so that you may become mindful
'of the commandments of God'.

6:153 For, indeed, this is My way, a straight one.
So follow it.

Thus, you shall not follow 'other crooked' ways,
for they will separate you from His way.
'All' this has He enjoined upon you,
so that you may be God-fearing.

6:154 Furthermore,
'it is' 'We' 'who' gave Moses the Book
'of the Torah' as a complete 'blessing'
upon one who does good,
and 'as' an explanation
for everything 'fundamental to the Law',

وَلَا تَقْنُلُوا اَوْلَادَكُمْ
مِنْ اِمْلَاقٍ
تَحْنُ تَرْزُقُكُمْ وَاِيَاهُمْ
وَلَا تَقْرَبُوا الْفَوَاحِشَ
مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا
وَمَا بَطْنٌ وَلَا تَقْنُلُوا
النَّفْسَ الَّتِي حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ
اِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ
ذَلِكَ وَمَصْنُوعُكُمْ بِهِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ

وَلَا تَقْرَبُوا مَالَ الْيَتَامَى
اِلَّا بِالَّتِي هِيَ اَحْسَنُ
حَتَّىٰ يَبْلُغَ اَشَدَّهُ
وَاَوْفُوا الْكَيْلَ
وَالْمِيزَانَ بِالْقِسْطِ
لَا تُكَلِّفُ نَفْسًا
اِلَّا وُسْعَهَا

وَإِذَا قُلْتُمْ فَاعْدِلُوا
وَلَوْ كَانَ ذَا قُرْبَىٰ
وَبِعَهْدِ اللَّهِ اَوْفُوا

ذَلِكَ وَمَصْنُوعُكُمْ بِهِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكَّرُونَ
وَأَنَّ هَذَا صِرَاطِي
مُسْتَقِيمًا فَاتَّبِعُوهُ
وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا السُّبُلَ

فَتَفَرَّقَ بِكُمْ عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ
ذَلِكَ وَمَصْنُوعُكُمْ بِهِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ
ثُمَّ ءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ

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الْجُزْءُ الثَّانِي

and as a guidance and a mercy,
so that they who would have faith
may believe in and work for
the destined Meeting of their Lord.

6:155 And this Quran is also a Heavenly Book
We have sent down.

It is blessed. So follow it.

And be ever God-fearing,
so that you may be shown mercy—

6:156 or else you would say in the Hereafter :
Indeed, the Book was only sent down
upon two groups of people long before us.
And, assuredly, we were heedless
of their scriptural study.

6:157 Or you would say:
If only the Book had been sent down to us,
assuredly, we would have been
more guided than them.
So truly, there has now come to you
a clear proof from your Lord,
and guidance, and mercy.
Who, then, does a greater wrong
than one who denies God's signs
and turns away from them?
We shall recompense those
who turn away from Our signs
with the worst torment,
for, indeed, they used to turn away unfailingly.

6:158 Then do those who disbelieve
await anything other than for the angels
to come to them with death ;
or for your Lord Himself to come to them ;
or for some of the great signs
of your Lord, heralding the end of time,
to come?

تَمَامًا عَلَى الَّذِي أَحْسَنَ
وَتَفْصِيلًا لِّكُلِّ شَيْءٍ
وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً لِّعَالَمِهِم

يُلَقَّاهُ رَبُّهُمْ يَوْمَئِذٍ

وَهَذَا كِتَابٌ

١٥٥

أَنْزَلْنَاهُ مُبَارَكٌ فَاتَّبِعُوهُ

وَاتَّقُوا لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ

أَنْ تَقُولُوا

١٥٦

إِنَّمَا أَنْزَلَ الْكِتَابَ

عَلَى طَائِفَتَيْنِ مِنْ قَبْلِنَا

وَإِنْ كُنَّا

عَنْ دِرَاسَتِهِمْ لَغَفِيلِينَ

أَوْ تَقُولُوا لَوْ أَنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ عَلَيْنَا

الْكِتَابَ لَكُنَّا أَهْدَى مِنْهُمْ

فَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ

بَيِّنَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ

وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ كَذَبَ

بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ وَصَدَفَ عَنْهَا

سَتَجَرِي الَّذِينَ يَصْدِفُونَ

عَنْ آيَاتِنَا سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ

يَمَا كَانُوا يَصْدِفُونَ

هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا

١٥٨

أَنْ تَأْتِيَهُمُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ

سُورَةُ الْاَنْعَامِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّامِنُ

On a Day when some of the awesome signs
of your Lord shall come at the end of time,
sudden belief will not benefit a soul
that has not believed before,
nor a soul that has not earned any good
from its belief.

Say to them: Wait!

Indeed, we too are waiting.

- 6:159 As to those who divide up their religion
and become factions, you, 'O Prophet,'
are not associated with them in anything.
Indeed their affair is left only to God.

Then He shall tell them the due recompense
of all that they used to do in life.

- 6:160 Whoever comes on Judgment Day
with a good deed,
then he shall have ten times the like of it
in reward.

And whoever comes with a misdeed,
then he will not be recompensed
but with the like of it—
and never shall they be wronged in the least.

- 6:161 Say to them:

As for me, my Lord has guided me
to the straight way.

It is the upright religion,
the sacred way of Abraham,
the purely upright in heart—
and never was he of those
who associated gods with God.

- 6:162 Say to them:

Indeed, my Prayer and my rites of worship
and my life and my death
are for God alone,
Lord of All the Worlds.

أَوْ يَأْتِي رَبِّكَ

أَوْ يَأْتِي بَعْضُ آيَاتِ رَبِّكَ

يَوْمَ يَأْتِي بَعْضُ آيَاتِ رَبِّكَ

لَا يَنْفَعُ نَفْسًا إِيْمَانُهَا

لَوْ تَكُنْ ءَامَنَتْ مِنْ قَبْلُ

أَوْ كَسَبَتْ فِي إِيمَانِهَا خَيْرًا

قُلِ أَنْتَظِرُوا إِنَّا مُنْتَظِرُونَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ فَرَّقُوا دِيْنَهُمْ

وَكَانُوا شِيعًا

لَسَتْ مِنْهُمْ فِي شَيْءٍ

إِنَّمَا أَمْرُهُمْ إِلَى اللَّهِ

ثُمَّ يَنْتِجُهُمْ بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

مَنْ جَاءَ بِالْحَسَنَةِ

فَلَهُ عَشْرُ أَثْمَالِهَا

وَمَنْ جَاءَ بِالسَّيِّئَةِ

فَلَا يُجْزَى إِلَّا مِثْلُهَا

وَهُمْ لَا يَظْلَمُونَ

قُلْ إِنِّي هَدَانِي رَبِّي

إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

دِينًا قِيَمًا مِلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا

وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ

سُورَةُ الْاَنْعَامِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّامِنُ

- 6:163 No partner is there for Him.
And to this I have been commanded.
Moreover, I am the foremost
of those who are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone'.
- 6:164 Say to them:
Shall I seek a lord other than God,
while He is the Lord of everything?
Nor does a soul earn anything 'sinful',
but 'that it is counted' against itself.
Moreover, no sin-laden soul
shall carry the 'sinful' load of another.
Then to your Lord
is your return 'on Judgment Day'.
He shall then tell you 'the truth'
about that which you have been disputing.
- 6:165 For He 'alone' is the One
who has made you successors in the land,
'O humankind',
and He has raised some of you above others
by degrees, to test you
in all that He has given you.
Indeed, your Lord is swift in punishment.
Yet, indeed,
He is most surely forgiving, mercy-giving.

قُلْ اِنْ صَلَاتِي وَنُسُكِي

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وَمَحْيَايَ وَمَمَاتِي

لِلّٰهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

لَا شَرِيكَ لَهٗۤ وَيَذٰلِكَ اُمِرْتُ

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وَاَنَا۠ اَوَّلُ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

قُلْ اَعْبُدُوا اللّٰهَ اِنِّىۤ اَبِىۡ رَبًّا

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وَهُوَ رَبُّ كُلِّ شَيْءٍۭ

وَلَا تَكْسِبُ

كُلُّ نَفْسٍۭ اِلَّا عَلٰیهَا

وَلَا تُزْرُ وَلَا زُرُّۭ وَذَرَّ اٰخَرٰى

ثُمَّ اِلٰى رَبِّكُمْ مَّرْجِعُكُمْ

فَيُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ

فِيهِ تَخْتَلِفُوْنَ

وَهُوَ الَّذِىۤ جَعَلَكُمْ

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خَلَافٍۭ فِى الْاَرْضِ

وَرَفَعَ بَعْضَكُمْ

فَوْقَ بَعْضٍۭ دَرَجٰتٍۭ

لِيَبْلُوَكُمْ فِىۤ مَآءِۤ اٰتٰنِكُمْۭ

اِنَّ رَبَّكَ سَرِيعُ الْعَقَابِ

وَاِنَّهٗ لَغَفُوْرٌ رَّحِيْمٌ

سُورَةُ الْأَنْعَامِ The surah that depicts the final separation of the believers and unbelievers on the Day of Judgment by an unscalable edifice called THE HEIGHTS that veils them from one another; but upon it stand men and women who can see both the people destined for Paradise and those fated for Hell, while their own harrowing verdict remains as yet undeclared by God.

Surah 7 / 206 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-A'râf

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

7:1 *Alif Lām Mîm Şâd*

7:2 'This is' a 'Heavenly' Book
that God has 'sent down to you,
'O Muhammad'.
So let there be no 'cause
for 'anguish in your breast from it.
With it, you are to forewarn 'the disbelievers
of divine judgment'.
Moreover, it is a 'revealed' Reminder
'of God's commandments sent' to the believers.

7:3 'O humankind!'
Follow what has been sent down to you
from your Lord.
And, apart from Him,
you shall not follow any patrons.
'How very' little you remember
'God's favor upon you!'
7:4 Yet how many a 'sinful' community
have We devastated,
such that Our 'deadly' affliction
came upon them by night,

الْمَصِّ ١

كُنُتْ أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْكَ ٢

فَلَا يَكُنْ فِي صَدْرِكَ

حَرَجٌ مِنْهُ لِئَنْذِرَ بِهِ

وَذِكْرَى لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

اتَّبِعُوا مَا أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْكُم ٣

مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُوا

مِنْ دُونِهِ أَوْ لِيَاءُ

فَلْيَلَا مَا تَذَكَّرُونَ

وَكَمْ مِنْ قَرِيْبَةٍ أَهْلَكْنَاهَا ٤

فَجَاءَهَا بِأُسْتَايْنًا

أَوْ هُمْ قَالُوا لَيْتَ

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفِ

الجزء الثامن

- or while they were napping.
- 7:5 Then their only plea,
when Our 'deadly' affliction came upon them,
was but to cry out:
Indeed, we have been 'godless' wrongdoers!
- 7:6 Thus, We shall certainly question
'on Judgment Day'
those 'communities' to whom
'Our messages' were sent.
And We shall certainly question the messengers
'about what they conveyed to them'.
- 7:7 Then, most surely,
We shall relate 'their every response' to them
with 'precise' knowledge,
for never were We absent—
- 7:8 and the weighing 'of deeds on' that Day
will be true.
Thus those whose balances
are heavy 'with good works'—
then it is these who are the 'truly' successful.
- 7:9 But those whose balances are light—
'whose sins thus prevail'—then it is these
who shall have 'utterly' lost their souls,
for they were ever transgressing
Our 'revealed' signs.
- 7:10 For very truly,
We have well-established you
in the earth, 'O humanity'.
Moreover, 'it is' We 'alone'
who 'have made for you therein'
'prolific' livelihood.
'How very' little are the thanks that you give!
- 7:11 And very truly, We created you.
Then We fashioned you.

فَمَا كَانَ دَعْوَاهُمْ ⑤
إِذْ جَاءَهُمْ بِأَسْئَارٍ إِلَّا أَنْ
قَالُوا إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَالِمِينَ
فَلَنَسْأَلَنَّ الَّذِينَ ⑥
أُرْسِلَ إِلَيْهِمْ
وَلَنَسْأَلَنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ
فَلَنَقْضَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ بِعَلٍّ ⑦
وَمَا كُنَّا غَائِبِينَ
وَالْوَزْنُ يَوْمَئِذٍ الْحَقُّ ⑧
فَمَنْ ثَقُلَتْ مَوَازِينُهُ
فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ ⑨
وَمَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَازِينُهُ
فَأُولَئِكَ ⑩
الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ
بِمَا كَانُوا بِآيَاتِنَا يَظْلِمُونَ
وَلَقَدْ مَكَّنَّاكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ ⑪
وَجَعَلْنَا لَكُمْ فِيهَا مَعِيشٌ
قَلِيلًا مَا تَشْكُرُونَ
وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَاكُمْ ⑫
ثُمَّ صَوَّرْنَاكُمْ

- Then We said to the angels:
Bow down before Adam.
So they all bowed down, except Iblîs.
He was not among those who bowed down.
- 7:12 'God' said to him:
What has prevented you
from bowing your face down to the ground
when I commanded you?
He said: I am better than him!
You created me out of fire,
and You created him out of mud.
- 7:13 'God' said: Descend from this blessed place!
It is not for you to be arrogant herein.
Be gone!
You are assuredly of the eternally disgraced.
- 7:14 'Iblîs' said:
Grant me respite,
until the Day they who are his offspring
are all resurrected.
- 7:15 'God' said:
You are, indeed, of those granted respite.
- 7:16 'Iblîs' said:
Then because You have denounced me
as astray,
I shall, most surely, lie ever in ambush
for them with temptation
upon Your straight way of salvation.
- 7:17 Then I shall set upon them from before them
and from behind them;
from their right and from their left.
And You shall not find most of them thankful.
- 7:18 'God' said:
Be gone from here, utterly despised, banished!
Whoever among them follows you,
I shall, most surely, fill Hell

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفَافِ

الْجَنَّةُ الْكَامِنُ

ثُمَّ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ
اسْجُدُوا لِآدَمَ فَسَجَدُوا
إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ
لَمْ يَكُن مِّنَ السَّاجِدِينَ
قَالَ مَا مَنَعَكَ
أَلَّا تَسْجُدَ إِذْ أَمَرْتُكَ
قَالَ أَنَا خَيْرٌ مِّنْهُ خَلَقْنِي مِن نَّارٍ
وَخَلَقْتَهُ مِن طِينٍ
قَالَ فَاهْبِطْ مِنْهَا
فَمَا يَكُونُ لَكَ أَنْ تَتَكَبَّرَ فِيهَا
فَأَخْرَجْ إِيَّاكَ مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ
قَالَ أَنْظِرْنِي إِلَى يَوْمِ يُبْعَثُونَ
قَالَ إِنَّكَ مِنَ الْمُنظَرِينَ
قَالَ فِيمَا أُغْوِيَنِي
لَأَفْقِدَنَّ لَكَ صِرَاطَكَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ
ثُمَّ لَا يَتَّبِعُهُمُ بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ
وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ
وَعَنْ أَيْمَنِهِمْ وَعَنْ شَمَائِلِهِمْ
وَلَا يَحِيطُ أَكْثَرُهُمْ شُكْرًا
قَالَ أَخْرَجْ مِنْهَا مَذْمُومًا مَّدْحُورًا
لِّمَنِ يَتَّبِعَكَ مِنْهُمْ
لَأَمْلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ مِنْكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

سُورَةُ الْأَعْرَافِ

الجزء الثامن

with all of you, all together!

7:19 And God said: O Adam!

Dwell, you and your wife, in the garden.

Then eat, both of you,

from wherever of it you so please.

But neither one of you

shall come near this single tree

to eat of its fruit.

For, then, you shall both

be of the wrongdoers.

7:20 Then Satan whispered to them both,

to expose to them both

what had been hidden from them both

of their secret parts.

Thus Satan said to them:

Your Lord has forbidden you both from this tree

only so that you would not become angels,

or become of the immortal.

7:21 And he swore to them:

Indeed, I am truly of good counsel

to both of you.

7:22 Thus he caused them to fall into sin

by way of delusion.

So when they had both tasted of the tree,

their secret parts became exposed to them.

So, instantly,

they both took to heaping together

upon themselves leaves of the garden,

whereupon their Lord called out to them both:

Did I not forbid you both from this tree

and say to you both that Satan is most surely

a clear enemy to both of you?

7:23 They both said: Our Lord!

We have wronged ourselves!

And if You do not forgive us

وَيَتَكَادَمُ ﴿١٩﴾

اَسْكُنْ اَنْتَ وَزَوْجُكَ الْجَنَّةَ

فَكُلَا مِنْ حَيْثُ شِئْتُمَا

وَلَا تَقْرَبَا هَذِهِ الشَّجَرَةَ

فَتَكُونَا مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ

فَوَسَّوَسَ لَهُمَا الشَّيْطَانُ ﴿٢٠﴾

لِيُبْدِيَ لَهُمَا

مَا وُورِيَ عَنْهُمَا مِنْ سَوْءَ بَيْتِهِمَا

وَقَالَ مَا نَهَاكُمَا رَبِّي كُما

عَنْ هَذِهِ الشَّجَرَةِ

إِلَّا أَنْ تَكُونَا مَلَائِكَةً

أَوْ تَكُونَا مِنَ الْخَالِدِينَ

وَقَاسَمَهُمَا ﴿٢١﴾

إِنِّي لَكُمَا لَيِّنٌ النَّاصِحِينَ

فَدَلَّاهُمَا بِغُرُورٍ ﴿٢٢﴾

فَلَمَّا ذَاقَا الشَّجَرَةَ

بَدَتْ لَهُمَا سَوْءَ بَيْتِهِمَا

وَطُفِقَا يَخْصِفَانِ عَلَيْنِهُمَا

مِنْ وَرَقِ الْجَنَّةِ

وَنَادَاهُمَا رَبُّهُمَا أَلَمْ أَنْهَكُمَا

عَنْ تِلْكَ الشَّجَرَةِ

وَأَقُلَّ لَكُمَا

إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ

فَالَا رَيْبًا ظَلَمْنَا أَنْفُسَنَا ﴿٢٣﴾

and have mercy upon us,
we shall most surely be among the losers
of an everlasting Paradise.

7:24 He said:

Descend from here,
being enemies to one another!
Yet there is for you in the earth
a place suitable for settlement,
and of goodly provision,
for a preordained time.

7:25 He said: Therein shall you live.

And therein shall you die.
And therefrom you shall be brought forth
from the earth for Judgment.

7:26 O Children of Adam!

We have, indeed, bestowed upon you
a sense of want for clothing—
to cover your secret parts—
and garments for adornment.
Yet the garment of fearing God—
that is the best of human adornment.
This is of the manifest signs of One God,
that they may remember His mercy
and be thankful.

7:27 O Children of Adam!

Let not Satan seduce you,
as he expelled your parents from the garden,
stripping them of their clothing,
that he might show them their secret parts.
Indeed, he sees you—he and his tribe—
from where you do not see either him or them.
Indeed, We have made the satans allies
of those who do not believe.

7:28 Thus, when they who disbelieve

سُورَةُ الْأَعْرَافِ

الجزء الثامن

وَإِنْ لَّمْ تَغْفِرْ لَنَا وَتَرْحَمْنَا
لَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ

قَالَ أَهْبِطُوا ﴿٢٤﴾

بَعْضُكُمْ لِبَعْضٍ عَدُوٌّ
وَلَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ مُسْتَقَرٌّ

وَمَتْنَعٌ إِلَىٰ حِينٍ ﴿٢٥﴾

قَالَ فِيهَا تَحْيَوْنَ

وَفِيهَا تَمُوتُونَ

وَمِنْهَا تُخْرَجُونَ

يَبْنَیْءَ آدَمَ ﴿٢٦﴾

فَدَأْنَزَلْنَا عَلَيْكُمُ لِبَاسًا

يُؤَرِّى سَوَاءَ بَنَاتِكُمْ وَرِيشًا

وَلِبَاسَ التَّقْوَىٰ ذَٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ

ذَٰلِكَ مِنْ عِندِ اللَّهِ

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذْكُرُونَ

يَبْنَیْءَ آدَمَ ﴿٢٧﴾

لَا يَفْقِنَنَّكُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ

كَمَا أَخْرَجَ آبَايَكُمْ مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ

يَنْزِعُ عَنْهُمَا لِبَاسَهُمَا

لِيُرِيَهُمَا سَوَاءَ بَنَاتِهِمَا

إِنَّهُ يَرِيكُمْ هُوَ وَقَبِيلُهُ

مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا تَرَوْنَهُمْ

إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا الشَّيَاطِينَ

أَوْلِيَآءَ لِلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

وَإِذَا فَعَلُوا فَحِشَةً

﴿٢٨﴾

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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commit an obscene act, they say:
We found our forefathers doing it,
and God commanded us to it.
Say to them:
Indeed, God does not command obscenity.
Do you say of God what you do not know?

- 7:29 Say to them:
My Lord has commanded 'only' justice
'in the conduct of your affairs',
and 'that you shall' set your faces
'devoutly toward Him'
at every place of worship;
and that you shall call upon Him,
making the 'practice of your' religion
'pure and' sincere to Him 'alone'.
For even as He first made you,
so shall you return to Him for Judgment.
- 7:30 One faction 'of humanity' He has guided.
And 'the other' faction
has deservedly gone astray.
For, indeed,
they have taken 'the' satans as patrons,
apart from God.
Yet they think that they 'themselves' are guided.

- 7:31 *O Children of Adam!
Don your adorning apparel
when setting out for every place of worship.
Moreover, eat and drink 'freely'.
But do not be excessive.
For, indeed, He does not love those
who are excessive.
- 7:32 Say to those who would ban God's blessings:
Who is it that has prohibited
the adornments of God,

قَالُوا وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتِنَا
وَاللَّهُ أَمَرَنَا بِهَا قُلْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَأْمُرُ بِالْفَحْشَاءِ
أَتَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ
مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

قُلْ أَمَرَ رَبِّي بِالْقِسْطِ ﴿٢٩﴾
وَأَقِيمُوا وُجُوهَكُمْ
عِندَ كُلِّ مَسْجِدٍ
وَادْعُوهُ مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الدِّينَ
كَمَا بَدَأَكُمْ تَعُودُونَ
فَرِيقًا هَدَىٰ ﴿٣٠﴾

وَفَرِيقًا حَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الضَّلَالَةُ
إِنَّهُمْ أَخَذُوا الشَّيَاطِينَ
أَوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
وَيَحْسَبُونَ
أَنَّهُمْ مُّهْتَدُونَ ﴿٣١﴾
يَا بَنِي آدَمَ

خُذُوا زِينَتَكُمْ عِندَ كُلِّ مَسْجِدٍ
وَكُلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا وَلَا تُسْرِفُوا
إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْرِفِينَ
قُلْ مَنْ حَرَّمَ زِينَةَ اللَّهِ
الَّتِي أَخْرَجَ لِعِبَادِهِ

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which He has brought forth for His servants,
and the wholesome things of His provision?
Say to them:
Such things are lawful in the life of this world
for those who believe—
and they shall be purely so for them alone
on the Day of Resurrection.
Thus do We make distinct the revealed signs
for a people who would know
God's purpose for creation.

7:33 Say to them:

Indeed,
my Lord has only prohibited obscenities—
whatever of it is manifest
and whatever of it is hidden; and all sin;
and especially the offense of
oppression, without any right;
and that you associate as a god with God
that for which He has never sent down
any authority;
and that you say concerning God
what you do not know.

7:34 Yet for every disbelieving nation,
there is a term of demise.

When their term comes due,
they shall not tarry for even an hour;
nor shall they go in advance of their time.

7:35 O Children of Adam!

Whenever there come to you messengers—
mortals from among you—
who relate to you My signs of divine guidance,
then such as heed them
and become God-fearing, and do righteousness,
there shall be no fear upon them

وَالطَّيِّبَاتِ مِنَ الرِّزْقِ
قُلْ هِيَ لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا
خَالِصَةٌ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
كَذَلِكَ نَفَصِّلُ الْآيَاتِ
لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ

قُلْ إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ رَبِّي الْفَوَاحِشَ

مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَمَا بَطَنَ

وَالْإِثْمَ وَالْبَغْيَ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ

وَأَنْ تُشْرِكُوا بِاللَّهِ

مَا لَمْ يَنْزِلْ بِهِ سُلْطَانًا

وَأَنْ تَقُولُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ

مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

وَلِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ أَجَلٌ

فَإِذَا جَاءَ أَجْلُهُمْ

لَا يَسْتَأْخِرُونَ سَاعَةً

وَلَا يَسْتَفْتِحُونَ

بَنِي آدَمَ

إِنَّمَا يَأْتِيَنَّكُمْ رُسُلٌ مِنْكُمْ

يُفَصِّلُونَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَا لَكُمْ

فَمَنْ أَتَقَى وَأَصْلَحَ

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when they assemble for Judgment.

Nor shall they ever grieve

over the life of the world.

7:36 But those who belie Our revealed signs
and become arrogant regarding them,
they are the Companions of the Fire of Hell.
They shall abide therein forever.

7:37 For who does a greater wrong
than one who forges lies against God
or belies His revealed signs?

It is these who shall have their share of torment
as decreed in the Preserved Book of Heaven.

So when Our messenger-angels
come to them to take their souls,
they shall say to them:

Where are those that you used to call upon
in worship apart from God?

They shall say: They have strayed away from us!
Thus shall they bear witness against themselves
that they were, indeed, disbelievers
in their lifetimes.

7:38 God will say:
Enter among the communities
of jinn and humans,
which have passed before you
into the Fire of Hell.

Whenever a community enters,
it curses its preceding sister-community
which they followed in the world
into unbelief.

So at last, when they follow one another into it
all together, the last of them shall say
of the first of them: Our Lord!

These disbelievers have led us astray.

So give them a double torment of the Fire!

فَلَا حُوفَ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ

وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا

وَاسْتَكْبَرُوا عَنْهَا

أُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ

هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ

مِمَّنْ أَفَرَأَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا

أَوْ كَذَّبَ بِآيَاتِهِ أُولَئِكَ

يَنَالُهُمُ نَصِيبُهُمْ مِنَ الْكَرْهِ

حَتَّى إِذَا جَاءَهُمْ

رُسُلُنَا يَتَوَفَّوهُمْ

قَالُوا أَإِنَّا مَا كُنْهُمْ

نَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

قَالُوا ضَلُّوا عَنَّا

وَشَهِدُوا عَلَى أَنْفُسِهِمْ

أَنَّهُمْ كَانُوا كَافِرِينَ

قَالَ ادْخُلُوا فِي أُمَمٍ

قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ

مِنَ الْجِنَّ وَالْإِنْسِ فِي النَّارِ

كُلَّمَا دَخَلَتْ أُمَّةٌ لَعَنَتْ أُخْتَهَا

حَتَّى إِذَا آذَرُكُوا فِيهَا جَمِيعًا

قَالَتْ أَخْرِضْنَاهُمْ لَأَوْلَاهُمْ

رَبَّنَا هَؤُلَاءِ أَضَلُّونَا

فَنَارِهِمْ عَذَابًا مُضَاعَفًا مِنَ النَّارِ

(٣٦)

(٣٧)

(٣٨)

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He shall say:
For each 'one of you'
shall be a double 'torment'!
Yet 'the last of' you do not realize
'why it is doubled for you, as well'.

- 7:39 Thus the first of them
shall say to the last of them:
You have no favor over us.
So taste the torment
for all that you 'yourselves' have earned!
- 7:40 Indeed, those who belie Our 'revealed' signs
and who are arrogant regarding them—
the gates of Heaven
shall never be opened for them.
Nor shall they ever enter
the Garden 'of Paradise',
any more than a camel can pass
through the eye of a needle.
And thus do We recompense
the defiant unbelievers.
- 7:41 For them there are cradles of Hell.
And from above them 'tiers of' enveiling 'fire'.
And thus do We recompense
the wrongdoers 'who are godless in heart'.

- 7:42 But those who 'truly' believe
and do righteous deeds—
'and' We do not task any soul
beyond its capacity—
these are the Companions
of the 'Everlasting' Garden 'of Paradise'.
They shall abide therein forever.
- 7:43 Moreover, We shall strip away any malice
that is within their breast,
rivers running beneath them 'at their feet',

قَالَ لِكُلِّ ضِعْفٌ
وَلَكِنْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ
وَقَالَتْ أُولَئِهِمْ لِأَخْرَجَهُمْ
فَمَا كَانَتْ
لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا مِنْ فَضْلٍ
فَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ
بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْسِبُونَ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
وَاسْتَكْبَرُوا عَنْهَا
لَا تُفْتَحُ لَهُمْ أَبْوَابُ السَّمَاءِ
وَلَا يَدْخُلُونَ الْجَنَّةَ حَتَّى
يَلِجَ الْجَمَلُ فِي سَمِّ الْخِيَاطِ
وَكَذَلِكَ
نَجْزِي الْمُجْرِمِينَ
لَهُمْ مِنْ جَهَنَّمَ مِهَادٌ
وَمِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ غَوَاشٍ
وَكَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الظَّالِمِينَ
وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
لَا نُكَلِّفُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا
أُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ
هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ
وَنَزَعْنَا مَا فِي صُدُورِهِمْ
مِنْ غِلٍّ
نَجْزِي مِنَ تَحْتِهِمُ الْأَنْهَارَ

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفِ

الْجَنَّةِ الْقَامِرِ

while they rejoice as they enter Paradise,
and say:

All praise is for God alone
who has guided us to this!

Nor would we ever have been guided
had God not guided us.

Truly, the messengers of our Lord
came with the truth.

And they shall be hailed

to Paradise on the Day of Judgment:

This is the Garden you are given to inherit
for what you have done in life!

7:44 And it is then that the Companions
of the Everlasting Garden of Paradise
shall call out

to the Companions of the Fire of Hell:

Indeed, we have found

what our Lord has promised us to be true!

Have you also found

what your Lord has promised to be true?

They shall reply: Yes!

And then between them

a caller shall call out:

May the curse of God

be upon the godless wrongdoers—

7:45 those who used to bar others
from the straight path of God,
and who sought to have it appear crooked,
and who, concerning the Hereafter,
were inveterate disbelievers!

7:46 For there shall be between them
a dividing wall as a veil.

Yet awaiting upon the Heights of the wall
will be men who can see and recognize
each group, those of Paradise and those of Hell,

وَقَالُوا الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

الَّذِي هَدَانَا لِهَذَا

وَمَا كُنَّا لِنَهْتَدِيَ

لَوْلَا أَنْ هَدَانَا اللَّهُ

لَقَدْ جَاءَتْ رُسُلُ رَبِّنَا بِالْحَقِّ

وَنُودُوا أَنْ تَتَكَّبُوا الْجَنَّةُ

أَوْرِثْتُمُوهَا

بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

وَنَادَىٰ أَحْسَبُ الْجَنَّةِ ﴿٤٤﴾

أَحْسَبُ النَّارِ أَنْ قَدْ

وَجَدْنَا مَا وَعَدَنَا رَبَّنَا حَقًّا

فَهَلْ وَجَدْتُمْ

مَا وَعَدَ رَبُّكُمْ حَقًّا قَالُوا نَعَمْ

فَإِذْ مَوْذَنٌ بَيْنَهُمْ أَنْ

لَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَى الظَّالِمِينَ

الَّذِينَ يَصُدُّونَ ﴿٤٥﴾

عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَيَعْتَوِيهَا عِوَجًا

وَهُمْ بِالْآخِرَةِ كَافِرُونَ

وَبَيْنَهُمَا حِجَابٌ ﴿٤٦﴾

وَعَلَى الْأَعْرَافِ رِجَالٌ

يَعْرِفُونَ كُلًّا بِسِيمَتِهِمْ

by their 'respective' marks:

Thus they shall call out to the Companions
of the 'Everlasting' Garden 'of Paradise':

Peace be upon you!

For they 'themselves'

will have not yet entered it,

while 'ardently' they desire 'to do' so.

7:47 *But when their eyes are turned
toward the Companions of the Fire 'of Hell',
they will say: Our Lord!

Do not place us among the wrongdoing people!

7:48 And the Companions of the Heights
will call out to men

'whom' they recognize by their mark, saying:

Your amassing 'of forces and resources'

has not availed you,

nor have your arrogant ways.

7:49 Are these 'believers' the 'same' ones
about whom 'you swore',
'claiming' that God would not extend
any mercy to them?

'At last it will be said

to the Companions of the Heights:

Enter the Garden 'of Paradise'!

No fear shall be upon you, nor shall you grieve.

7:50 And the Companions of the Fire 'of Hell'
shall call out to the Companions
of the 'Everlasting' Garden 'of Paradise':

Pour down upon us some water

or 'give us' some 'sustenance'

from what God has provided you!

They shall say:

Indeed, God has forbidden each of them
to the disbelievers,

7:51 those who took their religion

سُورَةُ الْأَعْرَافِ

الْجَنَّةُ النَّارُ

وَنَادَوْا أَصْحَابَ الْجَنَّةِ

أَنْ سَلِّمْ عَلَيْنَا

لَمْ يَدْخُلُوهَا وَهُمْ يَطْمَعُونَ

وَإِذَا صُرِفَتْ أَبْصَارُهُمْ

إِلْفَلَمَ أَحْصَبِ النَّارِ قَالُوا رَبَّنَا

لَا تَجْعَلْنَا مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ

وَنَادَى أَصْحَابُ الْأَعْرَافِ

رَبِّجَا لَا تَعْرِفُوهُمْ بِسْمِئِهِمْ

قَالُوا مَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْكُمْ جَمْعُكُمْ

وَمَا كُنْتُمْ تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ

أَهْلُوا لَا الَّذِينَ أَقْسَمْتُمْ

لَا يَنَالُهُمُ اللَّهُ بِرَحْمَةٍ

أَدْخُلُوا الْجَنَّةَ

لَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْكُمْ

وَلَا أَنْتُمْ تَحْزَنُونَ

وَنَادَى أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ

أَصْحَابَ الْجَنَّةِ

أَنْ أَفِضُوا عَلَيْنَا مِنَ الْمَاءِ

أَوْ مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ

قَالُوا إِنْ يَرَبِّكَ اللَّهُ

حَرَمَهُمَا عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ

الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا دِينَهُمْ

لَهُمْ وَلِعَبَاءٌ

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفَافِ

الجزء الثامن

as amusement and play,
and whom the life of the world
utterly deluded. God shall say:
So this Day We shall forget them,
as they have forgotten
the destined Meeting of God for Judgment
on this Day of theirs,
and as they used to disavow Our revealed signs.

- 7:52 For truly in this Quran,
We have brought to them a Book
that We have, indeed, expounded
with full knowledge,
as guidance and mercy for a people who believe.
- 7:53 Do they who disbelieve
only await the fulfillment of its forewarnings?
The Day its fulfillment comes true,
those who neglected it before shall say:
Indeed, the messengers of our Lord
came with the truth!
Then do we have any intercessors
to intercede for us now before God?
Or can we be returned to the world
so that we may do
other than what we used to do?
Truly, they shall have utterly lost their souls
to the Fire.
For all the false gods that they used to forge
shall have strayed from them.

- 7:54 Indeed, your Lord is God,
who created the heavens and the earth
in the span of six Heavenly days.
Then, befittingly,
He settled Himself over the Throne.

وَعَرَّتْهُمْ الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا
فَالْيَوْمَ نَنْسَاهُمْ كَمَا
نَسُوا الْإِقَاءَ يَوْمَهُمْ هَذَا
وَمَا كَانُوا
بِعَايِنِنَا يُحَدِّثُونَ
وَلَقَدْ جِئْنَاهُمْ بِكِتَابٍ
فَصَلَّنَاهُ عَلَىٰ عُلَمَاءِ
هُدًى وَرَحْمَةً لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ
هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا تَأْوِيلَهُ
يَوْمَ يَأْتِي تَأْوِيلَهُ
يَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا هَذَا
قَدْ جَاءَنَا رَسُولٌ نَحْنُ
فَعَلْنَا لَنَا مِنْ شُعْعَاءَ
فَيَسْأَلُونَا أَوْ نُرَدُّ
فَنَعْمَلْ غَيْرَ الَّذِي كُنَّا نَعْمَلُ
قَدْ خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ
وَضَلُّوا عَنْهُمْ
مَا كَانُوا يَفْتَرُونَ
إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ
ثُمَّ اسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ
يَغْشَى السَّمَاءَ
يَطْلُبُهُ حَبِيبَاتٌ

٥٢

٥٣

٥٤

He causes the night to enveil the day,
pursuing it incessantly.
And the sun and the moon and the stars
are subjugated by His command.
Most surely, to Him belongs all the creation
and all the command.
Blessed be God, Lord of 'All' the Worlds.

- 7:55 'O believers!'
Call upon your Lord, in humility and privately!
Indeed, He does not love the transgressors
'who violate God's commandments'.
- 7:56 Nor shall you spread corruption in the earth,
after it has been set aright 'by God'.
So call upon Him, in fear and hope.
Indeed, the mercy of God is 'ever' near to those
who excel in 'doing' good.
- 7:57 For it is He who sends the winds
bearing glad tidings before 'the rain-showers
of His mercy—
until when they lift heavy clouds 'aloft',
We drive them to a lifeless land.
Then upon it, We send down water.
Then We bring forth with it
fruits of every kind.
Thus do We bring forth the dead,
so that you may become mindful
'of your own resurrection'.
- 7:58 As for the wholesome land—
its plants come forth
by permission of their Lord.
Yet as for that 'land' which is befouled—
they come forth 'from it' only meagerly.
Thus do We vary the 'clear' signs 'of God'
for a people who are thankful.

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفَافِ

الجزء الثامن

وَالشَّمْسِ وَالْقَمَرِ
وَالنُّجُومِ مُسَخَّرَاتٍ بِأَمْرِهِ
أَلَا لَهُ الْخَلْقُ وَالْأَمْرُ
تَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ
ادْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ نَضِرُّكُمْ وَخُفْيَةً
إِنَّهُ لَا يَحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِينَ
وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا
وَادْعُوهُ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا
إِن رَّحِمَ اللَّهُ
قَرِيبٌ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ
وَهُوَ الَّذِي يُرْسِلُ الرِّيحَ
بُشْرًا بَيْنَ يَدَيْ رَحْمَتِهِ
حَتَّىٰ إِذَا
أَقْلَّتْ سَحَابًا ثِقَالًا
سُقْنَاهُ لِبَلَدٍ مَّيِّتٍ
فَأَنْزَلْنَا بِهِ الْمَاءَ
فَأَخْرَجْنَا بِهِ مِنْ كُلِّ الثَّمَرَاتِ
كَذَٰلِكَ نُخْرِجُ الْمَوْتِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكَّرُونَ
وَالْبَلَدُ الطَّيِّبُ
يُخْرِجُ نَبَاتَهُ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِ
وَالَّذِي خَبَتْ
لَا يُخْرِجُ إِلَّا نَكِدًا
كَذَٰلِكَ نُصَرِّفُ الْآيَاتِ
لِقَوْمٍ يَشْكُرُونَ

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفِ

الجزء الثامن

- 7:59 'Now, very truly,
We sent Noah as a messenger to his people.
So he said: O my people!
Worship God alone.
You do not have any God other than Him.
Indeed, I fear for you
the 'divine' torment of an awesome Day!
- 7:60 The elders of his people said:
Indeed, we certainly see that you are 'mired'
in clear misguidance.
- 7:61 He said: O my people!
There is no 'measure of' misguidance in me.
Rather, I am a messenger
from the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
- 7:62 I convey to you the messages of my Lord,
and I give to you good counsel,
for I know from God 'through His revelation'
what you do not know.
- 7:63 So 'is it that' you are astounded
that a reminder has come to you from your Lord
by way of a man from among you,
that he may forewarn you
'of God's nearing Judgment',
so that you might become God-fearing
and perhaps be shown mercy?
- 7:64 But they belied him.
So We delivered him, and 'all' those with him,
'to safety' in the Ark.
And We drowned those
who belied Our 'self-evident' signs.
Indeed, they were a blind people.
- 7:65 *And to 'the people of 'Âd, 'We sent'
their brother Hûd as a messenger.
He said: O my people! Worship God 'alone'.

٥٩ لَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ
فَقَالَ يَقَوْمُ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ
مَا لَكُمْ مِن إِلَهِ غَيْرِهِ
إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ
عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ
٦٠ قَالَ الْأَمْلَأُ مِن قَوْمِهِ
إِنَّا لَنَرِيكَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ
قَالَ يَقَوْمُ
لَيْسَ بِي ضَلَالَةٌ وَلَٰكِنِّي
رَسُولٌ مِّن رَّبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
أُبَلِّغُكُمْ رِسَالَاتِ رَبِّي
وَأَنْصَحُ لَكُمْ وَأَعْلَمُ
مِنَ اللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ
٦١ أَوْعَجِبْتُمْ أَن جَاءَكُمْ
ذِكْرٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ
عَلَىٰ رَجُلٍ مِّنكُمْ لِيُنذِرَكُمْ
وَلِتُنْفِقُوا وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَرْحَمُونَ
فَكَذَّبُوهُ
٦٢ فَأَنْجَيْنَاهُ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ
فِي الْفُلِكِ وَأَغْرَقْنَا
الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا قَوْمًا عَمِينَ
٦٣ وَإِلَىٰ عَادِ أَخَاهُمْ هُودًا
قَالَ يَقَوْمُ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ
مَا لَكُمْ مِن إِلَهِ غَيْرِهِ

- You do not have any God other than Him.
Will you not then be God-fearing?
- 7:66 The elders of his people who disbelieved said:
Indeed, we certainly see
that you are ‘mired’ in foolishness.
Rather, indeed, we think
you are ‘to be counted’ among the ‘sheer’ liars.
- 7:67 He said: O my people!
There is no foolishness in me.
Rather, I am a messenger
from the Lord of ‘All’ the Worlds.
- 7:68 I convey to you the messages of my Lord.
Moreover, I am a trustworthy counselor for you.
- 7:69 Then are you astounded
that a reminder has come to you from your Lord
by way of a man from among you,
that he may forewarn you
‘of God’s nearing Judgment’?
Rather, remember ‘with gratitude’
that ‘God’ appointed you successors
‘in the earth’, after the people of Noah,
and increased you amply
in ‘the endowment of your’ creation.
So remember ‘with gratitude’
God’s bounties ‘upon you’,
that you may be successful
‘and be saved from their doom’.
- 7:70 They said:
Did you come to us
that we should worship God alone
and forsake what our forefathers worshipped?
Bring us, then, whatever ‘doom’
you have promised us,
if, indeed, you are ‘one’ of the truthful
‘messengers of God’.

سُورَةُ الْأَعْرَافِ

الْحَزَنَةُ الْقَائِمَةُ

- أَفَلَا نُنْفِقُونَ
قَالَ الْمَلَأُ ﴿٦٦﴾
الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ
إِنَّا لَنَرَنكَ فِي سَفَاهَةٍ
وَإِنَّا لَنَظُنُّكَ
مِنَ الْكَاذِبِينَ
قَالَ يَاقَوْمِ ﴿٦٧﴾
لَيْسَ بِي سَفَاهَةٌ وَلَكِنِّي
رَسُولٌ مِّن رَّبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
أَتُفَكِّرُ كَمَا رَسَلْتُ رَبِّي
وَأَنَا لَكُمْ نَاصِحٌ أَمِينٌ
أَوْ عَجِبْتُمْ أَن جَاءَكُمْ
ذِكْرٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ عَلَى
رَجُلٍ مِّنكُمْ لِيُنذِرَكُمْ
وَأَذْكُرُوا إِذْ جَعَلَكُمْ
خُلَفَاءَ مِنْ بَعْدِ قَوْمِ نُوحٍ
وَزَادَكُمْ فِي الْخَلْقِ بَضْطَةً
فَأَذْكُرُوا آلَاءَ اللَّهِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ
قَالُوا أَجِئْتَنَا
لِنَعْبُدَ اللَّهَ وَحْدَهُ وَنَذَرَ
مَا كَانَ يَعْبُدُ آبَاؤُنَا
فَأَنبَأَنَا بِمَا قَدَرْنَا
إِن كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفَافِ

الجزء الثامن

- 7:71 He said:
Truly, chastisement
and great wrath from your Lord
shall befall you!
Do you argue with me about 'mere' names
you yourselves have named—
you and your forefathers!
God has not sent down
any authority for them 'as deities'.
So wait 'for the Judgment of God'.
Indeed, I too am waiting with you.
- 7:72 Then We delivered him, and those with him,
with mercy from Us.
And We cut off the 'very' last of those
who belied Our signs and were not believers.
- 7:73 And to 'the people of' Thamûd
'We sent' their brother Şâlih 'as a messenger'.
He said: O my people! Worship God 'alone'.
You do not have any God other than Him.
Truly, a clear proof has come to you
from your Lord:
This is the 'miraculously created' she-camel
of God, 'come as' a sign for you.
So leave her to eat in God's land,
and do not touch her
with any 'act of' evil 'intent',
or you will be seized by a most painful torment.
- 7:74 Rather, remember 'with gratitude'
when He made you successors
after 'the people of' 'Âd,
and settled you in the land.
You take 'for residences' castles upon its plains
and carve out of the mountains 'sturdy' houses.
So remember God's bounties

قَالَ قَدْ وَقَعَ (٧١)
عَلَيْكُمْ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ
رِجْسٌ وَغَضَبٌ أَتُجَادِلُونَنِي
فِي أَسْمَاءِ سَمَّيْتُمُوهَا
أَنْتُمْ وَآبَاؤُكُمْ
مَا نَزَّلَ اللَّهُ بِهَا مِنْ سُلْطَانٍ
فَانْتَظِرُوا إِنِّي مَعَكُمْ
مِنَ الْمُنْتَظِرِينَ
فَأَنجَيْنَاهُ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ (٧٢)
بِرَحْمَةٍ مِنَّا وَقَطَعْنَا دَابِرَ
الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
وَمَا كَانُوا مُؤْمِنِينَ
وَإِلَى ثَمُودَ أَخَاهُمْ صَالِحًا (٧٣)
قَالَ يَقَوْمِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ
مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ
قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ نَصِيحَةٌ
مِّنْ رَبِّكُمْ هَذِهِ
نَاقَةُ اللَّهِ لَكُمْ آيَةٌ
فَذَرُوهَا
تَأْكُلْ فِي أََرْضِ اللَّهِ
وَلَا تَمْسُوهَا يُسُوءَ
فِي أَخَذِكُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
وَأَذْكُرُوا إِذْ جَعَلَكُمْ (٧٤)
خُلَفَاءَ مِنْ بَعْدِ عَادٍ
وَبَوَّأَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
تَتَّخِذُونَ
مِنْ سُوءِ لِهَآ قُصُورًا
وَتَنْحِتُونَ الْجِبَالَ بُيُوتًا

- ‘upon you with gratitude’.
And do not make mischief in the earth,
sowing corruption ‘in it’.
- 7:75 The elders among his people
who had become arrogant said to those
who were considered weak,
to those of them who believed:
Do you know ‘with certainty’ that Ṣâliḥ
is one ‘truly’ sent from his Lord?
They said:
We are, indeed, believers
in what he has been sent with.
- 7:76 Those who became arrogant said:
Indeed, we are disbelievers
in what you believe in!
- 7:77 So they hamstrung the she-camel.
Thus they insolently defied
the command of their Lord.
Moreover, they said: O Ṣâliḥ!
Bring us, then, whatever ‘doom’
you have promised us,
if, indeed, you are ‘truly one’ of the messengers.
- 7:78 Then the convulsion ‘of the earth’
seized them, suddenly,
and by morning they were ‘dead,’
laying ‘prostrate in their dwelling-place.’
- 7:79 So he turned away from them and said:
O my people!
Very truly, I conveyed to you
the message of my Lord.
And I gave to you good counsel.
But you do not love the givers of good counsel.
- 7:80 And ‘mention’ Lot, ‘as well,’
when he said to his people:

سُورَةُ الْأَعْرَافِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّامِنُ

فَازْكُرُوا ءَالَآءَ اللَّهِ وَلَا

تَعْتُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ

قَالَ أَمَلَأُ الَّذِينَ

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اسْتَكْبَرُوا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ

لِلَّذِينَ اسْتَضَعِفُوا

لِمَنْ ءَامَنَ مِنْهُمْ

أَتَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ صَالِحًا

مُرْسَلٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِ قَالُوا

إِنَّا بِمَا أُرْسِلَ بِهِ

مُؤْمِنُونَ

قَالَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا

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إِنَّا بِالَّذِي ءَامَنْتُمْ بِهِ

كٰفِرُونَ

فَعَقَرُوا النَّاقَةَ

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وَعَتَوْا عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّهِمْ

وَقَالُوا يَنْصَلِحُ

أَتَيْنَا بِمَا وَعَدْنَا

إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ

فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ

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فَأَصْبَحُوا فِي دَارِهِمْ جَنِينَ

فَتَوَلَّى عَنْهُمْ وَقَالَ يَنْفَوِرُ

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لَقَدْ أَتَلَفْتُكُمْ رَسُولَ رَبِّي

وَنَصَحْتُ لَكُمْ وَلَكِنْ

لَا تُحِبُّونَ النَّصِيحَ

وَلَوْ طَائِدًا قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ

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سُورَةُ الْأَرْفَافِ

الْحَزَنَةُ الْقَائِمَةُ

Do the men among you
openly commit such abominable lewdness
with each other,
with which no one has preceded you
in all the worlds!

7:81 You do, indeed, approach men in lust
instead of women.

No, but you are
an exceedingly rebellious people!

7:82 Yet the response of his people
was only to say of Lot and his followers:
Expel them from your town!

For they are a people
who seek to keep themselves pure
from our ways.

7:83 So We delivered him
and his family from doom —
except his faithless wife.
She was of those who lingered behind.

7:84 And We rained down upon them
a devastating rain of marked stones!
So see how dreadful was the end
of the defiant unbelievers.

7:85 And to the people of Midian
We sent their brother Shu'ayb as a messenger.
He said: O my people! Worship God alone!
You do not have any God other than Him.
Truly, clear proof upholding my message
has come to you from your Lord.
So equitably fill the measure
and the balance in your trade.
And you shall not defraud the people
of their rightful things.
Nor shall you spread corruption in the earth,

أَتَأْتُونَ الْفَاحِشَةَ مَا سَبَقَكُمْ

بِهَا مِنْ أَحَدٍ مِنَ الْعَالَمِينَ

إِنَّكُمْ لَتَأْتُونَ الرِّجَالَ

شَهْوَةً مِنْ دُونِ النِّسَاءِ

بَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمٌ مُّسْرِفُونَ

وَمَا كَانَتْ جَوَابَ قَوْمِهِ

إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا

أَخْرِجُوهُمْ مِنْ قَرْيَتِكُمْ

إِنَّهُمْ أَنْفُسٌ يَنْظَهُرُونَ

فَأَنجَيْنَاهُ وَأَهْلَهُ إِلَّا أَمْرَأَتَهُ

كَانَتْ مِنَ الْغَابِرِينَ

وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ مَطَرًا

فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَتْ

عَاقِبَةُ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

وَالِى مَدْيَنَ

أَخَاهُمْ شُعَيْبًا قَالَ يَنْفَوْرُ

أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ

مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ

قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ

بَيِّنَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ

فَأَوْفُوا الْكَيْلَ

وَالْمِيزَانَ

وَلَا تَبْخُسُوا الْكُتَّاسَ

أَشْيَاءَهُمْ

وَلَا تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ

بَعْدَ إِصْلَاحِهَا

A1

A2

A3

A4

A5

A6

A7

A8

after it has been set aright by God.

This is best for you,

if, indeed, you are believers.

7:86 Moreover, do not sit as highwaymen
alongside every pathway,
threatening people with robbery
and barring
those who believe in Him
from the straight path of God,
such that you seek to make it a crooked way.
Rather, remember with gratitude
when you were few,
then He made you many.

So see for yourselves

how devastating was the end
of the sowers of corruption!

7:87 Moreover, if there is a group of you
that believes in what I have been sent with
and a group that does not believe,
then be patient until God judges between us.
For He is the very best of judges.

7:88 *The elders of his people,
who became arrogant,
said:

Most surely,

We shall expel you from our town,

O Shu'ayb,

and those who believe along with you,
unless you do, indeed, return to our ways!

He said:

Even if we are unwilling?

7:89 Truly, we would forge a lie against God
if we returned to your way of worship
after God has delivered us from it.

It is not for us to return to it,

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ذَٰلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ

وَلَا تَقْعُدُوا

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بِكُلِّ صِرَاطٍ تُوعِدُونَ

وَتَصُدُّونَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

مَنْ آمَنَ بِهِ

وَتَسْعَوْنَهَا عَوَجًا

وَأَذْكُرُوا إِذْ كُنْتُمْ

قَلِيلًا فَكَثَرَكُمْ

وَأَنْظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَتْ

عَاقِبَةُ الْمُفْسِدِينَ

وَإِنْ كَانَتْ طَآئِفَةٌ مِنْكُمْ

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ءَامَنُوا بِالَّذِي أُرْسِلْتُ بِهِ

وَطَآئِفَةٌ لَّا يُؤْمِنُونَ فَاصْبِرُوا

حَتَّى يَحْكُمَ اللَّهُ بَيْنَنَا

وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الْحَاكِمِينَ

﴿ قَالَ أَمَلًا ﴾

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الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ

لَنُخْرِجَنَّكَ بِشُعَيْبٍ

وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَعَكَ مِنْ قَرْيِنَا

أَوْ لَنَعُودَنَّ فِي مِلَّتِنَا

قَالَ أَوَلَوْ كُنَّا كَارِهِينَ

قَدْ أَفْرَيْنَا عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا

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إِنْ عُدْنَا فِي مِلَّتِكُمْ

بَعْدَ إِذْ بَجَّسْنَا اللَّهُ مِنْهَا

وَمَا يَكُونُ لَنَا أَنْ نَعُودَ فِيهَا

إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ رَبُّنَا

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unless God, our Lord, so wills.
 Our Lord encompasses all things in knowledge.
 On God alone do we rely. Our Lord!
 Judge between us and our people
 with the truth—
 for You are the best of those who judge.

7:90 The elders of his people
 who disbelieved said to the people:
 Indeed, if you follow Shu'ayb,
 then assuredly you shall all be utter losers.

7:91 Then the convulsion of the earth
 seized them, suddenly,
 and by morning they were dead,
 laying prostrate in their dwelling-place.

7:92 Those who denied Shu'ayb—
 'it was' as if they had never dwelled
 in prosperity therein.
 Those who had denied Shu'ayb—
 it was they who were the utter losers.

7:93 Then he turned away from them and said:
 O my people!
 Very truly, I conveyed to you
 all the messages of my Lord.
 And I gave to you good counsel.
 So how shall I grieve over a disbelieving people?

7:94 Nor have We sent any prophet
 into a town that belied them,
 but that We seized its disbelieving people
 with severe affliction and harm,
 so that they might humble themselves
 before God.

7:95 Then We replaced bad conditions with good,
 until they thrived and said:
 Truly, harm and joy

وَسِعَ رَبُّنَا كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا
 عَلَى اللَّهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا
 رَبَّنَا افْتَحْ بَيْنَنَا
 وَبَيْنَ قَوْمِنَا بِالْحَقِّ
 وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الْفَاضِلِينَ
 وَقَالَ لِلَّذِينَ
 ظَلَمُوا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ
 لَبِئْسَ أَنْتُمْ شُعَبًا
 لَئِنْ كُنْتُمْ إِذًا لَخَيْرُونَ
 فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ فَأَصْبَحُوا
 فِي دَارِهِمْ جثثين
 الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا شُعَبًا
 كَأَنْ لَمْ يَغْتَوِا فِيهَا
 الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا شُعَبًا
 كَانُوا هُمُ الْخَاسِرِينَ
 فَتَوَلَّى عَنْهُمْ وَقَالَ يَ قَوْمٍ
 لَقَدْ أَبْلَغْتُكُمْ رِسَالَتِي رُبِّي
 وَنَصَحْتُ لَكُمْ فَكَيْفَ
 آسَأْتُمْ عَلَى قَوْمٍ كَافِرِينَ
 وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا فِي قَرْيَةٍ
 مِنْ نَبِيٍّ إِلَّا أَخَذْنَا أَهْلَهَا
 بِالْأَسَاءِ وَالضَّرَاءِ
 لَعَلَّهُمْ يَضُرَّعُونَ
 ثُمَّ بَدَّلْنَا
 مَكَانَ السَّيِّئَةِ الْحَسَنَةَ
 حَتَّى عَفَوْا وَقَالُوا
 قَدْ مَسَّ آبَاءَنَا
 الضَّرَاءُ وَالسَّرَاءُ

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٩٣

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- have 'likewise' touched our forefathers
'throughout time'!
- Then We seized them suddenly,
while they were 'completely' unaware.
- 7:96 Yet if only the people
of the 'faithless' towns had believed
and feared God,
We most surely would have
opened forth upon them blessings
from the sky and the earth.
But they denied 'faith'.
So We seized them, suddenly,
for what they had 'duly' earned.
- 7:97 Do the people of the towns 'of the world'
then feel secure against Our 'deadly' affliction
that may come to them
at night while they sleep?
- 7:98 Or do the people of the towns 'of the world'
feel secure against Our 'deadly' affliction
that may come to them
at mid-morning while they play?
- 7:99 Do they, then, feel secure against God's design?
For none feels secure against God's design,
except a people who are losers
'of an everlasting Paradise'.
- 7:100 Is it, then, not 'enough of' a guiding sign
for those who have inherited the land
after it had been inhabited 'by others'
whom We destroyed for their sins —
that had We so willed
We could have stricken them 'too' for their sins
and set a seal upon their hearts, 'as well',
so that they could not hear
'the admonitions of God'?

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فَأَخَذْنَهُمْ بَعَثَهُ
وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿١٦﴾
وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَهْلَ الْقُرَى
ءَامَنُوا وَاتَّقَوْا
لَفَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِم بَرَكَاتٍ
مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَلَكِن كَذَّبُوا فَأَخَذْنَهُمْ
بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ ﴿١٧﴾
أَفَأَمِنَ أَهْلُ الْقُرَى
أَن يَأْتِيَهُمْ بَأْسُنَا بَيِّنًا
وَهُمْ نَائِمُونَ ﴿١٨﴾
أَوَأَمِنَ أَهْلُ الْقُرَى
أَن يَأْتِيَهُمْ بَأْسُنَا ضُحًى
وَهُمْ يَلْعَبُونَ ﴿١٩﴾
أَفَأَمِنُوا مَكْرَ اللَّهِ
فَلَا يَأْمَنُ مَكْرَ اللَّهِ
إِلَّا الْقَوْمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾
أَوَلَمْ يَهْدِ لِلَّذِينَ يَرْتُوبُونَ
أَلَّا تَرْضَ مِنْ بَعْدِ أَهْلِهَا
أَن لَّوْ شَاءَ
أَصَبْنَاهُمْ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ
وَنَطْبَعُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ
فَهُمْ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ

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- 7:101 Such were the 'faithless' towns.
We relate to you of their tidings, 'O Prophet'.
For very truly, their messengers came to them
with clear and miraculous proofs of God'.
But they were not such as to believe
in what they had belied of old.
And so it is that God
sets a seal upon the hearts of the disbelievers.
- 7:102 Nor did We find most of them 'willing'
to uphold any 'sacred' covenant.
Rather, We found most of them
utterly ungodly.
- 7:103 Then after them We sent forth Moses,
with Our 'miraculous' signs,
to Pharaoh and his 'assembly' of nobles.
Yet they did wrong by 'denying' them.
So see how 'devastating'
was the end of the sowers of corruption!
- 7:104 Thus Moses said: O Pharaoh!
I am a messenger
from the Lord of 'All' the Worlds,
obliged to say nothing about God but the truth.
- 7:105 Indeed, I have come to you
with clear and miraculous proof
from your Lord.
So 'set free and' send forth with me
the Children of Israel.
- 7:106 'Pharaoh' said:
If, indeed, you have come with a sign,
then bring it forth,
if you are 'one' of the truthful
'messengers of God'.
- 7:107 So 'Moses' threw his staff to the ground,
and, behold, it was a manifest snake.

تِلْكَ الْقَرْيَ ١٠١
نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءِهَا
وَلَقَدْ جَاءَتْهُمْ
رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ
فَمَا كَانُوا لِيُؤْمِنُوا
بِمَا كَذَّبُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ
كَذَلِكَ يَطْبَعُ اللَّهُ
عَلَى قُلُوبِ الْكَافِرِينَ
وَمَا وَجَدْنَا
لَا كَثَرَهُمْ مِنْ عَهْدٍ
وَإِنْ وَجَدْنَا
أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَفَاسِقِينَ
ثُمَّ بَعَثْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ مُوسَى
بِآيَاتِنَا إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَئِهِ
فَظَلَمُوا بِهَا
فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَتْ
عَاقِبَةُ الْمُفْسِدِينَ
وَقَالَ مُوسَى يَفِرْعَوْنُ ١٠٢
إِنِّي رَسُولٌ مِنْ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
حَقِيقٌ عَلَى أَنْ لَا
أَقُولَ عَلَى اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ
قَدْ جِئْتُكُمْ
بِبَيِّنَةٍ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ
فَأَرْسِلْ مَعِيَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
قَالَ إِنْ كُنْتَ جِئْتَ بِآيَةٍ
فَأْتِ بِهَا
إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ
فَأَلْقَى عَصَاهُ ١٠٣
فَإِذَا هِيَ ثُعْبَانٌ مُبِينٌ

- 7:108 And he drew forth his hand
 'from the bosom of his garment',
 and, behold,
 it was 'radiant' white 'without blemish'
 to 'all' the onlookers.
- 7:109 The 'assembly of' nobles from Pharaoh's people
 'conferred privately and' said 'to Pharaoh':
 This is most surely a learned sorcerer!
- 7:110 He desires 'only' to oust 'all of' you
 from your land. 'Pharaoh said':
 So what, 'O assembly of nobles,'
 do you command 'concerning him'?
- 7:111 They said: 'O Pharaoh':
 Delay 'answering' him and his brother,
 and send forth summoners into the cities.
- 7:112 They shall come to you
 with every learned sorcerer
 'to overcome Moses'.
- 7:113 So the sorcerers came to Pharaoh.
 They said:
 Shall there, indeed, be a reward for us,
 if it is we who are triumphant?
- 7:114 He said: Yes!
 Moreover, you shall be of those brought near
 'as an added honor'.
- 7:115 They said: O Moses!
 Either you throw 'your staff to the ground',
 or we shall be the ones
 to throw 'down our objects first'.
- 7:116 He said: You throw 'first'.
 So when they threw 'down what they had',
 they bewitched the eyes of the people,
 and terrified them,
 and came forth with awesome sorcery.

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الْجُزْءُ التَّاسِعُ

وَنَزَعَ يَدَهُ ۖ ﴿١٠٨﴾
 فَإِذَا هِيَ بَيَاضٌ لِلنَّظَرِ ۖ
 قَالَ الْمَلَأُ مِنْ قَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ ﴿١٠٩﴾
 إِنَّ هَذَا لَسَاحِرٌ عَلِيمٌ
 يُرِيدُ أَنْ يُخْرِجَكُمْ مِنْ أَرْضِكُمْ
 فَمَاذَا تَأْمُرُونَ ۖ ﴿١١٠﴾
 قَالُوا أَرَجُ وَآخَاهُ
 وَارْسِلِ فِي الْمَدَائِنِ حَاشِرِينَ
 يَا تُوْكَ بِكُلِّ سَحَرٍ عَلِيمٍ ﴿١١١﴾
 وَجَاءَ السَّحَرَةُ فِرْعَوْنَ
 قَالُوا إِنَّ لَنَا لَأَجْرًا
 إِن كُنَّا نَحْنُ الْغَالِبِينَ ﴿١١٢﴾
 قَالَ نَعَمْ
 وَإِنَّكُمْ لَعِنُ الْمُقَرَّبِينَ
 قَالُوا يَمُوسَى ﴿١١٣﴾
 إِمَّا أَنْ تُخْلِفَ وَإِمَّا
 أَنْ تَكُونَ نَحْنُ الْمُلْقِينَ
 قَالَ أَلْقُوا فَلَمَّا أَلْقَوْا
 سَحَرُوا أَعْيُنَ النَّاسِ
 وَاسْتَرْهَبُوهُمْ
 وَجَاءُوا بِسِحْرٍ عَظِيمٍ

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- 7:117 *But We revealed to Moses:
Throw your staff to the ground,
and behold the power of God!
And at once it began swallowing
all that they did falsify.
- 7:118 Thus the truth befell them openly,
and all that they had done was obliterated.
- 7:119 For 'right' then and there they were defeated,
and they had become 'utterly' disgraced.
- 7:120 So the sorcerers fell to the ground,
in astonishment, bowing their faces down
in submission to God.
- 7:121 They said:
We believe in the Lord of 'All' the Worlds,
the Lord of Moses and Aaron!
- 7:123 Pharaoh said:
Have you believed in him 'impetuously'
before I have permitted you to do so?
Indeed, this is, most surely, a conspiracy,
in which all of you
have conspired 'beforehand' in the city,
so as to drive out its 'rightful' people from it.
Yet 'now' you shall know
'how great is my chastisement'?
- 7:124 I shall, most surely, cut off
your hands and your feet on opposite sides!
Then I shall, most surely, crucify you
all together!
- 7:125 They said:
Indeed, to our Lord we are returning.
- 7:126 Moreover, you are only taking revenge on us
because we have believed
in the 'sure' signs of our Lord
when they came to us.
'Thus they prayed:' Our Lord!

١١٧ ﴿وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ أَن ألقِ عَصَاكَ﴾
 ١١٨ ﴿فَإِذَا هِيَ تَلْقَفُ مَا يَأْفِكُونَ فَوَقَّ الْحَقُّ﴾
 ١١٩ ﴿وَبَطَلَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ فَغُلِبُوا هُنَا لَكَ وَانْقَلَبُوا صَغِيرِينَ﴾
 ١٢٠ ﴿وَأَلْقَى السَّحَرَةُ سَجْدِينَ قَالُوا ءَامَنَّا بِرَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ﴾
 ١٢١ ﴿رَبِّ مُوسَىٰ وَهَارُونَ﴾
 ١٢٢ ﴿قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ ءَاْمَنْتُمْ بِهِ قَبْلَ أَنْ ءَاذَنَ لَكُمْ إِنَّ هَٰذَا لَمَكْرٌ مَّكْرْتُمُوهُ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ لِتُخْرِجُوا مِنْهَا أَهْلَهَا فَسَوْفَ نَعْمُونَ﴾
 ١٢٣ ﴿لَأَقْطَعَنَّ أَيْدِيَكُمْ وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ مِنْ خِلَافٍ ثُمَّ لَأُصَلِّبَنَّكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ﴾
 ١٢٤ ﴿قَالُوا إِنَّا إِلَٰكُ رَبِّنَا مُنْقَلِبُونَ وَمَا نَفْعُ مِنَّا إِلَّا ءَآتَ ءَامِنًا يَأْتِيَتُ رَبَّنَا لَمَّا جَاءَ تَنَآ رَبَّنَا أفرِغْ عَلَيْنَا صَبْرًا﴾

- Pour forth upon us patience,
and take our souls as *muslims*,
in willing submission to You `alone`.
- 7:127 So the `assembly of` nobles
from Pharaoh's people said `to him`:
Will you leave Moses and his people
to spread corruption in the land
and to abandon you and your gods?
He said:
We shall `forthwith` slay their sons
and keep their womenfolk alive `for ourselves
in bondage`.
Indeed, we are all-dominating over them.
- 7:128 Moses said to his people:
Seek help from God and be patient.
Indeed, the earth belongs to God,
and He bequeaths it to whomever He so wills
from among His servants.
Thus the ultimate outcome
is `success` for the God-fearing.
- 7:129 They said `to Moses`:
We have been harmed
`with this very persecution`
before you came to us
and after you have come to us.
He said: It may well be
that your Lord will destroy your enemy
and make you successors `to sovereignty`
in the land `after them`.
Then He shall see how `godly` you shall act.
- 7:130 And very truly, We seized the House of Pharaoh
with severe drought and a dearth of fruits,
so that they might become mindful
`of God's admonition`.
- 7:131 Yet when the blessing `of God`

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الجزء التاسع

وَنُوفًا مُسْلِمِينَ
وَقَالَ الْمَلَأُ مِنْ قَوْمِ فِرْعَوْنَ
أَتَنْذِرُ مُوسَى وَقَوْمَهُ
لِيُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَيَذَرُكَ وَإِيَّاهُنَا قَالَ
سَنَقْتُلُنَ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ
وَسَنَسْجِي نِسَاءَهُمْ
وَإِنَّا فَوْقَهُمْ قَاهِرُونَ
قَالَ مُوسَى لِقَوْمِهِ
أَسْتَعِينُوا بِاللَّهِ وَاصْبِرُوا
إِنَّ الْأَرْضَ لِلَّهِ
يُورِثُهَا
مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ
وَالْعَاقِبَةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ
قَالُوا أَوْذَيْنَا
مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَأْتِيَنَا
وَمِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جِئْتَنَا قَالَ
عَسَى رَبُّكُمْ
أَنْ يُهْلِكَ عَدُوَّكُمْ
وَيَسْتَخْلِفَكُمْ
فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَيَنْظُرَ كَيْفَ تَعْمَلُونَ
وَلَقَدْ أَخَذْنَا
عَالِ فِرْعَوْنَ بِالْسِّنِينَ
وَنَقَصَ مِنَ الثَّمَرَاتِ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذْكُرُونَ
فَإِذَا جَاءَهُمُ الْحَسَنَةُ

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الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ

came to them, they said:

This is due to us!

But when any evil afflicted them
for their obstinacy,

they attributed ill-omen to Moses
and those with him.

Now, assuredly,

their ill omen was 'decreed' by God 'alone'.

Yet most of them did not know 'this'.

7:132 Moreover, they said:

Whatever sign you bring to us
with which to bewitch us—

still, we shall never become believers in you!

7:133 So We sent upon them the flood
and locusts and grasshoppers and frogs
and 'turned their waters into' blood—
utterly distinct signs

'that could only be from God'.

But they grew so very arrogant
and were a people of defiant unbelief.

7:134 Yet whenever 'Our' chastisement
fell upon them, they said: O Moses!
Call upon your Lord for us, 'to relieve us'
by virtue of what He has covenanted with you.

If you remove from us

the 'plague of' castigation,

we will, most surely, believe in you

and we will 'set free and' send forth with you
the Children of Israel.

7:135 But whenever We removed
the 'plague of' castigation from them for a term,
which they would then reach,
at once they would breach 'their promise'.

7:136 So We took vengeance on them.

قَالُوا لَنَا هَذَا

وَإِنْ تُصِيبْهُمْ سَيْئَةٌ

يَظُنُّوْا يُمُوسَىٰ وَمَنْ مَعَهُ

أَلَّا إِنَّمَا طَلَرَهُمْ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

وَقَالُوا لَهُمَا تَأْنِيَةٌ مِنْ آيَاتِهِ

لِنَسْحَرَنَّ بِهَا

فَمَا نَحْنُ لَكَ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ

فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمُ الطُّوفَانَ

وَالْجَرَادَ وَالْقُمَّلَ

وَالصَّفَاحَ وَالدَّمَ

ءَايَاتٍ مُفَصَّلَاتٍ فَاسْتَكْبَرُوا

وَكَانُوا قَوْمًا مُتَجَمِعِينَ

وَلَمَّا وَقَعَ عَلَيْهِمُ الرِّجْزُ

قَالُوا يُمُوسَىٰ أَدْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ

يَمَّا عٰهَدَ عِنْدَكَ

لَئِنْ كَشَفْتَ عَنَّا الرِّجْزَ

لَنُؤْمِنَنَّ لَكَ

وَلَنُرْسِلَنَّ مَعَكَ

بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ

فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا

عَنَّهُمُ الرِّجْزَ

إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ هُمْ بَلِغُوهُ

إِذَا هُمْ يَنْتَكِبُونَ

فَانْتَقَمْنَا مِنْهُمْ

فَأَغْرَقْنَاهُمْ فِي الْيَمِّ

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- Thus We drowned them in the sea.
 For they `persistently` denied
 Our `miraculous` signs,
 and they were `obstinately` heedless of them.
- 7:137 Thus We caused the people
 who had been oppressed
 to inherit the eastern and western parts
 of the land
 wherein We have bestowed blessings.
 Thus the good word of your Lord
 was fulfilled upon the Children of Israel,
 for they were patient.
 Moreover, We shattered `to bits`
 all that Pharaoh and his people wrought
 and all that they constructed.
- 7:138 Now, We caused the Children of Israel
 to pass `in safety` through the `divided` sea.
 Then they came upon a people
 devoting themselves to idols
 they had `fashioned`.
 They said: O Moses!
 Make for us a god just as they have gods!
 He said:
 Indeed, you are a people
 who are steeped in ignorance!
- 7:139 Indeed, all that these `idol-worshippers`
 are engaged in shall be ruined.
 And what they have been doing shall be in vain.
- 7:140 He said:
 Shall I seek for you a god
 other than `the One` God,
 while He has shown you preference
 above the `peoples of all the` world?

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الجزء التاسع

بِأَنَّهُمْ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
 وَكَانُوا عَنْهَا غَافِلِينَ
 وَأَوْرَثْنَا الْقَوْمَ الَّذِينَ
 كَانُوا يُسْتَضَعُونَ
 مَشْرِقَ الْأَرْضِ
 وَمَغْرِبَهَا
 الَّتِي بَارَكْنَا فِيهَا
 وَتَمَّتْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ الْحُسْنَى
 عَلَى بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ بِمَا صَبَرُوا
 وَدَمَرْنَا مَا كَانُوا
 يَصْنَعُونَ فِرْعَوْنُ وَقَوْمُهُ
 وَمَا كَانُوا يَعْرِشُونَ
 وَجَوْرًا بِبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ بِالْبَحْرِ
 فَأَتَوْا عَلَى قَوْمٍ
 يَعْكُفُونَ عَلَى أَصْنَامٍ لَهُمْ
 قَالُوا يَنْمُوسَى
 اجْعَلْ لَنَا إِلَهًا كَمَا لَهُمْ آلِهَةٌ
 قَالَ إِنَّكُمْ قَوْمٌ يَجْهَلُونَ
 إِنَّ هَؤُلَاءِ مُتَّبِعُونَ مَا هُم بِفِيهِ
 وَيُظِلُّ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
 قَالَ أَغَيْرَ اللَّهِ
 أَبْغِيكُمْ إِلَهًا وَهُوَ
 فَضَّلَكُمْ عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ

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- 7:141 And 'recall, O Children of Israel',
how We delivered you
from the House of Pharaoh.
They were inflicting upon you
'a most' evil torment, killing your sons
and keeping your womenfolk alive
'for themselves in bondage'.
And in this, there was a great trial
from your Lord.
- 7:142 * Thereafter, We promised to Moses
thirty nights 'of retreat in Our presence
at Mount Tûr',
and We completed them with ten 'more'.
Thus the appointed time of his Lord
was completed 'in' forty nights.
So Moses said to his brother, Aaron:
You shall succeed me among my people.
And you shall do what is right.
And you shall not follow the way
of the sowers of corruption.
- 7:143 So when Moses came at Our appointed time
and his Lord spoke to him, he said:
My Lord, show me 'Yourself',
that I may look upon You.
He said:
You cannot 'withstand this, so as to' see Me.
But look upon the mountain.
If it holds firm in its place,
then shall you see Me.
Yet when his Lord manifested Himself
to the mountain, He caused it to crumble,
and Moses fell down 'faint, utterly' stunned.
Then when he recovered 'his senses', he said:
Highly exalted are You 'far above all'!

وَإِذْ أَنْجَيْنَاكُمْ
مِّنْ آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ
يَسُومُونَكُمْ سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ
يَقْتُلُونَ أَبْنَاءَكُمْ
وَيَسْتَحْيُونَ نِسَاءَكُمْ
وَفِي ذَلِكَ بَلَاءٌ
مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ عَظِيمٌ
وَوَاعَدْنَا مُوسَى
ثَلَاثِينَ لَيْلَةً وَأَتَمَمْنَاهَا بِعَشْرِ
فَتَمَّ مِيقَاتُ رَبِّهِ
أَرْبَعِينَ لَيْلَةً
وَقَالَ مُوسَى لِأَخِيهِ هَارُونَ
اخْلُقْنِي فِي قَوْمِي وَأَصْلِحْ
وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ سَبِيلَ الْمُفْسِدِينَ
وَلَمَّا جَاءَ مُوسَى لِمِيقَاتِنَا
وَكَلَّمَهُ رَبُّهُ قَالَ
رَبِّ أَرِنِي أَنْظُرْ إِلَيْكَ
قَالَ لَنْ تَرَنِي
وَلَكِنْ أَنْظُرْ إِلَى الْجَبَلِ
فَإِنْ أَسْتَقَرَّ مَكَانَهُ
فَسَوْفَ تَرَنِي
فَلَمَّا تَحَلَّى رَبُّهُ لِلْجَبَلِ
جَعَلَهُ دَكًّا
وَحَرَّ مُوسَى صَوْعًا
فَلَمَّا أَفَاقَ قَالَ
سُبْحَنَكَ بُتُّ إِلَيْكَ

I repent to You!

And I am the foremost of the believers in You
among my people!

7:144 God said: O Moses!

Indeed, I have chosen you over all people
with the revelation of My messages
to bear them to all those

to whom I have sent you —

and with the revelation of My words,
which I speak directly to you.

So take the commandments

I have given you and hold to them.

And be of those who are ever thankful.

7:145 Thus We inscribed for him on the Tablets

the fundamental Law

of everything We had decreed in admonition—

and given in explanation—

regarding everything that We had enjoined
upon the Children of Israel.

So take hold of it

with utmost power, O Moses!

And enjoin your people

to take the very best of it and live by it.

Otherwise, I shall show you,

O Children of Israel,

the dwelling-place in Hellfire

of all those who are ungodly.

7:146 I shall turn away from My signs

those who have grown arrogant

in the land, without any right.

For even if they were to see

every natural and revealed sign

of Heavenly truth,

still they would not believe in it.

Moreover, if they see

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الجزء التاسع

وَأَنَا أَوَّلُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

قَالَ يَمُوسَىٰ إِنِّي

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أَصْطَفَيْتَكَ عَلَى النَّاسِ

بِرِسَالَتِي وَبِكَلَامِي

فَخُذْ مَا آتَيْتَكَ

وَكُن مِّنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ

وَكَتَبْنَا لَهُ فِي الْأَلْوَابِ

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مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مَّوْعِظَةً

وَتَفْصِيلًا لِّكُلِّ شَيْءٍ

فَخَذَهَا بِقُوَّةٍ وَأَمَرَ قَوْمَكَ

بِأَخْذِهَا بِأَحْسَنِهَا

سَأُورِيكُمْ دَارَ الْفَاسِقِينَ

سَأَصْرِفُ عَنْ آيَاتِيَ الَّذِينَ

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يَتَكَبَّرُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

بِعَیْرِ الْحَقِّ

وَإِنْ يَرَوْا كُتُبًا آيَةً

لَا يُؤْمِنُ بِهَا

وَإِنْ يَرَوْا سَبِيلَ الرُّشْدِ

the way of 'faith and' right guidance,
they do not take it as a way 'of life'.
Yet if they see the way of perversion,
they take it as a way 'of life'.

That is because

they have belied Our 'revealed' signs
and have been heedless of them.

- 7:147 Yet 'all' those who belie Our signs
and the 'destined' Meeting of 'God
for Judgment in' the Hereafter—
their 'good' works
shall be 'rendered utterly' futile 'with God'.
Shall they be recompensed
'with eternal Fire' for other than
all 'the evil' that they have done?

- 7:148 Still, the people of Moses,
after his 'departure to Mount Tûr',
made from their ornaments
a 'Golden' Calf 'to worship'—
a mere 'spiritless' body
'that' with 'the blowing wind'
made the sound of 'a low'.
Did they not consider
that it could not 'even' speak to them,
nor guide them in any way?
They took it 'as a god',
and 'thus' they were wrongdoers,
'godless in heart'.

- 7:149 So when they fell
to wringing their hands 'in regret',
and they saw that they had strayed, they said:
If our Lord
does not have mercy upon us, and forgive us,
we will, most surely, be among the losers

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفَافِ

الجزء التاسع

لَا يَتَّخِذُوهُ سَبِيلًا
وَإِنْ يَكْرُوا سَبِيلَ الْغَىِّ
يَتَّخِذُوهُ سَبِيلًا
ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
وَكَانُوا عَنْهَا غَافِلِينَ
وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
وَلَفِئَةُ الْآخِرَةِ
حِطَّتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ
هَلْ يُجْزَوْنَ
إِلَّا مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
وَاتَّخَذَ قَوْمُ مُوسَى مِنْ بَعْدِهِ
مِنْ حُلِيِّهِمْ
عِجْلًا جَسَدًا لَّهُ خَوَارٌ
أَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَّهُ لَا يَكْلُمُهُمْ
وَلَا يَهْدِيهِمْ سَبِيلًا
اتَّخَذُوهُ
وَكَانُوا ظَالِمِينَ
وَلَمَّا سَقَطَ فِي أَيْدِيهِمْ
وَرَأَوْا أَنَّهُمْ قَدْ ضَلُّوا
قَالُوا لَئِنْ لَمْ يَرْحَمْنَا رَبُّنَا
وَيَغْفِرْ لَنَا لَنَكُونَنَّ
مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ

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of an everlasting Paradise!

7:150 Thus when Moses returned to his people,
wrathful and sorrowful, he said:

Woeful is that

with which you have succeeded me
after my departure!

Have you hastened your Lord's command
of destruction?

And he threw the inscribed Tablets
to the ground

and seized his brother by the head,
dragging him toward himself.

Aaron said: Son of my mother!

Indeed, the people oppressed me
and were about to kill me!

So do not make

the enemies of faith gloat over me.

And do not place me
among the wrongdoing people.

7:151 Moses said: My Lord!

Forgive me and my brother!

And admit us into Your mercy,
for it is You alone

who are the most merciful
of all who are merciful.

7:152 As to those who took the Golden Calf
as a god,

indeed, great wrath from their Lord
shall reach them,

as well as humiliation in the life of this world.

And thus do We recompense
the forgers of idolatry.

7:153 Yet those who did vile deeds,
then repented thereafter and believed,

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الجزء التاسع

وَلَمَّا رَجَعَ مُوسَى إِلَى قَوْمِهِ

غَضِبْنَ أَسَفًا قَالَ

يُسْمَا خَلَفْتُونِي مِنْ بَعْدِي

أَعَجَلْتُمْ أَمْرَ رَبِّكُمْ

وَأَلْقَى الْأَلْوَاحَ

وَأَخَذَ بِرَأْسِ أَخِيهِ يَجُرُّهُ إِلَيْهِ

قَالَ ابْنَ أُمِّ

إِنْ أَلْقَوْمْ أَسْتَضَعِفُونِي

وَكَاذِبُونَ

فَلَا تُشْمِتُكَ الْأَعْدَاءُ

وَلَا يَجْعَلْنِي

مَعَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ

قَالَ رَبِّ اغْفِرْ لِي وَلِأَخِي

وَأَدْخِلْنَا فِي رَحْمَتِكَ

وَأَنْتَ أَزْكَمُ الرَّاحِمِينَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا الْعِجْلَ

سَيَنَالُهُمْ غَضَبٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ

وَذِلَّةٌ فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَكَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُفْتَرِينَ

وَالَّذِينَ عَمِلُوا السَّيِّئَاتِ

ثُمَّ تَابُوا مِنْ بَعْدِهَا وَآمَنُوا

إِنَّ رَبَّكَ مِنْ بَعْدِهَا

لَعَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

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indeed, your Lord, thereafter,
is assuredly all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
7:154 So when Moses' wrath abated,
he retrieved the Tablets.
For in their inscription was 'divine' guidance
and 'the way to God's' mercy
for those who had dread
'of the punishment' of their Lord.

- 7:155 Moreover, Moses chose from his people
seventy 'elect' men for Our appointed time
'to meet at Mount Tûr',
to offer their repentance'.
Then when 'they demanded to see God',
and 'the convulsion' of the earth
overtook them, he said: My Lord!
Had You so willed, You would have destroyed
'all of' them before—and myself 'as well—
for the Golden Calf'.
Will You destroy us
for what the fools among us have done?
It is only Your trial
by which You leave to stray
whomever You will
and You guide whomever You will.
You are our 'only' Patron.
So forgive us and have mercy upon us.
For You are the best of those who forgive.
7:156 *Moreover, decree for us
good in this world and in the Hereafter.
Indeed, we have turned to You 'in repentance.
God' said:
I afflict with My torment whomever I so will.
Yet My mercy encompasses all things.
Thus shall I decree it
for those who are God-fearing

وَلَمَّا سَكَتَ ١٥٤

عَنْ مُوسَى الْقَضَبُ
أَخَذَ الْأَلْوَحَ فِي نُشْخَتِهَا
هُدًى وَرَحْمَةً

لِلَّذِينَ هُمْ لِرَبِّهِمْ يَرْهَبُونَ
وَاخْتَارَ مُوسَى قَوْمَهُ

سَبْعِينَ رَجُلًا يَلْقَيْنَنَا
فَلَمَّا أَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ
قَالَ رَبِّ لَوْ شِئْتَ

أَهْلَكْتَهُمْ مِنْ قَبْلُ وَإِنِّي
أَتْلُو كُنَّا بِمَا فَعَلَ السُّفَهَاءُ مِنَّا
إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا فِتْنَتُكَ

تُضِلُّ بِهَا مَنْ تَشَاءُ
وَتَهْدِي مَنْ تَشَاءُ

أَنْتَ وَلِيُّنَا فَاغْفِرْ لَنَا وَارْحَمْنَا
وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الْغَافِرِينَ

وَاكْتُبْ لَنَا ١٥٦

فِي هَذِهِ الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً
وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ

إِنَّا هُدْنَا إِلَيْكَ قَالَ عَذَابِي
أَصِيبُ بِمَنْ أَشَاءُ

وَرَحْمَتِي وَسِعَتْ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ
فَسَاكُنْهَا لِلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَ

وَيُؤْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ

and who give the Zakât-Charity,
and those, moreover,
who believe in 'all of' Our 'revealed' signs.

- 7:157 'These are' the ones
who shall follow the 'last' Messenger,
the unlettered Prophet, 'Muhammad—
he' whom they find inscribed
in the 'Torah' that is 'with them
and 'in' the Evangel;
'he' who enjoins them with what is right
and forbids them from what is wrong,
making lawful for them wholesome things,
and prohibiting for them impure things;
and relieving them
from the burden 'of strict obligation'
and the yokes 'of oppression'
that were 'before laid' upon them.
So those who believe in him,
and who 'ardently' uphold him and support him,
and who follow the 'guiding' light
that has been sent down with him—
it is these who are the 'truly' successful.

- 7:158 'O Muhammad,' say: O humankind!
Indeed, I am the Messenger of God
to all of you.
He is the One to whom the kingdom
of the heavens and the earth belong.
There is no God but Him.
He 'alone' gives life. And He 'alone' gives death.
So believe in God and His Messenger,
the unlettered Prophet,
who believes in God and His words.
Moreover, follow him,
so that you may be guided aright.

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفِ

الجزء التاسع

وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ بِآيَاتِنَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

الَّذِينَ يَتَّبِعُونَ

الرَّسُولَ النَّبِيَّ الْأُمِّيَّ

الَّذِي يَجِدُونَهُ مَكْتُوبًا

عِنْدَهُمْ فِي التَّوْرَةِ

وَالْإِنْجِيلِ

يَأْمُرُهُمْ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ

وَيَنْهَاهُمْ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ

وَيُحِلُّ لَهُمُ الطَّيِّبَاتِ

وَيُحَرِّمُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْخَبَائِثَ

وَيَضَعُ عَنْهُمْ إِصْرَهُمْ

وَالْأَغْلَالَ الَّتِي كَانَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ

فَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِهِ

وَعَزَّزُوا وَنَصَرُوا

وَاتَّبَعُوا النَّورَ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ مَعَهُ

أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ

قُلْ يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ

إِنِّي رَسُولُ اللَّهِ

إِلَيْكُمْ جَمِيعًا الَّذِي لَهُ

مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ

فَآمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

النَّبِيِّ الْأُمِّيِّ

الَّذِي يُؤْمَرُ

بِاللَّهِ وَكَلِمَاتِهِ وَاتَّبِعُوهُ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء التاسع

- 7:159 Now, among the people of Moses,
there is a community
that guides 'people' by the 'revealed' truth,
and with it they do justice.
- 7:160 For We divided them into twelve tribes,
as communities.
Thus We revealed to Moses,
when his people
sought drinking water from him 'in the desert',
strike the stone with your staff.
Then from it gushed twelve springs.
Each 'group of' people knew its watering place.
Moreover, We shaded them
with thin cloud cover.
And We sent down upon them
manna and quail 'for sustenance, saying':
Eat of the wholesome foods
which We have provided you.
Yet they did not wrong Us
'with their defiant ingratitude'.
But, rather, it was their own souls
they were 'all the while' wronging.
- 7:161 For 'they rebelled' when it was said to them:
Dwell in this town.
Moreover, eat from it wherever you will.
Yet say 'to your Lord':
Disburden us 'from our sins'!
and enter the gate with bowed head.
We shall forgive you of your sins;
We shall increase 'abundantly in reward'
those who excel in 'doing' good.
- 7:162 But those of them
who were 'accustomed to' doing wrong
substituted 'this invocation' with a word
unlike 'the Heavenly command'

وَمِنْ قَوْمِ مُوسَى
أُمَّةٌ يَهْدُونَ بِالْحَقِّ
وَبِهِ يَعْلَمُونَ
وَقَطَعْنَاهُمْ اثْنَتَيْ عَشْرَةَ
أَسْبَاطًا أُمَمًا
وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَى مُوسَى
إِذْ أَسْتَسْقَى قَوْمَهُ آبًا
أَضْرِبْ بِعَصَاكَ الْحَجَرَ
فَانْجَسَتْ مِنْهُ
اثْنَتَا عَشْرَةَ عَيْنًا قَدْ عَلِمَ
كُلُّ أَتَّاسٍ مَشْرِبَهُمْ
وَوَضَعْنَا عَلَىٰ غَنَمِهِمُ
الْأَمْعَاءَ وَالسَّلَوى
كُلُوا مِنْ طَيِّبَاتِ
مَا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ
وَمَا ظَلَمُونَا
وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا
أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ
وَإِذْ قِيلَ لَهُمْ
اسْكُنُوا هَذِهِ الْقَرْيَةَ
وَكُلُوا مِنْهَا
حَيْثُ شِئْتُمْ وَقُولُوا حِطَّةٌ
وَادْخُلُوا الْبَابَ سُجَّدًا
نَقَرْنَا لَكُمْ خَطِيئَتَكُمْ
سَازِيدَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ
فَبَدَّلَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا مِنْهُمْ
قَوْلًا غَيْرَ الَّذِي قِيلَ لَهُمْ

that was said to them.
 So We sent upon them
 a plague of castigation from the sky
 for the wrong they were doing.
 7:163 Moreover, ask them about the town
 which was located by the sea,
 when they violated the Sabbath.
 Behold, again and again,
 their fish came toward them
 on their Sabbath day, shoreward, in plain view.
 Yet every day that they had no Sabbath,
 they did not come to them.
 Thus did We try them,
 for the deeds of ungodliness
 they had committed.

7:164 And behold!
 A group in this community said
 to another who used to admonish
 the Sabbath-breakers:
 Why do you admonish a transgressing people
 whom God will destroy
 or whom He will torment
 with a severe torment in the Hereafter?
 They said: We enjoin what is right
 to be blameless before your Lord,
 and that they may become God-fearing.

7:165 So when the Sabbath-breakers
 abandoned belief
 in what they had been repeatedly
 reminded about by way of admonition,
 We delivered those
 who ever forbade wrongdoing.
 But, suddenly, We seized those
 who were ever doing wrong
 with a most woeful torment

سُورَةُ الْأَعْرَافِ

الجزء التاسع

فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ جَزَاءً
 مِنْ السَّمَاءِ بِمَا
 كَانُوا يَظْلِمُونَ

وَسَأَلْنَهُمْ عَنِ الْقَرْيَةِ
 الَّتِي كَانَتْ

حَاضِرَةً الْبَحْرِ
 إِذْ يَعْبُدُونَ فِي السَّبْتِ
 إِذْ تَأْتِيهِمْ حِيتَانُهُمْ
 يَوْمَ سَبْتِهِمْ شُرَعًا
 وَيَوْمَ لَا يَسْبِتُونَ
 لَا تَأْتِيهِمْ

كَذَلِكَ نَبْلُوهُمْ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ

وَإِذْ قَالَتْ أُمَّةٌ مِنْهُمْ
 لِمَ تَعِظُونَ قَوْمًا

اللَّهُ مُهْلِكُهُمْ أَوْ مُعَذِّبُهُمْ

عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا قَالُوا

مَعذِرَةٌ إِلَى رَبِّكُمْ

وَلَعَلَّهُمْ يَنْفِقُونَ

فَلَمَّا نَسُوا مَا ذُكِّرُوا بِهِ

أَنجَيْنَا الَّذِينَ

يَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ السُّوءِ

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفِ

الجزء التاسع

for the deeds of ungodliness
they had committed.

7:166 Thus, when they had become insolently defiant
concerning that from which
they had been strictly forbidden,
We said to them:

Be you apes, most despicable!

7:167 And behold!

Your Lord has solemnly proclaimed
that He will assuredly send forth
against all the rebellious among them—
until the Day of Resurrection—
those who shall afflict them
with the worst torment.

Indeed, your Lord

is assuredly swift in punishment.

Yet, indeed, He is most forgiving
and mercy-giving to the penitent.

7:168 Thus We rent them apart
into diverse communities and scattered them
throughout the earth.

Some of them were righteous,
and some of them were otherwise.

So We tried those of them who were sinful
with both good things and adversities,
that they might return to the way of God.

7:169 Then succeeding after them
came generations of impious descendants
who—despite having inherited
the covenant of the Scripture—
chose rather to seize hold
of the ungodly, fleeting things
of this lesser world,
while saying to one another:
It shall be forgiven for us.

وَأَخَذْنَا الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا

بِعَذَابٍ بَئِيسٍ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ

فَلَمَّا عَتَوْا عَنْ مَا نُهُوا عَنْهُ

قُلْنَا لَهُمْ

كُونُوا فِرْدَوْ حَنَسِيرِينَ

وَإِذْ تَأَذَّنَ رَبُّكَ

لِيُبَعِثَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ

إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ مَنْ

يُسُوهُمْ سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ

إِنَّ رَبَّكَ

لَسَرِيعُ الْعِقَابِ

وَلَئِنَّ لَافْقُورًا رَجِيمًا

وَوَطَّعْنَاهُمْ

فِي الْأَرْضِ أُمَمًا

مِنْهُمْ الصَّالِحِينَ

وَمِنْهُمْ دُونَ ذَلِكَ

وَيَكُونُ لَهُمْ بِالْحَسَنَاتِ

وَالسَّيِّئَاتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ

فَخَلَفَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ خَلْفٌ

وَرِثُوا الْكِتَابَ

يَأْخُذُونَ عَرَضَ هَذَا الْأَدْنَى

١٦٦

١٦٧

١٦٨

١٦٩

And should more of the same fleeting things
 again come their way,
 they will yet seize hold of them obsessively.
 Was not the covenant of the Scripture
 taken by them, that they should say of God
 nothing but the truth?
 Moreover, they have studied
 what is in it, as well!
 Yet the abode of the Hereafter
 is far better than all they have amassed,
 for those who are God-fearing.
 Will you not, then, understand this,
 O People of the Scripture?

- 7:170 Thus those who hold firm
 to the tidings and covenants of the Scripture
 and duly establish the Prayer
 shall be rewarded.
 Indeed, We do not waste the reward
 of any of the righteous.
- 7:171 *And, behold!
 We lifted the very mountain
 of Tûr of Sinai above them,
 as though it were a great shade cloud,
 and they thought that it would drop upon them.
 We said: Take hold of the covenant
 that We have given you, O Children of Israel,
 with utmost power!
 And be ever mindful of
 what is prescribed in it,
 so that you may become truly God-fearing.

- 7:172 Now, behold!
 Your Lord took from the Children of Adam—
 from their loins—
 all the souls that would become their posterity.

يٰۤاَيُّهَا الَّذِيْنَ

الْجُزْءُ التَّاسِعُ

وَيَقُولُونَ سَيَعْفِرُ لَنَا
 وَإِن يَأْتِهِمْ عَرَضٌ مِّثْلَهُ يَأْخُذُوهُ
 أَلَمْ يُؤْخَذْ عَلَيْهِمُ
 مِّيثَاقُ الْكِتَابِ أَن لَّا
 يَقُولُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ
 وَدَرَسُوا مَا فِيهِ
 وَالذَّارُ الْآخِرَةُ
 خَيْرٌ لِّلَّذِينَ يَنْقُونَ
 أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ

وَالَّذِينَ

(١٧٠)

يُمْسِكُونَ بِالْكِتَابِ
 وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ
 إِنَّا لَا نَضِيعُ أَجْرَ الْمُصْلِحِينَ
 وَإِذْ نَنفَخْنَا الْجِبَلَ فَوْقَهُمْ
 كَأَنَّهُ ظِلَّةٌ

(١٧١)

وَوَظَنُوا أَنَّهُ وَاقِعٌ بِهِمْ
 خُذُوا مَا آتَيْنَاكُمْ بِقُوَّةٍ
 وَادْكُرُوا مَا فِيهِ
 لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ
 وَإِذْ أَخَذَ رَبُّكَ

(١٧٢)

مِن بَنِي آدَمَ
 مِنْ ظُهُورِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّتَهُمْ

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفِ

الجزء التاسع

And He made them bear witness
to their own souls—saying to them:

Am I not your Lord?

They said: Oh yes, indeed!

We do so bear witness!

‘This We did in the event’ that you should say
on the Day of Resurrection:

Indeed, we were heedless of this ‘truth’.

7:173 Or that you should say:

It was only that our forefathers
associated gods ‘with You’ from of old,
and we were ‘merely their’ posterity
‘following’ after them.

Will You, then, destroy us
for what the ‘real’ progenitors of falsehood did?

7:174 And so it is that We make utterly distinct
the ‘revealed’ signs,
so that they may return ‘to the way of God’.

7:175 Recite to them, as well,
the account of one to whom We gave
Our ‘illuminating’ signs,
‘so that he might be upright and godly’.
But he stripped himself of them.
So Satan followed after him.
Thus did he become of the perverse.

7:176 And had We so willed,
We would, most surely, have elevated him
by these ‘illuminating signs’.
But, rather, he clung to the earth
and followed his whims.
Thus his likeness is as the example of a dog.
If you chase it, it pants.
Or if you leave it, it pants.
That is the likeness of people

وَأَشْهَدَهُمْ عَلَىٰ أَنْفُسِهِمْ

أَلَسْتُ بِرَبِّكُمْ

قَالُوا بَلَىٰ شَهِدْنَا

أَنْ تَقُولُوا يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

إِنَّا كُنَّا عَنْ هَذَا غَافِلِينَ

أَوْ تَقُولُوا ﴿١٧٣﴾

إِنَّمَا أَشْرَكَ آبَاؤُنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَكُنَّا ذُرِّيَّةً مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ

أَفَنُهِّلُكُمْ بِمَا فَعَلَ الْمُظِلُّونَ

وَكَذَلِكَ نَقُصُّ الْأَيَاتِ ﴿١٧٤﴾

وَلَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ

وَأَتْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ ﴿١٧٥﴾

نَبَأَ الَّذِي آتَيْنَاهُ آيَاتِنَا

فَأَسْلَخَ مِنْهَا

فَأَتْبَعَهُ الشَّيْطَانُ

فَكَانَ مِنَ الْمَوَارِبِ

وَلَوْ شِئْنَا لَرَفَعْنَاهُ بِهَا ﴿١٧٦﴾

وَلَكِنَّهُ

أَخْلَدَ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ

وَاتَّبَعَ هَوَاهُ

فَمَثَلُهُ كَمَثَلِ الْكَلْبِ

إِنْ تَحِمَّلْ عَلَيْهِ يَلْهَثْ

أَوْ تَرُكْهُ يَلْهَثْ

- who belie Our 'revealed' signs.
 So relate 'to one and all'
 the stories 'of bygone people',
 so that they may reflect 'on the consequences
 of their own deeds'.
- 7:177 Evil is the likeness of a people who have belied
 Our 'revealed and natural' signs.
 Yet it is their own souls
 they were 'all the while' wronging
 'in rejecting them'.
- 7:178 Whomever God guides,
 then he is 'truly' guided.
 And whomever He leaves to stray,
 it is they who are the losers
 'of an everlasting Paradise'.
- 7:179 For truly We created for Hell
 many of the jinn and humans.
 They have hearts
 with which they do not understand.
 And they have eyes with which they do not see.
 And they have ears
 with which they do not hear.
 Such as these are like cattle.
 Rather, they are more astray!
 It is these who are the heedless.
- 7:180 Yet to God belong the most excellent names.
 So call upon Him with them.
 And leave 'alone' those who profane His names.
 They shall be 'duly' recompensed
 for all that they have done 'in life'.
- 7:181 Thus, of 'all' those whom We have created,
 there is a community
 that guides 'people' by the 'revealed' truth,
 and with it they do justice 'to others'.

سُورَةُ الْأَعْرَافِ

الجزء التاسع

ذَٰلِكَ مَثَلُ الْقَوْمِ
 الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
 فَاقْصُصِ الْقَصَصَ
 لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ
 سَاءَ مَثَلًا الْقَوْمُ (١٧٧)
 الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
 وَأَنْفُسُهُمْ كَانُوا بِظُلْمٍ
 مَنْ يَهْدِ اللَّهُ
 فَهُوَ الْمُهْتَدِى
 وَمَنْ يُضِلِلْ
 فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ
 وَلَقَدْ ذَرَأْنَا لِجَهَنَّمَ
 كَثِيرًا مِّنَ
 الْجِنِّ وَالْإِنسِ
 لَهُمْ قُلُوبٌ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ بِهَا
 وَلَهُمْ أَعْيُنٌ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ بِهَا
 وَلَهُمْ آذَانٌ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا
 أُولَٰئِكَ كَالْأَنْعَامِ
 بَلْ هُمْ أَضَلُّ
 أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْغَافِلُونَ
 وَلِلَّهِ الْأَسْمَاءُ الْحُسْنَى
 فَادْعُوهُ بِهَا وَذَرُوا الَّذِينَ
 يُلْحِذُونَ فِي الْأَسْمَاءِ
 سَبَّحُونَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
 وَمِمَّنْ خَلَقْنَا أُمَّةً يَهْدُونَ
 بِالْحَقِّ وَبِهِ يَعْدِلُونَ (١٨١)

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفِ

الجزء التاسع

- 7:182 But as to those who belie Our 'revealed' signs,
We shall draw them forth
'by the cares of the world',
gradually, to their horrific end,
from where they do not know.
- 7:183 Yet I shall 'first' grant them respite.
Indeed, My plan is 'inescapably' firm.
- 7:184 Do they not reflect?
There is no 'trace of' insanity at all
in their companion, 'Muhammad'.
Indeed, he is not less than a clear forewarner.
- 7:185 Do they not look upon the vast kingdom
of the heavens and the earth,
and everything God has created 'therein',
and 'consider' that it may well be
that their own term 'of death' is drawing near?
Then in which 'divine' pronouncement
after this 'Quran' will they believe?
- 7:186 Whomever God leaves to stray,
no guide is there for him.
For He will leave them in their transgression,
wandering blindly.
- 7:187 They ask you 'scornfully'
about the Hour 'of Doom, O Prophet',
when its arrival shall be.
Say 'to them':
Indeed, the knowledge of its 'arrival'
is solely with my Lord.
None shall reveal it at its time, except Him.
It weighs heavy in the heavens
and 'upon' the earth.
It shall not come to you, save suddenly.
They ask you 'about the time for it'
as though you are apprised of it.

وَالَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا
سَنَسْتَدْرِجُهُمْ
مِّنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
وَأُمْلِي لَهُمْ
إِنَّ كَيْدِي مَتِينٌ
أَوَلَمْ يَنْفَكُوا
مَا بِصَاحِبِهِمْ مِنْ حِنَّةٍ
إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ
أَوَلَمْ يَنْظُرُوا فِي مَلَكُوتِ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَمَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
وَأَنْ عَسَى أَنْ يَكُونَ
قَدِ اقْتَرَبَ أَجَلُهُمْ
فِي آيِ حَدِيثٍ بَعْدَهُ، يُؤْمِنُونَ
مَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ
فَلَا هَادِيَ لَهُ
وَيَذَرُهُمْ فِي طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ
يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ
أَيَّانَ مَرُسَهَا
قُلْ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ رَبِّي
لَا يُجِيلُهَا لَوْفُنَا إِلَّا هُوَ
نَقَلَتْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
لَا تَأْتِيكُمْ إِلَّا بَغْتَةً
يَسْأَلُونَكَ كَأَنَّكَ حَفِيٌّ عَنْهَا

Say: Indeed, its knowledge is solely with God.
But most people do not know this.

7:188 Say to them:

I do not hold for myself either benefit or harm,
except as God so wills.

And were I to know the ‘hidden’ unseen,

I would certainly increase myself

in all that is good,

and never would evil touch me.

Yet I am only a forewarner

‘of God’s nearing Judgment’

and a bearer of glad tidings

‘of everlasting delight in Paradise

sent to a people who would believe.

7:189 *He is the One

who created ‘all of’ you from a single soul.

And from it He made its mate,

to ‘find’ repose with her.

‘And from them both,

descended all humankind.’

So when ‘he approaches her

in intimacy, and ‘he covers her,

she bears ‘in her womb

what is first ‘a light burden.

Then she goes about with it.

Then when she becomes heavy ‘with child’,

they call upon God,

the Lord of both of them, ‘praying:

If you give us a good ‘child’,

we will most surely be

of those who are ‘forever’ thankful.

7:190 Then when He gives them a good ‘child’,

they ascribe to Him associate-gods

in ‘creating’ what He ‘alone’ has given them.

Yet God is most high—

سُورَةُ الْأَعْرَافِ

الجزء التاسع

قُلْ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

قُلْ لَا أَمْلِكُ لِنَفْسِي

نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرًّا

إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ

وَلَوْ كُنْتُ أَعْلَمُ الْغَيْبِ

لَاسْتَكْنَزْتُ مِنَ الْخَيْرِ

وَمَا مَسَّقِي السُّوءِ

إِن أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ

لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ

مِنْ نَفْسٍ وَاحِدَةٍ

وَجَعَلَ مِنْهَا زَوْجَهَا

لِيَسْكُنَ إِلَيْهَا

فَلَمَّا تَغَشَّاهَا

حَمَلَتْ حَمْلًا خَفِيفًا

فَمَرَّتْ بِهِ

فَلَمَّا أَثْقَلَتْ دَعَا اللَّهَ رَبَّهُمَا

لَئِنْ آتَيْتَنَا صَالِحًا

لَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ

فَلَمَّا آتَاهُمَا صَالِحًا

جَعَلَا لِلَّهِ شُرَكَاءَ

فِيمَا آتَاهُمَا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّامِنُ

'far' above all that they associate
as gods 'with Him'.

- 7:191 Do they associate 'with God
entities' that cannot create a thing,
but are themselves created,
7:192 and that are utterly incapable
of offering help to them,
or even of helping themselves?
7:193 Yet when you 'believers' call
'those of' them 'who are idolaters' to guidance,
they do not follow you.
It is the same for you 'in the end'
whether you have called them to faith
or were silent.
7:194 Indeed, 'all' those you call upon 'as deities'
other than God are servants like yourselves.
So call upon them and let them answer you,
if you are, indeed, truthful.
7:195 Do they have feet, with which they walk?
Or do they have hands, with which they assault?
Or do they have eyes, with which they see?
Or do they have ears, with which they hear?
Say 'to them, O Prophet':
Call upon your associate-gods.
Then plot against me—and give me no respite!
7:196 Indeed, my Patron is God,
who has sent down the 'Quran
as a Heavenly' Book—
and He 'alone is the Patron
who' safeguards the righteous.
7:197 But all those you call upon, apart from Him,
are incapable of helping you.
Nor can they even help themselves.
7:198 Moreover, were you to call them,
to 'right' guidance, they could not hear 'you'.

فَعَلَى اللَّهِ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ

أَيُشْرِكُونَ مَا لَا يَخْلُقُ شَيْئًا

(١٩١)

وَهُمْ يُخْلَقُونَ

وَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ لَهُمْ نَصْرًا

(١٩٢)

وَلَا أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَنْصُرُونَ

وَإِنْ تَدْعُهُمْ إِلَى الْهُدَى

(١٩٣)

لَا يَسْتَجِيبُواكُمْ

سَوَاءَ عَلَيْهِمْ أَدْعَوْتَهُمْ

أَمْ أَسَأْتَهُمْ صُنُوفًا

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ

(١٩٤)

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

عِبَادٌ أَمْثَلُكُمْ

فَادْعُوهُمْ

فَلَيْسَتْ جِبُوا لَكُمْ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

أَلَهُمْ أَنْجُلٌ يَمْشُونَ بِهَا

(١٩٥)

أَمْ لَهُمْ أَيْدٍ يَبْطِشُونَ بِهَا

أَمْ لَهُمْ أَعْيُنٌ يُبْصِرُونَ بِهَا

أَمْ لَهُمْ آذَانٌ يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا

قُلْ ادْعُوا شُرَكَاءَكُمْ

ثُمَّ كِيدُوا فَلَا تُنْظَرُونَ

إِنْ وَلِيَ اللَّهُ

(١٩٦)

الَّذِي نَزَّلَ الْكِتَابَ

وَهُوَ يَتَوَلَّى الصَّالِحِينَ

وَالَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِهِ

(١٩٧)

لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ نَصْرَكُمْ

وَلَا أَنْفُسُهُمْ يَنْصُرُونَ

Thus you, ‘O Prophet,
see them looking ‘blankly’ at you,
for they do not see.

7:199 Take the course of pardoning ‘others,
O Prophet, and enjoin what is right.
Yet turn away

from the ignorant ‘and belligerent’.

7:200 And should there be any insinuation
by Satan to instigate you ‘to do otherwise’,
then seek refuge in God.

Indeed, He is all-hearing, all-knowing.

7:201 ‘For’, indeed, those who are God-fearing
remember ‘God’s covenant’ when touched
with a passing impulse from Satan—
and at once they see things ‘as truly they are’.

7:202 But ‘as for the ungodly’,
their ‘devilish’ brethren abet them in perversity;
hence, they do not desist
‘from sinful indulgence’.

7:203 Moreover, if you do not come forth to them
with a ‘miraculous’ sign,
they say ‘in mockery’:

Why do you not concoct one,
‘or acquire it from God’!

Say ‘to them’:

I follow only what is revealed to me
from my Lord.

This ‘Quran’ has ‘many’ manifest proofs
‘that my message is’ from your Lord,
and ‘that it is divine’ guidance
and ‘the way to God’s’ mercy
for a people who believe
‘in Heavenly revelation’.

سُورَةُ الْأَعْرَافِ

الجزء التاسع

وَإِنْ تَدْعُهُمْ إِلَى الْهُدَى
لَا يَسْمَعُوا

وَتَرْنَهُمْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ
وَهُمْ لَا يَبْصُرُونَ

خُذِ الْعَفْوَ وَأْمُرْ بِالْعُرْفِ
وَأَعْرِضْ عَنِ الْجَاهِلِينَ

وَأِمَّا يَنْزَغَنَّكَ
مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ نَزْغٌ

فَاَسْتَعِذْ بِاللَّهِ

إِنَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا

إِذَا مَسَّهُمْ طَلِيفٌ

مِّنَ الشَّيْطَانِ تَذَكَّرُوا

فَإِذَا هُمْ مُبْصِرُونَ

وَأَخْوَانُهُمْ

يَمْدُونَهُمْ فِي الْعَنَى

ثُمَّ لَا يَقْصِرُونَ

وَإِذَا لَمْ تَأْتِهِمْ بَيَاةٌ

قَالُوا لَوْلَا آجْتَابَتْهُمْ

قُلُوبُنَا إِنَّمَا آتَيْنَا

مَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَىٰ مِن رَّبِّي

هَذَا بَصَائِرُ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ

وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً

لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

سُورَةُ الْأَرْفَافِ

الجزء التاسع

- 7:204 So when the Quran is recited,
listen to it, 'O humanity,' and give heed,
so that you may be shown mercy.
- 7:205 Moreover, remember your Lord, 'O Prophet,'
within your soul with humility and with fear,
yet without being loud of voice,
in the early mornings
and 'in' the late afternoons.
And do not be of the heedless.
- 7:206 Indeed, those 'angels' near your Lord
are not disdainful of His worship.
Rather, they duly exalt Him.
And to Him 'alone'
do they bow 'their faces' down. ﴿٢٠٦﴾

﴿٢٠٤﴾ وَإِذَا قُرِئَ الْقُرْآنُ

فَاسْتَمِعُوا لَهُ وَأَنْصِتُوا

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَرْحَمُونَ

﴿٢٠٥﴾ وَادْكُرْ رَبَّكَ فِي نَفْسِكَ

تَضَرُّعًا وَخِيفَةً

وَدُونَ الْجَهْرِ مِنَ الْقَوْلِ

بِالْغَدُوِّ وَالْآصَالِ

وَلَا تَكُنْ مِنَ الْغَافِلِينَ

﴿٢٠٦﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ

لَا يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ عَنْ عِبَادَتِهِ

وَيُسَبِّحُونَهُ

وَلَهُ يَسْجُدُونَ ﴿٢٠٦﴾

Surah 8 / 75 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Anfâl

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 8:1 They ask you, 'O Prophet,`
about the 'proper disposition
of the` spoils of war.
Say` to them:
The authority to disburse` the spoils
belongs to God and the Messenger.
So fear God.
And set things aright among yourselves.
And obey God and His Messenger,
if, indeed, you are believers.
- 8:2 'For` only those are true believers
who, when God is mentioned,
their hearts tremble;
and when His verses are recited to them,
it increases them in faith;
and upon their Lord` alone do` they rely;
and who` duly` establish the Prayer
and who spend` charitably`
out of what We have provided them.
- 8:4 It is these who are, in truth, the believers.
For them, there are 'lofty` ranks
'awaiting` with their Lord, and forgiveness,
and a generous provision.

يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الْأَنْفَالِ ﴿١﴾
قُلِ الْأَنْفَالُ لِلَّهِ وَالرَّسُولِ
فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
وَأَصْلِحُوا ذَاتَ بَيْنِكُمْ
وَأَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ
إِنَّمَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الَّذِينَ
إِذَا ذُكِرَ اللَّهُ وَجِلَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ
وَإِذَا تُلِيَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتُهُ
زَادَتْهُمْ إِيمَانًا
وَعَلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ
الَّذِينَ ﴿٢﴾
يُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ
وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنْفِقُونَ
أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ حَقًّا
لَهُمْ دَرَجَاتٌ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ
وَمَغْفِرَةٌ وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ

سُورَةُ الْأَنْفَالِ

الجزء التاسع

- 8:5 The differing of the believers
over the disbursement of the spoils
is similar to the time when your Lord
brought you out of your house
with the truth, 'O Muhammad,
with the command to fight the unbelievers
at Badr',
when a group of the believers abhorred 'it'.
- 8:6 They argued with you
about the rightful judgment
'to engage in battle—
even after it had become clear
'that it was inevitable—
as though they were being driven into death
while looking straight on at it'.
- 8:7 Yet, behold!
God had promised you 'believers, then'
that one of the two hosts
'that you had come upon' would fall to you.
And you wished that the unarmed one,
'the trade caravan', would be yours.
Yet God intended to establish
the 'religion of truth' in the land—
in accordance with His words—
and to cut off the 'very' last remnant
of the disbelievers,
- 8:8 so as to establish, 'on the field of battle',
the truth and nullify falsehood—
even if the defiant unbelievers hate 'it'!
- 8:9 Thus when all of you
cried out to your Lord 'for victory',
He, then, answered you: I will reinforce you
with a thousand 'forces' from the angels,
following upon one another in ranks.
- 8:10 Nor did God occasion this 'promise of help'

٥ ﴿كَمَا أَخْرَجَكَ رَبُّكَ
مِنْ بَيْتِكَ بِالْحَقِّ وَإِنَّ فَرِيقًا
مِّنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ لَكَاذِبُونَ
يُجَادِلُونَكَ فِي الْحَقِّ
بَعْدَ مَا بَيَّنَّ
كَأَنَّمَا يُسَاقُونَ إِلَى الْمَوْتِ
وَهُمْ يَنْظُرُونَ
وَإِذْ يَعِدُكُمُ اللَّهُ
إِحْدَى الطَّائِفَتَيْنِ أَنَّهَا لَكُمْ
وَتَوَدُّونَ أَنَّ
غَيْرَ ذَاكَ الشَّوْكَةَ
تَكُونُ لَكُمْ
وَيُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَنْ يُخَوِّفَ الْهَقْفَ
يَكْمِلْهُ
وَيَقْطَعَ دَائِرَ الْكَافِرِينَ
لِيُخَوِّفَ الْحَقَّ وَيُبْطِلَ الْبَاطِلَ
وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْمُجْرِمُونَ
٦ إِذْ تَسْتَغِيثُونَ رَبَّكُمْ
فَأَسْتَجَابَ لَكُمْ
أَنِّي مُبْدِكُمْ بِأَلْفٍ
مِّنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ مُرَدِّينَ

- as other than a glad tiding for you —
and for your hearts to be calmed by it.
For victory comes only from God.
Indeed, God is overpowering, all-wise.
- 8:11 And behold!
He caused slumber
to overcome all of you believers
before the battle,
as a source of security from Him.
Moreover, He sent down upon you,
from the sky, water to purify you thereby;
and to remove from you
the defilement of the whispering of Satan;
and to gird your hearts with strength;
and to set firm your feet thereby.
- 8:12 And behold!
Your Lord revealed to the angels:
Indeed, I am with you.
So confirm those who have believed.
I shall cast terror into the hearts
of those who disbelieve.
So strike at the necks of the disbelievers,
and strike from them every fingertip!
- 8:13 That is because
they willfully rebelled against God
and His Messenger.
Yet whoever rebels against God
and His Messenger—
then, indeed, God is severe in punishment.
- 8:14 O disbelievers!
That affliction is for you in this world!
So taste it!
Yet, indeed, for the disbelievers,
in the Hereafter,
there is the torment of the Fire of Hell in wait.

سُورَةُ الْأَنْفَالِ

الجزء التاسع

- وَمَا جَعَلَ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بُشْرَىٰ
وَلِيُطْمَئِنِّ بِهِ قُلُوبُكُمْ
وَمَا الْغَصْرُ إِلَّا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
إِنَّا اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ
إِذْ يُغَشِّيكُمْ
الْغُصَّاسَ أَمْنَةً مِنْهُ
وَيُنْزِلُ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ
مَاءً لِيُطَهِّرَكُمْ بِهِ
وَيُذْهِبَ عَنْكُمْ رِجْسَ الشَّيْطَانِ
وَلِيُزَيِّنَ عَلَى قُلُوبِكُمْ
وَيُثَبِّتَ بِهِ الْأَقْدَامَ
إِذْ يُوحِي رَبُّكَ إِلَى الْمَلَائِكَةِ
أَنِي مَعَكُمْ
فَقِيَّتُوا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
سَأْلَتْنِي فِي قُلُوبِ
الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا الرُّعْبَ
فَأَضْرِبُوا فَوْقَ الْأَعْنَاقِ
وَأَضْرِبُوا مِنْهُمْ كُلَّ بَنَانٍ
ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ
شَاقُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
وَمَنْ يُشَاقِقِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
فَكَارِبَ اللَّهُ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ
ذَٰلِكُمْ فَذُوقُوهُ وَأَبَتْ
لِلْكَافِرِينَ عَذَابُ النَّارِ

سُورَةُ الْأَنْفَالِ

الجزء التاسع

- 8:15 O you who believe!
Whenever you face those who disbelieve,
as you are advancing for battle,
do not turn your backs to flee from them.
- 8:16 For whoever turns his back from them
on such a day—
unless one is maneuvering to fight,
or seeking to join another company
of the believers—
he has truly brought upon himself
great wrath from God.
Thus his abode shall be Hell—
and a most woeful destination it is!
- 8:17 O believers!
It was thus not you who killed them at Badr.
Rather, it is God who in fact killed them.
Nor was it you, O Muhammad,
who threw dust at them when you threw it
symbolizing their fate.
Rather, it was God who threw it!
Moreover, He has done so
against the disbelievers,
so that He might test the believers
with a goodly test of victory from Him.
Indeed, God is all-hearing, all-knowing.
- 8:18 That is so!
And, indeed,
God will yet further enfeeble the scheming
of the disbelievers.
- 8:19 If it is a divine judgment
you disbelievers seek,
then judgment has come upon you at Badr.
So if you desist from aggression,

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا ١٥

إِذَا لَقِيتُمْ

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا زَحَفًا

فَلَا تَوَلُّوهُمْ إِلَّا ذُبَارًا

وَمَنْ يُوَلَّهُمْ يَوْمَئِذٍ دُبُرُهُ ١٦

إِلَّا مَتَحَرِّفًا لِّقُنَالٍ

أَوْ مُتَحِدِّيًا إِلَى فِتْنَةٍ

فَقَدْ بَاءَ

بِغَضَبِ رَبِّ اللَّهِ

وَمَا وَدَّ جَهَنَّمُ

وَبَسَّ الْمَصِيرُ

فَلَمْ تَقْتُلُوهُمْ ١٧

وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ قَتَلَهُمْ

وَمَا رَمَيْتَ إِذْ رَمَيْتَ

وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ رَمَىٰ

وَلِيَسْلِيَ الْكُفْرَ مِنْهُ

بِلَاءٍ حَسَنًا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ

ذَلِكُمْ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ ١٨

مُوْهِنٌ كَيْدَ الْكَافِرِينَ

it is best for you.

But if you return to fighting,
then We shall assuredly return you to defeat—
and never will your assembly avail you
in anything,
even if it grows into a multitude.
For know that God is assuredly
with the believers.

8:20 O you who believe!

Obey God and His Messenger,
and do not turn away from the Messenger,
when you hear revealed commands.

8:21 Nor be like those who say: We hear!—
while they do not hear.

8:22 *Indeed, the worst beasts treading the earth
in the sight of God
are the deaf and dumb deniers of revelation—
those who do not use their reason
to understand.

8:23 For had God known any good
in the disbelievers' hearts,
He would have made them hear the truth.
But even if He were now
to make them hear it,
they would still turn away,
for they are evading the truth.

8:24 O you who believe!

Answer God and the Messenger
when he calls you to that which gives you life!
And know that God interposes
between a person and his own heart,
and that it is before Him
that you shall assuredly be assembled.

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الجزء التاسع

١٩ إِنَّ تَسْتَفِئُوا
فَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ الْفَتْحُ
وَإِنْ تَنْهَوْا فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ
وَإِنْ تَعُودُوا نَعُدْ وَلَنْ
تُغْنِيَ عَنْكُمْ فُتُكُكُمْ شَيْئًا
وَلَوْ كَثُرَتْ

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
٢٠ يٰٓأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
أَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
وَلَا تَوَلَّوْا عَنْهُ
وَأَنْتُمْ تَسْمَعُونَ

٢١ وَلَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ
قَالُوا سَمِعْنَا
وَهُمْ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ

٢٢ ۞ إِنَّ شَرَّ الدَّوَابِّ
عِنْدَ اللَّهِ الصُّمُّ الْبُكْمُ
الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ

٢٣ وَلَوْ عَلِمَ اللَّهُ فِيهِمْ خَيْرًا
لَّأَسْمَعَهُمْ وَلَوْ أَسْمَعَهُمْ
لَتَوَلَّوْا وَهُمْ مُّعْرِضُونَ

٢٤ يٰٓأَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
اسْتَجِيبُوا لِلَّهِ وَلِلرَّسُولِ
إِذَا دَعَاكُمْ لِمَا يُحْيِيكُمْ

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- 8:25 Moreover, guard yourselves
against suffering a chastisement
that will not merely afflict
those who do wrong among you.
And know that God is severe in punishment.
- 8:26 And remember when you were few
and utterly helpless in the land.
You were afraid that people
would snatch you away.
Then He sheltered you
and aided you with His victory.
Moreover, He provided you
with wholesome things,
so that you may give thanks.

- 8:27 O you who believe!
Do not betray God and the Messenger,
'forsaking your covenants'.
Nor shall you betray your trusts,
while you know they are to be safeguarded.
- 8:28 Moreover, know that,
indeed, your wealth and your children
are a cause of temptation for you
and that, assuredly, with God
is a far more magnificent reward.

- 8:29 O you who believe!
If you fear God, He will grant you
'the power of prudent distinction'
'between good and evil',
and absolve you of your misdeeds,
and forgive you.
For God alone
is the Possessor of Magnificent Bounty.
- 8:30 And remember, O Muhammad,

وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ
يَحُولُ بَيْنَ الْمَرْءِ وَقَلْبِهِ
وَأَنَّهُ إِلَيْهِ تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿٢٥﴾
وَأَتَقُوا اللَّهَ
لَا تَصِفِينَ الَّذِينَ
ظَلَمُوا مِنْكُمْ خَاصَّةً
وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ
شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ ﴿٢٦﴾
وَأذْكُرُوا إِذْ أَنْتُمْ قَلِيلٌ
مُسْتَضْعَفُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
تَخَافُونَ
أَنْ يَخْطِفَكُمْ النَّاسُ
فَنَافَوْكُمْ وَأَيْدِيكُمْ بِنَصْرِهِ
وَرَزَقَكُمْ مِنَ الطَّيِّبَاتِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٢٧﴾
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا تَحُونُوا اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ
وَتَحُونُوا أَمْنَتِكُمْ
وَأَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٨﴾
وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا
أَمْوَالُكُمْ وَأَوْلَادُكُمْ
فِتْنَةٌ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ عِنْدَهُ
أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿٢٩﴾
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
إِنْ تَتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
يَجْعَلْ لَكُمْ فُرْقَانًا
وَيُكَفِّرْ عَنْكُمْ
سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ

- when those who disbelieved
devised a plan against you,
to confine you, or to kill you, or to expel you.
They were devising a plan.
But God was devising a plan.
And God is the best of those who plan.
- 8:31 Yet when Our verses are recited to them,
they say: We have heard 'it all' already.
If we so wished,
we could utter the like of this 'Quran'.
For this is nothing but tales of the ancients!
- 8:32 And, behold, they have 'also' said: O God!
If this is truly the truth from You,
then rain down upon us stones from the sky,
or bring us a most painful torment!
- 8:33 But God would not punish them 'with ruin'
while you, 'O Muhammad,' were among them.
Nor would God punish them 'with ruin',
if they sought forgiveness
'and desisted from idol-worship'.
- 8:34 But what 'plea' have they now,
that God should not punish them,
when they bar 'the believers'
from the Sacred Mosque,
while they are not its 'rightful' guardians.
Its 'rightful' guardians
are none but the God-fearing.
But most of them do not know 'this'.
- 8:35 Thus their prayers
at the 'Sacred' House 'in Makkah'
are nothing but whistling and clapping.
Now, taste 'this' torment 'of defeat at Badr',
in that you have disbelieved!
- 8:36 Indeed, those who disbelieve
spend their wealth to turn 'others away'

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وَاللَّهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيمِ
وَإِذْ يَمْكُرُ بِكَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
لِيُثْبِتُوكَ أَوْ يَقْتُلُوكَ
أَوْ يُخْرِجُوكَ
وَيَمْكُرُونَ وَيَمْكُرُ اللَّهُ
وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُ الْمَكْرِينَ ﴿٣١﴾
وَإِذْ ثَلَاثُ عَلِيَّهِمْ إِيْتَدْنَا
فَالُوا قَدْ سَمِعْنَا لَوْ نَشَاءُ
لَقُلْنَا مِثْلَ هَذَا إِنْ هَذَا
إِلَّا أَسْطِيزُ الْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾
وَإِذْ قَالُوا
اللَّهُمَّ إِنْ كَانَتْ هَٰذِهِ
الْحَقُّ مِنْ عِنْدِكَ
فَاَمْطِرْ عَلَيْنَا حِجَارَةً
مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ
أَوْ أَثِقْنَا بِعَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ
وَمَا كَانَتْ اللَّهُ يُعَذِّبُهُمْ
وَأَنْتَ فِيهِمْ وَمَا كَانَتْ اللَّهُ
مُعَذِّبُهُمْ وَهُمْ يَسْتَغْفِرُونَ
وَمَا لَهُمْ إِلَّا يُعَذِّبُهُمُ اللَّهُ
وَهُمْ يَصْذُوبُونَ ﴿٣٣﴾
عَنِ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ
وَمَا كَانُوا أَوْلِيَاءَهُ
إِنْ أَوْلِيَائِهِ إِلَّا الْمُتَفُونُونَ
وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ
لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٣٤﴾
وَمَا كَانَ صَلَاتُهُمْ
عِنْدَ أَلْبَيْتٍ
إِلَّا مُكَاةً وَتَصْدِيَةً ﴿٣٥﴾

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from the path of God.

They will continue to spend it in this way.

But then it will become a great regret for them.

Then they will be defeated.

Moreover, all those who die disbelieving shall be assembled in Hell.

8:37 In this way,

God sets apart those who are depraved from those who are good.

Moreover, He will pile the depraved one upon the other;

and thus He will heap them all together.

Then He will place them in Hell. It is they who are the utter losers of an everlasting Paradise.

8:38 Say to those who disbelieve

that if they desist from unbelief what they have done in the past shall be forgiven them.

But if they return to aggression, warn them that the example of Our judgment which befell the earliest generations shall once more come to pass.

8:39 So fight them

until there is no more persecution, and religion is altogether for God alone.

Yet if they desist, then, indeed, God is all-seeing of what they do.

8:40 But if they turn away from faith and fight you, then know that God

is, indeed, your Heavenly Patron—and how commendably blessed a patron is God!

And how commendably blessed a supporter!

فَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ

بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَكْفُرُونَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

يُنْفِقُونَ أَمْوَالَهُمْ

لِيُصِدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

فَسَيَنْفِقُونَهَا

ثُمَّ تَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمْ حَسْرَةً

ثُمَّ يُغْلَبُونَ وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

إِلَى جَهَنَّمَ يُحْشَرُونَ

لِيَمِيزَ اللَّهُ

الْحَيِثَ مِنَ الطَّيِّبِ

وَيَجْعَلَ الْحَيِثَ

بَعْضُهُ عَلَى بَعْضٍ

فَيَرْكُمُهُ جَمِيعًا

فَيَجْعَلُهُ فِي جَهَنَّمَ

أَوَّلَائِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ

قُلْ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

إِنْ يَنْتَهُوا يُغْفَرْ لَهُمْ

مَا قَدْ سَلَفَ

وَإِنْ يَعُودُوا فَقَدْ مَضَتْ

سُنَّتُ الْأَوَّلِينَ

وَقَتْلُوهُمْ

حَقٌّ لَا تَكُونُ فِتْنَةً

وَيَكُونُ الَّذِينَ

كُفِلَهُ اللَّهُ فَإِذَا أَنْتَهُوا

فَارِثَ اللَّهِ

بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ بِصَبْرٍ

وَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَأَعْلَمُوا

أَنَّ اللَّهَ مَوْلَانَا

٣٦

٣٧

٣٨

٣٩

٤٠

8:41 *Now,
know that from whatever spoils you gain
in just war against the disbelievers,
four-fifths of it
is for the participants in the battle;
and one-fifth is to be set aside for God,
and for the Messenger, and his close relatives,
who are prohibited from charity,
and for the orphans,
and for the indigent,
and for the wayfarer.
Uphold this commandment—
if truly you believe in God
and all that We have sent down
to Our servant Muhammad
on the Day of Distinction
between true faith and idol worship,
the day the two hosts met at the Battle of Badr.
For God is powerful over all things.
8:42 On that day,
you believers were on the hillside
of the valley of Badr nearer to Madinah,
and they who disbelieve
were on the farther hillside of the valley,
while the trade-caravan of the disbelievers
was below you toward the Red Sea.
Now, had you mutually appointed
the time and place of battle,
you would, most surely,
have missed the appointment.
But it was so ordained,
that God might fulfill a decree
that had already been determined by Him.
Thus whomever would perish in battle
would perish after having a clear proof

نِعَمَ الْمَوْلَىٰ وَنِعَمَ النَّصِيرِ

وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا غَنِمْتُمْ

مِنْ شَيْءٍ فَإِنَّ لِلَّهِ خُمُسَهُ

وَلِلرَّسُولِ وَلِذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ

وَالْيَتَامَىٰ وَالْمَسْكِينِ

وَأَبْنِ السَّبِيلِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ آمَنْتُمْ بِاللَّهِ

وَمَا أَرْزَلْنَا عَلَىٰ عَبْدِنَا

يَوْمَ الْفُرْقَانِ

يَوْمَ التَّلَاقِ الْجَمْعَانِ

وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

إِذْ أَنْتُمْ بِالْعُدَّةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَهُمْ بِالْعُدَّةِ الْقُصْوَىٰ

وَالرَّكْبُ أَهْلَ الْأَسْفَلِ مِنْكُمْ

وَلَوْ تَوَاعَدْتُمْ

لَاخْتَلَفْتُمْ فِي الْمِيعَادِ

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of God's promise of victory to the believers;
and whomever would live
would live with clear proof
of the fulfillment of God's promise.

For, indeed,

God is assuredly all-hearing, all-knowing.

8:43 Behold, 'O Prophet:

God showed them to you as few
in your sleep before the battle.

And had He shown them to you as many,
you 'believers' would most surely
have become fainthearted,
and you would have quarreled
over the matter of how to fight them.

But God saved you from this.

Indeed, He is all-knowing
of all that is 'harbored'
within the breast of people.

8:44 Thus He showed them to you
as few in your eyes,

when you faced one another in battle.

Moreover, He made you few in their eyes
so they would take you lightly,
that God might fulfill a decree
that had already been determined.

Indeed, to God alone are all matters returned
for just judgment.

8:45 O you who believe!

If you face any armed force, stand firm,
and remember God much in supplication,
so that you may be successful.

8:46 Moreover, obey God and His Messenger,
and do not quarrel among yourselves,
or else you will become fainthearted
and your strength depart.

وَلَكِنْ لِّيَقْضِيَ اللَّهُ أَمْرًا

كَانَ مَفْعُولًا

لِيَهْلِكَ مَنْ هَلَكَ

عَنْ بَيْتَةٍ وَيَحْيَىٰ مَنْ حَيَّ

عَنْ بَيْتَةٍ وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ

لَسَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ

إِذْ يُرِيكُمُ اللَّهُ

١٣

فِي مَنَامِكَ قَلِيلًا وَلَوْ

أَرَدَكُمُ كَثِيرًا لَّفَشَلْتُمْ

وَلَنَتَزَعْزَعْتُمْ فِي الْأَمْرِ

وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ سَلَّمَ

إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

وَإِذْ يُرِيكُمُوهُمْ

١٤

إِذْ التَّفَقُّتُمْ

فِي أَعْيُنِكُمْ قَلِيلًا

وَيُقَلِّلُكُمْ فِي أَعْيُنِهِمْ

لِيَقْضِيَ اللَّهُ أَمْرًا

كَانَ مَفْعُولًا

وَالِإِلَى اللَّهِ تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُورُ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

١٥

إِذَا لَقِيتُمْ فِئَةً فَاثْبُتُوا

وَاذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ كَثِيرًا

لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ

- Furthermore, be patient!
Indeed, God is with those who are patient.
- 8:47 Moreover, do not become like those
who came forth from their dwellings haughtily,
and as a show of force before the people
to thus intimidate them
and turn them away from the path of God.
Yet God is all-encompassing of what they do.
- 8:48 Behold! Satan made the 'idolaters' deeds
fair-seeming to them, and said:
Among all people,
there is none to defeat you today,
for I shall be your protector!
But when the two armed forces saw each other,
he fell back upon his heels, and he said:
Indeed, I renounce you!
For I see of the ranks of fighting angels
what you do not see.
Indeed, I fear God!
For God is severe in punishment!
- 8:49 Meanwhile, the hypocrites
and those in whose 'doubting' hearts
there is a sickness were saying:
These 'outnumbered believers'
have been deluded by their religion
'into thinking they shall attain victory'.
Yet God speaks the truth in saying
that whoever places his trust in God—
God is, indeed, overpowering, all-wise.
- 8:50 And if only you could 'now' see
as the angels take the souls
of those who disbelieve,
striking their faces and their backs, and saying:
Taste the torment of 'forever' burning!
- 8:51 That is 'the recompense' for all 'the evil'

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وَاطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۖ وَلَا تَتَزَوَّجُوا فَتَفْشَلُوا ۚ وَتَذْهَبَ رِيحُكُمْ وَأَصِيرُوا ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الصَّابِرِينَ ۚ وَلَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ خَرَجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ بَطَرًا وَرِشَاءَ النَّاسِ وَيَصُدُّونَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ ۚ وَاللَّهُ يَمَّا يَعْمَلُونَ مُحِيطٌ ۚ وَإِذْ زَيْنٌ لَهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ أَعْمَاهُمْ وَقَالَ لَا غَالِبَ لَكُمْ الْيَوْمَ مِنَ النَّاسِ وَإِنِّي جَارٌ لَكُمْ فَلَمَّا تَرَأَتْ الْأُفُتَّانِ نَكَصَ عَلَى عَقَبَيْهِ وَقَالَ إِنِّي بَرِيءٌ مِنْكُمْ إِنِّي أَرَى مَا لَا تَرَوْنَ إِنِّي أَخَافُ اللَّهَ ۚ وَاللَّهُ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ ۚ إِذْ يَكْفُلُ الْمُنَافِقُونَ ۚ وَالَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ غَرَّ هَوَاهُمْ ۖ وَرَبُّهُمْ وَمَنْ يَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ۚ

that your own hands
have advanced in the world—
and never does God wrong His servants
in the least.

8:52 Such was the case with the House of Pharaoh,
and those before them.

They disbelieved in the signs of God.
So God seized them, suddenly, for their sins.
Indeed, God is all-powerful,
severe in punishment.

8:53 Such was their due recompense,
for never does God change any blessing
that He has conferred upon a people
until they have changed
what is in themselves for the worse.
For God is all-hearing, all-knowing.

8:54 Such was the case with the House of Pharaoh
and those before them.
They denied the signs of their Lord.
Then We destroyed them for their sins.
Thus We drowned the House of Pharaoh.
For they were all wrongdoers, godless in heart.

8:55 Indeed, the worst beasts treading the earth
in the sight of God
are those who have disbelieved
in His revelation and who will never believe—

8:56 such as those with whom
you made a covenant,
but who, every time thereafter,
broke their covenant—
for never are they God-fearing!

8:57 Thus, if you should overcome them in war,
scatter by their example
all who would follow their deceitful way,

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وَلَوْ تَرَىٰ إِذِ يَتَوَفَّى

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

أَلَمَلَكُهُ يَضْرِبُونَ

وُجُوهُهُمْ وَأَدْبَارَهُمْ

وَذُوقُوا عَذَابَ الْحَرِيقِ

ذَٰلِكَ يَمَّا

قَدَمَتْ أَيْدِيكُمْ

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ لَيْسَ بِظَلَمٍ لِّلْعَبِيدِ

كَذَابِ آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ

وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

كَفَرُوا بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ

فَأَخَذَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ قَوِيٌّ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ

ذَٰلِكَ يَأْتِ اللَّهُ لَمَّ يَكْ مُعْزِرًا

نِعْمَةً أَنْعَمَهَا عَلَىٰ قَوْمٍ

حَتَّىٰ يَغِيرُوا مَا بَأَنفُسِهِمْ

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ

كَذَابِ آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ

وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ

فَأَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ

وَأَغْرَقْنَا آلَ فِرْعَوْنَ

وَكُلٌّ كَانُوا ظَالِمِينَ

إِنَّ شَرَّ الدَّوَابِّ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

الَّذِينَ عَاهَدَتْ مِنْهُمْ

- so that they may remember
 'to uphold their covenants'.
- 8:58 Thus, if you 'have cause to'
 fear treachery from a people,
 then cast back to them
 'their covenant' equitably.
 Indeed, God does not love the treacherous.
- 8:59 For those who disbelieve should never think
 that they can slip away.
 Indeed, they cannot escape 'God'.
- 8:60 So prepare for them 'in deterrence'
 all that you can marshal as to 'military' power
 and war-horse garrisons,
 through which you shall strike fear
 'in the hearts of' the enemy of God,
 and your enemy—
 and others besides them
 whom you do not 'yet' know
 but whom God knows.
 Moreover, anything you spend
 in the path of God
 shall be fully rendered to you 'by God,
 here and in the Hereafter'—
 and never shall you be wronged 'in the least'.
- 8:61 *Yet if they incline to peace,
 then incline to it also—
 but rely upon God 'alone'.
 Indeed, it is He
 who is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.
- 8:62 For should they intend to deceive you,
 then God 'alone'
 is sufficient for you, 'O Prophet'.
 It is He 'alone' who has strengthened you
 with His victory,
 and with 'the steadfastness of' the believers.

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ثُمَّ يَفْضُونَ عَهْدَهُمْ
 فِي كُلِّ مَوْفٍ
 وَهُمْ لَا يَتَّقُونَ ﴿٥٧﴾
 فَإِذَا تَشَفَّعْتَهُمْ فِي الْحَرْبِ
 فَشَرَّدَ بِهِمْ مَنْ خَلَفَهُمْ
 لَعَلَّهُمْ يَذْكُرُونَ ﴿٥٨﴾
 وَإِذَا تَخَافَتِ
 مِنْ قَوْمٍ خِيَانَةً
 فَأَنْذِرْ إِلَيْهِمْ عَلَى سَوَاءٍ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْفَرَّانِينَ ﴿٥٩﴾
 وَلَا يَحْسَبَنَّ
 الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا سَبَقُوا
 إِذْهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
 وَأَعِدُوا لَهُمْ ﴿٦٠﴾
 مَا أَسْطَظَعْتُمْ مِنْ قُوَّةٍ
 وَمِنْ رِبَاطِ الْخَيْلِ
 تُرْهِبُونَ بِهِ
 عَدُوَّ اللَّهِ وَعَدُوَّكُمْ
 وَآخَرِينَ مِنْ دُونِهِمْ
 لَا تَعْلَمُونَهُمُ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُهُمْ
 وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ شَيْءٍ
 فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ يُوَفَّ إِلَيْكُمْ
 وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَغْلُمُونَ ﴿٦١﴾
 وَإِنْ جَنَحُوا لِلسَّلَامِ
 فَاجْنَحْ لَهَا وَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ
 إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

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الْجُزْءُ الْعَاشِرُ

- 8:63 For 'it is' He 'alone' who has brought their hearts together. Had you spent all that is in the earth, you could not have brought their hearts together. Rather, God brought them together. Indeed, He 'alone' is overpowering, all-wise.
- 8:64 O Prophet! God 'alone' is sufficient for you and 'for' those of the believers who follow you.
- 8:65 O Prophet! Urge the believers on to the fight. If there are twenty of you who are patient, they shall 'strive to' overcome two hundred 'foes'. And if there are a hundred of you, they shall 'strive to' overcome a thousand of those who disbelieve, for they are a people who do not understand 'for what cause they fight'.
- 8:66 God has now lightened 'the burden' for you, for He knows that there is weakness in you. So if there are a hundred of you who are patient, they shall 'strive to' overcome two hundred. And if there are a thousand of you, they shall 'strive to' overcome two thousand—by God's permission. For God is with those who are patient.
- 8:67 It is not for a prophet to take prisoners 'of war' until he has thoroughly pacified the land. 'Most of' you desire the fleeting things of this world, while God desires 'for you' the 'everlasting life of the' Hereafter. And God 'alone' is overpowering, all-wise.

وَإِنْ يُرِيدُوا أَنْ يَخْدَعُوكَ

فَأِنَّكَ حَسْبُكَ اللَّهُ

هُوَ الَّذِي آتَاكَ بِبَصِيرِهِ

وَبِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَأَلْفَ بَيْتٍ قُلُوبِهِمْ

لَوْ أَنْفَقْتَ

مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا

مَا أَلْفَتْ بِكَ قُلُوبُهُمْ

وَلَنْ يَكُنَّ اللَّهُ أَلْفَ بَيْتٍ لَهُمْ

إِنَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ

يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّبِيُّ حَسْبُكَ اللَّهُ

وَمَنْ أَتَّبَعَكَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّبِيُّ حَرِصٌ

الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى الْقِتَالِ

إِنْ يَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ

عِشْرُونَ صَابِرُونَ

يَغْلِبُوا مِائَتَيْنِ

وَإِنْ يَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ

مِائَةٌ يَغْلِبُوا أَلْفًا

مِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ

أَلَنْ خَفَّفَ اللَّهُ عَنْكُمْ

وَعَلِمَ أَنَّ فِيكُمْ ضَعْفًا

فَإِنْ يَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ

مِائَةٌ صَابِرَةٌ يَغْلِبُوا مِائَتَيْنِ

وَإِنْ يَكُنْ مِنْكُمْ أَلْفٌ

يَغْلِبُوا أَلْفَيْنِ بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ

وَاللَّهُ مَعَ الصَّابِرِينَ

- 8:68 Had it not been for a prior decree from God, a great torment would have most surely afflicted you 'believers' for 'the ransom' that you have taken 'for the captives'.
- 8:69 Now partake of the spoils 'of ransom' you have gained. It is 'hereby' made 'lawful and wholesome' for you'. Yet fear God. Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 8:70 O Prophet! Say to the prisoners 'of war' who are in your hands: If God knows of any good in your hearts, He shall give you what is better than what has been taken from you. Moreover, He shall forgive you. For God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 8:71 But if they intend treachery against you, 'worry not, for' they have acted treacherously against God before. Yet still He empowered 'you' over them. For God is all-knowing, all-wise.
- 8:72 Indeed, those who have believed and emigrated 'with the Prophet' and striven with their wealth and their persons in the path of God, and also those who gave 'them' shelter and help—it is these who are allies of one another. As for those who have believed but did not emigrate, you have no obligation for their protection at all, until they emigrate. But if they seek your help 'against persecution' in religion,

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مَا كَانَتْ لِيَنِّي
 أَنْ يَكُونَ لَهُمْ أَسْرَى
 حَتَّى تُخْرَجَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
 تُرِيدُونَ عَرَضَ الدُّنْيَا
 وَاللَّهُ يُرِيدُ الْآخِرَةَ
 وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ
 لَوْلَا كَتَبَ مِنَ اللَّهِ سَبَقَ
 لَمَسَّكُمْ فِيمَا أَخَذْتُمْ
 عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ
 فَكُلُوا مِمَّا غَنِمْتُمْ
 حَلَالًا طَيِّبًا وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
 يَأْتِيهَا النَّبِيُّ قُلْ لِمَنْ فِي
 أَيْدِيكُمْ مِنْ الْأَسْرَى
 إِنْ يَعْلَمِ اللَّهُ
 فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ خَيْرًا يُؤْتِكُمْ
 خَيْرًا مِمَّا أَخَذَ مِنْكُمْ
 وَيَغْفِرَ لَكُمْ
 وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
 وَإِنْ يُرِيدُوا خِيَانَتَكَ
 فَقَدْ خَانُوا اللَّهَ مِنْ قَبْلُ
 فَأَمْكَنَ مِنْهُمْ
 وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ
 إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَهَاجَرُوا
 وَجَاهَدُوا
 بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ
 فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
 وَالَّذِينَ آوَوْا وَنَصَرُوا

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then help is incumbent upon you,
except against a people
wherein there is a covenant
between them and yourselves.
And God is all-seeing of all that you do.

8:73 As to those who disbelieve,
they are allies of one another.
Unless you act likewise toward one another,
there will be widespread persecution
in the earth and great corruption.

8:74 Those who have believed
and emigrated with the Prophet
and striven in the path of God,
and also
those who gave them shelter and help—
it is these who are, in truth, the believers.
For them, there is forgiveness
and a generous provision awaiting with God.

8:75 As for those who have believed after
God's earlier command to emigrate —
and who then emigrated
and strove alongside you believers —
they too are of you.
Still those who are related by blood
are more entitled to inherit from one another
than those who are not,
in accordance with what is decreed
in the Book of God.
Indeed, God is all-knowing of all things.

أُولَئِكَ بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بَعْضٍ
وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَلَمْ يُهَاجِرُوا
مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ وَلِيَّتِهِمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
حَتَّى يُهَاجِرُوا
وَإِنْ أَسْتَضَرُّوكُمْ فِي الدِّينِ
فَمَلَيْكُمْ النَّصْرُ
إِلَّا عَلَى قَوْمٍ
بَيْنَكُمْ وَبَيْنَهُمْ مِيثَاقٌ
وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ
وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بَعْضٍ
إِلَّا تَفْعَلُوهُ
تَكُنْ فِتْنَةٌ فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَفَسَادٌ كَبِيرٌ
وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَهَاجَرُوا
وَجَاهَدُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَالَّذِينَ آوَوْا وَنَصَرُوا
أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ حَقًّا
لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ
وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مِنْ بَعْدِ
وَهَاجَرُوا وَجَاهَدُوا مَعَكُمْ
فَأُولَئِكَ مِنْكُمْ
وَأُولُوا الْأَرْحَامِ
بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلَى بِبَعْضٍ
فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَكُلُّ شَيْءًا عَلِيمٌ

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The surah that announces for all time that God granted to His Prophet ﷺ, to the Emigrant and Helping Companions, and to three errant but honest believers REPENTANCE; and that He offers the same opportunity to the unbelievers and the hypocrites, provided they forever renounce hostility, idolatry, and duplicity; and which further demonstrates the faithfulness of this offer in God's decree of amnesty for the truly repentant idolaters who fought the believers at a place called Hunayn.

Surah 9 / 129 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Tawbah

- 9:1 This is a renunciation of treaty from God and His Messenger issued to those of the idolaters with whom you believers had formerly made a covenant:
- 9:2 You may journey safely throughout the land for four months, but know that, indeed, you cannot escape God and that, indeed, God shall disgrace the disbelievers.
- 9:3 Further, it is a proclamation from God and His Messenger to all people, on the day of the Greater Hajj-Pilgrimage, that God renounces the idolaters, as does His Messenger. So if you idolaters repent, that is best for you. But if you turn away—then know that you can never escape God. Thus give heavy tidings of a most painful torment to those who disbelieve!
- 9:4 Exempted from this renunciation

بَرَاءَةٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ۚ
إِلَى الَّذِينَ عَاهَدْتُمْ
مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ
فَسِيحُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
أَرْبَعَةَ أَشْهُرٍ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّكُمْ
غَيْرُ مُعْجِزِي اللَّهِ
وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ يُخْزِي الْكَافِرِينَ
وَأَذَانٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ
إِلَى النَّاسِ
يَوْمَ الْحَجِّ الْأَكْبَرِ
أَنَّ اللَّهَ بَرِيءٌ
مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ وَرَسُولُهُ
فَإِنْ تَبَتُّمْ فَهَوْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ
وَإِنْ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ فَأَعْلَمُوا
أَنَّكُمْ غَيْرُ مُعْجِزِي اللَّهِ
وَبَشِّرِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
بِعَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

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are those idolaters
with whom you had made a covenant,
and who thereafter
did not undercut you in any way,
nor support anyone against you.
So fulfill with them their covenants
to the limits of their duration.
Indeed, God loves the God-fearing.
9:5 Then when the sacred months elapse,
you may then slay the idolaters
wherever you find them,
or seize them, or besiege them,
or lie in wait for them in every place of ambush.
But if they repent and establish the Prayer
and give the Zakât-Charity,
then let them go their way.

Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

9:6 Now, if anyone of the idolaters
seeks your refuge, then grant him refuge,
until he hears the words of God 'in the Quran'.
Then convey him to his place of security.
That is because assuredly
they are a people who do not know
'the essence of faith'.

9:7 How can there ever be a 'lasting' covenant
for the idolaters with God and His Messenger?

Exempted are those with whom
you have made a covenant
near the Sacred Mosque.
As long as they keep straight with you,
keep straight with them.

Indeed, God loves the God-fearing.

9:8 How can there be
'such a covenant with the idolaters',
while if ever they were to prevail over you,

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ عَاهَدْتُمْ
مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ
ثُمَّ لَمْ يَنْقُصُوكُمْ شَيْئًا
وَلَمْ يُظَاهِرُوا عَلَيْكُمْ أَحَدًا
فَأَتِمُّوا إِلَيْهِمْ عَهْدَكُمْ
إِلَىٰ مُدَّتِهِمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِينَ
فَإِذَا انسَلَخَ الْأَشْهُرُ الْحُرُمُ
فَأَقْتُلُوا الْمُشْرِكِينَ
حَيْثُ وَجَدْتُمُوهُمْ وَخُذُوهُمْ
وَأَحْصُرُوهُمْ وَأَقْعُدُوا لَهُمْ
كُلَّ مَرَصِدٍ فَإِنْ تَابُوا
وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ
وَأَنَؤُوا الزَّكَاةَ
فَحَلُّوا أَسْيَلَهُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
وَإِنْ أَحَدٌ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ
اسْتَجَارَكَ فَاجْرَهُ
حَتَّىٰ يَسْمَعَ كَلِمَةَ اللَّهِ
ثُمَّ أَنَالِهِ مَأْمَنَهُ ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ
قَوْمٌ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
كَيْفَ يَكُونُ
لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ عَهْدٌ
عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَعِنْدَ رَسُولِهِ
إِلَّا الَّذِينَ عَاهَدْتُمْ
عِنْدَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ
فَمَا اسْتَقَمُّوا لَكُمْ
فَأَسْتَقِمُوا لَهُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِينَ

they would not observe any bond or compact with you?

They would appease you merely by their mouths.

Yet their hearts 'would' refuse 'to comply'.
For most of them are ungodly.

9:9 They have sold the 'revealed' signs of God for a small price

and have barred 'people' from His path.

Assuredly, what they have been doing is evil.

9:10 They do not observe any bond or compact with a believer—

and it is they who are the aggressors.

9:11 But if they repent and 'duly' establish the Prayer and give the Zakât-Charity,

then they are your brothers in religion.
Thus do We make distinct the 'revealed' signs for a people who 'would' reflect on them and 'know' God.

9:12 Yet if they breach their oaths after making their covenant 'with you' and revile your religion, then fight the leaders of unbelief, so that they may desist 'from evildoing'— for, indeed, to them there are no 'such things as binding' oaths.

9:13 Will you not fight a people who broke their oaths 'with you' and resolved to expel the Messenger— when they are the ones who initiated 'the violations against' you in the first instance? Do you fear them? Yet worthier is God that you fear Him, if, indeed, you are believers.

9:14 Fight them!

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كَيْفَ

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وَأِنْ يَظْهَرُوا عَلَيْكُمْ
لَا يَرْقُبُوا فِيكُمْ إِلَّا وَلَا ذِمَّةً
يُرْضَوْنَكُمْ بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ
وَتَأْبَىٰ قُلُوبُهُمْ
وَكَذَّبُوا عَنْهُمْ فَمَسْخُوفَاتٍ

أَشْرَرُوا وَإِنَّا بِلِلَّهِ

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تَمَنَّا قَلِيلًا

فَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ إِنَّهُمْ
سَاءَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

لَا يَرْقُبُونَ فِي مُؤْمِنٍ

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إِلَّا وَلَا ذِمَّةً

وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُعْتَدُونَ

فَإِنْ تَابُوا وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ

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وَأَتَوْا الزَّكَاةَ

فَلَاخَوْكُمْ فِي الدِّينِ وَنُقِصَلْ

أَلَا يَأْتِي لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ

وَإِنْ نَكَثُوا أَيْمَنَهُمْ

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مِنْ بَعْدِ عَهْدِهِمْ

وَطَعْنُوا فِي دِينِكُمْ

فَقَاتِلُوا أَلِئِمَّةَ الْكُفْرِ

إِنَّهُمْ لَا أَيْمَنَ لَهُمْ

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَنْتَهُونَ

أَلَا تَقْتُلُونَ قَوْمًا

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نَكَثُوا أَيْمَنَهُمْ

وَهُمْ يُبَايِعُونَكَ الرَّسُولَ

وَهُمْ بِكُذُوبِكُمْ

أُولَٰئِكَ مَرَّةً كَانُوا فِيهَا يَخْشَوْنَ

فَاللَّهُ أَحَقُّ أَنْ تَخْشَوْهُ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ

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God will punish them at your hands.

He will disgrace them

and give you victory over them.

Moreover, He will heal

what is within the breast

of the believing people, thereby,

9:15 and take away the deep rage from their hearts.

For it is God alone who grants repentance

to whomever He so wills.

For it is God alone

who is all-knowing, all-wise.

9:16 Do you believers think

that you will be left untried

without God knowing those of you

who have truly striven in His cause

and who have not taken any covert ally

apart from God or His Messenger

or the believers?

For God is all-aware of all that you do.

9:17 It is not for the idolaters

to maintain services in the mosques of God,

for in them they bear witness

to their own unbelief.

It is these whose good works

are rendered utterly futile with God,

and in the Fire of Hell they shall abide forever.

9:18 Indeed, the only ones worthy

of maintaining services in the mosques of God

are those who believe in God

and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day,

and who duly establish the Prayer

and give the Zakât-Charity,

and who fear none but God,

wherefore it may be that these shall be among

١٤ قَتَلُوهُمْ

يُعَذِّبُهُمُ اللَّهُ بِأَيْدِيكُمْ

وَيُخْرِجُهُم وَيَصْرِكُمْ عَلَيْهِم

وَيَشْفِ صُدُورَ

قَوْمٍ مُّؤْمِنِينَ

وَيَذْهَبُ غَيْظُ قُلُوبِهِمْ

وَيَتُوبُ اللَّهُ عَلَى مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ أَنْ تُتْرَكُوا

وَلَمَّا يَعْلَمِ اللَّهُ

الَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوا مِنْكُمْ

وَلَمْ يَسْخَدُوا

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَلَا رَسُولِهِ

وَلَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَلِجَعٍ

وَاللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ

بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ

مَا كَانَ لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ

أَنْ يَعْمُرُوا مَسْجِدَ اللَّهِ

شَاهِدِينَ عَلَى

أَنْفُسِهِمْ بِالْكَفْرِ

أُولَئِكَ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ

وَفِي النَّارِ هُمْ خَالِدُونَ

إِنَّمَا يَعْمُرُ مَسْجِدَ اللَّهِ

مَنْ آمَنَ بِاللَّهِ

وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ

the 'rightly' guided.

- 9:19 *Do you equate the water-offering
for 'Hajj' pilgrims
and maintenance of the Sacred Mosque
with 'the works of' those
who have truly believed in God
and 'in the coming Judgment of' the Last Day
and who have striven in the path of God?
They are not equal before God.
For God does not guide the wrongdoing people.

- 9:20 Those who have believed, and emigrated,
and striven in the path of God
with their wealth and their persons
are greater in rank with God.

And it is they who are the 'truly' triumphant.

- 9:21 Their Lord gives them glad tidings
of mercy from Him and 'His' good pleasure.
Moreover,
there are Gardens 'of Paradise' for them
wherein is enduring delight.

- 9:22 Therein they shall abide forever and ever.
Indeed, with God is a magnificent reward.

- 9:23 O you who believe!
You shall not take 'even' your fathers
and your brothers as allies
if they love unbelief over faith.
So whoever among you
takes them as allies 'henceforth'—
then such as these are themselves wrongdoers,
'godless in heart'.

- 9:24 Say 'to the believers':
If your fathers and your children
and your brothers and your wives
and your kinsfolk,

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وَأَقَامَ الصَّلَاةَ
وَأَتَى الزَّكَاةَ
وَلَمْ يَخْشَ إِلَّا اللَّهَ
فَعَسَىٰ أُولَٰئِكَ أَن يَكُونُوا
مِنَ الْمُتَّقِينَ

۞ أَجَعَلْتُمْ سِقَايَةَ الْحَاجِّ
وَعِمَارَةَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ
كَمَنَ ءَامَنَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ
وَجَاهَدَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
لَا يَسْتَوُونَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ
الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَهَاجَرُوا
وَجَاهَدُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

يَأْمُرُهُمْ وَأَنْفُسُهُمْ
أَعْظَمُ دَرَجَةً عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْفَائِزُونَ
يُبَشِّرُهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ

بِرَحْمَةٍ مِنْهُ وَرِضْوَانٍ
وَجَنَّاتٍ لَّهُمْ فِيهَا نَعِيمٌ مُّقِيمٌ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عِنْدَهُ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ
يَتَّخِذُهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
لَا تَسْجُدُوا

ءَابَاءَكُمْ وَإِخْوَانَكُمْ
أُولِيَائِهِ إِنِ اسْتَحَبُّوا
الْكُفْرَ عَلَى الْإِيمَانِ
وَمَنْ يَتَوَلَّهُمْ مِنْكُمْ

فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ
قُلْ إِنْ كَانَ
ءَابَاؤُكُمْ وَأَبْنَاؤُكُمْ

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

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and the wealth which you have acquired,
and the commerce that you fear may stagnate,
and the dwellings
with which you are well-pleased
are more beloved to you than God
and His Messenger and striving in His path,
then wait until God brings about His command
to punish the godless wrongdoers!
For God does not guide an unduly people.

- 9:25 Truly God alone has granted you victory
on many battlefields—
including on the Day of Hunayn,
when your large numbers elated you,
though this did not avail you in anything.
Thus the earth, for all its breadth,
narrowed upon you that day.
Then you believers turned away in retreat.
- 9:26 Then God sent down His tranquility
upon His Messenger and upon the believers.
Moreover, He sent down hosts of angels
that you could not see.
Thus He punished those who disbelieved—
and such is the recompense of the disbelievers.
- 9:27 Then they turned to God in submission,
and God shall grant repentance after this
to whomever He so wills.
For God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 9:28 O you who believe!
Indeed, the idolaters are ritually unclean.
So do not let them come near
the Sacred Mosque
after this year of their Pilgrimage.
And should you fear privation

وَاِخْوَانَكُمْ وَاَزْوَاجَكُمْ وَعَشِيرَتَكُمْ
وَأَمْوَالٌ اقْتَرَفْتُمُوهَا
وَبُيُوتٌ تَحْسَبُونَ كَسَادَهَا
وَمَسْكَنٌ تَرْضَوْنَهَا
أَحَبَّ إِلَيْكُمْ
مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ
وَجِهَادٍ فِي سَبِيلِهِ فَتَرَبَّصُوا
حَتَّى يَأْتِيَ اللَّهُ بِأَمْرٍ
وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي
الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ

١٥ لَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ
فِي مَوَاطِنَ كَثِيرَةٍ
وَيَوْمَ حُنَيْنٍ إِذْ
أَعْيَجَنَكُمْ كَذُنُكُمْ
فَلَمْ تُغْنِ عَنْكُمْ شَيْئًا
وَصَافَتْ عَلَيْكُمْ
الْأَرْضُ بِمَا رَحُبَتْ
ثُمَّ وَلَّيْتُمْ مُدْبِرِينَ

١٦ ثُمَّ أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ سَكِينَتَهُ عَلَى
رَسُولِهِ وَعَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَأَنْزَلَ جُنُودًا لَمْ تَرَوْهَا
وَعَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
وَذَٰلِكَ جَزَاءُ الْكَافِرِينَ
ثُمَّ يَتُوبُ اللَّهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَٰلِكَ
عَلَى مَن يَشَاءُ

١٧ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
إِنَّمَا الْمُشْرِكُونَ نَجَسٌ

from a diminished turnout,
then know that God will enrich you
from His bounty, if He so wills.
Indeed, God is all-knowing, all-wise.
9:29 Fight those who do not believe in God
nor in the coming Judgment of the Last Day.
Nor do they consider prohibited
what God and His Messenger
have made prohibited.
Nor do they profess
the religion of truth from among those
who were given the Scripture.
Fight them until they give the capitation tax
with a willing hand, and they become abased.

9:30 Some of the Jews say: Ezra is the son of God.
And the Christians say:
The Messiah is the son of God.
Such is their utterance from their own mouths.
In this, they compare with the utterance
of those who disbelieved of old.
May God strike them down!
How are they turned away from the truth?
9:31 They have taken their rabbis and their monks
as lords apart from God
by sanctifying their mortal dictates—
and so too have they taken the Messiah,
son of Mary, as a god,
though they were not commanded
but to worship the One, true God.
There is no God but Him.
Highly exalted is He
far above all that they associate
as gods with Him.

9:32 They desire to extinguish the light of God

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فَلَا يَقْرَءُوا الْمَسْجِدَ الْحَرَامَ
بَعْدَ عَامِهِمْ هَذَا
وَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ عَيْلَةً فَسَوْفَ
يُغْنِيكُمْ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
إِنْ شَاءَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ
قَاتِلُوا الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ
بِاللَّهِ وَلَا بِالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَلَا
يُحَرِّمُونَ مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ
وَلَا يَدِينُونَ دِينَ الْحَقِّ مِنَ
الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ
حَتَّى يُعْطُوا الْجِزْيَةَ
عَنْ يَدٍ وَهُمْ صَاغِرُونَ
وَقَالَتِ الْيَهُودُ
عِزَّى بْنُ اللَّهِ
وَقَالَتِ النَّصَارَى
الْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ اللَّهِ
ذَلِكَ قَوْلُهُمْ
يَأْفُوهُمْ بِضَنُفُوتِ
قَوْلِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ
فَنَلَّهُمُ اللَّهُ
أَنْ يُوَفَّكَونَ
أَتَّخَذُوا أَعْبَادَهُمْ
وَرُءَاهُمْ أَزْبَابًا
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
وَالْمَسِيحُ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ
وَمَا أُمِرُوا إِلَّا
لِيَعْبُدُوا إِلَهًا وَاحِدًا
لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ سُبْحَانَهُ
عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ

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with their mouths.

But God does not will other than
to perfect His light—

even if the disbelievers hate it.

- 9:33 He is the One
who has sent His Messenger Muhammad
with the guidance of the Quran
and the religion of truth,
that He may cause it to prevail
on its own merit over every religion—
even if the idolaters hate it.

- 9:34 *O you who believe!
Indeed, many of the rabbis and the monks
consume the wealth of the people
by false means and bar others
from the path of God.
Yet as for those who hoard up gold and silver
and do not spend it in the path of God—
give them heavy tidings
of a most painful torment—
9:35 on a Day Hereafter when gold and silver
shall be heated in the Fire of Hell.
Then their foreheads and their sides
and their backs will be branded with it
and it shall be said to them:
This is what you have hoarded up
for yourselves!
So taste now what you used to hoard up!

- 9:36 Indeed, the ordained number of the months
with God is twelve lunar months,
as was decreed
in the Preserved Heavenly Book of God
on the day He created the heavens

يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ
يُطْفِئُوا نُورَ اللَّهِ بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ
وَيَأْتِي اللَّهَ إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ نُورُهُ
وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْكَافِرُونَ
هُوَ الَّذِي أَرْسَلَ رَسُولَهُ
بِالْهُدَى وَدِينِ الْحَقِّ
لِيُظْهِرَهُ عَلَى الدِّينِ كُلِّهِ
وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْمُشْرِكُونَ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
إِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِنَ
الْأَخْيَارِ وَالرُّهْبَانِ لِيَآكُلُوا
أَمْوَالَ النَّاسِ بِالْبُطْلِ
وَيَصُدُّونَ
عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَالَّذِينَ يَكْتُمُونَ
الذَّهَبَ وَالْفِضَّةَ
وَلَا يَفْقَهُونَهَا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
فَبَشِّرْهُمْ بِعَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ
يَوْمَ يُخْمَلُ عَلَيْهِمَا
فِي نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ
فَتُكْوَى بِهَا جِبَاهُهُمْ
وَجُودُهُمْ وَيُظْهِرُهُمْ هَذَا
مَا كَتَرْتُمْ لِأَنفُسِكُمْ
فَذُوقُوا مَا كُنتُمْ تَكْتُمُونَ
إِنَّ عِدَّةَ الشُّهُورِ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

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and the earth.

Four of them are sacred—

‘and’ that is the upright religion—

so do not wrong yourselves ‘or others’ in them.

Yet fight the ‘warring’ idolaters,

all together, ‘even during them,’

just as all of them fight you ‘therein’.

And know that God is with the God-fearing.

9:37 As for the ‘practice of’ deferring

‘the observances of a sacred month’,

it is only an augmentation

of ‘the customs of’ unbelief

by which those who disbelieve are led astray.

They permit

‘violating the sanctity of’ it one year,

and they prohibit it another year,

to match the ‘mere’ number ‘of months’

that God has made sacred.

Thus they permit ‘violating the sanctity of’

what God has made sacred,

and the evil of their deeds

is made fair-seeming to them ‘therein’.

For God does not guide the disbelieving people.

9:38 O you who believe!

What has become of you

that when it was said to you:

Go forth in the path of God,

you became weighed down to the ground?

Is it that you are so pleased

with the life of this world over the Hereafter?

Yet the enjoyment of the life of this world

is so little

‘as compared’ to ‘the endless abundance

of’ the Hereafter.

أَفَنَاسِرَ مَهْرًا

فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ يَوْمَ

خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ

مِنْهَا أَرْبَعَةَ حُرُمٍ

ذَٰلِكَ الَّذِينَ الْقَيْمُ فَلَا

تَظْلِمُوا فِيهِ أَنْفُسَكُمْ

وَقْتُلُوا الْمُشْرِكِينَ

كَأَفٍّ كَمَا يَقْتُلُونَكُمْ

كَأَفٍّ وَأَعْلَمُوا

أَنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الْمُتَّقِينَ

إِنَّمَا النَّسِيءُ

زِيَادَةٌ فِي الْكُفْرِ

يُضِلُّ بِهِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

يُحِلُّونَهُ عَامًا

وَيُحَرِّمُونَهُ عَامًا

لِيُؤْطِقُوا عِدَّةَ مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ

فِيُحِلُّوا مَا حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ

زَيْدٌ لَهُمْ سَوْءٌ أَعْمَلْتُمْ

وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي

الْقَوْمَ الْكَافِرِينَ

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

مَا لَكُمْ إِذَا قِيلَ لَكُمْ

أَنْفِرُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

أَنَّا قُلْتُمْ مَا لَنَا

أَرْضِيئُكُمْ بِالْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

مِنَ الْآخِرَةِ

فَمَا مَتَّعَ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

فِي الْآخِرَةِ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ

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- 9:39 If you do not go forth
 'to strive in the path of God,'
 He will torment you
 with a most painful torment.
 Moreover, He shall replace you
 with another people 'who shall do so'—
 and never shall you harm Him 'thereby'
 in anything.
 For God is powerful over all things.
- 9:40 If you do not support 'the Prophet,
 it suffices that 'truly God supported him
 when those who disbelieve
 expelled him 'from Makkah'.
 He was the second of two 'alone'
 when they were 'hiding' in the Cave 'of Thawr'.
 Then he said to his companion:
 Do not grieve, for, indeed, God is with us.
 Then God sent down His tranquility upon him,
 and He aided him with 'Heavenly' hosts,
 which you 'mortals' did not see.
 Thus He made the 'false' word
 of those who disbelieve the lowest,
 while the 'revealed' word of God is ever high.
 For God 'alone' is overpowering, all-wise.
- 9:41 You must go forth, then—light or heavy—
 and strive with your wealth
 and your own persons in the path of God.
 That is best for you, if only you were to know
 'God's reward for it'.
- 9:42 Had there been a 'worldly' gain 'to be had'
 near at hand, and a moderate journey,
 they 'who are hypocrites'
 would, most surely, have followed you,
 'O Prophet, on the campaign of Tabûk'.
 But the distance was too far for them.

٣٩ ﴿٣٩﴾ إِنْ لَا تَنْفِرُوا
 يُعَذِّبْكُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا
 وَيَسْتَبْدِلْ قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ
 وَلَا تَضُرُّوهُ شَيْئًا وَاللَّهُ
 عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
 ﴿٤٠﴾ إِنْ لَا تَنْصُرُوهُ
 فَقَدْ نَصَرَهُ اللَّهُ
 إِذْ أَخْرَجَهُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 ثَانِيَ اثْنَيْنِ
 إِذْ هُمَا فِي الْغَارِ
 إِذْ يَقُولُ لِصَاحِبِهِ
 لَا تَخَفْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَنَا
 فَأَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ
 سَكِينَتَهُ عَلَيْهِ
 وَأَيَّدَهُ بِجُنُودٍ
 لَمْ تَرَوْهَا وَجَعَلَ
 كَلِمَةَ الَّذِينَ
 كَفَرُوا السُّفْلَى
 وَكَلِمَةُ اللَّهِ
 هِيَ الْعُلْيَا
 وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ
 ﴿٤١﴾ أَنْفِرُوا خِفَافًا وَثِقَالًا
 وَجَاهِدُوا
 بِأَمْوَالِكُمْ وَأَنْفُسِكُمْ
 فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
 ذَٰلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ
 إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
 ﴿٤٢﴾ لَوْ كَانَ عَرَضًا قَرِيبًا
 وَسَفَرًا قَاصِدًا لَاتَّبَعُوكَ

- Yet they will swear by God,
 'upon your return, saying':
 Had we been able,
 we most surely would have gone forth
 with you 'believers'.
 They have destroyed themselves
 'with their false oaths'.
 For, most surely, God knows that they are liars.
- 9:43 May God pardon you, 'O Prophet'!
 Why did you permit them 'to stay behind'
 before it was clear to you
 who spoke the truth 'in asking your leave',
 so you would know 'with certainty'
 who were the 'sheer liars' among them?
- 9:44 Those who believe in God
 and 'in the coming Judgment of' the Last Day
 do not ask of you leave
 from striving with their wealth
 and their persons 'in the path of God'.
 And God is all-knowing
 of those who are God-fearing.
- 9:45 Indeed, the ones who ask leave of you
 are only those who do not believe in God
 and 'in the coming Judgment of' the Last Day,
 and whose hearts have doubt.
 Thus they waver in their doubt.
- 9:46 *For had they intended to go forth,
 they would have adequately prepared for it.
 Rather, God disliked their going forth,
 so He disheartened them.
 Thus it was said 'to them':
 Stay behind with those who stay behind,
 'helpless and powerless'!
- 9:47 Had they gone forth with you 'believers',
 they would have added nothing to you

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الْحَزَنَةُ الْعَاشِرُ

وَلَكِنْ بَدَّتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الشَّقَّةُ
 وَسَيَحْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ
 لَوْ اسْتَطَعْنَا لَخَرَجْنَا مَعَكُمْ
 يُهْلِكُونَ أَنْفُسَهُمْ
 وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ إِنَّهُمْ لَكَاذِبُونَ
 عَفَا اللَّهُ عَنْكَ
 لِمَ أَذِنْتُ لَهُمْ حَقٌّ
 يَتَّبِعَنَّ لَكَ الَّذِينَ صَدَقُوا
 وَتَعْلَمَ الْكَاذِبِينَ
 لَا يَسْتَفِذُكَ
 الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ
 وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ
 أَنْ يُجَاهِدُوا
 بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ
 وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالْمُتَّقِينَ
 إِنَّمَا يَسْتَفِذُكَ الَّذِينَ
 لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ
 وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ
 وَأَرْتَابَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ
 فَهُمْ فِي رَيْبِهِمْ يَتَرَدَّدُونَ
 وَلَوْ أَرَادُوا الْخُرُوجَ
 لَأَعَدُّوا لَهُ عُدَّةً وَلَكِنْ
 كَرِهَ اللَّهُ انْبِعَاثَهُمْ
 فَثَبَّطَهُمْ وَقِيلَ
 اقْعُدُوا مَعَ الْفَاعِلِينَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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but turmoil.

For they would have rushed about
in your midst
seeking to cause sedition among you.

And among you are those
who would listen to them.

Yet God is all-knowing
about the wrongdoers who are godless in heart.

9:48 They have already sought to cause sedition
among you before.

For many are the times
they have turned things upside down
to overcome you, O Prophet —
until the truth came through
and God's decree of victory
prevailed in the land,
even though they were averse to it.

9:49 For among them are those who say:
Grant me leave

to stay behind for this campaign,
and do not subject me to trial
by testing my forbearance!

Most assuredly,
they have already fallen into trial.
For, indeed, Hell shall, most surely,
encompass the disbelievers.

9:50 When good fortune strikes you, O Prophet,
it troubles them.

But when affliction strikes you, they say:
Truly, we took care of our affairs beforehand.
Then they turn away and become exultant.

9:51 Say to these hypocrites:
Never will anything afflict us
but that which God has written for us.
He is our Patron.

١٧ لَوْ خَرَجُوا فِيكُمْ مَا زَادُوكُمْ إِلَّا خَبَالًا

وَلَا وُضِعُوا لِلنَّكَمِ

يَبْغُونَكُمْ الْفِتْنَةَ

وَفِيكُمْ سَمَّاعُونَ لَهُمْ

وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالظَّالِمِينَ

١٨ لَقَدْ ابْتَغُوا الْفِتْنَةَ مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَقَلَّبُوا لَكَ الْأُمُورَ

حَتَّى جَاءَ الْحَقُّ

وَوُضِعَ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ

وَهُمْ كَارِهُونَ

وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَقُولُ

أَقْدَنَ لِي وَلَا تَفْتِنِّي

أَلَا فِي الْفِتْنَةِ سَقَطُوا

وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ

لَمُحِيطَةٌ بِالْكَافِرِينَ

٥٠ إِنْ تُصِيبَكَ حَسَنَةٌ

تَسُوهُمْ وَإِنْ تُصِيبَكَ

مُصِيبَةٌ يَقُولُوا

قَدْ أَخَذْنَا أَمْرًا مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَيَسْتَوِلُّوْهُمُ فَرِحُونَ

٥١ قُلْ لَنْ يُصِيبَنَا

إِلَّا مَا كَتَبَ اللَّهُ لَنَا

- So upon God alone let the believers rely.
 9:52 Say to them :
 Do you await anything for us
 but one of two excellent things,
 victory or martyrdom ?
 Yet we await in your case
 for God to afflict you with a torment,
 either directly from Him or at our hands.
 So wait, for we are waiting along with you!
 9:53 Say to them :
 Spend in charity all that you have ,
 willingly or unwillingly.
 It shall never be accepted by God from you.
 For you have been an ungodly people.
 9:54 Yet nothing has prevented
 what they spend in charity
 from being accepted by God
 but that they have disbelieved in God
 and in His Messenger.
 Nor do they come to the Prayer
 without being lazy.
 Nor do they spend anything for charity
 without being averse to it .
 9:55 So let neither their wealth
 nor their children stir your admiration.
 God only intends to punish them thereby
 in the life of this world
 and that their souls may vanish
 while they are disbelievers.
 9:56 For they swear by God that they are of you,
 while they are not of you.
 Rather, they are a people who are fearful
 of revealing the malice they bear you .
 9:57 If they were to find a hidden refuge,
 or concealed caverns,

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هُوَ مَوْلَانَا وَعَلَى اللَّهِ
 فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ
 قُلْ هَلْ تَرَبَّصُونَ بِنَا
 إِلَّا إِحْدَى الْحُسَيْنَيْنِ
 وَنَحْنُ نَتَرَبَّصُ بِكُمْ
 أَنْ يُصِيبَكُمْ اللَّهُ بِعَذَابٍ
 مِنْ عِنْدِهِ أَوْ يَأْتِيَنَا
 فَرَبِّصُوا
 إِنَّا مَعَكُمْ مُتَرَبِّصُونَ
 قُلْ أَنْفِقُوا طَوْعًا أَوْ كَرْهًا
 لَنْ يَقْبَلَ مِنْكُمْ إِنَّكُمْ
 كُنْتُمْ قَوْمًا فَاسِقِينَ
 وَمَا مَنَعَهُمْ
 أَنْ يَقْبَلُوا مِنْهُمْ نَفَقَتَهُمْ
 إِلَّا أَنْهُمْ كَفَرُوا بِاللَّهِ
 وَرَسُولِهِ وَلَا يَأْتُونَ الصَّلَاةَ
 إِلَّا وَهُمْ كَسَالَى
 وَلَا يُفْقُونَ
 إِلَّا وَهُمْ كَارِهُونَ
 فَلَا تَعْجِبْكَ أَمْوَالُهُمْ
 وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ
 لِيُعَذِّبَهُمْ بِهَا
 فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا
 وَنَزَعَهُمْ أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَهُمْ كَافِرُونَ
 وَيَخْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ
 إِنْهُمْ لَمِنْكُمْ
 وَمَا هُمْ بِمُتَّقِينَ
 وَلَكِنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ يَفْرُقُونَ

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or any place of 'secret' entrance
 'into the earth for protection',
 they would turn toward it and bolt.

9:58 Moreover, among them are those
 who slander you about 'your disbursement
 of 'charitable offerings' to the needy'.
 Yet if they are given from it,
 they become well-pleased.
 But if they are not given from it,
 then they become wrathful.

9:59 'It would have been best'
 if they had been well-pleased
 with whatever God and His Messenger
 gave them, and then said:
 'Sufficient for us is God.
 God shall give us from His bounty,
 as shall His Messenger.
 Indeed, in God we are hopeful!

9:60 *Indeed, 'prescribed' charitable offerings
 are only 'to be given' to the poor
 and the indigent,
 and to those who work on 'administering' it,
 and to those whose hearts are to be reconciled,
 and to 'free' those in bondage,
 and to the debt-ridden,
 and for the cause of God,
 and to the wayfarer.
 'This is' an obligation from God.
 And God is all-knowing, all-wise.

9:61 Now, 'as to the hypocrites,'
 among them are those
 who seek to hurt the Prophet 'by their words'.
 For they say: He is just an ear!
 Say to them: His 'is an ear of goodness for you.
 He believes in God

لَوْ يَجِدُونَ مَلْجَأًا
 ٥٧
 أَوْ مَغْرَبًا أَوْ مَدْخَلًا
 لَوَلَّوْا إِلَيْهِ وَهُمْ يَجْمَحُونَ
 ٥٨
 وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ يَلْمِزُكَ
 فِي الصَّدَقَاتِ
 فَإِنْ أُعْطُوا مِنْهَا رَضُوا
 وَإِنْ لَمْ يُعْطُوا مِنْهَا
 إِذَا هُمْ يَسْخَطُونَ
 ٥٩
 وَلَوْ أَنَّهُمْ رَضُوا
 مَا آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ
 وَقَالُوا حَسْبُنَا اللَّهُ
 سَيُؤْتِينَا اللَّهُ
 مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَرَسُولُهُ
 إِنَّا إِلَى اللَّهِ رَاغِبُونَ
 ٦٠
 إِنَّمَا الصَّدَقَتُ
 لِلْفُقَرَاءِ وَالْمَسْكِينِ
 وَالْعَمِلِينَ عَلَيْهَا
 وَالْمُؤَلَّفَةِ قُلُوبُهُمْ
 وَفِي الرِّقَابِ وَالْغَرَمِينَ
 وَفِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
 وَابْنِ السَّبِيلِ
 فَرِيضَةً مِنَ اللَّهِ
 وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ
 ٦١
 وَمِنْهُمْ الَّذِينَ
 يُؤْذُونَ النَّبِيَّ

and has faith in the believers.
Indeed, he is a mercy
to those who believe among you.
As to those who hurt the Messenger of God,
for them,
there is a most painful torment awaiting
in the Hereafter.

9:62 They swear by God to you `believers`
that they desire the Prophet's welfare,
in order to please you.

Yet it is worthier that they please God
and His Messenger,
if, indeed, they are `true` believers.

9:63 Do they not know that, indeed, anyone
who opposes God and His Messenger
has `assured` himself
of entering the Fire of Hell,
wherein he shall abide forever?
That is the greatest disgrace!

9:64 The hypocrites are `exceedingly` wary
that a surah shall be sent down against them,
`openly` telling them about all `the evil`
that is in their hearts.

Say to them: Mock on!
Indeed, God will bring out
`precisely` that of which you are wary.

9:65 Yet if you ask them about their slander
of the Prophet and the believers,
they will, most surely, say:

We were only indulging
in idle-talk and playing.

Say to them:
Then, is it God and His `revealed` signs
and His Messenger
of which you were making mockery?

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الْحَزْنَةُ الْعَاصِرُ

وَيَقُولُونَ هُوَ أَدْنَىٰ
قُلْ أَدْنَىٰ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ
يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَيُؤْمِنُ
لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَرَحْمَةً
لِّلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مِنْكُمْ
وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْذُونَ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ
لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
يَخْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ لَكُمْ
لِيَرْضَوْكُمْ وَاللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ
أَحَقُّ أَنْ يَرْضَوْهُ
إِنْ كَانُوا مُؤْمِنِينَ
أَلَمْ يَعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ
مَنْ يُحَادِدِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
قَاتِلْ لَهُ نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ
خَالِدًا فِيهَا ذَلِكَ
الْخِزْيُ الْعَظِيمُ
يَحْذَرُ الْمُنَافِقُونَ
أَنْ تَنْزَلَ عَلَيْهِمْ سُورَةٌ
نُنِيشُهُمْ بِمَا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ
قُلِ اسْتَزِرُوا رَبَّ اللَّهِ
مُخْرِجٌ مَّا تَحْذَرُونَ
وَلَيْن سَأَلْتَهُمْ
لَيَقُولُنَّ إِنَّمَا كُنَّا
نَخُوضُ وَنَلْعَبُ

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- 9:66 Offer no excuse!
For you have truly disbelieved after your belief.
If ever We pardon a group among you
that sincerely repents,
still We shall torment another group
because they have been defiant unbelievers.
- 9:67 The hypocrite men and the hypocrite women—
they are all of one another.
They enjoin what is wrong
and forbid what is right,
and they withhold their hands
from the giving of due charity.
They have forgotten God.
So He has forgotten them.
Indeed, it is the hypocrites who are the ungodly.
- 9:68 God has promised the hypocrite men
and the hypocrite women,
along with the disbelievers, the Fire of Hell,
wherein they shall abide forever.
It is sufficient for them.
For God has cursed them.
Thus for them, there is an enduring torment.
- 9:69 'You hypocrites have become'
like those 'disbelievers' before you.
They were mightier than you in power
and greater in wealth and children.
They merely pursued the enjoyment
of their 'worldly' share.
You likewise
have 'exclusively' pursued the enjoyment
of your 'worldly' share,
as those before you pursued the enjoyment
of their share.
Moreover, you have indulged 'in the world',
as they indulged 'in it'.

قُلْ أَيَاللّٰهِ وَمَا يَنْبِئُهُ وَرَسُولُهُ

كُنْتُمْ تَسْتَهْزِئُونَ

لَا تَعْزِدُونَا فَاذْكُرْتُمْ

بَعْدَ إِيسَارِكُمْ إِن تَعْلَمُونَ

عَنْ طَائِفَةٍ مِنْكُمْ

تُعَذِّبُ طَائِفَةً بِآثِمَتِهِمْ

كَانُوا مُجْرِمِينَ

الْمُنَافِقُونَ وَالْمُنَافِقَاتُ

بَعْضُهُمْ مِنْ بَعْضٍ

يَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمُنْكَرِ

وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمَعْرُوفِ

وَيَقْبِضُونَ أَيْدِيَهُمْ

نَسُوا اللَّهَ فَنَسِيَهُمْ

إِنَّ الْمُنَافِقِينَ

هُمْ الْفَاسِقُونَ

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْمُنَافِقِينَ

وَالْمُنَافِقَاتِ وَالْكُفَّارِ

نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا

هِيَ حَسْبُهُمْ وَلَعْنَهُمُ اللَّهُ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُّقِيمٌ

كَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ

كَانُوا أَشَدَّ مِنْكُمْ قُوَّةً

وَأَكْثَرُ أَمْوَالًا وَأَوْلَدًا

فَاسْتَمْتَعُوا بِخُلُقِهِمْ

فَاسْتَمْتَعْتُمْ بِخُلُقِكُمْ

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It is these whose 'good' works
are 'rendered utterly' futile 'with God'—
in this world and in the Hereafter.
Thus it is these who are the losers
'of an everlasting Paradise'.

- 9:70 Have the 'heavy' tidings of those before them
not come to them—
the people of Noah, and 'the peoples of 'Âd,
and Thamûd;
and the people of Abraham,
and the Dwellers of Midian,
and the Overturned Towns
'of Sodom and Gomorrah?'
Their messengers came to them
with clear 'and miraculous' proofs 'of God,
and they belied them'.
For never would God wrong them
'by punishing them without cause'.
But, rather, it was their own souls
they were 'all the while' wronging
'with ungodliness'.

- 9:71 As for the believing men
and the believing women—
all 'of them' are allies of one another.
They enjoin what is right
and forbid what is wrong.
Moreover, they 'duly' establish the Prayer,
and give the Zakât-Charity,
and they obey God and His Messenger.
It is these upon whom God shall have mercy.
Indeed, God is overpowering, all-wise.
- 9:72 God has promised the believing men
and the believing women

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الْحِزْبُ الْعَاشِرُ

كَمَا اسْتَمْتَعَ الَّذِينَ
مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ بِخَلْقِهِمْ
وَخُضُّهُمْ كَالَّذِي خَاصُّوْا
أُولَئِكَ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَلُهُمْ
فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ
وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ
اللَّهُ يَأْتِيهِمْ نَبَأُ
الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
قَوْمُ نُوحٍ وَعَادٌ وَثَمُودُ
 وَقَوْمُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ
وَأَصْحَابِ مَدْيَنَ
وَالْمُؤْتَفِكَةَ
أَنَّهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ يَلْبِغُونَ
فَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيَظْلِمَهُمْ
وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا
أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ
وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتُ
بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بَعْضٍ
يَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ
وَيُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ
وَيُؤْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ
وَيُطِيعُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
أُولَئِكَ سَيَرْحَمُهُمُ اللَّهُ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ

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سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الجزء العاشر

Gardens beneath which rivers flow,
wherein they shall abide forever—
and therein shall they have
good and pleasant dwellings
in a Garden everlasting.
Yet the pleasure of God is greater still!
Assuredly, it is this
that is the magnificent triumph!

- 9:73 O Prophet!
Strive against the disbelievers
and the hypocrites, and be stern with them.
For their final abode shall be Hell—
and a most woeful destination it is!
- 9:74 They swear by God
that they have said nothing blasphemous.
But most truly they have spoken
the very word of unbelief.
Indeed, they have disbelieved
after professing their submission to God
in Islam.
Moreover, they have all along resolved
themselves to do great evil against the Prophet
to which they could not attain.
Nor did they take umbrage against him
for any prudent reason,
except that God Himself and His Messenger
had enriched them from His bounty!
Thus, if they repent,
it will be far better for them.
Yet if they turn away, God will punish them
with a most painful torment
in this world and in the Hereafter.
Nor do they have on earth
any patron or supporter

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٧٣﴾
وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي
مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا
وَمَسْكَنٌ طَيِّبَةٌ
فِي جَنَّاتٍ عَدْنٍ
وَرِضْوَانٌ مِّنَ اللَّهِ أَكْبَرُ
ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ
يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ جَاهِدِ
الْكَافِرَ وَالْمُنَافِقِينَ
وَأَغْلَطْ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَمَا أُوذُوا مِنْهُمْ جَهَنَّمَ
وَبَيْسَ الْمَصِيرِ
يَخْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ مَا قَالُوا
وَلَقَدْ قَالُوا كَلِمَةَ الْكُفْرِ
وَكَفَرُوا بَعْدَ إِسْلَامِهِمْ
وَهُمْ أَيْمَانُ يَنَالُونَ
وَمَا نَقَمُوا إِلَّا أَنْ أَغْنَاهُمُ
اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
فَإِنْ يَتُوبُوا يَكُ خَيْرًا لَهُمْ
وَإِنْ يَسْتَوُوا يَعَذِّبَهُمُ اللَّهُ

- to help them against God`.
- 9:75 *For among them
are those who made a covenant with God,
`swearing`:
If He gives us of His bounty,
we shall, most surely, give charity,
and we shall, most surely,
become of the righteous!
- 9:76 Yet when He gave them of His bounty,
they became miserly with it.
Then they turned away—
and `thus` did they forsake `their covenant`.
- 9:77 Thus in consequence,
He has fixed hypocrisy in their hearts
until the Day Hereafter
when `they shall meet Him,
for they have failed before God
in what they had promised Him
and because they have been lying.
- 9:78 Do they not know
that, indeed, God knows their secrets
and their concealed conversations
and that God is all-knowing
of everything unseen?
- 9:79 `Among the hypocrites
are `those who slander the believers
as to the charitable offerings they volunteer.
Indeed, they `slander` those
who find no more `to offer in charity`
than their `personal` efforts.
Still, they scoff at them.
`Rather,` God scoffs at
`the scoffers among` them!
And for them,
there is a most painful torment `awaiting

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الجزء العاشر

عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا
فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ
وَمَا لَهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
مِنْ وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٍ
وَمِنْهُمْ مَّنْ عَاهَدَ اللَّهَ
لَئِنْ آتَيْنَا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
لَنَصَّدَّقَنَّ وَلَنَكُونَنَّ
مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ
فَلَمَّا آتَيْنَاهُمْ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
بَخِلُوا بِهِ
وَتَوَلَّوْا وَهُمْ مُّعْرِضُونَ
فَأَعْقَبَهُمْ نِفَاقًا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ
إِلَى يَوْمٍ يَلْقَوْنَهُ
بِمَا أَخْلَفُوا اللَّهَ مَا وَعَدُوهُ
وَبِمَا كَانُوا يَكْذِبُونَ
أَلَمْ يَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ
يَعْلَمُ سِرَّهُمْ وَنَجْوَاهُمْ
وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَّمَهُ الْغَيْبُ
الَّذِينَ يَلْمِزُونَ
الْمُطَّوِّعِينَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
فِي الصَّدَقَاتِ
وَالَّذِينَ لَا يَجِدُونَ
إِلَّا جُهْدَهُمْ فَيَسْخَرُونَ مِنْهُمْ

in the Hereafter.

9:80 O Prophet!

Seek forgiveness for them,
or do not seek forgiveness for them!
For even if you seek forgiveness for them
seventy times, never will God forgive them.
That is because they have disbelieved
in God and His Messenger,
and God does not guide the ungodly people.

9:81 Those hypocrites who stayed back
from this just fight at Tabûk
rejoiced in their staying behind
in utter defiance of the Messenger of God,
for they abhorred striving with their wealth
and their persons in the path of God.
Thus they said to one another:
Do not go forth in the heat! Say to them:
The Fire of Hell is more intensely severe
in scorching heat!

If only they were to understand
the consequence of their deed.

9:82 So let them laugh a little now
and weep much in the Hereafter —
a recompense for all the evil
that they have earned.

9:83 So if ever God returns you, O Prophet,
to any group of inveterate hypocrites
among them, and they seek your permission
to go forth with you on a campaign,
then say to them:
Never will you go forth with me, ever!
And never will you fight with me any enemy!
Indeed, you were well-pleased
with sitting back the first time at Tabûk,

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ

الْحَزَنَةُ الْعَاصِرُ

سَجِرَ اللَّهُ مِنْهُمْ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

أَسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ ٨٠

أَوْ لَا تَسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ

إِنْ تَسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ سَبْعِينَ مَرَّةً

فَلَنْ يَغْفِرَ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ

ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَفَرُوا

بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَاللَّهُ

لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ

فَرَحَ الْمُحَلِّفُونَ ٨١

بِمَقْعَدِهِمْ

خَلَفَ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ

وَكَرِهُوا أَنْ يُجَاهِدُوا

بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ

فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَقَالُوا

لَا تَنْفِرُوا فِي الْحَرِّ

قُلْ نَارُ جَهَنَّمَ أَشَدُّ حَرًّا

لَوْ كَانُوا يَفْقَهُونَ

فَلْيَضْحَكُوا قَلِيلًا ٨٢

وَلْيَبْكُوا كَثِيرًا

جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ

فَإِنْ رَجَعَكَ اللَّهُ ٨٣

إِلَى طَائِفَةٍ مِنْهُمْ

فَأَسْتَدْنُوكَ لِالخُرُوجِ فَقُلْ

لَنْ تَخْرُجُوا مَعِيَ أَبَدًا

- so sit back with 'all' those who stay back!
- 9:84 Therefore, do not ever pray
over any one of them who dies.
Nor stand over the grave of such a one,
for they have disbelieved in God
and His Messenger
and died while they were ungodly.
- 9:85 And let not their wealth and their children
stir your admiration.
God only intends to punish them thereby
in this world
and 'intends' that their souls may vanish
while they are disbelievers.
- 9:86 For whenever a surah
'like this one' is sent down
'exhorting the faithful' to believe in God
and 'to strive in His path'
alongside His Messenger,
the affluent among 'those of them'
'who are hypocrites' seek 'exemption'
through 'permission from you, 'O Prophet'.
Thus they say:
Leave us to be with those who stay behind!
- 9:87 They were well-pleased
to be among those who remained behind.
Thus a seal was set upon their hearts,
so that they do not understand
'what is good and right'.
- 9:88 But the Messenger,
and all those who believed with him,
strove with their wealth and their persons.
Thus it is these
for whom all good things 'are assured'.
And it is these who are the 'truly' successful.
- 9:89 God has prepared for them Gardens,

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الجزء العاشر

وَلَنْ تَقِيلُوا مَعَ عَدُوِّ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ رَضِيئِينَ
بِالْقُعُودِ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ
فَاقْعُدُوا مَعَ الْخَالِفِينَ
وَلَا تُصَلِّ عَلَى أَحَدٍ مِنْهُمْ
مَاتَ أَبَدًا وَلَا تَقُمْ عَلَى قَبْرِهِ
إِنَّهُمْ كَفَرُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ
وَمَاتُوا وَهُمْ فَاسِقُونَ
وَلَا تُعْجِبْكَ أَمْوَالُهُمْ وَأَوْلَادُهُمْ
إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ
أَنْ يُعَذِّبَهُمْ بِآيِ الدُّنْيَا
وَيَزَهِّقَ أَنْفُسَهُمْ
وَهُمْ كَافِرُونَ
وَإِذَا أَنْزَلْتُ سُورَةً
أَنْ ءَامَنُوا بِاللَّهِ
وَجَاهِدُوا مَعَ رَسُولِهِ اسْتَأْذَنَكَ
أُولُوا الطَّوْلِ مِنْهُمْ وَقَالُوا
ذَرْنَا نَكُنْ مَعَ الْفَاعِلِينَ
رَضُوا بِأَنْ يَكُونُوا
مَعَ الْخَوَالِفِ
وُطِّعَ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ
فَهُمْ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ
لَكِنَّ الرُّسُولَ
وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَعَهُ
جَاهِدُوا بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الجزء الحادي عشر

beneath which rivers flow,
wherein they shall abide forever.
That is the magnificent triumph!

9:90 Now, as to the Bedouins
who came to you offering excuses
to be granted leave, O Prophet—
and those who were lying
to God and His Messenger
in order to be of those who stayed behind—
whoever among them has disbelieved
shall be afflicted with a most painful torment.

9:91 There is no blame cast upon the weak
for remaining behind, nor on the sick,
nor on those who found nothing to spend
to outfit themselves for battle,
provided they were sincere to God
and His Messenger.

For never is there a cause to cast blame
upon those who excel in doing good.
For God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

9:92 Nor is there any cause for blame
against those who, when they came to you,
O Prophet, to provide them with mounts,
you said:

I find nothing upon which to mount you.
Thus did they turn away,
their eyes overflowing with tears
of heartfelt sorrow
because they found nothing to spend
to go out in the path of God.

9:93 * There is only cause for blame
against those who seek leave
from going forth with you,
though they have wealth.

وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاصِرَاتُ

وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمَقْلُوحُونَ

أَعَدَّ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ جَذَاتٍ

٨٩

تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا

ذَٰلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ

وَجَاءَ الْمُعَذِّرُونَ مِنَ

٩٠

الْأَعْرَابِ لِيُؤْذَنَ لَهُمْ وَقَعَدَ

الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ

سَيُصِيبُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

مِنْهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

لَيْسَ عَلَى الضَّعَفَاءِ

٩١

وَلَا عَلَى الْمَرْضَى وَلَا عَلَى

الَّذِينَ لَا يَجِدُونَ

مَا يَنْفِقُونَ حَرَجٌ

إِذَا نَصَحُوا لِلَّهِ وَرَسُولَهُ مَا عَلَى

الْمُحْسِنِينَ مِنْ سَبِيلٍ

وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

وَلَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ إِذَا مَا اتَّوَكَّلَ

٩٢

لِتَحْمِلَهُمْ قُلْتَ لَا أَحِذْ

مَا أَحْمَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ تَوَلَّوْا

وَأَعْيُنُهُمْ تَفِيضُ مِنَ الدَّمْعِ

حَرًّا لَا يَجِدُوا مَا يَنْفِقُونَ

إِنَّمَا السَّبِيلُ

٩٣

عَلَى الَّذِينَ يَسْتَفِيدُونَكَ



- They were well-pleased
to be among those who remained behind.
Thus God has set a seal upon their hearts,
so they do not know their woeful destiny.
- 9:94 They make 'insincere' excuses to you 'believers'
when you return to them.
Say to them, O Prophet: Do not make excuses!
For we will never believe you.
God has already told us the news
of your 'evildoing'—
and 'still' God will see your works,
as will His Messenger.
Then you shall be returned 'in the end'
to the 'Sole' Knower of the 'realms'
of all the 'unseen and the seen'.
Then He shall tell you 'the due recompense'
of all that you have been doing 'in life'.
- 9:95 They will swear 'falsely' to you by God
when you 'believers' return to them,
so that you may turn 'any blame'
aside from them.
Rather, turn aside from them 'instead'!
For, indeed, they are defilement 'itself',
and their abode shall be Hell—
a recompense for all 'the evil'
that they have earned!
- 9:96 They swear 'their fidelity' to you 'believers',
so that you may be pleased with them.
But even if
you should become pleased with them,
assuredly, God will not be pleased
with the ungodly people.
- 9:97 The Bedouin are even more vehement
in unbelief and hypocrisy
'than the faithless of Madinah'—

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الْجُزْءُ الْحَادِي عَشَرَ

وَهُمْ أَغْنِيَاءُ رَضُوا
بِأَن يَكُونُوا مَعَ الْخَوَالِفِ
وَطَبَعَ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ
فَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
يَعْتَذِرُونَ إِلَيْكُمْ ﴿٩٤﴾
إِذَا رَجَعْتُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ
قُلْ لَا تَعْتَذِرُوا
لَنُؤْمِنَ لَكُمْ قَدْ نَبَأْنَا
اللَّهُ مِنْ أَخْبَارِكُمْ
وَسَيَرَى اللَّهُ عَمَلَكُمْ وَرَسُولُهُ
ثُمَّ تَرْدُونَ إِلَيَّ
عَلِيمِ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ
فَيُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ
سَيَحْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ لَكُمْ ﴿٩٥﴾
إِذَا انْقَلَبْتُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ
لِيُعْرِضُوا عَنْهُمْ فَأَعْرِضُوا عَنْهُمْ
إِنَّهُمْ رِجْسٌ
وَمَا وَلَهُمْ جَهَنَّمَ جَزَاءً
بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ
يَحْلِفُونَ لَكُمْ ﴿٩٦﴾
لِيَرْضَوْا عَنْهُمْ
فَإِن تَرَضَوْا عَنْهُمْ
فَاللَّهُ لَا يَرْضَى
عَنِ الْقَوْمِ الْفَاسِقِينَ

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الجزء الحادي عشر

and likelier not to know the ordained limits
that God has sent down to His Messenger.

Yet God is all-knowing, all-wise.

- 9:98 For among the Bedouins
are those who regard what they spend
‘for the sake of God’ as a ‘burdensome’ penalty.
Thus they await misfortunes
to ‘befall’ you ‘believers’.

May evil misfortune ‘befall’ them!

For God is all-hearing, all-knowing.

- 9:99 Yet among the Bedouins, ‘as well,’
are those who believe in God
and ‘in the coming Judgment of’ the Last Day.
Thus they regard what they spend
‘for the sake of God’ as goodly offerings
that gain them nearness to God
and prayers ‘of blessing’ from the Messenger.
Most surely,
it is a means of nearness for them, indeed.
God shall admit them into His mercy.
Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

- 9:100 As to the forerunners ‘in faith’ —
the first of the Émigrés and the Helpers —
as well as ‘all’ those
who have followed their course in goodness,
God is well-pleased with them.
And they are well-pleased with Him.
He has prepared for them
Gardens beneath which rivers flow —
wherein they shall abide, forever and ever.
That is the magnificent triumph!

- 9:101 Thus among the Bedouins
who dwell ‘in the desert’ around you,

الْأَعْرَابُ ﴿١٧﴾

أَشَدُّ كُفْرًا وَفَسَاقًا

وَأَجْدَرُ أَنْ لَا يَعْلَمُوا

حُدُودَ مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ عَلَى رَسُولِهِ

وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

وَمِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ ﴿١٨﴾

مَنْ يَتَّخِذْ مَا يُنْفِقُ مَغْرَمًا

وَيَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى الْوَيْلِ

عَلَيْهِمْ دَائِرَةُ السَّوْءِ

وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ

وَمِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ ﴿١٩﴾

مَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ

وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ

وَيَتَّخِذْ مَا يُنْفِقُ

قُرْبَةً عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

وَصَلَّوَاتٍ لِّلرَّسُولِ

أَلَّا يَأْتِيَ قَرْبَهُ لَهُمْ

سَيْدٌ خَلْفَهُمُ اللَّهُ فِي رَحْمَتِهِ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ

وَالسَّابِقُونَ وَالْأَوَّلُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾

مِنَ الْمُهَاجِرِينَ وَالْأَنْصَارِ

وَالَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوهُمْ بِإِحْسَانٍ

رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ

وَوَضَّوْا عَنْهُ وَعَدَهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرِي تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا

ذَٰلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الْجُزْءُ الْحَادِي عَشَرَ

there are hypocrites.

And also among the people of Madinah,
there are those who have become habituated
to hypocrisy.

You do not know them. We know them.

We shall punish them twice 'in this life'.

Then they will be returned

'to God in the Hereafter' to a great torment.

9:102 Moreover, there are others

who have admitted their own sins.

They have mingled their righteous deeds
with evildoing.

God may grant them repentance.

Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

9:103 Take from their wealth

a charitable offering to cleanse them
and purify them thereby.

Moreover, pray for them.

Indeed, your prayer is a comfort to them.

For God is all-hearing, all-knowing.

9:104 Do they not know that it is God 'alone'

who accepts repentance

from 'all' His 'true-hearted' servants,

accepting, as well,

'their sincere' charitable offerings,

and that, indeed, it is God 'alone'

who is the All-Relenting, the Mercy-Giving?

9:105 Therefore, say 'to them':

Do works 'of righteousness'!

For God will assuredly see your work,

and so will His Messenger and the believers.

Moreover, you shall be returned 'in the end'

to the 'Sole' Knower of the 'realms

of all the 'unseen and the seen.

Then He shall tell you 'the due recompense'

وَمِمَّنْ حَوْلَكُمُ

مِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ مَنَافِقُونَ

وَمِنَ أَهْلِ الْمَدِينَةِ

مَرَدُّو عَلَى الْغَفَايِ

لَا تَعْلَمُهُمْ تَحَنُّنًا لِّعَلَّاهُمْ

سَنُعَذِّبُهُمْ مَّرَّتَيْنِ

ثُمَّ يَرْدُّونَ

إِلَى عَذَابٍ عَظِيمٍ

وَأَخْرُونَ اعْتَرَفُوا بِذُنُوبِهِمْ

خَلَطُوا عَمَلًا صَالِحًا

وَأَخْرَ سَيِّئًا عَسَى اللَّهُ

أَنْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْهِمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ

خُذْ مِنْ أَمْوَالِهِمْ صَدَقَةً

تُطَهِّرُهُمْ وَتُزَكِّيهِمْ بِهَا

وَصَلِّ عَلَيْهِمْ إِنَّ صَلَاتَكَ

سَكَنٌ لَّهُمْ

وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ

أَلَمْ يَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ

يَقْبَلُ التَّوْبَةَ عَنْ عِبَادِهِ

وَيَأْخُذُ الصَّدَقَاتِ

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُ

وَقُلْ أَعْمَلُوا

فَسِيرَى اللَّهِ عَمَلَكُمْ

وَرَسُولُهُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْعَمَّ

of all that you have been doing 'in life'.

- 9:106 There are yet others
 'who remained behind from the campaign'
 who have been deferred
 until God's 'further' decree.
 Either He will punish them,
 or He will grant them repentance.
 For God is all-knowing, all-wise.

- 9:107 'But hypocrites all
 are' those who have made a mosque
 to instigate much harm, and unbelief,
 and division among the believers,
 and as 'a station of ambush,
 'backing' one who has before waged war
 against God and His Messenger.
 Though they shall swear, 'O Prophet':
 We desired nothing but good!
 Yet God 'Himself' bears witness
 that they are, most surely, liars!

- 9:108 Do not ever stand 'for the Prayer' in it.
 Most surely, the mosque 'of Qubâ'—
 founded on the fear of God from the first day—
 is worthier of you to stand therein
 'for the Prayer'.

Therein are men who love to purify themselves.
 And God loves those who purify themselves.

- 9:109 Who then is better:
 One who founds his building
 on the fear of God and 'His' pleasure,
 or one who founds his building
 on the brink of a crumbling bank
 that then tumbles with him
 into the Fire of Hell?
 For God does not guide the wrongdoing people

وَسَرُّدُونَ إِلَى

عَلَيْهِ الْعَيْبُ وَالشَّهَادَةُ

فَيُشْكِرُ بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

وَأَآخِرُونَ

١٠٦

مُرْجُونَ لِأَمْرِ اللَّهِ إِنَّمَا يَعِدُهُمُ

وَأِنَّمَا يَتُوبُ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

وَالَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا مَسْجِدًا

١٠٧

ضَرَارًا وَكُفْرًا

وَفَرَقًا بَيْنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَارْصَادًا لِمَنْ حَارَبَ

اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَلِيَحْلِفُنَّ إِنْ أَرَدْنَا إِلَّا الْحُسْنَ

وَاللَّهُ يَشْهَدُ إِنَّهُمْ لَكَاذِبُونَ

لَا نَقَمُ فِيهِ أَبَدًا

١٠٨

لِمَسْجِدِ أُتِيسَ عَلَى التَّقْوَى

مِنْ أَوَّلِي يَوْمٍ

أَحَقُّ أَنْ تَقُومَ فِيهِ

فِيهِ رِجَالٌ

يُحِبُّونَ أَنْ يَتَّخِذُوا

وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُطَهِّرِينَ

أَفَمَنْ أَسَّسَ بُيُوتَهُ

١٠٩

عَلَى تَقْوَى مِنَ اللَّهِ

وَرِضْوَانٍ خَيْرٌ

- who are godless in heart`.
- 9:110 The building that they have built
with hypocrisy` will forever` remain
a source of doubt in their hearts,
until it be that their hearts are cut into pieces.
And God is all-knowing, all-wise.
- 9:111 *Indeed, God has purchased from the believers
their lives and their wealth,
for which they shall assuredly have
the Garden` of Paradise in return`.
For they fight in the path of God.
Thus they kill and are killed.
That is a true promise binding upon Him
in the Torah, and the Evangel,
and the Quran.
And who better fulfills his covenant than God?
So rejoice in the bargain
that you have made with Him.
For, assuredly, it is this
that is the magnificent triumph.
- 9:112 Such are the repentant,
the worshipful, the praise-giving;
those who go out` in God's cause`,
who bow` to Him alone`
and who bow` their faces` down
to the ground` in Prayer to Him`;
those who enjoin what is right
and forbid what is wrong,
and who` diligently` observe
the ordained limits of God.
So give glad tidings to the believers
of everlasting delight in Paradise`.
- 9:113 It is not for the Prophet and those who believe
to seek forgiveness for the idolaters—

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الْحُزْنُ الْحَادِي عَشَرَ

أَمْ مَنْ أَتَسَسَّ بُيُوتَهُ
عَلَى سَفَا جُرْفٍ هَارٍ
فَاتَّهَارَ بِهِ فِي نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ وَاللَّهُ
لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ
لَا يَزَالُ بُيُوتُهُمُ الَّذِي بَنَوْا

١١٠

رِيبَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ
إِلَّا أَنْ تَقَطَّعَ قُلُوبُهُمْ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

١١١

إِنَّ اللَّهَ اشْتَرَى
مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
أَنفُسَهُمْ وَأَمْوَالَهُمْ
بِأَنْ لَهُمُ الْجَنَّةُ

يُقِيمُونَ فِي سَكِينٍ
فِيَقْتُلُونَ وَيُقْتَلُونَ
وَعَدًا عَلَيْهِ حَقًّا فِي

التَّوْرَةِ وَالْإِنْجِيلِ
وَالْفُرْقَانِ وَمَنْ أَوْفَى
بِعَهْدِهِ مِنَ اللَّهِ

فَأَسْتَبِشِرُوا بَيْنَكُمْ
الَّذِي بَايَعْتُمْ بِهِ
وَذَلِكَ هُوَ الْقَوْرُ الْعَظِيمُ

١١٢

الْمُتَّقِينَ الْعَمِيدُونَ
الْحَامِدُونَ السَّائِحُونَ
الرَّكَعُونَ

السَّاجِدُونَ
الْأَمْرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
وَالنَّكَاهُونَ

عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الجزء الحادي عشر

even if they are 'their' close relatives—
after it has become clear to them
that they are the Companions of Hellfire.

- 9:114 Abraham's seeking of forgiveness for his father
was only because of a promise
'Abraham' had made to him.
But when it became clear to him that 'his father'
was an 'inveterate' enemy of God,
he renounced him;
for Abraham was, indeed, tenderhearted,
most forbearing.
- 9:115 Never would God leave any people to stray
after He has guided them,
until He has made clear to them
'the commandments' they should fear 'violating'.
Indeed, God is all-knowing of all things.

- 9:116 Indeed, to God 'alone'
belongs all dominion
over the heavens and the earth.
He gives life. And He gives death.
And you do not have, apart from God,
any patron or supporter 'to help you'.
- 9:117 God has already granted repentance
to the Prophet—
as well as to the Émigrés, and the Helpers,
those who followed him
in the hour of hardship, after the hearts
of a party 'of the believers' among them
had nearly swerved
'from the path of the righteous'.
It was 'then' He granted them repentance.
Indeed, He was all-kind,
mercy-giving toward them—

وَالْحَافِظُونَ لِحُدُودِ اللَّهِ
وَبَشِّرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١١٤﴾
مَا كَانِ لِلنَّبِيِّ
وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
أَنْ يَسْتَغْفِرُوا لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ
وَلَوْ كَانُوا أُولَىٰ قُرْبَىٰ
مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا بَيَّنَّ لَهُمْ
أَنَّهُمْ أَصْحَابُ الْجَحِيمِ
وَمَا كَانِ ﴿١١٥﴾
أَسْتَغْفَارُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ لِأَبِيهِ
إِلَّا عَنْ مَوْعِدَةٍ
وَعَدَهَا إِلَيْهَ فَلَمَّا بَيَّنَّ لَهُ
أَنَّهُ عَدُوٌّ لِلَّهِ تَبَرَأَ مِنْهُ
إِنَّ إِبْرَاهِيمَ لَأَوَّاهٌ حَلِيمٌ
وَمَا كَانِ اللَّهُ ﴿١١٦﴾
لِيُضِلَّ قَوْمًا بَعْدَ إِذْ هَدَيْتَهُمْ
حَتَّىٰ يَسْتَأْذِنَ لَهُمْ مَا يَتَّقُونَ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَكُلُّ شَيْءًا عَلِيمٌ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُ ﴿١١٧﴾
مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ
وَمَا لَكُمْ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
مِنْ وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٍ
لَقَدْ تَابَ اللَّهُ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ
وَالْمُخَلَصِينَ ﴿١١٨﴾
وَالْأَنْصَارِ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوهُ
فِي سَاعَةِ الْمُسَارَةِ

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الجزء الحادي عشر

9:118 and so too upon the three 'believers'
 who were left behind,
 'who are herewith granted repentance'.
 When, behold, the earth, for all its breadth,
 'seemed to' close in about them,
 and 'the very reaches of' their souls
 closed in about them, as well, and they realized
 that there is no refuge from God
 except in Him—
 then He relented toward them,
 so that they may repent.
 Indeed, it is God
 who is the All-Relenting, the Mercy-Giving.

9:119 O you who believe! Be ever God-fearing!
 And be with those who are 'ever' truthful.
 9:120 Never should the people of Madinah
 and the Bedouins dwelling around them
 remain behind
 'when' the Messenger of God 'campaigns'
 in the path of God'.
 Nor should they prefer their souls over his soul.
 That is because
 never are they stricken with thirst,
 nor weariness, nor starvation
 in the path of God, nor do they tread a step
 that enrages the disbelievers 'therein',
 nor do they inflict any loss on an enemy—
 but that it is written for them
 'in the divine scroll of their works'
 as a righteous act.
 Indeed, God never wastes the reward
 of those who excel in 'doing' good.
 9:121 Nor do they spend any sum,
 neither small nor great, nor cut across any valley,

مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا كَادَ
 يَرِيحُ قُلُوبُ فَرِيقٍ مِنْهُمْ
 ثُمَّ تَابَ عَلَيْهِمْ
 إِنَّهُ بِهِمْ رُءُوفٌ رَحِيمٌ
 وَعَلَى الثَّلَاثَةِ الَّذِينَ خَلَفُوا (١١٨)
 حَتَّى إِذَا ضَاقَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ
 الْأَرْضُ بِمَا رَحُبَتْ
 وَضَاقَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ أَنْفُسُهُمْ
 وَظَنُّوا أَنْ لَا مَلْجَأَ مِنَ اللَّهِ
 إِلَّا إِلَيْهِ
 ثُمَّ تَابَ عَلَيْهِمْ لِيَتُوبُوا
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ التَّوَّابُ الرَّحِيمُ
 يَتَابِعُهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا (١١٩)
 اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
 وَكُونُوا مَعَ الصَّادِقِينَ
 مَا كَانَ لِأَهْلِ الْمَدِينَةِ (١٢٠)
 وَمَنْ حَوْلَهُمْ مِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ
 أَنْ يَتَخَلَّفُوا عَنْ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ
 وَلَا يَرْغَبُوا بِأَنْفُسِهِمْ عَنْ نَفْسِهِ
 ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ لَا يُصِيبُهُمْ
 ظَمَأٌ وَلَا نَصَبٌ
 وَلَا مَخْمَصَةٌ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
 وَلَا يَطْغَوْنَ مَوْطِنًا
 يَعْصِيُ الْكَفَّارَ
 وَلَا يَنَالُونَ مِنْ عَدُوِّ نَيْلًا
 إِلَّا كَيْتَبَ لَهُمْ بِهِ
 عَمَلٌ صَالِحٌ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْحَمْدُ

but that it is recorded for them
therein as a good deed,
so that God may give them
the very best recompense
for what they were doing.

9:122 * Yet never should the believers march out
to fight all at once.

Why should there not be—
from every division of them
that marches out to battle—
a company that stays behind
to become learned in religion,
so that they may admonish their people
about faith when they return to them,
so that they may sustain their fear of God?

9:123 O you who believe!

Fight those in the region surrounding you
who are disbelievers in God,
and let them find in you sternness.

And know that God is with the God-fearing.

9:124 And, again, whenever a surah like this one
is sent down exposing the hypocrites,
then some of them say
in denial and derision to the others:
Which of you has this surah increased in faith?
Yet as for those who believe,
truly it has increased them in faith,
and they rejoice.

9:125 But as for those
in whose doubting hearts there is a sickness,
it merely adds defilement to their defilement.
Thus they shall have died
while they are disbelievers.

9:126 Do they not see

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَضِيعُ
أَجْرَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ
(١٢١) وَلَا يَفْقُوتُ نَفَقَةً صَغِيرَةً
وَلَا كَبِيرَةً
وَلَا يَقْطَعُونَ وَادِيًا
إِلَّا أَكْتَبَ لَهُمْ
لِيَجْزِيَهُمُ اللَّهُ
أَحْسَنَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
(١٢٢) وَمَا كَانِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ
لِيَسْفَرُوا كَأَفْقَةٍ فَلَوْلَا نَفَرَ
مِنْ كُلِّ فِرْقَةٍ مِّنْهُمْ طَائِفَةٌ
لِّيَتَفَقَّهُوا فِي الدِّينِ
وَلِيُنذِرُوا قَوْمَهُمْ
إِذَا رَجَعُوا إِلَيْهِمْ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَحْذَرُونَ
(١٢٣) يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
قَاتِلُوا الَّذِينَ يَلُونَكُمْ
مِّنَ الْكُفَّارِ
وَلْيَجِدُوا فِيكُمْ غُلَظَةً
وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الْمُتَّقِينَ
(١٢٤) وَإِذَا مَا أُنزِلَتْ سُورَةٌ
فَمِنْهُمْ مَّن يَقُولُ
أَيُّكُمْ زَادَتْهُ هَذِهِ إِيمَانًا
فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
فَزَادَتْهُمْ إِيمَانًا
وَهُمْ يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ
(١٢٥) وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ
فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَّرَضٌ

that each year they are tried 'by God',
once or twice?

Yet still they do not repent.

Nor do they 'even' reflect.

9:127 Yet, 'again', whenever a surah
'like this one' is sent down 'exposing them',
they look at each other 'utterly astonished
and signal':

Does anyone see you

'when you speak in secret'?

Then 'stealthily' they turn away
'from the Prophet'.

God has turned their hearts away
because they are a people
who do not have 'minds open to' understanding.

9:128 Truly, 'O believers',
a Messenger has come to you
from among yourselves—
'one' upon whom it weighs heavily
that you should suffer 'in this life
or in the life to come',
who is solicitous about you 'and your welfare',
whose very nature 'toward the believers
is 'sheer' kindness and mercy.

9:129 Yet if they 'who doubt or disbelieve'
turn away 'from you, O Prophet',
then say 'to them': 'Sufficient for me is God.
There is no God but Him.
Upon Him 'alone' I have relied.
For He is the Lord of the Magnificent Throne.

سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ

الجزء الحادي عشر

فَرَادَتْهُمْ رِجْسًا إِلَى رِجْسِهِمْ

وَمَا نُوا وَهُمْ كَافِرُونَ

أَوَلَا يَرَوْنَ أَنَّهُمْ يُفْتَنُونَ

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فِي كُلِّ عَامٍ مَرَّةً

أَوْ مَرَّتَيْنِ ثُمَّ لَا يَتُوبُونَ

وَلَا هُمْ يَذْكُرُونَ

وَإِذَا مَا أُنْزِلَتْ سُورَةٌ

١٢٨

نَظَرُ بَعْضُهُمْ إِلَى بَعْضٍ

هَلْ يَرْنَكُمْ مِنْ أَحَدٍ

ثُمَّ انْصَرَفُوا

صَرَخَ اللَّهُ قُلُوبِهِمْ

بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ

لَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ

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رَسُولٌ مِنْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ

عَزِيزٌ عَلَيْهِ مَا عَنِتُّمْ

حَرِيصٌ عَلَيْكُمْ

بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ

رَءُوفٌ رَحِيمٌ

فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَقُلْ حَسْبِيَ اللَّهُ

١٣٠

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ

وَهُوَ رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ

Surah 10 / 109 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Yûnus

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

10:1 *Alif Lām Râ*

These are the 'revealed' verses
of the all-wise Book.

10:2 Is it an astounding 'thing' for people
that We have revealed 'Our word'
to a man from among them, 'saying to him:'

Forewarn the people

'of God's nearing Judgment'

and give glad tidings

to those who believe that for them

there is a true foothold

'of everlasting honor' with their Lord

in Paradise?

Yet 'the disbelievers say:

Indeed, this is, most surely, a manifest sorcerer!

10:3 'Rather, your Lord, 'O humanity,

is, indeed, God,

the One who created the heavens and the Earth

in 'a span of' six 'Heavenly' days.

Then, 'befittingly,

He settled Himself over the Throne.

He conducts every affair 'of existence

with wisdom and perfection'.

الرَّ

تِلْكَ ءَايَاتُ الْكِتَابِ الْحَكِيمِ

أَكَانَ لِلنَّاسِ عَجَبًا

أَن أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَى رَجُلٍ مِنْهُمْ

أَن أَنْذِرِ النَّاسَ

وَيُبَشِّرِ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَن لَهُمْ

قَدَمٌ صِدْقٍ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ

قَالَ الْكَافِرُونَ

إِنَّ هَذَا السَّاحِرُ مُبِينٌ

إِنَّ رَبَّكُمْ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ

فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ

ثُمَّ اسْتَوَى عَلَى الْعَرْشِ

يَدِيرُ الْأَمْرَ

يُونُسَ

الْحَزْنَةُ الْحَادِي عَشَرَ

There shall not be any intercessor
with God on the Day of Resurrection,
except after His permission is given.

That is God, your Lord!

So worship Him alone.

Will you not, then,

become mindful of God's signs?

10:4 To Him is your return, all of you together.

It is the promise of God in truth.

Indeed, it is He who originates creation.

Then He causes it to return to being
after it passes away,

so that He may recompense

with perfect justice those who believe
and do righteous deeds.

But for those who disbelieve,

there shall be a drink of scalding fluid

along with a most painful torment

awaiting in the Hereafter

in that they have disbelieved.

10:5 He is the One who has made the sun radiant
and the moon a light and measured out for it
heavenly mansions through which it traverses,
so that you may know the number of the years
and their calculation.

God did not create all this,

except with the very essence of truth.

He makes distinct the signs in creation

for a people who would reflect on them
and know God.

10:6 Indeed, in the alternation of night and daylight,
and in all that God has created
in the heavens and the earth,
there are most surely signs
that there is One God

مَا مِنْ شَفِيعٍ إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِ إِذْنِهِ

ذَٰلِكُمْ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ

فَاعْبُدُوهُ

أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ

إِلَيْهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ جَمِيعًا

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ حَقًّا

إِنَّهُ يَبْدَأُ الْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ

لِيَجْزِيَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ بِالْقِسْطِ

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَهُمْ

شَرَابٌ مِنْ حَمِيمٍ

وَعَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْفُرُونَ

هُوَ الَّذِي

جَعَلَ الشَّمْسُ ضِيَاءً

وَالْقَمَرَ نُورًا وَقَدَرَهُ مَنَازِلَ

لِنَعْلَمُوا عَدَدَ

السِّنِينَ وَالْحِسَابِ

مَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ ذَٰلِكَ

إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ يَقْضَىٰ الْآيَاتِ

لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ

إِنَّ فِي اخْتِلَافِ اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ

وَمَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ

فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

for a people who are God-fearing.

10:7 Yet those who do not hope
for Our 'destined' Meeting 'on Judgment Day',
and 'who' are pleased with the life of this world
and appeased by it, as well as 'all' those
who are 'utterly' heedless of Our signs—

10:8 for 'such as' these,
their 'final' abode shall be the Fire 'of Hell',
for all 'the evil' that they have earned 'in life'.

10:9 As to those who believe and do righteous deeds,
their Lord shall guide them
by their faith 'to Paradise',
rivers running beneath them 'at their feet'
in the Gardens of Delight.

10:10 Their invocation therein shall be, 'eternally':
Highly exalted are You, O God!
And their salutation therein shall 'forever' be:
Peace!
And the last of their prayers shall be 'always':
All praise is for God 'alone',
Lord of 'All' the Worlds.

10:11 *Now, if God were to hasten on for people
the evil 'they invoke even' as they seek
to hasten on for themselves good,
their term 'of divine judgment'
would come due 'at once'
and be 'irrevocably' determined for them.
Yet We leave 'for a time'
those who do not hope
for Our 'destined' Meeting 'on Judgment Day'
in their 'state of' transgression,
wandering blindly.

10:12 For when harm touches a human being,
he calls upon Us 'for relief'—

سُورَةُ يُنُوسَ

الجزء الحادي عشر

لَا يَنْتَظِرُ لِقَوْمٍ يُسْتَفْتُونَ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يَرْجُونَ لِقَاءَنَا

وَرَضُوا بِالْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَاطْمَأَنُّوا بِهَا وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ

عَنْ آيَاتِنَا غَافِلُونَ

أُولَٰئِكَ مَا لَهُمْ النَّارُ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

يَهْدِيهِمْ رَبُّهُمْ بِإِيمَانِهِمْ

تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهِمُ الْأَنْهَارُ

فِي جَنَّاتٍ النَّعِيمِ

دَعْوُهُمْ فِيهَا سُبْحَانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ

وَتَحِيَّاتُهُمْ فِيهَا سَلَامٌ

وَمَا أَجْرُ دَعْوَتِهِمْ أَنْ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

وَلَوْ يَعْجَلُ اللَّهُ

لِلنَّاسِ الشَّرَّ

أَسْتَعْجِلَهُم بِالْخَيْرِ

لَقُضِيَ إِلَيْهِمْ أَجَلُهُمْ

فَنَذَرَ الَّذِينَ

لَا يَرْجُونَ لِقَاءَنَا

فِي طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ

وَإِذَا مَسَّ الْإِنْسَانَ الضُّرُّ

دَعَانَا لِجَنبِهِ

أَوْ قَاعِدًا أَوْ قَائِمًا

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lying on his side, or sitting, or standing.
Yet when We remove from him his harm,
he goes about as if he had never called upon Us
concerning the harm that touched him.
In this way, what the transgressors do
is made fair-seeming to them.

10:13 Yet, very truly, We have destroyed
‘unbelieving’ generations before you
when they did wrong.

For their messengers came to them
with clear ‘and miraculous’ proofs ‘of God’,
but they would not believe.

Thus do We recompense
the people of defiant unbelief.

10:14 Then We made you
successors in the earth after them—
‘O you to whom this Prophet has come’—
so that We may see how you shall do.

10:15 But when Our ‘revealed’ verses
were recited to them
as clear evidence ‘that God is One’,
those who do not hope
for Our ‘destined’ Meeting
‘on Judgment Day’ said:
Bring to us a Quran other than this,
or change it.

Say ‘to them, O Prophet’:
It is not for me to change it of my own accord.
I only follow what is revealed to me.

Indeed, I fear—were I to disobey my Lord—
the torment of an awesome Day ‘Hereafter’!

10:16 Say ‘to them’:
Had God so willed I would not ‘now’
have ‘received this Quran and’ recited it to you.
Nor would He have made it known to you.

يُونُسَ

الْحِكْمَةُ الْحَكِيمَةُ

فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنْهُ صُورَهُ

مَرَّكَانَ لَوْ يَدْعُنَا

إِلَى صُورِ مَسْئِهِ

كَذَلِكَ زَيْنٌ لِلْمُسْرِفِينَ

مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

وَلَقَدْ أَهْلَكْنَا الْقُرُونَ

مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ لَمَّا ظَلَمُوا

وَجَاءَهُمْ رَسُولُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

وَمَا كَانُوا لِيُؤْمِنُوا

كَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْقَوْمَ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَاكُمْ خَلَائِفَ

فِي الْأَرْضِ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ

لِنَنْظُرَ كَيْفَ تَعْمَلُونَ

وَإِذَا تُتْلَى عَلَيْهِمْ

آيَاتُنَا بَيِّنَاتٍ قَالِ الْذِّبِ

لَا يَرْجُونَ لِقَاءَنَا أَنتِ

بِقُرْآنٍ غَيْرِ هَذَا أَوْ بَدِّلْهُ

قُلْ مَا يَكُونُ لِي

أَنْ أُبَدِّلَهُ مِنْ تِلْقَآئِ نَفْسِي

إِنْ أَتَيْتُمْ إِلَّا مَا يُوْحَى إِلَيَّ

إِنِّي أَخَافُ إِنْ عَصَيْتُ رَبِّي

عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ

قُلْ لَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ

مَا تَلَوْتُمْ عَلَيْهِكُمْ

وَلَا أَدْرِكُكُمْ بِهِ

فَقَدْ لَبِثْتُ فِيكُمْ

عُمُرًا مِّنْ قَبْلِهِ

سُورَةُ يُنُسَ

الجزء الحادي عشر

For, truly, I have dwelled among you a lifetime
before it was revealed to me
as an admonition to you.

Will you not, then, understand?

10:17 For who does a greater wrong
than one who forges lies against God
or belies His revealed signs.

Indeed, the defiant unbelievers do not succeed.

10:18 Still, they worship apart from God
what neither harms them nor benefits them,
and then they say:

These idols are our intercessors with God!
Say to them: Will the likes of you inform God
as to what He does not know
in the heavens or in the earth?

Highly exalted is He, and most high,
far above all that they associate
as gods with Him.

10:19 Rather, humanity was not at first
other than one faith-community.
Then they disputed and some disbelieved.
And were it not for a preordained word
that preceded from your Lord, O Prophet,
to requite all people in the Hereafter,
most surely, judgment between them
would have been decided at once,
concerning all that wherein they are in dispute
and the disbelievers duly punished.

10:20 Thus they who disbelieve say:
If only a miraculous sign
were to be sent down from his Lord
to confirm him!
Then say, O Prophet:
Indeed, the unseen realm
belongs to God alone.

أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ

١٧ مَن أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ افْتَرَىٰ

عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا

أَوْ كَذَّبَ بِآيَاتِهِ

إِنَّهُ لَا يَفْلِحُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ

١٨ وَيَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ

مَا لَا يَضُرُّهُمْ وَلَا يَنْفَعُهُمْ

وَيَقُولُونَ

هَؤُلَاءِ شَفَعَتُوا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

قُلْ أَتُنَبِّئُونَ اللَّهَ

بِمَا لَا يَعْلَمُ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

وَلَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

سُبْحَنَهُ وَتَعَالَىٰ

عَمَّا يَشْرِكُونَ

١٩ وَمَا كَانَ النَّاسُ إِلَّا

أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً فَاخْتَلَفُوا

وَلَوْ لَا كَلِمَةٌ

سَبَقَتْ مِن رَّبِّكَ

لَفُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ

فِيمَا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ

٢٠ وَيَقُولُونَ لَوْلَا أَنْزَلَ عَلَيْهِ

آيَةً مِنْ رَبِّهِ فَقُلْ

إِنَّمَا الْغَيْبُ لِلَّهِ فَانْتَظِرُوا

So wait for the Judgment of God.
Indeed, I too am waiting with you.

- 10:21 Now, when We give such people
a taste of mercy, after harm has touched them,
at once they have a device of mockery
to employ against Our revealed signs.
Say to them:

God is more swift in devising chastisement.
Indeed, Our messenger-angels
are writing down all that you devise.

- 10:22 He is the One who empowers you to journey
through the land and the sea—
until, suddenly,
when some of you are embarked on ships,
and they are running with them
upon the water with a good wind
and they are exulting therein,
there comes upon them a stormy wind;
and the waves overwhelm them from every side;
and they think that they shall, most surely,
be engulfed by them.

It is then that they call upon God
for rescue with all sincerity,
devoting their religion to Him alone, saying:
Truly if You deliver us from this,
we shall, most surely, be
of those who are forever thankful!

- 10:23 But when He delivers them,
at once they commit and multiply
offenses in the land without any right.
O humankind!
Indeed your offenses
are but committed against your own souls,
and are the mere enjoyment

يُؤْتِيهِمْ

الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا

إِنِّي مَعَكُمْ

مِنَ الْمُنظِرِينَ

وَإِذَا أَذَقْنَا النَّاسَ رَحْمَةً

مِنْ بَعْدِ ضَرَاءَ مَسْتَهْمٍ

إِذَا لَهُمْ مَكْرٌ فِي آيَاتِنَا

قُلِ اللَّهُ أَسْرَعُ مَكْرًا

إِنْ رُسُلَنَا

يَكْتُبُونَ مَا تَمْكُرُونَ

هُوَ الَّذِي يُسِرُّكُمْ

فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا كُنْتُمْ فِي الْفُلِ

وَجَرَيْنَ بِهِم بِرِيحٍ طَيِّبَةٍ

وَفَرِحُوا بِهَا

جَاءَتْهَا رِيحٌ عَاصِفٌ

وَجَاءَهُمُ الْمَوْجُ مِنْ كُلِّ مَكَانٍ

وظَنُّوا أَنَّهُمْ أُحِيطَ بِهِمْ

دَعَوْا اللَّهَ

مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الَّذِينَ

لَئِنْ أَجَبْتَنَا مِنْ هَذِهِ

لَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ

فَلَمَّا أَنْجَاهُمْ إِذَا هُمْ

يَبْغُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ

إِنَّمَا بَغَيْتُمْ عَلَىٰ أَنْفُسِكُمْ

مَتَاعَ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

سُورَةُ يُنُوسَ

الجزء الحادي عشر

of the life of this world.

Then to Us is your 'final' return.

Then We shall tell you 'the due recompense'
of all that you have been doing 'in life'.

10:24 Indeed, the parable of the life of this world
is like the water

that We send down from the sky.

Then the plants of the earth mingle with it,
'and' from them people and cattle eat.

Then when the earth assumes its floridness
and becomes adorned, and its inhabitants think
they have power over it,

Our command 'of doom'

comes upon it, by night or by day,

and so We turn it into stubble,

as if it had never flourished just the day before.

Thus do We make distinct the signs 'of God'
for a people who would reflect
'on the wonder of creation'.

10:25 Now, God calls 'all people'
to the 'Everlasting' Abode of Peace 'in Paradise'
and guides whomever He so wills
to a straight way 'of salvation'.

10:26 *For those who do good,
there shall be great goodness
and more 'in the Hereafter'.
Their faces shall not be overspread with grime,
nor 'with' humiliation.

These are the Companions
of the 'Everlasting' Garden 'of Paradise'.
They shall abide therein forever.

10:27 But for those who earn great sins
'and disbelieve',
the recompense of an evil deed

ثُمَّ إِلَيْنَا مَرْجِعُكُمْ فَنُنَبِّئُكُمْ

بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

إِنَّمَا مَثَلُ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا ﴿٢٤﴾

كَمَاءٍ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ

فَاخْتَلَطَ بِهِ نَبَاتُ الْأَرْضِ

وَمِمَّا يَأْكُلُ النَّاسُ وَالْأَنْعَامُ

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا أَخَذَتِ الْأَرْضُ

زُخْرُفَهَا وَازَّيَّنَتْ

وَطَرَبَ أَهْلُهَا

أَنَّهُمْ قُلُودٌ عَلَيْهَا

أَتَتْهَا أَمْْرُنَا لَيْلًا أَوْ نَهَارًا

فَجَعَلْنَاهَا حَصِيدًا

كَأَنَّ لَمْ تَغْنَ بِالْأَمْسِ

كَذَٰلِكَ نَفْصَلُ الْآيَاتِ

لِقَوْمٍ يَنْفَكُونَ

وَاللَّهُ يَدْعُو إِلَىٰ دَارِ السَّلَامِ ﴿٢٥﴾

وَيَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ

إِلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

لِلَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُوا الْخُسْفَىٰ ﴿٢٦﴾

وَزِيَادَةٌ وَلَا يَرْهَقُ وُجُوهَهُمْ

فَتْرٌ وَلَا ذِلَّةٌ

أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ

هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

وَالَّذِينَ كَسَبُوا السَّيِّئَاتِ ﴿٢٧﴾

جَزَاءُ سَيِّئَةٍ يَمْثِلُهَا

shall be the like of it.

Thus humiliation shall overtake them—

for there is none to preserve them,

apart from God—

and it shall be as if their faces

were enveiled by patches of deeply dark night.

These are the Companions of the Fire of Hell.

They shall abide therein forever.

10:28 For on the Day of Judgment

when We shall assemble them all together,

We shall then say to those

who associated gods with God:

Stay in your place, you and your associate-gods!

For We shall have set up a divide between them;

thus their associate-gods shall say to them:

It was not us you were worshipping!

10:29 So sufficient is God

as a witness between us and you.

Indeed,

we were utterly unaware of your worship.

10:30 Then and there,

each soul shall put to the test the true worth

of all that it had formerly done in life—

for they shall have been returned to God,

their true Patron.

Thus all the false gods that they used to forge

shall have strayed from them.

10:31 Say to those who associate others with God:

Who provides for you from heaven and earth?

Or who holds power over hearing and sight?

And who brings forth the living from the dead,

and brings forth the dead from the living?

And who conducts every affair

of existence with perfection and wisdom?

سُورَةُ الْيُونُسَ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ عَشَرَ

وَتَرْهَقُهُمْ ذِلَّةٌ

مَا لَهُمْ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ عَاصِمٍ

كَأَنَّمَا أُغْشِيَتْ وُجُوهُهُمْ

فُطَعًا مِنْ أَيْلٍ مُظْلِمٍ

أُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ

هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

وَيَوْمَ نَحْشُرُهُمْ جَمِيعًا

ثُمَّ نَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا

مَكَانَكُمْ أَنْتُمْ وَشُرَكَاءُكُمْ

فَزَلَلْنَا بَيْنَهُمْ وَقَالَ شُرَكَاءُهُمْ

مَا كُنْتُمْ إِتَانَا تَعْبُدُونَ

فَكُنِيَ بِاللَّهِ

شَهِيدًا بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَكُمْ إِنْ كُنَّا

عَنْ عِبَادِكُمْ لَغَافِلِينَ

هُنَالِكَ بَلَّوْا

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا أَسْلَفَتْ

وَرُدُّوا إِلَى اللَّهِ

مَوْلَاهُمْ الْحَقُّ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ

مَا كَانُوا يَفْتَرُونَ

قُلْ مَنْ يَرْزُقُكُمْ

مِنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ

أَمْ يَمْلِكُ السَّمْعُ وَالْأَبْصَارُ

وَمَنْ يُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ

وَيُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ مِنَ الْحَيِّ

وَمَنْ يُدِيرُ الْأَمْرَ

فَسَيَقُولُونَ اللَّهُ

سُورَةُ يُنُسَ

الْحَزَنَةُ الْحَزَنَةُ

Then they shall say: God!

Then say to them:

Will you not, then, be God-fearing?

10:32 This, then, is God, your Lord,
the 'Eternal' Truth.

So after the truth, what is there but error?

How, then, are you turned away from God?

10:33 And so it is that the word of your Lord
will come to pass
against those who commit ungodly deeds,
for they do not believe.

10:34 Say to them:

Is there any among your associate-gods
who originates creation
then causes it to return to being
after it passes away?

Say to them:

It is 'God' alone who originates creation
then causes it to return to being.

How, then, are you turned away
from worshipping Him alone?

10:35 Say to them:

Is there any among your associate-gods
who guides to the truth?

Say: It is 'God' alone
who guides to the truth.

Then, is One who guides to the truth
more worthy of being followed,
or one who can find no guidance
except if he himself is guided by another?
What has become of you?

How do you make
such an irrational judgment?

10:36 For most of them do not follow anything
but mere conjecture—

فَقُلْ أَفَلَا تَتَّقُونَ

فَذَلِكُمْ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمُ الْحَقُّ ٢٢

فَمَاذَا بَعَدَ الْحَقِّ إِلَّا الضَّلَالُ

فَأَنَّى تُصْرَفُونَ

كَذَلِكَ حَقَّتْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ ٢٣

عَلَى الَّذِينَ فَسَقُوا

أَنَّهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

قُلْ هَلْ مِنْ شُرَكَائِكُمْ ٢٤

مَنْ يَبْدَأُ الْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ

قُلْ اللَّهُ يَبْدَأُ الْخَلْقَ

ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ فَأَنَّى تُؤْفَكُونَ

قُلْ هَلْ مِنْ شُرَكَائِكُمْ ٢٥

مَنْ يَهْدِيَ إِلَى الْحَقِّ

قُلْ اللَّهُ يَهْدِيَ لِلْحَقِّ

أَفَمَنْ يَهْدِيَ إِلَى الْحَقِّ

أَحَقُّ أَنْ يُتَّبَعَ أَمَّنْ لَا يَهْدِي

إِلَّا أَنْ يَهْدِيَّ فَمَا لَكُمُ

كَيْفَ تَحْكُمُونَ

وَمَا يَنْبَغُ أَكْثَرُهُمْ إِلَّا ظَنًّا ٣١

إِنَّ الظَّنَّ لَا يُغْنِي

مِنَ الْحَقِّ شَيْئًا

سُورَةُ يُنُوسَ

الجزء الحادي عشر

and conjecture avails nothing at all
against the truth.

Indeed, God is all-knowing of all that they do.

10:37 Yet never could this Quran
have been forged by anyone
so as to have originated apart from God.
Rather, it is a confirmation
of all the Heavenly Scriptures that preceded it
and a distinct detailing
of God's decreed commandments.

There is no doubt in it.

It is from the Lord of All the Worlds.

10:38 So is it that they say:

'This Quran is not from God.

Rather, he who has claimed prophethood
has forged it?

Say to them, O Prophet:

Bring forth, then, even a single surah like it!

Moreover, call upon

whomever you can for assistance,
apart from God, if you are truthful.

10:39 Rather, more astonishing
is that they have hastily belied a Book,
the knowledge of which
they did not even seek to comprehend—
even before its unfolding signs and portents
could come to light for them.

So too did those before them
belie their Heavenly messages.

Then see how devastating
was the end of the wrongdoers
who are godless in heart!

10:40 Thus among them
are those who insincerely profess
to believe in this Quran.

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِمَا يَفْعَلُونَ

وَمَا كَانَ هَذَا الْقُرْآنُ

٢٧

أَنْ يُفْتَرَى مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

وَلَكِنْ تَصْدِيقَ الَّذِي

بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَتَفْصِيلَ

الْكِتَابِ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ

مِنْ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ افْتَرَاهُ

٢٨

قُلْ فَأْتُوا بِسُورَةٍ مِثْلِهِ

وَادْعُوا مَنْ اسْتَطَعْتُمْ

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

بَلْ كَذَّبُوا

٢٩

بِمَا لَمْ يُحِيطُوا بِعِلْمِهِ

وَلَمَّا يَأْتِهِمْ تَأْوِيلُهُ كَذَلِكَ

كَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ

عَنْقِبَةُ الظَّالِمِينَ

وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِهِ

٣٠

سُورَةُ يُنُسَ

الْحَدِيثُ عَشَرَ

- And among them are those
 who openly do not believe in it.
 Yet your Lord knows best
 who are the sowers of corruption.
- 10:41 So if they belie you, O Prophet,
 then say to them:
 For me shall be the outcome
 of my work in life,
 and for you shall be the outcome
 of your work in life.
 You are innocent of all that I do.
 And I am innocent of all that you do.
- 10:42 Moreover, among them
 are those who listen to you
 but do not give heed.
 Will you, then, make the deaf of heart hear,
 even though they do not understand?
- 10:43 And among them are those who look at you
 but have no insight.
 Will you, then, guide the blind in heart,
 even though they do not see?
- 10:44 Indeed, God does not wrong people
 in anything.
 But rather,
 it is people who wrong themselves.
- 10:45 Yet on a Day Hereafter
 when He shall assemble them for Judgment,
 it shall be as if
 they did not remain in the world
 for more than an hour of a day.
 There, they shall recognize one another.
 Truly those in life
 who have belied resurrection
 and the destined Meeting of God
 for Judgment in the Hereafter shall lose all—

وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ لَا يُؤْمِنُ بِهِ
 وَرَبُّكَ أَعْلَمُ بِالْمُفْسِدِينَ
 وَإِنْ كَذَّبُوكَ فَقُلْ
 لِي عَمَلِي وَلَكُمْ عَمَلُكُمْ
 أَنْتُمْ بَرِيءُونَ مِمَّا أَعْمَلُ
 وَأَنَا نَزِيرٌ وَمِمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ
 وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَسْتَمِعُونَ إِلَيْكَ
 أَفَأَنْتَ تَسْمِعُ الْأَصْمَ
 وَلَوْ كَانُوا لَا يَعْقِلُونَ
 وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَنْظُرُ إِلَيْكَ
 أَفَأَنْتَ تَهْدِي الْأَعْمَى
 وَلَوْ كَانُوا لَا يُبْصِرُونَ
 إِنْ أَلَّاهُ
 لَا يَظْلِمُ الْنَّاسَ شَيْئًا
 وَلَكِنَّ الْنَّاسَ
 أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ
 وَيَوْمَ يُحْشَرُهُمْ كَأَن لَّمْ يَلْبَسُوا
 إِلَّا سَاعَةً مِنَ النَّهَارِ
 يَتَعَارَفُونَ بَيْنَهُمْ
 قَدْ خَسِرَ الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا
 بِلِقَاءِ اللَّهِ وَمَا كَانُوا مُهْتَدِينَ

for they were not guided.

10:46 But whether We show you in your lifetime the advent of some of the punishment which We have promised them, or We take your soul first, still to Us is their final return for recompense—and God is a witness over all that they do in life.

10:47 Indeed, for every community, there is a messenger appointed to admonish them.

Thus when their messenger has come to them and they resolutely belie him, it is then that God's judgment is irrevocably decided concerning all of them with perfect justice—and they are not wronged in the least.

10:48 Yet they say in contempt:

When will this promise of divine judgment be fulfilled, if you believers are, indeed, truthful?

10:49 Say to them:

I do not hold for myself any harm or benefit, except what God so wills.

For every nation, there is an appointed term of existence. Then when their term comes due, they shall not tarry for even an hour; nor shall they go in advance of their time.

10:50 Say to them:

Have you considered if His punishment were to come upon you by night or by daylight? What form of its utter destruction would the defiant unbelievers seek to hasten!

10:51 Then is it only when it befalls

سُورَةُ الْيُونُسَ

الجزء الحادي عشر

وَإِنَّمَا نُرِيَنَّكَ

بَعْضَ الَّذِي نَعِدُهُمْ أَوْ نَتُوفِّيَنَّكَ

فَالْيَتِيمَانَا مَرَّجُهُمْ ثُمَّ اللَّهُ

شَهِيدٌ عَلَىٰ مَا يَفْعَلُونَ

وَلِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ رَّسُولٌ

فَإِذَا جَاءَ رَسُولُهُمْ

قُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ بِالْقِسْطِ

وَهُمْ لَا يَظْلُمُونَ

وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَىٰ هَذَا الْوَعْدُ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

قُلْ لَا أَمْلِكُ لِنَفْسِي

ضَرًّا وَلَا نَفْعًا

إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ لِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ أَجَلٌ

إِذَا جَاءَ أَجْلُهُمْ

فَلَا يَسْتَجِرُّونَ سَاعَةً

وَلَا يَسْتَفْتِدُونَ

قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَتَاكُمْ عَذَابُهُ

يَئْتِيَا أَوْ نَهَارًا

مَاذَا يَسْتَعْجِلُ

مِنْهُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ

أَتَعْمُرُونَ مَا وَقَعَ مِنْكُمْ يَوْمَ

يُونُسَ

الْحَزْنَ الْحَادِيَ عَشَرَ

that you shall believe in it,
 'whereupon it shall be said to you:
 Now 'do you believe in this punishment',
 while truly 'in insolence'
 you were seeking to hasten it?

10:52 Then it shall be said to those who did wrong:
 Taste the torment of eternity!

Are you to be recompensed
 with other than all 'the evil'
 that you 'consciously' used to earn 'in life'?

10:53 *Still they inquire of you: Can 'all' this be true?
 Say 'to them': Oh yes!

By my Lord, it is, most surely, true—
 and never shall you be able to elude 'it'!

10:54 Moreover, if each soul that had done wrong
 were to have all that is in the earth,
 it would, most surely, 'wish in vain'
 to 'ransom itself' in the Hereafter'
 with 'every last bit of' it.

And 'oh how' they will whisper regret
 when they see the torment
 'of Hell that awaits them loom'
 and the matter 'of their doom'
 is 'irrevocably' decided 'by God'
 concerning 'all of' them with 'perfect' justice—
 and never shall they be wronged 'in the least'.

10:55 Most surely, to God 'alone' belongs
 all that is in the heavens and the earth.
 Most surely, the promise of God is 'ever' true,
 but most of them do not know 'this'.

10:56 He gives life. And He gives death.
 And to Him 'alone' shall you 'all' be returned.

10:57 O humankind!
 There has come to you 'in this Quran'
 an 'inspired' admonition

مَا أَكُنْ وَقَدْ كُنْ

بِهِ تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ

ثُمَّ قِيلَ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ﴿٥٢﴾

ذُوقُوا عَذَابَ الْخُلْدِ

هَلْ تُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا

بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْسِبُونَ

﴿٥٣﴾ وَيَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ أَهْلُ هُوَ

قُلْ إِي وَرَبِّي إِنَّهُ لَحَقٌّ

وَمَا أَنْتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِينَ

﴿٥٤﴾ وَلَوْ أَنَّ لِكُلِّ نَفْسٍ ظَلَمَتْ

مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ لَأَقْتَدَتْ بِهِ

وَأَسْرَأُ التَّذَامَةَ

لَهَا رَأَوْا الْعَذَابَ

وَفُضُو بَيْنَهُمْ بِالْقِسْطِ

وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ

﴿٥٥﴾ أَلَا إِنَّ لِلَّهِ

مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

أَلَا إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ

وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

﴿٥٦﴾ هُوَ يَحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ

وَالَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ

﴿٥٧﴾ يَتَأْتِيَ النَّاسَ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ

مَوْعِظَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ

of imminent Judgment from your Lord—
 and a healing for all that is in the human breast,
 as well as guidance for your salvation,
 and a mercy for the well-being of the believers.
 Say to all people:
 In the favor of God for this Heavenly guidance,
 and in His mercy—
 in this let them rejoice!
 It is far better than all that they amass
 of the fleeting world.

Say to believers in false gods:
 Have you considered
 the way you place dietary restrictions
 on any of the wholesome provision
 that God has sent down to you,
 such that you have arbitrarily made
 some of it forbidden and some of it lawful?
 Say to them:
 Has God given you permission for this,
 or do you merely forge lies against God?
 Yet what do those who forge lies against God
 think He will do to them
 on the Day of Resurrection?
 Indeed, God is ever bountiful to all people.
 But most people do not give thanks
 for the plenty He gives them.
 For you shall never be engaged
 in any affair, O Prophet,
 nor will you recite any verses concerning it
 from the Quran,
 nor shall you do any deed at all, O people,
 but that We shall be witness
 over each one of you
 when you are occupied therein.
 For there is not even an atom's weight

سُورَةُ يُونُسَ

الْحَزَقُ الْمَعَارِي عَشَرُ

وَشَفَاءٍ لِّمَا فِي الصُّدُورِ
 وَهَدًى وَرَحْمَةً لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ
 قُلْ بِفَضْلِ اللَّهِ وَبِرَحْمَتِهِ
 فَبِذَلِكَ فَلْيَفْرَحُوا
 هُوَ خَيْرٌ مِّمَّا يَجْمَعُونَ
 قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ مَا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ
 لَكُمْ مِنْ رِزْقٍ
 فَجَعَلْتُمْ مِنْهُ حَرَامًا وَحَلَالًا
 قُلْ أَلِلَّهِ أَذِنَ لَكُمْ
 أَمْ عَلَى اللَّهِ تَفْتَرُونَ
 وَمَا ظَنُّ الَّذِينَ يَفْتَرُونَ
 عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ
 يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
 لَذُو فَضْلٍ عَلَى النَّاسِ
 وَلَٰكِن أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَشْكُرُونَ
 وَمَا تَكُونُ فِي شَأْنٍ
 وَمَا تَتْلُوا مِنْهُ مِنْ قُرْآنٍ
 وَلَا تَعْمَلُونَ مِنْ عَمَلٍ
 إِلَّا كُنَّا عَلَيْكُمْ شُهُودًا
 إِذْ تُفِيضُونَ فِيهِ وَمَا يَعْزُبُ
 عَنْ رَبِّكَ مِنْ مِثْقَالِ ذَرَّةٍ

يُونُسَ

الْحَزْنَةُ الْحَادِي عَشَرَ

in the earth, nor in the heaven,
that eludes your Lord.
Nor is there anything smaller than that,
nor larger, but that it is 'registered'
in a clear 'Heavenly' Book.

- 10:62 Most surely, the friends of God
shall have no fear upon them
'when they Meet God for Judgment'.
Nor shall they ever grieve
'over the life of the world'—

- 10:63 those who believed and were ever God-fearing.
10:64 For them, there are glad tidings
'of hope and consolation'
in the life of this world
and 'the promise of Paradise' in the Hereafter.
Never can the 'decreed' words
of God's 'tidings' be changed.

- This is, 'in truth,' the magnificent triumph.
10:65 Thus, do not let 'any of' their words grieve you.
Indeed, invincibility is altogether with God.
He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

- 10:66 Most surely, to God belongs
all who are in the heavens
and all who are in the earth.
Thus those who call upon anything
apart from God
do not 'in reality' follow associate-gods.
Rather, they do not follow anything
but conjecture
and do nothing but bring forth lies.

- 10:67 He is the One who has made the night
for you to repose therein and the daylight
'by which' to see.
Indeed, in this there are sure signs
for a people who would hear
'the truth and reflect on it.

فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ
وَلَا أَصْغَرَ مِنْ ذَلِكَ
وَلَا أَكْبَرَ إِلَّا فِي كِتَابٍ مُبِينٍ ﴿٦٢﴾
لَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ
الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَكَانُوا يَتَّقُونَ ﴿٦٣﴾
لَهُمُ الْبُشْرَى
فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا
وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ
لَا يَبْدِيلُ لِكَلِمَاتِ اللَّهِ
ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ
وَلَا يَحْزَنُكَ قَوْلُهُمْ
إِنَّ الْعِزَّةَ لِلَّهِ جَمِيعًا
هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ ﴿٦٤﴾
أَلَا إِنَّ لِلَّهِ
مَنْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَمَا يَتَّبِعُ
الَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ شُرَكَاءَ
إِنْ يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا الظَّنَّ
وَإِنْ هُمْ إِلَّا يَخْرُصُونَ ﴿٦٥﴾
هُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمْ
الَّيْلَ لَتَسْكُنُوا فِيهِ
وَالنَّهَارَ مُبْصِرًا
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ
لَآيَاتٍ لِقَوْمٍ يُسْمِعُونَ ﴿٦٦﴾

- 10:68 The idolaters lie when they say:
 God has taken for Himself offspring.
 Highly exalted is He!
 He is the Self-Sufficient.
 To Him alone belongs
 all that is in the heavens
 and all that is in the earth.
 You do not have any authority for this claim.
 Do you say of God what you do not know?
- 10:69 Say to them:
 Indeed, those who forge such a lie against God
 shall not succeed.
- 10:70 A little enjoyment shall they have
 in this world—then to Us is their final return.
 Then We shall make them taste
 the severe torment of Hellfire
 because they used to disbelieve.
- 10:71 * Thus recite to them the account of Noah.
 Behold! He said to his people: O my people!
 If my stand among you
 and my reminding you of God's signs
 has become too burdensome for you
 to abide, then know
 that upon God alone have I relied.
 So be resolved in your evil affair
 to do away with me,
 you and your associate-gods.
 Therefore, let not your affair
 be veiled among you.
 Rather, openly determine my fate for me—
 nor give me respite.
- 10:72 Yet if you shall continue to turn away,
 know that I have not asked of you any reward.
 Indeed, my reward is only from God.

سُورَةُ يُنُوسَ

الجزء الحادي عشر

قَالُوا اتَّخَذَ اللَّهُ وَلَدًا ﴿٦٨﴾
 سُبْحَنَهُ هُوَ الْغَنِيُّ
 لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
 وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
 إِنْ عِنْدَكُمْ
 مِنْ سُلْطَانٍ بِهَذَا
 أَتَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ
 مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾
 قُلْ إِنْ أَدْرَيْتُمْ
 بِفِتْرَتِهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ
 لَا يَقْلِبُ حُجُوبَ
 مَتَّعَ فِي الدُّنْيَا ﴿٧٠﴾
 ثُمَّ إِلَيْنَا مَرْجِعُهُمْ
 ثُمَّ نَذِقُهُمْ
 الْعَذَابَ الشَّدِيدَ
 بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْفُرُونَ ﴿٧١﴾
 وَأَتْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَأَ نُوحٍ
 إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ يَتَقَوَّمُوا
 إِنْ كَانَ كَبُرَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَقَامِي
 وَتَذِكْرِي بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ
 فَعَلَى اللَّهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ
 فَأَجْمِعُوا أَمْرَكُمْ وَشُرَكَاءَكُمْ
 ثُمَّ لَا يَكُنْ
 أَمْرُكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ غُمَّةً
 ثُمَّ اقْضُوا إِلَيَّ وَلَا تُنْظِرُونِ ﴿٧٢﴾
 فَإِنْ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ
 فَمَا سَأَلْتُكُمْ مِنْ أَجْرٍ
 إِنْ أَجْرِيَ إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهِ
 وَأُمِرْتُ أَنْ أَكُونَ
 مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

سُورَةُ يُنُسَ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ

For I have been commanded
to be of those who are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God alone.

- 10:73 Still they belied him.
So We delivered him and all those with him
to safety in the Ark.
Thus did We make them successors
to sovereignty in the earth.
For We drowned all those
who belied Our self-evident signs.
So see how devastating was the end
of those who had been forewarned
of God's nearing Judgment!
- 10:74 Then We sent forth, after him,
other messengers to their own people.
They came to them
with clear and miraculous proofs of God.
Yet their people were not of a mind
to believe in what those of past generations
had denied of old.
And so it is that We set a seal on the hearts
of those who commit aggression.

- 10:75 Then We sent forth, after them,
Moses and Aaron
with Our signs to Pharaoh
and his assembly of nobles.
But they grew so very arrogant—
and they were indeed
a people of defiant unbelief.
- 10:76 So when the truth came to them from Us,
they said:
Indeed, this is, most surely, manifest sorcery.
- 10:77 Moses said:
Do you say this of the truth
when it has come to you?

فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَجَعَلْنَاهُ وَمَنْ مَعَهُ ٧٣

فِي الْفُلْكِ

وَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ خَلَفًا

وَأَعْرَفْنَا الَّذِينَ

كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا فَأَنْظِرْ

كَيْفَ كَانَ عَقِيبُ الْمُتَدْرِكِينَ

ثُمَّ بَعَثْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ رَسُولًا ٧٤

إِلَى قَوْمِهِمْ

فَجَاءَهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

فَمَا كَانُوا لِيُؤْمِنُوا

بِمَا كَذَّبُوا بِهِ مِنْ قَبْلُ

كَذَلِكَ نَطْعُ

عَلَى قُلُوبِ الْمُتَعَدِّينَ

ثُمَّ بَعَثْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ ٧٥

مُوسَى وَهَارُونَ

إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَئِهِ يَتْلِيَانَا

فَأَسْتَكْبَرُوا

وَكَانُوا قَوْمًا مُّجْرِمِينَ

فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ الْحَقُّ ٧٦

مِنْ عِنْدِنَا قَالُوا

إِنَّ هَذَا لَسِحْرٌ مُبِينٌ

قَالَ مُوسَى أَتَقُولُونَ لِلْحَقِّ ٧٧

لَمَّا جَاءَكُمْ أَسِحْرٌ هَذَا

وَلَا تُبْلِحُ السَّاحِرُونَ

- Is this, then, sorcery,
while never shall the sorcerers succeed?
- 10:78 They said:
Have you come to us
to divert us from that 'path'
which we found our forefathers
'following' upon,
so that majesty in the land will be yours?
Yet never shall we be believers
in 'either of' you 'as messengers of God'!
- 10:79 Thus Pharaoh said 'to his assembly':
Bring to me every learned sorcerer.
- 10:80 Then when the sorcerers came,
Moses said to them:
Throw 'to the ground'
whatever you shall throw 'down'
to transform by your sorcery'.
- 10:81 So when they had thrown 'their objects down',
Moses said:
What you have brought 'forth' is sorcery!
Most surely, God will render it 'utterly' futile.
Indeed, God does not uphold the work
of the sowers of corruption.
- 10:82 Moreover, God will establish the truth
by His words—
even if the defiant unbelievers hate 'it'.
- 10:83 But no one 'there' believed in Moses,
except some youths,
'descended' from his own people,
'while' being fearful that Pharaoh
and their 'assembly of' nobles
would persecute them.
For Pharaoh was truly haughty in the land.
And, indeed,
he was one of the exceedingly rebellious.
- 10:84 Thus Moses said: O my people!

سُورَةُ يُنُوسَ

الْحِزْبُ الْحَادِي عَشَرَ

قَالُوا أَجِئْتَنَا لِنَعْلَمَنَّ عَمَّا
وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِ آبَاءَنَا
وَتَكُونُ لَكُمُ الْكَرِييَةُ
فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَمَا نَحْنُ لَكُمُ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَقَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ
أَتَأْتُونِي بِكُلِّ سِحْرِ عَلِيمٍ
فَلَمَّا جَاءَ السَّحَرَةُ
قَالَ لَهُمْ مُوسَى
أَلْقُوا مَا أَنْتُمْ مُقْتُونَ
فَلَمَّا أَلْقَوْا قَالَ مُوسَى
مَا جِئْتُمْ بِهِ السِّحْرُ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَابِقُ كُلِّ سَاحِرٍ
لَا يَصْلِحُ عَمَلُ الْمُفْسِدِينَ
وَيُخَيِّئُ اللَّهُ الْحَقَّ بِكَلِمَاتِهِ
وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْمُجْرِمُونَ
فَمَا أَمَّنْ لِمُوسَى
إِلَّا ذُرِّيَّتُهُ مِنْ قَوْمِهِ
عَلَى خَوْفٍ مِنْ فِرْعَوْنَ
وَمَلَأْنَهُمْ أَنْ يَقْنَنَهُمْ
وَإِنَّ فِرْعَوْنَ
لَعَالِي فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَإِنَّهُ لِمِنَ الْمُسْرِفِينَ
وَقَالَ مُوسَى
يَقَوْمِ إِن كُنتُمْ آمَنْتُمْ بِاللَّهِ
فَعَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلُوا

يُونُسَ

الْحِكْمَةُ الْحَادِي عَشَرَ

- If you have believed in God,
then rely on Him 'alone',
if, indeed, you are *muslims*,
in willing submission to Him 'alone'.
- 10:85 So they said: Upon God 'alone' do we rely.
Our Lord! Subject us not to a trial 'of defeat'
to tempt the wrongdoing people
to exult in their unbelief.
- 10:86 Rather, deliver us by Your mercy
from the disbelieving people.
- 10:87 Thus We revealed to Moses and his brother:
Settle your people in Egypt
in 'neighboring' dwellings 'as a refuge for them'.
Moreover, 'let each of you'
make 'of' your dwellings a prayer niche,
and 'duly' establish the Prayer therein'.
And give glad tidings 'of deliverance'
to the believers, 'O Moses'.
- 10:88 And, Moses said 'in prayer': Our Lord!
You have given Pharaoh
and his 'assembly of' nobles
adornment and wealth
in the life of this world, our Lord!
Thus they lead 'people' astray from Your way.
Our Lord!
Blot out their wealth and harden their hearts,
so that they will not believe
until they see the painful torment
'that awaits them'.
- 10:89 He said: 'O Moses and Aaron':
Your prayer has been answered.
So keep 'steadfastly' straight
'upon the path of your Lord',
and do not follow the way of those
who do not know 'the truth'.

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُسْلِمِينَ ﴿٨٥﴾
فَقَالُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا
رَبَّنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا فِتْنَةً
لِلْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٨٦﴾
وَجْعَلْ بَرِحَتِكَ
مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ
وَأَوْحِنَا إِلَى مُوسَى وَأَخِيهِ
أَنْ تَوَاصَا بِقَوْمِكُمَا
بِمَصْرَ يَبُوتَا وَأَجْعَلُوا
بُيُوتَكُمْ قِبْلَةً
وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ
وَبَشِّرِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٨٧﴾
وَقَالَ مُوسَى رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ
أَتَيْتَ فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَأَهُ
زِينَةً وَأَمْوَالًا
فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا
رَبَّنَا اخْطَبِ لَهُ مِنْ سَبِيلِكَ
رَبَّنَا اطْمِسْ عَلَى أَمْوَالِهِمْ
وَأَشْدُدْ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ
فَلَا يُؤْمِنُوا
حَتَّى يَرَوْا الْعَذَابَ الْأَلِيمَ
قَالَ قَدْ أُجِيبَتْ دَعْوَتُكُمَا
فَأَسْتَقِيمَا وَلَا تَتَّبِعَانِ
سَبِيلَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
وَجَوَزْنَا
بَيْنَ يَمَيْنَتَيْهِ يَلِ الْبَحْرَ

سُورَةُ يُنُسَ

الْجُزْءُ الْحَادِي عَشَرَ

10:90 *Thus We caused the Children of Israel to pass in safety through the divided sea. Then Pharaoh and his hosts followed them in ruthless injustice and aggression—until, when the drowning waters overwhelmed him, he said: I believe that there is no God but the One in whom the Children of Israel have believed. And I am now of those who are muslims, in willing submission to God alone. It was said:

10:91 Now you believe, while before you have truly disobeyed your Lord, and you were ever of those who sowed corruption?

10:92 Rather, today, We shall deliver you—preserving you in your body only—so that you will become a sign for those who come after you that God is exalted in His power. For, indeed, many of the people are heedless of Our signs.

10:93 Now, very truly, We settled the Children of Israel in a goodly settlement. Moreover, We provided them with wholesome nourishment. Thus they did not dispute among themselves regarding the true religion, until after the revealed knowledge of the Scripture had come to them on the tongues of the messengers, and some belied them. Indeed, your Lord shall judge between them all on the Day of Resurrection

فَأَلْبَعَثَهُمْ فِرْعَوْنُ وَجُنُودُهُ
بَغْيًا وَعَدُوًّا

حَتَّى إِذَا أَدْرَكَهُ الْعَرَجُ
قَالَ ءَأَمَنْتُ أَنَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا
الَّذِي ءَأَمَنْتُ بِهِ بَنُو إِسْرَءِيلَ
وَأَنَا مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

١١ ءَالْتَمَنَ وَقَدْ عَصَيْتَ قَبْلُ
وَكُنْتَ مِنَ الْمُفْسِدِينَ

١٢ فَالْيَوْمَ تُنْجِيكَ يَدُنَا
لِتَكُونَ لِمَنْ خَلَقَ ءَايَةً

وَأَنْ كَيْفَ أَمِنَ النَّاسُ
عَنْ ءَايَتِنَا لَعَنَافُلُونِ

١٣ وَلَقَدْ بَوَّأْنَا بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
مَبُوءًا صَدَقِ

وَرَزَقْنَاهُمْ مِّنَ الطَّيِّبَاتِ
فَمَا اخْتَلَفُوا

حَتَّى جَاءَهُمُ الْعِلْمُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ
يَقْضِي بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

فِيمَا كَانُوا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ

يُونُسُ

الْحَدِيثُ الْعَشَرُ

as to that wherein they have been disputing.

- 10:94 So if you, 'O Muhammad,' are in doubt about what We have sent down to you 'concerning such events', then ask those who have read 'the Heavenly' Scripture 'that came' before you. Most surely, the 'very essence of all' truth has come to you from your Lord. So do not ever be of those who doubt 'it'.
- 10:95 Nor are you 'ever' to be one of those who deny the signs of God, so as to become 'one of' the losers 'of an everlasting Paradise'.
- 10:96 Indeed, those against whom the word of your Lord has come to pass will not believe—
- 10:97 even if every 'divine' sign should come to them 'in evidence'—until they see 'for themselves' the painful torment 'of God's Judgment'.
- 10:98 Yet if only there had been a single town that had believed 'among those forewarned of God's nearing Judgment', such that its faith profited it—besides 'that of' the people of Jonah! When 'truly' they believed, We removed the torment of disgrace from them in the life of this world, and We gave them 'its' enjoyment, for a time.
- 10:99 But had your Lord so willed, all who are on the earth would have believed 'in your message'—each 'one' of them and all 'of them' together. Will you, then, 'be the one

١٤ فَإِنْ كُنْتَ فِي شَكٍّ
مِمَّا أَنْزَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ
فَسْأَلِ الَّذِينَ يَاقُونَ
الْكِتَابَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ
لَقَدْ جَاءَكَ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْمُمْتَرِينَ
١٥ وَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الَّذِينَ
كَذَبُوا بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ
فَتَكُونُوا مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ
١٦ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ حَقَّتْ عَلَيْهِمْ
كَلِمَةُ رَبِّكَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ
وَلَوْ جَاءَتْهُمْ كُلُّ آيَةٍ
حَتَّى يَرَوْا الْعَذَابَ الْأَلِيمَ
١٧ فَلَوْلَا كَانَتْ قَرْيَةٌ
أَمْسَتْ
فَنَفَعَهَا إِيْمَانُهَا
إِلَّا الْقَوْمَ يُونُسَ لَمَّا آمَنُوا
كَشَفْنَا عَنْهُمْ عَذَابَ الْخِزْيِ
فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا
وَمَغْنَمًا إِلَىٰ حِينٍ
١٨ وَلَوْ شَاءَ رَبُّكَ لَأَمَنَّ
فِي الْأَرْضِ كُلَّهُمْ جَمِيعًا
أَفَأَنْتَ تُكذِرُ النَّاسَ
حَتَّىٰ يَكُونُوا مُؤْمِنِينَ

- to 'compel people 'to faith'
so that they become believers, 'O Prophet ?
- 10:100 It is not for any soul to believe
except by God's permission.
Thus He shall bring chastisement
upon those who do not 'use their reason
to 'understand 'the signs of God '.
- 10:101 Say 'to them :
Look at what is in the heavens and the earth!
But neither signs nor warnings
shall avail a people who do not believe.
- 10:102 So do they await other than the days
like those 'of the generations '
who passed away before them?
Say 'to them :
Then wait 'for the judgment of God '.
- Indeed, I too am waiting with you.
- 10:103 Then 'from its midst ,
We shall deliver Our messengers
and those who have believed 'along with them '.
- Thus is it incumbent upon Us
to deliver the believers.
- 10:104 'O Prophet, 'say: O humankind!
If you are in doubt of my religion,
then 'know ' , I do not worship
those whom you worship, apart from God.
But, rather, I worship God,
who takes your souls 'when you die '.
- Moreover, I have been commanded
to be of the believers.
- 10:105 Therefore, set your face
'devoutly toward God
and 'to the 'true 'religion, 'O Prophet, '
being ever upright 'of heart '.
- Nor shall you 'ever 'be of those

سُورَةُ يُنُوسَ

الْجُزْءُ الْحَادِي عَشَرَ

وَمَا كَانَتْ لِنَفْسٍ
أَنْ تُؤْمِنَ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ
وَيَجْعَلُ الرِّجْسَ
عَلَى الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ
قُلْ أَنْظِرُوا مَاذَا
فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَمَا تُعْطِي الْآيَاتِ وَالنُّذُرِ
عَنْ قَوْمٍ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ
فَهَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا
مِثْلَ آبَاءِ
الَّذِينَ خَلَوْا مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
قُلْ فَأَنْظِرُوا إِنِّي مَعَكُمْ
مِنَ الْمُنْتَظِرِينَ
ثُمَّ نُنَجِّي رُسُلَنَا
وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا كَذَلِكَ
حَقًّا عَلَيْنَا نُنَجِّي الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
قُلْ يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّاسُ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ فِي شَكٍّ مِنْ دِينِي
فَلَا أَعْبُدُ
الَّذِينَ تَعْبُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
وَلَكِنْ أَعْبُدُ اللَّهَ
الَّذِي يَتَوَفَّاكُمْ
وَأُمِرْتُ أَنْ أَكُونَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَأَنْ أَقِمَّ وَجْهَكَ
لِلدِّينِ حَنِيفًا وَلَا تَكُونَ
مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ
وَلَا تَدْعُ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

يُونُسَ

الْحَادِي عَشَرَ

- who associate gods with God!
 10:106 Nor shall you ever call upon,
 apart from God,
 that which neither benefits you nor harms you!
 For if you do so, then, indeed,
 you will be one of the wrongdoers,
 godless in heart.
- 10:107 And should God touch you with harm,
 there is none who can remove it but Him.
 Yet should He intend any good for you,
 there is none to repel His bounty.
 He bestows with it whomever He so wills
 of His servants.
 For He is the All-Forgiving, the Mercy-Giving.

- 10:108 Say, O Prophet: O humankind!
 Most surely, the very essence of all truth
 has come to you from your Lord in this Quran.
 So whoever is guided aright in the world,
 then he is but guided
 for the good of his own soul.
 And whoever goes astray,
 he but strays, then, against
 all that is good for it.
 For I am not a guardian over you
 to compel you to believe.
- 10:109 As for you, O Muhammad,
 follow all that is revealed to you,
 and be patient with the unbelievers
 until God judges between you—
 and He is the very best of judges.

مَا لَا يَنْفَعُكَ وَلَا يَضُرُّكَ

فَإِنْ فَعَلْتَ

فَأِنَّكَ إِذَا مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ

وَأِنْ يَسْأَلُكَ اللَّهُ بِضُرٍّ

فَلَا كَاشِفَ لَهُ إِلَّا هُوَ

وَأَنْ يُرِيدَكَ بِخَيْرٍ

فَلَا رَادَّ لِفَضْلِهِ

يُصِيبُ بِهِ

مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ

وَهُوَ الْغَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ

قُلْ يَتَّيْبُهَا النَّاسُ

قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ

الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ

فَمَنْ أَهْتَدَى

فَأِنَّمَا يَهْتَدِي لِنَفْسِهِ

وَمَنْ ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهِ

وَمَا أَنَا عَلَيْكُمْ بِوَكِيلٍ

وَاتَّبِعْ مَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَيْكَ

وَاصْبِرْ حَتَّىٰ يَحْكُمَ اللَّهُ

وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الْحَاكِمِينَ

(١٠٧)

(١٠٨)

(١٠٩)

Surah 11 / 123 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Hûd

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

11:1 *Alif Lām Râ*

‘This is a Book whose verses are perfectly set,
then made utterly distinct,
from One who is all-wise, all-aware.

11:2 ‘O Prophet! Say to one and all:’

You shall not worship other than God.
Indeed, I am a forewarner ‘sent’ to ‘all of’ you
‘of His nearing Judgment’,
and a bearer of glad tidings from Him
‘of everlasting delight in Paradise’.

11:3 Moreover, you shall ‘all’
seek forgiveness from your Lord.

Then repent to Him.
He shall bestow on you the joy
of goodly enjoyment,
for a stated term ‘in this world’;
and ‘to’ every person of benevolent work
He shall give ‘of’ His benevolent grace
‘in the Hereafter’.

But if you turn away,
then I fear for you the torment
of a great ‘and terrible’ Day ‘Hereafter’.

11:4 To God is your return—

الرَّ

كِتَابٌ أُحْكِمَتْ آيَاتُهُ

ثُمَّ فُصِّلَتْ مِنْ لَدُنْ

حَكِيمٍ خَبِيرٍ

أَلَّا تَعْبُدُوا إِلَّا اللَّهَ

إِنِّي لَكُمْ مِنْهُ نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ

وَأَن تَسْتَغْفِرُوا رَبَّكُمْ

ثُمَّ تُوبُوا إِلَيْهِ

يُمْنِعْكُمْ مِّنْعَا حَسَنًا

إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى

وَيُؤْتِي كُلَّ ذِي فَضْلٍ فَضْلَهُ

وَإِن تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ

عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ كَبِيرٍ

إِلَى اللَّهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الجزء الثاني عشر

- and He is powerful over all things.
- 11:5 Most surely,
they enfold 'unbelief within' their breast
to hide 'it' from Him.
Yet, most surely, 'even' when they seek
to cover themselves with their garments,
He knows 'well' all that they conceal
and all that they reveal.
Indeed, He is all-knowing
of all that is 'harbored'
within the breast 'of people'.
- 11:6 *Moreover, there is not a single beast
'treading' on the earth but that its provision
depends solely upon God.
Thus He knows well
its habitation 'upon the earth'
and its repository 'in the grave'.
All is 'decreed' in a clear Book
'preserved in Heaven'.
- 11:7 For He is the One
who created the heavens and the Earth
in 'a span of' six 'Heavenly' days—
while 'before this'
His Throne was over the water—
to test you 'and reveal'
which of you is best in deeds.
Yet if ever, 'O Prophet,'
you say 'to the people':
You shall, indeed, be raised up after death,
those who disbelieve will, assuredly, say:
This is nothing but manifest sorcery!
- 11:8 Moreover, if We defer the torment for them
to a calculated period of time,
they shall, assuredly, say: What keeps it back?
Most surely, the day it comes to them,

وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
 ٥ أَلَا إِنَّهُمْ يَنْتُونُ صُدُورَهُمْ
 لِيَسْتَخْفُوا مِنْهُ أَلَا حِينَ
 يَسْتَعْشُونَ مِنْ أَجْلِ آبَائِهِمْ
 مَا يُرْسِلُونَ وَمَا يَعْلَمُونَ
 إِنَّهُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ ذَاتُ الصُّدُورِ
 ٦ وَمِمَّنْ دَاخِلٌ فِي الْأَرْضِ
 إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهِ رِزْقُهَا
 وَيَعْلَمُ مُسْتَقَرُّهَا وَمُسْتَوْدَعُهَا
 ٧ كُلٌّ فِي كِتَابٍ مُبِينٍ
 وَهُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ
 السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
 فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ وَكَانَ
 عَرْشُهُ عَلَى الْمَاءِ
 لِيَبْلُوَكُمْ
 أَيُّكُمْ أَحْسَنُ عَمَلًا
 وَلَئِنْ قُلْتُمْ إِنَّكُمْ
 مَبْعُوثُونَ مِنْ بَعْدِ الْمَوْتِ
 لَيَقُولَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا سِحْرٌ مُبِينٌ
 ٨ وَلَئِنْ أَخَّرْنَا عَنْهُمُ الْعَذَابَ
 إِلَى أَثَمَةٍ مَعْدُودَةٍ
 لَيَقُولُنَّ مَا يَحْبِسُهُ
 ٩ أَلَا يَوْمَ يَأْتِيهِمْ
 لَيْسَ مَصْرُوفًا عَنْهُمْ



it shall not be turned back from them,
and that `very punishment`
at which they used to mock
shall have whelmed them from every side.

- 11:9 Now, if We give man a taste of mercy from Us,
then We strip it from him,
indeed, he is a most despairing,
`unbelieving` ingrate.
- 11:10 Yet if We give him a taste of blessing,
after harm has touched him,
he does, assuredly, say:
The evils have gone from me.
Indeed, he becomes exultant, boastful—
- 11:11 except for those who are patient
and do righteous deeds.
For such as these, there is forgiveness
and a great reward.
- 11:12 Then is it conceivable, `O Muhammad,`
that you would leave
some of what has been revealed to you—
and that your breast become constrained by it—
just `because they say:
If only a treasure trove were sent down to him
instead of the Quran`;
or `if only` an angel had come with him
to confirm him`?
Indeed, you are not but a forewarner
`sent to all people`,
and it is God who is guardian over all things.
- 11:13 So is it that they say:
`The Quran is not from God;
rather, he has forged it?`
Say to them, O Prophet:
Then bring forth ten forged surahs like it!

سُورَةُ

الْحُدِّ الثَّانِي عَشَرَ

وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ

مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ

وَلَئِنْ آذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ مِنَّا

رَحْمَةً ثُمَّ نَزَعْنَاهَا مِنْهُ

إِنَّهُ لَيَكُونُ كَفُورٌ

وَلَئِنْ آذَقْنَاهُ نِعْمَاءَ

بَعْدَ ضَرَاءٍ مَسَّتْهُ

لَيَقُولَنَّ

ذَهَبَ السَّيِّئَاتُ عَنِّي

إِنَّهُ لَفَرِحٌ فَخُورٌ

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ صَبَرُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ

وَأَجْرٌ كَبِيرٌ

فَلَعَلَّكَ تَارِكٌ

بَعْضَ مَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَيْكَ

وَضَاقَ بِكَ صَدْرُكَ أَنْ

يَقُولُوا لَوْلَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْهِ كُتُبٌ

أَوْ جَاءَ مَعَهُ مَلَكٌ

إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ نَذِيرٌ

وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَكِيلٌ

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ أَفَرَأَيْنَاهُ قُلْ

فَأَنزِلْ بَعْثِرْ سُورٍ مِّثْلِهِ

مَفْتَرِيَاتٍ

يُنذِرُونَ

الجزء الثاني عشر

Moreover, call upon
whomever you can 'for assistance',
apart from God, if, indeed, you are truthful.

11:14 Yet if they do not answer you,
then know, 'indeed',
that this 'Quran' has been sent down
with the knowledge of God 'alone'
and that there is no God but Him.
So will you, 'O people,' become *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone'?

11:15 Whoever desires the life of this world
and its adornment,
We shall render to them in full
'the outcome of' their works in it,
and therein they shall not be defrauded.

11:16 These are the ones
for whom there is nothing in the Hereafter,
except the Fire 'of Hell'.
And therein whatever they have wrought
shall be 'rendered utterly' futile,
and all that they have been doing 'in life'
shall be nullified.

11:17 What, then, of one 'whose faith
is based' on manifest proof from his Lord,
who has—bearing witness to this—
a 'revealed' testament from 'God'
that has a precedent in the Book of Moses
as a 'revealed' exemplar and mercy?
'Such is the case of' those
who believe in 'this Quran'.
Yet whosoever disbelieves in it
from the allies 'of unbelief',
then the Fire 'of Hell'
shall be his promised place 'in the Hereafter'.
So never be in doubt about 'the Quran

وَادْعُوا مَنِ اسْتَطَعْتُمْ
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

فَإِنَّهُ يَسْتَجِيبُ لَكُمْ ١٤
فَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا أُنْزِلَ بِعِلْمِ اللَّهِ
وَأَنَّ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

فَهَلْ أَنْتُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ

مَنْ كَانَ يَرِيدُ ١٥

الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا وَزِينَتَهَا
نُوفِ إِلَيْهِمْ أَعْمَالَهُمْ فِيهَا
وَهُمْ فِيهَا لَا يَبْخَسُونَ

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ لَيْسَ لَهُمْ ١٦
فِي الْآخِرَةِ إِلَّا النَّارُ

وَحِطَّ مَا صَنَعُوا فِيهَا
وَيَبْطُلُ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

أَفَمَنْ كَانَ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِنْ رَبِّهِ ١٧
وَيَتْلُوهُ شَاهِدٌ مِنْهُ

وَمِنْ قَبْلِهِ كَتَبَ مُوسَىٰ

إِمَامًا وَرَحْمَةً

أُولَئِكَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ

وَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ بِهِ مِنَ الْأَحْزَابِ

فَالنَّارُ مَوْعِدُهُ

فَلَا تَكُ فِي مِرْيَةٍ مِنْهُ

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الجزء الثاني عشر

and the commandments in it, 'O Prophet'.
Indeed, it is the 'very essence of all' truth
from your Lord.

But most people do not believe in it.

11:18 Yet who does a greater wrong
than one who forges lies against God?
They shall all be displayed
before their Lord 'on Judgment Day',
and the witnesses 'against them' shall say:
These are the ones who lied about their Lord!
Most assuredly, the curse of God

11:19 is on the 'godless' wrongdoers—
those who 'used to' bar 'others'
from the 'straight' path of God
and who sought to have it 'appear' crooked.

They are the very people
who regarding the Hereafter
were 'inveterate' disbelievers!

11:20 'The likes of these
shall never elude 'God anywhere' in the earth.
For never did they 'really' have
any patron, apart from God.
The torment for them 'in Hellfire'
shall be multiplied.

'Immersed in unbelief',
never were they able to hear
'the word of God being recited to them'.
Nor did they see 'His guiding signs'
in the universe.

11:21 These are the ones
who shall have 'utterly' lost their souls
'in the Hereafter'.

For all 'the false gods' that they used to forge
shall have strayed from them.

11:22 There is no doubt 'at all' that in the Hereafter

إِنَّهُ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ
لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَى
عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا أُولَئِكَ
يُعْرَضُونَ عَلَى رَبِّهِمْ
وَيَقُولُ الْأَشْهَادُ
هَؤُلَاءِ الَّذِينَ

كَذَبُوا عَلَى رَبِّهِمْ
أَلَا لَعْنَةُ اللَّهِ عَلَى الظَّالِمِينَ

الَّذِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَنْ
سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَيَبْغُونَهَا عِوَجًا
وَهُمْ بِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ كَافِرُونَ

أُولَئِكَ لَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُمْ
مُعْجِزَاتٌ فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَمَا كَانَ لَهُمْ

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ مِنْ أَوْلِيَاءَ
يُضَعِفُ لَهُمْ الْعَذَابُ

مَا كَانُوا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ السَّمْعَ
وَمَا كَانُوا يَبْصُرُونَ

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا
أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَصَلَّ عَنْهُمْ
مَا كَانُوا يَفْقَهُونَ

لَا جَرَمَ لَهُمْ فِي الْآخِرَةِ

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it is, most surely, they themselves who shall be the greatest losers of an everlasting Paradise.

- 11:23 As for those who truly believe and do righteous deeds—and who are humble to their Lord—these are the Companions of the everlasting Garden of Paradise. They shall abide therein forever.

- 11:24 * The parable of these two groups is like this: There is one who is blind and deaf and one who is seeing and hearing. Are they of a comparable condition? Will you not, then, become mindful and take heed?

- 11:25 For very truly, We sent Noah as a messenger to his people, saying:

I am, indeed, a clear forewarner sent by God to you.

- 11:26 So worship none but God.

Indeed, I fear for you the torment of a painful Day Hereafter.

- 11:27 But the defiant elders of his people, who disbelieved, said:

We do not see you to be other than a human being like us.

Nor do we see following you any but those who are the vilest among us—

who did so in haste, moreover, without due reflection.

Neither do we see that you believers have any excellence whatever over us.

Rather, we think you are all liars.

- 11:28 He said: O my people!

Have you considered your dreadful end,

هُمْ الْأَخْسَرُونَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿٢٣﴾

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

وَأُخْبِتُوا إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ

أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ

هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

﴿٢٤﴾ مَثَلُ الْفَرِيقَيْنِ

كَالْأَعْمَىٰ وَالْأَصْبَحِ

وَالْبَصِيرِ وَالسَّمِيعِ

هَلْ يَسْتَوِيَانِ مَثَلًا

أَفَلَا نَذْكُرُونَ

﴿٢٥﴾ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ

إِنِّي لَكُمْ نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ

﴿٢٦﴾ أَن لَّا تَعْبُدُوا إِلَّا اللَّهَ

إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ

عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ أَلِيمٍ

﴿٢٧﴾ فَقَالَ الْمَلَأُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

مِن قَوْمِهِ مَا نَرْنَكَ

إِلَّا بَشَرًا مِّثْلَنَا

وَمَا نَرْنَكَ أَتْبَعَكَ

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ هُمْ أَرَادُوا

بَادِيَ الرَّأْيِ وَمَا نَرَىٰ لَكُمْ

عَلَيْنَا مِنْ فَضْلٍ

بَلْ نُنَظُّكُمْ كَذَّابِينَ

﴿٢٨﴾ قَالَ يَقَوْمِ أَرَأَيْتُمْ

- if, 'indeed', I 'stand' upon
clear proof from my Lord,
inasmuch as He has given me 'revelation
as a mercy from Himself—
though this has been obscured from you?
Shall we 'believers,' then, compel you to it,
though you are 'utterly' abhorrent of it?
- 11:29 And, O my people! I am not asking of you
any riches for this 'message of salvation'.
Indeed, my reward is only with God.
Nor am I 'ever' to drive away
those who have believed,
and who 'know they' shall meet their Lord
'for Judgment in the Hereafter',
whereas I see that you are a people
who act in ignorance 'of this'.
- 11:30 And, O my people!
Who is it that will support me against God
if I drive them away?
Will you not, then, become mindful
'of the consequence of such an act'?
- 11:31 Nor do I say to you
that with me are the treasures of God.
Nor do I know the 'realm of the' unseen.
Nor do I say that I am an angel.
Yet I shall never say to those your eyes despise
that God will not bring them any good—
while God knows best what is in their souls.
For, indeed, then I would, most surely,
be of the wrongdoers.
- 11:32 They said: O Noah!
You have already argued 'about all this' with us,
and made much argument with us.
Bring us, then, whatever 'doom'
you have promised us, if you are, 'indeed,

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الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي عَشَرَ

إِنْ كُنْتُ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّي
وَأَنْتَ بِرَحْمَةٍ مِّن عِنْدِهِ
فَعَمِيتَ عَلَيْكُمْ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ لَكُمْ هُودًا
وَأَنْتُمْ لَهَا كَارِهُونَ
وَيَقُولُ لَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ
عَلَيْهِ مَا لَّا
إِنْ أَجْرِي إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهِ
وَمَا أَنَا بِطَارِدِ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
إِنَّهُمْ مُّلتَقُوا رَبَّهُمْ
وَلَنَكْفِيَنَّ أَرْكَكُمْ
قَوْمًا يَجْهَلُونَ
وَيَقُولُ مَن يَصُرْنِي مِّنَ اللَّهِ
إِنْ طَرَفُ نَفْسٍ ءَافَا نَذْكُرُونَ
وَلَا أَقُولُ لَكُمْ
عِنْدِي خَزَائِنُ اللَّهِ
وَلَا أَعْلَمُ الْغَيْبِ
وَلَا أَقُولُ إِنِّي مَلَكٌ
وَلَا أَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ
تَزْدَرِي أَعْيُنُكُمْ
لَن يُؤْتِيَهُمُ اللَّهُ خَيْرًا
اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ
إِنِّي إِذًا لَّمِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ
قَالُوا يَسُوءُ قَدْ جَدَلْنَا
فَأَكْثَرْتَ جِدْلَنَا
فَأَنْتَ بِمَا وَعَدْنَا

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الْحُدِّ الثَّانِي عَشَرَ

one of the truthful forewarners sent from God.

- 11:33 He said: Indeed, it is God alone
who shall bring it to you, if He so wills.
Moreover, never shall you be able to elude
the judgment of the Almighty!
- 11:34 Nor shall my good counsel
benefit you in the least —
even if I intend to go on counseling you—
if it be that God intends
to subvert you with ruin. He is your Lord.
Thus to Him shall all of you
be returned in the end.

- 11:35 So is it that they say:
The Quran is not from God.
Rather, he has forged it?
Say to them, O Prophet:
Even if I have forged it, then upon me alone
is the consequence of my trespass.
Yet I am innocent of the trespass you commit
in alleging I have forged it.

- 11:36 So at last it was revealed to Noah:
Indeed, no one shall believe from your people,
other than those who have already believed.
Therefore, be troubled no longer
by whatever they have been doing against you.
- 11:37 Yet make the Ark
under the care of Our watchful Eyes
and according to Our revelation.
But you shall not address Me
regarding any reprieve for those
who have done wrong.
They are, indeed, doomed to be drowned.
- 11:38 So he began making the Ark.

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ

قَالَ إِنَّمَا يَأْتِيكُمْ بِهِ اللَّهُ

إِنْ شَاءَ وَمَا أَنْتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِينَ

وَلَا يَنْفَعُكُمْ نَصِيَی

إِنْ أَرَدْتُ أَنْ أَنْصَحَ لَكُمْ

إِنْ كَانَ اللَّهُ يُرِيدُ أَنْ يُغْوِيَكُمْ

هُوَ رَبُّكُمْ

وَالِلَّهِ تُرْجَعُونَ

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ افْتَرَاهُ

قُلْ إِنْ افْتَرَيْتُهُ، فَعَلَىٰ إِجْرَامِي

وَأَنَا بَرِيءٌ مِمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ

وَأَوْحَىٰ إِلَىٰ نُوْحٍ أَنَّهُ

لَنْ يُؤْمِنَ مِنْ قَوْمِكَ

إِلَّا مَن قَدْ ءَامَنَ فَلَا يَبْتَئِسْ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْعَلُونَ

وَأَصْنَعِ الْفُلَکَ

بِأَعْيُنِنَا وَوَحْيِنَا

وَلَا تُخَاطِبْنِي

فِي الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا

إِنَّهُمْ مُّعْرِفُونَ

وَيَصْنَعِ الْفُلَکَ

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٣٤

٣٥

٣٦

٣٧

٣٨

- And whenever any gathering
 'from the defiant elders' of his people
 passed by him, they scoffed at him.
 He said: If you scoff at us 'now',
 soon shall we scoff at you as you scoff at us.
- 11:39 For you shall, most surely, know
 to whom shall come a torment
 that will disgrace him 'in this life'
 and whom an enduring torment
 shall befall 'in the Hereafter'.
- 11:40 So it was—until when Our command 'of doom'
 came to pass,
 and the 'very' hearth 'itself' erupted
 'like a fount, as a sign and a portent'—
 We said 'to Noah':
 Carry in 'the Ark' mates of every 'living' pair,
 and your family—
 except for those against whom
 the word 'of destruction' has gone forth—
 and whoever has believed, 'carry also'.
 Yet none had believed 'along' with him,
 but a very few.
- 11:41 *Noah said 'to them':
 Embark in it, in the name of God,
 'wherein' shall be its running and its arrival.
 Indeed, my Lord
 is most surely all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 11:42 Thus it ran with them on waves like mountains,
 and Noah called 'out' to his son,
 who was in a place apart: O my dear son!
 Embark with us!
 And do not be with the disbelievers!
- 11:43 He said:
 I shall take shelter in a mountain
 that will preserve me from the water!

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وَكُلَّمَا مَرَّ عَلَيْهِ مَلَأَ
 مِنْ قَوْمِهِ سَخِرُوا مِنْهُ
 قَالَ إِنْ تَسْخَرُوا مِنَّا
 فَإِنَّا نَسْخَرُ مِنْكُمْ
 كَمَا تَسْخَرُونَ ﴿٣٩﴾
 فَسَوْفَ نَعْلَمُونَ
 مَنْ يَأْتِيهِ عَذَابٌ يُخْزِيهِ
 وَيَحِلُّ عَلَيْهِ عَذَابٌ مُقِيمٌ
 حَتَّى إِذَا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا
 وَفَارَ التَّنُّورُ
 قُلْنَا احْمِلْ فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ
 زَوْجَيْنِ آتَيْنِ وَأَهْلَكَ
 إِلَّا مَن سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ الْقَوْلُ
 وَمَنْ ءَامَنَ
 وَمَا ءَامَنَ مَعَهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ
 ﴿٤٠﴾ وَقَالَ ارْكَبْ فِيهَا
 بِسْمِ اللَّهِ جَعَدْنَاكَ وَمُرْسَاهًا
 إِنَّ رَبِّي لَغَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
 وَهِيَ تَجْرِي بِهِمْ
 فِي مَوْجٍ كَالْجِبَالِ
 وَنَادَى نُوحٌ ابْنَهُ
 وَكَانَ فِي مَعْزِلٍ
 يَبْنِئْ أَرْكَبَ مَعَنَا
 وَلَا تَكُن مَعَ الْكَافِرِينَ
 قَالَ سَتَأْوِي إِلَى جَبَلٍ
 يَعْصِمُكَ مِنَ الْمَاءِ ﴿٤٣﴾

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Noah said:

There is no preservation this Day
from the 'fatal' command of God,
except on whom He shows mercy.
And the waves came between them.
And he was among those drowned.

11:44 And it was said:

O earth! Swallow your waters!
And O heaven! Abate!
So the waters receded.
And the matter was concluded.
And 'the Ark' settled upon 'Mount' Jûdî.
And it was said:

Away with the wrongdoing people!

11:45 Yet Noah called to his Lord, and said:

My Lord! My son is of my family,
and Your promise is the truth,
and You are the most just of judges.

11:46 He said: O Noah!

Indeed, he is not of your 'believing' family.
For, indeed, it is an unrighteous deed
'that he has done'!
So do not ask Me
of that whereof you have no knowledge.
I admonish you,
so that you shall not become of the ignorant
'in what you ask of God'.

11:47 He said: My Lord!

I seek refuge in You
from 'ever' asking You of that
whereof I have no knowledge.
And if You do not forgive me
and have mercy upon me,
I shall be among the losers
'of an everlasting Paradise'.

قَالَ لَا عَاصِمَ الْيَوْمَ مِنْ
أَمْرِ اللَّهِ إِلَّا مَنْ رَحِمَ
وَحَالَ بَيْنَهُمَا الْمَوْجُ

فَكَانَ مِنَ الْمَغْرُوبِينَ

وَقِيلَ يَا أَرْضُ ابْلَعِي مَاءَكِ

وَيَسْمَا أَقْلَعِي

وَبُغِضَ الْمَاءُ وَفُضِيَ الْأَمْرُ

وَأُسْتُوتَ عَلَى الْجُودِيِّ

وَقِيلَ بَعْدًا لِلْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ

وَنَادَى نُوحٌ رَبَّهُ، فَقَالَ

رَبِّ إِنِّي أَنْبَى مِنْ أَهْلِي

وَلِإِنَّ وَعْدَكَ الْحَقُّ

وَأَنْتَ أَحْكَمُ الْحَاكِمِينَ

قَالَ يَنْتُوخُ

إِنَّهُ لَيْسَ مِنْ أَهْلِكَ إِنَّهُ

عَمَلٌ غَيْرُ صَالِحٍ فَلَا تَسْتَلِنَ

مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمٌ

إِنِّي أَعْظُمُكَ أَنْ تَكُونَ

مِنَ الْجَاهِلِينَ

قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ

أَنْ أَشْتَلَكَ

مَا لَيْسَ لِي بِهِ عِلْمٌ

وَلَا تَعْفُرْ لِي وَتَرْحَمْنِي

أَكُنْ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ

- 11:48 It was said: O Noah!
 Disembark, with peace and security from Us,
 and with blessings upon you
 and upon the believing nations
 that shall descend
 from those who are with you.
 Yet there shall be other nations
 to whom We grant enjoyment in this life.
 Then there shall befall them
 a most painful torment from Us
 in the Hereafter.
- 11:49 That is of the tidings of the unseen past
 We reveal to you, O Prophet.
 You did not know of them before this,
 neither you nor your people. So be patient.
 For the ultimate outcome
 is success for the God-fearing.
- 11:50 And to the people of 'Âd
 We sent their brother Hûd as a messenger.
 He said: O my people! Worship God alone.
 You do not have any God other than Him.
 You are nothing but forgers of false gods.
- 11:51 O my people!
 I do not ask of you any reward for this message.
 Indeed, my reward is only with the One
 who originated me.
 Will you not, then, understand?
- 11:52 And O my people!
 Seek forgiveness from your Lord.
 Then repent to Him.
 He shall send down upon you
 rain from heaven in abundance.
 Moreover, He will greatly increase you

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٤٨ قِيلَ يٰنُوحُ اٰهْبِطْ بِسَلَامٍ مِّنَّا
 وَبَرَكَاتٍ عَلَيْنَا
 وَعَلَىٰ اٰمِرٍ مِّنْ مَّعَلَا
 وَاُمَمٍ سَنُنْعِمُهُمْ
 ثُمَّ يَمَسُّهُمْ مِنَّا عَذَابٌ اَلِيمٌ
 ٤٩ تِلْكَ مِنْ اٰنْبَاءِ الْغَيْبِ
 نُوْحِيهَا اِلَيْكَ مَا كُنْتَ تَعْلَمُهَا
 اَنْتَ وَلَا قَوْمُكَ مِنْ قَبْلِ هٰذَا
 فَاَصْبِرْ
 ٥٠ اِنَّ الْعَقِيبَةَ لِلْمُنْفِقِينَ
 وَاِلَىٰ عَادٍ اٰخَاهُمْ هُوْدًا
 قَالَ يٰقَوْمِ اعْبُدُوا اللّٰهَ
 مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ اِلٰهٍ غَيْرُهُ
 اِنْ اَنْتُمْ اِلَّا مُفْتَرُونَ
 ٥١ يٰقَوْمِ
 لَا اَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ اَجْرًا
 اِنْ اَجَرِي
 اِلَّا عَلَى الَّذِي فَطَرَنِي
 اَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ
 ٥٢ وَيَقَوْمِ اسْتَغْفِرُوا رَبَّكُمْ
 ثُمَّ تُوبُوا اِلَيْهِ
 يُرْسِلِ السَّمَاءَ عَلَيْكُمْ
 مِدْرَارًا وَيَزِدْكُمْ قُوَّةً
 اِلَىٰ قُوَّتِكُمْ

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in power, adding to your power.

So do not turn away as defiant unbelievers.

11:53 They said: O Hûd!

You have not come to us
with a clear, 'miraculous' proof
that is convincing.

And we shall not leave our gods
on your mere word.

Therefore, we shall never be believers in you.

11:54 We say only that some of our gods
have struck you with 'something' evil.

He said: Indeed, I call God to bear witness—
and bear you witness—

that I am innocent of 'worshipping'
all that you associate 'as gods' with God,
11:55 apart from Him.

So plot against me, all 'of you' together!

Then do not grant me respite.

11:56 Indeed, I have relied upon God 'alone' —
my Lord and your Lord.

There is not a single beast
'treading on the earth'
but that He is holding it by its forelock
'in complete subjugation'.

Indeed, 'every decree of' my Lord
is 'just and guides'
upon a straight way 'of salvation'.

11:57 But if you turn away 'from faith',
then truly I have conveyed to you
that with which I have been sent to you
'by God'.

Thus my Lord shall cause other people
to succeed you.

Yet you shall not harm Him in anything 'at all.

For', indeed, my Lord

وَلَا تَوَلَّوْا مُجْرِمِينَ

قَالُوا يَا هُوْدُ

٥٣

مَا جِئْتَنَا بِبَيِّنَةٍ وَمَا نَحْنُ
بِتَارِكِي آلِ هَارُونَ قَوْلِكَ

وَمَا نَحْنُ لَكَ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ

إِنْ نَقُولُ إِلَّا أَعْرَضَكَ

٥٤

بَعْضُ آلِ هَارُونَ يَسُوءُ

قَالَ إِنِّي أَشْهَدُ اللَّهَ وَأَشْهَدُ

أَنِّي بَرِيءٌ مِمَّا تُشْرِكُونَ

مِنْ دُونِهِ فَكَيْدُوْنِي جَمِيعًا

٥٥

ثُمَّ لَا تَنْظُرُونَ

إِنِّي تَوَكَّلْتُ عَلَى اللَّهِ

٥٦

رَبِّي وَرَبِّكُمْ مَا مِنْ دَابَّةٍ

إِلَّا هُوَ آخِذٌ بِنَاصِيَتِهَا

إِنْ رَبِّي عَلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَقَدْ أَبْلَغْتُكُمْ

٥٧

مَا أُرْسِلْتُ بِهِ إِلَيْكُمْ

وَيَسْتَخْلِفُ رَبِّي قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ

وَلَا تَضُرُّوْهُ شَيْئًا إِنْ رَبِّي

عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ حَفِيظٌ

٥٨

- is 'vigilantly' all-preserving over all things.
- 11:58 Thus when Our command 'of doom' came to pass,
We delivered Hûd
and all those who believed with him
by a 'profound' mercy from Us.
And We delivered them, 'as well,'
from a stern torment 'in the Hereafter'.
- 11:59 And that was 'the people of 'Âd.
They disavowed the 'clear' signs
'and wonders' of their Lord
and disobeyed 'the divine mandate
of His messengers
while they followed the command
of every obstinate,
'insolently' tyrannical one 'among them'.
- 11:60 Thus, 'at once' they were pursued
with a curse in this world—
and 'it shall thrust them into Hellfire'
on the Day of Resurrection.
Most assuredly,
'Âd had disbelieved in their Lord.
Most assuredly, away with 'Âd,
the people of Hûd!
- 11:61 * Then to 'the people of' Thamûd
'God sent' their brother Şâlih 'as a messenger'.
He said: O my people! Worship God 'alone'.
You do not have any God other than Him.
He produced you from the earth
and has settled you therein 'to cultivate it'.
So seek His forgiveness. Then repent to Him.
Indeed, my Lord is near 'and answers prayers'.
- 11:62 They said: O Şâlih!
High were 'the' hopes

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الجزء الثاني عشر

وَلَمَّا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا نَحْنُ هُودًا ۝٥٨
وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَعَهُ
بِرَحْمَةٍ مِنَّا
وَنَجَّيْنَاهُمْ مِّنْ عَذَابٍ غَلِيظٍ
وَقَدْكَ عَادٌ ۝٥٩
جَعَدُوا بِآيَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ
وَعَصَوْا رُسُلَهُ وَاتَّبَعُوا
أَمْرَ كُلِّ جَبَّارٍ عَنِيدٍ
وَأَتَّبَعُوا فِي هَذِهِ الدُّنْيَا لَعْنَةَ
رَبِّهِمُ الْقَيْمَةِ ۝٦٠
أَلَا إِنَّ عَادًا كَفَرُوا رَبَّهُمْ
أَلَا بَعْدَ إِعَادٍ قَوْمٌ هُودٍ
وَإِلَى ثَمُودَ ۝٦١
أَخَاهُمْ صَالِحًا
قَالَ يَتْلُوا آيَاتِ اللَّهِ
مَا لَكُمْ مِّنْ إِلَهِ غَيْرِهِ
هُوَ أَنشَأَكُمْ مِّنَ الْأَرْضِ
وَأَسْتَعْمَرَكُمْ فِيهَا
فَاسْتَغْفِرُوهُ ثُمَّ تَوْبُوا إِلَيْهِ
إِنَّ رَبِّي قَرِيبٌ مُّجِيبٌ
قَالُوا يَصْنَعُ قَدْ كُنْتَ مِنَّا
مَرْجُوًّا قَبْلَ هَذَا ۝٦٢

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي عَشَرَ

‘we had placed’ in you before this.
Do you forbid us to worship
what our forefathers worshipped!
Indeed, we most certainly remain
in much-perplexed doubt
about what you call us ‘to worship’.

11:63 He said: O my people!

Have you considered ‘your dreadful end’,
if, ‘indeed’, I ‘stand’ upon
clear proof from my Lord,
inasmuch as He has given me ‘revelation
as’ a mercy from Him?

Who then will support me against God
if I disobey Him?

Thus never would you increase me
in anything but ‘utter’ loss ‘if I followed you’!

11:64 And ‘then he said’: O my people!

This is the ‘miraculously created’ she-camel
of God ‘come as’ a sign for you.

So leave her to eat in God’s land,

and do not touch her

with any ‘act of’ evil ‘intent’,

or you will be seized, suddenly,

by an imminent torment.

11:65 But they hamstrung her.

So ‘Şâlih’ said ‘to them’:

Enjoy yourselves in your dwellings

‘in the life of this world’

for ‘only three’ more ‘days’.

That is a promise ‘of imminent chastisement,
the truth of’ which shall not be belied.

11:66 So when Our command ‘of doom’ came to pass,

We delivered ‘Şâlih’

and all those who believed with him

by a ‘profound’ mercy from Us

أَنَّهُمْ أَنَّا نَعْبُدُ

مَا يَعْبُدُ آبَاؤُنَا

وَأِنَّا لَفِي شَكٍّ

مِمَّا تَدْعُونَا إِلَيْهِ مُرِيرٍ

قَالَ يَقُومُ آرَاءَ يَتَمَرِّينَ ﴿١٣﴾

كُنْتُ عَلَى بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّي

وَأَتَنَّبِي مِنْهُ رَحْمَةً

فَمَن يَنْصُرْنِي مِّنْ اللَّهِ

إِن عَصَيْتُهُ

فَمَا تَزِيدُونَنِي غَيْرَ تَخْسِيرٍ

وَيَقُومُ هَذِهِ ﴿١٤﴾

نَاقَةُ اللَّهِ لَكُمْ ءَايَةٌ

فَذَرُوهَا

تَأْكُلْ فِي أََرْضِ اللَّهِ

وَلَا تَمْسُوهَا بِسُوءٍ

فَيَأْخُذَكُمْ عَذَابٌ قَرِيبٌ

فَعَقَرُوهَا فَقَالَ تَمَتَّعُوا ﴿١٥﴾

فِي دَارِكُمْ ثَلَاثَةَ أَيَّامٍ

ذَٰلِكَ وَعَدٌ غَيْرُ مَكْذُوبٍ

فَلَمَّا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا ﴿١٦﴾

نَجَّيْنَا صَالِحًا

وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَعَهُ

بِرَحْمَةٍ مِنَّا

وَمِن خِزْيِ يَوْمِئِذٍ

- and 'saved them' from the disgrace
of that 'awesome' day.
Indeed, it is your Lord
who is the All-Powerful, the Overpowering.
- 11:67 For, suddenly,
the 'deadly' blast seized those who did wrong,
and by morning they were 'dead',
laying 'prostrate' in their dwellings,
11:68 as if they had never dwelled
'in prosperity' therein.
Most assuredly, 'the people of' Thamûd
disbelieved in their Lord.
Most assuredly, away with Thamûd!
- 11:69 And, very truly,
Our messenger-angels came to Abraham
'in the form of men'
with the glad tidings 'of a son'.
They said: Peace 'to you!
And to them' he said: Peace!
And he made no delay
in bringing 'forth' a roasted calf.
- 11:70 Yet when he saw that their hands
did not reach for it 'to eat', he mistrusted them
and conceived a fear of them.
They said: Have no fear.
We are 'angels' sent to 'punish'
the people of Lot.
- 11:71 Thereafter, his wife,
who had been standing aside, 'out of view',
laughed, for We had given her glad tidings
of 'conceiving' Isaac 'in her old age',
and 'descending' from Isaac 'would be' Jacob.
- 11:72 She said: Oh, woe is me!
Will I give birth, though I am an old woman—

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الجزء الثاني عشر

إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ الْقَوِيُّ الْعَزِيزُ
وَأَخَذَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا
الصَّيْئَةَ فَأَصْبَحُوا
فِي دِيَارِهِمْ جَنِينًا
كَانَ لَمْ يَغْنَوْا فِيهَا إِلَّا إِنَّا
نُفُودًا كَفَرُوا رَبَّهُمْ
إِلَّا بَعْدَ النُّفُودِ
وَلَقَدْ جَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا
إِبْرَاهِيمَ بِالْبُشْرَى
فَالْتَوَسَّلْنَا قَالِ سَلَامُ
فَمَا لَبِثَ أَنْ جَاءَ
بِعِجْلٍ حَنِيدٍ
فَلَمَّا رَأَى أَيْدِيَهُمْ لَا تَصِلُ إِلَيْهِ
نَكَّرَهُمْ وَأَوْجَسَ مِنْهُمْ
خِيفَةً قَالُوا لَا تَحْزَنْ
إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَى قَوْمِ لُوطٍ
وَأَمْرًا إِنَّهُ قَائِمَةٌ فَضَحَكَتْ
فَبَشَّرْنَاهَا بِإِسْحَاقَ
وَمِنْ وَرَاءِ إِسْحَاقَ يَعْقُوبَ
قَالَتْ يَوْتَلَقَى
ءَالِدٌ وَأَنَا عَجُوزٌ
وَهَذَا بَعْلِي شَيْخًا

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي عَشَرَ

and this, my husband, is an aged man?
Indeed, this is, most surely, an astounding thing!

11:73 They said:

Do you wonder at the command of God?
The mercy of God and His blessings
are upon you,
O People of the Household of Abraham.
He, indeed, is all-praised, sublime.

11:74 So when the fright had gone from Abraham,
and the glad tidings had come to him,
he entreated Us regarding the punishment
of the people of Lot.

11:75 Abraham was, indeed, most forbearing,
tenderhearted, ever-penitent.

11:76 It was said: O Abraham!

Turn aside from this, now.
For truly, the command of your Lord
has already come.
And, most surely, a torment is coming to them
that cannot be turned back.

11:77 So when Our messenger-angels came to Lot
in the form of men,
he was greatly troubled over them.
Indeed, he grew helplessly distressed for them,
fearing his people would molest them;
and he said:

This is an intensely unnerving day!
11:78 Then his people came rushing toward him
to seize the strangers from his home —
when just before
they had been doing vile deeds.
He said: O my people!
Here, rather, are my daughters. Marry them.
They are purer for you.

إِنَّ هَذَا شَيْءٌ عَجِيبٌ
قَالُوا أَتَعْجِبِينَ مِنْ أَمْرِ اللَّهِ
رَحِمْتُ اللَّهُ وَبَرَكَتُهُ

٧٣

عَلَيْكُمْ أَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ
إِنَّهُ حَمِيدٌ مُجِيدٌ

فَلَمَّا ذَهَبَ عَنْ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الرَّوْعُ
وَجَاءَهُ تَهُ الْبَشْرَىٰ يُجَادِلُنَا

٧٤

فِي قَوْمٍ لُّوطٍ

إِنَّ إِبْرَاهِيمَ لَحَلِيمٌ أَوَّهٌ مُنِيبٌ
يَتْلُو آيَاتِهِمْ أَغْرَضَ عَنْ هَذَا

٧٥

٧٦

إِنَّهُ قَدْ جَاءَ أَمْرُ رَبِّكَ
وَأَوَّاهٌ مُنِيبٌ

عِزٌّ مُرْدُودٌ

وَلَمَّا جَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا لُوطًا

٧٧

سَيِّئَ بَوْمٍ وَضَاقَ بِهِمْ ذَرْعًا
وَقَالَ هَذَا يَوْمٌ عَصِيبٌ

وَجَاءَهُ قَوْمُهُ يَهْرَعُونَ إِلَيْهِ
وَمِنْ قَبْلِ كَانُوا

٧٨

يَعْمَلُونَ السَّيِّئَاتِ

قَالَ يَقْوَرُ هَؤُلَاءِ بَنَاتِي
هُنَّ أَطْهَرُ لَكُمْ

فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ

وَلَا تَخْزُونِ فِي ضَعْفَىٰ

- So fear God, and do not dishonor me concerning my guests!
Is there not among you a rightly guided man?
- 11:79 They said:
Most surely, you know very well that we do not have any true desire for your daughters.
Rather, you know well what we desire.
- 11:80 He said:
If only I had 'invincible' power over you, or I could take recourse to a mighty defender!
- 11:81 'Then and there, the guests' said: O Lot! Indeed, we are your Lord's messenger-angels. Never shall they attain to you.
So set out with your family in the latter part of the night—and let no one among you look back.
But 'as to' your wife, what befalls them shall befall her.
Indeed, their appointed time 'of destruction' is morning.
Does not the morning draw near?
- 11:82 So when Our command 'of doom' came to pass 'against Sodom', We made 'their land's' uppermost its lowermost.
Then We rained down upon it stones of hardened clay, clustered—
- 11:83 marked by your Lord!
Nor is this ever far-off from the 'godless' wrongdoers 'of the earth'.
- 11:84 * Then to 'the people of' Midian 'We sent' their brother Shu'ayb 'as a messenger'.
He said: O my people! Worship God 'alone'.
You do not have any God other than Him.

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الجزء الثاني عشر

أَلَيْسَ مِنْكُمْ رَجُلٌ رَشِيدٌ

قَالُوا لَقَدْ عَلِمْتَ

٧٩

مَا لَنَا فِي بَنَاتِكَ مِنْ حَقٍّ

وَأِنَّكَ لَنَعْلَمُ مَا نُرِيدُ

قَالُوا أَنْ لِي بِكُمْ قُوَّةٌ

٨٠

أَوْءَاوَى إِلَى زَوْجِي سَدِيدٍ

قَالُوا يَلُوطُ إِنَّا رُءُسُ رَبِّكَ

٨١

لَنْ يَصِلُوا إِلَيْكَ فَأَسْرِ

بِأَهْلِكَ بِقِطْعٍ مِنَ اللَّيْلِ

وَلَا يَلْتَفِتْ مِنْكُمْ أَحَدٌ

إِلَّا أَمَرَ أَتَكَ

إِنَّهُ مُصِيبُهَا مَا أَصَابُهُمْ

إِنْ مَوْعِدُهُمُ الصُّبْحُ

أَلَيْسَ الصُّبْحُ بِقَرِيبٍ

فَلَمَّا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا

٨٢

جَعَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمَا سَافِلَهَا

وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهَا حِجَارَةً

مِّن سِجِّيلٍ مَنْصُورٍ

مُسَوَّمَةٌ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ وَمَا هِيَ

٨٣

مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ بَعِيدٍ

وَإِلَى مَدْيَنَ أَخَاهُ شُعَيْبًا

٨٤

قَالَ يَتَقَوْمِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ

مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ

وَلَا تَنْقُصُوا

الْمِكْيَالَ وَالْمِيزَانَ

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي عَشَرَ

Do not lessen the measure
 'you give in commerce'
 or falsify the balance in trade.
 For I see you thriving in prosperity,
 and, indeed, I fear for you the torment
 of an encompassing Day!

11:85 And, O my people!

You shall fill the measure
 and the balance with justice.
 And you shall not defraud the people
 of their 'rightful' things.
 Nor shall you make mischief in the earth,
 sowing corruption in it.

11:86 What abides with God in the Hereafter
 is 'far' better for you,
 if, indeed, you are believers.

Yet I am not a keeper over you.

11:87 They said: O Shu'ayb!

Does your 'revealed' Prayer command you
 that we should forsake
 what our forefathers worshipped,
 or that we should not do
 with our 'own' wealth whatever we please?
 'Oh, you have certainly become
 most forbearing and rightly guided!

11:88 He said: O my people!

Have you considered 'your dreadful end',
 if, indeed, I 'stand' upon
 clear proof from my Lord,
 inasmuch as He has provided me
 with the goodly provision 'of revelation'
 from Him?
 Nor do I desire merely to differ with you,
 concerning what I have forbidden you.
 I desire nothing more than to set things aright,

إِنِّي أُرِيدُكُمْ بِخَيْرٍ
 وَإِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ
 عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ مُّحِيطٍ
 وَيَتَقَوَّمُوا أَلْمِكَالَ ﴿٨٥﴾
 وَالْمِيزَانَ بِالْقِسْطِ
 وَلَا تَبْخَسُوا
 النَّاسَ أَشْيَاءَهُمْ
 وَلَا تَعْتُوا
 فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ
 بَقِيَتْ اللَّهُ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ
 إِن كُنْتُمْ مُّؤْمِنِينَ
 وَمَا أَنَا عَلَيْكُمْ بِحَفِيظٍ
 قَالُوا يَشْعَبُ
 أَصْلُوكَ تَأْمُرُكَ
 أَنْ تَتْرُكَ مَا يَعْبُدُ آبَاؤُنَا
 أَوْ أَنْ نَفْعَلَ فِي أَمْوَالِنَا
 مَا نَشَاءُ إِنَّكَ لَأَنْتَ
 الْحَلِيمُ الرَّشِيدُ
 قَالَ يَتَقَوَّمُ أَرَأَيْتُمْ
 إِن كُنْتُ عَلَى بَيِّنَةٍ مِنْ رَبِّي
 وَرَزَقَنِي مِنْهُ رِزْقًا حَسَنًا
 وَمَا أُرِيدُ أَنْ أَمْلِكَ لَكُمْ
 إِلَهًا مَا أَنهَكُمْ عَنْهُ
 إِن أُرِيدُ إِلَّا الْإِصْلَاحَ
 مَا أَسْتَطَعْتُ

- as much as I am able.
 Nor is my success
 in 'the hands of' other than God.
 On Him 'alone' do I rely.
 And to Him 'alone' do I turn in penitence.
- 11:89 And, O my people!
 Let not your dissension with me
 cause you to be stricken by the likes of that
 which struck Noah's people, or Hûd's people,
 or Şâlih's people.
 Nor are Lot's people far-off from you.
 So seek forgiveness from your Lord.
 Then repent to Him.
 Indeed, my Lord is mercy-giving, all-loving.
- 11:91 They said: O Shu'ayb!
 We do not understand much of what you say.
 Yet, indeed, we see you
 as utterly weak among us.
 And were it not for 'our regard for' your clan,
 we, most surely, would have stoned you
 'to death'.
 Nor have you any power against us.
- 11:92 He said: O my people!
 Is my clan more eminent to you than God,
 such that you have taken Him 'as one'
 to be thrust behind your back,
 'disregarding His commandments'?
 Indeed, my Lord is all-encompassing
 of all that you do.
- 11:93 And, O my people!
 Work in accordance with your 'ungodly' stand.
 For, indeed, I am working 'for God's way'.
 Soon shall you know
 to whom there shall come
 a torment that disgraces him,

سُبْحَانَ رَبِّيَ

الْحُزْمَةُ الثَّانِي بِحَسْرَتٍ

وَمَا تَوْفِيقِي إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ

عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ وَإِلَيْهِ أُنِيبُ

وَيَنْقُومُ لَا يَجْرِمَنَّكُمْ

٨٩

شِقَاقِي أَنْ يُصِيبَكُمْ

مِثْلَ مَا أَصَابَ قَوْمَ نُوحٍ

أَوْ قَوْمَ هُودٍ أَوْ قَوْمَ صَالِحٍ

وَمَا قَوْمُ لُوطٍ

مِنْكُمْ بِبَعِيدٍ

وَاسْتَغْفِرُوا رَبَّكُمْ

٩٠

ثُمَّ تَوُوبُوا إِلَيْهِ

إِنَّ رَبِّي رَحِيمٌ وَدُودٌ

قَالُوا يَسْعَيْبُ

٩١

مَا نَفَقَهُ كَثِيرًا مِمَّا تَقُولُ

وَإِنَّا لَنَرُّكَ فِيْنَا ضَعِيفًا

وَلَوْلَا رَهْطُكَ لَرَجَمْنَاكَ

وَمَا أَنْتَ عَلَيْنَا بَعِيزٌ

قَالَ يَنْقُومُ أَرْهَطِي

٩٢

أَعَزُّ عَلَيْكُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ

وَأَتَّخَذْتُمُوهُ وَرَاءَكُمْ ظَهْرِيًّا

إِنَّ رَبِّي

بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ مَحِيطٌ

وَيَنْقُومُ

٩٣

أَعْمَلُوا عَلَىٰ مَكَانَتِكُمْ

إِنِّي عَمِلٌ

سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الجزء الثاني عشر

and who 'among us' is a liar!

So wait. Indeed, I too am waiting
along with you 'for God's Judgment'.

11:94 So when Our command 'of doom'
came to pass, We delivered Shu'ayb,
and all those who believed with him,
by a 'profound' mercy from Us.

For, suddenly,
the 'deadly' blast seized those who did wrong,
and by morning they were 'dead',
laying 'prostrate' in their dwellings,

11:95 as if they had never dwelled
'in prosperity' therein.
Most assuredly, away with Midian,
just as 'the people of' Thamûd
were done away with!

11:96 And very truly,
We sent Moses with Our 'miraculous' signs
and manifest authority
11:97 to Pharaoh and his 'assembly of' nobles.
For they were following Pharaoh's command—
and Pharaoh's command
was not at all rightly guided.

11:98 At the head of his people he shall go
on the Day of Resurrection.
Then he will usher them
into the Fire 'of Hell'—
and a most woeful destiny
to be ushered into it is!

11:99 Thus, 'at once' they were pursued
with a curse in this 'world'—
and 'it shall thrust them into Hellfire'
on the Day of Resurrection—
and a most woeful offering to be offered it is!

مَنْ يَأْتِيهِ عَذَابٌ يُخْزِيهِ
وَمَنْ هُوَ كَاذِبٌ
وَأَرْقَبُوا

إِنِّي مَعَكُمْ رَقِيبٌ
وَلَمَّا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا

٩٤

نَجَّيْنَا شُعَيْبًا
وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَعَهُ
بِرَحْمَةٍ مِنَّا وَآخَذَتِ
الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا الضَّيْحَةَ

فَأَصْبَحُوا فِي دِيَارِهِمْ
جَنَاحِبٍ

كَأَن لَّمْ يَغْنَوْا فِيهَا
أَلَا بَعْدَ الْمَلَيْنِ

٩٥

كَمَا بَعَدَتْ نَمُودُ
وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَى

بِآيَاتِنَا وَسُلْطَانٍ مُبِينٍ
إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَئِهِ

٩٦

فَاتَّبَعُوا أَمْرَ فِرْعَوْنَ
وَمَا أَمْرُ فِرْعَوْنَ بِرَشِيدٍ

٩٧

يَقْدُمُ قَوْمَهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
فَأَوْرَدَهُمُ النَّارَ

٩٨

وَبِئْسَ الْوَرْدُ الْمَوْرُودُ
وَاتَّبَعُوا فِي هَذِهِ لَعْنَهُ

٩٩

وَيَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الجزء الثاني عشر

- 11:100 That is part of the 'heavy' tidings
that We relate to you
of 'the people of the 'ruined' towns.
Some are standing. And some are stubble.
- 11:101 Yet We have not wronged 'any of' them.
Rather, they wronged their own souls.
Their gods, whom they called upon
apart from God,
did not avail them against anything 'in the least'
when the command of 'doom
from 'your Lord came to pass.
Nor did they increase them in other than ruin.
- 11:102 For that is the 'crushing' grip of your Lord
when, suddenly, He seizes 'entire' communities
while they are doing wrong.
Indeed, His grip is 'most' painful and severe.
- 11:103 Indeed, in this there is a sure sign
for whoever fears the torment of the Hereafter.
That is the Day
to which all people shall be gathered.
And that is a Day
that shall be witnessed 'by all creation'!
- 11:104 For We have only deferred it
to a specified term.
- 11:105 The Day it comes not a soul shall speak,
except by His permission.
Thus some of them shall be wretched
and some happy.
- 11:106 As for those wretched 'ones
who rejoiced in wrongdoing',
they shall be in the Fire 'of Hell'.
For them therein,
there shall be 'heavy' sighing and gasping,
wherein they shall abide evermore,
as long as the heavens and the earth remain—

يُنَسِّسُ الرِّقْدُ الْمَرْفُودُ
ذَلِكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءِ الْقُرَى
نَقْصُهُ عَلَيْكَ
مِنْهَا قَائِمٌ وَحَصِيدٌ
وَمَا ظَلَمْنَاهُمْ
وَلَكِنْ ظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ
فَمَا أَغْنَتْ عَنْهُمْ آلِهَتُهُمْ
الَّتِي يَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
مِنْ شَيْءٍ لَمَّا جَاءَ أَمْرُ رَبِّكَ
وَمَا زَادُهُمْ إِلَّا تَتَابُعٌ
وَكَذَلِكَ أَخْذُ رَبِّكَ إِذَا
أَخَذَ الْقُرَىٰ وَهِيَ ظَالِمَةٌ
إِنَّ أَخْذَهُ أَلِيمٌ شَدِيدٌ
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً
لِمَنْ خَافَ عَذَابَ الْآخِرَةِ
ذَلِكَ يَوْمٌ يَجْمَعُ لَهُ النَّاسُ
وَذَلِكَ يَوْمٌ مَشْهُودٌ
وَمَا نُنَوِّخُهُ
إِلَّا لِأَجَلٍ مُّعَدُّودٍ
يَوْمَ يَأْتِ
لَا تَنْكَلُمُ نَفْسٌ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ
فَمِنْهُمْ سُعِيُّوسَعِيدٌ
فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ سَقُوا فِي النَّارِ

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الْحُزْنَةُ الْكَافِي عَشْرَ

except as your Lord wills.

Indeed, your Lord

is the doer of all that He intends.

- 11:108 *As for those happy ones
who rejoiced in doing good,
they shall be in the Garden of Paradise —
wherein they shall abide evermore,
as long as the heavens and the earth remain—
except as your Lord wills. It is an unbroken gift.

- 11:109 So do not be in doubt, O Prophet,
as to what these unbelievers truly worship.
They do not worship
but as their forefathers of old worshipped.
And, indeed, We shall fully render to them
their portion of recompense, undiminished.

- 11:110 Now very truly, it is We who gave Moses
the Book of the Torah.
But there was also dispute about whether
it was truly from God.
Yet were it not for a preordained word
that had preceded from your Lord, O Prophet,
to requite all people in the Hereafter,
most surely, judgment between them
would have been decided at once,
and the disbelievers duly punished.
But, indeed, they remain
in much-perplexed doubt about it.

- 11:111 Yet, indeed,
your Lord shall fully recompense all people
for their works.
For as to all that they do,
He is, indeed, all-aware.

- 11:112 So keep steadfastly straight

لَهُمْ فِيهَا زَفِيرٌ وَشَهِيقٌ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا مَا دَامَتْ

السَّمَوَاتُ وَالْأَرْضُ

إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ رَبُّكَ

إِنَّ رَبَّكَ فَعَّالٌ لِّمَا يُرِيدُ

وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ سَعَدُوا

فَفِي الْجَنَّةِ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا

مَا دَامَتْ السَّمَوَاتُ وَالْأَرْضُ

إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ رَبُّكَ

عَطَاءٌ غَيْرَ مَجْدُودٍ

فَلَا تَكُ فِي مِرْيَةٍ

مِمَّا يَعْبدُونَ

مَا يَعْبدُونَ

إِلَّا كَمَا يَعْبدُ آبَاؤُهُمْ

مِّن قَبْلُ وَإِنَّا لَمَوْفُونَ

نَصِيبُهُمْ غَيْرُ مَنْقُوصٍ

وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَى

الْكِتَابَ فَأَخْتَلَفَ فِيهِ

وَلَوْلَا كَلِمَةٌ

سَبَقَتْ مِن رَّبِّكَ

لَقَضَىٰ بَيْنَهُمْ

لَفِي شَكٍّ مِّنْهُ مُرِيبٍ

وَإِن كَلَّا لَمَّا

يُؤْفِقُنَهُمْ رَبُّكَ أَعْمَالَهُمْ

١٠٧

١٠٨

١٠٩

١١٠

١١١

- upon God's path ,
even as you have been commanded—
you and all those
who have repented with you.
Nor shall you believers transgress.
For as to all that you do,
He is, indeed, all-seeing.
- 11:113 Nor shall you incline
to those who do wrong,
for then the Fire of Hell shall touch you.
Moreover, you shall not have
apart from God any patron,
for then you will not be helped by God.
- 11:114 Thus duly establish the Prayer
at both ends of the day,
and at the near hours of the night.
Indeed, good deeds remove misdeeds.
This is a reminder
for those who would be mindful
and reflect on this admonition .
- 11:115 So be patient.
For, indeed, God never wastes the reward
of those who excel in doing good.
- 11:116 Yet if only there had been,
among the generations before you,
people of lasting virtue and righteous works—
forbidding corruption in the earth—
other than the few among them who did so,
and whom We, then, delivered
from punishment !
As for those who did wrong
by worshipping false gods ,
they ungratefully followed
what ended them with
luxury and pleasure in life .

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الجزء الثاني عشر

إِنَّهُ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ
فَأَسْتَقِمْ كَمَا أُمِرْتَ ١١٣
وَمَنْ تَابَ مَعَكَ وَلَا تَطْغَوْا
إِنَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ
وَلَا تَرْكَبُوا إِلَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ١١٤
فَتَمَسَّكُمُ النَّارُ
وَمَا لَكُمْ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
مِنْ أَوْلِيَاءَ ثُمَّ لَا تُنصَرُونَ
وَأَقِمِ الصَّلَاةَ طَرَفِي النَّهَارِ ١١٥
وَرُفْعًا وَبِالنَّيْلِ
إِنَّ الْحَسَنَاتِ
يُذْهِبْنَ السَّيِّئَاتِ
ذَلِكَ ذِكْرٌ لِلذَّكْرَيْنِ
وَأَصْبِرْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ ١١٦
أَجْرَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ
فَلَوْلَا كَانَ مِنَ الْقُرُونِ
مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ أُولُوا بَقِيَّةٍ
يَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْفَسَادِ
فِي الْأَرْضِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا
مِمَّنْ أَجَيْنَا مِنْهُمْ

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الجزء الثاني عشر

For they were defiant unbelievers.

11:117 'So beware!'

For never would your Lord
destroy any 'such' towns unjustly,
while their people were doers of righteousness.

11:118 Yet, 'still,' had your Lord so willed,

He would, most surely, have made all people
one 'faith'-community.

But 'He has endowed them with moral choice;
thus' they shall not cease

being disputants 'regarding faith'—

11:119 except for 'the firm believers among them,

to 'whom your Lord shows mercy—
and for this 'choice' did He create them.

Thus the word of your Lord
'decreed at the creation of humankind'
shall be fulfilled:

Indeed, I shall most surely fill Hell
with the jinn and the people
'who are ungodly—all' of them 'together.

11:120 Yet all that We relate to you,

'O Muhammad,'

from the tidings of the messengers

'who preceded you',

is but to set firm your 'own' heart.

For in this 'surah',

the 'revealed' truth has come to you—

along with an 'inspired' admonition

'for the unbelievers to turn to God',

and a reminder 'of the way of God

and His messengers' for the believers.

11:121 Therefore, say to those

who do not believe:

Work in accordance with your 'ungodly' stand.

وَاتَّبَعَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا

مَا أُنْزِلُوا فِيهِ

وَكَانُوا جُحُومِينَ

وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ ﴿١١٧﴾

لِيُهْلِكَ الْقُرَى بِظُلْمٍ

وَأَهْلِهَا مُصْلِحُونَ

وَلَوْ شَاءَ رَبُّكَ ﴿١١٨﴾

لَجَعَلَ النَّاسَ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً

وَلَا يَزَالُونَ مُخْتَلِفِينَ

إِلَّا مَنْ رَحِمَ رَبُّكَ ﴿١١٩﴾

وَلِذَلِكَ خَلَقَهُمْ

وَتَمَّتْ كَلِمَةُ رَبِّكَ

لَأَمْلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ

مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ أَجْمَعِينَ

وَكَلَّا نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ ﴿١٢٠﴾

مِنَ أَنْبَاءِ الرُّسُلِ

مَا نُنْشِئُ بِهِ فُؤَادَكَ

وَجَاءَكَ فِي هَذِهِ الْحَقُّ

وَمَوْعِظَةٌ وَذِكْرَى لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

For, indeed, we are working
for the cause of God.

11:122 And wait!

Indeed, we too are waiting
for God's Judgment.

11:123 Indeed, to God alone

belongs the knowledge
of all the unseen realities
of the heavens and the earth.

Thus to Him alone
every matter shall be returned
for final Judgment.

Then worship Him alone, O Prophet.

And rely on Him alone.

Moreover, be certain—all of you—
that never is your Lord at all heedless
of what you do.

سُورَةُ هُودٍ

الجزء الثاني عشر

وَقُلْ لِلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٢١﴾

أَعْمَلُوا عَلَىٰ مَكَاتِبِكُمْ

إِنَّا عَمِلُونَ

وَأَنْظِرُوا إِنَّا مُنْظِرُونَ ﴿١٢٢﴾

وَلِلَّهِ ﴿١٢٣﴾

غَيْبُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَالِإِيَّاهُ يُرْجَعُ الْأُمُورُ كُلُّهُ

فَاعْبُدْهُ وَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَيْهِ

وَمَا رَبُّكَ

بِغَفْلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ

The surah that narrates the edifying and enthralling life experience of the noble prophet and exceptional interpreter of dreams, JOSEPH عليه السلام—son of Jacob عليه السلام, son of Isaac عليه السلام, son of Abraham عليه السلام—calling it “the fairest of stories,” an inspirational triumph of morality and faith.

Surah 12 / 111 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Yûsuf

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

12:1 Alif Lām Râ

These are the ‘revealed’ verses
of the clear Book of God elucidating truth.

12:2 We have sent it down as an Arabic Quran,
so that you may understand
its prolific meaning.

12:3 We relate to you, O Prophet,
the fairest of stories
in Our revealing to you this Quran.
And, indeed, before it ‘was revealed’,
you were among those
who were unaware of it.

12:4 Behold! Joseph said to his father:
My dear father!
I saw ‘in my dream’ eleven stars,
and the sun and the moon—
I saw them bowing down before me.

12:5 He said: My dear son!
Do not relate your vision to your brothers,
for they will devise a plot against you.
Indeed, Satan is a clear enemy to man.

12:6 And thus shall your Lord choose you,

الرَّ

تِلْكَ آيَاتُ الْكِتَابِ الْمُبِينِ

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ قُرْآنًا عَرَبِيًّا

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ

نَحْنُ نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ

أَحْسَنَ الْقَصَصِ

بِمَا أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ

هَذَا الْقُرْآنَ

وَإِنْ كُنْتَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ

لَمِنَ الْغَافِلِينَ

إِذْ قَالَ يُوسُفُ لِأَبِيهِ يَا أَبَتِ

إِنِّي رَأَيْتُ أَحَدَ عَشَرَ كَوْكَبًا

وَالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ

رَأَيْتُهُمْ لِي سَاجِدِينَ

قَالَ يَبْنَئُ لَكَ نَقْصُصٌ

رَبِّكَ عَلَى إِخْوَتِكَ

فَيَكِيدُوا لَكَ كَيْدًا

and teach you
the interpretation of 'foreshadowed' events,
and 'thereby' perfect
His 'Heavenly' blessing upon you,
and upon the Family of Jacob,
as He perfected it before upon your fathers,
Abraham and Isaac.
Indeed, your Lord is all-knowing, all-wise.

12:7 *Very truly in 'the narrative of' Joseph
and his brothers are signs
for those who inquire 'after truth'.

12:8 Behold! 'The brothers of Joseph' said:
Most surely, Joseph and his 'full' brother
are more beloved by our father than we are,
though we are a band 'of brothers'.
Indeed, our father has, most surely, fallen
into clear misguidance 'in this'.

12:9 Kill Joseph
or cast him away to some 'distant' land,
freeing your father's face 'and his affections'
for yourselves; and be you thereafter
a most righteous people, 'once again'.

12:10 One of them said: Do not kill Joseph.
Rather, cast him into the depths of a well
'where' some caravan may pluck him out,
if you must do something.

12:11 They said: O our father!
What has become of you
that you do not trust us with Joseph,
though truly we mean him well?

12:12 Send him with us tomorrow, to picnic and play;
and, indeed, we shall certainly safeguard him.

12:13 He said: Indeed, it truly grieves me

يُوسُفُ

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إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ
عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ

وَكَذَلِكَ يَجْنِبُكَ رَبُّكَ
وَيُعَلِّمُكَ مِنْ تَأْوِيلِ الْأَحَادِيثِ
وَيُتِمُّ نِعْمَتَهُ عَلَيْكَ
وَعَلَىٰ آلِ يَعْقُوبَ
كَمَا أَتَمَّهَا عَلَىٰ أَبَوَيْكَ

مِنْ قَبْلُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْحَاقَ
إِنَّ رَبَّكَ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ
لَقَدْ كَانَ فِي يُوسُفَ وَإِخْوَتِهِ

آيَاتٌ لِلرَّسَائِلِ
إِذْ قَالُوا لْيُوسُفَ وَأَخُوهُ
أَحَبُّ إِلَيْنَا مِنَّا
وَنَحْنُ غَضَبَةٌ

إِنْ أَبَانَا لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ
أَقْتُلُوا يُوسُفَ أَوْ اطْرَحُوهُ أَرْضًا
يَخْلُ لَكُمْ وَجْهُ أَبِيكُمْ
وَتَكُونُوا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ
قَوْمًا صَالِحِينَ

قَالَ قَائِلٌ مِنْهُمْ
لَا تَقْتُلُوا يُوسُفَ
وَأَلْقُوهُ فِي غَيَابَتِ الْكُفْيِ
يَلْقَظُهُ بَعْضُ السَّيَّارَةِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ فَاعِلِينَ
قَالُوا يَا أَبَانَا مَا لَكَ لَا آتَانَا
عَلَىٰ يُوسُفَ وَإِنَّا لَهُ لَنُصْخَرُونَ

أَرْسِلْهُ مَعَنَا غَدًا
يَرْتَعْ وَيَلْعَبْ

يُوسُفُ

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that you should go away with him.

For I fear the wolf will eat him
while you are heedless of him.

- 12:14 They said: If the wolf should eat him
while we are a band of brothers,
then, indeed, we are, most surely, losers!
- 12:15 So when they went away with him
and resolved
to put him into the depths of the well,
We revealed to Joseph:
You shall, most surely, tell them
of this evil affair of theirs
at a time when they are utterly unaware
of who you are.
- 12:16 So they came to their father in the evening,
weeping.
- 12:17 They said: O our father!
Truly we went racing
and left Joseph with our belongings,
and the wolf ate him!
But never will you believe us,
even if we are truthful.
- 12:18 And they brought forth his shirt
with false blood on it.
He said: No!
But it is your own souls
that have tempted you to something.
Yet nothing is left to me but beautiful patience!
And God alone is besought for help
against all that you claim.
- 12:19 Now, there came a caravan,
and they sent forth their water-scout.
So he let down his bucket into the well.
He said: Oh, glad tidings!
Here is a boy!

وَاِنَّا لَهُ لَحَافِظُونَ

قَالَ إِنِّي لَيَحْزُنُنِي

١٣

أَنْ تَذْهَبُوا بِهِ

وَأَخَافُ أَنْ يَأْكُلَهُ الذِّئْبُ

وَأَنْتُمْ عَنْهُ غَافِلُونَ

قَالُوا لَئِنْ أَكَلَهُ الذِّئْبُ

١٤

وَنَحْنُ عُصْبَةٌ

إِنَّا إِذَا لَخَبِيرُونَ

فَلَمَّا ذَهَبُوا بِهِ وَاجْمَعُوا

١٥

أَنْ يَفْعَلُوهُ فِي غَيْبَتِ الْبُحْرِ

وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْهِ

لَتُنَبِّئَنَّهُمْ بِأَمْرِهِمْ هَذَا

وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ

وَجَاءُوا أَبَاهُمْ

١٦

عِشَاءً يَبْكُونَ

قَالُوا يَا أَبَانَا إِنَّا ذَهَبْنَا

١٧

نَسْتَبِقُ وَتَرَكْنَا يُوسُفَ

عِنْدَ مَتْلَعِنَا

فَأَكَلَهُ الذِّئْبُ

وَمَا أَنْتَ بِمُؤْمِنٍ لَّنَا

وَلَوْ كُنَّا صَادِقِينَ

وَجَاءُوا عَلَى قَمِيصِهِ

١٨

بِدَمٍ كَذِبٍ قَالَ بَلْ

سَأَلْتُكُمْ أَنْفُسَكُمْ أَفَرَأَى

فَصَبْرٌ جَمِيلٌ وَاللَّهُ

الْمُسْتَعَانُ عَلَى مَا تَصِفُونَ

وَجَاءَتْ سَيَّارَةٌ

١٩

- And they hid him as merchandise.
Yet God was all-aware
of all that they were doing.
- 12:20 Thus they sold him for a paltry price,
a number of coins;
for they were disinclined toward him.
- 12:21 The man from Egypt who bought him
said to his wife:
Tend graciously to his dwelling.
He may benefit us, or we may take him as a son.
And thus did We establish Joseph in the land,
that We might teach him
of the interpretation of events
‘that dreams foretell’.
For God prevails in His affairs.
But most people do not comprehend ‘this’.
- 12:22 So when he had reached full maturity,
We gave him ‘prophetic’ wisdom
and knowledge ‘of God’—
and thus do We reward
those who excel in ‘doing’ good.
- 12:23 Now, she in whose house he was ‘serving’
solicited him, to have him.
Thus she bolted the doors and said:
Here I am, for you!
He said: God is my refuge!
‘I will not betray the High Minister’.
Indeed, he is my lord,
who has made excellent my dwelling—
and never
shall the ‘ungodly’ wrongdoers succeed.
- 12:24 And very truly,
she had ‘firmly’ set her desire on him.
And he ‘too’ would have set his desire on her

سُورَةُ يُسُوفِ

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فَأَرْسَلُوهُ وَارْدَهُمْ فَأَدْلَى دَلْوَهُ
قَالَ يَبَشِّرْنِي هَذَا عَلَّمَ

وَأَسْرُوهُ بَضْعَةً
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ

وَشَرَوْهُ بِثَمَنٍ بَخْسٍ
دَرَاهِمَ مَعْدُودَةٍ

وَكَانُوا فِيهِ مِنَ الزَّاهِدِينَ
وَقَالَ الَّذِي اشْتَرَاهُ مِنْ مِصْرَ

لِأَمْرَأَتِهِ أَكْرَمِي مَثْوَاهُ
عَسَى أَنْ يَنْفَعَنَا

أَوْ نَتَّخِذَهُ وَلَدًا وَكَذَلِكَ
مَكَّنَّا لِيُوسُفَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَلِنُعَلِّمَهُ مِنْ
تَأْوِيلِ الْأَحَادِيثِ

وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ عَلَى أَمْرِهِ
وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ

لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
وَلَمَّا بَلَغَ أَشُدَّهُ

ءَاتَيْنَاهُ حُكْمًا وَعِلْمًا
وَكَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ

وَرَزَوْنَاهُ الْآتِي هُوَ فِي بَيْتِهَا
عَنْ نَفْسِهِ

وَعَلَّقَتِ الْأَتْرَابَ وَقَالَتْ
هَيْتَ لَكَ قَالَ مَعَاذَ اللَّهِ

إِنَّهُ رِجْءٌ أَحْسَنَ مَثْوَايَ
إِنَّهُ لَا يَفْلِحُ الظَّالِمُونَ

وَلَقَدْ هَمَّتْ بِهِ
وَهُمْ بِهَا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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had he not seen a 'guiding' proof
from his Lord.

In this way did We turn evil and lewdness
away from him.

Indeed,

he was one of Our sincere, elect servants.

12:25 So they both raced for the door,
and she rent his shirt from behind.

But they encountered her lord at the door.

'At once,' she said 'to him':

What shall be the recompense

for one who desired evil with your wife,

but that he be imprisoned

or 'suffer' a most painful torment?

12:26 Joseph said:

It was she who solicited me, to have me!

Then a witness from her own family
'came forth and' testified:

If his shirt is rent from the front,

then she has spoken the truth,

and he is of the liars.

12:27 But if his shirt is rent from behind,
then she has lied, and he is of the truthful.

12:28 Thus when 'the High Minister' saw
that his shirt was rent from behind,
he said 'to her':

This is, indeed, of your womanly cunning!

Indeed, your cunning is great.

12:29 Joseph, 'the High Minister' said:

Turn aside from this!

And as for you, 'he said to his wife,'
ask forgiveness for your sin!

Indeed, you have been

'one' of the 'exceedingly' sinful.

لَوْلَا أَن رَّءَا بُرْهَنَ رَبِّهِ

كَذَلِكَ لِنَصْرِفَ عَنْهُ

السُّوءَ وَالْفَحْشَاءَ إِنَّهُ

مِنْ عِبَادِنَا الْمُخْلَصِينَ

وَأَسْتَبَقَا الْبَابَ ﴿٢٥﴾

وَقَدَّتْ قَمِيصَهُ مِنْ دُبُرٍ

وَأَلْفَيْتَا سَيْدَهَا لَدَا الْبَابِ

قَالَتْ مَا جَزَاءُ مَنْ أَرَادَ

بِأَهْلِكَ سُوءًا إِلَّا أَنْ يُسْجَنَ

أَوْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

قَالَ هِيَ رَوَدَّتْنِي عَنْ نَفْسِي

وَشَهِدَ شَاهِدٌ مِنْ أَهْلِهَا

إِنْ كَانَ قَمِيصُهُ

فَدَمِنْ قُبُلٍ فَصَدَقَتْ وَهُوَ

مِنَ الْكَاذِبِينَ

وَإِنْ كَانَ قَمِيصُهُ

فَدَمِنْ دُبُرٍ فَكَذَبَتْ

وَهُوَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ

فَلَمَّا رَأَى قَمِيصُهُ

فَدَمِنْ دُبُرٍ

قَالَ إِنَّهُ مِنْ كَيْدِكُنَّ

إِنْ كِيدُكُنَّ عَظِيمٌ

يُوسُفُ أَعْرَضَ عَنْ هَذَا

وَاسْتَغْفِرُ لَذُنُوبِكُ إِنَّكَ

كُنْتَ مِنَ الْخَاطِئِينَ

وَقَالَ نِسْوَةٌ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ

﴿٢٥﴾

﴿٢٦﴾

﴿٢٧﴾

﴿٢٨﴾

﴿٢٩﴾

﴿٣٠﴾

12:30 * 'The' ladies 'of high society' in the city said:

- The wife of the High Minister
solicits her servant to have him!
Truly, he has pierced her heart with love.
Indeed, we, most surely, see her falling
into clear misguidance with this.
- 12:31 So when she heard of their contriving 'gossip',
she sent for them,
having prepared for them reclining cushions.
Then to each one of them she gave a knife
'for their repast'.
Then she said to Joseph,
while they were cutting their delicacies:
Go out to them!
Then, when 'suddenly' they saw him,
they so thoroughly admired him
that 'in heedlessness' they cut their hands
and said: God save us!
This is no human!
This is none other than a most gracious angel!
- 12:32 She said:
This, then, is he
for whom you have blamed me.
Indeed, I did solicit him,
to have him 'for myself'.
But he resisted.
Yet if he does not 'soon' do
all that I command him,
he will, most surely, be imprisoned,
and he will, most surely,
be 'counted as' one of the abased.
- 12:33 He said: My Lord!
Prison would be dearer to me
than that to which they call me.
For if You do not turn their cunning
away from me,
I might incline toward them and so become

يُوسُفُ

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أَمْرَاتُ الْعَزِيزِ
تُرَوِّدُ فَنَهَا عَنْ نَفْسِهِ
قَدْ شَغَفَهَا حُبًّا إِنَّا لَنَرُهَا
فِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ
فَلَمَّا سَمِعَتْ بِمَكْرِهِنَّ
أَرْسَلَتْ إِلَيْهِنَّ
وَأَعَدَّتْ لَهُنَّ مَنَاجِيًا وَاتَتْ
كُلَّ وَاحِدَةٍ مِّنْهُنَّ سِكِّينًا
وَقَالَتْ أَخْرِجْ عَلَيْنِ
فَلَمَّا رَأَيْنَهُ أَكْبَرْنَهُ
وَقَطَعْنَ أَيْدِيَهُنَّ
وَقُلْنَ حَاشَ لِلَّهِ
مَا هَذَا بَشَرًا
إِذَا هَذَا إِلَّا مَلَكٌ كَرِيمٌ
قَالَتْ فَذَلِكُنَّ الَّذِي
لُمْتُنِي فِيهِ وَلَقَدْ رَودْنَهُ
عَنْ نَفْسِهِ فَاسْتَعْصَمَ
وَلَكِن لَّمْ يَفْعَلْ مَاءَ أَمْرِهِ
لِيَسْجَنَ
وَلِيَكُونَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ
قَالَ رَبِّ السِّجْنُ أَحَبُّ إِلَيَّ
مِمَّا يَدْعُونَنِي إِلَيْهِ
وَإِلَّا نَصْرَفَ عَنِّي كَيْدَهُنَّ
أَصْبُ إِلَيْهِنَّ
وَأَكُن مِّنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ

سُورَةُ يُسُوفِ

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one of the 'wayward and' ignorant.

12:34 So his Lord answered him.

Thus He turned their cunning away from him.

Indeed, it is He

who is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

12:35 Then it occurred

to 'the prominent men among' them—

even after they had seen the 'clear' signs

'of his innocence'—

that they should imprison him, for a time.

12:36 Now, two young servants

entered the prison with him.

One of them said:

I saw myself 'in a dream' pressing wine.

The other said:

I saw myself carrying bread on my head,

from which birds were eating.

Tell us its interpretation.

Indeed, we see that you are 'one' of those
who excel in 'doing' good.

12:37 He said:

The food that, 'in time,

you are to be provided

shall not come to 'either of' you,

but that I shall prophesy to you

'about your dreams and' their interpretation—

before it comes to you.

This is from what my Lord has taught me.

Indeed, I have forsaken the ways of a people

who do not believe in God.

Moreover, with regard to the Hereafter,

they are, indeed, disbelievers.

12:38 Thus I have followed

the sacred way of my fathers,

Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob.

فَاسْتَجَابَ لَهُ رَبُّهُ ۝٣٦

فَصَرَفَ عَنْهُمْ كَيْدَهُنَّ

إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

ثُمَّ بَدَأَ لَهُمْ ۝٣٧

مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا رَأَوْا الْآيَاتِ

لَيْسَ جُنُودُهُمْ حَتَّىٰ جِئَ

وَدَخَلَ مَعَهُ السِّجْنَ

فَتَيَّانَ قَالَ أَحَدُهُمَا

إِنِّي أَرْنِي أَصْصِرُ خَمْرًا

وَقَالَ الْآخَرُ إِنِّي أَرْنِي

أَحْمِلُ فَوْقَ رَأْسِي خُبْرًا

تَأْكُلُ الطَّيْرُ مِنْهُ

نَبِّئْنَا بِتَأْوِيلِهِ ۝٣٨

إِنَّا نَرَاكَ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

قَالَ لَا يَأْتِيَكُمَا ۝٣٩

طَعَامٌ تَرْفَقَانِيهِ

إِلَّا نَبَأْتُكُمَا بِتَأْوِيلِهِ ۝٤٠

قَبْلَ أَنْ يَأْتِيَكُمَا

ذَلِكَ مِمَّا عَلَّمَنِي رَبِّي ۝٤١

إِنِّي تَرَكْتُ مِلَّةَ قَوْمٍ

لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ

وَهُمْ بِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ كَافِرُونَ

وَأَتَّبَعْتُ مِلَّةَ آبَائِي ۝٤٢

إِذْ هُم بِهِمْ وَاسِحُونَ وَيَعْقُوبُ ۝٤٣

It is not for us to associate anything
 'as a god' with God.
 This is of God's grace upon us,
 and upon all people.
 Yet most people do not give thanks to God
 with an undivided heart.

12:39 O my prison-mates!

Are various lords better, or God, the One,
 the All-Dominating?

12:40 All that you worship apart from Him
 are but mere names you have named—
 you and your forefathers.

God has not sent down any authority for them
 'in His revelations'.

Judgment belongs to none but God.

He has commanded

that you shall not worship other than Him.

That is the upright 'way of' religion.

But most people do not comprehend 'this'.

12:41 O my prison-mates!

As for the 'first' one of you,

'his dream means that

he shall pour wine for his lord,

'the king of Egypt'.

And as for the other, he shall be crucified,
 and birds will eat from his head.

The matter of which you inquire

is 'now' determined.

12:42 Then he said to the one whom he knew
 would be delivered of the two:

Mention me, before your lord,
 'for I am innocent'.

But Satan caused him

to forget mentioning 'Joseph' to his lord.

So he remained in prison for some years.

يُوسُفُ وَيُوسُفُ

الجزء الثاني عشر

مَا كَانَتْ لَنَا
 أَنْ نُشْرِكَ بِاللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
 ذَلِكَ مِنْ فَضْلِ اللَّهِ عَلَيْنَا
 وَعَلَى النَّاسِ وَلَكِنَّ
 أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَشْكُرُونَ

٣٩

يَصْنَعِ السَّجَنُ
 أَمْ أَرْبَابٌ مُتَفَرِّقُونَ خَيْرٌ
 أَمْ اللَّهُ الْوَحِيدُ الْقَهَّارُ
 مَا تَعْبُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِهِ إِلَّا
 أَسْمَاءٌ سَمَّيْتُمُوهَا

٤٠

أَنْتُمْ وَآبَاؤُكُمْ
 مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ بِهَا مِنْ سُلْطَانٍ
 إِنْ الْحُكْمُ إِلَّا لِلَّهِ
 أَمَرَ أَلَّا تَعْبُدُوا إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ
 ذَلِكَ الَّذِي أَلْقَيْتُمْ
 وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ
 لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

٤١

يَصْنَعِ السَّجَنُ
 أَمْ أَحَدٌ كَمَا
 فَيَسْقِي رَبَّهُ خَمْرًا
 وَأَمْ الْآخَرُ فَيُصَلَّبُ
 فَتَأْكُلُ الطَّيْرُ مِنْ رَأْسِهِ
 فُضِيَ الْأَمْرُ

٤٢

الَّذِي فِيهِ تَسْتَفْتِيَانِ
 وَقَالَ لِلَّذِي ظَنَّ
 أَنَّهُ نَاجٍ مِنْهُمَا
 اذْكُرْنِي عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ
 فَأَنْسَاهُ الشَّيْطَانُ
 ذِكْرَ رَبِّهِ فَلَبِثَ
 فِي السَّجَنِ بِضْعَ سِنِينَ
 وَقَالَ الْمَلِكُ إِنِّي أَرَى

٤٣

سُورَةُ يُسُفٰ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّانِي عَشَرَ

- 12:43 Now, 'one day' the king said:
I saw 'in a dream' seven fat cows
being eaten by seven lean ones;
and seven green ears of corn
and 'seven' others withered.
O 'assembly of' nobles!
Explain to me my vision,
if you are able to interpret 'such' visions!
- 12:44 They said: 'Just' a muddle of dreams!
Nor are we knowledgeable
in the interpretation of dreams.
- 12:45 Then the one who had been delivered
from the two 'prison-mates'—
remembering, at long last—said:
I will tell you of its interpretation.
So send me forth 'to the prison'.
- 12:46 He said: 'Joseph,
O you who are truthful!
Explain for us 'the king's dream'
regarding seven fat cows being eaten
by seven lean ones,
and seven green ears of corn
and 'seven' others withered,
so that I may return to the people 'of the court',
so that they may know 'its meaning'.
- 12:47 He said:
You shall plant 'corn' diligently for seven years.
But what you have harvested leave in its ear,
except a little, from which you shall eat.
- 12:48 Then there shall come after this
seven severe years 'of drought'
that will consume
what you have reserved for them, except a little,
of which you shall store 'for seed'.
- 12:49 Then there shall come after this

سَبْعَ بَقَرَاتٍ سِمَانٍ
يَأْكُلُهُنَّ سَبْعٌ عِجَافٌ
وَسَبْعَ سُنبُلَاتٍ خُضْرٍ
وَأُخْرَى يَابِسَاتٍ
يَأْتِيهَا الْغَلَاءُ أَفْتُونِي فِي رُءْيَايَ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لِلرُّءْيَايَ تَعْبُرُونَ

قَالُوا أَضَعُفْتُ أَحْلِمَ
وَمَا نَحْنُ بِتَأْوِيلِ الْأَحْلَامِ بِعَالَمِينَ

وَقَالَ الَّذِي نَجَا مِنْهُمَا وَادَّكَرَ
بَعْدَ أَمَةٍ أَنَا أَنْتُكُمْ
بِتَأْوِيلِهِ فَأَرْسِلُونِ

يُوسُفُ أَيُّهَا الصِّدِّيقُ أَفْتِنَا
فِي سَبْعِ بَقَرَاتٍ سِمَانٍ
يَأْكُلُهُنَّ سَبْعٌ عِجَافٌ
وَسَبْعِ سُنبُلَاتٍ خُضْرٍ
وَأُخْرَى يَابِسَاتٍ لَّعَلِّي أَرْجِعُ
إِلَى النَّاسِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ

قَالَ تَزْرَعُونَ سَبْعَ سِنِينَ دَأَبًا
فَمَا حَصَدْتُمْ فَذَرُوهُ فِي سُنْبُلِهِ
إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِمَّا تَأْكُلُونَ

ثُمَّ يَأْتِي مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ سَبْعٌ شِدَادٌ
يَأْكُلْنَ مَا قَدَّمْتُمْ لَهُنَّ
إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِمَّا تَحْصِنُونَ

ثُمَّ يَأْتِي مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ عَامٌ
فِيهِ يَغَاتُ النَّاسُ

a year in which people are relieved 'by rain',
and in which they shall 'rejoice
and 'press grapes 'for wine'.

- 12:50 So the king said: Bring 'this interpreter' to me.
But when the messenger came to 'Joseph
in prison, Joseph' said:
Return to your lord, and ask him about the case
of the women who cut their hands.
Indeed, my Lord
is all-knowing of their cunning.

- 12:51 'The king' said, 'after summoning the women':
What 'have you to say' about your affair,
when you solicited Joseph, to have him?
They said: God save us!
We know nothing evil of him.
The wife of the High Minister said:
Now the truth shall be settled.
I solicited him, to have him!
And, indeed, he is of the truthful.

- 12:52 This is so he may know
that I did not betray him in his absence.
For, assuredly, God does not guide
the cunning of the betrayers.
12:53 *Yet I do not absolve myself.
Indeed, the self often bids to evil—
except on whomever my Lord has mercy.
Indeed, my Lord is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

- 12:54 So the king said: Bring 'Joseph' to me.
I shall choose him 'as an adviser' for myself.
So when 'the king' spoke to him, he said:
Indeed, 'from 'this day on,
you are well established and well trusted with us.
12:55 'Joseph' said:
Appoint me 'High Minister'

يُوسُفُ

الْحَجَرُ الثَّالِثُ عَشَرَ

وَفِيهِ يَعْصِرُونَ
وَقَالَ الْمَلِكُ أَتُؤْتُونِي بِهِ؟ ٥٠

فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُ الرَّسُولُ
قَالَ ارْجِعْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَسْأَلْهُ
مَا بَأْسُ اللَّيْسَةِ
الَّتِي قَطَّعْنَ أَيْدِيَهُنَّ
إِنَّ رَبِّي يَكْفِيهِنَّ عِلْمٌ
قَالَ مَا خَطْبُكُمْ إِذْ رَوَدُّنَّ
يُوسُفَ عَنْ نَفْسِهِ ٥١
فَلَبَّ حَشَّ لَّهِ

مَا عَلِمْنَا عَلَيْهِ مِنْ سُوءٍ
قَالَتِ امْرَأَتُ الْعَزِيزِ
الَّذِينَ حَصَّصَ الْخَبْثُ
أَنَا رَوَدُّهُ عَنْ نَفْسِهِ
وَأِنَّهُ لَمِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ ٥٢

ذَلِكَ لِيَعْلَمَ أَنِّي لَمْ أَخُنْهُ بِالْغَيْبِ
وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي كَيْدَ الْخَائِبِينَ
وَمَا أَتَرَىٰ نَفْسِي
إِنَّ النَّفْسَ لَأَمَّارَةٌ بِالسُّوءِ
إِلَّا مَا رَجِمَ رَبِّي ٥٣
إِنَّ رَبِّي غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

وَقَالَ الْمَلِكُ أَتُؤْتُونِي بِهِ؟
أَسْتَخْلِصُهُ لِنَفْسِي فَلَمَّا كَلَّمَهُ ٥٤

قَالَ إِنَّكَ الْيَوْمَ لَدَيْنَا
مَكِينٌ أَمِينٌ
قَالَ اجْعَلْنِي
عَلَىٰ خَزَائِنِ الْأَرْضِ ٥٥



يُوسُفُ

الجزء الثالث عشر

over the treasures of the land.

I am a good keeper and knowledgeable.

- 12:56 And thus did We establish Joseph in the land,
to settle in it wherever he so willed.
We bestow Our mercy
upon whomever We so will—
and never do We waste the reward
of those who excel in 'doing' good.

- 12:57 Yet, most surely,
the reward of the Hereafter is 'far' better
for those who believe and are God-fearing.

- 12:58 Thereafter,
the brothers of Joseph came 'to Egypt',
and they entered upon him
'at court, to request provision'.

He recognized them.

But they were unknowing of him.

- 12:59 When he had supplied them
with their supplies, he said:
Bring me that brother of yours
from your father whom you spoke of,
to receive his share'.
Do you not see that I have fully apportioned
the measure 'of your provision',
and that I have been the best of hosts?

- 12:60 But if you do not bring him to me,
there shall be no 'more' measure
'allotted' for you with me,
and you will never come near me 'again'.

- 12:61 They said: We shall solicit his father for him—
and this 'request' we will most surely act upon.

- 12:62 He said to his servants:
Place their own merchandise
'back' in their packs,

إِنِّي حَفِيزٌ عَلَيْهِ

وَكَذَلِكَ مَكَّنَّا لِيُوسُفَ ٥٦

فِي الْأَرْضِ يَتَّبِعُ مِنْهَا

حَيْثُ يَشَاءُ نُصِيبُ

بِرَحْمَتِنَا مَنْ نَشَاءُ

وَلَا تُضِيعُ أَجْرَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

وَلَا أَجْرَ الْآخِرَةِ خَيْرٌ ٥٧

لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَكَانُوا يَتَّقُونَ

وَجَاءَ إِخْوَةُ يُوسُفَ ٥٨

فَدَخَلُوا عَلَيْهِ فَعَرَفَهُمْ

وَهُمْ لَهُ مُنْكَرُونَ

وَلَمَّا جَهَّزَهُمْ بِجَهَازِهِمْ ٥٩

قَالَ أَتَأْتُونِي بِأَنْعَامِكُمْ مِنْ آيِكُمْ

أَلَّا تَرَوْا أَنِّي أَوْفَى الْكَائِلِ

وَأَنَا خَيْرُ الْمُنْزِلِينَ

فَإِنْ لَمْ تَأْتُونِي بِهِ ٦٠

فَلَا كَيْلَ لَكُمْ عِنْدِي

وَلَا تَقْرَبُونِ

قَالُوا سَرَّوْدُ عَنْهُ أَبَاهُ ٦١

وَأِنَّا لَفَاعِلُونَ

وَقَالَ لِفَتْنِهِ ٦٢

اجْعَلُوا بِضَاعَهُمْ فِي رِحَالِهِمْ

يُوسُفُ

الجزء الثالث عشر

so that they may recognize it
when they go back to their families,
so that they may return 'in hope of further aid'.

- 12:63 So when they returned to their father,
they said: O our father!
We have been prevented
from any 'further' allotment of provision
'if we fail the High Minister's request'.
So send with us our brother,
so that we may have 'our' measure,
and, most surely, we shall safeguard him.

- 12:64 He said:
Am I to entrust you with him,
as I entrusted you with his brother before?
Yet it is God 'alone'
who is the best of guardians,
and He is the most merciful of the merciful.

- 12:65 But when they opened their belongings,
they found their 'own' merchandise
returned to them.
They said: O our father!
What more 'evidence of good will' do we seek?
Here is our merchandise returned to us.
We shall supply our families 'amply'.
And we shall safeguard our brother.
Moreover, we shall gain an 'extra' camel's load.
That is an easy measure 'to obtain'.

- 12:66 He said:
Never will I send him with you
until you give me a solemn vow before God
that you will, most surely,
bring him back to me,
unless you 'yourselves' are entrapped.
So when they gave him their solemn vow,
he said 'in admonition':

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَعْرِفُونَهَا
إِذَا انْقَلَبُوا إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهِمْ

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ
فَلَمَّا رَجَعُوا إِلَىٰ أَبِيهِمْ
قَالُوا يَا أَبَانَا

مُنِّعٌ مِنَّا الْكَيْلُ
فَارْسِلْ مَعَنَا أَخَانَا
نَكْتَلْ

وإِنَّا لَهُ لَحَافِظُونَ
قَالَ هَلْ آمَنُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ
إِلَّا كَمَا آمَنُكُمْ

عَلَىٰ أَخِيهِ مِن قَبْلُ
فَاللَّهُ خَيْرٌ حَافِظًا
وَهُوَ أَرْحَمُ الرَّاحِمِينَ

وَلَمَّا فَتَحُوا مَتَاعَهُمْ
وَجَدُوا بِضْعَتَهُمْ
رُدَّتْ إِلَيْهِمْ قَالُوا

يَتَابَانَا مَا نَبْغِي هَذِهِ
بِضْعَتُنَا رُدَّتْ إِلَيْنَا
وَنَمِيرُ أَهْلَنَا وَنَحْفَظُ أَخَانَا

وَنَزِدَادُ كَيْلٍ بَعِيرٍ
ذَلِكَ كَيْلٌ نَسِيرُ
قَالَ لَن أُرْسِلَهُ مَعَكُمْ

حَتَّىٰ تَتَوَكَّلُوا عَلَىٰ مَوْقِفَاتِ اللَّهِ
لَتَأْتُنَّنِي بِهِ إِلَّا أَن يُحَاطَ بِكُمْ
فَلَمَّا أَتَوْهُ مَوْقِعَهُمْ

فَلَمَّا أَتَوْهُ مَوْقِعَهُمْ
فَلَمَّا أَتَوْهُ مَوْقِعَهُمْ
فَلَمَّا أَتَوْهُ مَوْقِعَهُمْ

سُورَةُ يُسُفٰ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّالِثُ عَشَرَ

God is a guardian over what we say.

12:67 Then he said: O my sons!

Do not 'all' enter 'the city' through one gate;
but enter through separate gates.

Yet I cannot avail you

against anything from God.

Judgment belongs to none but God.

On Him 'alone' do I rely.

And on Him 'alone', then,

let the 'truly' reliant 'believers' rely.

12:68 So when they entered 'the city' from 'the points'
where their father had commanded them,

it did not avail them against anything from God.

It was but a need in Jacob's soul that he fulfilled.

Yet, indeed,

he was endowed with the 'revealed' knowledge
that We had taught him.

But most people do not know

'the virtues of caution and faith'.

12:69 So when they entered upon Joseph 'at court',
he took his 'full' brother to himself.

'Privately,' he said 'to him:'

I am, indeed, your 'very' own brother.

So be troubled no longer

about what they have done 'to me'.

12:70 Then, when he supplied them

with their supplies,

he 'secretly' put the 'royal' drinking cup
in his 'own' brother's pack.

Then a crier called out 'to them

as they were departing': O you cameleers!

Indeed, you are thieves!

12:71 They said, as they turned toward them:

What is it that you are missing?

قَالَ اللَّهُ عَلَى مَا نَقُولُ وَكِيلٌ

وَقَالَ يٰٓبَنِيَّ

١٧

لَا تَدْخُلُوا مِنْ بَابٍ وَاحِدٍ

وَادْخُلُوا مِنْ أَبْوَابٍ مُّتَفَرِّقَةٍ

وَمَا أُغْنِي عَنْكُمْ

مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ

إِنِ الْحُكْمُ إِلَّا لِلَّهِ

عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ وَعَلَيْهِ

فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُتَوَكِّلُونَ

وَلَمَّا دَخَلُوا

١٨

مِنْ حَيْثُ أَمَرَهُمْ آبَاؤُهُمْ

مَا كَانَتْ تُغْنِي عَنْهُمْ

مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ إِلَّا حَاجَةً

فِي نَفْسِ يَعْقُوبَ قَضَاهَا

وَإِنَّهُ لَذُو عِلْمٍ لِّمَا عَلَّمْنَاهُ

وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ

لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

وَلَمَّا دَخَلُوا عَلَى يُوسُفَ

١٩

ءَاوَىٰ إِلَىٰ أَخِيهِ

قَالَ إِنِّي أَنَا أَخُوكَ

فَلَا تَبْتَئِسْ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

فَلَمَّا جَهَّزَهُمْ بِمَهَازِهِمْ

٢٠

جَعَلَ السِّقَايَةَ فِي رَحْلِ أَخِيهِ

ثُمَّ أَذِنَ مُؤَدِّنُ إِنْتَهَا الْعِيرِ

إِنَّكُمْ لَسَّرِقُونَ

قَالُوا وَقَبِلُوا عَلَيْهِمْ

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مَاذَا تَفْقِدُونَ

- 12:72 They said: We are missing the king's goblet.
And for him who brings it forth,
there is a camel's load of provision in reward—
and that, the crier said, I guarantee.
- 12:73 The brothers said: By God!
Very truly, you know well
that we did not come
to spread corruption in the land,
and that we are not thieves.
- 12:74 They said:
What then shall be the recompense
for stealing it, if you are liars?
- 12:75 The brothers said:
The recompense for it shall be
that the one in whose pack it is found—
he himself shall be its recompense.
Thus do we recompense the wrongdoers
for stealing, in our religion.
- 12:76 Then Joseph began the search with their bags
before coming to his brother's bag.
Then he pulled the goblet out
from his brother's bag.
Thus did We plan it for Joseph's sake.
Never could he have taken his brother
under the law of the king—
except as God had willed.
We raise in rank whomever We so will.
And above every one who has knowledge
is the One who is All-Knowing.
- 12:77 *The brothers said:
If he now has stolen,
then, truly, a full brother of his
has stolen before!
But Joseph suppressed his outrage at this
within himself,

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قَالُوا نَقْضُ صَوَامِعِ الْمَلِكِ ﴿٧٢﴾

وَلَمَنْ جَاءَ بِهِ حِمْلُ بَعِيرٍ
وَأَنَّا بِهِ زَعِيمٌ

قَالُوا تَاللَّهِ لَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمْ ﴿٧٣﴾

مَا جِئْنَا لِنَفْسِدَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَمَا كُنَّا سَارِقِينَ

قَالُوا فَمَا جَزَاؤُهُ ﴿٧٤﴾

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ كَاذِبِينَ

قَالُوا جَزَاؤُهُ مَنْ وُجِدَ فِي رَحْلِهِ ﴿٧٥﴾

فَهُوَ جَزَاؤُهُ

كَذَلِكَ يَجْزِي الظَّالِمِينَ

فَبَدَأَ بِأَوْعِيَّتِهِمْ قَبْلَ ﴿٧٦﴾

وَعَاءِ أَخِيهِ ثُمَّ اسْتَخْرَجَهَا

مِنْ وَعَاءِ أَخِيهِ

كَذَلِكَ كَذَبْنَا لِيُوسُفَ

مَا كَانَ لِأَخَاهُ

فِي دِينِ الْمَلِكِ

إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ

نَرْفَعُ دَرَجَاتٍ مَنْ نَشَاءُ

وَفَوْقَ كُلِّ ذِي عِلْمٍ عَلِيمٌ

قَالُوا إِنْ يَسْرِقْ فَقَدْ ﴿٧٧﴾

سَرَفَ أَخٌ لَهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ

فَأَسْرَهَا يُوسُفُ فِي نَفْسِهِ

يُوسُفُ

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and did not disclose 'his reply' to them.

'In his heart,' he said:

You are in the most evil position—

and God 'Himself' knows best

about what you claim!

12:78 They said: O High Minister!

Truly, he has an aged father,

well-advanced in years.

So take one of us in his place.

Indeed, we see that you are of those

who excel in 'doing' good.

12:79 He said: God is my refuge!

Were we to take anyone other than the one

with whom we found our belongings,

then, indeed, we would be wrongdoers.

12:80 So when they despaired of him 'relenting,'

they withdrew, conferring privately.

The eldest of them said:

Do you not know

that your father has taken from you

a solemn vow before God,

and that you have deserted Joseph before?

Therefore, never will I leave this land,

until my father permits me,

or God 'so' determines 'it' for me—

and He is the very best of judges.

12:81 Return to your father, and say 'to him':

O our father!

Your son has most surely stolen—

and we cannot bear witness

to other than what we know.

Nor could we safeguard 'him'

against the unforeseen.

12:82 Moreover, ask 'the people of' the town

which we were in,

وَلَمْ يُدْهِهَا لَهُمْ

قَالَ أَنْتُمْ شَرُّ مَكَانًا

وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا تَصِفُونَ

قَالُوا يَا أَيُّهَا الْعَزِيزُ

إِنَّ لَهُ أَبًا شَيْخًا كَبِيرًا

فَخُذْ أَحَدَنَا مَكَانَهُ

إِنَّا نَرَاكَ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

قَالَ مَعَاذَ اللَّهِ أَنْ نَأْخُذَ

إِلَّا مَنْ وَجَدْنَا مَتَاعَنَا عِنْدَهُ

إِنَّا إِذَا لَطَّالِمُونَ

فَلَمَّا اسْتَيْسَسُوا مِنْهُ

خَلَصُوا نَجِيًّا

قَالَ كَبِيرُهُمْ

أَلَمْ تَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ أَبَاكُمْ

قَدْ أَخَذَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَوْثِقًا

مِنَ اللَّهِ وَمِنْ قَبْلُ

مَا قَرِطُسُمْ فِي يُوسُفَ

فَلَنْ أَبْرَحَ الْأَرْضَ

حَتَّى يَأْذَنَ لِي أَبِي

أَوْ يَحْكُمَ اللَّهُ لِي

وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الْحَاكِمِينَ

أَرْجِعُوا إِلَى آبَائِكُمْ فَقُولُوا

يَا أَبَانَا إِنَّكَ ابْنُكَ سَرَقَ

وَمَا شَهِدْنَا إِلَّا بِمَا عَلِمْنَا

وَمَا كُنَّا لِلْغَيْبِ حَافِظِينَ

وَسْأَلِ الْقَرْيَةَ

الَّتِي كُنَّا فِيهَا

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and the cameleers with whom we came back.
For, most surely, we are truthful.

- 12:83 'When they returned and told their father,'
he said: No!
But your own souls
have tempted you to something.
Thus 'nothing is left to me
but 'beautiful patience!
May God bring each of them back to me,
altogether!
Indeed, He is the All-Knowing, the All-Wise.
- 12:84 Then 'desolately' he turned away from them
and said: Ah! My sorrow for Joseph!
And his eyes went white from grief,
for 'long had' he suppressed 'his anguish'.
- 12:85 They said 'to him': By God!
You will continue mentioning Joseph
until you are thoroughly drained,
or you become one of those
who have perished 'out of grief'!
- 12:86 He said:
I complain of my anguish
and my grief only to God.
For I know from God what you do not know.
- 12:87 Now, my sons!
Go 'to Egypt'
and inquire of Joseph and his brother.
And do not despair of God's mercy.
For, most surely, none despairs of God's mercy
except the disbelieving people.
- 12:88 So when they 'returned
and' entered upon 'the court of Joseph,'
they said 'to him': O High Minister!
Famine has stricken us and our families.

يُوسُفُ

الجزء الثالث عشر

وَالْعِيرَ الَّتِي أَقْبَلْنَا فِيهَا
وَأَنَا لَصَادِقُونَ

قَالَ بَلْ سَوَّلَتْ لَكُمْ
أَنْفُسُكُمْ أَمْراً

فَصَبِّرْ بِجَمِيلٍ عَلَى اللَّهِ
أَنْ يَأْتِيَنِي بِهِمْ جَمِيعاً
إِنَّهُ هُوَ

الْعَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ

وَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَيْهِمْ وَقَالَ تَكْسِفُنِي

عَلَى يُوسُفَ وَأَيْبَضَتْ عَيْنَاهُ

مِنَ الْحُزَنِ فَهُوَ كَظِيمٌ

قَالُوا تَاللَّهِ تَفْتَوُا

تَذْكُرُ يُونُسَ

حَتَّى تَكُونَ حَرَضًا أَوْ تَكُونَ

مِنَ الْهَالِكِينَ

قَالَ إِنَّمَا أَشْكُوا بَنِي وَحْشَتِي

إِلَى اللَّهِ وَأَعْلَمُ مِنَ اللَّهِ

مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

يَبْنِي أَذْهَبُوا

فَتَحَسَّسُوا مِنْ يُوسُفَ وَأَخِيهِ

وَلَا تَأْتِسُوا مِنْ رَوْحِ اللَّهِ

إِنَّهُ لَا يَأْتِسُ مِنْ رَوْحِ اللَّهِ

إِلَّا الْكَافِرُونَ

فَلَمَّا دَخَلُوا عَلَيْهِ قَالُوا

يَتَأْتِيهَا الْعَزِيزُ مَسْنَاً

وَأَهْلُنَا الضُّرُّ

سُورَةُ يُوسُفَ

الْحَزَنَةُ الْإِسْلَامِيَّةُ

Thus have we come
with merchandise of little worth.
Yet fill for us
the 'full' measure 'of our provision';
and be charitable to us.
Indeed, God rewards the charitable.

12:89 He said:

Do you know what 'terrible harm'
you have done to Joseph, and 'to' his brother,
when you were ignorant
'of the grave consequences of your actions'?

12:90 They said:

Can it truly be that you,
you are, indeed, Joseph?

He said: I am Joseph.

And this is my 'full' brother.

Truly, God has conferred 'divine' favor upon us.
For whoever fears God—and keeps patient—
then, indeed, never shall God waste the reward
of those who excel in 'doing' good.

12:91 They said: By God!

Very truly God has preferred you over us,
and we have, indeed, been sinful.

12:92 He said: There is no blame on you this day.

May God forgive you.

For He is the most merciful of the merciful.

12:93 Go with this shirt of mine,

and lay it upon my father's face.

He shall come 'to me' with his sight 'restored'.

And bring me your families, 'as well,'
all 'of them' together.

12:94 Now, when the cameleers had departed 'Egypt',

their father said 'to those near him':

Indeed, I sense the fragrance of Joseph,
though you may deem me senile.

وَجِئْنَا بِضَعَفٍ مُّزَحَلٍ

فَأَوْفٍ لَّنَا الْكَفْلَ

وَنَصَدِّقْ عَلَيْنَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ

يَجْزِي الْمُتَصَدِّقِينَ

قَالَ هَلْ عَلِمْتُمْ مَا فَعَلْتُمْ

يُوسُفَ وَأَخِيهِ

إِذْ أَنْتُمْ جَاهِلُونَ

قَالُوا إِيَّاكَ لَأَنْتَ يُوسُفُ

قَالَ أَنَا يُوسُفُ وَهَذَا أَخِي

قَدْ مَرَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا

إِنَّهُ، مَنْ يَتَّقْ وَيَصْبِرْ

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ

لَا يُضِيعُ أَجْرَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

قَالُوا نَأَلِّهِ

لَقَدْ أَتَاكَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا

وَأِنْ كُنَّا لَخَطِيئِينَ

قَالَ لَا تَتْرِبَ عَلَيْكُمْ الْيَوْمَ

يَغْفِرُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ

وَهُوَ أَرْحَمُ الرَّاحِمِينَ

أَذْهَبُوا بِقِمِيصِي هَذَا

فَالْقُوْهُ عَلَى وَجْهِ أَبِي

يَأْتِ بِصِدْقٍ وَأَتُوْنِي

بِأَهْلِيكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

وَلَمَّا فَصَلَتِ الْعِيرُ

قَالَ آبُوهُمْ

إِنِّي لَأَجِدُ رِيحَ يُوسُفَ

لَوْلَا أَنْ تَفْتِنُونِ

قَالُوا نَأَلِّهِ إِنَّكَ لَغَيَّ

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سُورَةُ يُسُفٰ

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- 12:95 They said: By God!
Indeed, you remain in the grip
of your old delusion of seeing him again.
- 12:96 So when the bearer of glad tidings
came to Jacob, he laid the shirt upon his face.
Thereupon, he regained his sight
and said to his children:
Did I not tell you
that I, indeed, know from God
what you do not know?
- 12:97 They said: O our father!
Ask God for the forgiveness of our sins!
Indeed, we have been sinful.
- 12:98 He said:
I will ask forgiveness from my Lord for you.
He is the All-Forgiving, the Mercy-Giving.
- 12:99 So when finally they had all reached Egypt
and entered upon the court of Joseph,
he took his parents in his embrace to himself
and said:
Enter Egypt, by the will of God,
in full security.
- 12:100 Then he raised his parents
onto the throne,
and they all fell to the ground,
bowing down before him in respect.
He said: My dear father!
This is the interpretation of my vision of before
when I was young.
Indeed, my Lord has made it come true.
He was good to me
when He brought me out of the prison.
And now He has brought you here
from the desert,
after Satan had incited animosity

صَلَّيْكَ الْقَدِيمِ

فَلَمَّا أَن جَاءَ الْبَشِيرُ ﴿٩٦﴾

أَلْقَاهُ عَلَى وَجْهِهِ

فَارْتَدَّ بِصِيرًا قَالَ

أَلَمْ أَقُلْ لَّكُمْ إِنِّي أَعْلَمُ

مِنَ اللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

قَالُوا يَا أَبَانَا ﴿٩٧﴾

اسْتَغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا

إِنَّا كُنَّا خَاطِئِينَ

قَالَ ﴿٩٨﴾

سَوْفَ أَسْتَغْفِرُ لَكُمْ رَبِّي

إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْغَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ

فَلَمَّا دَخَلُوا عَلَى يُوسُفَ ﴿٩٩﴾

ءَاوَىٰ إِلَيْهِ أَبَوَيْهِ وَقَالَ

ادْخُلُوا مِصْرَ

إِنْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ ءَامِنِينَ

وَرَفَعَ أَبَوَيْهِ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ ﴿١٠٠﴾

وَخَرُّوا لَهُ سُجَّدًا وَقَالَ

يَتَابِتْ هَٰذَا تَأْوِيلُ رُءُوسِي

مِن قَبْلُ قَدْ جَعَلْتُ رَأْسِي حَقًّا

وَقَدْ أَحْسَنَ بِي

إِذْ أَخْرَجَنِي مِنَ السِّجْنِ

وَجَاءَ بِكُمْ مِنَ الْبَدْوِ

مِنْ بَعْدِ أَنْ نَزَعَ الشَّيْطَانُ

بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَ إِخْوَتِي

between me and my brothers.
 My Lord is all-kind and gentle
 in whatever He so wills.
 Indeed, it is He, He alone who is
 the All-Knowing, the All-Wise.

12:101 *My Lord!

Truly, You have given me
 a share of the kingdom.
 And You have taught me the interpretation
 of the events dreams foretell.
 O Sole Originator of the heavens and the earth!
 You alone are my Patron
 in this world and in the Hereafter.
 Take my soul, when I die, as a muslim,
 in willing submission to You alone.
 And unite me in the Hereafter
 with the righteous.

12:102 This is but one of the tidings
 of the unseen past
 that We reveal to you, O Prophet.
 For you were not with them
 when they resolved to execute their evil affair,
 and while they were plotting it.

12:103 But most people—
 even though you are eager
 for them to believe—
 will not be believers in this,

12:104 though you do not ask of them
 any reward for conveying it to them.
 Yet this Quran is but a revealed Reminder
 of God's admonition and guidance
 sent to all the people of the worlds.

12:105 For how many a sign of God's Oneness
 do they pass by,

يُوسُفُ

الجزء الثاني عشر

إِنَّ رَبِّي لَطِيفٌ لِّمَا يَشَاءُ
 إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ

﴿١٠١﴾ رَبِّ قَدْ آتَيْتَنِي

مِنَ الْمُلْكِ وَعَلَّمْتَنِي

مِن تَأْوِيلِ الْأَحَادِيثِ

فَاطِرَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

أَنْتَ وَلِيِّ

فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

تَوْفَى مُسْلِمًا

وَالْحَقِّي بِالصَّدِيقِينَ

﴿١٠٢﴾ ذَلِكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءِ الْغَيْبِ

نُوحِيهِ إِلَيْكَ

وَمَا كُنْتَ لَدَيْهِمْ

إِذْ أَجْمَعُوا أَمْرَهُمْ وَهُمْ يَكْذِبُونَ

﴿١٠٣﴾ وَمَا أَكْثَرُ النَّاسِ

وَلَوْ حَرَصْتَ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ

﴿١٠٤﴾ وَمَا تَسْأَلُهُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرٍ

إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا ذِكْرٌ لِلْعَالَمِينَ

﴿١٠٥﴾ وَكَأَيِّن مِّنْ آيَةٍ

فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

يَعْرِوْنَ عَلَيْهَا

وَهُمْ عَنْهَا مُعْرِضُونَ

in the heavens and in the earth,
only to turn away from them
without regard or contemplation?

12:106 Rather, most of them
do not believe in God,
except while associating
others in His divinity with Him.

12:107 Do they, then, feel secure
against an overspreading torment
that may come to them from God,
or against the Hour of Doom itself
that may come upon them suddenly
while they are not at all aware?

12:108 Say to them, O Prophet:
This is my way.
I call to God based on clear revealed proof—
I and whoever follows me.
So most highly exalted be God,
for I am not of those who
associate gods with God!

12:109 Nor have We sent any messengers
to the generations before you, O Prophet,
but mere mortal men,
to whom We gave revelation,
chosen from among the people
of the established towns.
Have they not, then,
journeyed through the earth
to see how devastating was the end
of those who belied God's messages
before them?

Yet, most surely, the abode of the Hereafter
is far better than the life of this world
for those who are God-fearing.
Will you human beings
not, then, understand?

سُورَةُ يُسُفٰ

الْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْكَرِيمِ

وَمَا يُؤْمِنُ أَكْثَرُهُمْ بِاللّٰهِ
إِلَّا وَهُمْ مُّشْرِكُونَ ﴿١٠٦﴾

أَفَأَمِنُوا أَنْ تَأْتِيَهُمْ
غَشِيَّةٌ مِّنْ عَذَابِ اللّٰهِ
أَوْ تَأْتِيَهُمُ السَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً
وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ﴿١٠٧﴾

قُلْ هَلْ ذُوَّ سَبِيلٍ
أَدْعُو إِلَى اللّٰهِ عَلَى بَصِيرَةٍ
أَنَا وَمَنْ أَتَّبَعْنِي وَسُبْحَانَ اللّٰهِ
وَمَا أَنَا مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿١٠٨﴾

وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ
إِلَّا رِجَالًا نُّوحِي إِلَيْهِمْ
مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْقُرَىٰ
أَفَلَمْ يَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَيَنْظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ
عَاقِبَةُ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
وَلَدَارُ الْآخِرَةِ خَيْرٌ
لِّلَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١٠٩﴾

وَلَدَارُ الْآخِرَةِ خَيْرٌ
لِّلَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١١٠﴾

وَلَدَارُ الْآخِرَةِ خَيْرٌ
لِّلَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١١١﴾

وَلَدَارُ الْآخِرَةِ خَيْرٌ
لِّلَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١١٢﴾

سُورَةُ يُسُوف

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْكَامِلِ

- 12:110 For when finally the messengers
approached despair—
and deemed that they had been resolutely belied
by their people—Our help came to them.
Thus whomever We so willed
was delivered from obliteration.
But Our deadly affliction
could not be turned back
from the defiant unbelievers.
- 12:111 Thus, very truly,
the narration of their stories is a lesson
for those who are endowed
with discretion and understanding
and so heed admonition.
The Quran is not a forged tale.
Rather, it is a confirmation
of all the Heavenly Scriptures
that preceded it, and a distinct detailing
of all things that God
has enjoined and forbidden,
as well as divine guidance from error
and to the path of God's mercy—
for a people who would believe.

وَوَدَّاعُوا أَنَّهُمْ قَدْ كُذِّبُوا

جَاءَهُمْ نَصْرُنَا

فَنَجَّيْنَا مِنَ النَّارِ

وَلَا يَرُدُّ بَأْسُنَا

عَنِ الْقَوْمِ الْمَظْجَرِينَ

لَقَدْ كُنَّا فِي فَصَصِهِمْ ﴿١١١﴾

عِبْرَةً لِأُولِي الْأَلْبَابِ

مَا كَانَ حَدِيثًا يُفْتَرَىٰ

وَلَكِنْ تَصَدِّقَ

الَّذِي بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ

وَتَفْصِيلَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

Surah 13 / 43 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Ra'd

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

13:1 *Alif Lâm Mīm Râ*

These are the 'revealed' verses
of the Book 'of God'.

Thus what has been sent down to you,
'O Prophet, from your Lord
is the 'very essence of all' truth,
though most of the people do not believe 'it'.

13:2 God is the One

who has raised up the heavens without pillars
that you 'can' see.

Then He settled Himself
over the Throne 'befittingly'.

Moreover, He subjugated
the sun and the moon 'to a fixed order',
each one running 'its course' for a stated term.

He conducts every affair 'of existence
with wisdom and perfection—
even as He makes distinct
'all the signs' of His truth—

so that you may attain certainty 'of faith'
in the Meeting of your Lord 'for Judgment'.

13:3 Thus He is the One who stretched out the land 'suiting it to habitation';

الرَّعْدِ ١

تِلْكَ ءَايَاتُ الْكِتَابِ

وَالَّذِي أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْكَ

مِنْ رَبِّكَ الْحَقُّ وَلَكِنَّ

أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

اللَّهُ الَّذِي رَفَعَ السَّمَوَاتِ

بِغَيْرِ عَمَدٍ تَرَوْنَهَا

ثُمَّ اسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ

وَسَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ

كُلٌّ يَجْرِي لِأَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى

يَدِيرُ الْأَمْرَ يُفَصِّلُ الْآيَاتِ

لَعَلَّكُمْ يَلْقَآءُ رَبَّكُمْ تَوْفِيقُونَ

وَهُوَ الَّذِي مَدَّ الْأَرْضَ

٢

سُورَةُ الرَّعْدِ

الجزء الثالث عشر

and who made therein anchoring mountains
to balance the Earth as it spins;
and who opened rivers to water it
and placed therein
something of every kind of fruit.
He made all being therein as mates, in pairs.
He causes the night to enveil the day.
Indeed, in all of this there are sure signs
of One Creator

for a people who would reflect
on the wonder of creation.

- 13:4 Moreover, in the earth,
there are neighboring tracts of varied lands,
and gardens of grapevines and crops
and date palms—
some branching from the same root
and some from different roots—
watered by the same water in the same soil.
Yet We make some of these plants
superior to others
in the quality of their produce.
Indeed, in all of this
there are sure signs of One Creator
for a people who would use their reason
to understand.

- 13:5 *Thus if you are astounded, O Prophet,
by their unbelief,
then more astounding still is their statement:
When we die and have become dust,
can it be that we will be brought forth again
by God in a new creation?
These are the ones
who have utterly disbelieved in their Lord.
Thus it is these upon whose necks
there shall be yokes in the Hereafter.

وَجَعَلَ فِيهَا رَوَاسِيَ وَأَنْهَارًا
وَمِنْ كُلِّ الشَّجَرِ
جَعَلَ فِيهَا زَوْجَيْنِ اثْنَيْنِ
يُغْشَى اللَّيْلُ النَّهَارُ
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ
لِّقَوْمٍ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ



وَفِي الْأَرْضِ
قِطْعٌ مُتَجَاوِرَاتٌ
وَجَعَلْنَا مِنْ أَغْشَبٍ
وَزَرْعٍ وَنَخِيلٍ صُنَّوَاتٍ
وَعُيُونٍ صُنَّوَاتٍ
يُسْقَى بِمَاءٍ وَاحِدٍ
وَنُفِضَ لِبَعْضٍ عَلَى بَعْضٍ
فِي الْأَكْثَرِ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ
لَآيَاتٍ لِّقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ



وَإِنْ تَعْجَبْ
فَعَجَبٌ قَوْلُهُمْ أَإِذَا كُنَّا تُرَابًا
أَإِنَّا لَفِي خَلْقٍ جَدِيدٍ
أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ
كَفَرُوا بِرَبِّهِمْ وَأُولَئِكَ
الْأَعْلَىٰ فِي أَعْيُنِهِمْ
أُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ

- For these are the Companions
of the Fire of Hell.
They shall abide therein forever.
- 13:6 They urge you to hasten on their evil doom
instead of the good tidings of faith,
even though exemplary punishments
have come to pass
for communities before them.
Yet, indeed, your Lord has much forgiveness
for people, in spite of their wrongdoing—
though, indeed, your Lord is, assuredly,
most severe in punishment, as well.
- 13:7 Still those who disbelieve
say of you, O Prophet:
If only a miraculous sign
would be sent down to him from his Lord,
then we would believe him!
Yet you are sent only
as a solemn forewarner from God,
O Prophet—for to every people
there is a prophet sent as a guide
to the straight way—
- 13:8 whereas it is God alone who knows all:
What every female bears and to what term;
and what is conceived in the wombs
as they shrink and swell—
for with God alone
are all things decreed in due measure—
- 13:9 Sole Knower
of the realms of all the unseen and the seen—
the All-Great, the Supremely Exalted!
- 13:10 It is the same to God
whether any of you keeps secret his words
or utters them aloud;
or whether one hides himself by night

سُورَةُ الرَّاعِدِ

الجزء الثالث عشر

هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ
وَيَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِالسَّيِّئَةِ ٦
قَبْلَ الْحَسَنَةِ وَقَدْ خَلَتْ
مِنْ قَبْلِهِمُ الْمَثَلَتُ
وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَذُو مَغْفِرَةٍ
لِّلنَّاسِ عَلَى ظُلُمِهِمْ
وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَشَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ
وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ٧
لَوْلَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْهِ آيَةٌ
مِّن رَّبِّهِ إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ مُنْذِرٌ
وَلِكُلِّ قَوْمٍ هَادٍ
اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَحْمِلُ ٨
كُلُّ أَنْفٍ وَمَا
تَقْبِضُ الْأَرْحَامُ وَمَا تَزْدَادُ
وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ عِنْدَهُ بِمِقْدَارٍ
عَلِيمُ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ ٩
الْكَبِيرُ الْمُتَعَالِ
سَوَاءٌ مِنْكُمْ مَنْ أَسْرَ الْقَوْلَ ١٠
وَمَنْ جَهَرَ بِهِ
وَمَنْ هُوَ مُسْتَخْفٍ بِإِلِيلٍ
وَسَارِبٌ بِالنَّهَارِ

سُورَةُ الرَّعْدِ

الجزء الثالث عشر

or goes about by daylight—

- 13:11 for each one there is a succession of angels,
before him and behind him,
to guard him by the command of God
and to record his every deed.
Indeed, God does not change
a people's condition of grace
until they change what is in their souls
and become disobedient.
And should God so intend
to inflict harm on a people,
then there is no repelling it.
For, apart from Him, they have no other patron.
- 13:12 He is the One who shows you lightning
to inspire in you fear and hope,
and who alone produces
the heavy clouds discharging it.
- 13:13 Thus the peals of thunder
exalt Him with all praise,
as do the angels, in fear of Him.
For He it is who sends down thunderbolts
then strikes with them whomever He so wills.
Yet still they dispute about God,
though He is mighty in prowess.
- 13:14 To pray to Him alone
is to utter the call of truth.
But all those whom they call upon
apart from Him can give them no answer at all.
It is just like one who stretches out his palms
toward water from afar
hoping that it will reach his mouth.
But never will it reach.
So too the call of the disbelievers
is merely lost in vain.
- 13:15 For to God alone bow down

لَهُ مُعَقِّبَاتٌ مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيْهِ
وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِ

يَحْفَظُونَهُ مِنْ أَمْرِ اللَّهِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَغَيِّرُ مَا يَقُومُ

حَتَّى يَغْيُرُوا مَا يَنْفُسُهُمْ
وَإِذَا أَرَادَ اللَّهُ يَقُومَ سُوءًا

فَلَا مَرَدَّ لَهُ
وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ دُونِهِ مِنْ وَالٍ

هُوَ الَّذِي
يُرِيكُمْ آيَاتِهِ

خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا
وَيُنْشِئُ السَّحَابَ الثِّقَالَ

وَيَسْخِرُ الرُّعْدَ بِحَمْدِهِ
وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ مِنْ خِيفَتِهِ

وَيُرْسِلُ الصَّوَاعِقَ
فَيُصِيبُ بِهَا مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَهُمْ يُجَادِلُونَ فِي اللَّهِ
وَهُوَ شَدِيدُ الْحَالِ

لَهُ دَعْوَةُ الْحَقِّ
وَالَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِهِ

لَا يَسْتَجِيبُونَ لَهُمْ بِشَيْءٍ
إِلَّا كِبْسُ طَيْفَةٍ إِلَى أَلْمَاءٍ

لِيَبْلُغَ قَاهُ وَمَا هُوَ بِبَلِغَةٍ
وَمَا دَعَا الْكَافِرِينَ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَالٍ

وَلِلَّهِ يَسْجُدُ
مَنْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

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١٢

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١٤

١٥

سُورَةُ الرَّعْدِ

الجزء الثالث عشر

all who are in the heavens and the earth—
willingly or unwillingly—

as do their 'very' shadows

in the early mornings

and 'in' the late afternoons. ﴿١٦﴾

13:16 'O Prophet, say to the disbelievers:

Who is the Lord of the heavens and the earth?

'And say in answer: It is' God.

'Then say:

'Why, then, have you taken patrons

'for yourselves' apart from Him

that do not hold—even for their own selves—

any benefit nor any harm?

Say to them, as well:

Are the blind and the seeing equal?

Or are the 'veils of' darkness and the light equal?

Or is it, rather, that they have ascribed to God

associate-gods who have 'allegedly' created

the like of His creation,

such that 'their mere claim of' creation

seems to them similar

'to the manifest reality of God's creation'?

Say to them:

God 'alone' is the Creator of all things.

For He is the One, the All-Dominating.

13:17 He sends down, from the sky, water,

'with which' valleys flow,

each with its due measure,

and the flow carries rising foam

'upon its surface'.

Furthermore, out of 'the ore'

that they burn in the fire,

seeking to make ornaments or implements,

there is likewise foam.

Thus does God put forth

طُوعًا وَكَرْهًا وَظِلَالُهُمْ

بِالْغَدْرِ وَالْأَصَالِ ﴿١٦﴾

قُلْ مَنْ رَبُّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ﴿١٦﴾

قُلْ اللَّهُ قُلْ أَفَاتَّخَذْتُمْ

مِنْ دُونِهِ أَوْلِيَاءَ لَا يَمْلِكُونَ

لِأَنْفُسِهِمْ نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرًّا قُلْ هَلْ

يَسْتَوِي الْأَعْمَى وَالْبَصِيرُ

أَمْ هَلْ تَسْتَوِي

الظُّلُمَةُ وَالنُّورُ أَمْ جَعَلُوا

لِلَّهِ شُرَكَاءَ خَلَقُوا كَخَلْقِهِ

فَتَشَبِهَ الْخَلْقَ عَلَيْهِمْ

قُلْ اللَّهُ خَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ

وَهُوَ الْوَاحِدُ الْقَهَّارُ ﴿١٧﴾

أَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً

فَسَالَتْ أَوْدِيَةٌ بِقَدَرِهَا

فَاَحْتَمَلَ السَّيْلُ زَبَدًا رَابِيًا

وَمِمَّا يُوقِدُونَ عَلَيْهِ فِي النَّارِ

أَبْنَاءَ حُلِيِّهِ أَوْ مَتَاعٍ زَبَدٌ مِثْلُهُ

كَذَلِكَ يَضْرِبُ اللَّهُ

الْحَقَّ وَالْبَاطِلَ

سُورَةُ الرَّعْدِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّالِثُ عَشَرَ

the parable of truth and falsehood.
As for the foam, it fades away as 'cast' scum.
Yet as for that which benefits people,
it remains upon the earth.
Thus does God put forth parables 'for people'.

- 13:18 Those who respond to their Lord's 'call'
shall have great goodness 'in Paradise'.
But 'doomed are those
who do not respond to Him.
For even if they were to have
all that is in the earth—
and the like of it along with it—
they would, most surely, wish in vain
to 'ransom themselves thereby
'from punishment in the Hereafter'.
It is these for whom
there shall be a most evil reckoning.
For their abode shall be Hell—
and a most woeful cradle 'it is'!
- 13:19 *Then is one who knows, 'O Prophet,
that what has been sent down to you
from your Lord is the 'very essence of all' truth
equal to one who is blind 'to it'?
Indeed, only those who are endowed
with 'discretion and' understanding
'and so heed admonition'
are ever mindful 'of God'.

- 13:20 These 'are the ones
who 'fulfill the covenant with God
and do not break 'its' solemn pledge 'to Him'.
- 13:21 These 'are the ones who 'keep joined
all 'the relations and obligations'
that God has commanded to be joined,
and stand in 'utter' awe of their Lord,
and fear 'the outcome of' an evil reckoning.

فَأَمَّا الزَّبَدُ فَيَذْهَبُ جُفَاءً
وَأَمَّا مَا يَنْفَعُ النَّاسَ
فَيَمَكُّ فِي الْأَرْضِ
كَذَلِكَ يُضَرِبُ اللَّهُ الْأَمْثَالَ
لِلَّذِينَ اسْتَجَابُوا لِرَبِّهِمْ
الْحُسْنَى وَالَّذِينَ
لَمْ يَسْتَجِيبُوا لَهُ لَوْ أَنَّ
لَهُمْ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا
وَمِثْلَهُ مَعَهُ لَافْتَدَوْا بِهِ
أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ سُوءُ الْحِسَابِ
وَمَا أُولَئِكَ بِمُعْجِزِينَ
وَمَا يَنْصُرُهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ
وَمَا أُولَئِكَ بِمُعْجِزِينَ
إِنَّمَا يَنْذَرُ الْأَكْثَرِ
الَّذِينَ يُؤْفُونَ بِعَهْدِ اللَّهِ
وَلَا يَنْقُضُونَ الْعَيْثَ
وَالَّذِينَ يَصِلُونَ
مَا أَمَرَ اللَّهُ بِهِ أَنْ يُوصَلَ
وَيَخْشَوْنَ رَبَّهُمْ
وَيَخَافُونَ سُوءَ الْحِسَابِ

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٢٠

٢١

سُورَةُ الرَّاعِدِ

الجزء الثالث عشر

- 13:22 These are the ones
 who endure distress and duties with patience,
 seeking only the Face of their Lord;
 and who duly establish the Prayer
 and spend charitably
 from what We have provided them,
 secretly and openly;
 and who avert what is evil with what is good.
 For the likes of these,
 there is the ultimate abode of bliss.
- 13:23 Gardens everlasting shall they enter—
 together with all those who are righteous—
 among their fathers and their spouses
 and their children.
 Moreover, the angels shall enter upon them
 from every gate, saying:
- 13:24 Peace be upon you
 for all that you have endured patiently.
 So most excellent is the ultimate abode of bliss!
- 13:25 But as to those
 who break the covenant of God,
 after it has been solemnly pledged before Him;
 and who cut off the relations
 that God has commanded to be kept joined;
 and who spread corruption in the earth—
 for these there is only the curse of God!
 Moreover, for them, in just recompense
 there is the most evil abode
 of Hellfire awaiting.
- 13:26 It is God alone
 who extends abundant provision
 to whomever He so wills.
 And He alone restricts it.
 Yet those who disbelieve exult

وَالَّذِينَ صَبَرُوا ﴿٢٢﴾

أَتْبَعَاءَ وَجْهِ رَبِّهِمْ
 وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَأَنفَقُوا
 مِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ سِرًّا وَعَلَانِيَةً
 وَيَذَرُونَ بِالْحَسَنَةِ السَّيِّئَةَ
 أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عِاقِبَةُ الدَّارِ

جَنَّاتٍ عَدْنٍ يَدْخُلُونَهَا ﴿٢٣﴾

وَمَن صَلَحَ مِنْ آبَائِهِمْ
 وَأَزْوَاجِهِمْ وَذُرِّيَّتِهِمْ
 وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ يَدْخُلُونَ عَلَيْهِمْ

مِنْ كُلِّ بَابٍ

سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمْ بِمَا صَبَرْتُمْ ﴿٢٤﴾

فَنِعَمَ عِاقِبَةُ الدَّارِ

وَالَّذِينَ يَنفُضُونَ عَهْدَ اللَّهِ ﴿٢٥﴾

مِنْ بَعْدِ مِيثَاقِهِ وَيَقْطَعُونَ
 مَا أَمَرَ اللَّهُ بِهِ أَنْ يُوصَلَ
 وَيَفْسِدُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
 أُولَئِكَ لَهُمُ اللَّعْنَةُ

وَلَهُمْ سُوءُ الدَّارِ

اللَّهُ يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ ﴿٢٦﴾

لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدِرُ

وَفَرِحُوا بِالْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

سُورَةُ الرَّعْدِ

الجزء الثالث عشر

in the life of this world,
though the life of this world
in comparison with the Hereafter
is nothing but meager enjoyment.

- 13:27 Still, those who disbelieve
say of you, O Prophet :
If only a miraculous sign
would be sent down to him from his Lord,
then we would believe him!
Say to them : Indeed, God leaves to stray
whomever He so wills.

Yet He guides to Himself
whoever turns to Him in penitence.

- 13:28 These are the ones who truly believe
and whose hearts grow calm with assurance
at the remembrance of God.

Most assuredly,
it is by the remembrance of God
that hearts grow calm.

- 13:29 These are the ones who truly believe
and do righteous deeds.
For them, there is sheer blessedness in this life
and a most excellent resort awaiting
in the Hereafter.

- 13:30 So it is that We have sent you, O Muhammad,
to a community—
before which
other communities have passed away—
to recite to them
that which We have revealed to you
in this Quran.
Yet, still, they disbelieve in the All-Merciful.
Say to them : He alone is my Lord!
There is no God but Him!

وَمَا الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا فِي الْآخِرَةِ

إِلَّا مَتَعٌ

وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

(٢٧)

لَوْلَا أَنْزَلَ عَلَيْهِ آيَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِ

قُلْ إِنْ أَرَادَ اللَّهُ بِنَفْسٍ

وَيْهْدِي إِلَيْهِ مِنْ أَنْبَاءٍ

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

(٢٨)

وَتَطْمَئِنُّ قُلُوبُهُمْ بِذِكْرِ اللَّهِ

أَلَا بِذِكْرِ اللَّهِ

تَطْمَئِنُّ الْقُلُوبُ

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

(٢٩)

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

طُوبَى لَهُمْ وَحَسَنُ مَتَابٍ

كَذَلِكَ أَرْسَلْنَاكَ فِي أُمَّةٍ

(٣٠)

قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهَا أُمَمٌ

لَتَسْتَلُوا عَلَيْهِمْ

الَّذِي أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ

وَهُمْ يَكْفُرُونَ بِالرَّحْمَنِ

قُلْ هُوَ رَبِّي لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ

سُورَةُ الرَّعْدِ

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Upon Him have I relied!
And to Him 'alone' is my repentance!

13:31 For if ever there were a 'Heavenly' Recitation
with which mountains could be moved,
or with which the earth could be cut to pieces,
or with which the dead could be spoken to,
'then it is most surely this Quran'.

But, assuredly, the command
'of the mundane and miraculous'
belongs entirely to God.

Then have those who believe
not yet learned that, had God so willed,
He would have guided humanity,
all together, 'without miracles'?
Still, those who disbelieve
shall not cease 'to deny faith,'
until they are struck by disaster
for what they have done,
or 'its affliction' settles near their dwellings—
until the promise of God's 'Judgment'
comes to pass.

Indeed, God does not fail 'to fulfill His' promise.

13:32 For very truly,
messengers before you were mocked.

Still, I granted respite
to those who disbelieved 'in them.'
But, 'thereafter, I seized them suddenly—
'and' how 'utterly devastating', then,
was My punishment!

13:33 Then is the One
who stands watchful over every soul
as to what it earns 'not deserving of all worship',
wherefore they 'who disbelieve'
appoint for God associate-gods?

وَالْيَهُ مَتَابِ

وَلَوْ أَنَّ قُرْءَانَا

سُيِّرَتْ بِهِ الْجِبَالُ

أَوْ قُطِعَتْ بِهِ الْأَرْضُ

أَوْ كُتِبَ بِهِ الْمَوْتُ

بَلْ لِلَّهِ الْأَمْرُ جَمِيعًا

أَفَلَمْ يَأْتِنِ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

أَنْ تَوْيِسَاءَ اللَّهُ

لَهْدَى النَّاسَ جَمِيعًا

وَلَا يَزَالُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

تُصِيبُهُمْ بِمَا صَنَعُوا قَارِعَةً

أَوْ تَحُلُ قَرِيبًا مِنْ دَارِهِمْ

حَتَّى يَأْتِيَ وَعْدُ اللَّهِ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُخْلِفُ الْمِيعَادَ

وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا

رُسُلًا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ

فَأَمَلَيْتُ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

ثُمَّ أَخَذْتُهُمْ

فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عِقَابِ

أَفَمَنْ هُوَ قَائِمٌ

عَلَى كُلِّ نَفْسٍ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ

وَجَعَلُوا لِلَّهِ شُرَكَاءَ

فَلِ سَمُوهُمْ

سُورَةُ الرَّحْمٰنِ

الجزء الثالث عشر

Say, 'O Prophet: Name these 'alleged gods'!

Are 'the likes of' you to inform Him
as to what He knows not in the earth?

Or is it 'just' a mere display of words?

Yes, indeed!

It is their 'very' own contriving
that has been made fair-seeming
to those who have disbelieved.

Thus have they been barred
from the 'straight' way.

And whomever God leaves to stray,
no guide shall there ever be for him!

13:34 'Rather,' for them there shall be a punishment
in the life of this world—

and, most surely,

the punishment of the Hereafter
is far more onerous!

Nor have they anyone to shield them from God.

13:35 * Contrast this with 'the 'wondrous' state
of the Garden 'of Paradise',

which is promised to the God-fearing:

It is such that rivers flow beneath it.

Its produce is perpetual, as is its shade.

This is the ultimate abode

of those who fear God.

But the ultimate abode of the disbelievers
is the Fire 'of Hell'.

13:36 Now, 'as to' those 'of good faith'
to whom We have 'previously'
given the Scripture—

they rejoice

in 'all' that has been sent down to you
'from God, O Prophet'.

But among the allies 'of the disbelievers'
are those 'People of the Scripture'

أَمْ تَتَذَكَّرُونَ

بِمَا لَا يَعْلَمُ فِي الْأَرْضِ

أَمْ يَظَاهِرُونَ الْقَوْلَ

بَلْ زَيْنَ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مَكْرَهُمْ

وَصَدُّوا عَنِ السَّبِيلِ

وَمَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ هَادٍ

لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَلِعَذَابٍ الْآخِرَةِ أَشَقُّ

وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ مِنْ وَاقٍ

مَثَلُ الْجَنَّةِ

الَّتِي وَعَدَ الْمُتَّقُونَ

تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

أُكْلُهَا دَائِمٌ وَظِلُّهَا

تِلْكَ عُقْبَى الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا

وَعُقْبَى الْكَافِرِينَ النَّارُ

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنَتْهُمْ أَلْكَتَبَ

يَفْرَحُونَ بِمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ

وَمِنَ الْأَحْزَابِ

مَنْ يُنْكِرُ بَعْضَهُ

٢٤

٢٥

٢٦

who belie some 'portions' of it.
 Say 'to them':
 Indeed, I have been commanded
 to worship none but God 'alone',
 and never to associate
 'anything as a god' with Him.
 To Him 'alone' do I call 'humanity'.
 For to Him 'alone'
 is my final return 'after death'.

- 13:37 And so it is that We have sent 'this Quran' down
 as a 'decisive' judgment 'revealed' in Arabic.
 Thus if ever you
 were to follow their whims, 'O Prophet'—
 after 'the' sure knowledge 'of the Quran'
 has come to you 'from your Lord'—
 then you would have neither patron
 nor shield 'to protect you' against God.
- 13:38 For very truly, We have sent 'mortal' messengers
 'to their own people' before you.
 Moreover, We have given to them
 wives and children 'as you have been given'.
 Yet never was it 'in the power' of any messenger
 to bring forth a 'miraculous' sign,
 except with the permission of God.
 But for everything 'that God decrees',
 there is a 'preordained' term
 'inscribed' in a Book 'with Him'.
- 13:39 God obliterates what He so wills.
 And He establishes 'what He so wills'.
 For with Him 'alone'
 is 'the Preserved Tablet of Heaven',
 the mother of the Book.
- 13:40 But whether We show you 'in your lifetime'
 the advent of 'some of' the punishment

سُورَةُ الرَّعْدِ

الجزء الثالث عشر

قُلْ إِنَّمَا أُمِرْتُ أَنْ أَعْبُدَ اللَّهَ
 وَلَا أُشْرِكَ بِهِ ۚ إِلَيْهِ أَدْعُوا
 وَإِلَيْهِ مَصَابِ
 وَكَذَلِكَ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ حُكْمًا عَرَبِيًّا
 وَلَئِنْ أَتَيْتَ أَهْوَاءَ هُمْ
 بَعْدَ مَا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ
 مَا لَكَ مِنَ اللَّهِ

مِنْ وَلِيٍّ وَلَا وَاقٍ

وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا

رُسُلًا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ

وَجَعَلْنَا لَهُمْ أَزْوَاجًا وَذُرِّيَّةً

وَمَا كَانَ لِرَسُولٍ أَنْ يَأْتِيَ

بِغَايَةِ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ

لِكُلِّ أَجَلٍ كِتَابٌ

يَمْحُو اللَّهُ مَا يَشَاءُ وَيُثَبِّتُ

وَعِنْدَهُ أُمُّ الْكِتَابِ

وَإِنْ مَا نُرِيدَنَّكَ

بَعْضَ الَّذِي نَعِدُهُمْ

سُورَةُ الرَّعْدِ

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which We have promised them, 'O Prophet,
or We take your soul 'first—

all that is incumbent upon you 'until then
is the 'clear' conveyance 'of this message'.

For the reckoning rests solely with Us.

13:41 Yet do they not see

that We come 'with the spirit of living faith'
to the land 'of the ungodly,
and 'diminish' unbelief in 'it from its outskirts?

For when God decrees 'any matter',
none can repeal His decree—

and duly swift is He in reckoning.

13:42 Thus, truly those 'who disbelieved' before them
'also' schemed 'against their messengers'.

But God 'alone' has 'mastery over' all schemes.

For He knows what each soul earns—

and 'soon, as well,' shall the disbelievers know
to whom belongs the ultimate abode 'of bliss'.

13:43 Still, those who disbelieve say:

You are no messenger 'of God'.

Say 'to them':

Sufficient is God as a witness

between me and you—

as are all those

with sure knowledge of the Scripture

'bearing witness to this message'.

أَوْ نَتَوَفَّيَنَّكَ

فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْكَ الْبَلَاغُ

وَعَلَيْنَا الْحِسَابُ

أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَّا نَأْتِي الْأَرْضَ ۖ ٤١

نَنْقُصُهَا مِنْ أَطْرَافِهَا ۚ وَاللَّهُ

يَحْكُمُ لَا مُعَقَّبَ لِحُكْمِهِ ۚ

وَهُوَ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ

وَقَدْ مَكَرَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ ۚ ٤٢

فَلِلَّهِ الْمَكْرُ جَمِيعًا ۚ

يَعْلَمُ مَا تَكْسِبُ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ۚ

وَسَيَعْلَمُ الْكَافِرُ

لِمَنْ عَقَبَى الدَّارِ

وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ۚ ٤٣

لَسْتَ مُرْسَلًا ۚ

قُلْ كَفَى بِاللَّهِ شَهِيدًا

بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ ۚ

وَمَنْ عِنْدَهُ عِلْمُ الْكِتَابِ

سُورَةُ اِبْرٰهِيْمَ

The surah that records the prayer of ABRAHAM ؑ—Father of Prophets—for the security and perpetual godliness of the barren valley of Makkah, when, at God's command, he settled his beloved spouse Hagar and first son Ishmael ؑ there, in order to establish the perennial rites of the Prayer, as well as other forms of worship, for all time on earth.

Surah 14 / 52 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Ibrâhîm

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

14:1 *Alif Lâm Râ*

'This Quran is' a Book We have sent down
to you, 'O Muhammad,'
so that you may bring humanity out
from the 'veils of' darkness into the light—
by the permission of their Lord—
'and' to the 'straight' way
of the Overpowering 'One', the All-Praised:

14:2 God!

The One
to whom belongs all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.
So woe to the disbelievers
from 'the coming of' a most severe torment!

14:3 These 'are the ones' who love
the 'fleeting' life of this world
more than 'the everlasting life of' the Hereafter;
and who bar others from the way of God;
and who seek to make it 'appear' crooked.
They are 'lost' in uttermost misguidance.

14:4 Moreover, never have We sent any messenger,
but 'that he spoke'
in the 'native' tongue of his people,

الرَّ

كَتَبْنَا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ إِلَيْكَ

لِنُخْرِجَ النَّاسَ

مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ

بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ

إِلَى صِرَاطٍ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَمِيدِ

اللَّهُ الَّذِي لَهُ

مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَوَيْلٌ لِلْكَافِرِينَ

مِنَ عَذَابٍ شَدِيدٍ

الَّذِينَ يَسْتَحِبُّونَ

الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا

عَلَى الْآخِرَةِ وَيَصُدُّونَ

عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

وَيَبْغُونَهَا عِوَجًا

أُولَئِكَ فِي ضَلَالٍ بَعِيدٍ

وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ رَّسُولٍ

إِلَّا بِلِسَانٍ قَوْمِهِ

سُورَةُ الْاِبْرٰهِيْمَ

الْحِزْبُ الْاِلَّخَمَسُّ

so that he might make clear to them
 God's message.
 Thereby God leaves to stray
 whomever He so wills,
 and He guides whomever He so wills.
 For He alone
 is the Overpowering One, the All-Wise.

- 14:5 Now, truly, We sent Moses
 with Our miraculous signs, commanding him:
 Bring forth your people
 from the veils of darkness into the light.
 Moreover, remind them of the Days of God,
 of His deliverance and vengeance.
 Indeed, in this
 are manifest signs of God's power
 for every patient, ever-thankful soul.
- 14:6 And, behold! Moses said to his people:
 Remember the grace of God upon you
 when He delivered you
 from the House of Pharaoh.
 They were inflicting upon you
 a most evil torment, slaying your sons
 and keeping your womenfolk alive in bondage.
 And in this, there was, indeed, a great trial
 from your Lord.
- 14:7 And recall when
 your Lord solemnly proclaimed to you:
 If you give thanks for My blessings,
 I shall, most surely, increase them for you.
 But if you become ungrateful,
 indeed, My torment is, most surely, severe.
- 14:8 Thus Moses said to them:
 If you should ever disbelieve—
 you and whoever is on the earth all together—

لِيُبَيِّنَ لَهُمْ
 فَيُضِلَّ اللَّهُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
 وَيَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ
 وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
 وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا
 مُوسَىٰ بِآيَاتِنَا
 أَنْ أَخْرِجْ قَوْمَكَ
 مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ
 وَذَكِّرْهُمْ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ
 إِنَّكَ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَآيَاتٌ
 لِّكُلِّ صَبَّارٍ شَكُورٍ
 وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمِهِ
 أَذْكُرُوا
 نِعْمَةَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ
 إِذْ أَنْجَاكُمْ
 مِنْ آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ
 يَسُومُونَكُمْ سُوءَ الْعَذَابِ
 وَيَذْبَحُونَ أَبْنَاءَكُمْ
 وَيَسْتَحْيُونَ نِسَاءَكُمْ
 وَفِي ذَٰلِكُمْ
 بَلَاءٌ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ عَظِيمٌ
 وَإِذْ تَأَذَّتْ رِجَّتُكُمْ
 لِيَنْ شَكَّرْتُمْ لَا زَيْدَ لَكُمْ
 وَلَكِنْ كَفَرْتُمْ
 إِنَّ عَذَابِي لَشَدِيدٌ
 وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ إِنَّ تَكْفُرُوا أَنْتُمْ
 وَمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا

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سُورَةُ اِبْرٰهِيْمَ

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never shall you harm God.
For God is, indeed, self-sufficient, all-praised.

14:9 'O people!
Have not the tidings of those before you
come to you—
the people of Noah, and the tribes of 'Âd,
and Thamûd, and those that came after them?
No one knows them except God.
Their messengers came to them
with clear and miraculous proofs from God.
But they turned their hands to their mouths
in a gesture of mockery, and they said:
Indeed, We disbelieve
in all that you have been sent with.
Indeed, we do remain
in much-perplexed doubt
about what you call us to worship.

14:10 * Their messengers said to them:
Is there any doubt about God,
the Sole Originator
of the heavens and the earth
with no precedent?
He calls you to believe in Him
and to worship Him alone
so as to forgive you of your sins,
and to defer Judgment upon you
until you fulfill a stated term of life.
They said to their messengers:
You are only mortal men like us!
You merely wish to turn us away
from what our forefathers have worshipped.
So bring us miracles
as manifest authority of your truthfulness.

14:11 Their messengers said to them:

فَاِنَّ اللَّهَ لَغَنِيٌّ حَمِيدٌ
اَلَمْ يَأْتِكُمْ نَبَاُ
الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ
قَوْمِ نُوحٍ وَعَادٍ وَثَمُودَ
وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ
لَا يَعْلَمُهُمْ اِلَّا اللَّهُ جَاءَتْهُمْ
رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ
فَرَدُّوا اَنْدِيَهُمْ فِيْ اَفْوَاهِهِمْ
وَقَالُوا اِنَّا كَفَرْنَا
بِمَا اُرْسِلْتُمْ بِهِ
وَ اِنَّا لَفِيْ شَكٍّ
مِمَّا تَدْعُونَا اِلَيْهِ مُّرِيبٍ
قَالَتْ رُسُلُهُمْ
اَفِىْ اللَّهِ شَكٌّ
فَاَطِرَ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ
يَدْعُوْكُمْ لِيَغْفِرَ لَكُمْ
مِنْ ذُنُوْبِكُمْ
وَيُؤَخِّرَكُمْ
اِلَىٰ اَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى قَالُوا
اِنْ اَنْتُمْ اِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِّثْلُنَا
تُرِيدُوْنَ اَنْ تَصُدُّوْنَا
عَمَّا كَانَتْ يَعْبُدُ اٰبَاؤُنَا
فَاَنْتُمْ اِسْلَاطِنُ مِثْرٍ
قَالَتْ لَهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ

سُورَةُ الْاِبْرٰهِيْمَ

الجزء الثالث عشر

It is true
that we are only human beings like you.
But God confers favor
upon whomever He so wills from His servants.
Nor is it in our power
to bring you 'miraculous' authority,
except by God's permission.
So upon God alone let the believers rely.

14:12 For why should we not rely upon God,
while truly He has guided us
upon our paths of faith and salvation.
Thus, 'by God',
we shall, most surely, endure patiently
all the hurt you inflict upon us.
And on God alone, then,
let the 'truly' reliant 'believers' rely.

14:13 Yet those who disbelieved
said to their messengers:
We shall, most surely, expel you from our land
unless you return, indeed, to our ways of life!
Then their Lord revealed to them:
We shall, most surely, destroy the wrongdoers
'who are godless in heart'!

14:14 Moreover, We shall cause you
to dwell throughout the land after them.
This 'promise' is for whoever fears
'standing for Judgment in My presence,
and whoever fears My threat
'to punish the disbelievers'.

14:15 So they sought 'God's' victory,
'and He supported them'.
Thus every obstinate,
'insolently' tyrannical one was foiled!

14:16 Moreover, beyond 'this life',
Hellfire awaits such a one,

إِنْ نَحْنُ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِّثْلُكُمْ
وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يُعْزِزُ عَلَى
مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ
وَمَا كَانَتْ لَنَا أَنْ نَأْتِيَكُمْ
بِسُلْطَانٍ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ
وَعَلَى اللَّهِ

فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ
وَمَا لَنَا

أَلَّا تَتَوَكَّلَ عَلَى اللَّهِ
وَقَدْ هَدَيْنَا سُبُلَنَا
وَلَنَصِيرُنَّ

عَلَى مَاءٍ أَدْبُتُونَا
وَعَلَى اللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُتَوَكِّلُونَ
وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

لِرُسُلِهِمْ
لَنُخْرِجَنَّكُمْ مِنْ أَرْضِنَا
أَوْ لَنَعُودَنَّ فِي مِلَّتِنَا
فَأَوْحَى إِلَيْهِمْ رَبُّهُمْ
لَنُهْلِكَنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ

وَلَنُسَكِّنَنَّكُمْ الْأَرْضَ
مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ
خَافَ مَقَامِي وَخَافَ وَعِيدِ

وَأَسْتَفْتَحُوا وَخَابَ
كُلُّ جَبَّارٍ عَنِيدٍ

مِنْ وَرَائِهِ جَهَنَّمُ

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- where he will be given drink
from a purulent fluid,
14:17 which he sips, 'out of dire need,'
though he can barely swallow 'it'.
And 'though' death will overwhelm him
from every side, yet he will not die.
Moreover, beyond 'this, still,'
lies 'even more' stern torment for him.
14:18 The parable of those
who disbelieve in their Lord 'is this':
All their works are like ashes,
upon which blows a severe wind
on a stormy day.
They hold no power
over anything they have earned.
That is the uttermost 'point of' misguidance.
14:19 Do you not see, 'O humanity,'
that God has created the heavens and the earth
with 'the very essence of' all truth?
If ever He so wills,
He shall do away with 'all of' you
and bring about a new creation.
14:20 Nor is that too mighty for God!
14:21 Even still, they shall come forth
before God, all together,
'on the Day of Resurrection'.
The weak shall say to those who grew arrogant:
Indeed, we were 'devoted' followers of yours.
So can you avail us in any way
against the torment of God?
They shall say 'to them':
Had God guided us,
we, most surely, would have guided you.
It is the same for 'all of' us 'now',

سُورَةُ الْاِبْرٰهِيْمَ

الْحَزْنَةُ الْاَلَاكِيَّةُ

وَيُسْقَىٰ مِنْ مَّاءٍ صٰدِرٍ
يَتَجَرَّعُهُ
وَلَا يَكَادُ يُسِغُهُ
وَيَآتِيهِ الْمَوْتُ
مِنْ كُلِّ مَكَانٍ
وَمَا هُوَ بِمَيِّتٍ
وَمِنْ وَّرَآئِهِ عَذَابٌ عَلِيْلٌ
مَّثَلُ الَّذِيْنَ
كَفَرُوْا بِرَبِّهِمْ اَعْمَلُهُمْ
كِرْمًاۙ اَشْتَدَّتْ بِهٖ الرِّيحُ
فِيْ يَوْمٍ عَاصِفٍ لَا يَقْدِرُوْنَ
مِمَّا كَسَبُوْا عَلٰى شَيْءٍ
ذٰلِكَ هُوَ الضَّلٰلُ الْبَعِيْدُ
اَلْوَرَّ اَنْتَ اللّٰهُ خَلَقَ
السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضَ بِالْحَقِّ
اِنْ يَشَآءْ يَذْهَبْكُمْ
وَيَاْتِ بِخَلْقٍ جَدِيْدٍ
وَمَا ذٰلِكَ عَلَى اللّٰهِ بِعَزِيْزٍ
وَبَرَزُوْا لِلّٰهِ جَمِيْعًا
فَقَالَ الضَّعَفٰتُ
لِلَّذِيْنَ اسْتَكْبَرُوْا
اِنَّا كُنَّا لَكُمْ تَبَعًا
فَهَلْ اَنْتُمْ مُّغْنُوْنَ عَنَّا
مِنْ عَذَابِ اللّٰهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
قَالُوْا لَوْ هَدٰنَا اللّٰهُ
لَهَدٰيْنٰكُمْ

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سُورَةُ الْاِبْرٰهِيْمَ

الْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْعَظِيْمِ

whether we are frantic
or we bear our torment patiently.
No asylum is there for any of us.

- 14:22 Thus Satan will say to the disbelievers
when the matter of God's Judgment
has been decreed:
Indeed, God promised you the promise of truth.
And I promised you, then I failed you.
Yet never did I have any authority over you,
except that I called to you,
and you responded to me.
So do not blame me. Rather, blame yourselves.
I cannot heed your cry.
And you cannot heed my cry.
Indeed, I have disbelieved
in your association of me with God
from of old in the life of the world.
As for the wrongdoers who are godless in heart,
painful torment for them
is now all there shall ever be.

- 14:23 But those who believe and do righteous deeds
shall be admitted
into Gardens beneath which rivers flow—
wherein they shall abide forever,
by the permission of their Lord.
Their salutation therein shall forever be: Peace!
- 14:24 Do you not see how God
has set forth this parable?
A good word of faith,
in witness of One God, is like a good tree:
Its root is set firm.
And its branches are in heaven.
- 14:25 It brings forth its produce
at every season, on time,

سَوَاءٌ عَلَيْنَا
أَجْرَعْنَا أَمْ صَبَرْنَا
مَا لَنَا مِنْ مَّجِيصٍ
وَقَالَ الشَّيْطَانُ ﴿٢٢﴾
لَمَّا قُضِيَ الْأَمْرُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
وَعْدَكُمْ وَعْدًا لَقِيٍّ
وَوَعَدْتُكُمْ فَأَخْلَفْتُكُمْ
وَمَا كَانَ لِي عَلَيْكُمْ
مِنْ سُلْطَانٍ إِلَّا أَنْ دَعَوْتُكُمْ
فَأَسْتَجِبْتُمْ لِي فَلَا تَلُمُونِي
وَلُومُوا أَنْفُسَكُمْ
مَا أَنَا بِمُصْرِخِكُمْ
وَمَا أَنْتُمْ بِمُصْرِخِي
إِنِّي كَفَرْتُ
بِمَا أَشْرَكْتُمْ مِّن قَبْلُ
إِنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ
لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
وَأَدْخِلِ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ جَنَّاتٍ
تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ
تَحِيَّتُهُمْ فِيهَا سَلَامٌ
﴿٢٣﴾ أَلَمْ تَرَ كَيْفَ ضَرَبَ اللَّهُ مَثَلًا
كَلِمَةً طَيِّبَةً
كَشَجَرَةٍ طَيِّبَةٍ
أَصْلُهَا ثَابِتٌ
وَفُرْعَاهَا فِي السَّمَاءِ
تُؤْتِي أُكْلَهَا كُلَّ حِينٍ
﴿٢٤﴾ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهَا

- by permission of its Lord.
And God sets forth parables for all people,
so that they may become mindful
of His commandments.
- 14:26 Thus the parable of a corrupt word of unbelief
is this: It is like a corrupt tree.
Uprooted from the surface of the earth,
it has no stability.
- 14:27 God alone sets firm those who believe
with the firm word of faith,
in both the life of this world
and in the Hereafter.
Yet God leads the wrongdoers astray,
for they are godless in heart.
And God does whatever He so wills.
- 14:28 *Have you not seen, O humanity,
those who substitute the blessings of God
with unbelief,
and who thereby lead their people
into the abode of ruin?
- 14:29 It is Hell, in which they shall roast—
and a most woeful residence it is!
- 14:30 For they set up rivals to God
to lead others astray from His way.
Say to them, O Prophet:
Enjoy yourselves in life!
For, indeed, your ultimate destiny
is the Fire of Hell.
- 14:31 Yet to My servants who believe,
say that they should duly establish the Prayer
and spend charitably
from what We have provided them,
secretly and openly,
before there comes a Day Hereafter

سُورَةُ الْاِبْرٰهِيْمَ

الْحَجَّةُ الْاُولٰٓئِ عَشْرَ

وَيَضْرِبُ اللَّهُ الْأَمْثَالَ لِلنَّاسِ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ
وَمَثَلُ كَلِمَةٍ خَبِيثَةٍ
كَشَجَرَةٍ خَبِيثَةٍ
أَجْتَنَّتْ مِنْ فَوْقِ الْأَرْضِ
مَا لَهَا مِنْ قَرَارٍ
يُثَبِّتُ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
بِالْقَوْلِ الثَّابِتِ
فِي الْحَيٰوةِ الدُّنْيَا
وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ
وَيُضِلُّ اللَّهُ الظَّالِمِينَ
وَيَفْعَلُ اللَّهُ مَا يَشَآءُ
۞ أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ
بَدَّلُوا نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ كُفْرًا
وَأَحْلَوْا قَوْمَهُمْ دَارَ الْبَوَارِ
جَهَنَّمَ يَصْلَوْنَهَا
وَنِسْكَ الْقَرَارِ
وَجَعَلُوا لِلَّهِ أُنْدَادًا
لِيُضِلُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ
قُلْ تَمَتَّعُوا
فَإِنَّ مَصِيرَكُمْ إِلَى النَّارِ
قُلْ لِعِبَادِيَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
يُقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ
وَيُنْفِقُوا مِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ
سِرًّا وَعَلَانِيَةً
مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَأْتِيَ يَوْمٌ

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سُورَةُ الْاِبْرٰهِيْمَ

الجزء الثالث عشر

in which there shall be
no 'gainful' trade nor 'availing' friendship.

14:32 God is the One

who 'alone' has created the heavens
and the earth
and 'who alone' has sent down,
from the sky, water.

Then He brought forth with it
the fruits of 'the earth' as a provision for you.
Moreover, He has subjugated for you ships
to run upon the sea, by His command.

And He has subjugated for you
the 'flowing' rivers.

14:33 And He has subjugated for you
the sun and the moon,
both constant 'in their courses'.

And He has subjugated for you
the night and the daylight.

14:34 Thus has He given you
of all that you have asked Him.
And were you to 'endeavor'
to 'count' the blessings of God,
never could you enumerate them.
Indeed, the 'disbelieving' human being
is a relentless wrongdoer,
'godless in heart and' utterly ungrateful.

14:35 Now behold!

Abraham said: My Lord!
Make this land 'of Makkah' secure.
And keep me and my children
far away from worshipping idols.

14:36 My Lord!

Indeed, they have led many of the people astray
'from Your way'.

لَا يَبْعُ فِيهِ وَلَا يَخْلُلُ

اللَّهُ الَّذِي ٣٢

خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
وَأَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً
فَأَخْرَجَ بِهِ مِنَ الثَّمَرَاتِ
رِزْقًا لَّكُمْوَسَخَّرَ لَكُمُ الْفُلُوكَ
لِتَجْرِيَ فِي الْبَحْرِ بِأَمْرِهِ
وَسَخَّرَ لَكُمُ الْأَنْهَارَ
وَسَخَّرَ لَكُمُالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ دَائِبَيْنِ
وَسَخَّرَ لَكُمُ اللَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ
وَوَاتَنَكُمْ ٣٣مِنْ كُلِّ مَا سَأَلْتُمُوهُ
وَإِنْ تَعَدُّوا نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ
لَا يَحْصُوهَا إِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ
لَظَلُومٌ كَفَّارٌوَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ رَبِّ
اجْعَلْ هَذَا الْبَلَدَ آمِنًا
وَاجْنُبْنِي وَبَنِيَّ
أَنْ نَعْبُدَ الْأَصْنَامَ ٣٤رَبِّ إِنِّي
أَصْلَلَنْ كَثِيرًا مِنَ النَّاسِ
فَمَنْ يَعْصِ فَإِنَّهُ مِنِّي ٣٥

- So whoever follows me 'in Your worship',
then he is truly of me.
And whoever disobeys me—
indeed, You are all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 14:37 Our Lord!
I have placed some of my offspring
to dwell in a valley that is infertile
near Your Sacred House,
our Lord, 'as You have commanded',
so that they may 'duly' establish the Prayer
'on earth'.
So make the hearts of the people
incline toward them;
and provide for them
from 'the varied' fruits 'of the earth',
so that they may give thanks 'to You alone'.
- 14:38 Our Lord!
Indeed, You know all that we conceal
and all that we reveal—
for not a 'single' thing
is ever concealed from God
in the earth, nor in the heaven.
- 14:39 All praise is for God 'alone'
who has granted me, despite 'my' old age,
Ishmael and Isaac.
Indeed, my Lord is the Hearer of prayer.
- 14:40 My Lord!
Make me steadfast in 'observing' the Prayer—
and also my children, our Lord.
And do accept my supplication.
- 14:41 Our Lord!
Forgive me and my parents—
and all the believers—
on the Day the Reckoning arises.

سُورَةُ اِبْرٰهِيْمَ

الجزء الثالث عشر

وَمَنْ عَصَانِي
فَإِنَّكَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
رَبَّنَا إِنِّي
أَسْكَنْتُ مِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِي بُوَادٍ
غَيْرِ ذِي زَرْعٍ
عِنْدَ بَيْتِكَ الْمَحْرَمِ
رَبَّنَا لِتُقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ
فَجَعَلْ أَفْئِدَةً مِنَ النَّاسِ
تَهْوِي إِلَيْهِمْ
وَأَرْزُقْهُمْ مِنَ الثَّمَرَاتِ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَشْكُرُونَ
رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ تَعْلَمُ
مَا نَخْفَى وَمَا تَعْلَنُ
وَمَا يَخْفَى عَلَى اللَّهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ
الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ
الَّذِي وَهَبَ لِي عَلَى الْكِبَرِ
إِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِسْحَاقَ
إِنَّ رَبِّي لَسَمِيعُ الدُّعَاءِ
رَبِّ اجْعَلْنِي مُقِيمَ الصَّلَاةِ
وَمِنْ ذُرِّيَّتِي
رَبَّنَا وَقَبَلْ دُعَاءَ
رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ لِي وَلِوَالِدَيَّ
وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ
يَوْمَ يَقُومُ الْحِسَابُ
وَلَا تَحْزَنْ رَبِّ اللَّهُ غَفِيرٌ

سُورَةُ اِبْرٰهِيْمَ

الجزء الثاني عشر

- 14:42 Thus never think, 'O Prophet,'
that God is heedless
of all that the 'godless' wrongdoers are doing.
Indeed, He only defers 'punishment' for them
to a Day 'Hereafter' when eyes shall bulge out
at the great horror they behold.
- 14:43 Frantic as they are 'rushing forward'—
'necks outstretched', heads upraised—
their gazes never return to them,
and their hearts are an abyss.
- 14:44 So forewarn humankind, 'O Prophet,'
of a Day 'Hereafter' when the torment 'of Hell'
shall come to them.
Then those who 'disbelieved'
and thus 'wronged' themselves shall say:
Our Lord!
Defer 'Judgment' on 'us' for a short while.
We shall answer Your call
and follow the messengers 'sent to us!'
It will be said to them:
Did you not use to swear before that for you
there would be no passing away
'into an Afterlife'?
- 14:45 Moreover,
you dwelled in the 'very' dwellings
of those who had 'before you'
wronged themselves.
Thus it was made clear to you
how We 'ultimately' dealt with them.
Indeed, We set forth examples
'of their doom' for you 'in Our revelations.'
But you were heedless.
- 14:46 And truly they had devised their 'evil' plan,
'each community against their messenger'.
Yet 'the full knowledge of' their plan

عَمَّا يَعْمَلُ الظَّالِمُونَ
إِنَّمَا يُؤَخِّرُهُمْ
لِيَوْمٍ تَشْخَصُ فِيهِ الْأَبْصَارُ

مُتَهَيِّئِينَ مِقْنِينَ رُءُوسِهِمْ
لَا يَرْتَدُّ إِلَيْهِمْ طَرْفُهُمْ
وَأَفْنَدْتَهُمْ هَوَاءً

وَأَنْذِرِ النَّاسَ ۚ

يَوْمَ يَأْتِيهِمُ الْعَذَابُ

فَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا رَبَّنَا

أَخْرَجْنَا إِلَىٰ أَهْلِ قَرْيَةٍ

نُحِبُّ دَعْوَتَكَ وَتَتَّبِعُ الرُّسُلَ

أَوَلَمْ تَكُونُوا

أَقْسَمْتُمْ مِن قَبْلُ

مَا لَكُمْ مِن زَوَالٍ

وَسَكَنتُمْ فِي مَسْكَانٍ

الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ

وَنَبَّيْتُمْ لَكُمْ

كَيْفَ فَعَلْنَا بِهِمْ

وَضَرَبْنَا لَكُمْ الْأَمْثَالَ

وَقَدْ مَكَرُوا مَكْرَهُمْ

وَعِنْدَ اللَّهِ مَكْرُهُمْ

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١٤

١٥

١٦

- was ever with God.
And never was their plan
even so much as to move mountains,
let alone to thwart God!
- 14:47 So never think, 'O Prophet,
that God will ever fail His promise
to uphold His messengers.
Indeed, God is overpowering, all-avenging.
- 14:48 On a Day Hereafter
when the Earth will be changed
into another Earth, smooth and pure white,
and so too the heavens shall be changed—
and they who are in the earth
shall all come forward
for Judgment before God,
the One, the All-Dominating.
- 14:49 Then shall you see, 'O Prophet,
the defiant unbelievers on that Day
coupled in fetters—
- 14:50 their coats made of pitch,
the Fire enveiling their faces—
- 14:51 so that God may recompense each soul
with what it has earned in life.
Indeed, God is swift in reckoning.
- 14:52 This 'Quran' is a declaration for all people.
And it is thus,
so that they may be forewarned by it;
and so that they may know certainly
that He who sent it is, indeed, the One God;
and so that those who are endowed
with discretion and understanding
may heed its admonition
and be ever mindful implementing it.

سُورَةُ الْاِبْرٰهِيْمَ

الْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْكَرِيْمِ

وَاِنْ كَانَتْ مَكْرُهُمْ

لَيَرْزُقَنَّ مِنْهُ الْجِبَالُ

فَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ اِلٰهَ

٤٧

مُخَلَّفٌ وَعَدِهِ رُسُلُهُ

اِنَّ اِلٰهَ عَزِيزٌ ذُو انْفِقَارٍ

يَوْمَ يُبَدَّلُ الْاَرْضُ

٤٨

غَيْرَ الْاَرْضِ وَالسَّمَوَاتُ

وَبَرَزُوا لِلّٰهِ الْوَاحِدِ الْقَهَّارِ

وَتَرَى الْمُجْرِمِينَ يَوْمَئِذٍ

٤٩

مُقَرَّنِينَ فِي الْأَصْفَادِ

سَرَابِلُهُمْ مِنْ فَطْرَانٍ

٥٠

وَتَغْشَى وُجُوهُهُمْ النَّارُ

لِيَجْزِيَ اِلٰهٌ كُلَّ نَفْسٍ

٥١

مَا كَسَبَتْ اِنَّ اِلٰهَ

سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ

هَذَا بَلَّغٌ لِلنَّاسِ

٥٢

وَلِيُنذِرُوا بِهِ وَيَعْلَمُوا اَنَّمَا

هُوَ اِلٰهٌ وَاحِدٌ

وَلِيَذْكُرُوا الْاَلْبَابَ

Surah 15 / 99 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Hijr

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 15:1 *Alif Lām Rā*
These are the 'revealed' verses
of the Book 'of God',
and 'a final Heavenly Recitation
sent down as 'a clear Quran.
- 15:2 There shall certainly come a time
when those who disbelieve
will 'ardently' wish they were *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone!
- 15:3 So 'leave them to eat and enjoy 'life—
to 'be diverted, thus, by 'false' hope.
For they shall, most surely,
'come to 'know 'their utter loss'.
- 15:4 Yet never have We destroyed
any 'ungodly' community, unless and until
it had 'been duly forewarned,
and reached 'a known 'term of judgment
in God's 'decree.
- 15:5 No nation can hasten its 'set' term 'of Judgment'.
Nor can they remain thereafter.
- 15:6 Yet they 'who disbelieve' have said 'to you,
O Prophet:
O you, to whom the 'revealed' Reminder,

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الرَّ ١
تِلْكَ آيَاتُ الْكِتَابِ
وَقَرَأْنِ مِّنْهُ
رُبَّمَا يُوذُّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
لَوْ كَانُوا مُسْلِمِينَ ٢
ذَرَهُمْ يَافِكُوا ٣
وَيَسْتَعِزُّوْنَ بِأَلْمَلِ
فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ٤
وَمَا أَهْلَكْنَا مِن قَبْلِهِ
إِلَّا وَلَهَا كِتَابٌ مَّعْلُومٌ ٥
مَا تَسْبِقُ مِنْ أَمْرِهِ أَجَلُهَا
وَمَا يَسْتَفْخِرُونَ ٦
وَقَالُوا يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِي نُزِّلَ
عَلَيْهِ الذِّكْرُ إِنَّكَ لَمَجْنُونٌ

PART
14
half-part
27/60

سُورَةُ الْحِجْرِ

الجزء الرابع عشر

- ‘this Quran,’ was ‘supposedly’ sent down!
Indeed, you are, most surely, mad!
- 15:7 If only you would come to us
with angels ‘confirming your words’ —
if, indeed, you are one
of the truthful ‘messengers of God.
- 15:8 Tell them God says:
Never do We send messenger-angels
‘to disbelieving nations’,
but with the ‘devastating judgment
for denying’ truth.
Yet, then, they would be given
no respite ‘at all’!
- 15:9 Indeed, it is We ‘alone’
who have sent down the ‘Quran instead
as a revealed’ Reminder ‘to humanity
of the way of God’.
And, indeed,
We ‘alone’ shall ‘forever’ preserve it.
- 15:10 For very truly,
We have sent ‘many messengers’ before you,
‘O Muhammad,’
among the ‘various’ groups of people
of the earliest ‘generations’.
- 15:11 Yet not a messenger came to ‘any of’ them,
but that they made a mockery of him.
- 15:12 Thus shall We, ‘Ourself,’ thrust this ‘message’
into the hearts of ‘all’ the defiant unbelievers
‘to make them accountable’.
- 15:13 They do not believe in this ‘message’,
though the precedents
of ‘how God destroyed’ the early generations
have already passed ‘as examples before them’.
- 15:14 Rather, ‘even’ if We were to open for them
a gate into the heaven ‘above them’,

٧ لَوْ مَا تَأْتِينَا بِالْمَلَكِيَّةِ

٨ إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ

٩ مَا نُنْزِلُ الْمَلَكِيَّةَ

١٠ إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ

وَمَا كَانُوا إِذَا مُنْظَرِينَ

١١ إِنَّا نَحْنُ نَزَّلْنَا الذِّكْرَ

وَأِنَّا لَهُ لَحَافِظُونَ

١٢ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ

فِي شَيْعِ الْأَوَّلِينَ

وَمَا يَأْتِيهِمْ مِنْ رَسُولٍ

إِلَّا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ

١٣ كَذَلِكَ سَلَكْنَاهُ

فِي قُلُوبِ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

١٤ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ

وَقَدْ خَلَّتْ سُنَّةُ الْأَوَّلِينَ

وَلَوْ فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ

بَابًا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ

- and they proceeded to ascend through it,
 15:15 'still,' they would, most surely, say:
 It is but our eyes that have been bedazzled.
 Rather, we are a bewitched people!
 15:16 For very truly,
 We have 'already' set 'grand' constellations
 in the 'nearest' heaven,
 having thus adorned it for all to behold.
 15:17 And 'even' so have We safeguarded it
 from 'the intrusion of' every accursed satan,
 15:18 except for those who seek to listen in stealth—
 and who are then pursued by a manifest flame.
 15:19 And 'as to' the Earth—
 'it is' We 'alone'
 who 'spread it wide' at its surface,
 and cast therein anchoring mountains
 'to balance it as it spins'.
 And 'it is' We 'alone' who 'caused to grow in it'
 of everything 'relating to life'
 in 'a most delicate' balance.
 15:20 And 'it is' We 'alone'
 who 'have made for you therein'
 'prolific' livelihood—
 and for all those, 'as well',
 for whom you 'human beings' do not provide.
 15:21 For there is not a 'single' thing in all existence
 but that its treasures are in Our providence.
 Thus 'it is' We 'alone' who 'send it down'
 'for your benefit',
 in accordance with a known measure,
 'by divine decree'.
 15:22 And 'it is' We 'alone' who 'send forth the winds',
 fecundating 'cloud and earth'—
 whereby We send down from the sky, water;
 and thus do We give it to you to drink.

سُورَةُ الْحِجْرِ

الجزء الرابع عشر

فَظَلُّوا فِيهِ يَعْرُجُونَ
 ١٥ لَقَالُوا إِنَّمَا سُكِّرَتْ أَبْصَارُنَا
 بَلْ نَحْنُ قَوْمٌ مَسْحُورُونَ
 ١٦ وَلَقَدْ جَعَلْنَا
 فِي السَّمَاءِ بُرُوجًا
 وَزَيَّنَّاهَا لِلنَّظِيرِ
 ١٧ وَحَفِظْنَاهَا
 مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْطَانٍ رَجِيمٍ
 ١٨ إِلَّا مَنْ أَسْرَفَ السَّمْعَ
 فَاتَّبَعَهُ شَهَابٌ مُبِينٌ
 ١٩ وَالْأَرْضَ مَدَدْنَاهَا
 وَالْقَيْنَا فِيهَا رُوسِيَ
 وَأَنْبَتْنَا فِيهَا
 مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مَوْزُونٍ
 ٢٠ وَجَعَلْنَا لَكُمْ فِيهَا مَعِيشَ
 وَمَنْ لَكُمْ لَّهُ بَرَزَقِينَ
 ٢١ وَإِنْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
 إِلَّا عِنْدَنَا خَزَائِنُهُ
 وَمَا نُنْزِلُهُ إِلَّا بِقَدَرٍ مَعْلُومٍ
 ٢٢ وَأَرْسَلْنَا الرِّيحَ لَوْفِحَ
 فَأَنْزَلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً

سُورَةُ الْحَجَرِ

الجزء الرابع عشر

- For it is not you 'human beings' that hold its stores.
- 15:23 And, indeed, 'it is' assuredly We 'alone' who 'give life and give death.' And 'it is' We 'alone in eternity' who are the inheritors 'of all creation'.
- 15:24 For ever have We known those of you 'human beings' who have gone ahead 'to the grave'. And ever have We known those of you who shall come after.
- 15:25 And, indeed, it is your Lord 'alone' who shall assemble 'all of them' 'for Judgment in the Hereafter'. For, indeed, He is all-wise, all-knowing.
- 15:26 And very truly, We created man 'out of earth' from a clay of aged, black mud;
- 15:27 while the jinn We created long before from the fire of a smokeless, blowing heat.
- 15:28 And behold! Your Lord said to the angels: Indeed, I will create a human being from a clay of aged, black mud.
- 15:29 So when I have fashioned him and breathed into him of My 'life-giving' spirit, then fall 'to the ground', bowing 'your faces' down to 'receive and honor' him.
- 15:30 So the angels bowed themselves down 'to the ground', all of them together,
- 15:31 except Iblis.
- He refused to be among those who bowed themselves down 'to the ground, to Adam.
- 15:32 God said: O Iblis!
- What is with you that you are not among those

فَأَسْقَيْنَكُمُوهُ
وَمَا أُنْشِئْ لَهُ يَخْرُجِينَ
وَإِنَّا لَنَحْنُ نُحْيِي وَنُمِيتُ
وَنَحْنُ الْوَارِثُونَ
وَلَقَدْ عَلِمْنَا
الْمُتَّقِدِينَ مِنْكُمْ
وَلَقَدْ عَلِمْنَا الْمُسْتَضْرِينَ
وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ بِحُشْرِهِمْ
إِنَّهُ حَكِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ
وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ
مِنْ صَلَاسِلٍ مِنْ حَمَلٍ مَسْنُونٍ
وَالْبَآنَ خَلَقْنَاهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ
مِنْ نَّارِ السَّمُومِ
وَإِذْ قَالَ رَبُّكَ لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ
إِنِّي خَالِقٌ بَشَرًا
مِنْ صَلَاسِلٍ مِنْ حَمَلٍ مَسْنُونٍ
فَإِذَا سَوَّيْتُهُ
وَنَفَخْتُ فِيهِ مِنْ رُوحِي
فَقَعُوا لَهُ سَاجِدِينَ
فَسَجَدَ الْمَلَائِكَةُ
كُلُّهُمْ أَجْمَعُونَ
إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ أَبَى أَنْ يَكُونَ
مَعَ السَّاجِدِينَ
قَالَ يَتْلِيَ

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- who bowed themselves down
to the ground to honor him?
- 15:33 He said:
Never would I bow down
to the ground before a human being
that You have created
from a clay of aged, black mud!
- 15:34 God said: Begone from here!
For, indeed, you are accursed!
- 15:35 Upon you, moreover, is the curse of God
until the Day of Judgment.
- 15:36 He said: My Lord!
Then grant me respite
until the Day they are raised up
in the Hereafter.
- 15:37 God said:
Then you are, indeed, of those granted respite,
only to the Day of Doom,
the moment in time known to Me alone.
- 15:39 He said: My Lord!
Because you have denounced me as astray,
I will make what is evil in the earth
fair-seeming to humankind.
Thus I will, most surely, lead them
to the way of perversity, all together—
except Your true servants among them—
the sincere, elect ones.
- 15:41 God said:
This way—in accordance with Me—
shall be a straight one.
- 15:42 As for My true servants,
you shall have no position
of authority over them—
except for those of the deluded
who follow you—

مَا لَكَ أَلا تَكُونَ
مَعَ السَّاجِدِينَ
قَالَ لَمْ أَكُنْ لَأَسْجُدَ لِبَشَرٍ
خَلَقْتَهُ مِنْ صَلَاصِلٍ
مِنْ حَمَلٍ مَسْنُونٍ
قَالَ فَأَخْرِجْ مِنْهَا
فَإِنَّكَ رَجِيمٌ
وَأِنَّ عَلَيْكَ اللَّعْنَةَ
إِلَى يَوْمِ الدِّينِ
قَالَ رَبِّ فَأَنْظِرْنِي
إِلَى يَوْمِ يَبْعَثُونَ
قَالَ فَإِنَّكَ مِنَ الْمُنْظَرِينَ
إِلَى يَوْمِ الْوَقْتِ الْمَعْلُومِ
قَالَ رَبِّ بِمَا أَغْوَيْتَنِي
لَأُزَيِّنَنَّ لَهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَلَأُغْوِيَنَّهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ
إِلَّا عِبَادَكَ
مِنْهُمْ الْمُخْلِصِينَ
قَالَ هَذَا
صِرَاطٌ عَلَى مُسْتَقِيمٍ
إِنَّ عِبَادِي
لَيْسَ لَكَ عَلَيْهِمْ سُلْطَانٌ

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- 15:43 and 'for whom', indeed,
Hell is, most surely, their promised end—
all together.
- 15:44 'Leading' to it are seven gates.
Thus, designated for each gate
shall be a contingent of them.
- 15:45 As to the God-fearing,
they shall 'forever' be amid
gardens and springs 'in the Hereafter.
- 15:46 They shall be told:—
Enter them, in peace and security.
- 15:47 Moreover, We shall strip away any malice
that is within their breast.
'Thus', as brethren,
they shall be 'reposed' on settees,
'in the Garden of Paradise,' facing one another.
- 15:48 Weariness shall not touch them therein.
And from it, they shall never be expelled.
- 15:49 *Tell My servants, 'O Prophet,'
that, indeed, I am!
I am the All-Forgiving,
the Mercy-Giving—
- 15:50 and that My torment
is, indeed, the most painful torment,
'prepared for the unrepentant'.
- 15:51 Moreover, tell them 'the tiding'
of Abraham's guests.
- 15:52 Behold!
They entered upon him, 'where he dwelled,'
then they said: Peace 'to you!
And to them' he said:
Of you, we are 'alarmed'—indeed, frightened.
- 15:53 They said: Do not be frightened.

إِلَّا مَنْ اتَّبَعَكَ مِنَ الْغَاوِينَ

وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ ۖ

لَمَوْعِدُهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

لَهَا سَبْعَةُ أَبْوَابٍ

لِكُلِّ بَابٍ مِنْهُمْ

جُزْءٌ مَقْسُومٌ

إِلَّا لِلْمُتَّقِينَ

فِي جَنَّاتٍ وَعُيُونٍ

أَدْخُلُوهَا بِسَلَامٍ ءَامِنِينَ

وَنَزَعْنَا مَا فِي صُدُورِهِمْ

مِنْ غِلٍّ إِخْوَانًا

عَلَى سُرُرٍ مُتَقَابِلِينَ

لَا يَسْمَهُمْ فِيهَا نَبَسٌ

وَمَاهُمْ مِنْهَا بِمُخْرَجِينَ

نَبِيٍّ عَبْدِي أَنِّي أَنَا

الْغَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ

وَأَنَّ عَذَابِي

هُوَ الْعَذَابُ الْأَلِيمُ

وَيَذَنَّهُمْ عَنْ صَفِيفٍ إِبْرَاهِيمَ

إِذْ دَخَلُوا عَلَيْهِ فَقَالُوا سَلَامًا

قَالَ إِنَّا مِنْكُمْ وَجِلُونَ

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- Indeed, we are angels
sent to give you glad tidings
of the conception of a boy,
one who shall be endowed
with revealed knowledge from God.
- 15:54 He said:
Do you bring me glad tidings of this,
even when old age
has already overtaken me and my wife?
Of what marvel, then,
do you give me glad tidings?
- 15:55 They said:
We have given you glad tidings in truth.
So do not be despondent
and despair of having a son.
- 15:56 He said:
And who desponds of the mercy of his Lord
but those who are astray?
- 15:57 Abraham said:
Yet what other momentous affair
have you here, O Heavenly messengers?
- 15:58 They said:
We have been sent to destroy
a people who are defiant unbelievers,
except for the family of Lot.
- 15:59 Indeed, we shall, most surely,
deliver them all together—
except his wife.
- 15:60 We have determined
that she is of those who shall linger behind.
- 15:61 So when Our messenger-angels
came to Lot's family in the form of men,
he became distressed and said:
- 15:62 Indeed, you are strangers,
from an unknown people.

- ٥٣ قَالُوا لَا تَوْجَلْ
إِنَّا نُبَشِّرُكَ بِغُلَامٍ عَلِيمٍ
- ٥٤ قَالَ أَبَشِّرْهُنِّي
عَلَىٰ أَن تَسْقِيَ الْكِبَرُ
- فِيمَ تَبْشِرُونَ
- ٥٥ قَالُوا بَشِّرْكَ بِالْحَقِّ
فَلَا تَكُن مِّنَ الْقَنِيطِينَ
- ٥٦ قَالَ وَمَن يَقْنَطُ
مِن رَّحْمَةِ رَبِّهِ
- إِلَّا الْآصَابُ
- ٥٧ قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ
- إِنِّي الْمُرْسَلُونَ
- ٥٨ قَالُوا إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا
إِلَىٰ قَوْمِ ثَجْرِ مِّن
- إِلَّا مَالِ لُوطٍ
- ٥٩ إِنَّا لَمُنْجُوهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ
إِلَّا أَمْرَانَهُ قَدَرْنَا
- ٦٠ إِنِّي لَمِنَ الْغَابِرِينَ
- ٦١ فَلَمَّا جَاءَ
مَالِ لُوطٍ الْمُرْسَلُونَ
- ٦٢ قَالَ إِنَّكُمْ قَوْمٌ مُّنْكَرُونَ

- 15:63 They said:
Indeed, we have come to you
with that judgment
which they who belie you have been doubting.
- 15:64 Thus we have come to you with the truth—
and, indeed, we are, most surely, truthful!
- 15:65 So set out with your family
in the latter part of the night,
and follow behind them.
Yet let none of you look back;
but continue on to where you are commanded.
- 15:66 Thus with utter finality
did We decree to him this matter,
that the very last of these people
shall be cut off by early morning.
- 15:67 Now, the people of the city
came to Lot rejoicing in sin.
- 15:68 He said:
Indeed, these are my guests,
so do not shame me!
- 15:69 Rather, fear God, and do not disgrace me.
- 15:70 They said:
Have we not forbidden you
from granting asylum to anyone
in all the world?
- 15:71 He said:
Here are my daughters, wed them instead,
if you are to act on your desire lawfully.
- 15:72 By your very life, O Prophet,
in their utterly drunken lust,
they did, indeed, wandering blindly!
- 15:73 Then, suddenly,
the deadly blast seized them at sunrise.
- 15:74 Thus We made the land's uppermost
its lowermost.

قَالُوا بَلْ جِنَّاتِكُمْ ١٦٣

بِمَا كَانُوا فِيهِ يَمْشُونَ ١٦٤

وَأَتَيْنَكَ بِالْحَقِّ ١٦٥

وَأَنَا لَصَادِقُونَ ١٦٥

فَأَسْرِ بِأَهْلِكَ ١٦٦

يَقْطَعُ مِنَ اللَّيْلِ ١٦٦

وَاتَّبِعْ أَذْبَرَهُمْ ١٦٦

وَلَا يَلْفُتْ مِنْكُمْ أَحَدٌ ١٦٦

وَأَمَضُوا حَيْثُ تُوْمَرُونَ ١٦٦

وَقَضَيْنَا إِلَيْهِ ذَلِكَ الْأَمَرَ ١٦٦

أَنْتَ دَايِرٌ هُنَا ١٦٦

مَقْطُوعٌ مُصْحِحِينَ ١٦٦

وَجَاءَ أَهْلُ الْمَدِينَةِ ١٦٦

يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ ١٦٦

قَالَ إِنَّ هَؤُلَاءِ ضَيْفِي ١٦٦

فَلَا تَفْضَحُونِ ١٦٦

وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَلَا تُخْزُونِ ١٦٦

قَالُوا أَوْلَمْ نَنْهَكَ ١٦٦

عَنِ الْعَالَمِينَ ١٦٦

قَالَ هَؤُلَاءِ بَنَاتِي ١٦٦

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ فَعِلِينَ ١٦٦

لَعَمْرُكَ إِنَّهُمْ ١٦٦

لَفِي سَكْرَتِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ ١٦٦

فَأَخَذَهُمُ الصَّبْحَةُ مُشْرِقِينَ ١٦٦

فَجَعَلْنَا أَعْلَاهَا سَافِلَهَا ١٦٦

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And We rained down upon them
stones of hardened clay.

15:75 Indeed, in this 'account',
there are sure signs 'of admonition'
for those with probing minds.

15:76 And, indeed, along an 'existing' roadway
'traces of God's judgment against' it,
most surely, remain.

15:77 Indeed, in this,
there is a sure sign 'of admonition'
for 'all' the believers.

15:78 And, indeed,
the Dwellers of 'the Thicket of' Al-Aykah
were, most surely, wrongdoers,
'godless in heart'.

15:79 Thus We took vengeance on them
'for their ungodliness'.
And, indeed, both 'the dwelling places
of Lot's people and Al-Aykah'
are, most surely, 'still' evident
along an open way.

15:80 And very truly,
the Dwellers of the Stone Valley,
'the people of Thamûd',
denied the 'divine mandate
of God's' messengers.

15:81 So We gave them
Our 'miraculous' signs 'as proof'.
But they turned away from them,
15:82 for they used to carve out homes
from the mountains,
'thinking themselves' secure 'in them'.

15:83 Then, suddenly,

وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ
حِجَارَةً مِنْ سِجِّيلٍ
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ ٧٥
لَآيَاتٍ لِّلْمُتَوَسِّمِينَ
وَأَنهَا لِبَسِيلٍ مُّقِيمٍ ٧٦
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٧٧
وَلِإِنْ كَانَ ٧٨
أَصْحَابُ الْأَيْكَةِ لظَالِمِينَ
فَأَنفَقْنَا مِنْهُمْ ٧٩
وَأَنهَذَا لِبَآئِمٍ مُّبِينٍ
وَلَقَدْ كَذَّبَ ٨٠
أَصْحَابُ الْحِجْرِ الْمُرْسَلِينَ
وَأَتَيْنَاهُم بِآيَاتِنَا ٨١
فَكَانُوا عَنْهَا مُعْرِضِينَ
وَكَانُوا يُسْحِتُونَ ٨٢
مِنَ الْجِبَالِ مِيُونًا عَآمِينَ

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- the 'deadly' blast seized them
in the 'early' morning.
- 15:84 Thus, all 'the affluence'
they had earned did not avail them.
- 15:85 'Now,' We have not created the heavens
and the earth, and all that is between them,
but in accordance
with 'the very essence of' all truth.
Thus, indeed, the Hour 'of Doom'
is, most surely, coming.
Therefore, pardon 'obstinacy'
with the fairest pardon, 'O Prophet'.
- 15:86 Indeed, your Lord 'alone'
is the All-Creating, the All-Knowing.
- 15:87 For very truly,
We have granted you, 'O Prophet,
the unrivaled blessing
of seven of the 'most' often repeated
'verses of God, among humankind',
and the magnificent Quran 'as a whole'.
- 15:88 So you shall not extend 'the gaze of' your eyes
toward 'the unbelievers
and' what We have given
any number of them to enjoy 'in this life'.
Nor grieve over them.
But lower your wing 'of compassion'
to the believers,
- 15:89 and say:
Indeed, it is I—
I 'who' am the forewarner
'sent to make the Quran' clear 'to all people'.
- 15:90 So too did We send down 'Our Scripture'
upon those who 'in schism' divided it—
- 15:91 those who 'now seek

فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ ٨٣
الصَّيْحَةُ مُصْبِحِينَ
فَمَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْهُمْ ٨٤
مَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ
وَمَا خَلَقْنَا ٨٥
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ
وَإِنَّ السَّاعَةَ لَآتِيَةٌ
فَأَصْفَحِ الصَّفْحَ الْجَمِيلَ
إِنَّ رَبَّكَ ٨٦
هُوَ الْخَلَّاقُ الْعَلِيمُ
وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَاكَ ٨٧
سَبْعًا مِّنَ الْمَثَانِي
وَالْقُرْآنَ الْعَظِيمَ
لَا تَمْدَنِّ عَيْنُكَ إِلَىٰ مَا ٨٨
مَتَّعْنَا بِهِ أَزْوَاجًا مِنْهُمْ
وَلَا تَحْزَنْ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَأخْفِضْ جَنَاحَكَ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَقُلْ إِنِّي ٨٩
أَنَا النَّذِيرُ الْمُبِينُ
كَمَا أُنزِلْنَا عَلَى الْمُقْسِمِينَ ٩٠

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- to render the Quran into bits.
- 15:92 Yet, by your Lord,
We shall, most surely, question them
in the Hereafter—all of them—
15:93 about whatever 'evil' they used to do in life!
15:94 So proclaim that which
you have been commanded to convey,
and turn away from the idolaters.
- 15:95 For, indeed, We shall suffice you
against all the mockers,
15:96 those who assign along with God any other god.
Yet shall they all come to know
the penalty of unbelief.
- 15:97 And very truly,
We know that your breast is constrained
by what they say.
- 15:98 Yet highly exalt your Lord with all praise.
And be always of those
who bow their faces down to the ground.
- 15:99 And worship your Lord thus—
until the certainty of death comes to you.

١١ الَّذِينَ جَعَلُوا
الْقُرْآنَ عِضِينَ
فَوَرَّيْكَ ١٢
لَسَّانَهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ
عَمَّا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ١٣
فَأَصْدَعْ بِمَا تُؤْمَرُ ١٤
وَأَعْرِضْ عَنِ الْمُشْرِكِينَ
إِنَّا كَفَيْنَاكَ الْمُسْتَهْزِئِينَ ١٥
الَّذِينَ يَجْعَلُونَ مَعَ اللَّهِ ١٦
إِلَهًا آخَرَ
فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ
وَلَقَدْ نَعْلَمُ أَنَّكَ ١٧
يَضِيقُ صَدْرُكَ بِمَا يَقُولُونَ
فَسَبِّحْ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّكَ ١٨
وَكُنْ مِنَ السَّاجِدِينَ
وَأَعْبُدْ رَبَّكَ ١٩
حَتَّىٰ يَأْتِيَكَ الْيَقِينُ

Surah 16 / 128 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Nahl

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 16:1 God's decree 'of Judgment'
will, most surely, come to pass.
So do not seek to hasten it.
Highly exalted is He, and most high,
'far' above all that they associate
as gods 'with Him'.
- 16:2 He 'alone' sends down the angels,
with the 'divine' inspiration of His command,
to whomever He so wills
of His 'chosen' servants, 'saying to them':
You shall forewarn 'the people'
that there is no God but Me.
So fear Me, 'all of you'!
- 16:3 He 'alone' created the heavens and the earth
with 'the very essence of' all truth.
Most high is He
'far' above all that they associate
as gods 'with Him'.
- 16:4 He 'alone'
has created man from a 'mere' sperm-drop.
Then, behold!
He becomes openly contentious
'against his Creator'!

١ أَقْبَأَمْرُ اللَّهِ فَلَا تَسْتَعْجِلُوهُ
سُبْحَنَهُ وَتَعَالَى
عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ

٢ يُنَزِّلُ الْمَلَائِكَةَ
بِالرُّوحِ مِنْ أَمْرِهِ
عَلَى مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ
أَنْ أَنْذِرُوا أَنَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ
إِلَّا أَنَا فَاتَّقُونِ

٣ خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ
وَالْأَرْضَ بِالْحَقِّ
تَعَالَى عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ

٤ خَلَقَ الْإِنْسَانَ
مِنْ نُطْفَةٍ
فَإِذَا هُوَ خَصِيمٌ مُبِينٌ

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- 16:5 And as for cattle of every kind,
He alone has created them for you.
In them are means of warmth for you,
and numerous other benefits.
From them, also, you eat,
- 16:6 while in them, you find glorious beauty
when you drive them home
in the evening to rest
and when you lead them out
in the morning to pasture.
- 16:7 Moreover, they carry your heavy loads to lands
you would never have otherwise reached—
except with much distress to yourselves.
Indeed, your Lord is all-kind, mercy-giving.
- 16:8 Horses, mules, and donkeys
He created, as well, that you may ride them
and as worldly adornment for you.
And, indeed, He alone creates
that of which you do not know.
- 16:9 Thus it is for God, your Creator,
to set the straight path for His seekers;
for some paths are aberrant.
Yet had He so willed, He would, most surely,
have guided all of you, without choice—
- 16:10 just as He alone is the One
who sends down, from the sky, water for you,
from which there is a drink you require,
and from which plants grow,
wherein you must pasture your herds.
- 16:11 Thereby, He alone
causes to grow for you all types of crops—
and olive trees and date palms
and grapevines and fruits of every kind.
Indeed, in all of this there is a sure sign
for a people who would reflect

وَالْأَنْعَمَ خَلَقَهَا ٥
لَكُمْ فِيهَا دِفْءٌ
وَمَنْفَعٌ وَمِنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ
وَلَكُمْ فِيهَا جَمَالٌ ٦
حِينَ تَرْجِعُونَ وَحِينَ تَسْرِعُونَ
وَتَحْمِلُ أَوْفَاقَكُمْ ٧
إِلَى بَلَدٍ لَمْ تَكُونُوا بِلِغِيهِ
إِلَّا شَيْقُ الْأَنْفُسِ
إِنَّ رَبَّكُمْ لَرَوْفٌ رَحِيمٌ
وَالْغِيلَ وَالْغَالِ وَالْحَمِيرَ ٨
لَتَرْكَبُنَّهَا وَزِينَةً
وَيَخْلُقُ مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ
وَعَلَى اللَّهِ قَصْدُ السَّبِيلِ ٩
وَمِنْهَا جَائِرٌ وَلَوْ شَاءَ
لَهَدَّكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ
هُوَ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ ١٠
مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً لَكُمْ
مِنْهُ شَرَابٌ وَمِنْهُ شَجَرٌ
فِيهِ تُسِيمُونَ
يُنْثَبُ لَكُمْ بِهِ الزَّرْعُ ١١
وَالزَّيْتُونُ
وَالنَّخِيلُ وَالْأَعْنَبُ
وَمِنْ كُلِّ الشَّجَرِ
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً
لِقَوْمٍ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ

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- on the diversity of creation
and the Oneness of the Creator`.
- 16:12 Moreover, He `alone` has subjugated for you
the night and the daylight
and the sun and the moon.
And the stars `too` are subjugated `for you`
by His `sole` command.
Indeed, in `all of` this there are sure signs
for a people who would `use their reason`
to `understand`.
- 16:13 Thus, `all creation`
has He `alone` multiplied for you
upon the earth, in varying colors.
Indeed, in `all of` this there is a sure sign
for a people who would remember
`God with reverence`.
- 16:14 And He `alone` is the One
who has subjugated the sea `for you`,
such that from it you may eat tender meat,
and from it you bring forth
ornaments that you wear.
Thus you see the ships
`which you sail` plowing through it,
so that you may seek of His bounty,
and that, `therefore`,
you might give thanks `to God alone`.
- 16:15 Moreover,
He cast into the Earth anchoring mountains
`to balance it`, so that it does not sway
with you `upon it as it spins`;
and `He made` rivers and roadways,
so that you may be guided `therein`.
- 16:16 And `great` landmarks `did He create`
for travel by daylight`.
And by the stars are guided

وَسَخَّرَ لَكُم ۝١٢

الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ

وَالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ

وَالنُّجُومَ مُسَخَّرَاتٍ بِأَمْرِهِ

إِنَّكَ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ

لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ

وَمَا ذَرَأَ لَكُم ۝١٣

فِي الْأَرْضِ مُخْتَلِفًا أَلْوَنًا

إِنَّكَ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةٌ

لِقَوْمٍ يَذْكُرُونَ

وَهُوَ الَّذِي سَخَّرَ ۝١٤

الْبَحْرَ لِنَاسٍ كُلُوا مِنْهُ

لَحْمًا طَرِيًّا وَتَسْتَخْرِجُوا مِنْهُ

حِلْيَةً تَلْبَسُونَهَا

وَتَرَى الْفُلْكَ

مَوَازِيرَ فِيهِ

وَلِتَبْتَغُوا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ

وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

وَالْقَىٰ فِي الْأَرْضِ رَوًى ۝١٥

أَنْ نَّمِيدَ بِكُمْ وَنَنْهَزَا

وَسُبُلًا لَّعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ

وَعَلَّمَنَّا ۝١٦

وَبِالنَّجْمِ هُمْ يَهْتَدُونَ

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- those who journey by night.
 16:17 Is He, then, who creates
 like one who does not create?
 Will you not, then, become mindful
 of your Creator?
 16:18 Thus were you to endeavor
 to count the blessings of God,
 never could you enumerate them.
 Indeed, God alone is, most surely,
 all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
 16:19 Thus God knows well
 all that you conceal and all that you reveal.
 16:20 Yet those whom they call upon
 in worship apart from God
 do not create anything;
 rather, they are themselves created.
 16:21 They are dead, not alive.
 Nor are they even aware
 of when they themselves
 shall be raised up in the Hereafter.
 16:22 Your God is only One God.
 Therefore, those who do not believe
 in the Hereafter,
 their hearts are merely in utter denial,
 for they are arrogant.
 16:23 Without doubt,
 God knows well all that they conceal
 and all that they reveal.
 Indeed, He does not love those
 who are arrogant.
 16:24 For when it is said to them:
 What did your Lord send down in this Quran?
 They say: Tales of the ancients!
 16:25 Thus, shall they bear their own

١٧ أَفَمَن يَخْلُقُ كَمَن لَا يَخْلُقُ
 أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ
 ١٨ وَإِن تَعُدُّوا نِعْمَةَ اللَّهِ
 لَا تُحْصَوْهَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ
 لَعَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ
 ١٩ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تُسْرُوتُ
 وَمَا تُعْلِنُونَ
 ٢٠ وَالَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ
 لَا يَخْلُقُونَ شَيْئًا
 وَهُمْ يُخْلَقُونَ
 ٢١ أَمْوَنٌ مِّنْ حَيَاةٍ
 وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ أَيَّانَ يُبْعَثُونَ
 ٢٢ إِلَهُكُمْ إِلَهُ وَحِدٌ
 فَالَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ
 قُلُوبُهُم مَُّنكِرَةٌ
 وَهُمْ مُسْتَكْبِرُونَ
 ٢٣ لَا جَرَمَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ
 مَا يُسْرُوتُ وَمَا يُعْلِنُونَ
 إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُسْتَكْبِرِينَ
 ٢٤ وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ
 مَاذَا أُنْزِلَ فِيكُمْ قَالُوا
 أَسْطِيزُ الْأَوَّلِينَ
 ٢٥ لِيَحْمِلُوا أَوْزَارَهُمْ كَامِلَةً

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الْحَجَرُ الرَّابِعُ عَشَرَ

- 'evil' burdens in full
 on the Day of Resurrection,
 as well as 'a portion' of the burdens 'of sin'
 of those whom they led astray 'in life',
 for they misled them
 without 'revealed' knowledge.
 Most assuredly, evil is the load they shall bear!
 16:26 Truly, those 'who disbelieved' before them
 'also' schemed 'against their messengers'.
 But God brought down their building
 from their 'very' foundations.
 Then from above them
 the roof fell down upon them.
 Thus the torment came upon them
 from where they did not perceive 'it'.
 16:27 Then on the Day of Resurrection,
 He will disgrace them, for He will say:
 Where, 'now', are My associate-gods,
 for whose sake you have fiercely opposed
 'the believers'?
 Those who had been given
 'revealed' knowledge 'in life' will say:
 Indeed, this Day disgrace and evil
 shall be 'heaped' upon the disbelievers.
 16:28 Those whose souls the angels take 'in death',
 while they are still wronging themselves
 'with unbelief',
 will 'seek' then to 'offer full submission, 'saying':
 'We were not doing any evil!
 'The angels will say to them:
 Yes, indeed, 'you were'!
 Indeed, God is all-knowing
 of all 'the evil' that you were doing.
 16:29 So enter the gates of Hell,
 wherein you shall abide forever—

يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ وَمِنْ أَوْزَارِ
 الَّذِينَ يُضِلُّونَهُمْ
 بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ
 أَلَا سَاءَ مَا يَزُرُونَ
 قَدْ مَكَرَ
 الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
 فَأَفْكَ اللَّهُ بَيْنَهُمْ
 مِنْ أَلْقَاؤِهِمْ
 فَخَرَّ عَلَيْهِمُ السَّقْفُ
 مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ
 وَأَتَاهُمُ الْعَذَابُ
 مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ
 ثُمَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ يُخْزِيهِمْ
 وَيَقُولُ أَيْنَ شُرَكَاءُكَ
 الَّذِينَ كُنْتُمْ تُشْفِقُونَ فِيهِمْ
 قَالَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ
 إِنَّ الْخِزْيَ الْيَوْمَ وَالسُّوءَ
 عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ
 الَّذِينَ تَوَفَّيْنَاهُمُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ
 طَالِمِ أَنْفُسِهِمْ
 قَالُوا أَلَسْنَا
 مَا كُنَّا نَعْمَلُ مِنْ سُوءٍ
 بَلَى إِنْ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ
 بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ
 فَأَدْخِلُوا أَبْوَابَ جَهَنَّمَ
 خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا

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and a most woeful dwelling it is for the arrogant!

- 16:30 *Now, 'whenever' it is said
to those who are God-fearing:
What has your Lord sent down 'in the Quran'?
They say: All 'that is' good!
'So' for those who do good in this world,
there shall be 'great' goodness 'in life'.
And, most surely, the abode of the Hereafter
is far better 'still'—
for most excellent, indeed,
is the abode of the God-fearing!
- 16:31 Gardens everlasting shall they enter,
beneath which rivers flow.
They shall have therein whatever they wish.
Thus does God reward the God-fearing.
- 16:32 Those whose souls the angels take 'in death'
while they are good and virtuous,
they shall say 'to them': Peace be upon you!
Enter the Garden 'of Paradise'
for all 'the good'
that you have been doing 'in the world.
- 16:33 Then 'do those 'who disbelieve'
await anything other than for the angels
to come to them 'with death',
or for the command of your Lord
to come 'with their doom'?
That is just what those
'disbelieving generations' before them did.
Thus God did not wrong them
'in punishing them'.
But, rather, it was their own souls
they were 'all the while' wronging
'with ungodliness'.

فَلَيْسَ مَوْنَى الْمُتَكَبِّرِينَ
وَقِيلَ لِلَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا
مَآذَا أَنْزَلَ رَبُّكُمْ قَالُوا
خَيْرٌ لِلَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُوا
فِي هَذِهِ الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةٌ
وَلَدَارُ الْآخِرَةِ خَيْرٌ
وَلَنَعَم دَارُ الْمُتَّقِينَ
جَنَّاتٌ عَدْنٍ يَدْخُلُونَهَا
يَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
لَهُمْ فِيهَا مَا يَشَاءُونَ
كَذَلِكَ يَجْزِي اللَّهُ الْمُتَّقِينَ
الَّذِينَ تَوْفَّاهُمُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ
طَيِّبِينَ يَقُولُونَ سَلَامٌ
عَلَيْكُمْ ادْخُلُوا الْجَنَّةَ
بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ
هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا أَنْ
تَأْتِيَهُمُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ
أَوْ يَأْتِيَ أَمْرُ رَبِّكَ كَذَلِكَ
فَعَلَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
وَمَا ظَلَمَهُمُ اللَّهُ
وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا
أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ

٣٠

٣١

٣٢

٣٣

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- 16:34 Thus the evil consequence
of all that they themselves had done in life
shall have struck them in the Hereafter.
For the very punishment
at which they used to mock
shall havewhelmed them from every side.
- 16:35 Yet those who associate gods with God say:
Had God so willed
we would not have worshipped anything
apart from Him,
neither we nor our forefathers.
Nor would we have made anything unlawful
without authority from Him.
That is just what those disbelieving generations
before them did argue as well—
contrary to Our revealed guidance.
Should the messengers, then,
be obliged by God with more
than the clear conveyance of His message?
- 16:36 Indeed, We have sent forth
among every community a messenger
with the commandment:
You shall worship God alone
and shun all false deities
and objects of worship!
So among them were those people
whom God guided aright.
And among them were those
who persistently rejected guidance.
Thus they deservedly remained astray.
So journey in the earth,
and see how devastating was the end
of those who belied God!
- 16:37 Therefore, even if you, O Prophet,
are profoundly eager for their guidance,
know that God shall not guide

فَأَصَابَهُمْ سَيِّئَاتُ مَا عَمِلُوا ﴿٣٤﴾
وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ
مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ
وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا ﴿٣٥﴾
لَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا عَبَدْنَا
مِنْ دُونِهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
نَحْنُ وَلَا آبَاؤُنَا وَلَا حَرَمْنَا
مِنْ دُونِهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ كَذَلِكَ
فَعَلَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
فَهَلْ عَلَى الرَّسُولِ
إِلَّا الْبَلَاغُ الْمُبِينُ
وَلَقَدْ بَعَثْنَا ﴿٣٦﴾
فِي كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ رَسُولًا
أَنِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ
وَاجْتَنِبُوا الطَّاغُوتَ
فَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ هَدَى اللَّهُ
وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ حَقَّتْ عَلَيْهِ
الضَّلَالَةُ فَسَبُّوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَانظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ
عَاقِبَةُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ
إِنْ تَحْرِصْ عَلَى هُدَاهُمْ
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي مَنْ يُضِلُّ ﴿٣٧﴾

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- those 'partisan unbelievers'
whom He leaves to stray.
Thus for them, there shall not be any helpers
'against God's punishment'.
16:38 Moreover, they 'who disbelieve'
have sworn by God,
with the utmost of their vows,
that God will not raise to life anyone who dies.
Yes, indeed, 'He will'!
It is a true promise incumbent upon Him,
though most people do not know 'it—
16:39 wherefore He shall resurrect all people'
to make evident to them
'the reality of the Afterlife',
which they 'now' dispute;
and that those who disbelieve
will 'plainly' know
that they, indeed, were 'ever' liars.
16:40 Our only word to anything
when We intend 'for it to exist'
is but to say to it: Be! And so it is.
16:41 'Now', as to those who emigrated
in 'the cause of' God,
after they had been wronged,
We shall, most surely, settle them
in an excellent abode in this world;
and, most surely, the reward of the Hereafter
is 'far' greater 'still', if only they knew.
16:42 It is these who have endured 'life's trials'
with patience,
and upon their Lord 'alone' do they rely.
16:43 Moreover, We have not sent 'any messengers'
to the generations
before you, 'O Prophet,'
but 'mere mortal' men,

وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرِينَ

وَأَقْسَمُوا بِاللَّهِ ٢٨

جَهْدَ أَيْمَانِهِمْ

لَا يَبْعَثُ اللَّهُ مَنْ يَمُوتُ

بَلَىٰ وَوَعْدًا عَلَيَّ حَقًّا

وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ

لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

إِنَّمَا لَهُمْ ٢٩

الَّذِي يَخْتَلِفُونَ فِيهِ

وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

أَنَّهُمْ كَانُوا كَاذِبِينَ

إِنَّمَا قَوْلُنَا لِشَيْءٍ إِذَا أَرَدْنَاهُ ٣٠

أَن نَقُولَ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ

وَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوا فِي اللَّهِ ٣١

مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا ظَلَمُوا

لَنُثَوِّقَنَّهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً

وَلَا نُجْزِيَ الْآخِرَةَ أَكْبَرُ

لَوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ

الَّذِينَ صَبَرُوا ٣٢

وَعَلَىٰ رِزْقِهِمْ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ

وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ ٣٣

إِلَّا رِجَالًا

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- to whom We gave revelation.
 So if you 'who disbelieve' do not know 'this',
 then ask the People of the 'revealed' Reminder,
 'who know the Heavenly Scriptures'.
- 16:44 With clear 'and miraculous' proofs 'from God'
 and 'revealed' Writs 'did He send them'.
 Thus to you, 'O Prophet',
 We have sent down the 'Quran'
 as a final 'Reminder' of God's way',
 so that you may make clear to all people
 'the word of God' that has come down to them,
 and so that they may reflect 'on it
 and be guided'.
- 16:45 Then do those who devise evil schemes
 'against the believers' feel secure
 that God 'will not' cause
 the earth to sink under them,
 or that the torment 'of God'
 will not 'come upon them'
 from where they cannot perceive 'it'?
- 16:46 Or 'do they feel secure'
 that He 'will not' seize them, suddenly,
 'with a punishment'
 while they are going to and fro 'in the earth'?
 And in no way could they elude
 'the judgment of the Almighty'.
- 16:47 Or 'do they feel secure'
 that He 'will not' gradually overtake them,
 'until they are' in the 'very' midst
 of 'some' terror?
 Yet, indeed, your Lord
 is, most surely, all-kind, mercy-giving.
- 16:48 Have they not looked upon
 all the things that God has created,
 whose very shadows incline

نُوحِيَ إِلَيْهِمْ

فَسْأَلُوا أَهْلَ الذِّكْرِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

يَا لَيْسَنَّا وَالزَّيُّرُ

وَأَنْزَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ الذِّكْرَ

لِتُبَيِّنَ لِلنَّاسِ

مَا نُزِّلَ إِلَيْهِمْ

وَلَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ

أَفَأَمِنَ الَّذِينَ

مَكَرُوا السَّيِّئَاتِ

أَنْ يَخْصِفَ اللَّهُ بِهِمُ الْأَرْضَ

أَوْ يَأْتِيَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ

مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ

أَوْ يَأْخُذَهُمْ فِي تَقْلُيبِهِمْ

فَمَا هُمْ بِمُعْجِزِينَ

أَوْ يَأْخُذُهُمْ عَلَى تَخَوُّفٍ

فَإِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ لَرَّءُوفٌ رَحِيمٌ

أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا

إِلَى مَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ

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to the right and to the left,
bowing their faces down to the ground
before God in a state of utter humility?

- 16:49 For to God bows down
all that is in the heavens,
and all that is in the earth
of every kind of beast that treads it —
as do the angels—
and they do not grow arrogant before Him .
- 16:50 They fear their Lord up above them.
And they do whatever they are commanded. ﴿٤٩﴾
- 16:51 *For God has said to His servants :
You shall not ever take for yourselves
even two gods!
For He is but One God.
Thus it is Me alone you shall hold in awe!
- 16:52 For to Him alone
belongs all that is in the heavens and the earth.
Thus to Him alone belongs the sole right
of steadfast devotion in religion.
Is it, then, other than God
that you human beings shall fear—
- 16:53 though you have not even a single blessing,
but that it is from God alone;
and whereupon should harm touch you,
then it is only to Him that you groan?
- 16:54 Then when He removes the harm from you,
at once, a group of you associate gods
with their Lord—
- 16:55 to show their ingratitude
for all the good that We have given them!
So enjoy yourselves a little while ,
for, assuredly, you shall know
the recompense of the ungodly !
- 16:56 Yet even still, they assign offerings—
out of a portion of the blessings

يَنْفِقُونَ ظُلُمًا
عَنِ الْيَمِينِ وَالشَّمَائِلِ
سُجَّدًا لِلَّهِ وَهُمْ ذَاخِرُونَ ﴿٤٩﴾
وَاللَّهُ يَسْجُدُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ مِنْ دَابَّةٍ
وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ
وَهُمْ لَا يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ
يَخَافُونَ رَبَّهُمْ مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ
وَيَفْعَلُونَ مَا يُؤْمَرُونَ ﴿٥٠﴾
﴿٥١﴾ وَقَالَ اللَّهُ
لَا تَتَّخِذُوا إِلَهَيْنِ اثْنَيْنِ
إِنَّمَا هُوَ إِلَهُ وَاحِدٌ
فَإِنِّي فَارِهِبُونَ
﴿٥٢﴾ وَلَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَلَهُ الَّذِينَ وَاصِبًا
أَفَغَيْرَ اللَّهِ تَتَّقُونَ ﴿٥٣﴾
﴿٥٤﴾ وَمَا يَكُم مِّنْ تَعْلَمٍ فَمِنَ اللَّهِ
ثُمَّ إِذَا مَسَّكُمُ الضُّرُّ
فَإِلَيْهِ يَجْتَرُونَ
ثُمَّ إِذَا كُشِفَ الضُّرُّ عَنْكُمْ
إِذَا فَرِيقٌ مِّنْكُمْ بِرَبِّهِمْ يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿٥٥﴾
لِيَكْفُرُوا بِمَا آتَيْنَاهُمْ
فَتَسْمَعُوا فَمَا تَعْلَمُونَ
وَيَجْعَلُونَ لِمَا لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
نَصِيبًا مِّمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ ﴿٥٦﴾

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- that We 'alone' have provided them—
to 'idols' that do not know 'anything'.
By God!
You shall, most surely, be questioned
in the Hereafter
about these 'lies' you have forged.
- 16:57 And 'as to the Arab idolaters,'
they ascribe daughters to God—
highly exalted is He 'above this'!—
while for themselves
'sons' are all that they 'truly' desire!
- 16:58 Thus, whenever any of them
is given the glad tidings of a female 'child',
his very face grows dark,
for he is filled with suppressed rage.
- 16:59 He hides himself from the people
because of the bad tidings that he was given.
Should he keep it, with disgrace,
or bury it 'alive' in the dust?
Most assuredly, so very grievous
is the judgment they make!
- 16:60 Then how evil an attribution
those who do not believe in the Hereafter
'make to God'!
Yet to God 'alone'
belongs the most transcendent attribute.
For He 'alone'
is the Overpowering 'One', the All-Wise.
- 16:61 Thus were God to hold people accountable
'in this world',
in accordance with their wrongdoing,
He would not leave on the surface 'of the earth'
a single living creature.
However, He defers them
to a stated term 'for reckoning,
known only to Him'.

تَاللَّهِ لَنَسْتَأَنَّ

عَمَّا كُنتُمْ تَقْتَرُونَ

وَيَجْعَلُونَ لِلَّهِ الْبَنَاتِ ٥٧

سُبْحَنَهُ وَلَهُمْ مَا يَشْتَهُونَ

وَإِذَا بُشِّرَ أَحَدُهُم بِالْأُنثَى ٥٨

ظَلَّ وَجْهَهُ مُسْوَدًّا

وَهُوَ كَاطِمٌ

يَتَوَرَّى مِنَ الْقَوْمِ ٥٩

مِنْ سُوءِ مَا بُشِّرَ بِهِ

أَتَمْسِكُهُ عَلَى هُونٍ

أَمْ يَدُسُّهُ فِي التُّرَابِ

أَلَا سَاءَ مَا يَحْكُمُونَ

لِلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ ٦٠

مِثْلُ السُّوءِ

وَلِلَّهِ الْمِثْلُ الْأَعْلَى

وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

وَلَوْ يَوَازِئُ اللَّهَ ٦١

النَّاسَ يَظْلِمُهُمْ

مَا تَرَكَ عَلَيْهَا مِنْ دَابَّةٍ

وَلَكِنْ يُؤْخِرُهُمْ

إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى

But when their term comes 'due',
they shall not tarry 'for' even an hour;
nor shall they go in advance 'of their time'.

- 16:62 And 'thus do' they ascribe to God
what they 'utterly' detest 'for themselves'—
even as their tongues represent the lie
that awaiting them 'in the Hereafter'
is great goodness.
Without doubt,
for them the Fire 'of Hell' awaits.
And, most surely,
they shall be hastened 'into it at once'.

- 16:63 By God!
Very truly, We have sent 'revealed guidance'
to communities before you.
Yet Satan made
all 'the evil' that they were doing
fair-seeming to them—
and he is their patron 'in unbelief',
enticing them to false worship
until 'this very day'.
But for 'all of' them,
there is a most painful torment 'awaiting
in the Hereafter'.

- 16:64 And so it is, 'O Prophet',
that We have sent down the 'Quran',
as a Heavenly 'Book to you',
specifically to make clear to them
'the imperatives of faith',
about which they dispute.
Thus it is, indeed, a guidance 'to salvation',
and a mercy for 'the well-being'
of a people who believe 'in divine revelation—
16:65 just as 'it is God 'alone' who sends down,
from the sky, water,

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فَإِذَا جَاءَ أَجَلُهُمْ
لَا يَسْتَفْخِرُونَ سَاعَةً
وَلَا يَسْتَفِيدُونَ
وَيَجْعَلُونَ لِلَّهِ
مَا يَكْرَهُونَ
وَنَصِفُ أَلْسِنَتَهُمُ الْكَذِبَ
أَنَّهُمْ لَمُسْقُونَ
لَا جَرَمَ أَنَّهُمُ النَّارُ
وَأَنَّهُمْ مُّفْرَطُونَ
تَاللَّهِ لَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَىٰ
أُمَمٍ مِّن قَبْلِكَ فَرَيْنَ لَهُمْ
الشَّيْطَانُ أَعْمَالَهُمْ
فَهُوَ وَلِيُّهُمْ يَوْمَ
وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
وَمَا أُنْزِلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ
إِلَّا لِتُبَيِّنَ لَهُمُ
الَّذِي اخْتَلَفُوا فِيهِ
وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً
لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ
وَاللَّهُ أَنْزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً

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with which He gives life to the earth
after its death.
Indeed, in 'all of' this there is a sure sign
for a people who would hear and give ear.

- 16:66 O people!
In cattle of every kind
there is, indeed, a sure lesson for you.
We give you to drink
of what is within their bellies—
'produced' alongside excretion and blood—
a pure milk,
'pleasingly' palatable to those who drink it.
- 16:67 And you drink, as well,
of the fruit of date palms and grapevines,
from which you make an intoxicating beverage
as well as wholesome provision.
Indeed, in 'all of' this there is a sure sign
for a people who would 'use their reason
to' understand.
- 16:68 Moreover, your Lord has revealed to the bees:
Take dwellings for yourselves
in the mountains and in the trees,
and in 'the hives'
that 'people' construct for you.
- 16:69 Then eat of every fruit 'you desire',
and go through the pathways of your Lord,
made easy for you.
There issues from their insides
a 'sweet' fluid, its colors varying,
in which there is healing for people.
Indeed, in 'all of' this there is a sure sign
for a people who would reflect
'on the wonder of creation'.

16:70 Thus it is God 'alone'

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فَأَحْيَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا^{٦٦}
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً^{٦٦}
لِّقَوْمٍ يَسْمَعُونَ^{٦٦}
وَلَكُمْ فِي الْأَنْعَامِ لَعِبَةٌ^{٦٦}
تَشْفِيكُمْ مِمَّا فِي بُطُونِهِ^{٦٦}
مِنْ بَيْنِ فَرْثٍ وَدَمٍ لَبَنًا خَالِصًا^{٦٦}
سَائِغًا لِلشَّارِبِينَ^{٦٦}
وَمِنْ ثَمَرَاتِ النَّخِيلِ^{٦٦}
وَالْأَعْنَابِ تَنْتَجِدُونَ مِنْهُ^{٦٦}
سَكْرًا وَرِزْقًا حَسَنًا^{٦٦}
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً لِّقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ^{٦٦}
وَأَوْحَىٰ رَبُّكَ إِلَى النَّحْلِ^{٦٦}
أَنِ اتَّخِذِي مِنَ الْجِبَالِ بُيُوتًا^{٦٦}
وَمِنَ الشَّجَرِ وَمِمَّا يَعْرِشُونَ^{٦٦}
ثُمَّ كُلِي مِنْ كُلِّ الثَّمَرَاتِ^{٦٦}
فَأَسْلِكِي سُبُلَ رَبِّكِ ذُلُلًا^{٦٦}
يَخْرُجُ مِنْ بُطُونِهَا^{٦٦}
شَرَابٌ مُخْتَلِفٌ أَلْوَانُهُ^{٦٦}
فِيهِ شِفَاءٌ لِلنَّاسِ^{٦٦}
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً^{٦٦}
لِّقَوْمٍ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ^{٦٦}
وَاللَّهُ خَلَقَكُمْ^{٦٦}

who has created 'all of' you.
Then 'in time' He takes your souls.
Yet some of you are reduced 'by old age'
to the most abject state of life 'before death',
such that one, after having had knowledge,
will not know anything.

Indeed, God is all-knowing, all-powerful.

16:71 'Now', God has favored some of you
above others in 'abundance of' provision.
Yet those 'so' favored would never 'think
to' hand over 'all' their own provision
to 'bondservants' they rightfully possess,
so that all 'of them'
might become equal 'partners' therein.

How could they, then,
'assume to ascribe partners as equals to God,
and thereby deny

God's own blessings 'upon them'?

16:72 Yet it is God 'alone' who has made for you
from among yourselves pairs, 'male and female'.
And He has made for you from your mates
children and grandchildren.

He has provided you, moreover,
with all that is wholesome 'in life'.

Then is it in falsehood they shall believe,
while in the blessings of God they disbelieve?

16:73 For they worship apart from God
what holds not even a 'drop or grain
of' provision for them
in all the heavens and the earth—
and what are utterly unable
'to provide even for themselves'.

16:74 So do not set forth any likeness to God.

Indeed, God knows, and you do not know.

16:75 *God sets forth this parable:

There is a slave 'in bondage'

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مُرِنُوقَكُمْ
وَمِنْكُمْ مَنْ يُرَدُّ إِلَىٰ أَزْهَلِ الْعُمُرِ
لِكَيْ لَا يَعْلَمَ بَعْدَ عِلْمٍ شَيْئًا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ قَدِيرٌ
وَاللَّهُ فَضْلٌ بَعْضُكُمْ
عَلَىٰ بَعْضٍ فِي الرِّزْقِ
فَمَا الَّذِينَ فَضَّلُوا
بِرَأْيِ رِزْقِهِمْ
عَلَىٰ مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُهُمْ
فَهُمْ فِيهِ سَوَاءٌ
أَفَنِعْمَةِ اللَّهِ يَجْحَدُونَ
وَاللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ
مِنْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَزْوَاجًا
وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ
مِنْ أَزْوَاجِكُمْ
بَنِينَ وَحَفَدَةً
وَرَزَقَكُمْ مِنَ الطَّيِّبَاتِ
أَفَبِالْبَاطِلِ يُؤْمِنُونَ
وَيَنْعَمَتِ اللَّهُ هُمْ يَكْفُرُونَ
وَيَعْبُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
مَا لَا يَمْلِكُ لَهُمْ رِزْقًا
مِنَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
شَيْئًا وَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ
فَلَا تَضُرُّوهُ اللَّهُ الْأَمْثَالُ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ
ضَرَبَ اللَّهُ مَثَلًا عَبْدًا
مَمْلُوكًا لَا يَقْدِرُ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ

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who has no power over anything,
and another 'who is free',
whom We have provided
with a goodly provision from Us,
such that he spends 'charitably' from it
in private and in public.

Are they equal 'in worldly status'?

All praise is for God 'alone',
but most of them 'are disbelievers
and 'do not know 'God'.

16:76 God sets forth another parable of two men:

One of them is mute, incapable of anything.
Moreover, he is an utter burden on his guardian;
for wherever he directs him, he brings no good.
Is he equal to one who bids to justice,
while he himself is 'guided'
upon a straight way 'of salvation'?

16:77 Indeed, to God 'alone' belongs 'the knowledge
of all 'the unseen 'realities'
of the heavens and the earth.

Thus the matter of the Hour 'of Doom'
is never 'farther off'

than the twinkling of an eye—or nearer still!
For, indeed, God is powerful over all things.

16:78 Moreover, it is God 'alone'

who has brought you forth
from the bellies of your mothers
knowing nothing 'at all'.

Yet He made for you 'the faculties of'
hearing, and sight, and hearts 'that comprehend',
so that you may 'learn and 'give thanks.

16:79 Do they 'who deny God'

not look upon the flying birds—
'made to' master 'flying' in the air of the sky?
None holds them aloft but God.

Indeed, in 'all of' this there are sure signs

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وَمَنْ رَزَقْنَاهُ مِمَّا رَزَقْنَا حَسَنًا
فَهُوَ يَنْفِقُ مِنْهُ سِرًّا وَجَهْرًا
هَلْ يَسْتَوِيانِ ۚ اَلْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ
بَلْ اَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

وَضَرَبَ اللّٰهُ مَثَلًا رَّجُلَيْنِ

اَحَدُهُمَا اَبْكُمُ

لَا يَقْدِرُ عَلَى شَيْءٍ

وَهُوَ كَلٌّ عَلَى مَوْلَاهُ

اَيْنَمَا يُوْجِّهْهُ لَا يَنْتَجِئُ خَيْرًا

هَلْ يَسْتَوِي هُوَ

وَمَنْ يَأْمُرُ بِالْعَدْلِ

وَهُوَ عَلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

وَلِلّٰهِ غَيْبٌ

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْاَرْضِ

وَمَا اَمْرُ السَّاعَةِ اِلَّا

كَلَمْحِ الْبَصَرِ اَوْ هُوَ اَقْرَبُ

اِنَّكَ اِلٰهٌ

عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

وَاللّٰهُ اَخْرَجَكُمْ

مِنْ بُطُونِ اُمَّهَاتِكُمْ

لَا تَعْلَمُونَ شَيْئًا

وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ السَّمْعَ

وَالْاَبْصَرَ وَالْاَفْئِدَةَ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

اَلَمْ يَرْوُا اِلَى الطَّيْرِ

مُسَخَّرَاتٍ فِيْ جَوِّ السَّمَاءِ

مَا يُمْسِكُهُنَّ اِلَّا اللّٰهُ

اِنَّ فِيْ ذٰلِكَ لَاٰيَاتٍ

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of God's omnipotence
for a people who believe.

- 16:80 Moreover, it is God alone who has enabled you to make for yourselves houses as places of rest and residence. And He has enabled you to make for yourselves tents from the hides of cattle, which you find light to carry on your day of journeying and on the day you encamp. And for you in cattle, in their wool, fur, and hair, are manifold furnishings and utility, for a preordained time.

- 16:81 Moreover, it is God alone who provides shade for you, out of that which He has created. And He has made for you places of refuge in the mountains. And He has made for you garments that shield you from heat and the elements, as well as armored garments that shield you from harm in your battles. And so it is that He perfects His blessings upon you, so that you may submit yourselves to Him alone in worship.

- 16:82 Yet if they turn away from this message, then what is incumbent upon you, O Prophet, is only the clear conveyance of God's word.

- 16:83 They well recognize the blessing of God. Then they thanklessly belie it by turning to false gods, for most of them are disbelievers.

- 16:84 Yet on the Day Hereafter—

لَقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ
وَاللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُم
مِنْ بُيُوتِكُمْ سَكَنًا وَجَعَلَ
لَكُمْ مِنْ جُلُودِ الْأَنْعَامِ بُيُوتًا
تَسْتَخِفُّونَهَا يَوْمَ ظَعْنِكُمْ
وَيَوْمَ إِقَامَتِكُمْ
وَمِنْ أَصْوَادِهَا وَأَوْبَارِهَا
وَأَشْعَارِهَا أَثْنَا
وَمِئَةً إِلَى جِوِينَ
وَاللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُم
مِمَّا خَلَقَ ظِلَالًا
وَجَعَلَ لَكُم
مِنْ الْجِبَالِ أَسْنَنًا
وَجَعَلَ لَكُم
سَرَابِيلَ تَقِيكُمُ الْحَرَّ
وَسَرَابِيلَ تَقِيكُمُ بَاسَكُمْ
كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ نِعْمَتَهُ عَلَيْكُمْ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ
فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا
فَأِنَّمَا عَلَيْكَ الْبَلْغُ الْمُبِينُ
يَعْرِفُونَ نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ
ثُمَّ يَنْكُرُونَهَا
وَأَكْثَرُهُمُ الْكَافِرُونَ
وَيَوْمَ نَبْعَثُ

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٨٢

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٨٤

when We raise up
from every community its messenger
as a witness testifying
to its faith or faithlessness —
there will be no permission given
for the disbelievers to speak.
Nor will they then be allowed
to propitiate the wrath of God
for their ungodliness.

16:85 And when at last the godless wrongdoers
see the torment of Hell, then will they realize
that it shall never be lightened for them,
nor shall they be reprieved.

16:86 Moreover, when those who associated gods
with God in the world
see their associate-gods on Judgment Day,
they will say: Our Lord!

These are our associate-gods
that we used to call upon apart from You.
Then their alleged gods
will cast their word back upon them, saying:
Indeed, you are, most surely, liars!

16:87 Thus they who in their lifetimes disbelieved
will proffer to God, on that Day,
full submission.

For all the false gods that they used to forge
shall have strayed from them.

16:88 So as to those who disbelieve
and bar people from the path of God,
We shall increase them on that Day
with punishment, for their obstruction,
on top of punishment, for their unbelief,
for all the corruption
they have been spreading in the earth.

16:89 Thus on Judgment Day, We shall raise up
from within every community—

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مِنْ كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ شَهِيدًا ثُمَّ
لَا يُؤْذَنُ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
وَلَا هُمْ يُسْتَعْتَبُونَ

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وَإِذَا رَأَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا
الْعَذَابَ فَلَا يُخَفِّفُ عَنْهُمْ
وَلَا هُمْ يُنظَرُونَ

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وَإِذَا رَأَى الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا
شُرَكَاءَهُمْ قَالُوا

رَبَّنَا هَؤُلَاءِ شُرَكَائُنَا
الَّذِينَ كُنَّا نَدْعُوا مِنْ دُونِكَ

فَأَلْقُوا إِلَيْهِمُ الْقَوْلَ
إِنَّكُمْ لَكَذِبُونَ

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وَأَلْقُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ يَوْمَئِذٍ
الْسَّلَامَ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ

مَا كَانُوا يَفْتَرُونَ
الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

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وَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
يَذَنَّبُهُمْ عَذَابًا فَوْقَ الْعَذَابِ

يَمَّا كَانُوا يَقْسِدُونَ
وَيَوْمَ نَبْعَثُ فِي كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ

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شَهِيدًا عَلَيْهِمْ مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ

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from amongst themselves—
 a prophet in witness against them.
 And We shall bring you, O Prophet,
 as a witness over all of these people.
 For We have sent down to you
 the Quran as a revealed Book,
 to make all things that God
 has enjoined and forbidden clear—
 and as divine guidance to salvation
 for all people;
 and as a way to God's mercy for the believers;
 and thus it is a glad tidings
 of everlasting delight near their Lord
 for all those who are muslims,
 in willing submission to God alone.

وَجِئْنَا بِكَ
 شَهِيدًا عَلَى هَؤُلَاءِ
 وَنَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ
 تِبْيَانًا لِّكُلِّ شَيْءٍ
 وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً
 وَبُشْرَىٰ لِلْمُسْلِمِينَ
 ﴿١٠﴾ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَأْمُرُ
 بِالْعَدْلِ وَالْإِحْسَانِ
 وَإِيتَاءِ ذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ
 وَيَنْهَىٰ عَنِ الْفَحْشَاءِ
 وَالْمُنْكَرِ وَالْبَغْيِ
 يَعِظُكُمْ
 لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكَّرُونَ
 وَأَوْفُوا بِعَهْدِ اللَّهِ
 إِذَا عَاهَدْتُمْ وَلَا تَنْقُضُوا
 الْأَيْمَانَ بَعْدَ تَوْكِيدِهَا
 وَقَدْ جَعَلْتُمُ اللَّهَ
 عَلَيْكُمْ كَفِيلًا إِنَّ اللَّهَ
 يَعْلَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ
 ﴿١١﴾ وَلَا تَكُونُوا
 كَالَّذِي نَقَضَتْ غَزْلَهَا
 مِنْ بَعْدِ قُوَّةٍ أَنْكَبَتْ
 تَتَّخِذُونَ أَيْمَانَكُمْ
 دَخَلًا بَيْنَكُمْ

16:90 *O humankind!
 Indeed, God commands the execution of justice
 among you, and the doing of good to others,
 and the giving of charity to close relatives.
 Moreover, He forbids all obscenity
 and shameful deeds and aggression.
 He admonishes you with this,
 so that you may become mindful
 of His commandments.

16:91 Thus, you shall fulfill the covenant of God
 whenever you make a covenant.
 And you shall not break your oaths
 after their affirmation; for, indeed,
 you have made God a guarantor over you.
 Indeed, God knows all that you do.

16:92 Then do not be like the woman
 who unravels her yarn into fibers
 after it has been spun firmly,
 by taking your oaths as instruments of deception
 between you, so as to breach your covenants

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with one group of people
for another group more abundant
in power and wealth.

God only puts you to the test by this.

For, most surely, He shall make clear to you
on the Day of Resurrection
that about which you have disputed in life.

16:93 Yet had God so willed,

He would have made all of you
one faith-community without choice.

Thus know that God does, indeed,
leave to stray whomever He so wills.

And He alone guides whomever He so wills.

For, most surely, all of you shall be questioned
about what you have done in life.

16:94 So do not take your oaths

as instruments of deception between you,

such that your foot should slip

after it once had been set firm,

and wherefore you would be given to taste
the affliction of evil in this life

for having barred others

from coming to the way of God
by your shameful example.

Moreover, there would be for you
in the Hereafter a great torment.

16:95 So do not sell the covenant of God

for a small price.

Indeed, what is with God is far better for you,
if only you were to know.

16:96 All that is with you in life shall come to an end.

But what is with God is everlasting—

and We shall certainly recompense
those who have remained patient
with their reward,

in accordance with the very best they ever did.

أَنْ تَكُونَ أُمَّةٌ
هِيَ أَرَبِيٌّ مِنْ أُمَّةٍ

إِنَّمَا يَلُوْكُمْ اللَّهُ بِهِ

وَلَيَبَيِّنَنَّ لَكُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

مَا كُنْتُمْ فِيهِ تَخْتَلِفُونَ

وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ

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لَجَعَلَكُمْ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً

وَلَكِنْ يُفْضِلُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَيَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَلَنُشَاقِلَنَّ عَمَّا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

وَلَا تَتَّخِذُوا إِيمَانَكُمْ

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دَخْلًا بَيْنَكُمْ فَتَزِلْ قَدَمٌ

بَعْدَ ثُبُوتِهَا وَتَذُوقُوا السُّوءَ

بِمَا صَدَدْتُمْ

عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

وَلَكُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ

وَلَا تَنْشُرُوا بِعَهْدِ اللَّهِ

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ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا إِنَّمَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ

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مَا عِنْدَكُمْ يَنْفَدُ

وَمَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ بَاقٍ

وَلَنَجْزِيَنَ الَّذِينَ صَبَرُوا

أَجْرَهُمْ بِأَحْسَنِ

مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

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مَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا

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16:97 Whoever does righteous deeds,
whether male or female, and is a believer,
We shall, most surely, cause him
to live a good life.
Moreover, We shall, most surely,
recompense all of them with their reward,
in accordance with the very best they ever did.

مِنْ ذَكَرٍ أَوْ أُنْثَىٰ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ
فَلَنَجْزِيَنَّهُ حَيٰوةً طَيِّبَةً
وَلَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ أَجْرَهُمْ
بِأَحْسَنِ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٩٨﴾
فَإِذَا قَرَأْتَ الْقُرْآنَ

16:98 Thus, whenever you recite the Quran,
then seek refuge in God from Satan,
the accursed one .

فَاسْتَعِذْ بِاللّٰهِ
مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ
إِنَّهُ لَيْسَ لَهُ سُلْطٰنٌ ﴿٩٩﴾

16:99 Yet, indeed, he has no authority whatever
over those who believe
and who rely upon their Lord alone .

عَلَى الَّذِينَ ءٰمَنُوا
وَعَلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ
إِنَّمَا سُلْطٰنُهُ ﴿١٠٠﴾

16:100 His authority is only over those
who take him as a patron, and who,
because of him,
take associate-gods apart from God .

عَلَى الَّذِينَ يَتَوَلَّوْنَهُ
وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ بِهِ مُشْرِكُونَ
وَإِذَا بَدَّلْنَا ءَايَةً

16:101 Yet if ever We substitute one verse
in place of another verse
to benefit humankind —
and God knows best what He sends down—
they say:

مَكَاتٍ ءَايَةٌ
وَاللّٰهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَزِيلُ
قَالُوا إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ مُفْتِرٌ
بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
قُلْ نَزَّلَهُ رُوحُ الْقُدُسِ ﴿١٠٢﴾

You, O Muhammad, are nothing but a forger!
Rather, most of them do not know God's way .

16:102 Say to them: Gabriel, the Holy Spirit,
has brought it down from your Lord
with the whole truth, to confirm in faith
those who have believed,
and as divine guidance from error,
and a glad tidings
of everlasting delight near their Lord
for all those who are muslims,
in willing submission to God alone .

مِنْ رَبِّكَ بِالْحَقِّ لِيُثَبِّتَ
الَّذِينَ ءٰمَنُوا وَهُدًى
وَبُشْرَىٰ لِلْمُسْلِمِينَ
وَلَقَدْ نَعْلَمُ أَنَّهُمْ يَقُولُونَ
إِنَّمَا يُعَلِّمُهُ بَشَرٌ ﴿١٠٣﴾

16:103 And very truly,
We know that they say, O Prophet :

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No one but a human being
is teaching him 'this'!—
even though the tongue of the one
to whom they allude is foreign,
while this 'Quran' is 'in' a clear Arabic tongue.

- 16:104 As to those who do not believe
in the 'revealed' signs of God,
God shall not guide them 'aright'.

Thus for them,
there is a most painful torment 'awaiting
in the Hereafter'.

- 16:105 As to the ones who forge 'such' lies,
they are the ones who do not believe
in the 'revealed' signs of God.
Thus it is they who are the liars.

- 16:106 'Doomed is' one
who 'openly' disbelieves in God,
after 'professing' his faith—
except for one who has been compelled
'to renounce his belief',
while his heart remains at peace with faith.

But whoever
willingly opens his heart to unbelief—
upon 'such as these'
there shall be great wrath from God.
Thus for them, there is a great torment 'awaiting
in the Hereafter'.

- 16:107 That is because they so loved
the life of this world over 'that of' the Hereafter.
Yet, indeed, God does not guide
a disbelieving people.

- 16:108 These are the ones
whose hearts and hearing and sight
God has set a seal upon.
For it is these who are the heedless.

- 16:109 Without doubt, it is they

لَسَاتُ الَّذِي

يُلْحِدُونَ إِلَيْهِ أَعْبَتِي

وَهَذَا لِسَانٌ

عَرَبِيٌّ مُبِينٌ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ لَا يَهْدِيهِمُ اللَّهُ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

إِنَّمَا يَفْتَرِي الْكَذِبَ

الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ وَأُولَئِكَ

هُمْ الْكَاذِبُونَ

مَنْ كَفَرَ بِاللَّهِ

مِنْ بَعْدِ إِيمَانِهِ

إِلَّا مَنْ أُكْرِهَ

وَقَلْبُهُ مُطْمَئِنٌّ بِالْإِيمَانِ

وَلَكِنْ مَنْ شَرَحَ بِالْكُفْرِ صَدْرًا

فَعَلَيْهِمْ غَضَبٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ

ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ اسْتَحَبُّوا

الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا

عَلَى الْآخِرَةِ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ لَا

يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْكَافِرِينَ

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ طَعَعَ اللَّهُ

عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ

وَسَمِعَهُمْ وَأَبْصَرَهُمْ

وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْفَاقِلُونَ

لَا جَرَمَ أَنَّهُمْ

فِي الْآخِرَةِ

هُمْ الْخَسِرُونَ

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in the Hereafter who shall be the losers
of an everlasting Paradise.

- 16:110 Yet, indeed, your Lord declares,
concerning those who emigrated
after they had been persecuted,
and who thereafter strove in the path of God
and remained patient—
indeed, after all of this,
your Lord shall, most surely, be all-forgiving,
mercy-giving.

- 16:111 * But beware of the Day
when every soul shall come before God,
pleading on behalf of itself,
and when each soul shall be rendered in full
for all that it has done in life—
and never shall they be wronged in the least.

- 16:112 Now, God puts forth
this parable of a town:
It was secure and peaceable.
Its provision would come to it
in plenty from every locale.
Then it belied God's own blessings upon it
by worshipping false gods.
Thus God gave it a touch
of the garment of hunger and fear,
for what they had wrought.

- 16:113 For truly there had come to them
a messenger from among themselves.
But they belied him.
Thus the torment seized them, suddenly,
for they were, indeed, wrongdoers,
godless in heart.

- 16:114 So stand firm in faith,
O you who believe,
and eat from what God has provided you,
if it be lawful and wholesome.

ثُمَّ إِنَّكَ رَبَّكَ ١١٠

لِلَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوا

مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا قُتِلُوا

ثُمَّ جَاهَدُوا وَصَبَرُوا

إِنَّكَ رَبُّكَ مِنْ بَعْدِهَا

لَعَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

﴿١١١﴾ يَوْمَ تَأْتِي كُلُّ نَفْسٍ

تُجَادِلُ عَنْ نَفْسِهَا

وَتُؤْفَىٰ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ

مَا عَمِلَتْ

وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ

﴿١١٢﴾ وَضَرَبَ اللَّهُ مَثَلًا قَرْيَةً

كَانَتْ ءَامِنَةً مُطْمَئِنَّةً

يَأْتِيهَا رِزْقُهَا رَغَدًا

مِنْ كُلِّ مَكَانٍ فَكَفَرَتْ

بِأَنْعَمِ اللَّهِ فَأَذَقَهَا اللَّهُ

لِبَاسَ الْجُوعِ وَالْخَوْفِ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَصْنَعُونَ

﴿١١٣﴾ وَلَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ مِنْهُمْ

فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَأَخَذَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ

وَهُمْ ظَالِمُونَ

﴿١١٤﴾ فَكُلُوا مِمَّا

رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ حَلَالًا طَيِّبًا

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- Yet give thanks for the blessing of God,
if, indeed, it is He alone whom you worship.
- 16:115 Indeed, He has but forbidden you to eat
carion, and blood, and the flesh of swine,
and that over which
other than the name of God is invoked
at the time of slaughter.
But whoever is compelled
by circumstance to eat any of this—
without being rebellious
and without being a willful transgressor—
will find then that God
is, indeed, all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 16:116 And you shall not say—
by way of falsehoods
that your tongues represent—
such and such is lawful,
and such and such is forbidden,
so as to forge a lie against God.
Indeed, those who forge lies against God
shall not succeed.
- 16:117 Small enjoyment have they in life,
and then a most painful torment awaits them!
- 16:118 As to those of Jewry, We forbade
what We have previously narrated to you.
We did not wrong them therein,
but, rather, it was their own souls
they were all the while wronging
with ungodliness.
- 16:119 Yet, indeed, your Lord declares,
concerning those who did misdeeds
in ignorance of true faith,
but thereafter repented and set things aright—
indeed, after all of this,
your Lord shall, most surely, be all-forgiving,

وَأَشْكُرُوا نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ إِيَّاهُ تَعْبُدُونَ

إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ

الْمَيْتَةَ وَالْدَّمَ

وَلَحْمَ الْخِزْيِيرِ

وَمَا أَهْلَ لَغَيْرِ اللَّهِ بِهِ

فَمَنْ أَضْطَرَّ غَيْرَ بَاغٍ

وَلَا عَادٍ

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

وَلَا تَقُولُوا لِمَا تَصِفُ

أَلْسِنَتُكُمُ الْكَذِبَ

هَذَا حَلَلٌ وَهَذَا حَرَامٌ

لِنَفْتُرُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَقْتُرُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ

الْكَذِبَ لَا يَفْلِحُونَ

مَتَاعٌ قَلِيلٌ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

وَعَلَى الَّذِينَ هَادُوا حَرَمًا

مَا فَصَّصْنَا عَلَيْكَ مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَمَا ظَلَمْنَاهُمْ وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا

أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ

ثُمَّ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لِلذَّيِّبِ

عَمِلُوا الشُّوْءَ بِجَهْلَةٍ

ثُمَّ تَابُوا مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ

وَأَصْلَحُوا إِنَّ رَبَّكَ

مِنْ بَعْدِهَا لَعَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

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mercy-giving.

- 16:120 As for Abraham, he was, in himself,
a nation of exemplary faith —
devoutly obedient to God, upright of heart —
and never was he of the idolaters.

- 16:121 He was ever-thankful to God
for His blessings.
So God chose him and guided him
to a straight way of salvation.

- 16:122 Thus We gave him
great good in this world.
And in the Hereafter,
he shall, most surely, be of the righteous—

- 16:123 whereupon We have revealed to you,
O Prophet,
that you shall follow the sacred way of Abraham,
the purely upright in heart —
and never was he of those
who associated gods with God.

- 16:124 The Sabbath Day of solemn rest
was not enjoined on Abraham,
but was ordained only for the Jews —
who themselves disputed about it
long after Abraham.
Thus, indeed, your Lord
shall, most surely, judge between them
on the Day of Resurrection
as to that wherein they have been disputing.

- 16:125 Call to the path of your Lord,
O Prophet,
with sound wisdom and fair admonition.
And as to all people, argue gently with them
in the fairest manner.
Indeed, it is your Lord alone who knows best
all those who have strayed

١٢٠ إِنَّ إِبْرَاهِيمَ

كَانَ أُمَّةً قَانِتًا لِلَّهِ حَنِيفًا

وَلَمْ يَكُنْ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ

شَاكِرًا لِّأَنْعَمِهِ

أَحْبَبَهُ وَهَدَاهُ

إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

وَلَوْ أَنَّهُ فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةٌ

وَلَإِنَّهُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ لَمِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ

ثُمَّ أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ أَنْ

اتَّبِعْ مِلَّةَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا

وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ

إِنَّمَا جُعِلَ السَّبْتُ

عَلَى الَّذِينَ اخْتَلَفُوا فِيهِ

وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَيَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ

يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ فِيمَا

كَانُوا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ

أَدْعُ إِلَى سَبِيلِ رَبِّكَ

بِالْحِكْمَةِ

وَالْمَوْعِظَةِ الْحَسَنَةِ

وَوَحِّدْ لَهُمْ

بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ

- from His 'straight' path;
and He knows best
'all' those who are guided aright.
- 16:126 Moreover, if you 'believers' punish 'aggressors',
then punish 'them' with the like of that
with which you have been afflicted 'by them'.
But if you 'remain' patient,
it is, most surely, better
for those who are patient.
- 16:127 So be patient, 'O Prophet'.
Yet 'know that' your patience
shall not endure 'through adversity',
except with 'the help of' God.
Thus do not grieve over
'those of them' who oppose you',
nor be in 'any' distress
because of what they plot 'against you'.
- 16:128 Indeed, God is with those
who are God-fearing
and who excel in 'doing' good.

سُورَةُ النَّحْلِ

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إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ
بِمَن ضَلَّ عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ
وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِالْمُهْتَدِينَ ﴿١٢٦﴾
وَإِن عَاقِبَتُمْ فَعَاقِبُوا
بِمِثْلِ مَا عُوقِبْتُمْ بِهِ
وَلَئِن صَبَرْتُمْ
لَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لِلصَّابِرِينَ
وَأَصْبِرْ ﴿١٢٧﴾
وَمَا صَبْرُكَ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ
وَلَا تَحْزَنْ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَلَا تَكُ فِي ضَيْقٍ
مِّمَّا يَمْكُرُونَ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا
وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ مُحْسِنُونَ ﴿١٢٨﴾

Surah 17 / 111 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Isrâ'

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 17:1 Highly exalted is He
who carried His servant, 'Muhammad,' by night
from the Sacred Mosque 'at Makkah'
to Al-Aqsa Mosque 'at Jerusalem'—
the surroundings of which We have blessed—
to show him 'something'
of Our 'wondrous' signs.
Indeed, it is He
who is the All-Hearing, the All-Seeing.
- 17:2 And 'so too' We gave Moses
the Book 'of the Torah',
and We made it a guide
for the Children of Israel, 'commanding them':
You shall not take 'any deity' apart from Me
'for' a guardian—
- 17:3 'for you are of the' offspring of those
whom We carried 'in the Ark' with Noah,
'who' was, indeed,
an ever-thankful servant 'of God'.
- 17:4 Yet We had foretold to the Children of Israel
in the Book 'of the Torah':
You shall, most surely,

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

سُبْحَنَ الَّذِي ۝۱
أَسْرَىٰ بِعَبْدِهِ ۚ لَيْلًا
مِّنَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ
إِلَى الْمَسْجِدِ الْأَقْصَا
الَّذِي بَرَكْنَا حَوْلَهُ
لِنُرِيَهُ ۚ مِن آيَاتِنَا ۚ
إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْبَصِيرُ
وَأَنبَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ ۝۲
وَجَعَلْنَاهُ هُدًى لِّبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
أَلَّا تَتَّخِذُوا
مِن دُونِي وَكِيلاً
ذُرِّيَّةً مِّنْ حَمَلْنَا مَعَ نُوحٍ ۝۳
إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَبْدًا شَكُورًا
وَفَضَّلْنَا إِيَّاهُ عَلَىٰ إِسْرَءِيلَ
فِي الْكِتَابِ ۝۴



- cause corruption in the land two times
and be punished by God.
For, most surely, you shall grow haughty
and act with a great haughtiness.
- 17:5 Then when the promise
of the first of the two times came to pass,
We sent against you servants of Ours
endowed with mighty military power.
Thus they ravaged through the dwellings
of your people—and it was a promise fulfilled.
- 17:6 Thereafter, We restored you, once again,
to prevalence over them,
for We extended to you wealth and sons.
Thus We made you greater than ever
in number, saying:
- 17:7 If you do good,
you do good for your own souls.
Yet if you do evil,
so shall it be against yourselves.
Thus when the promise
of the second time came to pass,
your enemies were left
to defile your very faces.
Indeed, they were left to enter
the Temple of Jerusalem,
as they had entered it the first time.
Thus they were left to shatter
all that they came upon—
shattering it all utterly!
- 17:8 It may well be that your Lord
shall again show you mercy.
Yet if you return
to corruption and haughtiness,
We will return to utter destruction.
Moreover, We have made Hell

سُورَةُ الْاِشْرَافِ

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لَنُفْسِدَنَّ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَرَّتَيْنِ

وَلَنَعْلَنَّ عُلُوقًا كَبِيرًا

فَإِذَا جَاءَ وَعْدُ أُولَاهُمَا

٥

بَعَثْنَا عَلَيْكُمْ عِبَادًا لَنَا

أُولَىٰ بِأَسْوَاقِ شَدِيدٍ

فَجَاسُوا خِلَالَ الدِّيَارِ

وَكَانَ وَعْدُ امْفِعُولَا

ثُمَّ رَدَدْنَا لَكُمُ

٦

الْكَرَّةَ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَأَمَدَدْنَكُمْ بِأَمْوَالٍ وَبَنِينَ

وَجَعَلْنَكُمْ أَكْثَرَ نَفِيرًا

إِنْ أَحْسَنْتُمْ

٧

أَحْسَنْتُمْ لَأَنْفُسِكُمْ

وَإِنْ أَسَأْتُمْ فَلَهَا

فَإِذَا جَاءَ وَعْدُ الْآخِرَةِ

لَيَسْئُرُوا وُجُوهَكُمْ

وَلَيَدْخُلُوا السَّجِدَ

كَمَا دَخَلُوهُ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ

وَلَيَسْتَبْرُوا مَا عُلُوقًا تَنَبَّرًا

عَسَىٰ رَبُّكُمْ أَنْ يَرْحَمَكُمْ

وَإِنْ عُدْتُمْ عَدُنَا

٨

سُورَةُ الْاِسْرَاءِ

الْحُزْنُ الْخَامِسُ عَشَرَ

for 'all' the disbelievers
as a 'permanent' place of confinement.

- 17:9 Indeed, this Quran guides 'humanity'
to that which is most upright
and gives glad tidings to the believers
who do righteous deeds,
that for them there is a great reward
'of everlasting delight in Paradise
awaiting in the Hereafter'.
- 17:10 And 'it warns' those who do not believe
in the Hereafter,
that We have made ready for them 'there'
a most painful torment.
- 17:11 Yet 'in anger' man 'unknowingly'
invokes evil 'upon himself'
as 'eagerly as' he invokes good.
For man is, indeed, 'given to' haste.
- 17:12 Now, We made the night and the daylight
as two 'great' signs
'of your Lord's power and wisdom'.
Then We effaced 'the moon',
the sign of the night, 'by the radiant sun' —
for We made 'it' the sign of the daylight,
'to enable humankind therein' to see—
so that you may seek out bounty
from your Lord;
and so that you may 'come to' know
the number of years
and 'methods of' calculation.
For each thing 'in Our creation
and in Our revelation'
have We made distinct—utterly distinct.
- 17:13 Moreover, We have 'securely' bound the destiny

وَجَعَلْنَا جَهَنَّمَ
لِلْكَافِرِينَ حَصِيرًا
٩ إِنَّ هَذَا الْقُرْآنَ
يَهْدِي لِلَّذِي هُوَ أَقْوَمُ
وَيُبَشِّرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
الَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ الصَّالِحَاتِ
أَن لَهُمْ أَجْرًا كَبِيرًا
١٠ وَأَنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ
أَعْتَدْنَا لَهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا
١١ وَيَدْعُ الْإِنْسَانُ بِالشَّرِّ
دُعَاهُ بِالْخَيْرِ
وَكَانَ الْإِنْسَانُ عَجُولًا
١٢ وَجَعَلْنَا اللَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ آيَاتَيْنِ
فَمَحْوًا آيَةً اللَّيْلِ
وَجَعَلْنَا آيَةَ النَّهَارِ مُبْصِرَةً
لِتَبْتَغُوا فَضْلًا مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ
وَلِتَعْلَمُوا عَدَدَ
السِّنِينَ وَالْحِسَابِ
وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ وَفَضْلَانَهُ تَفْصِيلًا

سُورَةُ الْاِسْرَاءِ

الجزء الخامس عشر

- of every human being to its 'own' neck
'in a scroll of one's works'.
For We shall bring forth for 'each' one
a 'precise' book 'of record of one's deeds'
on the Day of Resurrection,
which one shall find 'there'
fully unfurled 'before him,
17:14 whereupon it shall be said:
Read your book 'for yourself'!
Sufficient is your soul this Day
as a reckoner against you.
17:15 Whoever is guided 'aright in the world',
then he is but guided
for 'the good of' his own soul.
Yet whoever goes astray,
he but strays, then, against 'all that is good for' it.
For no sin-laden soul
shall carry the 'sinful' load of another
'on Judgment Day'.
Moreover, never do We
'beset people with' torment
until We send forth 'to them'
a messenger 'with Heavenly guidance'.
17:16 Thus when We intend to destroy a town
'for evildoing',
We 'first' command its affluent
'to become righteous'.
Yet 'should' they 'continue to' commit
'flagrant deeds of' ungodliness therein,
then the 'divine' word 'of doom'
comes to pass against it.
Then do We demolish it—
and demolish it utterly.
17:17 And how very many
of the 'ungodly' generations after Noah

وَكُلَّ إِنْسَانٍ ۝١٣
أَلَمِّنْهُ طَائِرَهُ فِي عُنُقِهِ
وَنُخْرِجُ لَهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
كِتَابًا يَلْقَاهُ مَنشُورًا
١٤ أَقْرَأْ كِتَابَكَ كَفَىٰ بِنَفْسِكَ
الْيَوْمَ عَلَيْكَ حَسِيبًا
١٥ مَنِ اهْتَدَىٰ
فَأَنَّمَا يَهْتَدِي لِنَفْسِهِ
وَمَنْ ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهَا
وَلَا نُزِرُ وَاِزْرَةً وَلَا أُخْرِي
وَمَا كُنَّا مُعَذِّبِينَ
حَتَّىٰ نَبْعَثَ رَسُولًا
١٦ وَإِذَا أَرَدْنَا أَن نُهْلِكَ قَرْيَةً
أَمَرْنَا مُتْرَفِيهَا فَفَسَقُوا فِيهَا
فَحَقَّ عَلَيْهَا الْقَوْلُ
فَدَمَّرْنَاهَا تَدْمِيرًا

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الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ عَشَرَ

did We destroy!

Thus sufficient is your Lord, 'O Prophet,
as 'One who is' all-aware 'and' all-seeing
of the sins of His servants.

- 17:18 Whoever desires this 'life of' haste
'over the everlasting Hereafter',
We shall hasten for him therein
whatever 'of the world' We so will,
for whomever We intend.
Then We shall appoint for him Hell.
He shall enter it condemned, 'forever' banished.

- 17:19 But whoever desires
'the reward of' the Hereafter—
and 'duly' strives for it
with the striving 'rightfully' due for it,
while being a believer—
then such as these
shall 'find' their striving forever thanked
'by their Lord'.

- 17:20 To each 'group'—
those 'who are hasty for the world'
and those 'who strive for God'—
We extend something of your Lord's bounty.
Yet never is the bountiful gift of your Lord
confined 'to either of them'.

- 17:21 Look, 'O Prophet,' how We have 'already'
favored some of them 'with Our bounty'
over others.
Yet, most surely, the Hereafter
is of still greater ranks
and far greater favor 'for the believers.

- 17:22 O Prophet!
You shall not set up any other god with God.
For 'if you do', then you shall 'forever' remain

وَكَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا
مِنَ الْقُرُونِ مِن بَعْدِ نُوحٍ

وَكَفَىٰ بِرَبِّكَ بِذُنُوبِ عِبَادِهِ

خَبِيرًا

مَنْ كَانَ يَرِيدُ الْعَاجِلَةَ

عَجَّلْنَا لَهُ فِيهَا

مَا نَشَاءُ لِمَنْ نُرِيدُ

ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَا لَهُ جَهَنَّمَ

يَصْلَاهَا مَذْمُومًا مَّدْحُورًا

وَمَنْ أَرَادَ الْآخِرَةَ

وَسَعَىٰ لَهَا سَعْيَهَا

وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ فَأُولَٰئِكَ

كَانَ سَعْيُهُمْ مَشْكُورًا

كَلَّا نُمَدِّدُ هُنَّوَلَاءَ وَهُنَّوَلَاءَ

مِنْ عَطَايِ رَبِّكَ

وَمَا كَانَ عَطَاءُ رَبِّكَ مَحْظُورًا

أَنْظُرْ كَيْفَ فَضَّلْنَا

بَعْضَهُمْ عَلَىٰ بَعْضٍ

وَلِلْآخِرَةِ أَكْبَرُ دَرَجَةٍ

وَأَكْبَرُ تَفْضِيلًا

لَا تَجْعَلْ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلَهًا آخَرَ

- condemned as ungodly,
and be forsaken by Him utterly.
- 17:23 *For your Lord has decreed for one and all:
You shall not worship other than Him.
And to your parents, you shall be good.
Should either one of them, or both of them,
reach old age in your care,
then you shall not say to either of them
even so much as: Fie!
Nor shall you rebuke them.
Rather, say to both of them a gracious word,
in loving kindness.
- 17:24 Moreover, lower for them
the wing of humility, out of mercy,
and say in supplication for them:
My Lord! Have mercy upon them both—
even as they have raised me up as a little one.
- 17:25 Your Lord knows best
about what is within your souls.
If you resolve yourselves to be righteous,
then, indeed, to all those who are ever-penitent
He is all-forgiving.
- 17:26 And you shall give in charity
to the close relative
his rightful due in benevolent offerings—
and also to the indigent, and the wayfarer.
But you shall not squander resources,
even with the slightest squandering.
- 17:27 Indeed, the squanderers
are the evil brethren of the satans.
And Satan has ever been
most ungrateful to his Lord.
- 17:28 Yet if you must turn away from
those who are needy

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فَنَقُودَ مَذْمُومًا تَحْذُولًا
وَقَضَىٰ رَبِّكَ ﴿٢٣﴾
أَلَّا تَعْبُدُوا إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ
وَالْوَالِدَيْنِ إِحْسَانًا
إِمَّا يَبْلُغَنَّ عِنْدَكَ الْكِبَرَ
أَحَدُهُمَا أَوْ كِلَاهُمَا
فَلَا تَقُلْ لَّهُمَا آفٍ
وَلَا تَنْهَرْهُمَا وَقُلْ لَهُمَا
قَوْلًا كَرِيمًا
وَاخْفِضْ لَهُمَا ﴿٢٤﴾
جَنَاحَ الدَّلِّ مِنَ الرَّحْمَةِ
وَقُلْ رَبِّ ارْحَمْهُمَا
كَمَا رَبَّيَانِي صَغِيرًا
رَبُّكُمْ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا فِي نُفُوسِكُمْ ﴿٢٥﴾
إِنْ تَكُونُوا صَالِحِينَ فَإِنَّهُ
كَانَ لِلَّهِ عَفْوٌ
وَمَاتِ ذَا الْقُرْبَىٰ حَقَّهُ ﴿٢٦﴾
وَالْمَسْكِينِ وَابْنَ السَّبِيلِ
وَلَا تَبْذُرْ بَذِيرًا
إِنَّ الْمُبْذِرِينَ ﴿٢٧﴾
كَانُوا إِخْوَانَ الشَّيَاطِينِ
وَكَانَ الشَّيْطَانُ لِرَبِّهِ كَفُورًا
وَأَمَّا تُعْرِضَنَّ عَنْهُمْ ﴿٢٨﴾

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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while you 'yourself' seek mercy
'and means' from your Lord—
hoping 'ardently all the while'
for 'His provision, so as to give' it 'in charity'—
then you shall say to them
a tender word 'of prayer, to ease their hearts'.

17:29 Thus you shall not keep your hand
yoked to your neck 'out of stinginess',
nor extend it to the utmost extent
'in extravagance.

For 'then you would remain
'ever' blameworthy 'and' regretful.

17:30 Indeed, it is your Lord 'alone'
who extends 'abundant' provision
to whomever He 'so' wills.
And He 'alone' restricts it.
Indeed, ever is He all-aware, all-seeing,
of 'the condition of' His servants.

17:31 And you shall not ever kill your children
for fear of indigence.

We provide for them and for you.
Indeed, the 'act of' killing them
is an enormous sin.

17:32 And you shall not ever
approach illicit sexual intercourse.
Indeed, it is 'utter' lewdness and a most evil way.

17:33 And you shall not ever kill any 'human' soul
that God has prohibited,
except by what is 'lawful and' right.
Hence, whoever is killed wrongfully,
We hereby assign to his heir
an authorization 'for retribution'.
Yet let him not exceed 'just' bounds
regarding 'retribution for' the killing.

اتَّبَعَاءَ رَحْمَةٍ مِنْ رَبِّكَ تَرْجُوهَا
فَقُلْ لَهُمْ قَوْلًا مَيْسُورًا

وَلَا تَجْعَلْ يَدَكَ

مَغْلُولَةً إِلَى عُنُقِكَ

وَلَا تَبْسُطْهَا كُلَّ الْبَسْطِ

فَتَقْعَدَ مَلُومًا مَحْسُورًا

إِنَّ رَبَّكَ يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ

لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدِرُ

إِنَّهُ كَانَ عِبَادَهُ خَيْرًا بَصِيرًا

وَلَا تَقْتُلُوا أَوْلَادَكُمْ

خَشِيَةً إِمْلَاقٍ

تَحْنُ تَرْزُقُهُمْ وَإِيَّاكُمْ

إِنَّ قَتْلَهُمْ

كَانَ خِطْئًا كَبِيرًا

وَلَا تَقْرَبُوا الزِّنَى إِنَّهُ كَانَ

فَحِشَةً وَسَاءَ سَبِيلًا

وَلَا تَقْتُلُوا أَنْفُسَ

الَّتِي حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ

وَمَنْ قُتِلَ مَظْلُومًا فَقَدْ

جَعَلْنَا لَوْلِيهِ سُلْطَانًا

فَلَا يُسْرِفُ فِي الْقَتْلِ

- For he is, indeed,
to be aided in attaining justice.
- 17:34 And you shall not ever
approach the wealth of the orphan
in your care—except in the fairest manner,
until he reaches full maturity
and you return it to him.
- And you shall fulfill
every covenant you make.
- For, indeed, every covenant
shall be answered for in the Hereafter.
- 17:35 And you shall give a full and honest measure
whenever you measure out goods.
And you shall weigh
with an even and just balance.
That is the best of goodness
and ensures a most excellent outcome.
- 17:36 And you shall not ever follow that of which
you have no sure knowledge,
without first verifying its truthfulness.
- Indeed, hearing and sight
and conceptions of the heart—
every act of each of these faculties
shall one answer for in the Hereafter.
- 17:37 And you shall not ever
walk upon the earth proudly exultant.
For never shall you human beings
be such as to perforate the earth
with your steps.
- And never shall you
stretch up to the mountains in height.
- 17:38 As to all of this, O Prophet—
its evil trespass is ever hateful with your Lord.
- 17:39 This is of the divine wisdom
that your Lord has revealed to you.

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إِنَّهُ كَانَ مَنصُورًا
وَلَا تَقْرَبُوا مَالَ الْيَتِيمِ ٢٤
إِلَّا بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ
حَتَّىٰ يَبْلُغَ أَشُدَّهُ
وَأَوْفُوا بِالْعَهْدِ
إِنَّ الْعَهْدَ كَانَ مَسْئُولًا
وَأَوْفُوا الْكَيْلَ إِذَا كِلْتُمْ
وَزِنُوا بِالْقِسْطَاسِ الْمُسْقِيَةِ
ذَٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحْسَنُ تَأْوِيلًا
وَلَا تَقْفُ ٢٥
مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمٌ
إِنَّ السَّمْعَ وَالْبَصَرَ وَالْفُؤَادَ
كُلُّ أُولَٰئِكَ كَانَ عَنْهُ مَسْئُولًا
وَلَا تَمْشِ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَرَحًا ٢٦
إِنَّكَ لَن تَخْرِقَ الْأَرْضَ
وَلَن تَبْلُغَ الْجِبَالَ طُولًا
كُلُّ ذَٰلِكَ كَانَ سَيِّئُهُ
عِندَ رَبِّكَ مَكْرُوهًا
ذَٰلِكَ مِمَّا أَوْحَىٰ إِلَيْكَ ٢٧
رَبُّكَ مِنَ الْحِكْمَةِ

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And, again, you shall not set up
any other god with God.
For if you do, then you shall be cast into Hell,
deservedly blameworthy, forever banished.

- 17:40 Has your Lord, then, chosen
to favor you 'people' with sons,
while taking females from the angels
for Himself as daughters!
Indeed, you most surely utter
a monstrous word by saying this.
- 17:41 Now truly, indeed,
We have varied the tidings and illustrations
in this Quran, so that they 'who disbelieve'
may become mindful
of the sole divinity of God.
Yet this only increases them
in aversion to true faith.
- 17:42 Say to them, O Prophet:
If ever there had been other gods with Him,
as they say, then they would, most surely,
have sought a way
to 'submit to' the Lord of the Throne.
- 17:43 Highly exalted is He—
'far' above what they say!—
and most high with the greatest sublimity.
- 17:44 The seven heavens and the earth
and all that are in them
give due exaltation to Him.
For there is not a 'single' thing
but that it exalts Him with 'all' praise.
But you 'human beings'
fathom not their exaltations.
Indeed, ever is He
most forbearing, all-forgiving.

وَلَا يَجْعَلْ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلَهًا آخَرَ
فَنُلْقَى فِي جَهَنَّمَ
مَلُومًا مَذْحُورًا

٤٠ أَفَأَصْفَاكُمْ رَبُّكُم بِالْبَنِينَ

وَاتَّخَذَ مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ إِنْتًا
إِنكُمْ لَقَوْلُونَ قَوْلًا عَظِيمًا

وَلَقَدْ صَرَفْنَا

فِي هَذَا الْقُرْآنِ لِيَذْكُرُوا

وَمَا يَرْيَدُهُمْ إِلَّا نَقُورًا

قُلْ لَوْ كَانَ مَعَهُ آلِهَةٌ

كَمَا يَقُولُونَ إِذَا لَا بَنَغُوا

إِلَى ذِي الْعَرْشِ سَبِيلًا

سُبْحَنَهُ وَتَعَالَى

عَمَّا يَقُولُونَ عُلُوًّا كَبِيرًا

نُسَبِّحُ لَهُ السَّمَوَاتِ السَّبْعِ

وَالْأَرْضُ وَمَنْ فِيهِنَّ

وَإِنْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ إِلَّا يُسَبِّحُ بِحَمْدِهِ

وَلَكِنْ لَا تَفْقَهُونَ تَسْبِيحَهُمْ

- 17:45 Thus when you recite the Quran, 'O Prophet,'
We place between you
and those who do not believe in the Hereafter
a hidden veil 'protecting you'.
- 17:46 Moreover, We have placed sheaths
over their 'ill-inclined' hearts,
that they may 'no longer' understand it,
and in their ears, an utter deafness.
For whenever you mention in the Quran
your Lord as One 'without associate',
they turn away in retreat out of aversion.
- 17:47 We know best with what 'ill intent' they listen
when they are listening to you
'recite the Quran';
and 'their evil purpose'
when they converse 'together' secretly;
and when the 'godless' wrongdoers say
'to one another':
If you were to follow 'Muhammad',
you would only 'be following' a bewitched man.
- 17:48 Look how they set forth
'malicious' images for you, 'O Prophet'!
Thus have they strayed so 'far from guidance'
that they cannot find a way 'back to God'.
- 17:49 Moreover, they have said:
Can it be that even when we have become
'mere' bones and 'decayed' remains,
that we shall be raised 'to life again'
in a new creation?
- 17:50 *Say 'to them': Be you stones or iron—
17:51 or any sort of creation
that swells prodigious in your hearts—
'still you shall be resurrected'!
Then they shall say 'to you':
Who is it that can return us 'to life'?

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إِنَّهُ كَانَ حَلِيمًا غَفُورًا
وَإِذَا قَرَأْتَ الْقُرْآنَ
جَعَلْنَا بَيْنَكَ وَبَيْنَ
الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ
حِجَابًا مَّسْتُورًا
وَجَعَلْنَا عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ
أَكِنَّةً أَنْ يَفْقَهُوهُ
وَفِي آذَانِهِمْ وَقْرًا
وَإِذَا ذَكَرْتَ رَبَّكَ
فِي الْقُرْآنِ وَحْدَهُ
وَلَوْ أَنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ فَهَمًا
تَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَسْتَمِعُونَ بِهِ
إِذْ يَسْتَمِعُونَ إِلَيْكَ
وَإِذْ هُمْ يُخَوِّى
إِذْ يَقُولُ الظَّالِمُونَ إِنْ تَتَّبِعُونَ
إِلَّا رَجُلًا مَسْحُورًا
أَنْظُرْ كَيْفَ ضَرَبُوا
لَكَ الْأَمْثَالَ فَضَلُّوا
فَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ سَبِيلًا
وَقَالُوا أَوْذَا كُنَّا أَغْطًا أَرْفَعْنَا
أَنْزَارًا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ خَلْقًا جَدِيدًا
قُلْ كُونُوا حِجَارَةً أَوْ حَدِيدًا
أَوْ خَلْقًا مِمَّا يَكْبُرُ
فِي صُدُورِكُمْ
فَسَقُولُونَ مَنْ يُعِيدُنَا

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Say to them:

The One who originated you in creation the first time.

Then they shall wag their heads at you in mockery and amazement, and say:

When will this resurrection be?

Say: It may well be near at hand—

- 17:52 on a Day Hereafter when He shall call upon you, and you shall come to life and answer with His praise— though you will think that you remained in the world for but a little while.

- 17:53 Yet tell My believing servants that they should speak to friend and foe in the fairest manner.

For, indeed, Satan is ever ready to incite animosity between them.

Indeed, Satan is to man a clear enemy.

- 17:54 O humanity! Your Lord alone knows best about the disposition of the hearts of all of you. If He so wills, He will show you mercy, bringing you to faith.

Or if He so wills, He shall torment you for your unbelief.

Thus We have not sent you, O Prophet, as a guardian over them to dispose of their affairs.

- 17:55 And, again, your Lord knows best, O Prophet, about the merits of all those who are in the heavens and all who are in the earth

قُلِ الَّذِي فَطَرَكُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ

فَسَيَنْفُضُونَ إِلَيْكَ رُءُوسَهُمْ

وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَى هُوَ

قُلْ عَسَى أَنْ يَكُونَ قَرِيبًا

يَوْمَ يَدْعُوكُمْ

٥٢

فَتَسْتَجِيبُونَ بِحَمْدِهِ

وَتُظَنُّونَ إِنْ لَبِثْتُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

وَقُلْ لِعِبَادِي

٥٣

يَقُولُوا أَلَيْسَ هِيَ أَحْسَنَ

إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ يَنْزِعُ بَيْنَهُمْ

إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ

كَانَ لِلْإِنْسَانِ عَدُوًّا مُبِينًا

رَبُّكُمْ أَعْلَمُ بِكُمْ

٥٤

إِنْ يَشَأْ يُزْهِقْكُمْ

أَوْ إِنْ يَشَأْ يُعْزِبْكُمْ وَمَا

أَرْسَلْنَاكَ عَلَيْهِمْ وَكِيلًا

وَرَبُّكَ أَعْلَمُ

٥٥

يَمَنَ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

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- and whom to choose for His messages .
 And very truly,
 We have favored some human beings
 as prophets with divine revelation,
 setting them above others.
 Thus We gave David, a mere shepherd,
 a great kingdom and the Book of Psalms.
 17:56 So say to the unbelievers :
 Call in vain
 upon those angels, prophets, or jinn
 whom you allege to be gods apart from Him.
 For they hold no authority whatever
 to remove harm from you,
 nor to turn it aside, should God decree it .
 17:57 Those whom they call upon
 are themselves seeking a way to their Lord,
 vying as to which of them
 shall draw nearest to Him with worship .
 Moreover, they hope ardently for His mercy—
 and, with dread, fear His torment.
 Indeed, the torment from your Lord
 is a thing of horror of which to beware.
 17:58 So know, there is not
 a single disbelieving town
 but that We shall destroy it
 before the Day of Resurrection,
 or punish it for its sinfulness
 with a severe punishment.
 This has been inscribed
 in the Preserved Book of Heaven .
 17:59 Moreover, nothing keeps Us
 from sending forth
 more of the miraculous signs
 that the disbelievers demand,
 except Our knowledge

وَلَقَدْ فَضَّلْنَا

بَعْضَ النَّاسِ عَلَى بَعْضٍ

وَمَا آتَيْنَا دَاوُدَ زَبُورًا

قُلْ اَدْعُوا

٥٦

الَّذِينَ رَعَوْهُمْ مِنْ دُونِهِ

فَلَا يَمْلِكُونَ كَشْفَ

الصَّرِّ عَنْكُمْ وَلَا خَوْبِئًا

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ

٥٧

يَبْتَغُونَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ

الْوَسِيلَةَ أَيُّهُمْ أَقْرَبُ

وَيَرْجُونَ رَحْمَتَهُ

وَيَخَافُونَ عَذَابَهُ

إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّكَ كَانَ مَحْذُورًا

وَلَنْ مِنْ قَرِيبٍ

٥٨

إِلَّا نَحْنُ مُهْلِكُوهَا

قَبْلَ يَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ

أَوْ مُعَذِّبُوهَا عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا

كَانَ ذَلِكَ فِي الْكِتَابِ مَسْطُورًا

وَمَا مَنَعَنَا

٥٩

أَنْ نُرْسِلَ بِالْآيَاتِ إِلَّا أَنْ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي هَدَانَا لِهَذَا وَمَا كُنَّا لِنَهْتَدِيَ لَوْلَا إِذْ يَنْفِرُ الْكَافِرِينَ

that the earliest generations of humanity
belied them all.

For We gave to the people of Thamûd
the miraculously created she-camel—
brought forth before their very eyes—
and still they wronged her.

Nor do We send forth miraculous signs
except to put the fear of God
in people's hearts.

17:60 Thus behold! We said to you, 'O Prophet':

Indeed, your Lord's dominion
encompasses all people.

Yet We did not make
the wondrous vision We showed you
when you ascended to Heaven
but as a trial for all people.

And the mention in the Quran
of the Impalatable Tree of Zaqqûm,
the cursed tree of Hell,
is likewise such a test for the disbelievers,
by which We put the fear of God upon them.
Yet it does not increase them in faith,
but only in great transgression.

17:61 Now, behold! We said to the angels:
Bow your faces down to receive Adam
into life and honor him!

So they all bowed down, except Iblîs.

He said:

Am I to bow myself down to one
You have created out of mud?

17:62 He said:

Do You see this one
whom You have honored above me?
If You defer divine judgment against me

كَذَّبَ بِهَا الْأَوَّلُونَ

وَأَنبَأْنَا ثَمُودَ أَن تَارِقَةَ مَبْعَرَةٍ

فَظَلَمُوا بِهَا وَمَا تُرْسِلُ

بِالْأَيْدِي إِلَّا تَخْوِيفًا

وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لَكَ ﴿٦٠﴾

إِنَّ رَبَّكَ أَحَاطَ بِالنَّاسِ

وَمَا جَعَلْنَا

أَرْثِيَا إِلَهِي أَرَيْتَكَ

إِلَّا فِتْنَةً لِلنَّاسِ

وَالشَّجَرَةَ الْمَلْعُونَةَ فِي الْقُرْآنِ

وَنُحُوفُهُمْ فَمَا يَزِيدُهُمْ

إِلَّا طُغْيَانًا كَبِيرًا

وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ ﴿٦١﴾

اسْجُدُوا لِآدَمَ فَسَجَدُوا

إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ قَالَ

مَا أَسْجُدُ لِمَنْ خَلَقْتَ طِينًا

قَالَ أَرَأَيْتَ هَذَا ﴿٦٢﴾

الَّذِي كَرَّمْتَ عَلَى

- to the Day of Resurrection,
I shall bridle his descendants
and lead them astray—except for a very few.
- 17:63 God said: Go your way!
For whoever of them follows you,
then Hell shall, most surely, be
the recompense of all of you—
an ample recompense, indeed!
- 17:64 Thus incite to sin whomever of them you can
with your voice.
And rally against them
with your cavalry and your infantry.
And share with them in the wealth
and the children given to them.
And promise them every desire!
Yet Satan promises those of them
who follow him nothing but a mere delusion.
- 17:65 O Satan!
As for My faithful servants,
you shall have no position
of authority over them.
Thus, sufficient is your Lord, O Prophet,
as a Guardian over the believers.
- 17:66 Your Lord, O humanity, is the One
who causes ships to cruise
gently through the sea,
for you to seek of His bounty.
Indeed, ever has He been merciful to you.
- 17:67 Yet whenever harm strikes you at sea,
all that you used to call upon in worship
vanishes from your hearts—
except for Him alone.
Then when He delivers you to dry land,
you turn away from worshipping Him alone.

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- لَيْنَ آخَرَتَيْنِ
إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ
لَا أَحْسِنُكَ ذُرِّيَّتَهُ
إِلَّا قَلِيلًا
قَالَ أَذْهَبَ ١٣
فَمَنْ تَبِعَكَ مِنْهُمْ
فَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ جَزَاءُكُمْ
جَزَاءً مَوْفُورًا
وَأَسْتَفْزِرُ مَنْ أَسْتَطَعَتْ ١٤
مِنْهُمْ بِصَوْتِكَ وَأَجْلِبْ
عَلَيْهِمْ بِخَيْكَ وَرَجْلِكَ
وَشَارِكُهُمْ فِي الْأَمْوَالِ
وَالْأَوْلَادِ وَعِدَّهُمْ
وَمَا يَعِدُهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ
إِلَّا غُرُورًا
إِنَّ عِبَادِي ١٥
لَيْسَ لَكَ عَلَيْهِمْ سُلْطَانٌ
وَكُفُّوا بَرِّيكَ وَكَيْلًا
رَبُّكُمْ الَّذِي يُزَيِّجِي ١٦
لَكُمْ الْفَلَكَ فِي الْبَحْرِ
لِتَبْتَغُوا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
إِنَّهُ كَانَ بِكُمْ رَحِيمًا
وَإِذَا مَسَّكُمُ الضُّرُّ فِي الْبَحْرِ ١٧
ضَلَّ مَنْ تَدْعُونَ إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ
فَلَمَّا نَجَّكُمْ إِلَى الْبَرِّ أَعْرَضْتُمْ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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- For the human being is an 'unbelieving' ingrate.
 17:68 Do you, then, feel secure that He will not cause
 the seacoast to sink under you,
 or send down upon you 'a raging storm
 of lethal' pellets—
 whereupon you would not find for yourselves
 any guardian 'to shield you'?
- 17:69 Or do you feel secure
 that He will not return you to 'the sea'
 yet another time,
 then loose the wind of a hurricane
 upon you and drown you
 because of your ungratefulness—
 whereupon you would not find for yourselves
 anyone to pursue vengeance for this against Us?
- 17:70 *Yet very truly, We have so honored
 the Children of Adam:
 For We have carried them
 through the land and the sea.
 And We have provided them
 with all that is wholesome 'in life'.
 And We have so favored them
 above most of what We have created
 with 'such immense' favor.
- 17:71 'Yet' the Day 'comes
 when' We shall call upon every people
 by their leaders.
 Thus whoever is given his book 'of deeds'
 in his right hand, then such as these
 shall read their book 'joyfully'—
 and never shall they be wronged
 'in their reward even' a whit.
- 17:72 But whoever in this 'life'
 is blind 'in heart to the truth',
 thus shall he be 'raised up' blind

وَكَانَ الْإِنْسَانُ كَفُورًا
 أَفَأَمِنْتُمْ أَن يَخْسِفَ بِكُمْ
 جَانِبَ الْبَرِّ أَوْ يُرْسِلَ
 عَلَيْكُمْ حَاصِبًا ثُمَّ
 لَا تَجِدُوا لَكُمْ وَكِيلًا
 أَمْ أَمِنْتُمْ أَن يُعِيدَكُمْ فِيهِ
 تَارَةً أُخْرَى فَيُرْسِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ
 قَاصِفًا مِّنَ الرِّيحِ
 فَيَغْرِقَكُمْ بِمَا كَفَرْتُمْ ثُمَّ لَا
 تَجِدُوا لَكُمْ عَلَيْنَا بِهِ تَبِيعًا
 وَلَقَدْ كَرَّمْنَا بَنِي آدَمَ
 وَحَمَلْنَاهُمْ فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ
 وَرَزَقْنَاهُمْ مِّنَ الطَّيِّبَاتِ
 وَفَضَّلْنَاهُمْ عَلَى كَثِيرٍ
 مِّمَّنْ خَلَقْنَا تَفْضِيلًا
 يَوْمَ نَدْعُوا
 كُلَّ أُنَاسٍ بِإِمَامِهِمْ فَمَنْ
 أُوْفِيَ كِتَابُهُ بِيَمِينِهِ
 فَأُولَٰئِكَ
 يَقْرَأُونَ كِتَابَهُمْ
 وَلَا يَظْلَمُونَ فَتِيلًا
 وَمَنْ كَانَتْ فِي هَذِهِ أَعْمَى

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- in the Hereafter—
and even further astray than on earth
from the way to eternal salvation.
- 17:73 Indeed, they who disbelieve
very nearly tempted you, O Prophet,
from the truth that We have revealed to you,
so that you might forge against Us
something other than it—
in which case they would have, then,
taken you as an intimate friend.
- 17:74 And were it not
that We had established you firmly
upon the path of truth, very truly,
you would have nearly
inclined a little way toward them.
- 17:75 Then, We would have, most surely,
made you taste double the trials of life
and double the trials of death.
Nor would you have found
for yourself any helper against Us.
- 17:76 Moreover, they very nearly unsettled you
from the land of your birth
to drive you away from it—
in which case
they would not have remained alive
after you left
for more than a little while.
- 17:77 Such was the way We decreed
for those of Our messengers
whom We sent before you, O Prophet.
And never will you find
in Our established way any change.
- 17:78 Be ever steadfast in observing the Prayer
at the declining of the sun,
until the darkening of the night.

فَهُوَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ أَعْمَى
وَأَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا

٧٣ وَإِنْ كَادُوا لَيَفْتِنُوكَ
عَنِ الَّذِي أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ
لِنَفْتَرِيَ عَلَيْكَ غَيْرَهُ
وَإِذَا لَا تَأْخُذُوكَ خِلَافًا
وَلَوْلَا أَنْ ثَبَّتْنَاكَ
لَقَدْ كِدْتَ تَرْكَنُ إِلَيْهِمْ
شَيْئًا قَلِيلًا

٧٤ إِذَا لَأَذْفَنَّاكَ لِيَفْتِنَ
الْحَيَوَةَ وَضَعْفَ الْمَمَاتِ
ثُمَّ لَأَجْعِدَنَّكَ عَلَيْنَا نَصِيرًا
وَإِنْ كَادُوا
لَيَسْتَفِزُّوكَ مِنَ الْأَرْضِ
لِيُخْرِجُوكَ مِنْهَا
وَإِذَا لَا يَلْبَثُونَ خِلَافَكَ
إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

٧٥ سُنَّةَ مَنْ قَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا
قَبْلَكَ مِنْ رُسُلِنَا
وَلَا تَجِدُ لِسُنَّتِنَا تَحْوِيلًا
أَقِمِ الصَّلَاةَ
لِدُلُوكِ الشَّمْسِ

سُورَةُ الْاِسْرَاءِ

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Moreover, 'hold fast to' the Quran's recitation
at the dawn Prayer.

Indeed, the recitation at dawn
is ever witnessed
'by hosts of angels and believers'.

17:79 Moreover, keep a Prayer vigil with it,
'reciting from its verses'
during a part of the night
as an extra 'devotion' for you.

It may be that your Lord
will raise you 'in the Hereafter'
to a 'lofty' Station of Praise
'among all humankind'.

17:80 And say 'in prayer, O Prophet':
My Lord!

Lead me into 'all good'
with a most perfect entry.

And lead me out 'of all harm'
with a most perfect exit.

And grant me, from Your own 'grace',
an ever-prevailing authority.

17:81 Then say 'to the unbelievers':
The truth has come.

Thus falsehood has vanished.

Indeed, falsehood is ever vanishing.

17:82 Thus do We send down
'in the verses' of the Quran
that which is a healing 'for body and soul',
and a mercy to the believers.

But it does not increase
the 'godless' wrongdoers, except in 'utter' loss.

17:83 Yet when We bestow grace on man,
he turns away 'from God'
and draws himself aside 'from His worship'.
But when evil touches him,

إِلَى عَسَقِ الْيَلِ
وَقُرْءَانَ الْفَجْرِ إِنَّ
قُرْءَانَ الْفَجْرِ كَانَ مَشْهُودًا

٧٩

وَمِنَ الْيَلِ
فَتَهَجَّدْ بِهِ نَافِلَةً لَّكَ
عَسَىٰ أَنْ يَبْعَثَكَ رَبُّكَ
مَقَامًا مَّحْمُودًا

٨٠

وَقُلْ رَبِّ
ادْخِلْنِي مَدْخَلَ صِدْقٍ
وَأَخْرِجْنِي مَخْرَجَ صِدْقٍ
وَأَجْعَلْ لِي مِنْ لَدُنْكَ
سُلْطَانًا نَّصِيرًا

٨١

وَقُلْ جَاءَ الْحَقُّ
وَزَهَقَ الْبَاطِلُ

إِنَّ الْبَاطِلَ كَانَ زَهُوقًا

٨٢

وَنُنَزِّلُ مِنَ الْقُرْءَانِ مَا هُوَ
شِفَاءٌ وَرَحْمَةٌ لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَلَا يَرِيدُ الظَّالِمِينَ

إِلَّا خَسَارًا

٨٣

وَإِذَا أَنْعَمْنَا عَلَى الْإِنْسَانِ
أَعْرَضَ وَنَسَىٰ بِنِعْمَتِنَا

- he is ever-so despairing.
- 17:84 'O Prophet! Say to humanity:
Let each one work
in accordance with his own way of life'.
Yet your Lord is most knowing
as to who is truly following
upon the most guided path to truth.
- 17:85 Now, they who disbelieve
ask you, 'O Prophet,
about the nature of the spirit.
Say to them:
The spirit of life is of the affair
of my Lord alone.
Nor have you human beings
been given of knowledge more than very little.
- 17:86 Indeed, had We so willed, 'O Prophet,
We could, most surely, have taken away
that which We have revealed to you;
whereupon, you would never find
any guardian to plead with Us for it
on your behalf—
- 17:87 but for the mercy of your Lord!
Indeed, ever has His favor upon you been great.
- 17:88 Say to one and all:
If all the people and all the jinn
were to come together
to bring about the like of this Quran,
never would they bring about the like of it—
even if they were staunch backers of
one another.
- 17:89 Thus very truly, We have varied the tidings
for the good of all people
something of every kind of illustration
in this Quran.

سُورَةُ الْاِشْرَاءِ

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وَإِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُّ كَانَ يَتُوسَّأُ
قُلْ كُلٌّ يَعْمَلُ عَلَى شَاكِلَتِهِ ۖ
فَرَبُّكُمْ أَعْلَمُ بِمَنْ هُوَ
أَهْدَى سَبِيلًا ۚ
وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الرُّوحِ
قُلِ الرُّوحُ مِنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّي
وَمَا أُوتِيتُمْ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ
إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ۚ
وَلَيْنَ شِئْنَا لَنُدْهَبَنَّ
بِالَّذِي أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ
ثُمَّ لَا يَجِدُ لَكَ بِهِ
عِلْمًا وَكَيْلًا ۚ
إِلَّا رَحْمَةً مِن رَّبِّكَ
إِنْ فَضَّلَهُ ۚ
كَانَ عَلَيْكَ كَيْدًا
قُلْ لَّيْنِ اجْتَمَعَتِ
الْإِنْسُ وَالْجِنُّ عَلَى أَنْ يَأْتُوا
بِمِثْلِ هَذَا الْقُرْآنِ
لَا يَأْتُونَ بِمِثْلِهِ وَلَوْ كَانَ
بَعْضُهُمْ لِبَعْضٍ ظَهِيرًا
وَلَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا لِلنَّاسِ
فِي هَذَا الْقُرْآنِ مِنْ كُلِّ مَثَلٍ

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Yet most people refuse 'everything'
but utter unbelief.

- 17:90 And, indeed, they 'who disbelieve'
have said 'to you, O Prophet':
Never shall we believe in you
until you cause a fountainhead
to burst forth for us from the earth!
- 17:91 Or 'until, miraculously',
there shall be for you a 'flourishing' garden
of date palms and grapevines,
such that you cause to burst forth all through it
rivers in mighty bursts!
- 17:92 Or 'until' you cause the sky
to drop down upon us—
as you have alleged—in 'deadly' patches!
Or 'until' you bring God 'Himself'
and the angels in a host before 'us'!
- 17:93 Or 'until' there shall be for you
a house 'made' of gold!
Or 'until' you ascend
'before our eyes' into heaven!
Yet never shall we believe in your ascension
until you bring down to us
an 'inscribed' Book 'from God',
wherein 'we' ourselves 'may read'
'that you are a true messenger'.

Say 'to them, O Prophet':
Highly exalted be my Lord!
Am I other than a mortal messenger?

- 17:94 And what 'else'
has prevented people from believing
when 'Heavenly' guidance came to them,
except that they would say:

فَأَيُّ أَكْثَرُ النَّاسِ
إِلَّا كُفُورًا

﴿٩٠﴾ وَقَالُوا لَنْ نُؤْمِنَ بِكَ

حَتَّى تَفْجُرَ لَنَا

مِنَ الْأَرْضِ يَنْبُوعًا

﴿٩١﴾ أَوْ تَكُونَ لَكَ جَنَّةٌ

مِنْ نَّحِيلٍ وَعِنَبٍ

فَتَفْجِرَ الْأَنْهَارُ

خِلَالَهَا تَفْجِيرًا

﴿٩٢﴾ أَوْ تُسْقِطَ السَّمَاءَ

كَمَا زَعَمْتَ عَلَيْنَا كِسَفًا

أَوْ تَأْتِيَ بِاللَّهِ

وَأَلْمَلَيْكَهٖ قَبِيلًا

﴿٩٣﴾ أَوْ يَكُونَ لَكَ

بَيْتٌ مِّنْ ذَهَبٍ

أَوْ تَرْقَى فِي السَّمَاءِ

وَلَنْ نُّؤْمِنَ لِرُقِيِّكَ

حَتَّى تَنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا

كِتَابًا نَّقْرُؤُهُ

قُلْ سُبْحَانَ رَبِّي

هَلْ كُنْتُ إِلَّا بَشَرًا رَسُولًا

﴿٩٤﴾ وَمَا مَنَعَ النَّاسَ أَنْ يُؤْمِنُوا

إِذْ جَاءَهُمُ الْهُدَى

سُورَةُ الْاِشْرَاءِ

الْحُزْنُ الْخَامِسُ عَشَرَ

- Would God send a 'mere' mortal as a messenger?
 17:95 Say 'to them':
 Had there been angels
 walking peaceably in the earth,
 We, most surely, would have sent down to them
 from Heaven an angel as a messenger.
 17:96 Say 'to them, O Prophet':
 Sufficient is God as a witness
 between me and you.
 Ever, indeed, is He all-aware,
 all-seeing of His servants.
 17:97 For whomever God guides,
 then he is 'truly' guided.
 But whomever He leaves to stray,
 then never shall you find
 for them patrons apart from Him.
 Moreover, on the Day of Resurrection,
 We shall bring them to assembly
 on their faces—blind, and dumb, and deaf.
 Hell shall be their abode.
 Whenever it subsides,
 We shall increase for them 'its' flaming fire.
 17:98 That is their recompense,
 for they have disbelieved in Our signs and said:
 Can it be that even when we have become
 'mere' bones and 'decayed' remains
 that we shall be raised 'to life again'
 in a new creation?
 17:99 *Have they not considered that God,
 who 'alone' has created
 the heavens and the earth,
 is well able to create the likes of them 'again'?
 Rather, He has appointed for them
 a 'set' term 'of life and a reckoning'
 wherein there is no doubt.

إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا
 أَبَعَثَ اللَّهُ بَشَرًا رَسُولًا
 ٩٥ قُلْ لَوْ كَانَتْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
 مَآئِكَةٌ
 يَسْمُوكَ مُطْمَئِنِّينَ
 لَنَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْهِم مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ
 مَلَكًا رَسُولًا
 ٩٦ قُلْ كَفَىٰ بِاللَّهِ
 شَهِيدًا بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ
 إِنَّهُ كَانَ بِعِبَادِهِ خَبِيرًا بَصِيرًا
 ٩٧ وَمَن يَهْدِ اللَّهُ فهُوَ الْمُهْتَدِ
 وَمَن يُضِلِلْ فَلَن تَجِدَ لَهُم
 أَوْلِيَاءَ مِن دُونِهِ
 وَنَحْشُرُهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
 عَلَىٰ وُجُوهِهِمْ
 عَمِيًّا وَيُعَذِّبُهُم
 مَا وَلَّهُمْ جَهَنَّمَ كُلَّمَا
 خَبَتْ زِدْنَاهُمْ سَعِيرًا
 ٩٨ ذَلِكَ جَزَاؤُهُمْ بِأَنَّهُمْ
 كَفَرُوا بِآيَاتِنَا وَقَالُوا
 أَإِذَا كُنَّا عِظْمًا وَرَفَتًا
 أَأَنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ خَلْقًا جَدِيدًا
 ٩٩ *أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَّ اللَّهَ الَّذِي
 خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
 قَادِرٌ عَلَىٰ أَنْ يَخْلُقَ مِثْلَهُمْ
 وَجَعَلَ لَهُمْ أَجَلًا
 لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء الخامس عشر

Yet the 'godless' wrongdoers refuse 'everything'
but utter unbelief.

17:100 Say 'to them':

Were you 'who disbelieve'
ever to hold possession of the stores
of my Lord's mercy, then, most surely,
you would withhold 'them from all creation'
for fear of 'their' depletion.
For ever is man 'most' stingy.

فَأَيُّ الظَّالِمِينَ إِلَّا كُفُورًا
قُلْ لَوْ أَنْتُمْ تَمْلِكُونَ ﴿١٠٠﴾

17:101 And very truly,

We gave Moses
nine elucidating signs 'as miracles'.
So ask the Children of Israel
about when he came to them—
and 'how, in haughtiness',
Pharaoh said to him:
Indeed, I think that you,
O Moses, are bewitched!

خَزَائِنَ رَحْمَةِ رَبِّي إِذَا
لَأَمْسَكْتُمْ خَشْيَةَ الْإِنْفَاقِ
وَكَانَ الْإِنْسَانُ قَتُورًا
وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَى ﴿١٠١﴾

17:102 'Moses' said:

Truly, you know well
that none other than the Lord
of the heavens and the earth
has sent down these 'signs' as manifest proofs.
And, indeed, I think that you, O Pharaoh,
are doomed 'to utter ruin'!

فَسِعْ ءَايَتِ بَيْنَتِ
فَسَلَّ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
إِذْ جَاءَهُمْ فَقَالَ لَهُ فِرْعَوْنُ
إِنِّي لَأَظُنُّكَ يَمُوسَى
مَسْحُورًا

17:103 So 'Pharaoh' desired to 'frighten' them
and 'drive' them from the land.

So We drowned him,
and those with him, all together.

17:104 Then, after 'destroying' him,

We said to the Children of Israel:
Inhabit the land 'We have blessed'.
Yet when the promise of the Hereafter
comes 'to pass',

قَالَ لَقَدْ عَلِمْتَ
مَا أَنزَلْنَا هَؤُلَاءِ إِلَّا رَبُّ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ بِصَآئِرٍ
وَإِنِّي لَأَظُنُّكَ
يَفْرَعُونَ مُبْشِرًا
فَأَرَادَ أَنْ يَنْفِرَهُمْ
مِّنَ الْأَرْضِ
فَاغْرَقْنَاهُ وَمَنْ مَّعَهُ جَمِيعًا
وَقُلْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ
لِبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ أَسْكُنُوا الْأَرْضَ
فَإِذَا جَاءَ وَعْدُ الْآخِرَةِ ﴿١٠٢﴾

سُورَةُ الْاِشْرَاءِ

الجزء الخامس عشر

We shall bring you forth from your graves
in a mixed multitude for Judgment.

- 17:105 Thus with profound truth,
it is We who have sent down this Quran.
And thus with profound truth
has it come down!
For We have not sent you,
to humanity, O Prophet,
but as a bearer of glad tidings
of everlasting delight in Paradise
and as a forewarner of God's nearing Judgment.

- 17:106 For, indeed, this Quran
is a Heavenly Recitation
We have apportioned
with distinct messages of truth
that you may recite it to humanity
in intervals, O Prophet, at a deliberate pace.
Thus have We sent it down
in successive revelations.

- 17:107 Say to the disbelievers, O Prophet:
Believe in it. Or disbelieve in it.
Indeed, those who are sincere,
who have already been given
knowledge of the Scriptures before it,
fall to the chin,
bowing their faces down to the ground
before God, whenever it is recited to them.

- 17:108 And they say:
Highly exalted is our Lord!
Indeed, the promise of our Lord,
most surely, is ever fulfilled.
17:109 Thus do they fall to the chin, weeping,
for it is a Heavenly Admonition that
increases them in all humility. ﴿١١٠﴾

- 17:110 Say to the people, O Prophet:

جَنَّا بِكُمْ لَفِيفًا
وَبِالْحَقِّ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ وَبِالْحَقِّ نَزَّلَ ﴿١٠٥﴾
وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرًا وَنَذِيرًا
وَقُرْءَاكَ فَرَقْنَاهُ ﴿١٠٦﴾
لِنَقْرَأَهُ عَلَى النَّاسِ عَلَى مُكْثٍ
وَنَزِيلًا نَزِيلًا
قُلْ ءَامِنُوا بِهِ أَوْ لَا تُؤْمِنُوا
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ
إِذَا بَسَّلَى عَلَيْهِمْ
يَخْرُونَ لِلْأَذْقَانِ سُجَّدًا
وَيَقُولُونَ سُبْحَنَ رَبِّنَا
إِنْ كَانَ وَعْدُ رَبِّنَا لَمَفْعُولًا
وَيَخْرُونَ لِلْأَذْقَانِ يَسْكُونُ ﴿١٠٧﴾
وَيَزِيدُهُمْ خُشُوعًا ﴿١٠٨﴾

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء الخامس عشر

Call upon God, or call upon the All-Merciful.
By either name you may call Him.
For He is One, and to Him alone belong
the most excellent names.

Yet do not be excessively loud
with your Prayer, O Prophet.
Nor be unduly muted.

Rather, seek a way of moderation
in between them.

17:111 Moreover, say to one and all:

All praise is for God alone:

The One

who has never taken for Himself any offspring!
And for whom there has never been any partner
in all the dominion!

And for whom there has never been any need
for a patron to shield Him against humiliation!
Thus extol Him—extol Him exceedingly.

قُلْ أَدْعُوا اللَّهَ
أَوْ أَدْعُوا الرَّحْمَنَ

أَيًّا مَا تَدْعُوا

فَلَهُ الْأَسْمَاءُ الْحُسْنَىٰ

وَلَا تَجْهَرُ بِصَلَاتِكَ

وَلَا تَخَافُ بِهَا

وَأَنْتَ بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ سَبِيلًا

وَقُلِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

الَّذِي لَمْ يَنْخُذْ وَلَدًا

وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ شَرِيكٌ فِي الْمَلَكِ

وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ وَلِيٌّ مِنَ الذُّلِّ

وَكَبِيرَةً تَنْكِيدًا

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ The surah that mentions the wondrous story of a group of youthful believers who retreated from their unbelieving people to the hills and the seclusion of THE CAVE wherein God caused them to sleep for three hundred and nine lunar years as a sign to their people that God shall, indeed, raise the dead—and that also mentions the narratives of other marvels beyond ordinary human conception.

Surah 18 / 110 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Kahf

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 18:1 All praise is for God alone,
the One who has sent down
the Heavenly Book
upon His servant Muhammad,
and who did not appoint any crookedness
to be part of it!
- 18:2 It is an upright guide to forewarn the ungodly
of a mighty chastisement in the Hereafter
from God Himself, and to give glad tidings
of everlasting delight in Paradise
to the believers—
those who do righteous deeds—
that for them there is an excellent reward
awaiting there.
- 18:3 Therein they shall remain forever.
- 18:4 Moreover, it forewarns those who say:
God has taken for Himself offspring!
- 18:5 They do not have any knowledge of this.
Nor had their forefathers.
It is a heinous word
that issues from their mouths!
They say nothing but a lie!

١ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي

أَنْزَلَ عَلَى عَبْدِهِ الْكِتَابَ

وَلَمْ يَجْعَلْ لَهُ عِوَجًا

٢ فَيَسَّارًا لِّیُنْذِرَ

بِأَسَاسٍ شَدِيدًا مِّنْ لَّدُنْهُ

وَيُبَشِّرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الَّذِينَ

يَعْمَلُونَ الصَّالِحَاتِ

أَنَّ لَهُمْ أَجْرًا حَسَنًا

٣ مَّكَانٍ فِيهِ أَبَدًا

٤ وَيُنْذِرَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا

اَتَّخَذَ اللَّهُ وَلَدًا

٥ مَا لَهُمْ بِهِ مِنْ عِلْمٍ

وَلَا لِآبَائِهِمْ

كَبُرَتْ كَلِمَةً

خَرَجَ مِنْ أَفْوَاهِهِمْ

إِنْ يَقُولُونَ إِلَّا كَذِبًا

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ عَشَرَ

- 18:6 Yet, perhaps, 'O Prophet,'
you would consume yourself,
sorrowing upon their traces,
if they will not believe in this 'divine' discourse.
- 18:7 'Know that', indeed,
We have made all that is on the earth
as an adornment for it—
'only' to test them
as to which of them is best in deed.
- 18:8 For, certainly, 'at the end of time'
We shall most surely make
all that is on it a barren plain of dust.
- 18:9 Now, 'O Prophet,' do you deem 'the account
of' the Companions of the Cave
and 'the Tablet recording' the Inscription 'of it'
to be among the most wondrous of Our signs?
- 18:10 Behold!
They were a 'group of' youths
who took shelter in the cave
'apart from their people', and they said:
Our Lord!
Grant us mercy from Your own 'providence'.
And furnish us, in our 'present' circumstances,
with right guidance.
- 18:11 So We struck 'a seal of sleep' upon their ears
in the cave for a 'great' number of years.
- 18:12 Then We awakened them,
so that We might distinguish
which of the two parties 'among them'
would best enumerate
the length they had abided 'in the cave'.
- 18:13 We 'now' relate to you their tidings
with 'profound' truth:
Indeed, they were youths

- ٦ فَلَعَلَّكَ بِخُغِّ نَفْسِكَ
عَلَى مَا آتَوْهُمْ إِنْ لَمْ يُؤْمِنُوا
بِهَذَا الْحَدِيثِ أَسَفًا
- ٧ إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا مَا عَلَى الْأَرْضِ
زِينَةً لِّمَن لَّا يَسْبُوهُمْ
أَيُّهُمْ أَحْسَنُ عَمَلًا
- ٨ وَإِنَّا لَجَاعِلُونَ مَا عَلَيْهَا
صَعِيدًا جُرُثًا
- ٩ أَمْ حَسِبْتَ أَنَّ أَصْحَابَ
الْكَهْفِ وَالرَّقِيمِ
كَانُوا مِنَّا عَجَبًا
- ١٠ إِذْ أَوَى الْفِتْيَةُ إِلَى
الْكَهْفِ فَقَالُوا رَبَّنَا
ءَاتِنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ رَحْمَةً
وَهَبْ لَنَا مِنْ أَمْرِنَا رَشَدًا
- ١١ فَضَرَبْنَا عَلَى آذَانِهِمْ فِي
الْكَهْفِ سِنِينَ عَدَدًا
- ١٢ ثُمَّ بَعَثْنَاهُمْ
لِنَعْلَمَ أَيُّ الْحِزْبَيْنِ
أَحْسَنُ لِمَا لَبِثُوا أَمَدًا
- ١٣ تَحْنُ نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ
نَبَأَهُم بِالْحَقِّ

who believed in their Lord 'alone'.

So We increased them in guidance.

- 18:14 Thus We secured their hearts
when they stood 'before their people'
and proclaimed:

Our Lord is the 'only' Lord
of the heavens and the earth!

Therefore, never shall we call upon
any god apart from Him!

For very truly, we would have then uttered
an outrageous lie!

- 18:15 These, our people, have taken gods 'in worship'
apart from Him 'who alone is the One God'.

If only they would come forth

with manifest authority

for 'their worship' of them!

For who does a greater wrong
than one who forges lies against God?

- 18:16 And so, 'they said to one another':
Since you have withdrawn from them,
and from what they worship other than God,
then take shelter in the cave.

Your Lord will unfold for you
'something' of His mercy,

and He will furnish you

in your 'present' circumstances
with good facility 'to meet your needs'.

- 18:17 *And 'had any of you people
been in witness',
you would have seen the sun as it rose
inclining away from their cave toward the right;
and, as it set, declining away from them
toward the left—
while they were 'asleep'

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

الجزء الخامس عشر

إِنَّهُمْ فَتِيَةٌ ءَامَنُوا بِرَبِّهِمْ

وَزِدْنَاهُمْ هُدًى

وَرَبَطْنَا عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ

١٤

إِذْ قَامُوا فَقَالُوا رَبُّنَا

رَبُّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

لَنْ نَدْعُو مِنْ دُونِهِ إِلَهًا

لَقَدْ قُلْنَا إِذَا شَطَطًا

هَؤُلَاءِ قَوْمُنَا اتَّخَذُوا

١٥

مِنْ دُونِهِ ءَالِهَةً

لَوْ لَا يَأْتُونَ عَلَيْهِمْ

بِسُلْطَانٍ بَيِّنٍ

فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ

افْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا

وَإِذْ اعْتَزَلْتُمُوهُمْ

١٦

وَمَا يَعْبُدُونَ إِلَّا اللَّهَ

فَأَوُّوا إِلَى الْكَهْفِ يَنْشُرْ لَكُمْ

رَبُّكُمْ مِنْ رَحْمَتِهِ وَيُهَيِّئْ

لَكُمْ مِنْ أَمْرِكُمْ مَرْفَاقًا

وَتَرَى الشَّمْسَ إِذَا

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طَلَعَتْ تَزَّوُّرٌ عَنْ كَهْفِهِمْ

ذَاتَ الْيَمِينِ وَإِذَا غَرَبَتْ

تَقَرَّبَتْ ذَاتَ الشِّمَالِ

وَهُمْ فِي فَجْوَةٍ مِنْهُ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَجَّةُ الْخَامِسُ عَشَرَ

in a deep hollow within.

This is of the 'miraculous' signs of God.

Whomever God guides,

then he is 'truly' guided.

But whomever He leaves to stray,

then never shall you find for him

any rightly guiding patron.

18:18 Moreover,

you would have thought them awake,

though they lay sleeping.

For We turned them

on 'their' right sides and then on their left,

while their dog stretched forth his forelegs
at the threshold.

Were you to have come upon them,

most surely, you would have 'frantically'

turned away from them in flight,

for you would have been filled with horror
'at the sight' of them.

18:19 And so it was that 'at last' We awakened them.

Thus they questioned each other.

One of them said 'to the others':

How long have you remained 'asleep'?

Some said:

We 'only' remained 'so for' a day,

or some part of a day.

'Some of the others' said:

Your Lord knows best

how long you have remained.

Yet send one of you forth 'now'

with these silver-coins of yours to the city,

and let him look 'as' to where 'he might find'
the most wholesome food.

Then let him bring back to you

some provision from it.

ذَلِكَ مِنْ آيَاتِ اللَّهِ

مَنْ يَهْدِ اللَّهُ فَهُوَ الْمُهْتَدِ

وَمَنْ يَضِلَّ فَلَنْ يُجْدَ لَهُ

وَلِيًّا مُرْشِدًا

وَتَحْسِبُهُمْ أَنْفَاطًا

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وَهُمْ رُقُودٌ وَنُقِلَهُمْ

ذَاتَ الْيَمِينِ وَذَاتَ الشِّمَالِ

وَكَلْبُهُمْ بَاسِطٌ

ذِرَاعَيْهِ بِالْوَصِيدِ

لَوِ اطَّلَعْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ

لَوَلَّيْتَ مِنْهُمْ فِرَارًا

وَلَمَلَّيْتَ مِنْهُمْ رُعبًا

وَكَذَلِكَ بَعَثْنَاهُمْ

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لِتَسْأَلُوا بَيْنَهُمْ

قَالَ قَائِلٌ مِنْهُمْ

كَمْ لَيْسَتْ قَالُوا لَيْسَ

يَوْمًا أَوْ بَعْضَ يَوْمٍ قَالُوا

رَبُّكُمْ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا لَيْسَتْ

فَاذْعَبُوا أَحَدَكُمْ

يُورِقْكُمْ هَذِهِ إِلَى الْمَدِينَةِ

فَلْيَنْظُرْ أَيُّهَا أَزْكَى طَعَامًا

فَلْيَأْتِكُمْ بِرِزْقٍ مِنْهُ

وَلْيَتَلَطَّفْ

- But let him proceed gently.
And let no one take 'undue' notice of you.
- 18:20 For, indeed, if they come to know about you,
they will stone you 'to death',
or make you return to their way 'of religion'.
And never ever would you succeed, then,
'to obtain salvation'.
- 18:21 And so it was
that We caused them to be discovered,
that 'their people' might know
'and bear witness' that, indeed,
God's promise 'to raise the dead' is true;
and that as to the 'coming
of the 'Hour' of Doom' —
there is no doubt 'at all' therein.
Behold!
'Their people' quarreled among themselves
regarding their affair
'after the youths had passed away'.
So some said:
Build a perimeter wall around them
'in the cave to seal off their remains,
and let them alone —
for their Lord knows best about
'what is to become of' them.
'But' those who prevailed
regarding their affair said:
We shall raise a house of worship over them.
- 18:22 Some 'of the People of the Scripture' will say:
They were three,
the fourth of them being their dog.
And 'others' will say:
They were five,
the sixth of them being their dog.

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

الجزء الخامس عشر

وَلَا يُشْعِرَنَّ بِكُمْ أَحَدًا

إِنَّهُمْ إِنْ يَظْهَرُوا عَلَيْكُمْ

يَرْجُمُوكُمْ أَوْ

يُعِيدُوكُمْ فِي مِلَّتِهِمْ

وَلَنْ تُفْلِحُوا إِذَا أَبَدًا

وَكَذَلِكَ أَعِزَّنَا عَلَيْهِمْ

لِيَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ

وَأَنَّ السَّاعَةَ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهَا

إِذْ يَنْزِعُونَ بَيْنَهُمْ أَمْرَهُمْ

فَقَالُوا ابْنُوا عَلَيْهِم بُنْيَانًا

رَبُّهُمْ أَعْلَمُ بِهِمْ

قَالَ الَّذِينَ غَلَبُوا عَلَى أَمْرِهِمْ

لَنَتَّخِذَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ مَسْجِدًا

سَيَقُولُونَ ثَلَاثَةٌ

رَأَيْنَاهُمْ كَتَبَهُمْ

وَيَقُولُونَ خَمْسَةٌ

سَادِسُهُمْ كَتَبَهُمُ

رَجْمًا بِالْغَيْبِ

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

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They are but casting about in the unseen
for an obscure answer.

Yet others will say:

They were seven,
and the eighth of them was their dog.

Say O Prophet:

My Lord knows best their number.

None but a few truly knows of them
and their actual number.

So do not argue about them,
except with the sure argument
evidenced by the Quran.

Nor make inquiry concerning them
from anyone
among the People of the Scripture.

18:23 Nor shall you say, O Prophet,
in regard to anything:
I will, indeed, do such and such tomorrow!

18:24 unless you add: If God so wills.

Yet remember your Lord,
if you forget to say it.

And then say:

It may well be that my Lord will guide me
to what is nearer than this to His pleasure
and superior in rectitude.

18:25 Now, they remained in their cave
three hundred lunar years,
plus nine more besides.

18:26 Say, O Prophet,
to those who would argue against this:
God knows best how long they remained.
To Him alone belongs all knowledge
of the unseen realms
of the heavens and the earth.

وَيَقُولُونَ سَبْعَةٌ

وَتَامَنَهُمْ كَلْبُهُمْ

قُلْ رَبِّي أَعْلَمُ بِعَدَّتِهِمْ

مَا يَعْلَمُهُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ

فَلَا تُحَارِبْ فِيهِمْ

إِلَّا مَرَّةً ظَهَرَ وَلَا تَسْتَفْتِ

فِيهِمْ مِنْهُمْ أَحَدًا

وَلَا تَقُولْ لِشَيْءٍ

إِنِّي فَاعِلٌ ذَلِكَ غَدًا

إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ

وَأَذْكُرْ رَبَّكَ إِذَا نَسِيتَ

وَقُلْ عَسَى أَنْ يَهْدِيَنِي رَبِّي

لِأَقْرَبَ مِنْ هَذَا رَشَدًا

وَلْيَسْأَلُوا فِي كَهْفِهِمْ

ثَلَاثَ مِائَةٍ سِنِينَ

وَأَزْدَادُوا تِسْعًا

قُلْ اللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا لَيْسُوا لَهُ

غَيْبُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

أَبْصُرْ بِهِ وَأَسْمِعْ

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٢٤

٢٥

٢٦

How perfectly He sees and hears!
They do not have apart from Him any patron.
For He does not share His sovereignty
with anyone.

- 18:27 So continue to recite
what has been revealed to you
from the Book of your Lord.
For there is none who can replace His words.
And never shall you find,
apart from Him, any refuge.
- 18:28 Moreover, keep yourself patient
in the company of those humble believers
who call upon their Lord with devotion
in the morning and in the evening,
desiring only His Face.
Nor shall you turn your eyes
from the likes of them,
desiring the adornment of the life of this world.

Nor shall you obey the dictates
of anyone whose heart
We have rendered heedless
of Our remembrance,
who thus follows his whims,
and whose disposition
is ever reckless in disregard of the truth.

- 18:29 Rather, say to one and all:
The truth has come from your Lord
in this Quran.
So whoever wills—let him believe!
And whoever wills—let him disbelieve!
Indeed,
We have prepared for the godless wrongdoers
a Fire in Hell,
whose enclosures shall encompass them
from every side.

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

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مَا لَهُمْ مِنْ دُونِهِ مِنْ وَلِيٍّ
وَلَا يُشْرِكُ فِي حُكْمِهِ أَحَدًا

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وَأَتْلُ مَا أُوْحِيَ إِلَيْكَ
مِنْ كِتَابِ رَبِّكَ

لَا مُبْدِلَ لِكَلِمَاتِهِ

وَلَنْ يَجْعَلَ مِنْ دُونِهِ مَلْتَحَدًا

وَأَصْبِرْ نَفْسَكَ مَعَ الَّذِينَ

٢٨

يَدْعُونَ رَبَّهُمْ

بِالْعَدْوَةِ وَالْعُشِيِّ

يُرِيدُونَ وَجْهَهُ

وَلَا تَعْدُ عَيْنَاكَ عَنْهُمْ

تُرِيدُ زِينَةَ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَلَا تُطِيعْ مَنْ أَغْفَلْنَا قَلْبَهُ

عَنْ ذِكْرِنَا وَاتَّبَعَ هَوَاهُ

وَكَانَ أَمْرُهُ فُرُطًا

وَقُلِ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ

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فَمَنْ شَاءَ فَلْيُؤْمِنْ

وَمَنْ شَاءَ فَلْيُكْفِرْ

إِنَّا أَعْتَدْنَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ نَارًا

أَحَاطَ بِهُمْ سُرَادِقُهَا

And if they seek relief from it,
they will be relieved with a water
resembling molten brass
that grills their very faces—
and a most woeful drink,
and evil place of repose, 'it is'!

18:30 As to those who believe and do righteous deeds,
never will We waste the reward
of whoever has excelled in 'doing' good works.

18:31 It is these for whom
there are Gardens everlasting,
beneath which rivers flow.
They shall be adorned therein
with bracelets of gold.
And they shall dress in green raiments
of fine sarcenet and rich brocade.
They shall recline therein
on 'canopied' couches.
A most commendable reward
and most excellent place of repose!

18:32 *So set forth for them
the parable of the two men:
We made for one of them
two gardens of grapevines,
encircling each of them with date palms
and placing between the two of them
planted fields.

18:33 Each of the two gardens
brought forth its 'plenteous' fruitage
and did not diminish thereof at all.
Further, We caused a river
to burst forth all through them.

18:34 Thus there was for him plentiful fruitage.
So he said to his friend 'in his company one day

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

الْحِزْبُ الْفَارِسِيُّ عَشْرٌ

وَأِنْ يَسْتَغِيثُوا يُغَاثُوا بِمَاءٍ
كَالْمُهْلِ يَشْوِي الْوُجُوهَ
بِئْسَ الشَّرَابُ
وَسَاءَتْ مُرْتَفَقًا

٣٠ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

إِنَّا لَا نُضِيعُ أَجْرَ

مَنْ أَحْسَنَ عَمَلًا

٣١ أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ جَنَّاتُ عَدْنٍ

يَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهِمُ الْأَنْهَارُ

يُحْمَلُونَ فِيهَا مِنْ أَسَاوِرَ

مِنْ ذَهَبٍ وَيَلْبَسُونَ ثِيَابًا

خُضْرًا مِنْ سُندُسٍ وَإِسْتَبْرَقٍ

مُتَشَكِّينَ فِيهَا عَلَى الْأَرَائِكِ

نِعْمَ الثَّوَابُ وَحَسُنَتْ مُرْتَفَقًا

٣٢ * وَأَضْرَبَ لَهُمْ مَثَلًا رَجُلَيْنِ

جَعَلْنَا لِأَحَدِهِمَا جَنَّتَيْنِ

مِنْ أَعْنَابٍ وَحَفَفْنَاهُمَا بِنَخْلٍ

وَجَعَلْنَا بَيْنَهُمَا زَرْعًا

٣٣ كِلَا الْجَنَّتَيْنِ ءَانَتْ أَكْلُهَا

وَلَمْ تَقْطُرْ مِنْهُ شَيْئًا

وَفَجَّرْنَا خِلَالَهُمَا نَهْرًا

٣٤ وَكَانَ لَهُ ثَمَرٌ

فَقَالَ لِصَاحِبِهِ وَهُوَ يُحَاوِرُهُ

أَنَا أَكْثَرُ مِنْكَ مَالًا

- while he was conversing with him:
I am greater than you in wealth
and mightier in kinsmen.
- 18:35 Thus he entered his garden
while doing wrong to his own soul.
He said:
I do not think that this 'flourishing garden'
will ever perish.
- 18:36 Nor do I think
that the Hour 'of Doom' will ever come.
And even if I am 'to be' returned
to my Lord, most surely,
I shall find 'far' better than this as 'my' destiny.
- 18:37 His friend said to him
while he was conversing with him:
Have you disbelieved in the One
who created you from dust,
then from a sperm-drop,
then formed you as a man?
- 18:38 Yet, indeed, He is God, my Lord.
And never will I associate anyone
'as a god' with my Lord!
- 18:39 Now if only when you had entered your garden
you would have said: Such has God willed!
There is no power except with God—
if you see that I myself
am 'given' less than you in wealth and children.
- 18:40 Yet perhaps my Lord
will give me better than your garden—
and send upon this 'one' a firebolt from heaven
so that it shall become 'no more'
than 'a slippery, leveled plain.
- 18:41 Or 'perhaps' its water
may 'suddenly' become deeply sunken
'in the ground',

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرِينَ

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وَأَعَزُّ نَفَرًا
وَدَخَلَ جَنَّتَهُ ٣٥
وَهُوَ ظَالِمٌ لِّنَفْسِهِ قَالَ
مَا أَظُنُّ أَنْ تَبِيدَ هَذِهِ أَبَدًا
وَمَا أَظُنُّ السَّاعَةَ قَائِمَةً ٣٦
وَلَيْنِ زُيِّدْتُ إِلَى رَبِّي
لَأَجِدَنَّ خَيْرًا مِنْهَا مُنْقَلَبًا
قَالَ لَهُ صَاحِبُهُ وَهُوَ يُحَاوِرُهُ ٣٧
أَكْفَرْتَ بِالَّذِي خَلَقَكَ
مِنْ تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ مِنْ نُطْفَةٍ
ثُمَّ سَوَّكَ رَجُلًا ٣٨
لَيْكِنَّا هُوَ اللَّهُ رَبِّي
وَلَا أُشْرِكُ بِرَبِّي أَحَدًا
وَلَوْلَا إِذْ دَخَلْتَ جَنَّتَكَ ٣٩
قُلْتَ مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ
لَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ إِنْ تَرَنِ
أَنَا أَقَلُّ مِنْكَ مَالًا وَلَوْلَا
فَعَسَىٰ رَبِّي أَنْ يُؤْتِيَنِ
خَيْرًا مِنْ جَنَّتِكَ
وَيُرْسِلَ عَلَيْهَا حُسْبَانًا
مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ فَنُصْبِحَ
صَعِيدًا زَلَقًا ٤٠
أَوْ يُصْبِحَ مَآوَاهَا غُورًا ٤١

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْكَامِلِ

such that you will never again
be able to seek it out.

- 18:42 And so it was that his fruitage
was utterly engulfed by a firebolt.
Thus he began to wring his hands
over what he had spent therein;
for it was toppled, desolate upon its trellises.
Thus repeatedly he kept saying:
Oh, alas for me!
Would that I had never associated anyone
with my Lord, the Everlasting One!
- 18:43 Nor did he have any fellowship
to help him against God.
Nor was he even able to help himself.
- 18:44 Then and there, it became clear
that all authority
is for God alone, the Sole Truth.
It is He who is best in bestowing reward
and best in ensuring a blissful outcome.

- 18:45 Hence, set forth for them
the parable of the life of this world:
It is like the water
that We send down from the sky.
Then the plants of the earth
briefly mingle with it and grow lush.
Then they become dry stalks
that the winds utterly scatter.
For God alone
holds invincible power over all things.
- 18:46 Wealth and children are the adornment
of the life of this fleeting world.
Yet abiding deeds of righteousness
are far better in reward with your Lord
in the Hereafter,

فَلَنْ تَسْتَطِيعَ لَهُ طَلَبًا

وَأُحِيطَ بِشَمْرِهِ فَأَصْبَحَ ﴿٤٢﴾

يَقْلِبُ كَفْيَهُ عَلَى مَا أَتَقَى فِيهَا

وَهِيَ خَاوِيَةٌ عَلَى عُرُوشِهَا

وَيَقُولُ يَلَيْتَنِي

لَمْ أُشْرِكْ بِرَبِّي أَحَدًا

وَلَمْ تَكُنْ لَهُ فِتْنَةٌ يَصُرُونَهُ. ﴿٤٣﴾

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَمَا كَانَ مُنْصَرِفًا

هُنَالِكَ الْوَلَايَةُ لِلَّهِ الْحَقِّ ﴿٤٤﴾

هُوَ خَيْرٌ نَوَابًا وَخَيْرٌ عُقْبًا

وَأَضْرَبَ لَهُمْ مَثَلًا ﴿٤٥﴾

الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا كَمَا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ

مِنَ السَّمَاءِ فَالْخَلَاطُ بِهِ

نَبَاتُ الْأَرْضِ

فَأَصْبَحَ هَشِيمًا تَذْرُوهُ الرِّيحُ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُقَدِّرًا

الْمَالِ وَالْأَنْفُسِ ﴿٤٦﴾

زِينَةِ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَالْبَاقِيَتُ الصَّالِحَاتُ خَيْرٌ

عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ نَوَابًا وَخَيْرٌ أَمَلًا

- and a 'far' more excellent fulfillment
of every hope 'in this life'.
- 18:47 So 'beware of' a Day
'when' We shall move the mountains away,
and you will see the earth laid bare,
and We shall have assembled 'all of' them—
'from the first person to the last for Judgment'.
Nor will We leave out
any one of them 'who disbelieved'!
- 18:48 Then shall they be arrayed
before your Lord in ranks, 'O Prophet,
and God shall say to them':
Very truly, you have come before Us
'singly and naked',
just as We have created you the first time.
Yet 'in life' you alleged
that We would never occasion
'such' an appointment
for 'resurrecting' you!
- 18:49 Then the 'precise' book 'of record
for their deeds'
will be set in place 'for each one'.
Thus you shall see the defiant unbelievers
terrified of what is in it, and they will be saying:
Woe to us!
What is with this book
that leaves out no act, be it small or great,
without having enumerated it?
For they will find
all that they have 'ever' done 'in their lives'
present 'before them'.
Nor shall your Lord wrong anyone 'in the least'.
- 18:50 Now, behold! We said to the angels:
Bow 'your faces' down to 'receive' Adam

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ عَشَرَ

وَيَوْمَ نُسِيرُ الْجِبَالَ
وَتَرَى الْأَرْضَ بَارِزَةً
وَحَشَرْنَاهُمْ
فَلَمْ تَغَادِرْ مِنْهُمْ أَحَدًا
وَعُرِّضُوا عَلَى رَبِّكَ صَفًّا
لَقَدْ جِئْتُمُونَا
كَمَا خَلَقْتُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ
بَلْ زَعَمْتُمْ
أَلَّنْ نَجْعَلَ لَكُمْ مَوْعِدًا
وَوَضِعَ الْكِتَابُ
فَتَرَى الْمُجْرِمِينَ مُسْفِفِينَ
مِمَّا فِيهِ وَيَقُولُونَ يُوَلِّئُنَا
مَالَ هَذَا الْكِتَابِ
لَا يَغَادِرُ صَغِيرَةً وَلَا كَبِيرَةً
إِلَّا أَحْصَاهَا
وَوَجَدُوا مَا عَمِلُوا حَاضِرًا
وَلَا يَظِلُّ رَبُّكَ أَحَدًا
وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ
اسْجُدُوا لِآدَمَ

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

الجزء الخامس عشر

'into life and honor him'!

So they 'all' bowed down, except Iblîs,
who was of the jinn.

Thus he rebelled

against the command of his Lord.

Will you 'human beings'

then take him and his seed as patrons

apart from Me while they are an enemy to you?

'How' woeful a substitute 'this is'

for the wrongdoers 'who are godless in heart'!

18:51 *I did not call any of them

to witness the creation of the heavens

and the earth,

nor 'even' the creation of their own selves.

Nor would I ever take

the 'evil' misleaders as assistants.

18:52 Thus on that Day He shall say 'to them':

Call upon My associate-gods

whom you have alleged!

So they will call upon them.

But they will not answer them.

Thus shall We set perdition between them.

18:53 Then the defiant unbelievers

will see the Fire 'of Hell',

and they will realize 'with certainty'

that they are about to fall into it.

Yet they will find no escape from it.

18:54 Now truly, indeed,

We have varied in this Quran

'something' of every kind of illustration

for 'the good of' all people.

Yet of all things man is most argumentative.

18:55 For there is nothing to prevent

people from believing,

فَسَجَدُوا إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ

كَانَ مِنَ الْجِنِّ

فَفَسَقَ عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّهِ

أَفَلَنْتَّخِذُوهُ وَذُرِّيَّتَهُ

أَوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُونِي

وَهُمْ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ

يَبْسُ لِلظَّالِمِينَ بَدَلًا

❖ مَا أَشْهَدُهُمْ

خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَلَا خَلَقَ أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَمَا كُنْتُ

مُسَخِّدَ الْمُضِلِّينَ عَصِدًا

وَيَوْمَ يَقُولُ نَادُوا

شُرَكَاءِيَ الَّذِينَ زَعَمْتُمْ

فَدَعَوْهُمْ فَلَمْ يَسْتَجِيبُوا لَهُمْ

وَجَعَلْنَا بَيْنَهُمْ مَوْبِقًا

وَرَاءَ الْمَجْرِمُونَ النَّارَ

فَطَنُوا أَنَّهُمْ مُوَاقِعُوهَا

وَلَمْ يَجِدُوا عَنْهَا مَصْرِفًا

وَلَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَا

فِي هَذَا الْقُرْآنِ لِلنَّاسِ

مِنْ كُلِّ مَثَلٍ وَكَانَ

الْإِنْسَانُ أَكْثَرُ شِقْوَةٍ جَدَلًا

وَمَا مَعَ النَّاسِ أَنْ يُؤْمِنُوا

إِذْ جَاءَهُمُ الْهُدَى

٥١

٥٢

٥٣

٥٤

٥٥

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

الجزء الخامس عشر

now that the 'Heavenly' guidance
of the Quran has come to them.
Nor is there anything to prevent them
from seeking forgiveness from their Lord,
except that the 'obstinate' ways of unbelief
of the earlier generations
reemerge and overcome them—
or the punishment of God,
at last, comes to them face to face.

18:56 Thus We do not send the messengers
except as bearers of glad tidings
to the believers
of everlasting delight in Paradise,
and as forewarners to the disbelievers
of God's nearing Judgment.
But those who disbelieve
'obstinately' argue
'in accordance' with a 'logic of' falsehood
by which they seek to refute the truth.
Thus do they take My 'revealed' signs—
and whatever 'divine punishment
of which' they are forewarned—as a mockery.

18:57 Yet who does a greater wrong
than one who is made mindful of the truth
by the 'very' verses of his Lord,
but who then turns away from them,
forgetting 'the sins' that his 'own' hands
have advanced 'into the Hereafter?
Therefore, We have, indeed,
placed sheaths over their 'ill-inclined' hearts—
that they may 'no longer' understand
this 'Quran'—
and in their ears an utter deafness.
So though you call them to 'faith, O Prophet,
by means of' this 'Heavenly' guidance—

وَيَسْتَغْفِرُوا رَبَّهُمْ إِلَّا أَنْ

تَأْتِيَهُمْ سُنَّةُ الْأَوَّلِينَ

أَوْ يَأْتِيَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ قُبُلًا

وَمَا نُرْسِلُ الْمُرْسَلِينَ

إِلَّا مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذِرِينَ

وَيُجَادِلُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

بِالْبَاطِلِ لِيُدْحِضُوا بِهِ الْحَقَّ

وَاتَّخَذُوا آيَاتِي

وَمَا أَنْذِرُوا هَزْوًَا

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّنْ ذُكِّرَ

بِآيَاتِ رَبِّهِ فَأَعْرَضَ عَنْهَا

وَنَسِيَ مَا قَدَّمَتْ يَدَاهُ

إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ

أَكِنَّةً أَنْ يَفْقَهُوهُ

وَفِي آذَانِهِمْ وَقْرًا

وَأِنْ تَدْعُهُمْ إِلَى الْهُدَى

فَلَنْ يَهْتَدُوا إِذًا أَبَدًا

يُؤْتِي الْكَلِمَاتِ

الْحِكْمَةَ لِلْعَامِّ عَشْرَ

still, never shall they be guided, ever.

- 18:58 Yet your Lord
is the All-Forgiving, the Possessor of Mercy.
For were He to seize them, suddenly,
'in accordance' with 'the sins'
that they have earned,
He would certainly hasten on
the torment for them.
But, rather, they have an appointed time
'for Judgment' —
apart from which they shall never find asylum.
- 18:59 And so it was with 'all' such communities
that We destroyed when they did wrong:
We set an appointed time for their destruction.

- 18:60 Now, behold!
Moses said to his young attendant:
I will not quit 'my quest for knowledge'
until I reach the confluence of the two seas,
or else I shall go on for ages.
- 18:61 So when they reached the confluence
between them, there they 'rested',
and 'forgot their fish' —
'that they brought for sustenance' —
which then made its way into the sea,
slipping away 'wondrously'.
- 18:62 So after they had 'proceeded and' left it behind,
he said to his young attendant:
Bring us our midday meal.
Very truly,
we have encountered 'great' weariness
in this journey of ours.
- 18:63 He said 'to Moses':
Do you remember
when we betook ourselves to the rock 'to rest'?

وَرَبُّكَ الْغَفُورُ ذُو الرَّحْمَةِ ٥٨

لَوْ يُؤَاخِذُهم بِمَا كَسَبُوا
لَعَجَلَ لَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ
بَلْ لَهُم مَّوْعِدٌ

لَنْ يَجْعَدُوا مِنْ دُونِهِ مَوْيِلًا
وَبَلَدِكَ الْفَرَى ٥٩

أَهْلَكْنَهُمْ لَمَّا ظَلَمُوا
وَجَعَلْنَا لِمَهْلِكِهِمْ مَوْعِدًا
وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لِفَتْنِهِ ٦٠

لَا أَبْرَحُ حَتَّى
أَبْلُغَ مَجْمَعَ الْبَحْرَيْنِ
أَوْ أَمْضِيَ حُقُبًا ٦١

فَلَمَّا بَلَغَا مَجْمَعَ بَيْنَهُمَا
نَسِيَا حُوتَهُمَا
فَاتَّخَذَ سَبِيلَهُ فِي الْبَحْرِ سَرَبًا ٦٢

فَلَمَّا جَاوَزَا قَالَ لِفَتْنِهِ
ءَاَيْنَا غَدَاءَنَا لَقَدْ لَقِينَا
مِنْ سَفَرِنَا هَذَا نَصَبًا ٦٣

قَالَ أَرَأَيْتَ
إِذْ أَوْتَيْنَا إِلَى الصَّخْرَةِ
فَإِنِّي نَسِيتُ الْحُوتَ ٦٤

Indeed, I forgot the fish there —
and none but Satan caused me to forget it,
and to forget that I should mention it to you.

For it had made its way
into the sea so wondrously.

18:64 Moses said:

This is the sign that we have been seeking!
So they turned back,
retracing their footsteps to the rock.

18:65 And there they found a distinguished servant,
from among Our servants;
for We had granted him mercy
from Our providence;
and We had taught him much knowledge
from Our own.

18:66 Moses said to him:

May I follow you
on condition that you teach me
whatever right guidance
you have been taught by God?

18:67 God's servant said:

Indeed, you can never be patient enough
to bear with me.

18:68 For how can you be patient
with an experience you do not comprehend?

18:69 Moses said:

You shall find me, if God so wills, patient.
Nor will I disobey any command of yours.

18:70 God's servant said:

Then if you would follow me,
then do not question me about anything I do
until I first make mention
of the reason for it to you.

18:71 So they proceeded.

And at last,

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وَمَا أَفْسَيْنِيهِ إِلَّا الشَّيْطَانُ
أَنْ أَذْكُرَهُ وَاتَّخَذَ سَبِيلَهُ

فِي الْبَحْرِ عَجَبًا

قَالَ ذَلِكَ مَا كُنَّا نَبْغِ

٦٤

فَارْتَدَّا عَلَىٰ آثَارِهِمَا قَصَصًا

فَوَجَدَا عَبْدًا مِنْ عِبَادِنَا

٦٥

ءَاتَيْنَاهُ رَحْمَةً مِنْ عِنْدِنَا

وَعَلَّمْنَاهُ مِنْ لَدُنَّا عِلْمًا

قَالَ لَهُ مُوسَىٰ هَلْ أَتَيْتُكَ

٦٦

عَلَىٰ أَنْ تَعْلِمَنِي

مِمَّا عَلَّمْتَ رُشْدًا

قَالَ إِنَّكَ

٦٧

لَنْ تَسْتَطِيعَ مَعِيَ صَبْرًا

وَكَيْفَ تَصْبِرُ

٦٨

عَلَىٰ مَا لَمْ يَحْطُ بِهِ خُبْرًا

قَالَ سَتَجِدُنِي إِنْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ

٦٩

صَابِرًا وَلَا أَعْصِي لَكَ أَمْرًا

قَالَ فَإِنْ اتَّبَعْنِي

٧٠

فَلَا تَسْأَلْنِي عَنْ شَيْءٍ

حَتَّىٰ أَهْدِيَ لَكَ مِنْهُ ذِكْرًا

فَأَنْطَلَقَا حَتَّىٰ إِذَا

٧١

رَكِبَا فِي السَّفِينَةِ خَرَقَهَا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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when they embarked in a ship, he scuttled it.
Moses said:

Have you scuttled it to drown its people?
Very truly, you have done a grievous thing!

18:72 He said to Moses:

Did I not say that, indeed,
you can never be patient enough
to bear with me?

18:73 Moses said:

Do not hold me accountable
for what I have forgotten,
nor burden me with further difficulty
in my endeavor to learn from you.

18:74 So they proceeded.

And at last,
when they met a boy, he killed him.

Moses said:

Have you killed an innocent soul
without cause of retribution for another soul?
Very truly, you have done a horrific thing!

18:75 *He said to Moses:

Did I not say to you that, indeed,
you can never be patient enough
to bear with me?

18:76 Moses said:

If, after this,
I question you about anything else,
then no longer keep me in your company.
You have already
attained enough excuse-making on my part.

18:77 So they proceeded.

And at last,
when they came upon the people of a town,
they requested food
from the hospitality of its people.

قَالَ أَخَرَقْتَهَا النَّهْرَ أَهْلَهَا

لَقَدْ جِئْتَ شَيْئًا إِمْرًا

قَالَ أَلَمْ أَقُلْ إِنَّكَ ﴿٧٢﴾

لَنْ تَسْتَطِيعَ مَعِيَ صَبْرًا

قَالَ لَا تَأْخُذْ بِي ﴿٧٣﴾

بِمَا نَسِيتُ وَلَا تَرَهَقْنِي

مِنْ أَمْرِي عُسْرًا

فَأَنْطَلَقَا حَتَّى إِذَا لَقِيَا غُلَامًا ﴿٧٤﴾

فَقَتَلَهُ قَالَ

أَفَقُلْتَ نَفْسًا زَكِيَّةً بِغَيْرِ نَفْسٍ

لَقَدْ جِئْتَ شَيْئًا نُكْرًا

قَالَ أَلَمْ أَقُلْ لَكَ إِنَّكَ ﴿٧٥﴾

لَنْ تَسْتَطِيعَ مَعِيَ صَبْرًا

قَالَ إِنْ سَأَلْتُكَ ﴿٧٦﴾

عَنْ شَيْءٍ بَعْدَ هَذَا

فَلَا تُصِيبْنِي

فَدَبَلَعْتَ مِنْ لَدُنِّي عَذْرًا

فَأَنْطَلَقَا حَتَّى إِذَا آتَيَا ﴿٧٧﴾

أَهْلَ قَرْيَةٍ أَسْطَظَعَمَا أَهْلَهَا

فَأَبَوْا أَنْ يُضَيِّقُوهُمَا



But they refused to host them.
So they found in it a wall ready to topple over,
thus he reinforced it and set it upright.

‘Moses’ said:

Had you wished,
you could have taken pay for it.

18:78 ‘God’s servant’ said:

This is the parting between me and you.
I shall now tell you
the reality of the interpretation
of all that you could not abide with patience.

18:79 As for the ship,

it belonged to indigent people working at sea.
Thus I intended only to slightly impair it,
for I knew that behind them
was a disbelieving king
seizing every seaworthy ship by force.

18:80 And as for the boy,

his parents were true believers;
and based on revealed knowledge
we feared that he would oppress them
with transgression and unbelief.

18:81 Thus we desired

that their Lord should grant them instead
another son far better than him
in the purity of his heart
and closer to them in loving-mercy.

18:82 And as for the wall,

it belonged to two orphan boys in the city
and beneath it was a treasure hidden for them.
Now their father was a righteous man;
so your Lord intended
for both to reach full maturity
and to bring forth their treasure for themselves,
as a mercy from your Lord.

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فَوَجَدَا فِيهَا جِدَارًا
يُرِيدُ أَنْ يَنْقَضَ فَأَقَامَهُ.
قَالَ لَوْ شِئْتُ

لَنَخَذَ عَلَيْهِ أَجْرًا

قَالَ هَذَا افِرَاقٌ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكَ

سَأُنَبِّئُكَ بِمَا أَوْيَلَ

مَا لَمْ تَسْتَطِعْ عَلَيْهِ صَبْرًا

أَمَّا السَّفِينَةُ فَكَانَتْ

لِمَسْكِينٍ يَعْمَلُونَ فِي الْبَحْرِ

فَارَدْتُ أَنْ أَعِيبَهَا

وَكَانَ وَرَاءَهُمْ مَلِكٌ

يَأْخُذُ كُلَّ سَفِينَةٍ غَصْبًا

وَأَمَّا الْغُلَامُ

فَكَانَ أَبُوهُ مُؤْمِنًا

فَخَشِينَا أَنْ يُرْهِقَهُمَا

طُغْيَانًا وَكُفْرًا

فَارَدْنَا أَنْ نُبَدِّلَهُمَا رِجْهًا

خَيْرًا مِنْهُ زَكَاةً وَأَقْرَبَ رَحْمًا

وَأَمَّا الْجِدَارُ فَكَانَ

لِغُلَامَيْنِ يَتِيمَيْنِ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ

وَكَانَ تَحْتَهُ كَنْزٌ لَهُمَا

وَكَانَ أَبُوهُمَا صَالِحًا

فَارَادَ رَبُّكَ أَنْ يَبْلُغَا أَشُدَّهُمَا

وَيَسْتَخْرِجَا كَنْزَهُمَا

رَحْمَةً مِنْ رَبِّكَ

وَمَا فَعَلْنَاهُ عَنْ أَمْرِئٍ

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

الْجُزْءُ السَّادِسُ عَشَرَ

Moreover, I did not do any of this
on my own authority.
That is the interpretation of these deeds,
for which you could not be patient.

- 18:83 They ask you, as well, 'O Prophet,'
about Dhul-Qarnayn. Say:
I will recite for you an account of him
for your reflection.
- 18:84 Indeed, We established ascendancy for him
in the land.
Moreover,
We endowed him with magnificent means
to attain a way
to nearly all things he endeavored.
- 18:85 So he followed a way westward.
- 18:86 And at last, when he reached the place
of the setting sun,
he found it setting, as it were,
in the midst of a black, turbid spring;
and he found nearby it a wrongdoing people.
We said: O Dhul-Qarnayn!
You may, in regard to them,
either punish them
or treat them with goodness.
- 18:87 He said:
As for whoever does wrong,
we shall punish him.
Then he shall be returned to his Lord
in the Hereafter, and He shall punish him
with a horrific punishment.
- 18:88 But as for one who believes
and works righteous deeds,
there shall be for him great goodness in reward.
Moreover, in all that we shall decree for him

ذَٰلِكَ تَأْوِيلُ
مَا لَمْ تَسْطِعْ عَلَيْهِ صَبْرًا
وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنْ ذِي الْقَرْنَيْنِ ﴿٨٣﴾
قُلْ سَأَتْلُو عَلَيْكُمْ
مِنْهُ ذِكْرًا
إِنَّا مَكِّنَّا لَهُ فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَأَيَّانَهُ مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ سَبَبًا
فَاتَّبَعَ سَبَبًا ﴿٨٤﴾
حَتَّىٰ إِذَا بَلَغَ مَغْرِبَ الشَّمْسِ
وَجَدَهَا تَغْرُبُ فِي عَيْنٍ حَمِئَةٍ
وَوَجَدَ عِنْدَهَا قَوْمًا
فَلَمَّا يَدَّا الْقَرْنَيْنِ إِمَّا أَنْ تُعَذِّبَ
وَأِمَّا أَنْ نُنْجِدَ فِيهِمْ حُسْنًا
قَالَ أَمَّا مَنْ ظَلَمَ فَسَوْفَ نُعَذِّبُهُ
ثُمَّ يُرَدُّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِ
فَيُعَذِّبُهُ عَذَابًا مُّكْرًا
وَأَمَّا مَنْ ءَامَنَ وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا
فَلَهُ جَزَاءُ الْحُسْنَىٰ
وَسَنَقُولُ لَهُ مِنْ أَمْرِنَا يُسْرًا ﴿٨٨﴾

of our commands, there shall be ease.

18:89 Then he followed a way 'eastward'.

18:90 And at last, when he reached 'the place
of the rising sun,
he found it rising upon a 'primitive' people
for whom We had set nothing
as a veil 'to keep them' out of it.

18:91 That is so, for truly We comprehended
whatever he encountered as an experience.

18:92 Then he followed 'another' way.

18:93 And at last, when he reached a place
between two mountain barriers,
he found alongside them a 'simple' people
who could barely understand a word
'of any language but their own'.

18:94 They said: O Dhul-Qarnayn!

Indeed, the 'people of' Gog and Magog
are sowers of corruption in the land!
So may we offer you tribute,
on condition that you make
between us and them a barrier?

18:95 He said:

That with which my Lord has established me
is 'far' better 'than any tribute'.

But aid me with manpower.

I shall set between you and them a bulwark.

18:96 Bring me chunks of iron.

Then when he leveled up the 'passage'
between the two mountain cliffs 'with it',
he said:

Blow 'with your bellows'!

Then when he had set it afire, he said:

Bring me molten brass to pour on it.

18:97 Thus 'the Gog and Magog'

يُنَزِّلُ الْكَافِرِينَ

الْجَنَّةِ السَّادِسَ عَشَرَ

٨٩ ثُمَّ أَنْعَ سَبِيًّا

٩٠ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا بَلَغَ مَطْلِعَ الشَّمْسِ

وَجَدَهَا تَطْلُعُ عَلَىٰ قَوْمٍ

لَمْ يَجْعَلْ لَهُم مِّن دُونِهَا سِتْرًا

٩١ كَذَٰلِكَ وَقَدْ أَحَطْنَا

بِمَا لَدَيْهِ خُبْرًا

٩٢ ثُمَّ أَنْعَ سَبِيًّا

٩٣ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا بَلَغَ بَيْنَ السَّدَّيْنِ

وَجَدَ مِثْلَ دُونِهَا قَوْمًا

لَا يَكَادُونَ يَفْقَهُونَ قَوْلًا

٩٤ قَالُوا يَنْدَا الْقَرْيَتَيْنِ

إِنْ يَأْجُوجُ وَمَأْجُوجُ

مُفْسِدُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

فَهَلْ يَجْعَلُ لَكَ خَرْجًا

عَلَىٰ أَنْ تَجْعَلَ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَهُمْ سَدًّا

٩٥ قَالَ مَا مَكْنَىٰ فِيهِ رَبِّي خَيْرٌ

فَأَعِينُونِي بِقُوَّةٍ

أَجْعَلْ لِّيَنَاسِكُمْ وَيُنَاسِكُمْ رَدْمًا

٩٦ ءَاتُونِي زُبَرَ الْحَدِيدِ

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا سَاوَىٰ بَيْنَ الصَّدَفَيْنِ

قَالَ انفُخُوا

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَعَلَهُ نَارًا قَالَ

ءَاتُونِي أَفْزَعًا عَلَيْهِ قَطْرًا

٩٧ فَمَا اسْتَطَعُوا أَنْ يَظْهَرُوهُ

وَمَا اسْتَطَعُوا لَهُ نَقْبًا

يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

الْجُزْءُ السَّادِسُ عَشَرَ

were unable to scale it,
nor could they tunnel through it.
18:98 He said: This is a mercy from my Lord.
But when the promise of my Lord
comes to pass 'on Judgment Day',
He shall turn it into rubble.
And the promise of my Lord is ever true.

18:99 *For We shall let some of them on that Day
surge 'over the earth' against others.
And 'then' the 'Trumpet' of Resurrection
shall be blown.
Then We shall gather them 'all in',
in one 'single' gathering.

18:100 And on that Day We shall bring Hell
to the disbelievers, on display—

18:101 'for' those whose eyes were
'shrouded' in a veil 'of unbelief'
against 'seeing the signs'
of 'My remembrance' in life'.
Nor were they able to hear 'them'
in God's revelations or from His messengers'.

18:102 Do those who disbelieve
think that they may take My servants
as patrons, apart from Me?
Indeed,
We have prepared Hell for the disbelievers
as an 'everlasting' hospitality.

18:103 Say 'to them':
Shall We tell you about the greatest losers
with respect to deeds?

18:104 It is those whose striving
has strayed 'from God's way'
in the life of this world,
while they yet think

١٨ قَالَ هَذَا رَحْمَةٌ مِنِّي

فَإِذَا جَاءَ وَعْدُ رَبِّي جَعَلَهُ دَكَّاءَ

وَكَانَ وَعْدُ رَبِّي حَقًّا

١٩ وَتَرْكُنَا بِعَعْضِهِمْ بَوْمِيذٍ

يَمُوجُ فِي بَعْضٍ وَيُفْجِعُ فِي الْأَصْوَارِ

فَجَمَعْنَاهُمْ جَمَاعًا

١٠٠ وَعَرَضْنَا جَهَنَّمَ يَوْمَئِذٍ

لِّلْكَافِرِينَ عَرْضًا

١٠١ الَّذِينَ كَانَتْ أَعْيُنُهُمْ

فِي غِطَاءٍ عَن ذِكْرِي

وَكُنَّا لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ سَمْعًا

١٠٢ أَفَحَسِبَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

أَن يَنْخِذُوا عِبَادِي

مِن دُونِ أَوْلِيَائِ إِنَّا أَعْتَدْنَا

جَهَنَّمَ لِّلْكَافِرِينَ نَرِئًا

١٠٣ قُلْ هَلْ نُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِالْأَخْسَرِينَ أَعْمَالًا

١٠٤ الَّذِينَ ضَلَّ سَعِيَهُمْ

فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَهُمْ يَحْسَبُونَ

أَنَّهُمْ يُحْسِنُونَ صُنْعًا

- that they are doing most excellent work.
- 18:105 These are the ones who have disbelieved in the 'revealed' signs of their Lord and 'who deny resurrection and His 'inevitable' Meeting 'for Judgment in the Hereafter'. Thus their 'good' works are 'rendered utterly' futile 'with God'. For on the Day of Resurrection, We shall not give to them any weight 'at all'.
- 18:106 That shall be their recompense: Hell!— for having disbelieved and taken My 'revealed' signs and My messengers in mockery.
- 18:107 As for those who believe and do righteous deeds, for them there are the Gardens of Paradise 'awaiting' as an 'everlasting' hospitality.
- 18:108 Therein they shall abide forever. Therefrom, they shall never seek removal.
- 18:109 Say, 'O Prophet, to one and all': If the sea were as ink for the words of my Lord, most surely, the sea would be depleted before the words of my Lord were depleted—even if We were to bring the like of it in replenishment.
- 18:110 Say 'to all people, O Prophet': Indeed, I am only a human being like you. It is revealed to me that, indeed, your God is 'only' One God. So whoever has hope for the Meeting of his Lord 'in the Hereafter', then let him do righteous deeds and not associate in the worship of his Lord anyone.

سُورَةُ الْكَافِرَاتِ

الجزء السادس عشر

أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ١٠٥
بَيَّاتٍ رَبَّهُمْ وَلِقَائِهِ
فَحِطَّتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ
فَلَا تُقِيمُ لَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ وَزَنًا
ذَٰلِكَ جَزَاؤُهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ بِمَا كَفَرُوا ١٠٦
وَاتَّخَذُوا آيَاتِي وَرُسُلِي هُزُوًا
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا ١٠٧
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
كَانَتْ لَهُمْ جَنَّاتُ الْفِرْدَوْسِ نُزُلًا
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا لَا يَبْغُونَ عَنْهَا حِوَلًا ١٠٨
قُلْ لَوْ كَانَ الْبَحْرُ مِدَادًا
لِكَلِمَاتِ رَبِّي لَنَفِدَ الْبَحْرُ
قَبْلَ أَنْ نُنْفِذَ كَلِمَاتِ رَبِّي
وَلَوْ جِئْنَا بِمِثْلِهِ مَدَدًا
قُلْ إِنَّمَا أَنَا بَشَرٌ مِّثْلُكُمْ ١٠٩
يُوحَىٰ إِلَيَّ أَنَّمَا إِلَهُكُمُ اللَّهُ وَاحِدٌ
مَنْ كَانَ يَرْجُوا لِقَاءَ رَبِّهِ
فَلْيَعْمَلْ عَمَلًا صَالِحًا
وَلَا يُشْرِكْ بِعِبَادَةِ رَبِّهِ أَحَدًا

Surah 19 / 98 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Maryam

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

19:1 *Kāf Hâ Yâ ‘Ayn Sād*

19:2 ‘This is’ a reminder of your Lord’s mercy upon His servant Zachariah.

19:3 Behold!

He entreated his Lord in secret entreaty.

19:4 He said: My Lord!

Indeed, enfeebled ‘with age’
are the bones within me,
and my head is lit with gray.

Yet never, in calling upon You,
my Lord, have I been unhappy.

19:5 Indeed, I fear

for ‘the right guidance of’ my kinsfolk
to come after me; for my wife is barren.

So grant to me,
from Your own ‘plenteous’ bounty, a successor

19:6 to inherit ‘prophethood’ from me

and to inherit ‘it’ from the Family of Jacob.

And make him, my Lord,

well-pleasing ‘to You and to Your servants.

19:7 God said: O Zachariah!

Indeed, We give you glad tidings of a boy

كَهَيْعَصَ ①

ذِكْرُ رَحْمَتِ رَبِّكَ ②

عَبْدَهُ، زَكَرِيَّا

إِذْ نَادَى رَبَّهُ، نِدَاءً خَفِيًّا ③

قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي وَهَنَ الْعَظْمُ مِنِّي ④

وَأَسْتَغْلِ الرَّأْسَ سَبِيًّا

وَلَمْ أَكُنْ بِدُعَائِكَ

رَبِّ سَقِيًّا

وَإِنِّي خِفْتُ الْمَوْلَى ⑤

مِنْ وَرَائِي

وَكَانَتْ أُمْرَاتِي عَاقِرًا

فَهَبْ لِي مِنْ لَدُنْكَ وَلِيًّا

يَرِثُنِي وَيَرِثُ مِنْ آلِ يَعْقُوبَ ⑥

وَأَجْعَلْهُ رَبِّ رَضِيًّا

يَنْزَكَرِيًّا ⑦

إِنَّا نَبَشِّرُكَ بِغُلَامٍ

- whose name shall be John.
To no other before
have We appointed his name.
- 19:8 He said: My Lord!
How shall I have a boy while my wife is barren,
and truly I have reached
a state of advanced old age?
- 19:9 'It was said: Even so shall it be!
Your Lord has said:
It is easy for Me,
for, truly, I have created you before,
and you were nothing.
- 19:10 He said: My Lord!
Appoint for me a sign that this will be!
He said:
Your sign is that
you shall not be able to speak to people
for three straight nights
though you shall have no ailment.
- 19:11 So 'Zachariah' came forth to his people
from the Sanctuary unable to speak.
Thus he signed to them
that you shall highly exalt 'God',
morning and evening.
- 19:12 'God said: O John!
Take hold of the 'Heavenly' Book
with utmost power!
Thus We gave him prophetic wisdom
as a child;
and tenderness, from Our own providence;
and purity, as well; for he was ever God-fearing
and virtuous toward his parents.
Thus he was neither insolent nor disobedient.
So may peace be upon him
the day he was born and the day he dies

سُورَةُ مَرْيَمَ

الجزء السادس عشر

أَسْمُهُ يَحْيَى لَمْ يَجْعَلْ لَهُ.

مِنْ قَبْلُ سَمِيًّا

قَالَ رَبِّ

٨

أَنِّي يَكُونُ لِي غُلَامٌ

وَكَاثَ أَمْرًا قِي عَاقِرًا

وَقَدْ بَلَغْتُ

مِنَ الْكِبَرِ عِتِيًّا

قَالَ كَذَلِكَ قَالَ رَبُّكَ

٩

هُوَ عَلَى هَيْنٍ

وَقَدْ خَلَقْتُكَ مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَلَمْ تَكُ شَيْئًا

قَالَ رَبِّ اجْعَلْ لِي آيَةً

١٠

قَالَ آيَتُكَ

أَلَّا تَكَلَّمَ النَّاسُ

ثَلَاثَ لَيَالٍ سَوِيًّا

فَخَرَجَ عَلَى قَوْمِهِ

١١

مِنَ الْمِحْرَابِ فَأَوْحَى إِلَيْهِمْ

أَنْ سَبِّحُوا بُكْرَةً وَعَشِيًّا

يَبِيحِي

١٢

خُذِ الْكِتَابَ بِقُوَّةٍ

وَأَنبِئْهُ الْخُبْرَ صَبِيًّا

وَحَنَانًا مِّنْ لَّدُنَّا وَزَكَاةً

١٣

وَكَانَ نَفِيًّا

وَبَرًّا بِوَالِدَيْهِ

١٤

وَلَمْ يَكُن جَبَّارًا عَصِيًّا

وَسَلَّمَ عَلَيْهِ يَوْمَ وُلِدَ

١٥

وَيَوْمَ يَمُوتُ

سُورَةُ مَرْيَمَ

الجزء التاسع عشر

and the Day he is raised to life in the Hereafter.

- 19:16 And mention in the Book, 'O Prophet, the tiding of Mary. Behold! She withdrew from her family to an eastern place, and she placed a veil between herself and them. Then We sent to her Our Spirit, the Angel Gabriel, who thus appeared to her as a flawless human being.
- 19:18 She said: Indeed, I seek refuge from you in 'God,' the All-Merciful, if at all you be God-fearing!
- 19:19 He said: Indeed, I, 'myself', am none other than a messenger of your Lord to grant to you a pure boy.
- 19:20 She said: How shall I have a boy, while no human being has ever touched me, nor have I ever been unchaste?
- 19:21 'The angel' said: Even so shall it be! Your Lord has said: It is easy for Me. For We shall make him a 'miraculous' sign for all people, and a mercy from Us. Thus it is a matter decreed.
- 19:22 *So she conceived him, and withdrew 'heavy' with him to a remote place.
- 19:23 And the birth pangs drove her to the trunk of a date-palm.

وَيَوْمَ يُبْعَثُ حَيًّا

وَأَذْكُرْ فِي الْكِتَابِ مَرْيَمَ ﴿١٦﴾

إِذْ أَنْبَدَتْ مِنْ أَهْلِهَا

مَكَانًا شَرْقِيًّا

فَاتَّخَذَتْ مِنْ دُونِهِمْ حِجَابًا ﴿١٧﴾

فَأَرْسَلْنَا إِلَيْهَا رُوحَنَا

فَتَمَثَّلَ لَهَا بَشَرًا سَوِيًّا

قَالَتْ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ ﴿١٨﴾

بِالرَّحْمَنِ مِنْكَ إِنْ كُنْتَ نَقِيًّا

قَالَ إِنَّمَا أَنَا رَسُولُ رَبِّكِ ﴿١٩﴾

لَأَهَبَ لَكَ غُلَامًا زَكِيًّا

قَالَتْ أَنَّى يَكُونُ لِي غُلَامٌ ﴿٢٠﴾

وَلَمْ يَمَسَّ سِنِي بَشَرٍ

وَلَمْ أَكُ بِغِيًّا

قَالَ كَذَلِكَ قَالَ رَبُّكِ ﴿٢١﴾

هُوَ عَلَى هَيْنٍ وَلَنَجْعَلَكَ

ءَايَةً لِلنَّاسِ وَرَحْمَةً مِنَّا

وَكَانَ أَمْرًا مَقْضِيًّا

فَحَمَلَتْهُ ﴿٢٢﴾

فَأَنْبَدَتْ بِهِ مَكَانًا قَصِيًّا

فَأَجَاءَهَا الْمَخَاضُ ﴿٢٣﴾

إِلَى جَنْعِ النَّخْلَةِ

- She said: Oh, alas for me!
 Would that I had died before this
 and become a thing utterly forgotten!
- 19:24 Then he 'who was newly born' called to her,
 from beneath her: Oh, do not sorrow!
 Indeed, your Lord
 has already made 'flow' beneath you a streamlet.
- 19:25 Moreover, shake toward yourself
 the trunk of the date-palm,
 and it shall drop freshly ripened dates upon you.
 19:26 So eat and drink and cool your eye.
 And if you should see
 any human being, then say 'only':
 Indeed, I have vowed a fast to the All-Merciful.
 Thus, I shall not speak today
 to any human being.
- 19:27 Thereafter, she came with him
 to her people, carrying him.
 They said: O Mary!
 Very truly, you have come forth
 with a thing 'of' unimaginable 'horror'!
- 19:28 O sister of Aaron!
 Your father was not an evil person.
 Nor was your mother unchaste.
- 19:29 So she pointed 'them' to him.
 They said:
 How shall we speak
 to one who is 'yet' in the cradle,
 a 'mere' infant 'of a' boy?
- 19:30 He said:
 Indeed, I am the servant of God!
 He has given me the Scripture.
 And He has made me a prophet.
 19:31 And, thus, has He made me blessed,

سُورَةُ مَرْيَمَ

الْحِزْبُ الْتَّاسِعُ عَشَرَ

قَالَتْ يَا لَيْتَنِي مِتُّ قَبْلَ هَذَا
 وَكُنْتُ نَسِيًّا مَنْسِيًّا
 ٢٤ فَادْنَاهَا مِنْ تَحْتِهَا أَلَّا تَحْزَنِي
 قَدْ جَعَلَ رَبُّكِ تَحْتَكِ سَرِيًّا
 ٢٥ وَهَرَيَّ إِلَيْكَ وَجْجَ الْخَلَّةِ
 نَسْفُطُ عَلَيْكَ رَطْبًا جَنِيًّا
 ٢٦ فَكُلِي وَاشْرَبِي وَقَرِّي عَيْنًا
 فَإِمَّا تَرِينَ مِنَ الْبَشَرِ أَحَدًا
 فَقُولِي
 إِنِّي نَذَرْتُ لِلرَّحْمَنِ صَوْمًا
 فَلَنْ أَكَلِمَ الْيَوْمَ أَنسِيًّا
 ٢٧ فَاَتَتْ بِهِ قَوْمَهَا تَحْمِلُهُ
 قَالُوا يَمْرُؤٌ
 لَقَدْ جِئْتَ شَيْئًا فَرِيًّا
 ٢٨ يَتَأَخَذَ هَنُورًا
 مَا كَانَ أَبُوكَ امْرَأَ سَوْءٍ
 وَمَا كَانَتْ أُمُّكَ بَغِيًّا
 ٢٩ فَأَشَارَتْ إِلَيْهِ
 قَالُوا كَيْفَ نُكَلِّمُ
 مَنْ كَانَ فِي الْمَهْدِ صَبِيًّا
 ٣٠ قَالَ إِنِّي عَبْدُ اللَّهِ
 ءَاتَنِي الْكِتَابَ وَجَعَلَنِي نَبِيًّا
 وَجَعَلَنِي مُبَارَكًا
 ٣١ أَيْنَ مَا كُنْتُ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَجَّةُ السَّادِسُ عَشَرَ

wherever I may be.

And 'further', He has enjoined me
to 'be ever observant of' the Prayer,
and 'to give' the Zakât-Charity,
as long as I am alive—

19:32 and 'to be ever' virtuous toward my mother.
For He has made me

neither insolent nor wretched.

19:33 So may all peace be upon me,
'and those who confirm me',
the day I was born and the day I die
and the Day I am raised to life 'in the Hereafter'.

19:34 That is Jesus, son of Mary!
'It is' the 'whole' word of truth,
about which they
'who lay claim to the Scripture' bitterly contend.

19:35 It is not for God to take any son.
Highly exalted is He 'above this'!
When He decrees a matter,
He but says to it: Be! And so it is.

19:36 Thus 'Jesus but said to his people':
Indeed, God is my Lord and your Lord.
So worship Him 'alone'.
This is a straight way 'to salvation'.

19:37 Yet the sects 'of the People of the Scripture'
have disputed among themselves 'about Jesus'.
So woe to those who disbelieve—
from the spectacle of an awesome Day!

19:38 How well they shall hear and see
on the Day they come to Us 'for Judgment'!
Nevertheless, the 'godless' wrongdoers this Day
are 'utterly lost' in clear misguidance.

19:39 Thus forewarn them of the Day of Regret—

وَأَوْصِنِي بِالصَّلَاةِ وَالزَّكَاةِ

مَا دُمْتُ حَيًّا

وَبِرًّا بِوَالِدَتِي ﴿٣٢﴾

وَلَمْ يَجْعَلْنِي جَبَّارًا شَقِيًّا

وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَيَّ يَوْمَ وُلِدْتُ ﴿٣٣﴾

وَيَوْمَ أَمُوتُ

وَيَوْمَ أُبْعَثُ حَيًّا

ذَٰلِكَ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ ﴿٣٤﴾

قَوْلَ الْحَقِّ

الَّذِي فِيهِ يَمْتَرُونَ

مَا كَانَ لِلَّهِ أَنْ يَتَّخِذَ مِنْ وَلَدٍ ﴿٣٥﴾

سُبْحَنَهُ إِذَا قَضَىٰ أَمْرًا

فَإِنَّمَا يَقُولُ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ

وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ رَبِّي وَرَبُّكُمْ فَاعْبُدُوهُ ﴿٣٦﴾

هَٰذَا صِرَاطٌ مُسْتَقِيمٌ

فَاخْلُفْ الْأَخْبَابَ مِنْ بَيْنِهِمْ ﴿٣٧﴾

قَوْلٌ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

مِنْ مَّشْهَدٍ يَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ

أَسْمِعْ بِهِمْ وَأَبْصِرْ يَوْمَ يَأْتُونَنَا ﴿٣٨﴾

لَكِنَّ الظَّالِمُونَ الْيَوْمَ

فِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ

وَأَنْذِرْهُمْ يَوْمَ الْحَسْرَةِ ﴿٣٩﴾

إِذْ قُضِيَ الْأَمْرُ

when the matter is done,
and their destiny has been decreed—
while they are yet heedless,
and they do not believe.

19:40 Indeed, it is but We who shall inherit the earth
and all who are upon it—
for to Us alone are they all returning.

19:41 And mention also in the Book, O Prophet,
the tidings of Abraham.

Indeed, he was ever-truthful,
and an eminent prophet.

19:42 Behold! He said to his father:
My dear father!

Why do you worship
what can neither hear, nor see,
nor avail you in anything?

19:43 My dear father!

Indeed, revealed knowledge has come to me
from God that has not reached you.

So follow me, and I shall guide you
to God and an even way.

19:44 My dear father! Do not worship Satan.

Indeed, Satan is ever rebellious
toward the All-Merciful.

19:45 My dear father!

I fear that a torment
from the All-Merciful will strike you.

Thus you will become
a doomed patron of Satan.

19:46 He said:

Are you averse to my gods, O Abraham?

Most surely, if you do not desist,

I will myself stone you to death.

Therefore, depart from me now

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وَهُمْ فِي غَفْلَةٍ وَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

إِنَّا نَحْنُ ١٠

نَرِثُ الْأَرْضَ وَمَنْ عَلَيْهَا

وَإِلَيْنَا يُرْجَعُونَ

وَأَذْكُرْ فِي الْكِتَابِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ ١١

إِنَّهُ كَانَ صِدِّيقًا نَبِيًّا

إِذْ قَالَ لِأَبِيهِ يَتَّبِعْ لِمَ تَعْبُدُ ١٢

مَا لَا يَبْصُرُ وَلَا يَسْمَعُ وَلَا يُغْنِي عَنْكَ شَيْئًا

يَتَّبِعْ إِنِّي قَدْ جَاءَنِي ١٣

مِنْ أَلِيمٍ مَا لَمْ يَأْتِكَ

فَاتَّبِعْنِي أَهْدِكَ صِرَاطًا سَوِيًّا

يَتَّبِعْ لَا تَعْبُدِ الشَّيْطَانَ ١٤

إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ

كَانَ لِلرَّحْمَنِ عَصِيًّا

يَتَّبِعْ إِنِّي أَخَافُ أَنْ ١٥

يَمْسَكَ عَذَابٌ مِنَ الرَّحْمَنِ

فَتَكُونَ لِلشَّيْطَانِ وَلِيًّا

قَالَ أَرَأَيْتَ أَنْتَ ١٦

عَنْ إِلَهِتِي يَتَّبِعُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ

لَئِنْ لَمْ تَنْتَهِ لَأَرْجُمَنَّكَ

وَأَهْجُرَنِي مَلِيًّا

قَالَ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكَ ١٧

for a long duration.

- 19:47 Abraham said: Peace be with you!
I shall ask my Lord to forgive you.
Indeed, He has been ever gracious to me.
- 19:48 Yet I shall withdraw from you
and all that you call upon in worship
apart from God.
And with pure heart
shall I call upon my Lord alone.
Thus may it be that in calling upon my Lord
I shall never be unhappy!
- 19:49 So when he had withdrawn from them,
and all that they worshipped apart from God,
We granted to him Isaac,
and, from Isaac, Jacob—
and each one We made a prophet.
- 19:50 Thus We granted them profusely
out of Our mercy.
For upon the tongues
of succeeding generations,
We did appoint for them
a mention of exalted reverence for all time.
- 19:51 And mention also in the Book, O Prophet,
the tiding of Moses.
Indeed, he was chosen by God.
Thus he was a messenger of resolve
and an eminent prophet.
- 19:52 Behold!
We summoned him
from the right side of Mount Tûr.
and thus did We bring him near
for close converse.
- 19:53 We granted to him, moreover,
out of Our mercy,

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الجزء التاسع عشر

سَأَسْتَغْفِرُكَ رَبِّي
إِنَّهُ كَانَ فِي حَفِيَّا
وَأَعْتَزُّكُمْ وَمَا تَدْعُونَ ﴿٤٨﴾
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَادْعُوا رَبِّي
عَسَىٰ أَلَّا أَكُونَ
بِدُعَاءِ رَبِّي شَقِيًّا
فَلَمَّا أَعْتَرَهُمْ ﴿٤٩﴾
وَمَا يَعْبُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
وَهَبْنَا لَهُ إِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ
وَكُلًّا جَعَلْنَا نَبِيًّا
وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُمْ مِنْ رَحْمَتِنَا ﴿٥٠﴾
وَجَعَلْنَا لَهُمْ
لِسَانَ صِدْقٍ عَلِيًّا
وَأَذْكُرُ فِي الْكِتَابِ مُوسَىٰ ﴿٥١﴾
إِنَّهُ كَانَ مَخْلَصًا
وَكَانَ رَسُولًا نَبِيًّا
وَنَذَيْنَاهُ مِنْ جَانِبِ
الْطُّورِ الْأَيْمَنِ وَفَرَّغْنَاهُ يُحْيَا ﴿٥٢﴾
وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ مِنْ رَحْمَتِنَا
أَخَاهُ هَارُونَ نَبِيًّا

his brother Aaron as a prophet.

19:54 And mention 'also' in the Book, 'O Prophet, the tiding of Ishmael.

Indeed, he was ever true to his promise.
And he 'too' was a messenger
'and' an 'eminent' prophet.

19:55 He used to enjoin his family
with the Prayer and the Zakât-Charity.
Thus, to his Lord, he was ever-pleasing.

19:56 And mention 'also' in the Book, 'O Prophet, the tiding of Idris.

Indeed, he 'too' was ever-truthful
'and' an 'eminent' prophet.

19:57 Thus We raised him
'in name and station' to a high place.

19:58 These are 'some of' the 'great' ones
upon whom God bestowed grace—
from among the prophets of the seed of Adam,
and from those whom We carried
'in the Ark' with Noah,
and from the seed of Abraham and Israel,
and from those whom We guided 'to true faith'
and selected 'as prophets'.

When the verses of the All-Merciful
were recited to them, they fell to the ground
'in worship of Him alone',
bowing 'their faces' down and weeping. ﴿

19:59 *Then descending from them thereafter
came descendants who forsook the Prayer
and followed 'their' whims,
and thus shall they meet with degradation—

19:60 except for whoever repents

سُورَةُ مَرْيَمَ

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وَأَذْكُرْ فِي الْكِتَابِ إِسْمَاعِيلَ ﴿٥٤﴾

إِنَّهُ كَانَ صَادِقَ الْوَعْدِ

وَكَانَ رَسُولًا نَبِيًّا

وَكَانَ بِأَمْرِ أَهْلِهِ ﴿٥٥﴾

بِالصَّلَاةِ وَالزَّكَاةِ

وَكَانَ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِ مَرْضِيًّا

وَأَذْكُرْ فِي الْكِتَابِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ ﴿٥٦﴾

إِنَّهُ كَانَ صَدِيقًا نَبِيًّا

وَرَفَعْنَاهُ مَكَانًا عَلِيًّا ﴿٥٧﴾

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ ﴿٥٨﴾

مِنَ النَّبِيِّينَ مِنْ ذُرِّيَةِ آدَمَ

وَمِمَّنْ حَمَلْنَا مَعَ نُوحٍ

وَمِنْ ذُرِّيَةِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْرَءِيلَ

وَمِمَّنْ هَدَيْنَا وَاجْتَبَيْنَا

إِذَا نُنَادِيهِمْ عَلَيْهِمْ أَيُّتُ الرَّحْمَنِ ﴿٥٩﴾

خَرُّوا سُجَّدًا وَبُكِيًّا ﴿٦٠﴾

﴿ فَخَلَفَ مِنْ بَعدِهِمْ خَلْفٌ

أَضَاعُوا الصَّلَاةَ

وَاتَّبَعُوا الشَّهْوَاتِ

فَسَوْفَ يَلْقَوْنَ عَذَابًا

إِلَّا مَنِ تَابَ وَآمَنَ

وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا

فَأُولَئِكَ يَدْخُلُونَ الْجَنَّةَ

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الْحِزْبُ السَّادِسُ عَشَرَ

and believes and does righteous deeds.
They shall enter the Garden of Paradise —
and never shall they be wronged in anything:

- 19:61 Gardens everlasting,
which the All-Merciful has promised
His servants in the unseen.
Indeed, He is the One
whose promise ever comes true.
19:62 They shall not hear therein vile talk,
but only the salutation: Peace!
Moreover, they shall have
their provision served without fail therein,
morning and evening.
19:63 This is the Garden of Delight
which We shall bequeath
to those of Our servants who are God-fearing.

- 19:64 And God commands Gabriel to say:
We angels do not descend, O Muhammad,
but at the command of your Lord.
To Him belongs what is before us
and what is behind us and what is between this.
Moreover, never is your Lord forgetful!
19:65 He is Lord of the heavens and the earth
and all that is between them.
So worship Him alone!
And persevere patiently in His worship!
Do you know any other
who bears any semblance to Him?

- 19:66 A disbelieving man says:
Can it be that when I have died,
I shall again be brought forth alive?
19:67 Does man not remember
that We, indeed, created him before,

وَلَا يَظْلَمُونَ شَيْئًا

جَنَّتٍ عَدْنٍ الَّتِي

وَعَدَ الرَّحْمَنُ عِبَادَهُ بِالْغَيْبِ

إِنَّهُ كَانَ وَعْدُهُ مَأْتِيًا

لَا يَسْمَعُونَ فِيهَا لَغْوًا إِلَّا سَلَامًا

وَهُمْ رَزَقُوهَا فِيهَا

بُكْرَةً وَعَشِيًا

تِلْكَ الْجَنَّةُ الَّتِي

نُورِثُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا مَنْ كَانَ تَقِيًا

وَمَا نُنْزِلُ إِلَّا بِأَمْرِ رَبِّكَ

لَهُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِينَا وَمَا خَلْفَنَا

وَمَا بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ

وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ نَسِيًّا

رَبُّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَمَا يَنْهَمَا فَأَعْبَدُهُ

وَأَصْطَرِيعَ لِعَيْنِدَبِّهِ

هَلْ تَعْلَمُ لَهُ سَمِيًّا

وَيَقُولُ الْإِنْسَانُ أَإِذَا مَا مِثُّ

لَسَوْفَ أُخْرَجُ حَيًّا

أَوَلَا يَذْكُرُ الْإِنْسَانُ

أَنَّا خَلَقْنَاهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَلَمْ يَكُ شَيْئًا

١١

١٢

١٣

١٤

١٥

١٦

١٧

سُورَةُ مَرْيَمَ

الجزء السادس عشر

- and he was nothing?
- 19:68 Then, by your Lord, 'as for the disbelievers',
We shall, most surely, round them up,
as well as 'all' the satans.
Then, most surely,
We shall fetch them round Hell on 'their' knees.
- 19:69 Then, most surely,
We shall pluck from every faction
whichever of them was most intense
in defying the All-Merciful.
- 19:70 Then, assuredly, it is We who are most knowing
about 'all' those who are most deserving
of roasting in it.
- 19:71 And there is not one of you 'human beings'
but shall come to it.
It is, with your Lord, an inevitability decreed.
- 19:72 Then We shall deliver those
who have been God-fearing.
But We shall leave
the 'godless' wrongdoers in it, on 'their' knees.
- 19:73 For whenever Our 'revealed' verses
are recited to them with all clarity,
those who have disbelieved
'invariably' say to those who believe:
Which of the two groups, 'ours or yours',
is of a better station 'in the world'
and 'appears the' fairer company?
- 19:74 Yet how many
a 'disbelieving' generation before them
have We destroyed 'for ungodliness'
who were of 'far' fairer 'worldly' furnishing
and appearance?
- 19:75 Say 'to them':
Whichever 'of us' is

فَوَرَبِّكَ ﴿٦٨﴾
لَنَحْشُرَنَّهُمْ وَالشَّيَاطِينَ
ثُمَّ لَنَحْضُرَنَّهُمْ
حَوْلَ جَهَنَّمَ جِثِيًا
ثُمَّ لَنَنْزِعَنَّ مِنْ كُلِّ شِيعَةٍ
أَنَّهُمْ أَشَدُّ عَلَى الرَّحْمَنِ عِيبًا
ثُمَّ لَنَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِالَّذِينَ
هُمُ أَوْلَىٰ بِهَا صِلِيًا
وَإِنْ مَنَعْنَاهُمْ إِلَّا وَارِدُهَا
كَانَ عَلَىٰ رَبِّكَ حَتْمًا مَّقْضِيًّا
ثُمَّ نَنْجِي الَّذِينَ آتَقَوْا
وَنَذَرُ الظَّالِمِينَ فِيهَا جِثِيًا
وَإِذَا تُتْلَىٰ عَلَيْهِمْ
آيَاتُنَا بَيِّنَاتٍ
قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
أَيُّ الْفَرِيقَيْنِ خَيْرٌ مَّقَامًا
وَأَحْسَنُ نَدِيًا
وَكَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا قَبْلَهُمْ مِنْ قَرْنٍ
هُمُ أَحْسَنُ أَثْنًا وَرَدًّا
قُلْ مَنْ كَانَ فِي الضَّلَالَةِ

يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

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- lost in uttermost misguidance,
 may the All-Merciful
 fully extend that duration for them.
 For at last, when they behold the fulfillment
 of what they have been promised—
 whether it be the torment
 of a worldly judgment
 or the Hour of Doom—
 then shall they know
 who is of a worse rank and weaker host!
- 19:76 For God ever increases
 those who are guided aright in divine guidance.
 And abiding deeds of righteousness
 are far better in a reward
 with your Lord in the Hereafter;
 and, therefore, far better
 in their ultimate return.
- 19:77 Then have you seen, O Prophet,
 the one who disbelieved
 in Our revealed signs and said:
 I shall, most surely, be given great wealth
 and fine children should resurrection come?
- 19:78 Has he looked into the realm of the unseen?
 Or has he taken with the All-Merciful
 a binding covenant?
- 19:79 No, indeed, he has not!
 We shall write down what he says.
 And We shall extend for him
 the duration of the torment, exceedingly.
- 19:80 For We shall inherit from him
 all that whereof he speaks.
 And he shall come to Us bereft and alone.
- 19:81 Now, they have taken false gods

فَلْيَمْدُدْ لَهُ الرَّحْمَنُ مَدًّا
 حَتَّىٰ إِذَا رَأَوْا مَا يُوعَدُونَ
 إِنَّمَا الْعَذَابُ وَلِئِمَّا السَّاعَةِ
 فَسَيَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ هُوَ
 شَرٌّ مَّكَانًا وَأَضْعَفُ جُندًا
 وَيَزِيدُ اللَّهُ

٧٦

الَّذِينَ اهْتَدَوْا هُدًى
 وَالْبَقِيَّةُ الصَّالِحَاتِ خَيْرٌ
 عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ ثَوَابًا وَخَيْرٌ مَّرَدًّا
 أَفَرَأَيْتَ الَّذِي

٧٧

كَفَرَ بَيْنَانَا وَقَالَ
 لَا وَبَيْنَ مَالٍ وَلَدًا
 أَطَّلَعَ الْغَيْبَ أَمْ آتَاهُ

٧٨

عِنْدَ الرَّحْمَنِ عَهْدًا
 كَلَّا

٧٩

سَنَكْتُبُ مَا يَقُولُ
 وَنَمُدُّ لَهُ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ مَدًّا
 وَنَرْتِّبُهُ، مَا يَقُولُ وَيَأْتِينَا فَرْدًا
 وَاتَّخَذُوا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
 آلِهَةً لِّيَكُونُوا لَهُمْ عِزًّا

٨٠

٨١

- apart from the 'only true' God,
so that they may be for them
a 'means to' power.
- 19:82 No, indeed, 'they are not!
On the Day of Judgment',
these 'false gods' shall belie
their 'very' worship 'of them'.
For 'there' they shall be
'inveterate' opponents to them.
- 19:83 Have you not seen, 'O Prophet',
that We have sent the satans
against the disbelievers
to instigate 'evil among' them
with 'such' vehement instigation?
- 19:84 Thus make no haste
as to 'seeking God's judgment against' them.
We but number for them
a determined number 'of days and deeds—
until' the Day 'Hereafter'
when 'We assemble the God-fearing'
before the All-Merciful in honored delegations,
19:86 and We drive the defiant unbelievers to Hell
in 'disgraced' droves.
- 19:87 None holds the 'right of' intercession
but those 'believers'
who have taken with the All-Merciful
a 'special' covenant 'for this'.
- 19:88 Moreover, they 'who disbelieve' have said:
The All-Merciful has taken 'to Himself' a son.
- 19:89 Very truly, you 'who say this'
have come forth with something abominable!
- 19:90 From it the heavens nearly burst,
and the earth 'almost' splits,
and the mountains 'all but' fall down,

سُورَةُ مَرْيَمَ

الجزء السادس عشر

كَلَّا ٨٢

سَيَكْفُرُونَ بِعِبَادِهِمْ

وَيَكُونُونَ عَلَيْهِمْ ضِدًّا

أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا الشَّيَاطِينَ ٨٣

عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ تَوَذُّهُمْ أَنَّ

فَلَا تَعْجَلْ عَلَيْهِمْ ٨٤

إِنَّمَا نَعُدُّ لَهُمْ عَدًّا

يَوْمَ نَحْشُرُ الْمُتَّقِينَ ٨٥

إِلَى الرَّحْمَنِ وَفَدًّا

وَسَوْفَ الْمُجْرِمِينَ ٨٦

إِلَى جَهَنَّمَ وَرَدًّا

لَا يَمْلِكُونَ الشَّفْعَةَ ٨٧

إِلَّا مَنِ اتَّخَذَ

عِنْدَ الرَّحْمَنِ عَهْدًا

وَقَالُوا اتَّخَذَ الرَّحْمَنُ وَلَدًا ٨٨

لَقَدْ جِئْتُمْ شَيْئًا إِدًّا ٨٩

نَكَادُ السَّمَوَاتُ ٩٠

يَنْفَطِرْنَ مِنْهُ وَتَنْشَقُّ الْأَرْضُ

وَنُحْزِرُ الْجِبَالَ هَدًّا

أَنْ دَعَوْا لِلرَّحْمَنِ وَلَدًا ٩١

سُورَةُ مَرْيَمَ

الْحَجَّةُ السَّادِسَةُ عَشَرَ

in sudden collapse—

19:91 that they should ascribe to the All-Merciful
a son—

19:92 while never would it be befitting
to the All-Merciful that He take a son!

19:93 Indeed, every being in the heavens and the earth
but comes to the All-Merciful as a servant.

19:94 Very truly, He has enumerated each of them.
And He has numbered every one of them
with a precise number.

19:95 Thus each one of them is coming to Him
on the Day of Resurrection all alone.

19:96 As for those who believe
and do righteous deeds,
it is for them that the All-Merciful
shall ordain in their hearts
genuine mutual love.

19:97 Therefore, We have, indeed,
revealed this Quran to you,
and made it easy to understand
in your native tongue, O Prophet,
for you to give with it
glad tidings of Paradise to the God-fearing,
and to forewarn therewith a contentious people
of God's nearing Judgment.

19:98 For how many a disbelieving generation
before them have We destroyed, O Prophet?
Do you perceive even one of them,
or hear from them a single sound?

وَمَا يَنْبَغِي لِلرَّحْمَنِ ١٢

أَنْ يَتَّخِذَ وَلَدًا

إِنْ كُلُّ مَنْ ١٣

فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

إِلَّا آتِيَ الرَّحْمَنِ عَبْدًا

لَقَدْ أَحْصَاهُمْ وَعَدَّهُمْ عَدًّا ١٤

وَكُلَّهُمْ آتِيهِ ١٥

يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ فَرْدًا

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ١٦

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

سَيَجْعَلُ لَهُمُ الرَّحْمَنُ وُدًّا

فَأَنَّمَا يُسِرُّهُ بِلسَانِكَ ١٧

لِتُبَشِّرَ بِهِ الْمُتَّقِينَ

وَتُنذِرَ بِهِ قَوْمًا لَّدَا

وَكَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا ١٨

قَبْلَهُمْ مِنْ قَرْنٍ

هَلْ تُحِصُّ مِنْهُمْ مِنْ أَحَدٍ

أَوْ تَسْمَعُ لَهُمْ رِكْزًا

Surah 20 / 135 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Ṭ â Hâ

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

20:1 Ṭ â Hâ

20:2 We have not sent the Quran down
upon you to distress you, 'O Prophet' —
20:3 but 'rather' as a 'revealed' Reminder
for whomever would revere 'God,
in awe of a divine word'

20:4 descending from One who created the earth
and the high heavens:

20:5 The All-Merciful,
'who has' settled 'Himself'
over the Throne, 'befittingly'.

20:6 To Him belongs
all that is in the heavens,
and all that is in the earth,
and all that is between them,
and all that is beneath the soil.

20:7 And whether you utter words out loud
'or silently', He, indeed, knows the secret,
and what is 'yet' more hidden.

20:8 God! There is no God but Him!
To Him belong the most excellent names.

طه ١

مَا أَنزَلْنَا ٢

عَلَيْكَ الْقُرْآنَ لِتَشْفَى ٣

إِلَّا نَذْكُرْهُ لِمَنْ يَخْشَى ٤

تَنْزِيلًا مِّمَّنْ خَلَقَ الْأَرْضَ ٥

وَالسَّمَوَاتِ الْعُلَى ٦

الرَّحْمَنُ عَلَى الْعَرْشِ اسْتَوَى ٧

لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ ٨

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا ٩

وَمَا تَحْتَ الثَّرَى ١٠

وَإِنْ يُجْهَرُ بِالْقَوْلِ ١١

فَأِنَّهُ يَعْلَمُ الْسِرَّ وَخَفَى ١٢

اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ١٣

لَهُ الْأَسْمَاءُ الْحُسْنَى ١٤

وَهَلْ أَتَاكَ حَدِيثُ مُوسَى ١٥

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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- 20:9 Now, has the account of Moses
come to you, 'O Prophet?
- 20:10 Behold!
He saw a fire
'on the side of Mount Tûr of Sinai'.
So he said to his family: Remain here.
Indeed, I have noticed a fire.
Perhaps from it, I shall bring you a firebrand;
or I shall find at the fire
some guidance 'as to our way'.
- 20:11 So when he came to it,
he was called: O Moses!
- 20:12 Indeed, I am! I am your Lord!
So take off your sandals.
You are in the Holy Valley 'of' Tûwâ.
- 20:13 For I have chosen you 'as a messenger'.
Therefore, listen to what is being revealed:
- 20:14 Indeed, it is I! I am God!
There is no God but Me.
So worship Me 'alone'.
And 'duly' establish the Prayer
for My remembrance.
- 20:15 Indeed, the Hour 'of Doom' is coming.
I have designed to keep it hidden,
so that every soul may be 'duly' recompensed
with that for which it strives 'in life'.
- 20:16 So let not whoever disbelieves in 'the Hour'
and follows his whim
turn you away from 'preparing for' it,
so that you fall into doom.
- 20:17 And what is that in your right hand, O Moses?
- 20:18 He said: It is my staff.
I lean upon it.
And with it I beat down leaves for my sheep.
And, therein, for me are other uses.

١٠ إِذْ رَأَىٰ نَارًا فَقَالَ لِأَهْلِهِ

أَمْكُثُوا إِنِّي أَنَسْتُ نَارًا

تَعْلَىٰ ءَايِكُمْ مِنْهَا يُقْبَسُ

أَوْ أَجِدُ عَلَى النَّارِ هُدًى

١١ فَلَمَّا أَنْنَهَا نُودِيَ يَمْوَسَىٰ

١٢ إِنِّي أَنَارُكَ فَاخْلَعْ نَعْلَيْكَ

إِنَّكَ بِالْوَادِ الْمُقَدَّسِ طُوًى

١٣ وَأَنَا اخْتَرْتُكَ فَاسْتَمِعْ لِمَا يُوحَىٰ

١٤ إِنِّي أَنَا اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنَا

فَاعْبُدْنِي

وَأَقِمِ الصَّلَاةَ لِذِكْرِي

١٥ إِنَّ السَّاعَةَ ءَانِيَةٌ

أَكَادُ أَخْفِيهَا لِتَجْزَىٰ

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ بِمَا تَسْعَىٰ

١٦ فَلَا يَصُدُّكَ عَنْهَا

مَنْ لَا يُؤْمِنُ بِهَا

وَاتَّبِعْ هَوَايَ فَتَرَدَىٰ

١٧ وَمَا تِلْكَ يَمِينُكَ

يَمْوَسَىٰ

١٨ قَالَ هِيَ عَصَايَ

أَتَوَكَّؤُا عَلَيْهَا

وَأَهْشُ بِهَا عَلَىٰ غَنَمِي

وَلِي فِيهَا مَنَارِبٌ أُخْرَىٰ

١٩ قَالَ أَلْقِهَا يَمْوَسَىٰ

- 20:19 He said: Throw it to the ground, O Moses.
 20:20 So he threw it down.
 Then, suddenly, it was a 'living' snake,
 slithering rapidly.
 20:21 He said: Seize it, and have no fear!
 We shall return it to its former state.
 20:22 Now, press your hand against your armpit.
 It shall come forth
 'radiant' white, without blemish—another sign,
 20:23 so that We 'may' show you
 of Our greatest signs.
 20:24 Go to Pharaoh!
 Indeed, he has transgressed 'all bounds'.
 20:25 He said: My Lord!
 Open for me my heart.
 20:26 And make easy for me my mission.
 20:27 And release the knot from my tongue,
 20:28 so they understand my words.
 20:29 And appoint for me a minister from my family:
 20:30 Aaron, my brother.
 20:31 Affirm, by him, my strength.
 20:32 And make him a partner in my mission,
 20:33 such that together, we may exalt You much;
 20:34 and 'together', we may remember You much.
 20:35 Ever, indeed, have You seen
 all 'that is' within us.
 20:36 He said:
 You have been granted your request, O Moses.
 20:37 And very truly,
 We have conferred favor upon you
 another time 'long ago'.
 20:38 Behold!
 We revealed to your mother
 what was to be revealed 'of Our decree':
 20:39 Toss him into the basket.

يُوقَلُّ

الجزء السادس عشر

- فَالْقَنَاهَا ٢٠
 فَإِذَا هِيَ حَيَّةٌ تَسْعَى ٢١
 قَالَ خُذْهَا وَلَا تَخَفْ ٢٢
 سَتُعِيدُهَا سِيرَتَهَا الْأُولَى ٢٣
 وَاضْمُمْ يَدَكَ إِلَى جَنَاحِكَ ٢٤
 تَخْرُجُ بَيَضَاءَ مِنْ غَيْرِ سُوءٍ ٢٥
 ءَايَةٌ أُخْرَى ٢٦
 لِئُرِيكَ مِنْ ءَايَاتِنَا الْكُبْرَى ٢٧
 أَذْهَبَ إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَغَى ٢٨
 قَالَ رَبِّ اشْرَحْ لِي صَدْرِي ٢٩
 وَبَسِّرْ لِي أَمْرِي ٣٠
 وَأَخْلِلْ عُقْدَةً مِنْ لِسَانِي ٣١
 يَفْقَهُوا قَوْلِي ٣٢
 وَاجْعَلْ لِي وَزِيرًا مِنْ أَهْلِي ٣٣
 هَارُونَ أَخِي ٣٤
 اشْدُدْ بِهِ أَزْرِي ٣٥
 وَأَشْرِكْهُ فِي أَمْرِي ٣٦
 كَيْ تَسْبِّحَكَ كَثِيرًا ٣٧
 وَتَذْكُرَكَ كَثِيرًا ٣٨
 إِنَّكَ كُنْتَ بِنَا بَصِيرًا ٣٩
 قَالَ قَدْ أُوتِيتَ سُؤْلَكَ يَمُوسَى ٤٠
 وَلَقَدْ مَنَّا عَلَيْكَ مَرَّةً أُخْرَى ٤١
 إِذْ أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَى أُمِّكَ مَا يُؤْتَى ٤٢
 أَنْ أَقْدِفِيهِ فِي الْكَنُوتِ ٤٣
 فَأَقْدِفِيهِ فِي الْكَنُوتِ ٤٤

سُوْرَةُ طه

الْحِزْبُ السَّادِسُ عَشَرَ

Then toss him into the river.
 Then let the river cast him upon the shore.
 An enemy of Mine and an enemy of his
 shall take him in`.
 Thus did I cast upon you love, from Me,
 and that you should be reared
 beneath the care of My watchful Eye.

20:40

Behold!
 Your sister walked trailing you
 alongside the river`.
 She then said to Pharaoh's household`:
 Shall I direct you to someone
 who will foster him?
 So We returned you to your mother,
 that her eyes might be comforted
 and find joy in you`,
 and that she might not grieve.
 Moreover, you then killed a person.
 Yet, still, We delivered you
 from fear and anguish.
 Thus have We tried you with great trials.
 Moreover, you have stayed for years
 among the people of Midian.
 Then you came here`,
 as I have decreed, O Moses.

20:41

For I have reared you for Myself.

20:42

Go forth, you and your brother, with My signs!
 And you shall not, either of you,
 be slack in My remembrance.

20:43

Go forth, both of you, to Pharaoh!
 Indeed, he has transgressed all bounds`.

20:44

Yet say a gentle word to him,
 so that he may become mindful of God`,
 or reverent of Him`.

20:45

They said: Our Lord!

فَلْيُقَاسِهِ الْيَمُّ بِالسَّاحِلِ
 يَأْخُذْهُ عَدُوٌّ لِّي وَعَدُوٌّ لَهُ
 وَالْقَيْتُ عَلَيْكَ مَحَبَّةٌ مِنِّي
 وَلِتُصْنَعَ عَلَى عَيْنِي ﴿٤٠﴾
 إِذْ تَسْقِي أَخْطَلَكَ فَنَقُولُ
 هَلْ أَدُلُّكُمْ عَلَىٰ مَن يَكْفُلُهُ
 فَرَجَعْنَاكَ إِلَىٰ أُمِّكَ
 كَيْ تَقَرَّ عَيْنُهَا وَلَا تَحْزَنَ
 وَقَدْ نَلْتَ نَفْسًا فَجَعَيْنَاكَ
 مِنَ الْغَمْرِ وَفَنَّكَ فَلَوْلَا
 فَلَيْتَ سِينِينَ فِي أَهْلِ مَدْيَنَ
 ثُمَّ جِئْتَ عَلَىٰ قَدَرٍ يَمْوَسَّىٰ
 وَأَصْطَنَعْتَكَ لِنَفْسِي ﴿٤١﴾
 أَذْهَبَ أَنتَ وَأَخُوكَ بِآيَاتِي
 وَلَا نُبَيِّنَا فِي ذِكْرِي ﴿٤٢﴾
 أَذْهَبَا إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَغَىٰ
 فَقُولَا لَهُ قَوْلًا لَّيْسًا
 لَّعَلَّهُ يَتَذَكَّرُ أَوْ يَخْشَىٰ
 فَالَا رَبَّنَا إِنَّا نَتَخَفُ ﴿٤٣﴾
 أَن يَقْرُطَ عَلَيْنَا أَوْ أَن يَطَّغَىٰ

﴿٤٠﴾

﴿٤١﴾

﴿٤٢﴾

﴿٤٣﴾

﴿٤٤﴾

﴿٤٥﴾

سُورَةُ طه

الجزء السادس عشر

- We fear, indeed, that he will 'at once' assail us
or 'arrogantly' transgress.
- 20:46 He said: Have no fear.
Indeed, I am with you both. I hear and I see.
- 20:47 So go forth, both of you, to him and say:
We are messengers of your Lord.
So send forth with us the Children of Israel,
and do not torment them 'any longer'.
Indeed, we have come to you
with a 'clear' sign from your Lord.
For peace shall 'only' be with whomever
follows the guidance 'of God'.
20:48 Indeed, it has truly been revealed to us
that the torment 'of God'
shall come upon whoever denies 'Him'
and turns away.
- 20:49 'Pharaoh' said:
Who, then, is the Lord of you both, O Moses?
- 20:50 He said:
Our Lord is the One
who gave all things their creation,
then guided 'them to their natural way.
- 20:51 Pharaoh' said:
Then what of the case of the earlier generations
'who did not believe this'?
- 20:52 He said:
The knowledge of them is with my Lord,
in a 'Preserved Heavenly' Book.
Neither does my Lord err; nor does He forget.
- 20:53 'He is' the One who has made the earth
a cradle for you,
and threaded it all through with passages,
and sent down, from the sky, water.
'Thus God says:

- ١٦ قَالَ لَا تَخَافَا إِنِّي
مَعَكُمَا أَسْمَعُ وَأَرَى
فَأَنبَاهُ فَقَوْلَا إِنَّا
رُسُلُ رَبِّكَ فَأَرْسِلْ مَعَنَا
بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ وَلَا تَعْدِهِمْ
قَدْ جِئْنَاكَ بِبَيِّنَاتٍ مِّن رَّبِّكَ
وَالسَّلَامُ عَلَيَّ مَنِ اتَّبَعَ الْهُدَى
إِنَّا قَدْ أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ
أَنَّ الْعَذَابَ
عَلَىٰ مَن كَذَّبَ وَتَوَلَّى
١٧ قَالَ فَمَنْ رَبُّكُمَا يُمُوسَىٰ
قَالَ رَبُّنَا الَّذِي أَعْطَىٰ
كُلَّ شَيْءٍ خَلْقَهُ ثُمَّ هَدَىٰ
١٨ قَالَ فَمَا بَالُ الْقُرُونِ الْأُولَىٰ
قَالَ عِلْمُهَا
عِنْدَ رَبِّي فِي كِتَابٍ
لَّا يَضِلُّ رَبِّي وَلَا يَنسَى
١٩ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُم
الْأَرْضَ مَهْدًا
وَسَلَكَ لَكُم فِيهَا سُبُلًا
وَأَنزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً
فَأَخْرَجْنَا بِهِ

سُورَةُ طه

الْحُجَّةُ الْخَامِسُ عَشَرَ

- We brought forth therewith
pairs of varied plants.
20:54 Eat 'of it', and pasture your cattle.
Indeed, in this there are sure signs
for people of discernment.
20:55 *From it have We created you.
And to it shall We return you.
And from it shall We bring you forth
'yet' another time.
20:56 Thus very truly,
We showed 'Pharaoh' Our 'miraculous' signs—
all of them 'that had been given to Moses'.
But he belied 'them' and resisted 'faith',
20:57 and he said:
Have you come to oust us from our land
with your sorcery, O Moses?
20:58 Then we shall most surely confront you
with sorcery like it.
So set between us and you an appointed time—
which neither we nor you shall miss—
in an 'open', level place.
20:59 'Moses' said:
Your appointed time is the Day of Festival,
at mid-morning, while the people are assembled.
20:60 So Pharaoh turned away
and concocted his scheme.
Then he came forth 'on that day
with his sorcerers'.
20:61 And Moses said to them: Woe to you!
Do not forge a lie against God!
For He will raze you with some torment.
Thus whoever forges 'such lies against Him'
has forever failed.
20:62 Then 'the sorcerers' quarreled

أَزْوَاجًا مِّنْ نَّبَاتٍ شَقِئٌ
كُلُّوْا وَارْعَوْا أَنْفُسَكُمْ ٥٤
إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ
لِّأُولِي النَّهْيِ
مِنْهَا خَلَقْنَاكُمْ ٥٥
وَفِيهَا نُعِيدُكُمْ
وَمِنْهَا نُخْرِجُكُمْ تَارَةً أُخْرَىٰ
وَلَقَدْ أَرَيْنَاهُ آيَاتِنَا كُلَّهَا
فَكَذَّبَ وَأَبَىٰ
قَالَ أَجِئْتُنَا
لِنُخْرِجَٰنَا مِّنْ أَرْضِنَا
بِسِحْرِكَ يَمْوَسَىٰ
فَلَنَأْتِيَنَّكَ بِسِحْرٍ مِّثْلِهِ ٥٨
فَأَجْعَلْ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَكَ مَوْعِدًا
لَّا نُخْلِفُهُ نَحْنُ وَلَا أَنْتَ
مَكَانًا سَوًى
قَالَ مَوْعِدُكُمْ يَوْمَ الزَّيْنَةِ
وَأَنْ يُخَشِّرَ النَّاسَ ضُحًى
فَتَوَلَّىٰ فِرْعَوْنُ
فَجَمَعَ كَيْدَهُ ثُمَّ أَتَىٰ
قَالَ لَهُمْ مُوسَىٰ وَيْلَكُمْ
لَا تَفْقَرُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا
فَيُسْحِتَكُم بِعَذَابٍ
وَقَدْ حَآبٍ مِّنْ أَفْتَرَىٰ
فَنَسْرَعُوا أَمْرَهُمْ بَيْنَهُمْ ٦٢

between themselves about their affair,
but kept their council secret.

20:63 They said:

Indeed, these are, most surely, two sorcerers
who desire to oust you from your own land
with their sorcery,
and to do away with the ideal
of your way of life.

20:64 Therefore, come together

to accomplish your scheme.

Then come forth resolved in a united rank.
For whoever prevails today has truly succeeded.

20:65 They said: O Moses!

Either you shall throw
your staff to the ground first,
or we shall be first to throw ours down.

20:66 He said: Rather, you throw first!

And behold!
Their ropes and staffs appeared to him,
from their sorcery, to be slithering.

20:67 Then Moses conceived a fear within himself.

20:68 We said: Have no fear!

Indeed, it is you who shall be the uppermost.

20:69 Throw to the ground
what is in your right hand.

It shall then swallow up
what they have wrought.
For what they have wrought
is but the scheme of a sorcerer—
and never shall the sorcerer succeed,
wherever he may go!

20:70 So the sorcerers fell to the ground
in astonishment,
bowing their faces down
in willing submission.

يُؤْتِيهِمُ

الْجُزْءَ السَّادِسَ عَشَرَ

وَأَسْرُوا الْجَوِّيَّ

قَالُوا إِنْ هَٰذَا لَسِحْرَانِ ٦٣

يُرِيدَانِ أَنْ يُخْرِجَاكَ

مِنْ أَرْضِكَ بِسِحْرِهِمَا

وَيَذْهَبَا بِطَرَفَيْكَ الْمُنَى

فَاجْمَعُوا كَيْدَكُمْ ٦٤

ثُمَّ انْتَوُوا صَفًّا

وَقَدْ أَفْلَحَ الْيَوْمَ مَنْ اسْتَعْلَى

قَالُوا يَمُوسَى إِمَّا أَنْ تُلْقَى ٦٥

وَأِمَّا أَنْ نَكُونَ أَوَّلَ مَنْ أَلْقَى

قَالَ بَلْ أَلْقُوا ٦٦

فَإِذَا جَاءَهُمْ رَعِيبُهُمْ

يُخِيلُ إِلَيْهِ مِنْ سِحْرِهِمْ إِنَّهَا تَسْعَى

فَأَوْجَسَ فِي نَفْسِهِ ٦٧

خِيفَةُ مُوسَى

قُلْنَا لَا تَخَفْ ٦٨

إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْأَعْلَى

وَأَلْقَ مَا فِي يَمِينِكَ ٦٩

نَلْقَفَ مَا صَنَعُوا

إِنَّمَا صَنَعُوا كَيْدٌ سِحْرٍ

وَلَا يَفْلِحُ السَّاحِرُ حَيْثُ أَقَى

فَأَلْقَى السَّحَرَةُ سُجَّدًا ٧٠

سُورَةُ تَا هَا

الْحُزْنُ السَّائِسُ عَمَّرَ

They said:

We believe in the Lord of Aaron and Moses!

20:71 Pharaoh said:

Have you believed 'impetuously' because of him before I have permitted you to do so?

Indeed, he is certainly your master-sorcerer, who has taught you sorcery!

Therefore, I shall, indeed, cut off your hands and your feet on opposite sides!

Moreover, I shall, most surely, crucify you on the trunks of date palms!

Thus you shall certainly know

'as to me and the God of Moses' which of us is severer in 'inflicting' torment, and 'making pain' more lasting.

20:72 They said:

We will never prefer 'submission to' you over 'believing

in' the clear and miraculous 'proofs' of God that have come to us,

nor 'over' the One who originated us!

So decree whatever 'punishment' you will decree.

You but decree 'in' the life of this world.

20:73 As for us, we have believed in our Lord, so that He may forgive us 'for' our misdeeds, and for whatever sorcery you have forced upon us.

For God is best 'in reward' and everlasting 'in punishment'.

20:74 Indeed, whoever comes to his Lord as a defiant unbeliever, then, indeed, for him is Hell, wherein one shall neither die

قَالُوا أَمَّا

رَبِّ هَارُونَ وَمُوسَى

قَالَ أَمَنْتُمْ لَهُ ٧١

قَبْلَ أَنْ أَدْنَى لَكُمْ

إِنَّهُ لَكَبِيرُكُمْ

الَّذِي عَلَّمَكُمُ السِّحْرَ

فَلَا تَقْطَعْنَ أَيْدِيَكُمْ

وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ مِنْ خَلْفٍ

وَلَأَصْلَبَنَّكُمْ

فِي جُذُوعِ النَّخْلِ

وَلَنَعْلَمَنَّ إِنَّا

أَشَدُّ عَذَابًا وَأَبْقَى

قَالُوا لَنْ نُؤْثِرَكَ ٧٢

عَلَى مَا جَاءَنَا مِنَ الْآيَاتِ

وَالَّذِي فَطَرَنَا

فَأَقْضِ مَا أَنْتَ قَاضٍ إِنَّمَا

نَقْضِي هَذِهِ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا

إِنَّا أَمَّا بَرِينَا ٧٣

لِيُغْفِرَ لَنَا خَطِيئَتَنَا

وَمَا أَكْرَهْتَنَا عَلَيْهِ مِنَ السِّحْرِ

وَاللَّهُ خَيْرٌ وَأَبْقَى

إِنَّهُ مَنْ يَأْتِ رَبَّهُ مُجْرِمًا ٧٤

فَإِنَّ لَهُ جَهَنَّمَ لَا يَمُوتُ فِيهَا

nor live 'without pain'.

- 20:75 But whoever comes to Him as a believer,
having done righteous deeds,
then it is these for whom are the highest ranks:
20:76 Gardens everlasting, beneath which rivers flow,
wherein they shall abide forever 'and ever'.
For such is the reward
of whoever purifies himself
'with repentance and godliness'.

- 20:77 Thus We revealed to Moses:
Set out by night with My servants,
'the Children of Israel'.
Then strike for them a dry passage
through the sea.
Do not fear being overtaken 'by Pharaoh'.
Nor have any dread 'of drowning'.
20:78 So Pharaoh followed them with his forces,
and they were overwhelmed by the sea—
'and what an 'awesome' whelming 'it was'!
20:79 Thus Pharaoh had led his people astray
and did not guide 'them aright.

- 20:80 God said: 'O Children of Israel!
We have delivered you from your enemy;
and We have promised you an appointed time,
on the right side of Mount Tûr
'to give you My commandments'.
Moreover, We have sent down manna and quail
to 'sustain' you 'in the desert, saying':
20:81 Eat of the wholesome foods
which We have provided for you.
But do not transgress therein.
For then My wrath shall befall you.
And whomever My wrath befalls—

سُورَةُ طه

الجزء السادس عشر

وَلَا يَحْيَىٰ

وَمَنْ يَأْتِهِ مُؤْمِنًا ﴿٧٥﴾

قَدْ عَمِلَ الصَّالِحَاتِ فَأُولَٰئِكَ

لَهُمُ الدَّرَجَاتُ الْعُلَىٰ

جَنَّاتٌ عَدْنٌ يَجْرِي

مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا

وَذَٰلِكَ جَزَاءُ مَنْ تَزَكَّىٰ

وَلَقَدْ آوَحَيْنَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ ﴿٧٧﴾

أَنْ أَسْرِ بِعِبَادِي فَاضْرِبْ لَهُم

طَرِيقًا فِي الْبَحْرِ يَبَسًا

لَّا تَخَفُ دَرَكًا وَلَا تَخْشَىٰ

فَأَتَيْنَهُمْ فِرْعَوْنُ بِجُودٍ ﴿٧٨﴾

فَغَشِيَهُمْ مِنَ الْيَمِّ مَا غَشِيَهُمْ

وَاضْلَ فِرْعَوْنُ قَوْمَهُ وَمَا هَدَىٰ ﴿٧٩﴾

يَبْنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ ﴿٨٠﴾

قَدْ أَفْجَيْنَاكَ مِنْ عَدُوِّكَ

وَوَعَدْنَاكَ الْجَانِبَ الْأَيْمَنَ

وَنَزَّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْمَنَّاءَ وَالسَّلَوىٰ

كُلُوا مِنْ طَيِّبَاتِ مَا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ ﴿٨١﴾

وَلَا تَطْغَوْا فِيهِ

فَيَحِلَّ عَلَيْكُمْ غَضَبِي

وَمَنْ يُحِلَّ عَلَيْهِ غَضَبِي

فَقَدْ هَوَىٰ

he is truly fallen 'from grace'.

- 20:82 Yet, indeed, I am most forgiving
of whoever repents and believes
and does righteous deeds
and thereafter remains guided.

- 20:83 * God said to Moses
when he arrived at Mount Tûr:
What has made you hasten
from your people, O Moses?
20:84 He said:
They are close upon my footsteps.
And I have hastened to You, my Lord,
that You may be pleased.

- 20:85 He said: Then 'know':
We have already tried your people
after you 'departed',
and the Sâmîrîy has led them astray.

- 20:86 So Moses returned to his people
wrathful and sorrowful.
He said: O my people!
Did your Lord not promise you
an excellent promise?
Was the duration 'of my absence'
too long for you?
Or did you desire
for the great wrath of your Lord to befall you,
such that you failed 'your' promise to me
'to worship God alone'?

- 20:87 They said:
We did not fail your promise
of our own accord.
Rather, we were loaded with burdens
from the 'golden' ornaments
of the 'Egyptian' people.

سُورَةُ

الْحَجَّةِ السَّادِسَةِ عَشَرَ

وَلِإِي لَعْفَارٍ لَمَنْ تَابَ وَءَامَنَ ﴿٨٢﴾

وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا ثُمَّ اهْتَدَىٰ

﴿٨٣﴾ وَمَا أَعْجَلَاكَ

عَنْ قَوْمِكَ يَمْوَسَىٰ

﴿٨٤﴾ قَالَ هُمْ أَوْلَاءُ عَلَيَّ أَتْرَىٰ

وَعَجِلْتُ إِلَيْكَ رَبِّ لِتَرْضَىٰ

﴿٨٥﴾ قَالَ فَإِنَّا قَدْ فَتَنَّا قَوْمَكَ

مِنْ بَعْدِكَ وَأَضَلَّهُمُ السَّامِرِيُّ

﴿٨٦﴾ فَرَجِعْ مُوسَىٰ إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ

غَضِبِينَ أَسْفَىٰ

﴿٨٧﴾ قَالَ يَقَوْمِ أَلَمْ يَعِدْكُمْ رَبُّكُمْ

وَعَدًا حَسَنًا

أَفْطَالَ عَلَيْكُمْ الْعَهْدُ

أَمْ أَرَدْتُمْ أَنْ يَحِلَّ عَلَيْكُمْ

غَضَبٌ مِّنْ رَبِّكُمْ

فَأَخْلَقْتُمْ مَّوْعِدِي

﴿٨٨﴾ قَالُوا مَا أَخْلَفْنَا

مَّوْعِدَكَ بِمَلِكِنَا وَلَكِنَّا

حَمَلْنَا أَوْزَارًا مِّنْ زِينَةِ الْقَوْمِ

- So we hurled them into a furnace of fire —
and thus did the Sāmīrîy cast into it
what he had. So we followed him.
- 20:88 Then he brought forth for them
the image of a Golden Calf —
a mere spiritless body that with the wind
made the sound of a low.
And they said to each other:
This is your god and the god of Moses.
Yet he has forgotten it.
- 20:89 Could they not, then, see
that it could not return a single word to them.
Nor did it hold for them
any power of harm or benefit?
- 20:90 And truly Aaron had told them
before Moses' return: O my people!
You are only being tried by God
through this idol.
For, indeed, your Lord
is none but the All-Merciful.
Thus shall you follow me
in worshipping God alone
and obey my command in this!
- 20:91 They said:
Never shall we give up
our devotion to it until Moses returns to us.
- 20:92 Moses seized his brother and said: O Aaron!
What prevented you
when you saw them going astray
from following after me?
Did you dare disobey my command!
- 20:94 He said: O son of my mother!
Seize me not by my beard nor by my head!
I feared that you would say:
You have caused division

سُورَةُ طه

الجزء السادس عشر

فَقَدَفْنَهَا
فَكَذَلِكَ أَلْقَى السَّامِرِيُّ
فَأَخْرَجَ لَهُمْ عَجَلًا ٨٨
جَسَدًا لَهُ خَوَارٌ فَقَالُوا
هَذَا إِلَهُكُمْ
وَالِلَّهِ مُوسَىٰ فَنَسِيَ
أَفَلَا يَرَوْنَ ٨٩
أَلَّا يَرْجِعَ إِلَيْهِمْ قَوْلًا
وَلَا يَمْلِكُ لَهُمْ ضَرًّا وَلَا نَفْعًا
وَلَقَدْ قَالَ لَهُمْ هَارُونُ ٩٠
مِنْ قَبْلُ يَقُولُ
إِنَّمَا فُتِنْتُمْ بِهِ
وَإِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ الرَّحْمَنُ
فَاتَّبِعُونِي وَأَطِيعُوا أَمْرِي
قَالُوا لَنْ نَبْرَحَ عَلَيْهِ عَاكِفِينَ ٩١
حَتَّىٰ يَرْجِعَ إِلَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ
قَالَ يَهْرُونَ مَا مَنَعَكَ ٩٢
إِذْ رَأَيْتَهُمْ ضَلُّوا
أَلَّا تَتَّبِعَنِ ٩٣
أَفَعَصَيْتَ أَمْرِي
قَالَ يَبْنَؤُمْ ٩٤
لَا تَأْخُذْ بِلِحْيَتِي وَلَا بِرَأْسِي
إِنِّي خَشِيتُ أَنْ تَقُولَ
فَرَّقْتُ بَيْنَ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ

سُوْرَةُ طٰهٍ

الْحُجَّةُ السَّادِسَةُ عَشْرُ

among the Children of Israel,
and you did not observe my word.

20:95 'Moses' said:

What then were you seeking to do, O Sâmirîy?

20:96 He said:

I perceived what they did not perceive.
So I grasped a handful 'of dust'
from the trace of the messenger,
and I cast it 'into the molten gold'—
and thus did my soul tempt me!

20:97 He said: Begone, then!

For it is for you, in this life, to say:
Untouchable!

And, indeed, for you
there is an appointed time 'of punishment'
in the Hereafter that you shall never miss!
Moreover, look to your god, 'O Sâmirîy',
to which you remained devout!
Most surely, we shall burn it.
Then, most surely, shall we 'pulverize'
and 'scatter it in the sea—scatter it utterly.

20:98 Indeed, your God, 'O Israel,' is the only God—
the One besides whom there is no other god.
He has encompassed all things in knowledge.

20:99 So it is that We relate to you, 'O Prophet,
something' of the tidings that have gone before.
For, truly, We have given you—
solely from Us—
a 'revealed' Reminder 'of the way of God'.

20:100 Whoever turns away from it,
then he shall, indeed,
on the Day of Resurrection,
bear 'the torment of' a 'most sinful' burden,
20:101 wherein they shall abide forever!

وَلَمْ تَرْقُبْ قَوْلِي

١٥ قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكَ يَسْمِرِيُّ

١٦ قَالَ بَصُرْتُ

يَمًا لَمْ يَبْصُرُوا بِهِ

فَقَبَضْتُ قَبْضَةً

مِنْ أَثَرِ الرَّسُولِ

فَنَبَذْتُهَا وَكَذَلِكَ

سَوَّلَتْ لِي نَفْسِي

١٧ قَالَ فَأَذْهَبْ

فَإِنَّ لَكَ فِي الْحَيَاةِ

أَنْ تَقُولَ لَا مِسَاسَ

وَلِنَّ لَكَ مَوْعِدًا لَنْ تُخْلَفَهُ

وَأَنْظُرْ إِلَى إِلٰهِكَ

الَّذِي ظَلَمْتَ عَلَيْهِ عَاكِفًا

لَنْحَرِقَنَّهُ ثُمَّ لَنَنْسِفَنَّهُ

فِي الْيَمِّ نَسْفًا

١٨ إِنَّمَا إِلٰهُكُمُ اللّٰهُ

الَّذِي لَا إِلٰهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

وَسِعَ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا

١٩ كَذَلِكَ نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ

مِنْ أَنْبَاءِ مَا قَدْ سَبَقَ

وَقَدْ آتَيْنَكَ مِنْ لَدُنَّا ذِكْرًا

٢٠ مَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَنْهُ فَإِنَّهُ

يَحْمِلُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ وِزْرًا

٢١ خَالِدِينَ فِيهِ

- And a 'most' evil burden 'shall it be' for them
on the Day of Resurrection—
20:102 a Day when the Trumpet is blown,
and We assemble the defiant unbelievers
on that Day ashen 'with terror',
20:103 murmuring to one another:
You have stayed only ten 'days in the earth.
20:104 It is 'We' alone who 'are most knowing
of all that they say,
when one among them
whose way 'of surmise' is best shall say:
Rather, 'it only seems
that' you have stayed but one day!
- 20:105 And they ask you, 'O Prophet,'
about 'what shall become of' the mountains.
Then say:
My Lord shall 'pulverize and' scatter them,
scatter them utterly,
20:106 thus leaving them a leveled plain.
20:107 You shall see therein
neither wave nor curve.
20:108 On that Day!
'Everyone' will follow
the 'angel'-Summoner's 'call'—
without evasion—
with voices lowered before the All-Merciful,
such that you hear nothing but hushed tones.
20:109 On that Day!
Intercession shall not avail
'anyone in all creation',
other than 'one to' whom
the All-Merciful permits 'intercession',
and 'the one on whose behalf
He' is pleased for him to speak.

يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

الْحُجَّةُ السَّادِسُ عَشَرَ

وَسَاءَ لَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ حِمْلًا
يَوْمَ يُنْفَخُ فِي الصُّورِ وَنَحْشُرُ
الْمُجْرِمِينَ يَوْمَئِذٍ زُرْقًا
يَتَخَفَتُونَ بَيْنَهُمْ
إِن لَّيْسَ لَهُمْ إِلَّا عَشْرًا
نَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَقُولُونَ
إِذْ يَقُولُ أَتْلُكُمُ طَرِيقَةً
إِن لَّيْسَ لَهُمْ إِلَّا يَوْمًا
وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الْجِبَالِ
فَقُلْ يَنْسِفُهَا رَبِّي نَسْفًا
فَيَذَرُهَا قَاعًا صَفْصَفًا
لَّا تَرَى فِيهَا عِوَجًا وَلَا أَمْتًا
يَوْمَئِذٍ يَتَّبِعُونَ الدَّاعِيَ
لَا عِوَجَ لَهُ
وَخَشَعَتِ الْأَصْوَاتُ لِلرَّحْمَنِ
فَلَا تَسْمَعُ إِلَّا هَمْسًا
يَوْمَئِذٍ لَا نَنْفَعُ الشَّفَعَةُ
إِلَّا مَنْ أَذِنَ لَهُ الرَّحْمَنُ
وَرَضِيَ لَهُ قَوْلًا

سُورَةُ طه

الجزء السادس عشر

- 20:110 He knows what lies before them
and what lies behind them,
while they cannot comprehend Him
with their knowledge.
- 20:111 *For humbled shall be all faces
to the All-Living,
the Self-Subsisting All-Sustaining One.
And truly failed is one laden with evil-doing.
- 20:112 But whoever does 'deeds' of righteousness—
and is a believer—
shall have no fear of being wronged
or defrauded.
- 20:113 And so it is
that We have sent it down as an Arabic Quran
and varied the warnings therein—
so that they 'who receive it'
may become God-fearing,
or that it might induce in them
the remembrance 'of Him'.
- 20:114 For most high 'above all' is God,
the King, the Truth!
Thus make no haste
with the Quran, 'O Prophet,'
before its revelation to you is completed.
But say 'only': My Lord!
Increase me in knowledge.
- 20:115 Now, very truly,
We made a covenant with Adam of old.
But he forgot 'his covenant'.
Thus We did not find in him 'due' resolve.
- 20:116 For behold! We said to the angels:
Bow 'your faces' down to 'receive' Adam
'into life and honor him'!

يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ ١١٠
وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ
وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِهِ عِلْمًا
وَعَنَتِ الْوُجُوهُ ١١١
لِلْحَيِّ الْقَيُّومِ وَقَدْ خَابَ
مَنْ حَمَلَ ظُلْمًا
وَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ مِنَ الصَّالِحَاتِ ١١٢
وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ
فَلَا يَخَافُ ظُلْمًا وَلَا هَضْمًا
وَكَذَلِكَ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ ١١٣
قُرْآنًا عَرَبِيًّا وَصَرَّفْنَا فِيهِ
مِنَ الْوَعِيدِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ
أَوْ يُحَذِّرُ لَهُمْ ذِكْرًا
فَنُحِيطْ إِلَى اللَّهِ الْمَلِكِ الْحَقِّ ١١٤
وَلَا تَعْجَلْ بِالْقُرْآنِ
مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ
يُفْضَى إِلَيْكَ وَحْيُهُ
وَقُلْ رَبِّ زِدْنِي عِلْمًا
وَلَقَدْ عَاهَدْنَا إِلَى آدَمَ ١١٥
مِنْ قَبْلُ فَنَسِيَ
وَلَمْ يَجِدْ لَهُ عَزْمًا
وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ ١١٦
اسْجُدُوا لِآدَمَ

- So they 'all' bowed down, except Iblīs.
He refused.
- 20:117 So We said: O Adam!
Indeed this 'being'
is an enemy to you and to your wife.
So let him not oust you both from the garden,
so that you come to misery.
- 20:118 Indeed, it is 'all' for you,
that you shall not hunger therein, nor go naked;
20:119 and that you shall not thirst therein,
nor be sunstruck.
- 20:120 Yet Satan whispered to him.
He said: O Adam!
Shall I direct you to the Tree of Immortality,
and a kingdom that shall never fade away?
- 20:121 So both 'Adam and Eve' ate of it.
Thus their secret parts became exposed to them.
So, 'instantly,' they both took to
heaping together upon themselves
leaves of the garden.
For Adam had disobeyed his Lord.
Thus he erred.
- 20:122 Then his Lord chose him 'as a Prophet',
and absolved him 'of his sin', and guided him.
- 20:123 'God' said:
Descend from 'the garden',
both of you, together, 'along with Satan'—
each of you an enemy to the other.
But if there comes to you, 'O humanity',
guidance from Me,
then whoever follows My guidance
shall not go astray 'in the world'
and shall not suffer misery 'in the Hereafter'.
- 20:124 But whoever turns away
from My remembrance, for him, indeed,

يُؤْتِيهِمُ

الْجُزْءَ السَّادِسَ عَشَرَ

فَسَجَدُوا إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ أَبَى
فَقُلْنَا يَتَّعَدُمُ إِنَّ هَذَا عَدُوٌّ
لَكَ وَلَزَوْجِكَ فَلَا تَخْرُجَنَّ
مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ فَتَشْقَى
إِنَّ لَكَ إِلَّا جَمْعُ فِيهَا
وَلَا تَعْرَى
وَأَنْتَ لَا تَظْمَأُ فِيهَا
وَلَا تَضْحَى
فَوَسَّوَسَ
إِلَيْهِ الشَّيْطَانُ قَالَ
يَتَّعَدُمُ هَلْ أَذُكُ
عَلَى شَجَرَةِ الْخُلْدِ
وَمَلِكٍ لَا يَبُلَى
فَاكْلًا مِنْهَا
فَبَدَتْ لَهُمَا سَوْءُ تَهُمَا
وَكُفُوفًا يَخْصِفَانِ عَلَيْهِمَا
مِنَ وَرَقِ الْجَنَّةِ
وَعَصَى آدَمُ رَبَّهُ فَغَوَى
ثُمَّ أُنْزِلْنَاهُ رَبُّهُ
فَنَابَ عَلَيْهِ وَهَدَى
قَالَ أَهْطَا مِنْهَا جَمِيعًا
بَعْضُكُمْ لِبَعْضٍ عَدُوٌّ
فَأَمَّا يَا آدَمُ فَكُنْ
مَعِيَ هَدَى فَمَنْ اتَّبَعَ هَدَايَ
فَلَا يَضِلَّ وَلَا يَشْقَى
وَمَنْ أَعْرَضَ عَن ذِكْرِي

سُوْرَةُ طٰهٍ

الْحِزْبُ السَّادِسُ عَشَرَ

there shall be a stringent life.

And We shall bring him to assembly,
on the Day of Resurrection, blind.

20:125 He shall say: My Lord!

Why have You brought me
to assembly blind, though I used to see?

20:126 He shall say: So it is!

Our signs came to you. Yet you forgot them.
And so this Day you are forgotten.

20:127 Even so do We recompense

whoever is exceedingly rebellious
and has not believed

in the 'revealed' signs of his Lord.

And, indeed, the torment of the Hereafter
is severer still and more lasting.

20:128 Have the many generations before them
that We have destroyed—

in whose very dwellings they 'now' walk—
not become a clear guiding sign for them?
Indeed, in this there are sure signs
for people of discernment.

20:129 Yet were it not for a 'preordained' word
that had preceded from your Lord, 'O Prophet,
to defer judgment upon people,
their immediate destruction'
would have been inescapable—
but 'for the fulfillment of' a stated term 'of life'.

20:130 So be patient, 'O Prophet,'
with what they say.

And highly exalt your Lord with 'all' praise
before the rising of the sun and before its setting.
And in the watches of the night
exalt 'Him', as well, and at the ends of the day—
so that you may become well-pleased.

20:131 Thus you shall not extend

فَإِنْ لَهُمْ مَعِيشَةٌ ضَنْكًا
وَتَحْشُرُهُ

يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ أَعْمَى
قَالَ رَبِّ لِمَ حَشَرْتَنِيْ أَعْمَى

١٢٥

وَقَدْ كُنْتُ بَصِيْرًا

قَالَ كَذٰلِكَ

١٢٦

اٰتٰنَكَ اٰيٰتُنَا فَنَسِيْنَهَا

وَكَذٰلِكَ اَلْيَوْمَ نُنَسِّيْ

وَكَذٰلِكَ نَجْزِيْ مَنْ اَسْرَفَ

١٢٧

وَلَمْ يُؤْمِنْ بِآيٰتِ رَبِّهٖ

وَلَعَذَابُ الْاٰخِرَةِ اَشَدُّ وَاَبْقٰى

اَفَلَمْ يَهْدِ لَهُمْ كَمْ اٰهْلَكْنَا

١٢٨

قَبْلَهُمْ مِنَ الْقُرُوْنِ

يَمْشُوْنَ فِيْ مَسٰكِبِهِمْ

اِنَّ فِيْ ذٰلِكَ لَاٰيٰتٍ

لِّاُولِيْ النَّهْيِ

وَلَوْلَا كَلِمَةٌ سَبَقَتْ مِنْ رَبِّكَ

١٢٩

لَكَانَ لِرٰزِمٰمٍ وَاَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى

فَاَصْبِرْ عَلٰى مَا يَقُوْلُوْنَ

١٣٠

وَسَبِّحْ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّكَ

قَبْلَ طُلُوْعِ الشَّمْسِ

وَقَبْلَ غُرُوْبِهَا وَمِنْ اٰنَآى الْاَيْلِ

فَسَبِّحْ وَاَطْرَافَ النَّهَارِ

لَعَلَّكَ رَاضٍ

وَلَا تَمُدَّنَّ عَيْنَيْكَ

١٣١

the gaze of your eyes toward the unbelievers
and what We have given
any number of them to enjoy:
The mere flower of the life of this world,
by which We put them to test.
For, indeed, the blessed provision of your Lord
is far better and everlasting.

20:132 Moreover,
enjoin the Prayer upon your family,
O Prophet, and persevere patiently with it.
We do not ask of you any provision.
Rather, it is We who provide for you.
For the ultimate outcome
is success for the God-fearing alone.

20:133 Yet they who disbelieve
have said of you, O Prophet:
If only he were to bring us a sign from his Lord!
Yet has clear proof not, then,
come to them in this Quran
as to what was in the earlier Scriptures?

20:134 Now had it been that We destroyed them
with some torment
before sending them this Quran,
most surely, they would have said: Our Lord!
If only You had sent to us a messenger,
then we would have followed
Your revealed signs
before we became humiliated and disgraced!

20:135 Say to them:
All of us are in wait of the ultimate outcome.
So wait for the Judgment of God!
You shall, assuredly, come to know
who are the companions of the even way
of faith and who is thus guided aright.

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إِلَى مَا مَعَنَاهُ أَزْوَاجًا مِنْهُمْ

زَهْرَةَ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

لِنَفْتِنَهُمْ فِيهِ

وَرِزْقُ رَبِّكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَبْقَى

وَأْمُرْ أَهْلَكَ بِالصَّلَاةِ

وَأَصْطِرِّ عَلَيْهِمُ

لَا تَسْأَلُكَ رِزْقًا نَحْنُ نَرْزُقُكَ

وَالْعَقِيبَةُ لِلْقَوِيِّ

وَقَالُوا

لَوْلَا يَأْتِينَا بِآيَةٍ مِنْ رَبِّهِ

أَوْ لَمْ يَأْتِهِمْ بَيِّنَةٌ

مَا فِي الصُّحُفِ الْأُولَى

وَلَوْ أَنَّا أَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ

بِعَذَابٍ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ لَقَالُوا

رَبَّنَا لَوْلَا أَرْسَلْتَ إِلَيْنَا

رَسُولًا فَتَنْبِئَنَا بِبَيِّنَاتِكَ

مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ نَنْزِلَ وَنَخْزِيكَ

قُلْ كُلُّ مَتَرٍ يَصْنَعُ

فَتَرَبَّصُوا فَسَتَعْلَمُونَ

مَنْ أَصْحَابُ الصِّرَاطِ السَّوِيِّ

وَمَنْ أَهْتَدَى

Surah 21 / 112 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Anbiyâ'

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 21:1 Drawing near to the people is their reckoning!
Yet in heedlessness they turn away
from this Heavenly message.
- 21:2 Not a new reminder from the Quran
comes to them from their Lord,
but that they listen to it
as they make 'jesting' sport of it,
their hearts diverted by whims.
- 21:3 Rather, those who do wrong
would keep secret their conversations:
Is this 'Muhammad' other than a human being
like yourselves?
Do you then yield to sorcery,
even as you see that he is merely human?
- 21:4 God Himself revealed their conversation
to the Messenger, who then said to them:
My Lord knows all that is said
in the heaven and the earth.
For He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.
- 21:5 Still they have said:
'This Quran is a muddle of dreams!
Rather, he has forged it! Rather, he is a poet!
Let him, then, bring to us a 'miraculous' sign

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

أَقْرَبَ لِلنَّاسِ حِسَابُهُمْ ١

وَهُمْ فِي غَفْلَةٍ مُّعْرِضُونَ

مَا يَأْتِيهِمْ مِنْ ذِكْرِ ٢

مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ يُخَذِّبُ

إِلَّا أَتَمَعُوهُ وَهُمْ يَلْعَبُونَ

لَاهِيَةً قُلُوبِهِمْ ٣

وَأَسْرَأُ النَّجْوَى الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا

هَلْ هَذَا

إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِثْلُكُمْ

أَفَتَأْتُونَ السَّحَرَ

وَأَنْتُمْ تَبْصُرُونَ

قَالَ رَبِّي يَعْلَمُ الْقَوْلَ ٤

فِي السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

بَلْ قَالُوا أَضْغَتْ أَحْلَامٌ ٥

بَلْ أَفْتَرِيهِ بَلْ هُوَ شَاعِرٌ

فَلْيَأْتِنَا بَيِّنَاتٍ



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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- like that with which
the former 'prophets' were sent.
- 21:6 Not one city before them
which We have destroyed
believed 'in the miraculous signs'!
Will they, then, believe 'them'?
- 21:7 Moreover, We have not sent 'any messengers
to the generations' before you, 'O Prophet,'
but 'mere mortal' men,
to whom We gave revelation.
So if you 'who disbelieve' do not know 'this',
then ask the People of the 'revealed' Reminder,
'who know the Heavenly Scriptures'.
- 21:8 Neither did We create them
as mere bodies 'without spirits'
that did not eat food. Nor were they immortals.
- 21:9 Yet, We 'duly' fulfilled the 'divine' promise
to 'help' them.
Thus We delivered them,
along with whomever We so willed
'who upheld them'.
But We destroyed 'all' those who 'belied' them
and 'were' 'thus' 'exceedingly rebellious'.
- 21:10 Truly, We have sent down to you,
'O people of Muhammad,'
a 'Heavenly' Book that 'bears' in it
your 'glory and' 'eminent remembrance'
'for all time'.
Will you not, then, understand?
- 21:11 For, how many a city
'whose inhabitants were' 'doing wrong'
'in unbelief' did We utterly shatter 'before you'
and raise up after them
another people 'in their place'?
- 21:12 Thus when they sensed

كَمَا أُرْسِلَ الْأَوَّلُونَ

٦ مَاءَ أَمْنَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ

مِنْ قَرْيَةٍ أَهْلَكْنَاهَا

أَفَهُمْ يُؤْمِنُونَ

٧ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا قَبْلَكَ

إِلَّا رِجَالًا نُوحِي إِلَيْهِمُ

فَتَسْأَلُوا أَهْلَ الذِّكْرِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

٨ وَمَا جَعَلْنَاهُمْ جَسَدًا

لَا يَأْكُلُونَ الطَّعَامَ

وَمَا كَانُوا خَالِدِينَ

٩ ثُمَّ صَدَقْنَاهُمُ الْوَعْدَ

فَأَنجَيْنَاهُمْ وَمِنْ نَشَاءٍ

وَأَهْلَكْنَا الْمُسْرِفِينَ

١٠ لَقَدْ أَنزَلْنَا إِلَيْكُمْ

كِتَابًا فِيهِ ذِكْرُكُمْ

أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ

١١ وَكَمْ قَصَمْنَا مِنْ قَرْيَةٍ

كَانَتْ ظَالِمَةً وَأَنشَأْنَا

بَعْدَهَا قَوْمًا آخَرِينَ

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- Our impending affliction,
they sought, then, to flee from it.
But it was said to them:
- 21:13 Do not flee, but return to the luxuries
in which you once indulged
and to your lofty dwellings,
so that you may be questioned now
about the destiny of wrongdoing.
- 21:14 They but said: Oh, woe to us!
Indeed, we have been godless wrongdoers!
- 21:15 And never did this confessional cry of theirs
cease upon their lips,
until We had turned them into mere stubble;
and they had been utterly extinguished.
- 21:16 For We have not created the heavens
and the earth and whatever is between them
for mere sport.
- 21:17 Had We intended to take up any amusement,
We would most surely have taken it
from the higher realm that is with Us
and not from the world—
if ever We were to do so.
- 21:18 On the contrary,
We but hurl the truth against falsehood,
and it utterly smashes it—
thus at once it vanishes!
So the all-punishing woe of Hellfire
shall assuredly be yours
for all that you falsely ascribe to God!
- 21:19 For to Him belongs
all who are in the heavens and the earth.
Moreover, those who are near Him
are never disdainful of His worship,
nor do they grow weary of it.
- 21:20 They give due exaltation to Him

فَلَمَّا أَحَسُوا بِآسِنَا ﴿١٢﴾
إِذَا هُمْ مِنْهَا يَرْكُضُونَ ﴿١٣﴾
لَا تَرْكُضُوا وَارْجِعُوا
إِلَى مَا أَتْرَقْتُمْ فِيهِ
وَمَسْكِكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَسْأَلُونَ ﴿١٤﴾
قَالُوا يَوَيْلَنَا إِنَّا ظَالِمِينَ ﴿١٥﴾
فَمَا زَالَتْ تِلْكَ دَعْوَاهُمْ
حَتَّى جَعَلْنَاهُمْ
حَصِيدًا خَمِيدٍ ﴿١٦﴾
وَمَا خَلَقْنَا السَّمَاءَ وَالْأَرْضَ
وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا لِلْعَيْنِ ﴿١٧﴾
لَوْ أَرَدْنَا أَنْ نَتَّخِذَ هُوكًا
لَا تَتَّخِذْتُهُ مِنْ لَدُنَّا
إِنْ كُنَّا فَعَالِينَ ﴿١٨﴾
بَلْ نَقْذِفُ بِالْحَقِّ عَلَى الْبَاطِلِ
فَيَدْمَغُهُ فَإِذَا هُوَ زَاهِقٌ
وَلَكُمْ الْوَيْلُ مِمَّا نَصِفُونَ ﴿١٩﴾
وَلَهُ مَنْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَنْ عِنْدَهُ
لَا يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ عَنْ عِبَادَتِهِ
وَلَا يَسْتَحْسِرُونَ

- by night and by day—never pausing.
- 21:21 Then 'as to those who disbelieve',
have they truly taken gods
from the earth who resurrect 'the dead'?
- 21:22 Had there been—in either Heaven or earth—
any gods other than God,
both 'Heaven and earth' would, most surely,
have become corrupted 'by competing deities'.
So highly exalted is God, Lord of the Throne,
'far' above all that they ascribe 'to Him'!
- 21:23 He shall never be called to account
for what He does.
Yet they shall be questioned 'by Him
about all they have done in life'!
- 21:24 Then have they, indeed, taken gods
apart from Him?
Say 'to them, O Prophet':
Bring forth your proof!
This 'Quran' is the 'revealed' Reminder
'of God's way—
proof' for those who are with me.
Moreover, there is the Reminder
'that has been revealed
to each of 'those 'messengers'
who were before me,
'none of which confirm other gods with God'.
Rather, most of them 'who claim this'
do not know the truth,
and thus they turn away 'from it
when they hear it'.
- 21:25 For We have not sent before you,
'O Prophet,' any messenger
but that We revealed to him
that there is no God but Me.
Thus you shall worship Me 'alone'!

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٢٠ يُسَبِّحُونَ اللَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ

لَا يَفْتُرُونَ

٢١ أَمْ اتَّخَذُوا

ءَالِهَةً مِنَ الْأَرْضِ

هُمْ يُنْشِرُونَ

٢٢ لَوْ كَانَ فِيهِمَا

ءَالِهَةٌ إِلَّا اللَّهُ لَفَسَدَتَا

فَسَبِّحْنَا اللَّهَ رَبَّ الْعَرْشِ

عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ

٢٣ لَا يَسْأَلُ عَمَّا يَفْعَلُ

وَهُمْ يَسْأَلُونَ

٢٤ أَمْ اتَّخَذُوا

مِنْ دُونِهِ ءَالِهَةً

قُلْ هَاتُوا بُرْهَانَكُمْ

هَذَا ذِكْرٌ مِنْ مَعِيَ

وَذِكْرٌ مِنْ قَبْلِي بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ

لَا يَعْلَمُونَ الْحَقَّ

فَهُمْ مُعْرِضُونَ

٢٥ وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ

مِنْ رَسُولٍ إِلَّا نُوْحِي إِلَيْهِ

أَنَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنَا

- 21:26 Yet they who disbelieve have said:
The All-Merciful
has taken to Himself angels as offspring.
Highly exalted is He above this!
Rather, they are but honored servants of God!
- 21:27 They do not precede Him in speech.
Rather, they do everything
only by His command.
- 21:28 He alone knows
what lies before them
and what lies behind them.
Nor do they intercede with God—
except on behalf
of those with whom He is pleased.
For out of fear of Him, they are cautious.
- 21:29 *And if ever one of them should say:
I am a god apart from Him!—
then such a one
would We recompense with Hell.
For thus it is
that We recompense the wrongdoers
who are godless in heart.
- 21:30 Have those who disbelieve
not seen by the knowledge they acquire
that the heavens and the earth
were conjoined as one mass,
then We separated them—
and that We have made
every living thing therein from water?
Will they not, then, believe in God's Oneness?
- 21:31 So too have We set in the Earth
anchoring mountains, so that it does not sway
with them upon it as it spins.
And We made therein broad pathways,

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فَاعْبُدُونِ
وَقَالُوا ﴿٢٦﴾
اتَّخَذَ الرَّحْمَنُ وَلَدًا سُبْحَانَهُ
بَلْ عِبَادٌ مُّكْرَمُونَ
لَا يَسْبِقُونَهُ بِالْقَوْلِ ﴿٢٧﴾
وَهُمْ بِأَمْرِهِ يَعْمَلُونَ
يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ ﴿٢٨﴾
وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ وَلَا يَشْفَعُونَ
إِلَّا لِمَنِ ارْضَىٰ
وَهُمْ مِنْ خَشْيَتِهِ مُشْفِقُونَ ﴿٢٩﴾
وَإِذَا إِلَهُ مِنْ دُونِهِ
فَذَلِكُمْ فَجْرِهِ جَهَنَّمَ
كَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الظَّالِمِينَ
أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿٣٠﴾
أَنَّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
كَانَا رَتْقًا فَفَتَقْنَاهُمَا
وَجَعَلْنَا مِنَ الْمَاءِ
كُلَّ شَيْءٍ حَيٍّ أَفَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ
وَجَعَلْنَا فِي الْأَرْضِ رَوَاسِيَ ﴿٣١﴾
أَنْ تَمِيدَ بِهِمْ

- so that they might find guidance therein.
- 21:32 And We made the heaven a vault,
safeguarded above the earth.
Still they turn away
from pondering the wonders of its signs.
- 21:33 For He is the One
who created the night and the daylight,
and the sun and the moon—
each, within a course, is swimming on
through the spheres as preordained.
- 21:34 Furthermore, We have not given immortality
to any human being who preceded you,
O Prophet.
Yet if you die, as the disbelievers hope,
will they, then, be immortals?
- 21:35 Every single soul shall taste death.
For We but test you in life
with evil and good as a trial.
And it is to Us
you shall all be returned for recompense.
- 21:36 Thus when those who disbelieve see you,
they but take you as an object of mockery,
saying:
Is this the one
who mentions your gods profanely?—
though at the mention of the All-Merciful
they themselves profess unbelief in Him!
- 21:37 Man is a creature of haste.
Soon shall I show you My signs of judgment
fulfilled against the disbelievers.
So do not call for Me to hasten this.
- 21:38 Yet they say in contempt:
When will this promise
of divine judgment be fulfilled,

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وَجَعَلْنَا فِيهَا فِجَاجًا سُبُلًا
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَهْتَدُونَ
وَجَعَلْنَا السَّمَاءَ ٣٢
سَقْفًا مَحْفُوظًا
وَهُمْ عَنْ آيَاتِنَا مُعْرِضُونَ
وَهُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ اللَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ ٣٣
وَالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ
كُلٌّ فِي فَلَكٍ يَسْبَحُونَ
وَمَا جَعَلْنَا لِلشَّرِّ ٣٤
مِنْ قَبْلِكَ الْخُلْدَ
أَفَايُنْ مِتَ فَهُمْ الْخَالِدُونَ
كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَائِقَةُ الْمَوْتِ ٣٥
وَنَبْلُوكُمْ بِالشَّرِّ وَالْخَيْرِ
فِتْنَةً وَإِلَيْنَا تُرْجَعُونَ
وَإِذَا رَأَوْاكَ ٣٦
الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِنْ
يَنْجِدُونَكَ إِلَّا هُزُؤًا
أَهَذَا الَّذِي
يَذْكُرُ آلِهَتَكُمْ
وَهُمْ يَذْكُرُ الرَّحْمَنَ
هُمْ كَفَرُونَ
خَلْقَ الْإِنْسَانِ مِنْ عَلَجٍ ٣٧
سَآوِرِكُمْ أَيُّهَا
فَلَا تَسْتَعْجِلُوا
وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَى هَذَا الْوَعْدُ ٣٨

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- if you 'believers' are truthful?
 21:39 'Never would this be asked'
 if only those who disbelieve knew
 'that a time will come'
 when they will not be able to hold off
 the Fire 'of Hell' from their faces
 nor from their backs—
 and 'therein' they shall never be helped!
 21:40 Indeed, it shall 'all' come upon them, suddenly,
 and confound them 'utterly'.
 It is then that they will not be able to repel it.
 Nor shall they be reprieved.
 21:41 And very truly, messengers before you
 were mocked, 'O Muhammad'.
 But those who scoffed at them
 were encompassed
 by the 'very punishment' they used to mock.
 21:42 Say 'to the unbelievers':
 Who is it that shall guard you
 by night and by daylight
 from the 'Judgment of the' All-Merciful?
 Rather, it is from the 'very' Remembrance
 of their Lord that they turn away.
 21:43 Then do they, indeed, have gods
 that shield them 'from affliction' apart from Us?
 They 'call gods'
 those who 'cannot even help themselves'.
 Thus never shall they be afforded security
 against Us!
 21:44 Indeed, We have given these 'disbelievers'
 and their forefathers
 'much comfort and' enjoyment—
 until the life spans 'of heedlessness'
 that stretched over them grew long.
 Do they not see that We come

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
 لَوْ يَعْلَمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 حِينَ لَا يَكُفُّونَ
 عَنْ وُجُوهِهِمُ النَّارَ
 وَلَا عَنْ ظُهُورِهِمْ
 وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ
 بَلْ تَأْتِيهِمْ
 بَغْتَةً فَتَبْهَتُهُمْ
 فَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ رَدَّهَا
 وَلَا هُمْ يُنظَرُونَ
 وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا
 رُسُلًا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ فَحَاقَ
 بِالَّذِينَ سَخِرُوا مِنْهُمْ
 مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِئُونَ
 قُلْ مَنْ يَكْفُلُكُمْ
 بِاللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ مِنَ الرَّحْمَنِ
 بَلْ هُمْ عَنْ ذِكْرِ
 رَبِّهِمْ مُعْرِضُونَ
 أَمْ لَهُمْ آلِهَةٌ
 تَمْنَعُهُمْ مِنْ دُونِنَا
 لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ
 نَصْرَ أَنْفُسِهِمْ
 وَلَا هُمْ مِنَّا بِصَحْبٍ
 بَلْ مَتَّعْنَا
 هَؤُلَاءِ وَاٰبَاءَهُمْ
 حَتَّى طَالَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْعُمُرُ

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٤٠

٤١

٤٢

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- with the spirit of living faith
to the land of the ungodly,
and diminish unbelief in it from its outskirts?
Are they, then, the triumphant ones?
21:45 Say to them:
Indeed, I only forewarn you
with God's Revelation of a nearing Judgment.
But the deaf of heart hear no call
when they are forewarned
to cease their works of unbelief!
21:46 Yet if even a mere breath
of your Lord's torment were to touch them,
they would most surely say: Oh, woe to us!
Indeed, we have been godless wrongdoers!
21:47 Moreover, it is We alone
who set up the just balances
for the Day of Resurrection,
so that no soul shall be wronged in anything.
And even if one's deed is the mere weight
of a single mustard seed, We shall bring it forth.
Thus sufficient are We
as the very best of reckoners.
21:48 Now, very truly, it is We alone
who gave Moses and Aaron
the Torah, as a Criterion of truth,
and as a radiant light to guidance,
and as a revealed Reminder
for the God-fearing ones—
21:49 those who fear their Lord
while He is in the domain of the unseen,
and who are ever-cautious
of the Hour of Doom.
21:50 And, similarly, this Quran
is a blessed Reminder

أَفَلَا يَرَوْنَ
أَنَّا نَأْتِي الْأَرْضَ
نَنُصِّصُهَا مِنْ أَطْرَافِهَا
أَفَهُمْ الْغَافِلُونَ
قُلْ إِنَّمَا أُنذِرُكُمْ بِالْوَحْيِ ٤٥
وَلَا يَسْمَعُ الصُّمُّ الدُّعَاءَ
إِذَا مَا يُنذَرُونَ
وَلَكِنْ مَسَّتْهُمْ نَفْحَةٌ ٤٦
مِنْ عَذَابِ رَبِّكَ
لَيَقُولُنَّ يَوَلَيْنَا
إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَالِمِينَ
وَنَضَعُ الْمَوَازِينَ الْقِسْطَ ٤٧
لِيَوْمِ الْقِيَامَةِ
فَلَا تُظْلَمُ نَفْسٌ شَيْئًا
وَإِنْ كَانَ مِثْقَالَ
حَبَّةٍ مِنْ خَرْدَلٍ
أَتَيْنَاهَا
وَكُفَىٰ بِنَا حَسِيبَ ٤٨
وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا
مُوسَىٰ وَهَارُونَ الْفُرْقَانَ
وَضِيَاءَ وَذِكْرًا لِّلْمُنَافِقِينَ
الَّذِينَ يَخْشَوْنَ ٤٩
رَبَّهُم بِالْغَيْبِ وَهُمْ
مِّنَ السَّاعَةِ مُشْفِقُونَ

that We have sent down 'from on high'.
Do you, then, disavow it?

- 21:51 *Now, very truly, it is We alone
who gave Abraham
his 'distinctive' right guidance before this.
For We well knew 'the worthiness' of him.
- 21:52 Behold!
He said to his 'own' father and his people:
What are these statues
to which you are devoted?
- 21:53 They said:
We found our forefathers worshipping them!
- 21:54 He said:
Very truly, 'all of' you—
you and your forefathers—
have been 'utterly lost' in clear misguidance.
- 21:55 They said:
Have you come to us with the 'word of' truth,
or are you of those
who are merely 'jesting and' playing?
- 21:56 He said: No, indeed!
Your Lord is the Lord
of the heavens and the earth,
the One who 'alone' originated them.
And to this, I am one of those
who bear witness.
- 21:57 Thus 'he said to himself': By God!
I shall, most surely, plot against your idols
after you go away,
when you have turned your backs 'to them'.
- 21:58 So he rendered 'all of' them into pieces—
except the biggest of them,
so that they might return to it
'and make inquiry'.

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الجزء السابع عشر

وَهَذَا ذِكْرُ مُبَارَكِ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ ٥٠

أَفَأَنْتُمْ لَهُ مُنْكَرُونَ

وَلَقَدْ عَلَّمْنَاهُ ٥١

إِبْرَاهِيمَ رُشْدَهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَكُنَّا بِهِ عَلِيمِينَ

إِذْ قَالَ لِأَبِيهِ وَقَوْمِهِ ٥٢

مَا هَذِهِ التَّمَاثِيلُ

الَّتِي أَنْتُمْ لَهَا عَاكِفُونَ

قَالُوا وَجَدْنَا آبَاءَنَا ٥٣

لَهَا عَابِدِينَ

قَالَ لَقَدْ كُنْتُمْ ٥٤

أَنْتُمْ وَاٰبَاؤُكُمْ

فِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ

قَالُوا أَاجْتَنَّبُوا الْحَقَّ ٥٥

أَمْ أَنْتَ مِنَ اللَّاعِبِينَ

قَالَ بَلْ رَبُّكُمْ ٥٦

رَبُّ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْاَرْضِ

الَّذِي فَطَرَهُمْ وَاَنَا

عَلَىٰ ذٰلِكُمْ مِنَ الشَّاهِدِينَ

وَتَاللّٰهِ ٥٧

لَآ كَيْدَنَّ اَصْنَعُكُمْ

بَعْدَ اَنْ تَوَلَّوْا مُدْبِرِينَ

فَجَعَلَهُمْ جُذَاذًا ٥٨

اِلَّا كَبِيرًا لَهُمْ

- 21:59 They said 'to one another in rage':
Who has done this to our gods?
Most surely, he is of the wrongdoers!
- 21:60 'Others' said:
We heard a young man
mentioning them 'profanely'.
He is called Abraham.
- 21:61 They said:
Bring him, then, before the eyes of the people,
so that they may bear witness.
- 21:62 They 'brought him and' said:
Did you do this to our gods, O Abraham?
- 21:63 He said:
Rather, it was this 'one',
the biggest of them, who did it!
So ask them, if they can talk.
- 21:64 So they turned to one another
'in reproach for their idolatry', and they said:
Most surely, it is you yourselves
who are the 'godless' wrongdoers.
- 21:65 Then they reversed themselves,
'in defense of their vain idols, and said to him':
Truly, you know very well
that these 'idols' cannot talk.
- 21:66 He said:
Do you, then, 'knowingly' worship
apart from the 'One' God
what does not benefit you in anything
nor harm you?
- 21:67 Fie upon you and upon all that you worship
apart from God!
Will you not, then, understand?
- 21:68 They said:
Burn him 'alive', and vindicate your gods,
if you will do something 'to avenge them'!

سُورَةُ الْاَنْبِيَاءِ

الْحِزْبُ السَّاعِ عَشَرٌ

لَعَلَّهُمْ إِلَيْهِ يَرْجِعُونَ
قَالُوا مَنْ فَعَلَ هَذَا بِآلِهَتِنَا
إِنَّهُ لَمِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ
قَالُوا سَمِعْنَا فَتًى يَذْكُرُهُمْ
يُقَالُ لَهُ إِبْرَاهِيمُ
قَالُوا فَأَتُوا بِهِ
عَلَى آعَيْنِ النَّاسِ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَشْهَدُونَ
قَالُوا أَنْتَ فَعَلْتَ هَذَا
بِآلِهَتِنَا يَا إِبْرَاهِيمُ
قَالَ بَلْ فَعَلَهُ
كَبِيرُهُمْ هَذَا فَاسْأَلُوهُمْ
إِنْ كَانُوا يَنْطِقُونَ
فَرَجَعُوا إِلَى أَنْفُسِهِمْ
فَقَالُوا إِنَّا كُنْمْ
أَنْتُمْ الظَّالِمُونَ
ثُمَّ نَكْسُوْا عَلَى رُءُوسِهِمْ
لَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمْ
مَا هَؤُلَاءِ يَنْطِقُونَ
فَقَالَ أَتَعْبُدُونَ
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
مَا لَا يَنْفَعُكُمْ شَيْئًا
وَلَا يَضُرُّكُمْ
أَفِ لَكُمْ وَلِمَا تَعْبُدُونَ
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ

سُورَةُ الْأَنْبِيَاءِ

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- 21:69 We said: O Fire!
Be cool and safe for Abraham.
- 21:70 They endeavored mightily to plot against him.
But We made them the worst losers.
- 21:71 For We delivered him and Lot to the land
which We have greatly blessed therein
for all the people of the world.
- 21:72 Moreover, We granted him Isaac
and, from Isaac, Jacob, as an additional gift—
and all of them We made righteous.
- 21:73 And We made them exemplary leaders,
guiding to faith by Our command.
For We made them prophets
and revealed to them Our commandments
bidding the doing of good works,
and the establishment of the Prayer,
and the giving of the Zakât-Charity.
Thus to Us alone did they offer worship.
- 21:74 And to Lot, as well,
We gave prophetic wisdom,
as well as knowledge of faith and God's decree.
Moreover, We delivered him from the town
that had been doing vile deeds.
Indeed, they were an evil people, truly ungodly.
- 21:75 Thus did We admit him into Our mercy.
Indeed, he was ever of the righteous.
- 21:76 And there was Noah.
Behold!
He called out to Us of old,
before Abraham and Lot.
So We answered him.
Then We delivered him
and his family in the Ark

قَالُوا حَرِّقُوهُ ١٨
وَانصُرُوا آلَ الْهَتَكُم
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ فَعَلِينَ
قُلْنَا إِنَّا لُكُونِي بَرْدًا ١٩
وَسَلَامًا عَلَى إِبْرَاهِيمَ
وَأَرَادُوا بِهِ كَيْدًا ٢٠
فَجَعَلْنَاهُم الْأَخْسَرِينَ
وَنَجَّيْنَاهُ وَلُوطًا إِلَى الْأَرْضِ ٢١
الَّتِي بَدَرْنَا فِيهَا لِلْعَالَمِينَ
وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ ٢٢
إِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ نَافِلَةً
وَكُلًّا جَعَلْنَا صَالِحِينَ
وَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ أَيْمَةً يَهْتَدُونَ ٢٣
يَأْمُرَنَا وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْهِمْ
فَعَلِ الْخَيْرَاتِ
وَأَقَامَ الصَّلَاةَ
وَأَتَى زَكَاةَ الزُّكُوفِ
وَكَانُوا لَنَا عَبِيدِينَ
وَلُوطًا إِنَّا إِنْتَهُ حَكَمًا وَعِلمًا ٢٤
وَنَجَّيْنَاهُ مِنَ الْقَرْيَةِ
الَّتِي كَانَتْ تَعْمَلُ الْفَحْشَى
إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا
قَوْمَ سَوَاسِقِينَ
وَأَدْخَلْنَاهُ فِي رَحْمَتِنَا ٢٥
إِنَّهُ مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ
وَنُوحًا إِذْ نَادَى مِنْ قَبْلُ ٢٦

- from the great anguish
 'unleashed upon his defiant people'.
 21:77 Thus did We support him
 against the people who had belied Our signs
 'of revelation to him'.
 Indeed, they were an evil people.
 So We drowned them, all together.
- 21:78 And mention also the tiding
 of David and Solomon
 when they rendered judgment
 in 'the Case of the Tillage'.
 Behold!
 The sheep of a people foraged in it 'by night'.
 Thus to 'both' their judgments,
 We bore witness.
- 21:79 Yet We caused Solomon to 'better' understand it
 'and render a more equitable judgment'.
 And to each one We gave 'prophetic' wisdom,
 as well as knowledge 'of faith and God's decree'.
 Moreover,
 We subjugated the 'very' mountains—
 to give 'God' due exaltation with David—
 and the birds, as well.
 For We are all-able to do 'such things'.
- 21:80 We taught him, moreover,
 to forge garments 'of mail' for you,
 to shield you 'from harm' in your battles.
 Will you, then, be thankful?
- 21:81 And 'We subjugated' to Solomon
 the raging wind—to run at his command
 to the land which We have blessed therein.
 For We are all-knowing of all things.
- 21:82 Moreover, of the satans, there were those
 that dived 'for pearls' for him

سُورَةُ الْاَنْبِيَاءِ

الْحُزْنُ السَّاعِ عَشْرُ

فَأَسْتَجَبْنَا لَهُ،
 فَجَنَّبْنَاهُ وَأَهْلَهُ،

مِنَ الْكَرْبِ الْعَظِيمِ

وَنَصَرْنَاهُ مِنَ الْقَوْمِ

٧٧

الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا قَوْمٌ سَوَاءٌ

فَأَغْرَقْنَاهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

وَدَاوُدَ وَسُلَيْمَانَ

٧٨

إِذْ يَحْكُمَانِ فِي الْحَرْثِ

إِذْ نَفَسَتْ فِيهِ غَنَمُ الْقَوْمِ

وَكُنَّا لِحُكْمِهِمْ شَاهِدِينَ

فَفَهَّمْنَاهَا سُلَيْمَانَ

٧٩

وَكَلَّلْنَا دَاوُدَ

حُكْمًا وَعِلْمًا

وَسَخَّرْنَا مَعَ دَاوُدَ الْجِبَالَ

يَسْبِغْنَ وَالطَّيْرَ

وَكُنَّا فَاعِلِينَ

وَعَلَّمْنَاهُ

٨٠

صَنْعَةَ لَبُوسٍ لَّكُمْ

لِنُحْصِنَكُمْ مِنْ بَأْسِكُمْ

فَهَلْ أَنْتُمْ شَاكِرُونَ

وَلِسُلَيْمَانَ الرِّيحَ عَاصِفَةً

٨١

تَجْرِي بِأَمْرِهِ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ

الَّتِي بَرَكْنَا فِيهَا

and did other tasks apart from that.
For We were ever watchful of them.

- 21:83 *And mention, as well, the tiding of Job.
Behold!
He cried out to his Lord:
Indeed, 'unbearable' ailment has touched me,
and You are the most merciful of the merciful!
- 21:84 So We answered him, and We removed
whatever ailment was upon him.
Thus We gave 'back' to him
'the joy of his family—
and, along with them,
the like of them 'besides'—
as a mercy from Us—
and a reminder 'of God's relief
for the 'devout' worshippers
'of God who endure patiently'.

- 21:85 And mention Ishmael and Idrîs and Dhul-Kifl.
All were of the patient 'ones'.
- 21:86 Thus did We admit them into Our mercy.
Indeed, they were ever of the righteous.

- 21:87 And mention, also, the tiding
of Jonah, the Man of the Whale.
Behold!
He went away 'from his people out of' anger,
'without Our leave'.
For he thought
that We would never constrain him.
Then he called out 'in repentance
from' within the 'veils of' darkness:
There is no God but You!
Highly exalted are You!

سُورَةُ الْأَنْبِيَاءِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

وَكُنَّا بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمِينَ

وَمِنَ الشَّيَاطِينِ

٨٢

مَنْ يَغُوصُونَ لَهُ،

وَيَعْمَلُونَ عَمَلًا

دُونَ ذَلِكَ

وَكُنَّا لَهُمْ حَفِظِينَ

وَأَيُّوبَ إِذْ نَادَىٰ رَبَّهُ

٨٣

أَنِّي مَسَّنِيَ الضُّرُّ

وَأَنْتَ أَرْحَمُ الرَّاحِمِينَ

فَأَسْتَجِبْنَا لَهُ،

٨٤

فَكَشَفْنَا مَا بِهِ مِنْ ضُرٍّ

وَأَتَيْنَاهُ أَهْلَهُ وَمِثْلَهُمْ

مَعَهُمْ رَحْمَةً مِنَّا

وَذِكْرًا لِّلْعَالَمِينَ

وِإِسْمَاعِيلَ وَإِدْرِيسَ

٨٥

وَذَا الْكِفْلِ

كُلٌّ مِّنَ الصَّابِرِينَ

وَأَدْخَلْنَاهُمْ فِي رَحْمَتِنَا

٨٦

إِنَّهُمْ مِّنَ الصَّالِحِينَ

وَذَا النُّونِ

٨٧

إِذْ ذَهَبَ مُغْضِبًا

فَظَنَّ أَن لَّنْ نَّقْدِرَ عَلَيْهِ

سُورَةُ الْأَنْبِيَاءِ

الجزء السابع عشر

- Indeed, I was of the wrongdoers!
- 21:88 So We answered him
and delivered him from 'great' anguish.
And even so do We ever deliver the believers.
- 21:89 And 'mention the tiding of' Zachariah, 'as well'.
Behold!
He called upon his Lord: My Lord!
Leave me not alone, 'childless',
when You are the best of inheritors.
- 21:90 So We answered him.
And We granted to him John.
Thus We set his wife aright for him,
'for she was barren'.
- As to 'all of these prophets',
they would, indeed, hasten
to 'exceed one another in doing' good works,
and would call upon Us
with hope 'in Our mercy' and 'in reverent' awe.
Thus they were ever humble before Us.
- 21:91 'Mention,' moreover, 'the tiding of Mary',
she who 'estimably' safeguarded her chastity.
Then We breathed into her 'womb'
of Our 'life-giving' spirit.
Thus We made her, and her son,
a 'profound' sign for all the 'people
of the' world.
- 21:92 Indeed, 'We said to all the prophets':
This 'faith'-community of yours
is one community,
and I am your Lord, so worship only Me.
- 21:93 But 'succeeding generations'

فَنَادَىٰ فِي الظُّلُمَاتِ أَن
لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ سُبْحَانَكَ
إِنِّي كُنْتُ مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ
فَأَسْتَجِبْنَا لَهُ وَنَجَّيْنَاهُ
مِنَ الْعَمَىٰ وَكَذَٰلِكَ
نُشِجِي الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَرَكَّبْنَاهُ إِذْ نَادَىٰ رَبَّهُ
رَبِّ لَا تَذَرْنِي فَرْدًا
وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الْوَارِثِينَ
فَأَسْتَجِبْنَا لَهُ
وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ يَحْيَىٰ
وَأَصْلَحْنَاهُ زَوْجَهُ
إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا
يُستَدْعُونَ فِي الْخَيْرَاتِ
وَيَدْعُونَكَ رُعْبًا وَرَهْبًا
وَكَانُوا لَنَا خَاشِعِينَ
وَالَّتِي أَحْصَيْنَا فَرْجَهَا
فَنَفَخْنَا فِيهَا
مِنْ رُوحِنَا وَجَعَلْنَاهَا
وَأَبْنَاهَا آيَةً لِلْعَالَمِينَ
إِنَّ هَٰذِهِ أُمَّتُكُمْ
أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً

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divided their faith among themselves.

Yet all shall return to Us for Judgment.

21:94 So whoever does any act of righteousness—
and is a believer—

then never shall his effort be denied its reward.

For, indeed,

We Ourselves shall write it down for him.

21:95 But as for any sinful city
that We decree to destroy,
their return to faith is thereafter forbidden.

21:96 In due time,
when the barriers are opened
for Gog and Magog,
and they swarm from every elevation—

21:97 and the true promise of Resurrection Day
has drawn so very near—
then shall it be that the eyes of the disbelievers
shall bulge out, and they will say:

Oh, woe to us!

Truly, we were heedless of this!

Rather, we were wrongdoers, godless in heart!

21:98 It shall be said:

Indeed, you—

and all the idols that you worship
apart from God—shall be the fuel of Hell.

To it, you shall all go down!

21:99 Had these idols been true gods,
they would never have gone down into it.
Yet all of them shall abide therein forever.

21:100 For them therein
there shall be heavy sighing.
Moreover, they who are in it
will not be able to hear.

21:101 As for those to whom the promise
of great goodness in Paradise

وَأَنَّا رُبُّكُمْ فَاَعْبُدُونِ
وَنَقْطَعُ عَوْدَهُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ
كُلَّ إِلَهِنَا رَجُومٌ

١٣

فَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ
حَسَنَةً يَرَهُ فِي خُسْفٍ

١٤

أَلَمْ يَلْحَقْ بِهِ وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ
فَلَا كُفْرَانَ لِسَعِيدٍ

وَأِنَّا لَهُ كَنُيُوتٌ
وَحَكْرٌ عَلَى

١٥

قَرِينٍ أَهْلَكْنَاهَا
أَنَّهُمْ لَا يَرْجِعُونَ

حَقَّ إِذَا فَتَحَتْ
يَا جُوجُ وَمَأْجُوجُ وَهُمْ مِنْ

١٦

كُلِّ حَدَبٍ يَنْسِلُونَ
وَاقْتَرَبَ الْوَعْدُ الْحَقُّ

١٧

فَإِذَا هِيَ شَاخِصَةٌ
أَبْصَرُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

يَتَوَلَّوْنَ أَكْثَرَهَا
فِي غَفْلَةٍ مِنْ هَذَا

بَلْ كُنَّا ظَالِمِينَ
إِنَّا كُنَّا وَمَا تَعْبُدُونَ

١٨

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
حَصَبُ جَهَنَّمَ

أَنْتُمْ لَهَا وَرَدُونَ
لَوْ كَانَتْ هُمْ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

١٩

مَا وَرَدُوهَا
وَكُلٌّ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

لَهُمْ فِيهَا زَوْجٌ
لَهُمْ فِيهَا زَوْجٌ

٢٠

لَهُمْ فِيهَا زَوْجٌ
لَهُمْ فِيهَا زَوْجٌ

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لَهُمْ فِيهَا زَوْجٌ

٢١

- has already preceded from Us,
these shall be saved from Hellfire,
and far removed from this, the greatest terror`.
- 21:102 They will not hear its hissing` sound.
And they shall abide
in all that their souls desire, forevermore.
- 21:103 Thus the greatest terror of all
shall not grieve them.
Moreover, the angels will receive them, saying`:
This is your Day` of honor`,
the one you have been promised!
- 21:104 On that Day, We shall roll up the sky,
as the scribe rolls up` the scrolls.
Then` just as We have originated
the first creation,
We shall, once more, bring it forth anew`.
It is a promise binding upon Us—
and, indeed, We are all-able to do it!
- 21:105 And very truly,
We have written in the Psalms—
after it has been inscribed
in the revealed` Reminder—
that My righteous servants will inherit the earth.
- 21:106 Indeed, there is now`
in this final admonition of the Quran`
an all-sufficing` message
for a people who would be truly worshipful.
- 21:107 For We have sent you, O Prophet`,
as none other than a mercy
to all the people of the world.
- 21:108 Say` to humanity`:
Indeed, what has been revealed to me
about God` is only this:
Your God is only` One God.
So will you, O people, become muslims,

سُورَةُ الْأَنْبِيَاءِ

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وَهُمْ فِيهَا لَا يَسْمَعُونَ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ سَبَقَتْ
لَهُمْ مِنَّا الْحُسْنَىٰ ۖ
أُولَٰئِكَ عَنْهَا مُبْعَدُونَ
لَا يَسْمَعُونَ حَسِيسَهَا ۚ
وَهُمْ فِي مَا أَشْتَهَتْ
أَنفُسُهُمْ خَالِدُونَ
لَا يَحْزَنُهُمْ
الْفَرَقُ الْأَكْبَرُ
وَنُلْقِيَهُمُ الْمَتَّيْكَةَ
هَذَا يَوْمُكُمْ
الَّذِي كُنْتُمْ تُوعَدُونَ
يَوْمَ نَطْوِي السَّمَاءَ
كَطَيِّ السِّجِلِّ لِلْكُتُبِ
كَمَا بَدَأْنَا أَوَّلَ خَلْقٍ
تُعِيدُهُ، وَعَدًا عَلَيْنَا
إِنَّا كُنَّا فَاعِلِينَ
وَلَقَدْ كَتَبْنَا فِي الزُّبُورِ
مِن بَعْدِ الذِّكْرِ
أَنَّهُ الْأَرْضُ يَرِثُهَا
عِبَادِي الصَّالِحُونَ
إِنَّ فِي هَذَا لَبَلَاغًا
لِّقَوْمٍ عَالِمِينَ
وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ
إِلَّا رَحْمَةً لِّلْعَالَمِينَ
قُلْ إِنَّمَا يُوحِي إِلَيَّ

سُورَةُ الْأَنْبِيَاءِ

الجزء السابع عشر

in willing submission to God alone?

21:109 But if they turn away from this, then say:

I have alerted you all equally.

For I also do not know

whether the fulfillment of

what you are promised as divine judgment
in this life and the Hereafter is near or far.

21:110 Indeed, He alone knows

the overt expression of discourse.

And He alone knows what you suppress.

21:111 For I do not know

when judgment shall befall.

Perhaps, delaying it is a trial of faith for you;

and perhaps it is enjoyment,

for a preordained time.

21:112 Thus the Prophet has said: My Lord!

Judge between us

and the deniers of Your message with the truth.

Indeed, our Lord is the All-Merciful—

the One who alone is sought for help

against all that you ascribe to Him.

أَتَمَّا إِلَهُكُمْ

إِلَهُ وَحْدٌ

فَهَلْ أَنْتُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ

فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَقُلْ

ءَاذَنْتُكُمْ عَلَى سَوَاءٍ

وَلِنْ أَدْرِي أَقْرَبُ

أَم بَعِيدُ مَا تُوعَدُونَ

إِنَّهُ يَعْلَمُ الْجَهْرَ

مِنَ الْقَوْلِ

وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تَكْتُمُونَ

وَلِنْ أَدْرِي

لَعَلَّهُ فِتْنَةٌ لَكُمْ

وَمَنْعٌ إِلَى حِينٍ

قُلْ رَبِّ أَحْكُم بِالْحَقِّ

وَرَبَّنَا الرَّحْمَنُ

الْمُسْتَعَانُ عَلَى مَا تَصِفُونَ

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١١٠

١١١

١١٢

Surah 22 / 78 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Hajj

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

22:1 O humankind!

Be ever God-fearing, 'conscious' of your Lord.
For the quaking of 'the earth
at 'the Hour' of Doom'
is a terrible thing, indeed.

22:2 The Day you see it, every nursing 'female'
will become utterly diverted

from what she is nursing.
And every pregnant 'female'
shall 'at once' deliver her burden 'out of terror'.
And you will see people 'as if they are' drunken,
though they are not drunken,
but 'rather' the torment from God
is so very severe.

22:3 Yet among humankind,
there is the 'type of' person
who argues about God
without any 'revealed' knowledge
and who, 'therefore,' follows
every rebellious satan—

22:4 'those followers of the evil one,'
regarding whom

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ ①

اتَّقُوا رَبَّكُمُ

إِنَّ زَلْزَلَةَ السَّاعَةِ

شَيْءٌ عَظِيمٌ

يَوْمَ تَرَوْنَهَا ②

تَذْهَلُ كُلُّ مُرْسِعَةٍ

عَمَّا أَضْعَتْ وَتَضَعُ

كُلُّ ذَاتٍ حَمْلَ حَمْلِهَا

وَرَى النَّاسُ سُكَرَى

وَمَا هُمْ بِسُكَرَى

وَلَكِنَّ عَذَابَ اللَّهِ شَدِيدٌ

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يُجَادِلُ ③

فِي اللَّهِ يَغْيِرَ عَلَيْهِ

وَيَتَّبِعُ كُلَّ شَيْطَانٍ مَرِيدٍ

it has, indeed, been decreed 'by God'
that whoever takes him as a patron,
he shall, indeed, lead him astray 'in this life'.
Moreover, he shall guide him
to the torment of the Flaming Fire 'of Hell'.
O humankind!

22:5

If you are in doubt about the 'Ultimate' Rising
'on the Day of Resurrection',
then 'know that, 'indeed,
We created 'all of' you 'originally' from dust,
then from a sperm-drop,
then from a clinging clot,
then from a morsel-like lump—
'destined to be either fully' formed
or 'left' unformed.

In this way, do We make clear to you
'God's all-creative might'.

Thus do We cause to settle
in the wombs 'of their mothers'
whatever 'unborns' We so will, for a stated term.
Then We bring you forth as children,
so that you may thereafter reach full maturity.
Then among you are those who die 'young'.
And some of you are reduced 'by old age'
to the most abject state of life;
such that one,

after having had 'some' knowledge,
will not know anything.

And even so do you see the earth lifeless.

But when We send down upon it water,
it quivers and swells

and grows every delightful variety 'of plant life'.

22:6

That is so because God
is, most surely, the 'Eternal' Truth.
For it is He 'alone' who gives life to the dead.

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الْحَجَّةُ السَّابِعُ عَشَرَ

كَيْبَ عَلَيْهِ أَنَّهُ مَنْ تَوَلَّاهُ
فَأَنَّهُ يُضِلُّهُ ۝٤

وَيَهْدِيهِ إِلَىٰ عَذَابِ السَّعِيرِ
يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّاسُ إِن كُنتُمْ ۝٥

فِي رَيْبٍ مِّنَ الْبَعْثِ
فَإِنَّا خَلَقْنَاكُمْ مِنْ تُرَابٍ
ثُمَّ مِنْ نُّطْفَةٍ
ثُمَّ مِنْ عَلَقَةٍ ۝٦

ثُمَّ مِنْ مُّضْغَةٍ مُّخَلَّقَةٍ
وَغَيْرِ مُّخَلَّقَةٍ لِّنُسَبِّحَ لَكُمْ
وَنُقَرِّفَ فِي الْأَرْحَامِ مَا نَشَاءُ ۝٧

إِلَّا أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى
ثُمَّ نَخْرِجُكُمْ طِفْلًا
ثُمَّ لِنَسْلُبَنَّ أَشْدَّكُمْ ۝٨

وَمِنْكُمْ مَّنْ يُؤَفَّقُ
وَمِنْكُمْ مَّنْ يُرَدِّدُ ۝٩

إِلَّا أَزْدِلَ الْأَعْمُرُ
لِكَيْلَا يَعْلَمَ ۝١٠

مِنْ بَعْدِ عِلْمٍ شَيْئًا ۝١١

وَنَرَى الْأَرْضَ هَامِدَةً ۝١٢

فَإِذَا أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْهَا الْمَاءَ ۝١٣

أَهْتَزَّتْ وَرَبَّتْ وَأَنْبَتَتْ ۝١٤

مِنْ كُلِّ رَوْحٍ بِهِيج ۝١٥

ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْحَقُّ ۝١٦

وَأَنَّهُ يُحْيِي الْمَوْتَىٰ ۝١٧

- And it is He alone
who is powerful over all things.
- 22:7 Thus the Hour of Doom
is most surely coming.
There is no doubt therein.
And God shall raise
all those who are in the graves
to the Reckoning.
- 22:8 Yet among humankind
there is the type of person
who argues about God
without any revealed knowledge,
nor any divine guidance,
nor an illuminating Heavenly Book.
- 22:9 He turns himself aside from the truth
in disdain, in order to lead people astray
from the path of God.
There shall be for him disgrace in this world.
Then We shall make him taste,
on the Day of Resurrection,
the torment of burning in Hellfire.
- 22:10 It shall be said to him:
That is the recompense for all the evil
that your two hands have advanced
in the world—
and never does God wrong His servants
in the least.
- 22:11 Moreover, among humankind,
there is the type of person
who worships God as if he is teetering
on the outermost edge of faith.
Thus if good befalls him, he is at peace with it.
But if a trial befalls him,

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الجزء السابع عشر

وَأَنَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
وَأَنَّ السَّاعَةَ آتِيَةٌ
لَّا رَيْبَ فِيهَا وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ
يَبْعَثُ مَنْ فِي الْقُبُورِ
وَمِنَ النَّاسِ
مَنْ يُجَادِلُ فِي اللَّهِ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ
وَلَا هُدًى وَلَا كِتَابٍ مُنِيرٍ
ثَانِي عَظِيمٍ
لِيُضِلَّ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
لَهُ فِي الدُّنْيَا خِزْيٌ
وَنَذِيقُهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
عَذَابَ الْحَرِيقِ
ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا قَدَّمْتَ يَدَاكَ
وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ لَيْسَ بِظَلَمٍ لِّلْعَبِيدِ
وَمِنَ النَّاسِ
مَنْ يَعْبُدُ اللَّهَ عَلَى حَرْفٍ
فَإِنْ أَصَابَهُ خَيْرٌ اطْمَأَنَّ بِهِ
وَإِنْ أَصَابَتْهُ فِتْنَةٌ

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الْحَجَّةُ السَّاعِيَةُ

he turns about-face 'back into unbelief'.

Thus, he loses 'the good of' this world
and 'the bliss of' the Hereafter.

Such is the 'most' manifest loss!

- 22:12 He calls upon 'idols in his worship',
apart from God,
which can neither harm him nor benefit him.
Such is, indeed,
the uttermost 'point of' misguidance.

- 22:13 He calls out to those whose harm
is surer than their benefit.
A most woeful alliance 'it is, indeed,'
and a most woeful fellowship!

- 22:14 'For, 'indeed,
God shall admit those who believe
and do righteous deeds
into Gardens beneath which rivers flow.
Indeed, God does whatever He so intends.

- 22:15 Whoever thinks God
shall never 'aid His Messenger
and 'make him triumphant—
in this world and 'in' the Hereafter—
let him stretch a rope into the sky 'and climb it'.
Then let him cut it off 'and fall to his death—
to see if, 'perhaps,' his scheme will 'at last'
do away with what has 'so' enraged him!

- 22:16 And so it is that 'with lucid examples'
We have sent down 'the Quran's' clear verses.
For, indeed, God guides 'with it'
whomever He so wills.

- 22:17 So as to those who believe 'in Islam',
and those of Jewry, and the Sabians,
and the Christians, and the Magians,

أَنْقَلَبَ عَلَى وَجْهِهِ—

خَسِرَ الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةَ

ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْخُسْرَانُ الْمُبِينُ

يَدْعُوا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ ١٢

مَا لَا يَضُرُّهُ وَمَا لَا نَفْعَ لَهُ—

ذَلِكَ هُوَ الضَّلَالُ الْبَعِيدُ

يَدْعُوا لِمَنْ ضَرُّهُ ١٣

أَقْرَبُ مِنْ نَفْعِهِ—

لَيْسَ الْمَوْلَى وَلَيْسَ الْعَشِيرُ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُدْخِلُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ١٤

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ—

إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِفَعْلٍ مَا يُرِيدُ

مَنْ كَانَتْ يَدُهُ ١٥

أَنْ لَنْ يَنْصُرَهُ اللَّهُ

فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

فَلْيَمْدُدْ سَبَبًا إِلَى السَّمَاءِ

ثُمَّ لْيَقْطَعْ فَلْيَنْظُرْ—

هَلْ يَذْهَبَ كَيْدُهُ مَا يَغِيظُ

وَكَذَلِكَ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ ١٦

ءَايَاتٍ بَيِّنَاتٍ وَأَنْ

اللَّهُ يَهْدِي مَنْ يُرِيدُ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ١٧

وَالَّذِينَ هَادُوا وَالصَّابِئِينَ

وَالنَّصَارَى وَالْمَجُوسَ

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

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and those who associate gods with God—
indeed, God shall judge between them all
on the Day of Resurrection.
Indeed, God is a witness over all things.

- 22:18 Have you not seen, O Prophet,
that it is to God
that all the beings in the heavens
and all the beings in the earth
bow their faces down—
and so too the sun, and the moon, and the stars;
and the mountains and the trees;
and the beasts treading the earth?
Moreover, many are the people
who do so willingly!
Thus for the many who deny God's Oneness,
the torment shall justly come to pass.
And whomever God disgraces,
none can give him honor.
Indeed, God does whatever He so wills. ﴿١٨﴾
- 22:19 * Behold the believers and the unbelievers:
These two adversaries
contend with one another
with regard to true faith in their Lord.
Thus those who disbelieve
shall have raiments of fire
tailor-cut for them in the Hereafter
and scalding fluid poured over their heads—
22:20 by which all that is in their bellies,
along with their skins, shall be utterly melted.
22:21 Moreover, whips of iron await them there.
22:22 Whenever they endeavor to exit from it
because of their unceasing anguish therein,
they will be returned into it,
and it shall be said to them:

وَالَّذِينَ اشْرَكُوا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَفْصِلُ بَيْنَهُمْ
يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ
أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَسْجُدُ لَهُ
مَنْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَالشَّمْسُ وَالْقَمَرُ وَالنُّجُومُ
وَالْجِبَالُ وَالشَّجَرُ وَالدَّوَابُّ
وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنَ النَّاسِ
وَكَثِيرٌ حَقَّ عَلَيْهِ الْعَذَابُ
وَمَنْ يِّنَ اللَّهِ فَمَا لَهُ
مِنْ مُّكْرِمٍ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَفْعَلُ مَا يَشَاءُ ﴿١٩﴾
هَٰذَا خِصْمَانِ
أَخْصِمُوا فِي رَيْبِهِمَا
فَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا قُطِعَتْ
لَهُمْ نِيَابٌ مِّن نَّارٍ يُصَبُّ مِنْ
فَوْقِ رُءُوسِهِمُ الْحَمِيمُ
يُصْهَرُ بِهِ
مَا فِي بُطُونِهِمْ وَالْجُلُودُ
وَلَهُمْ مَقْلَعٌ مِّن حديدٍ
كُلَّمَا أَرَادُوا أَن
يَخْرُجُوا مِنْهَا مِنْ غَمٍّ
أَعِيدُوا فِيهَا
وَذُوقُوا عَذَابَ الْحَرِيقِ

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

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- 22:23 Taste the torment of burning in Hellfire.
But, indeed, God shall admit those who believe and do righteous deeds into Gardens beneath which rivers flow. They shall be adorned therein with bracelets of gold and with pearls; and their garments therein shall be silk.
- 22:24 Moreover, they shall be guided to the most wholesome of words—for they shall be guided to the way of the All-Praised One.
- 22:25 Indeed, those who have disbelieved, and who have barred others from the path of God and from access to the Sacred Mosque in Makkah, which We have made for all people—both the dwellers there and the visitors from elsewhere, alike—and who only intend, therein, to deviate from true religion with some blasphemous or profane wrongdoing—We shall make such as these taste a most painful torment.
- 22:26 For behold! We established for Abraham the place of the Holy House in Makkah, saying:
You shall not associate anything with Me as a god.
And you shall purify My House for those who circle round it in My worship, and who stand, and bow, and bow their faces down

إِنَّ اللَّهَ
يُدْخِلُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرَى
مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
يُكَلِّفُونَ فِيهَا مِنْ
أَسَاوِرَ مِنْ ذَهَبٍ وَلُؤْلُؤًا
وَلِبَاسَهُمْ فِيهَا حَرِيرٌ
وَهُدًى
إِلَى الطَّيِّبِ مِنَ الْقَوْلِ
وَهُدًى إِلَى صِرَاطٍ الْحَمِيدِ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
وَيَصُدُّونَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَالْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ الَّذِي
جَعَلْنَاهُ لِلنَّاسِ سَوَاءً
الْعَذَابُ فِيهِ وَالْبَآءُ
وَمَنْ يُرِدْ فِيهِ
بِإِلْهَامٍ يُطْلَمِ
نَذِقَهُ مِنْ عَذَابِ أَلِيمٍ
وَإِذْ بَوَّأْنَا لِإِبْرَاهِيمَ
مَكَاتِ الْبَيْتِ
أَنْ لَا تُشْرِكَ بِي شَيْئًا
وَطَهِّرْ بَيْتِيَ لِلطَّائِفِينَ
وَالْقَائِمِينَ
وَالرُّكَّعِ السُّجُودِ

to the ground 'in the Prayer'.

22:27 Moreover, you shall proclaim among all people the 'duty of the Hajj-Pilgrimage.

They shall come to you
on foot and on every lean mount.

They shall come through every faraway passage,
22:28 that they may observe
'many' benefits for themselves—
and mention 'much' the name of God
during the known days 'of Hajj-Pilgrimage'
over what He has provided them
of grazing beasts 'to sacrifice'.

So eat of them and feed the afflicted 'ones',
the 'indigent' poor.

22:29 Then,
'after completing the Hajj-Pilgrimage rituals',
let them end their unkemptness
'from pilgrim sanctity',
and fulfill their 'personal' vows,
and circle round the Ancient House
'of the Ka'bah, in My worship'.

22:30 All this 'has God commanded'.
Thus whoever honors the sacred 'rites' of God—
that is best for him with his Lord,
'in this life and the Hereafter'.
Lawful for you 'as food' is 'the flesh of' cattle—
except what is recited to you 'in the Quran
as forbidden'.

So shun the abomination of idol-'worship'.
Moreover, shun speaking any false word,
22:31 being ever upright 'of heart' toward God
without associating anything with Him
'in worship'.

For whoever associates gods with God
is like one who has fallen from heaven,

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الجزء السابع عشر

وَأَذِّنْ فِي النَّاسِ بِالْحَجِّ ﴿٢٧﴾
يَأْتُونَكَ رِجَالًا
وَعَلَى كُلِّ ضَامِرٍ
يَأْتِينَكَ مِنْ كُلِّ فِجٍّ عَمِيقٍ
لِيَشْهَدُوا مَنَافِعَ لَهُمْ ﴿٢٨﴾
وَيَذْكُرُوا اسْمَ اللَّهِ
فِي أَيَّامٍ مَّعْلُومَةٍ
عَلَى مَا رَزَقَهُمْ
مِنْ بَهِيمَةِ الْأَنْعَامِ
فَكُلُوا مِنْهَا
وَأَطْعِمُوا الْبَائِسَ الْفَقِيرَ
ثُمَّ لِيَقْضُوا تَفَثَهُمْ
وَلِيُوفُوا نَّذْرَهُمْ
وَلِيَطُوفُوا
بِالْبَيْتِ الْعَتِيقِ
ذَلِكَ وَمَنْ يُعْظِمْ
حُرْمَتَ اللَّهِ فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَهُ
عِنْدَ رَبِّهِ وَأَجَلْتَ
لَكُمْ الْأَنْعَامَ
إِلَّا مَا يَتَلَبَّسُ عَلَيْكُمْ
فَاجْتَنِبُوا الرِّجْسَ
مِنَ الْأَوْثَانِ
وَلَجْتَنِبُوا قَوْلَ الزُّورِ
حُفَاءَ لِلَّهِ غَيْرَ مُشْرِكِينَ بِهِ ﴿٢٩﴾
وَمَنْ يُشْرِكْ بِاللَّهِ
فَكَأَنَّمَا خَرَّ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ
فَتَخَطَّفَهُ الطَّيْرُ

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الْحَجَّةُ السَّاعِيَةُ عَشْرَ

- whom birds then snatch midair into pieces;
or whom the wind blows to a far-off place.
- 22:32 All this has God commanded.
And whoever honors
the prescribed rituals and waymarks of God—
then, indeed, it is out of the fear of God
in their hearts.
- 22:33 There are lawful benefits for you
in the animals designated
as charitable-offerings of sacrifice,
until the stated term of their slaughter.
Then their due place of sacrifice
is toward the Ancient House of the Ka'bah.
- 22:34 For each faith-community
We have appointed sacred rites,
so that they may mention the name of God
over any grazing beasts
that they sacrifice as charitable-offerings,
from whatever He has provided them.
Thus your God is One God.
Therefore, submit yourselves to Him alone.
Moreover, give glad tidings
to those who humble themselves,
to those who when God is mentioned
their hearts tremble;
and who are patient with whatever afflicts them;
and who duly establish the Prayer;
and who spend in charity
out of what We have provided them.
- 22:36 As for the charitable-offerings
of camels and cattle at the Hajj-Pilgrimage,
We have made the benefit of sacrificing them
among the prescribed rituals
and waymarks of God for you.
In them, there is much good for you.

أَوْ تَهْوِي بِهِ الرِّيحُ

فِي مَكَانٍ سَجِيٍّ

ذَلِكَ وَمَنْ يُعِظِمَ ﴿٣٢﴾

شَعْبِيرَ اللَّهِ فَإِنَّهَا

مِنْ تَقْوَى الْقُلُوبِ

لَكُمْ فِيهَا مَنَافِعٌ إِلَىٰ ﴿٣٣﴾

أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى ثُمَّ مَحِلُّهَا

إِلَى الْبَيْتِ الْعَتِيقِ

وَلِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ ﴿٣٤﴾

جَعَلْنَا مَنَسَكًا

لِيَذْكُرُوا اسْمَ اللَّهِ

عَلَىٰ مَا رَزَقَهُمْ

مِنْ بَهِيمَةِ الْأَنْعَامِ

فَاللَّهُكُمْ إِلَهٌُ وَحْدٌ

فَلَهُ اسْلِمُوا

وَيُبَشِّرِ الْمُخْسِتِينَ

الَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِرَ اللَّهُ ﴿٣٥﴾

وَجَلَّتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ

وَالصَّادِقِينَ عَلَىٰ مَا أَصَابَهُمْ

وَالْمُقِيمِي الصَّلَاةِ

وَعَمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفِقُونَ

وَالْبُدْنَ جَعَلْنَاهَا لَكُمْ ﴿٣٦﴾

مِنْ شَعْبِيرِ اللَّهِ

لَكُمْ فِيهَا خَيْرٌ فَادْكُرُوا

اسْمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهَا صَوَافٍ

So mention the name of God over them
as they stand in ranks 'for sacrifice'.
Then when they collapse upon their flanks,
'you may butcher their meat
to eat of them yourselves'—
and to feed 'both' the self-restrained needy
and the suppliant poor.

Thus have We subjugated
'the sacrificial animals' to 'feed' you 'all',
so that you may 'all' give thanks 'to God'.

22:37 Never shall 'any part of their flesh
nor their blood reach God.
But rather, it is 'your devotion—
inspired by the 'fear of God in you—
that reaches Him.

Therefore has He subjugated them to you,
that you shall extol God, 'the Creator'
for 'the blessing of faith
to 'which He has guided you.
So give glad tidings
to those who excel in 'doing' good.

22:38 *Indeed, God, Himself,
defends those who believe 'against evil'.
And, most surely, God does not love anyone
who betrays his trust 'of faith'
and who is ever an 'unbelieving' ingrate.

22:39 Permission 'to fight back' is given
to those 'who believe' who are being fought
because they have been wronged.
And, indeed,
God is all-able to give them victory.

22:40 These 'are the ones'
who have been expelled from their homes
without any right, for nothing more than saying:

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الْحَجَّةُ السَّاعِيَةُ عَشْرَ

فَإِذَا وَجَبَتْ جُنُوبُهَا
فَكُلُوا مِنْهَا
وَأَطِيعُوا أَمْرَ الْفَنَائِغِ وَالْمَعْتَرِ
كَذَلِكَ سَخَّرْنَاهَا لَكُمْ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ
لَنْ يَبَالِ اللَّهُ لُحُومَهَا
وَلَا دِمَآؤَهَا وَلَكِنَّ
يَبَالُهُ التَّقْوَى مِنْكُمْ
كَذَلِكَ سَخَّرَهَا لَكُمْ
لِتُكْبِرُوا اللَّهَ
عَلَى مَا هَدَيْنَاكُمْ

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وَبَشِّرِ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ

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يُدْفِعُ عَنِ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ

كُلَّ خَوَّانٍ كَفُورٍ

أُذِنَ لِلَّذِينَ يُقْتَلُونَ

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بِأَنَّهُمْ ظَلَمُوا وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ

عَلَى نَصْرِهِمْ لَقَدِيرٌ

الَّذِينَ أُخْرِجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ

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بِغَيْرِ حَقٍّ

إِلَّا أَن يَقُولُوا رَبُّنَا اللَّهُ

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الجزء التاسع عشر

Our Lord is God alone!
 For had God not decreed
 to repel some people by means of others,
 demolition would certainly have come
 to many hermitages, and churches,
 and synagogues, and mosques,
 in which the name of God
 is much mentioned in praise.
 Yet, most surely, God shall support
 whoever supports faith in Him.
 Indeed, God is, most surely, all-powerful,
 overpowering.

- 22:41 These are the ones who —
 when We set them in authority
 over the land —
 they duly establish the Prayer,
 and give the Zakât-Charity,
 and enjoin what is right
 and forbid what is wrong.
 Yet to God alone
 belongs the ultimate end of all affairs.
- 22:42 Thus if they who disbelieve
 belie you, O Prophet, so too before them
 did the people of Noah and the tribes of 'Ad
 and Thamûd belie their prophets —
- 22:43 and the people of Abraham
 and the people of Lot did likewise;
- 22:44 and so did the inhabitants of Midian.
 Moreover, Moses, too, was belied.
 Yet I granted respite
 to the disbelievers for a time.
 But, thereafter, I seized them, suddenly.
 How awesome, then,
 was My denunciation of them all!
- 22:45 Then how many a city before,

وَلَوْلَا دَفْعُ اللَّهِ النَّاسَ
 بَعْضَهُم بِبَعْضٍ لَهْلَيْتِ
 صَوَامِعُ وَبِيْعٌ وَصَلَوَاتٌ
 وَمَسَاجِدُ يُذَكَّرُ فِيهَا
 اِسْمُ اللَّهِ كَثِيْرًا
 وَلَيَنْصُرَنَّ اللَّهُ مَنْ يَنْصُرُهُ
 اِنَّ اللَّهَ لَقَوِيٌّ عَزِيْزٌ
 الَّذِيْنَ اِنْ مَكَنْتُمْ
 فِي الْاَرْضِ اَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ
 وَآتَوْا الزَّكَاةَ
 وَامْرُوا بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
 وَنَهَوْا عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ
 وَلِلَّهِ عَاقِبَةُ الْاُمُوْر
 وَلَئِنْ يَكْذِبُوْكَ
 فَقَدْ كَذَّبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ
 قَوْمُ نُوحٍ وَعَادٌ وَثَمُوْدٌ
 وَقَوْمُ اِبْرٰهِيْمَ وَقَوْمُ لُوْطٍ
 وَاصْحٰبُ مَدْيَنَ
 وَكَذَّبَ مُوسٰى فَاَمْلَيْتُ
 لِّلْكَافِرِيْنَ ثُمَّ اَخَذْتَهُمْ
 فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكِيْرٍ
 فَكَاٰنِيْنَ مِنْ قَرْيَةٍ

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٤٣

٤٤

٤٥

- whose inhabitants belied their messengers,
have We devastated while it was doing wrong?
Thus are they yet desolate
and toppled upon their roofs.
And how many an unattended well
and lofty palace are forsaken there?
- 22:46 So have they who deny faith
not journeyed through the lands
and seen enough of such ends,
so as to have their hearts awakened
to understand with them,
and their ears opened
so that they may truly hear with them?
For it is not the eyes that become blind
but the hearts within the breasts that go blind.
- 22:47 Thus only in defiance do they ask you,
O Prophet,
to hasten the promised punishment
of which you have forewarned them.
And never shall God fail to fulfill His promise!
Yet, indeed, a day with your Lord
is like a thousand years
of what you count on earth.
- 22:48 Thus how many a city
did I respite, while it was doing wrong?
Then I seized it in the midst of its unbelief.
For to Me alone is the ultimate destiny.
- 22:49 O Prophet, say: O humanity!
Indeed, I am but a clear forewarner
of God's nearing Judgment sent to all of you.
- 22:50 Yet as for those who believe
and do righteous deeds, for them with God
is much forgiveness for their sins
and a generous provision
in Gardens of Delight.

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الجزء السابع عشر

أَهْلَكْنَاهَا وَهِيَ ظَالِمَةٌ
فَهِىَ خَاوِبَةٌ
عَلَىٰ عُرُوشِهَا
وَيَبْرُ مُعْطَلَةٌ
وَقَصْرِ مَشِيدٍ
أَفَلَمْ يَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَتَكُونُ لَهُمْ قُلُوبٌ
يَعْقِلُونَ بِهَا
أَوْ أَذَانٌ يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا
فَإِنَّهَا لَا تَعْمَى الْأَبْصَارُ
وَلَكِن تَعْمَى الْقُلُوبُ
الَّتِي فِي الصُّدُورِ
وَيَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِالْعَذَابِ
وَلَنْ يُخْلِفَ اللَّهُ وَعْدَهُ
وَلَا يَكُ يَوْمًا عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ
كَأَلْفِ سَنَةٍ مِّمَّا تَعُدُّونَ
وَكَايِنَ مِنْ قَرِينَةٍ
أَمَلَيْتُ لَهَا وَهِيَ ظَالِمَةٌ
ثُمَّ أَخَذْتُهَا وَالَّتِي أَلَمَّصِيرُ
قُلْ يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّاسُ
إِنَّمَا أَنَا لَكُمْ نَذِيرٌ مُبِينٌ
فَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ
وَالَّذِينَ سَعَوْا
فِي آيَاتِنَا مُعْجِزِينَ

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الجزء السابع عشر

- 22:51 But as for those who strive
to confute Our 'revealed' verses—
so as to frustrate
the establishment of Our message,
these are the Companions of Hellfire.
- 22:52 For never have We sent
any messenger or prophet before you,
but that when he recited 'God's revelation',
hoping 'ardently' to guide 'people',
Satan cast 'evil whisperings'
into people's thoughts
about what, in hope, he had recited.
However, God annuls
whatever Satan may cast 'to obscure truth'.
Then God confirms His 'revealed' signs.
For God 'alone' is all-knowing, all-wise.
- 22:53 Thus, He makes
whatever 'whisperings' Satan may cast
a trial for those 'hypocrites'
in whose 'doubting' hearts there is a sickness,
and for those 'disbelievers'
whose hearts are hardened.
Thus 'it is only' the 'godless' wrongdoers
who are, indeed, in uttermost schism
'from the truth'.
- 22:54 For, thereby, 'as well',
those who are given knowledge
'of faith and revelation'
know that it is the 'revealed' truth
from your Lord 'that they have been given'.
Therefore, they believe in it,
and thus do their hearts
become humble before Him.
And, indeed, God shall, most surely, guide
all those who believe

أُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَحِيمِ
وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ
مِنْ رَسُولٍ وَلَا نَبِيٍّ
إِلَّا إِذَا نَمَتِ
أَلْفَى الشَّيْطَانُ فِي أُمْنِيَّتِهِ
فَيَنْسَخُ اللَّهُ
مَا يُلْقِي الشَّيْطَانُ
ثُمَّ يُحْكِمُ اللَّهُ أَيْدِيَهُ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ
لِيَجْعَلَ مَا يُلْقِي الشَّيْطَانُ
فِتْنَةً لِلَّذِينَ
فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ
وَالْقَاسِيَةِ قُلُوبُهُمْ
وَإِنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ
لَفِي شِقَاقٍ بَعِيدٍ
وَلَيَعْلَمَ الَّذِينَ
أَتَوْا الْعِلْمَ
أَنَّهُ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
فَيُؤْمِنُوا بِهِ
فَتُخَيِّتَ لَهُ قُلُوبُهُمْ
وَلِإِنَّ اللَّهَ
لَهَادٍ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

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to a straight way of salvation.

- 22:55 As for the disbelievers,
they will not cease
to be in doubt about this Quran
until the Hour of Doom
comes upon them suddenly,
or there comes to them, before this,
the torment of a desolating day.

- 22:56 All the dominion on that Day
wherein is the Hour of Judgment
belongs to God alone.
He will judge between them all.

So those who believe
and do righteous deeds in life
shall in the Hereafter be resident
in the perpetual Gardens of Delight.

- 22:57 But those who have disbelieved
and belied Our natural and revealed signs,
then such as these are the ones
for whom there is a disgracing torment
awaiting in the Hereafter.

- 22:58 As to those who have emigrated
in the path of God, then are killed or die,
most surely, God will provide them
with a most excellent provision
in the Hereafter.

For, indeed, God alone is the best of providers.

- 22:59 Most surely, He shall admit them into Paradise
with an entrance that well-pleases them.
For God alone
is, most surely, all-knowing, most forbearing.

- 22:60 *That is so!
Moreover, whoever among the believers
repays aggression
with a punishment that is not in excess
of the like of that with which

وَلَا يَزَالُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

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فِي مَرِيْقَةٍ مِنْهُ
حَتَّى تَأْتِيَهُمُ السَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً
أَوْ يَأْتِيَهُمْ

عَذَابٌ يَوْمٍ عَقِيمٍ
الْمَلَكُ يَوْمَئِذٍ لِلَّهِ

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يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ
فَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
فِي جَنَّاتٍ النَّعِيمِ

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وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
وَكَذَّبُوا بآيَاتِنَا

فَأُولَٰئِكَ لَهُمْ
عَذَابٌ مُهِينٌ

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وَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوا
فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

ثُمَّ قُتِلُوا أَوْ مَاتُوا
لَيَرْزُقَنَّهُمُ اللَّهُ

رِزْقًا حَسَنًا
وَلِلَّهِ اللَّهُ

لَهُوَ خَيْرُ الرَّازِقِينَ
لَيَدْخُلْنَهُمْ

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مُدْخَلًا يَرْضَوْنَهُ
وَلِلَّهِ اللَّهُ لَعَلَّكُمْ حَلِيمٌ

ذَٰلِكَ وَمَنْ عَاقَبَ
بِمِثْلِ مَا عُوقِبَ بِهِ

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ثُمَّ بَغَىٰ عَلَيْهِ

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الْحَجَّةُ السَّاعِيَةُ عَشْرٌ

he has been 'wrongly' punished—
and who thereafter is unjustly wronged
'in retaliation'—

God will, most surely, aid him
'in attaining justice'.

Indeed, God 'alone'
is assuredly all-pardoning, all-forgiving.

22:61 That 'aid is sure'!

For it is 'the invincible' God
who makes the night penetrate into the daylight
and who makes the daylight
penetrate into the night—
and because God 'alone'
is ever all-hearing, all-seeing.

22:62 That 'aid is sure' because God
is, most surely, the 'Eternal' Truth,
while that which they call upon,
apart from Him, is, itself, utterly false.
For, indeed, it is God 'alone'
who is, most surely,
the Ever-Exalted, the All-Great.

22:63 Have you not seen, 'O Prophet,'
that 'it is' God 'alone'
who 'sends down, from the sky, water—
then, 'behold', the earth becomes green?
Indeed, God is subtle, all-aware.

22:64 To Him 'alone'
belongs all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.
And, indeed, it is God 'alone'
who is the Self-Sufficient, the All-Praised.

22:65 Do you not see that 'it is' God
'who' has subjugated for you
all that is in the earth
and the ships that run through the sea,
by His command?

لِيَنْصُرَهُ اللَّهُ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَعَفُوٌّ غَفُورٌ

ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ

يُؤَلِّجُ اللَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ
وَيُؤَلِّجُ النَّهَارَ فِي اللَّيْلِ

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ بَصِيرٌ

ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْحَقُّ

وَأَنَّ مَا يَدْعُونَ

مِنْ دُونِهِ هُوَ الْبَاطِلُ

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ

هُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْكَبِيرُ

أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ

أَنزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً

فَتَصْبِحُ الْأَرْضُ مُخْضَرَّةً

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَطِيفٌ خَبِيرٌ

لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ

لَهُوَ الْغَنِيُّ الْحَمِيدُ

أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ

سَخَّرَ لَكُمْ مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَالْفُلَ تَجْرِي فِي الْبَحْرِ بِأَمْرِهِ

وَيُمْسِكُ السَّمَاءَ

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- Moreover, 'it is' He 'alone who' upholds the sky
so that it does not drop upon the earth,
except by His permission.
Indeed, to all people
God is all-kind, mercy-giving.
- 22:66 And He is the One, 'O humankind,'
who gave you life.
Then He shall cause you to die.
Then 'again' He shall give you life
'on Judgment Day'.
- Indeed, the human being is, most surely,
an 'unbelieving' ingrate.
- 22:67 For each 'faith'-community,
We have appointed 'sacred' rites
which they must devoutly observe.
So 'as to the unbelievers,'
do not let them draw you into any dispute
over this matter, 'O Prophet'.
- Rather, call to 'the way of' your Lord.
For, indeed, you are, most surely, upon 'a path
of' straight guidance.
- 22:68 But if ever they dispute with you, then say:
God is most knowing of all that you do.
- 22:69 God will judge between 'all of' you
on the Day of Resurrection
about that which you have been disputing.
- 22:70 Do you not know that God knows 'full well'
all that is in the heaven and the earth?
Indeed,
'all' that is in a 'Preserved Heavenly' Book.
Indeed, that for God is 'ever so' easy.
- 22:71 They worship 'other things' apart from God
for which He has not sent down any authority,
and about which
they do not have any 'real' knowledge.
Thus for the 'godless' wrongdoers,

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الْحَجَّةُ السَّاعِيَةُ عَشْرٌ

أَنْ تَقَعَ عَلَى الْأَرْضِ
إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِالنَّاسِ
لَءَوَّفٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٦٦﴾

وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَحْيَاكُمْ
ثُمَّ يَمِيتُكُمْ ثُمَّ يُحْيِيكُمْ
إِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لَكَفُورٌ ﴿٦٧﴾

لِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ جَعَلْنَا مَنْسَكًا
هُم نَاسِكُوهُ
فَلَا يَنْزِعُ عَنْكَ فِي الْآخِرِ
وَادْعُ إِلَى رَبِّكَ
إِنَّكَ لَمَلِكٌ هُدًى مُسْتَقِيمٌ ﴿٦٨﴾

وَلِنْ جَذَلُوكَ فَقُلِ اللَّهُ
أَعْلَمُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾

اللَّهُ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَكُمْ
يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
فِيمَا كُنْتُمْ فِيهِ تَخْتَلِفُونَ ﴿٧٠﴾

أَلَمْ تَعْلَمْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ
مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
إِنَّ ذَلِكَ فِي كِتَابٍ
إِنَّ ذَلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرٌ ﴿٧١﴾

وَيَعْبُدُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
مَا لَمْ يَنْزِلْ بِهِ سُلْطَانًا
وَمَا لَيْسَ لَهُمْ بِهِ عِلْمٌ
وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ نَصِيرٍ ﴿٧٢﴾

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الجزء السابع عشر

there shall not be any helper
against God's punishment.

- 22:72 Yet when Our 'revealed' verses
are recited to them
as clear evidence 'that God is One',
you recognize malevolent denial
in the faces of those who disbelieve.
They would nearly attack
those who recite Our verses to them.
Say 'to them':
Shall I tell you, then, of what is worse than this?
It is the Fire 'of Hell' that God has promised
to 'all' those who disbelieve—
and a most woeful destination it is!

- 22:73 O humankind!
A parable is 'here' set forth. So listen to it.
Indeed, those 'beings' whom you call upon
apart from God
can never create 'so much as' a fly,
even if they were 'all' to come together
for that 'purpose'.
Rather, if a fly were to rob them
of 'even a mere speck of' anything,
never could they even retrieve it from it.
Most feeble are the seeker and the sought!
22:74 Thus, they have not esteemed God
with His rightful esteem.
Indeed, God 'alone'
is, most surely, all-powerful, overpowering.
22:75 It is God 'alone'
who chooses messengers from the angels
and from people 'to convey His revelation'.
Indeed, God is all-hearing, all-seeing.
22:76 He knows what lies before them
and what lies behind them.

وَإِذَا نُتِلَّى عَلَيْهِمْ
آيَاتُنَا بَيِّنَاتٍ تَعْرِفُ
فِي وُجُوهِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
الْمُنْكَرَ
يَكَادُونَ يَسْطُونَ
بِالَّذِينَ يَتْلُونَ
عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتُنَا قُلْ
أَفَأُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِشَرٍّ مِنْ ذَلِكَ
النَّارِ وَعَدَهَا اللَّهُ
الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَيَسَّ الْمَصِيدُ
يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّاسُ ضُرْبَ مَثَلٍ
فَاسْتَمِعُوا لَهُ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ لَنْ يَخْلُقُوا
ذُبَابًا وَلَوْ اجْتَمَعُوا لَهُ
وَلَنْ يَسْلُمَهُمُ الذُّكَابُ شَيْئًا
لَا يَسْتَفِيدُوهُ مِنْهُ
ضِعْفُ الطَّالِبِ
وَالْمَطْلُوبِ
مَا قَدَرُوا اللَّهَ حَقَّ قَدْرِهِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَقَوِيٌّ عَزِيزٌ
اللَّهُ يَصْطَفِي
مَنْ يَكُونُ الْمَلَكُوتُ رُسُلًا
وَمِنْ النَّاسِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ بَصِيرٌ
يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ
وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ

Indeed, to God alone
are all matters returned for just Judgment.

22:77 O you who believe!

Bow in your Prayer,
and bow down to the ground, as well,
worshipping your Lord alone.

Moreover, do much good in life,
so that you may succeed. ﴿٧٧﴾

22:78 Thus strive, O believers, for the sake of God

to uphold His commandments —

with the kind of striving

that is thoroughly worthy of Him.

For it is He alone

who has chosen you for this faith —

nor has He placed on you any undue strain

in your religion.

It is the sacred way of your forefather Abraham.

And it is He alone who has in honor

named you Muslims in the Scriptures of old—

and in this Quran—

so that Muhammad, the Messenger of God,

may be a witness to God's truth

before all of you,

and that you may, in turn,

be witnesses to the revealed truth

before all people.

So duly establish the Prayer

and give the Zakât-Charity

and hold fast to God with all certainty.

He alone is your Patron.

Then how commendably blessed

a Patron is God!

And how commendably blessed a Supporter!

سُورَةُ الْحَجِّ

الْحُجَّةُ السَّابِعُ عَشَرَ

وَالِلّٰهِ تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُورُ

يَتَذَكَّرُهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿٧٧﴾

ارْكَعُوا وَاسْجُدُوا

وَاعْبُدُوا رَبَّكُمْ

وَأَفْعَلُوا الْخَيْرَ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَفْلَحُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾

وَجَاهِدُوا فِيْ اللّٰهِ

حَقَّ جِهَادِهِ ۚ

هُوَ اَجْتَبَاكُمْ

وَمَا جَعَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ

فِي الدِّينِ مِنْ حَرَجٍ ۚ

يَلَلَةُ اَيْكُمْ اِيْرَهِيمَ ۚ

هُوَ سَمَّٰكُمْ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ

مِنْ قَبْلُ وَفِيْ هٰذَا لِيَكُوْنَ

الرَّسُوْلُ شَهِيدًا عَلَيْكُمْ

وَتَكُوْنُوْا شُهَدَاءَ عَلٰى النَّاسِ

فَاَقِيْمُوا الصَّلٰوةَ

وَاٰتُوا الزَّكٰوةَ

وَاعْتَصِمُوْا بِاللّٰهِ هُوَ مَوْلَاكُمْ ۚ

فَنِعْمَ الْمَوْلٰى وَنِعْمَ النَّصِيْرُ

Surah 23 / 118 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Mu'minûn

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 23:1 Truly, the believers
shall realize 'everlasting' success:
- 23:2 The ones who attain humility
in their Prayers;
- 23:3 the ones, moreover,
who 'unfailingly' turn away
from 'any' vile talk 'they hear';
- 23:4 the ones, moreover, who 'unstintingly' give
the 'due' Zakât-Charity;
- 23:5 the ones, moreover, who are ever vigilant
as to 'the chastity of' their secret parts—
- 23:6 except 'in associating' with their wives,
or 'with' whomever their hands
may rightfully attain to,
for, then, they are not blameworthy;
- 23:7 but whoever seeks 'intimate consort'
beyond this,
then it is they who are the transgressors;
- 23:8 the ones, moreover, who are ever observant
of their trusts and their covenant;
- 23:9 the ones, moreover, who are ever vigilant

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

قَدْ أَفْلَحَ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ①
الَّذِينَ هُمْ ②
فِي صَلَاتِهِمْ خَاشِعُونَ ③
وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ ④
عَنِ اللَّغْوِ مُعْرِضُونَ ⑤
وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ ⑥
لِلزَّكَاةِ فَاعِلُونَ ⑦
وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ ⑧
لِفُرُوجِهِمْ حَافِظُونَ ⑨
إِلَّا عَلَىٰ أَزْوَاجِهِمْ ⑩
أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُهُمْ ⑪
فَإِنَّهُمْ غَيْرُ مَلُومِينَ ⑫
فَمَن ابْتَغَىٰ وَرَاءَ ذَلِكَ ⑬
فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْعَادُونَ ⑭
وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ ⑮
لِأَمْنَتِهِمْ وَعَهْدِهِمْ رَاعُونَ ⑯



- as to 'keeping' their Prayers.
- 23:10 It is these who shall be the inheritors—
- 23:11 the ones who shall inherit Paradise.
Therein shall they abide forever.
- 23:12 Now, very truly,
We created man out of an extraction of mud.
- 23:13 Then We made him a sperm-drop
set in a well-established place.
- 23:14 Then We created the sperm-drop
'into' a clinging clot.
Then We created the clinging clot
'into' a morsel-like lump.
Then We created,
in the morsel-like lump, bones.
Then We clothed the bones with flesh.
Thus do We bring him forth
as an entirely different creation.
So blessed be God, the best of creators.
- 23:15 Then, indeed, thereafter
you are 'destined' to die.
- 23:16 Then on the Day of Resurrection
you shall be raised to life.
- 23:17 And very truly,
We have created above you
seven 'heavenly' spheres—
and never are We heedless
of 'any part of' creation!
- 23:18 Thus have We sent down,
from the sky, water, in due measure,
and caused it to settle in the earth.
And, indeed, We are well able to take it away.
- 23:19 Yet therewith We bring forth for you
gardens of date palms and grapevines,
in which there is for you fruit aplenty;

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وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ
عَلَى صَلَاتِهِمْ يَحَافِظُونَ
أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْوَارِثُونَ
الَّذِينَ يَرِثُونَ الْفِرْدَوْسَ
هُم فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ
وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ
مِنْ سُلَالَةٍ مِّن طِينٍ
ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَاهُ نُطْفَةً
فِي قَرَارٍ مَّكِينٍ
ثُمَّ خَلَقْنَا النُّطْفَةَ عَلَقَةً
فَخَلَقْنَا الْعَلَقَةَ مُضْغَةً
فَخَلَقْنَا الْمُضْغَةَ عِظْمًا
فَكَسَوْنَا الْعِظَامَ لَحْمًا
ثُمَّ أَشْأَنَاهُ خَلْقًا آخَرَ
فَتَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ أَحْسَنُ الْخَالِقِينَ
ثُمَّ إِنَّا كُم بِعَدِّ ذَٰلِكَ لَمِتُونَ
ثُمَّ إِنَّا كُم
يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ نَبْعَثُوكَ
وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا فَوْقَكُمْ
سَبْعَ طَرَائِقَ وَمَا كُنَّا
عَنِ الْخَلْقِ غَافِلِينَ
وَأَنزَلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً بِقَدَرٍ
فَأَنشَأْنَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَلِئَا عَلَىٰ ذَهَابٍ بِهِ لَقَدْ رُؤُون
فَأَنشَأْنَا لَكُمْ بِهِ جَنَّاتٍ
مِّن تَحْتِهَا وَأَعْنَبَ
لَكُمْ فِيهَا فَوَوكَهُ كَثِيرَةً
وَمِنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ

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and from it you may eat.

- 23:20 Also, 'We produce therewith
a tree which comes forth
from 'the region of' Mount Tûr of Sinai.
It yields oil 'from its olive fruit'
and is a condiment,
for those who would eat 'of it'.

- 23:21 Moreover, in cattle 'of every kind'
there is, indeed, a sure lesson for you.
We give you to drink of 'the milk'
that is within their bellies.

And in them, there are
many 'other' benefits for you.

And from them, there is meat that 'you eat.

- 23:22 And upon them, and upon ships,
you are carried 'through land and sea'.

- 23:23 Now, very truly,
We sent Noah 'as a messenger' to his people.
So he said 'to them': O my people!
Worship God 'alone'.
You do not have any God other than Him.
Will you not, then, be God-fearing?

- 23:24 Yet the elders of his people,
who disbelieved, said:
This 'man' is but a 'mere' mortal like yourselves!
He desires to have superiority over you.
Now, had God truly willed
'to reveal a message to us',
He would have sent down angels
'as messengers'.

We have not heard of this 'claim
occurring' in 'the time of' our forefathers of old.

- 23:25 He is nothing but a man
'touched' with madness.

٢٠ وَشَجَرَةً تَخْرُجُ مِنْ
طُورِ سَيْنَاءَ تَنْبُتُ بِالذَّهْنِ

وَصَنِيعٌ لِلَّذِينَ
وَلَانَ لَكُمْ

فِي الْأَنْعَامِ لَعِبْرَةٌ

تُشْفِيكُمْ مِمَّا فِي بُطُونِهَا

وَلَكُمْ فِيهَا مَنَافِعُ كَثِيرَةٌ

وَمِنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ

٢١ وَعَلَيْهَا وَعَلَى الْفَالِكِ تَحْمِلُونَ

٢٢ وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَى قَوْمِهِ

فَقَالَ يَتِيمُونَ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ

مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ

أَفَلَا تَنْتَفِقُونَ

٢٣ فَقَالَ الْمَلَأُوا

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ

مَا هَذَا إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِثْلُكُمْ

يُرِيدُ أَنْ يَفْضَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ

وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ لَأَنْزَلَ مَلَائِكَةً

مَا سَمِعْنَا بِهَذَا

فِي آبَائِنَا الْأَوَّلِينَ

٢٤ إِنَّ هُوَ إِلَّا رَجُلٌ بِهِ جَنَّةٌ

فَتَرَى صَوَابِهِ حَقًّا حِينَ

- So wait on him for a time 'till he quits or dies'.
- 23:26 He said: My Lord!
Support me 'against them',
for they have 'irrevocably' belied me.
- 23:27 Thus We revealed to him:
Make the Ark, under 'the care of'
Our 'watchful' Eyes
and 'according to' Our revelation.
Then when Our command 'of doom'
comes to pass,
and the hearth 'itself' erupts 'like a fount',
as a sign and a portent,
then place in it mates of every 'living' pair,
and your family—
except for those of them
against whom the word 'of destruction'
has gone forth.
Nor shall you address Me
regarding 'the deliverance
of' those who did wrong.
Indeed, they shall 'all' be drowned.
- 23:28 And when you are settled upon the Ark—
you and 'all' those 'who are' with you—
then say 'in exaltation':
All praise is for God who 'alone' has delivered us
from the wrongdoing people.
- 23:29 And say 'also': My Lord!
Cause me to alight with a blessed alighting,
for You 'alone' best bring 'Your servants'
to blessed alighting.
- 23:30 Indeed, in this
there are sure signs 'of admonition'.
For We do, indeed,
put 'the faith of people' to the test.

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- قَالَ ﴿٢٦﴾
رَبِّ أَنْصُرْنِي بِمَا كَذَّبُونِ
فَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْهِ أَنْ ﴿٢٧﴾
اصْنَعِ الْفُلَ بِأَعْيُنِنَا وَوَحِّينَا
فَإِذَا جَاءَ أَمْرُنَا
وَفَارَ الْفُتُورُ
فَأَسْلَفَ فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ
زَوْجَيْنِ اثْنَيْنِ وَأَهْلَكَ
إِلَّا مَنْ سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ الْقَوْلُ
وَمِنْهُمْ وَلَا تَخْطُبْنِي
فِي الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا
إِنَّهُمْ مُعْرِضُونَ ﴿٢٨﴾
فَإِذَا أَسْتَوَيْتَ أَنْتَ وَمَنْ مَعَكَ
عَلَى الْفُلِ فَقُلِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ
الَّذِي بَخَسَنَا مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٢٩﴾
وَقُلْ رَبِّ أَنْزِلْنِي مُنْزَلًا مُبَارَكًا
وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الْمُنْزِلِينَ ﴿٣٠﴾
إِنِّي فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيِنٌ
وَإِنْ كُنَّا لَمُبْتَلِينَ ﴿٣١﴾
فَرَأَيْنَاهُمْ يُعْجِرُهُ

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- 23:31 Then We brought forth after them another generation.
- 23:32 Thus We sent to them a messenger from among them, saying:
Worship God alone.
You do not have any God other than Him.
Will you not, then, be God-fearing?
- 23:33 But the elders of his people—who disbelieved,
and belied the 'destined' Meeting of God for Judgment in the Hereafter,
though We had given them luxuries in the life of this world—said:
This 'man' is but a 'mere' mortal like yourselves!
He eats of what you eat,
and he drinks of what you drink.
- 23:34 And were you to obey a 'mere' mortal like yourselves,
then you would, indeed, be losers 'in this world'.
- 23:35 Does he promise you that when you die and become mere dust and bones that you shall, indeed, be brought forth 'to life'?
- 23:36 *How absurd!
Absurd, indeed, is all that you are promised!
- 23:37 There is nothing but our life in this world.
We die 'once'. And we live 'once'.
And never shall we be raised 'from the dead'.
- 23:38 He is nothing more than a man who has forged a lie against God,
and never shall we be believers in him!
- 23:39 He said: My Lord!
Support me 'against them',
for they have 'irrevocably' belied me.
- 23:40 'God' said 'to him':

قَرْنًا آخَرِينَ ﴿٣١﴾
فَأَرْسَلْنَا فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا مِنْهُمْ ﴿٣٢﴾
أَنْ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرُهُ ﴿٣٣﴾
أَفَلَا تَتَّقُونَ ﴿٣٤﴾
وَقَالَ الْمَلَائِكَةُ مِنْ قَوْمِهِ ﴿٣٥﴾
الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿٣٦﴾
وَكَذَّبُوا بِإِلْقَاءِ الْآخِرَةِ ﴿٣٧﴾
وَأُتِرْفَهُمْ فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا ﴿٣٨﴾
مَا هَذَا إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِثْلُكُمْ ﴿٣٩﴾
يَأْكُلُ مِمَّا تَأْكُلُونَ مِنْهُ ﴿٤٠﴾
وَشَرِبُ مِمَّا تَشْرَبُونَ ﴿٤١﴾
وَلَيْنَ أَطَعْتُمْ بَشَرًا مِثْلَكُمْ ﴿٤٢﴾
إِنَّكُمْ إِذَا لَخَسِرُونَ ﴿٤٣﴾
أَعِدْتُمْ أَنْفُسَكُمْ إِذَا مِتُمْ ﴿٤٤﴾
وَكُنْتُمْ تَرَابًا وَعِظْمًا ﴿٤٥﴾
أَنْتُمْ تُخْرَجُونَ ﴿٤٦﴾
هَبْهَاتَ هَبْهَاتَ ﴿٤٧﴾
لِمَا تُوعَدُونَ ﴿٤٨﴾
إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا حَيَاتُنَا الدُّنْيَا ﴿٤٩﴾
نَمُوتُ وَنَحْيَا ﴿٥٠﴾
وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمَبْعُوثِينَ ﴿٥١﴾
إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا رَجُلٌ ﴿٥٢﴾
افْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا ﴿٥٣﴾
وَمَا نَحْنُ لَهُ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾
قَالَ رَبِّ أَنْصُرْنِي بِمَا كَذَبُونَ ﴿٥٥﴾
قَالَ عَمَّا قَلِيلٍ ﴿٥٦﴾

In a short while,
they shall, most surely, become
utterly remorseful.

- 23:41 So the 'deadly' blast 'of Our punishment'
seized them, suddenly, with 'inevitable' justice.
Thus We turned them into floating debris.
So away with the wrongdoing people!

- 23:42 Then after them We raised other generations.
23:43 No nation can hasten its 'set' term 'of judgment'.
Nor can they remain thereafter.
23:44 Then We sent Our messengers 'to them',
one after the other.
Whenever a messenger came to a people,
they belied him.
Thus We caused them to follow one another
'into destruction'.
And We turned 'every one of them
into a byword of reproach
'among the succeeding nations'.
So away with a people who do not believe!

- 23:45 Thereafter, We sent Moses
and his brother, Aaron,
with Our 'miraculous' signs
and manifest authority,
23:46 to Pharaoh and his 'assembly of' nobles.
But they grew so very arrogant,
for they were a haughty people.
23:47 So they said:
Are we to believe in two mortals like us,
while their people are slaves to us?
23:48 Thus they belied both of them.
So they 'too' became of those
who were destroyed.

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لَيَصْبِحَنَّ نَدِيمِينَ
فَأَخَذَتْهُمْ الصَّبْحَةُ بِالْحَقِّ ٤١

فَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ عُثَاةً
فَبَعْدًا لِلْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ
ثُمَّ أَنشَأْنَا مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ ٤٢

قُرُونًا آخَرِينَ
مَا تَسْبِقُ مِنْ أُمَّةٍ أَجَلَهَا ٤٣

وَمَا يَسْتَفْزِحُونَ
ثُمَّ أَرْسَلْنَا رُسُلَنَا تَتْرًا كُلِّ مَا ٤٤

جَاءَ أُمَّةٌ رُسُلُهُمْ كَذَّبُوهُ
فَاتَّبَعْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ بَعْضًا
وَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ أَحَادِيثَ ٤٥

فَبَعْدًا لِلْقَوْمِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ
ثُمَّ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَى ٤٦

وَأَخَاهُ هَارُونَ بِآيَاتِنَا
وَسُلْطَانٍ مُبِينٍ ٤٧

إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَئِهِ
فَاسْتَكْبَرُوا وَكَانُوا قَوْمًا عَالِينَ ٤٨

فَقَالُوا أَنْتُمْ لِبَشَرَيْنِ مِثْلِنَا
وَقَوْمُهُمَا لَنَا عِدُونَ ٤٩

فَكَذَّبُوهُمَا
فَكَانُوا مِنَ الْمُهْلَكِينَ ٥٠

وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ ٥١

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- 23:49 And very truly, We had given Moses
the Book of the Torah,
for the Children of Israel,
so that they might be guided aright.
- 23:50 Moreover, We made the son of Mary,
along with his mother, a 'miraculous' sign
for them and for all people.
Thus when she delivered him
We gave them shelter upon a hilltop,
endued with rest and running rills.
- 23:51 'God said to all His emissaries: O messengers!
Eat of all that is wholesome,
and do righteous deeds.
Indeed, I am all-knowing of all that you do.
- 23:52 For, indeed, this 'faith'-community of yours
is one community.
And I am your Lord. So fear Me.
- 23:53 Yet they 'who came after them'
split into factions among themselves
in the matter of their faith—
each party exulting
in whatever they had taken hold of,
'and, without authority, calling it truth'.
- 23:54 So leave them in their overwhelming 'ignorance'
for a 'preordained' time.
- 23:55 Do they think
that because of the wealth and sons
We provide them
- 23:56 that We but hasten to 'grace' them
with good things?
No, indeed!
They do not perceive 'the direness of their test'!
- 23:57 Yet 'as to' those who are, indeed, cautious,

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَهْتَدُونَ
وَحَلَّلْنَا ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ وَأُمَّهُ آيَةً
وَوَدَّعْنَاهُمَا إِلَى رَبْوَةٍ
ذَاتِ قُرَارٍ وَمَعِينٍ
يَتَأْتِيَا الرُّسُلَ كُلُّوْا مِنْ
الطَّيِّبَاتِ وَاعْمَلُوا صَالِحًا
إِنِّي بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ عَلِيمٌ
وَإِنْ هَذِهِ أُمَّتُكُمْ
أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً
وَأَنَا رَبُّكُمْ فَاتَّقُونِ
فَتَقَطَّعُوا أَمْرَهُمْ بَيْنَهُمْ زُبُرًا
كُلُّ حِزْبٍ بِمَا لَدَيْهِمْ فَرِحُونَ
فَذَرَهُمْ فِي عَمَرَتِهِمْ حَتَّىٰ حِينٍ
أَيَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّمَا نُمِدُّهُم بِهِ
مِنْ مَالٍ وَبَنِينَ
سَارِعًا لَهُمْ فِي الْخَيْرَاتِ
بَلْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ هُمْ
مِنْ خَشْيَةِ رَبِّهِمْ مُتَّقُونَ

- out of fear of their Lord;
- 23:58 and those who believe
in the 'revealed' signs of their Lord;
- 23:59 and those who do not associate gods
with their Lord;
- 23:60 and those who give 'charitably' all that they give,
with trembling hearts,
because 'they know' they are returning
to their Lord 'for Judgment' —
- 23:61 it is these who hasten
to 'exceed one another in' good works.
And they are, indeed,
foremost in 'attaining' them.
- 23:62 Nor do We task any soul beyond its capacity.
Yet with Us is a Book which speaks the truth
'about the works of men'.
Thus never shall they be wronged 'in the least'.
- 23:63 But 'as for the unbelieving factions',
their hearts are 'steeped'
in overwhelming 'ignorance' about this 'Quran'.
And they have 'evil' deeds besides this
which they are doing.
- 23:64 At last, when, suddenly,
We seize those among them
indulged in opulent ease
with the torment 'of Our judgment',
then 'instantly' they will be groaning:
- 23:65 Do not groan this Day 'Hereafter',
it shall be said to them'.
For never will you be helped by Us.
- 23:66 Truly, My 'revealed' verses were recited to you.
Yet you used to fall back 'from faith'
upon your heels.
- 23:67 You grew arrogant therein,

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- وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ ٥٨
يَتْلُونَ رِيبَهُمْ يُؤْمِنُونَ
وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ ٥٩
بِرِيبِهِمْ لَا يَنْشُرُونَ
وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْتُونَ مَا آتَوْا ٦٠
وَقُلُوبُهُمْ وَجَلَّةٌ عَنْهُمْ
إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ رَاجِعُونَ ٦١
أُولَٰئِكَ يُسْرِعُونَ فِي الْخَيْرَاتِ
وَهُمْ لَهَا سَابِقُونَ ٦٢
وَلَا نَكُلِفُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا
وَلَدَيْنَا كِتَابٌ يَنْطِقُ بِالْحَقِّ
وَهُمْ لَا يَظْلَمُونَ ٦٣
بَلْ قُلُوبُهُمْ فِي غَمَرٍ مِّنْ هَذَا
وَلَهُمْ أَعْمَالٌ مِّنْ دُونِ ذَٰلِكَ
هُمْ لَهَا عَمِلُونَ ٦٤
حَتَّىٰ إِذَا أَخَذْنَا مُتْرَفِيهِمْ
بِالْعَذَابِ إِذَا هُمْ يَجْتَرُونَ ٦٥
لَا يُجْتَرُونَ الْيَوْمَ
إِنَّكُمْ مِنَّا لَا تُنصَرُونَ ٦٦
فَدَكَانَتْ يَأْتِي تِلْكَ عَلَيْكُمْ
فَكُنْتُمْ عَلَىٰ أَعْقَابِكُمْ
تَنْكِصُونَ ٦٧
مُسْتَكْبِرِينَ بِهِ
سَمِرًا تَهْجُرُونَ

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- chattering at night in blasphemy.
- 23:68 Then do they not reflect on the word of God?
Or are they in denial
only because there has come to them
from God
what did not come to their forefathers of old?
- 23:69 Or is it that they do not recognize
the well-known integrity of their Messenger,
and so they disavow him?
- 23:70 Or do they say: He has madness in him?
Rather, he has come to them with the truth.
But most of them
are utterly abhorrent of the truth.
- 23:71 Yet were the truth to follow their whims,
the heavens and the earth—
and all who are in them—
would, most surely, have become corrupted.
Rather, We have brought them the Quran
to be their revealed Reminder
of the way of God.
Yet they turn away from the guidance
of their revealed Reminder.
- 23:72 Do you, O Prophet, ask of them
any tribute for the blessing of faith
you bring them?
Yet the tribute of your Lord
that He offers them in reward is far better.
For He is the very best of providers.
- 23:73 And you do, indeed,
call them to a straight way of salvation,
- 23:74 while, indeed, all those
who do not believe in the Hereafter
are, most surely, in deviation
from the straight way.
- 23:75 *Thus were We to have mercy upon them,

٦٨ أَفَلَمْ يَذْكُرُوا الْقَوْلَ أَمْ جَاءَهُمْ
مَا لَمْ يَأْتِ آبَاءَهُمْ الْأَوَّلِينَ
٦٩ أَمْ لَمْ يَعْرِفُوا رَسُولَهُمْ
فَهُمْ لَهُ مُنْكَرُونَ
٧٠ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ بِهِ جِنَّةٌ
بَلْ جَاءَهُم بِالْحَقِّ
وَأَكْذَرُهُمْ لِلْحَقِّ كَذِبُونَ
٧١ وَلَوْ اتَّبَعَ الْحَقُّ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ
لَفَسَدَتِ السَّمَوَاتُ وَالْأَرْضُ
وَمَنْ فِيهِنَّ بَلْ أَتَيْنَهُمْ
بِذِكْرِهِمْ فَهُمْ عَنْ
ذِكْرِهِمْ مُعْرِضُونَ
٧٢ أَمْ قَسَمَلَهُمْ خِرَابًا
فَخَرَّاجُ رَبِّكَ خَيْرٌ
وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الرَّزْقِينَ
٧٣ وَإِنَّكَ لَتَدْعُوهُمْ
إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ
٧٤ وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ
لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ
عَنِ الصِّرَاطِ لَنُكَابُونَ
٧٥ وَلَوْ رَحِمْنَاهُمْ

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- and remove whatever harm is upon them,
they would still persist
in their 'insolent' transgression,
wandering blindly.
- 23:76 And very truly, We gripped them with torment
as a forewarning against their unbelief.
Yet they did not seek
to surrender 'themselves' to their Lord.
Nor did they humble themselves
'before God' in earnest entreaty.
'Nor will they—
- 23:77 until We open for them
a gate of 'truly' severe torment,
'and,' suddenly, they are 'steeped' in it,
utterly despondent.
- 23:78 Yet He 'alone' is the One who has brought forth
for 'all of' you 'human beings,
the faculties of' hearing, and sight,
and hearts 'that comprehend.
How very' little are the thanks that you give!
- 23:79 And He 'alone' is the One
who has multiplied you on earth.
And before Him 'in the Hereafter'
you shall be assembled 'for Judgment'.
- 23:80 And He 'alone' is the One
who gives life and gives death.
And to Him 'alone'
belongs the alternation of the night
and the daylight.
Will you not, then, understand?
- 23:81 Indeed, they 'who disbelieve' have said
just what the earliest generations
'of disbelievers' have said.
- 23:82 They said:

وَكَشَفْنَا مَا بِهِمْ مِنْ ضُرٍّ
لَلْجَوِّ فِي طُغْيَانِهِمْ يَعْمَهُونَ
وَلَقَدْ أَخَذْنَاهُمْ بِالْعَذَابِ ﴿٧٦﴾
فَمَا اسْتَكْبَرُوا لِلرَّيْبِ
وَمَا يَنْصَرِعُونَ
حَتَّىٰ إِذَا فَتَحْنَا عَلَيْهِم بَابًا ﴿٧٧﴾
ذَا عَذَابٍ شَدِيدٍ
إِذَا هُمْ فِيهِ مُبْلِسُونَ
وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَنشَأَ لَكُمُ ﴿٧٨﴾
السَّمْعَ وَالْأَبْصَرَ وَالْأَفْئِدَةَ
قَلِيلًا مَّا تَشْكُرُونَ
وَهُوَ الَّذِي ذَرَأَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ ﴿٧٩﴾
وَالَيْهِ تُحْشَرُونَ
وَهُوَ الَّذِي يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ ﴿٨٠﴾
وَلَهُ أَخْتَلَفُ اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ
أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ
بَلْ قَالُوا ﴿٨١﴾
مِثْلَ مَا قَالِ الْأَوَّلُونَ

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- When we are dead
and we have become mere dust and bones,
shall we, indeed, be raised up to life again?
- 23:83 Truly, we have already been promised
this very thing—
we and our forefathers of old.
This is nothing but tales of the ancients!
- 23:84 Say to them:
To whom, then, does the earth
and whoever is on it belong,
if at all you know?
- 23:85 They shall say: 'They belong to God.
'Then say to them:
Will you not, then,
become mindful that God is all-able
to resurrect you for Judgment?
- 23:86 And say to them:
Who is the Lord of the seven heavens
and the Lord of the Magnificent Throne?
- 23:87 They shall say: 'They belong to God.
'Then say to them:
Will you not, then, be God-fearing?
- 23:88 Moreover, say to them:
In whose mighty Hand
is the dominion over all things,
such that He alone gives refuge
while there is no refuge from Him,
if at all you know?
- 23:89 They shall say: 'It all belongs to God.
'Then say to them:
How, then, are you so deluded by false beliefs?
- 23:90 Rather, We have brought them the truth,
but they are most surely liars.
- 23:91 God has not taken to Himself any offspring.
Nor has there ever been any god with Him.

قَالُوا أَإِذَا مِتْنَا
وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعِظَامًا
أَإِنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ
لَقَدْ وُعِدْنَا نَحْنُ وَآبَاؤُنَا
هَذَا مِنْ قَبْلُ إِن هَذَا
إِلَّا أَسْطِطِيرُ الْأَوَّلِينَ
قُلْ
لِمَنِ الْأَرْضُ وَمَنْ فِيهَا
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
سَيَقُولُونَ لِلَّهِ
قُلْ أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ
قُلْ مَنْ رَبُّ
السَّمَوَاتِ السَّبْعِ
وَرَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ
سَيَقُولُونَ لِلَّهِ
قُلْ أَفَلَا نُنْفِقُ
قُلْ مَنْ يَبْدِئُ
مَلَكُوتَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ
وَهُوَ يُخِيرُ
وَلَا يُجَارُ عَلَيْهِ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
سَيَقُولُونَ لِلَّهِ
قُلْ فَأَنَّى تُسْحَرُونَ
بَلْ أَنْتُمْ بِآيَاتِنَا
وَأَنفُسِكُمْ كَذِبُونَ
مَا اتَّخَذَ اللَّهُ مِنْ وَلَدٍ
وَمَا كَانَ مَعَهُ مِنْ إِلَهٍ

- For, then, each god would have gone off
with what he created.
Moreover, some would have sought
to overcome others.
Highly exalted is God 'far' above all
that they ascribe 'to Him—
23:92 the Sole 'Knower
of all the 'realms of the 'unseen and the seen.
So most high is He
'far' above all that they associate
as gods 'with Him' .
23:93 Say 'in entreaty, O Prophet : My Lord!
If it is to be that You will show me
'the fulfillment of' whatever 'judgment'
they are promised—
23:94 then my Lord,
let me not be among the wrongdoing people
'when it befalls' .
23:95 For, indeed, We are well able to show you
'the fulfillment
of' all that We have promised them.
23:96 Therefore, repel 'their' evildoing
with that which is best 'in the sight of God,
pardoning and overlooking their harm' .
We know well all that they 'falsely' ascribe
'to God and His Messenger' .
23:97 Moreover, say 'in entreaty' : My Lord!
I seek refuge in You
from the promptings of the satans
'to do otherwise' .
23:98 And I seek refuge in You, my Lord,
from their presence.
23:99 'People disbelieve'—
until when death comes to one of them,

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إِذَا لَدَّهَبَ كُلُّ إِلَهٍ بِمَا خَلَقَ
وَلَعَلَّا بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ
سَبَّحَنَ اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُصِفُونَ ٩٢
عَلِيمُ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ
فَتَعَلَّى عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ٩٣
قُلْ رَبِّ
إِنَّمَا تُرَبِّئِي مَا يُوعَدُونَ
رَبِّ فَلَا تَجْعَلْنِي
فِي الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ ٩٤
وَأَنَا عَلَى أَنْ تُرِيكَ
مَا نَعِدُهُمْ لَقَدِيرُونَ ٩٥
أَدْفَعْ بِأَلَّتِي
هِيَ أَحْسَنُ السَّيِّئَةِ
فَنَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَصِفُونَ ٩٦
وَقُلْ رَبِّ أَعُوذُ بِكَ
مِنْ هَمَزَاتِ الشَّيَاطِينِ ٩٧
وَأَعُوذُ بِكَ رَبِّ
أَنْ يَحْضُرُونِ ٩٨
حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَ أَحَدَهُمُ الْمَوْتُ ٩٩

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الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْكَامِلِ

- he says in regret: My Lord!
Return me to life in the world,
23:100 so that I may do righteousness
and believe
in what I previously left behind!
No, indeed! Never shall this be!
It is but an empty word that such a one utters.
For behind them there is a barrier
that has sealed them off from the world,
until the Day they are raised up to life
in the Hereafter.
- 23:101 Then when the Trumpet
of the Hour of Doom is blown,
no ties of kinship between them
shall avail on that Day.
Nor shall they care, then,
to ask about one another.
- 23:102 Thus those whose balances
are heavy with good works—
then it is these who are the truly successful.
- 23:103 But those whose balances are light,
whose sins thus prevail—
then it is these who have utterly lost their souls.
In Hell shall they abide forever—
- 23:104 the Fire searing their faces,
ever grimacing therein with pain.
- 23:105 God shall say to them:
Were not My revealed verses recited to you,
and did you not use to belie them?
- 23:106 They shall say: Our Lord!
Our perverse ways overcame us!
Thus we were a people lost in error.
- 23:107 Our Lord!
Bring us out of this Fire, to life in the world,
and if we return to unbelief,

قَالَ رَبِّ ارْجِعُونِ
لَعَلِّي أَعْمَلُ صَالِحًا
فِيمَا تَرَكْتُ كَلَّا
إِنَّهَا كَلِمَةٌ هُوَ قَائِلُهَا
وَمَنْ وَّرَائِهِمْ بَرْزَخٌ
إِلَى يَوْمٍ يُبْعَثُونَ
فَإِذَا نُفِخَ فِي الصُّورِ
فَلَا أَنْصَابَ يَتَنَبَّهُمُ يَوْمَئِذٍ
وَلَا يَتَسَاءَلُونَ
فَمَنْ ثَقُلَتْ مَوَازِينُهُ
فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ
وَمَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَازِينُهُ
فَأُولَئِكَ
الَّذِينَ خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ
فِي جَهَنَّمَ خَالِدُونَ
تَلَفَحَ وَجُوهُهُمُ النَّارُ
وَهُمْ فِيهَا كَالِحُونَ
أَلَمْ تَكُنْ أَتَيْنِي تَتْلُو عَلَيْنَا
فَكَفَرْتُمْ بِهَا تُكْذِبُونَ
قَالُوا رَبَّنَا
غَلَبَتْ عَلَيْنَا شِقْوَتُنَا
وَكُنَّا قَوْمًا ضَالِّينَ
رَبَّنَا أَخْرِجْنَا مِنْهَا فَإِنْ عُدْنَا

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- then would we, most surely,
be 'godless' wrongdoers.
- 23:108 He shall say: Sink into it, despised!
Nor shall you 'ever' speak to Me!
- 23:109 Indeed, there was a party of My servants
who said: Our Lord!
We have believed 'in You'.
So forgive us and have mercy upon us,
for it is You 'alone' who are supreme,
'far' above all who are merciful.
- 23:110 But you 'disbelievers'
took them as an object of 'scorn and' scoffing—
'and remained obsessed with it—'
until such 'incessant' mocking of their faith'
caused you to forget
My remembrance 'utterly'—
for 'all the while'
you were 'diverted with' laughing at them.
- 23:111 Indeed, this Day I have rewarded them
for what they have endured patiently.
It is they who are the 'truly' triumphant!
- 23:112 'God' shall say 'to the doomed'
on Judgment Day:
How long did you remain 'alive' on the earth
in 'terms of the' number of years?
- 23:113 They shall say:
'It seems that' we remained 'there only' a day—
or 'even' part of a day.
Yet ask those who kept count 'for us'.
- 23:114 He shall say:
You have, indeed, remained 'there'
but a little while—
if only you had known
'how fleeting it would all be'!

فَإِنَّا ظَالِمُونَ

قَالَ أَحْسِرُوا فِيهَا ١٠٨

وَلَا تُكَلِّمُونِ

إِنَّهُ كَانَ فَرِيقٌ مِّنْ عِبَادِي ١٠٩

يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا آمَنَّا

فَاغْفِرْ لَنَا وَارْحَمْنَا

وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الرَّاحِمِينَ

فَاتَّخَذْتُمُوهُمْ سَخِرَاتٍ ١١٠

حَتَّىٰ أَتَوْكُمْ ذِكْرِي

وَكُنْتُمْ مِّنْهُمْ تَضْحَكُونَ

إِنِّي جَزَيْتَهُمُ الْيَوْمَ ١١١

بِمَا صَبَرُوا

أَنَّهُمْ هُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ

قُلْ كَمْ لَبِثْتُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ ١١٢

عَدَدَ سِنِينَ

قَالُوا لَبِثْنَا يَوْمًا أَوْ بَعْضَ يَوْمٍ ١١٣

فَسَلِّ الْعَادِينَ

قُلْ إِن لَّبِثْتُمْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ١١٤

لَوْ أَنَّكُمْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ

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- 23:115 Did you think, then,
that We had created you in vain,
and that you would not be returned to Us
for Judgment?
- 23:116 Rather, most high 'far above all' is God:
The King! The 'Eternal' Truth!
There is no God but Him,
the Lord of the Gracious Throne.
- 23:117 Thus whoever calls upon any other god
with God—
for which he can never have 'any' proof—
his reckoning is 'awaiting him' with his Lord.
Indeed, the disbelievers shall never succeed!
- 23:118 Thus say: My Lord!
Forgive and have mercy,
for it is You 'alone' who are supreme,
'far' above all who are merciful.

أَفَحَسِبْتُمْ
أَنَّمَا خَلَقْنَاكُمْ عَبَثًا
وَأَنَّكُمْ إِلَيْنَا لَا تُرْجَعُونَ
فَتَعَالَى اللَّهُ الْمَلِكُ الْحَقُّ
لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ
رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْكَرِيمِ
وَمَنْ يَدْعُ مَعَ اللَّهِ
إِلَهَاءَ آخَرَ لَا بُرْهَانَ لَهُ بِهِ
فَإِنَّمَا حِسَابُهُ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِ
إِنَّهُ لَا يَقْلِبُ الْكَافِرُونَ
وَقُلْ رَبِّ اغْفِرْ وَارْحَمْ
وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الرَّاحِمِينَ

Surah 24 / 64 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Nûr

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 24:1 This is a surah of the Quran.
We have sent it down as Heavenly revelation
and ordained the obligations herein.
And thus, We have sent down herewith
verses of clear intent,
so that you may become mindful
of God's commandments:
- 24:2 As to she who fornicates and he who fornicates,
whip each one of them a hundred lashes—
and let no pity for them overtake you
in adhering to God's religion,
if truly you believe in God
and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day.
Moreover, let a group of the believers
witness their punishment.
- 24:3 A man who fornicates shall not marry anyone
but a woman who fornicates or an idolatress.
And as for the woman who fornicates,
none shall marry her
but a fornicator or an idolater—
and such marriage is forbidden
for the believers.
- 24:4 As to those who accuse chaste women

سُورَةُ أَنْزَلْنَاهَا وَفَرَضْنَاهَا
وَأَنْزَلْنَا فِيهَا آيَاتٍ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ
الرَّانِيَةِ وَالزَّانِيَ فَاجْلِدُوا
كُلَّ وَجْهٍ مِنْهُمَا مِائَةَ جَلْدَةٍ
وَلَا تَأْخُذْكُمْ بِهِمَا رَأْفَةٌ فِي دِينِ اللَّهِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ
وَلْيَشْهَدْ عَذَابُهُمَا طَائِفَةٌ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
الزَّانِيَ لَا يَنْكِحُ
إِلَّا زَانِيَةً أَوْ مُشْرِكَةً
وَالزَّانِيَةَ لَا يَنْكِحُهَا
إِلَّا زَانٍ أَوْ مُشْرِكٌ
وَحَرِيمٌ ذَلِكَ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَالَّذِينَ يَزْمُونَ الْمُحْصَنَاتِ

سُورَةُ النُّورِ

الجزء الثامن عشر

- of illicit sexual intercourse
 who then do not produce four eyewitnesses
 to the very act, whip them eighty lashes
 and do not accept
 any testimony from them ever after,
 for it is these who are the ungodly—
 24:5 except for those of them
 who repent after this offense
 and set things aright.
 For, indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
 24:6 As to those who accuse their wives of adultery
 while having no eyewitnesses but themselves,
 then the due testimony of each accuser
 is to bear witness four times, swearing by God,
 that he is, indeed, of the truthful—
 24:7 while the fifth testimony shall be
 that the curse of God be upon him
 if he is of the liars.
 24:8 Yet punishment shall be averted from her
 if she bears witness four times,
 swearing by God,
 that he is, indeed, of the liars—
 24:9 while the fifth testimony shall be
 that the wrath of God be upon her
 if he is of the truthful.
 24:10 Now, what would become of you, O believers,
 were it not for the grace of God upon you,
 and His mercy,
 and were it not that God
 is, indeed, all-relenting, all-wise!
 24:11 Indeed, those who have come to you
 with the wicked slander
 against the mother of the believers
 are a band of hypocrites among you.
 Do not consider it evil for you.

ثُمَّ لَمْ يَأْتُوا بِأَرْبَعَةِ شُهَدَاءَ
 فَاجْلِدُوهُمْ ثَمَانِينَ جَلْدَةً
 وَلَا تَقْبَلُوا لَهُمْ شَهَادَةً أَبَدًا
 وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ
 إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوا ٥
 مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ وَأَصْلَحُوا
 فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
 وَالَّذِينَ يَرْمُونَ أَزْوَاجَهُمْ
 وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُمْ شُهَدَاءُ إِلَّا أَنْفُسُهُمْ
 فَشَهَادَةُ أَحَدِهِمْ
 أَرْبَعُ شَهَادَاتٍ بِاللَّهِ
 إِنَّهُ لَمِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ
 وَالْخَامِسَةُ ٦
 أَنْ لَعْنَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ
 إِنْ كَانَ مِنَ الْكَاذِبِينَ
 وَيَدْرَأُ عَنْهَا الْعَذَابَ
 أَنْ تَشْهَدَ أَرْبَعُ شَهَادَاتٍ بِاللَّهِ
 إِنَّهُ لَمِنَ الْكَاذِبِينَ
 وَالْخَامِسَةَ ٧
 أَنَّ غَضَبَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهَا
 إِنْ كَانَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ
 وَلَوْ لَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ
 وَرَحْمَتُهُ ٨
 وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ تَوَّابٌ حَكِيمٌ
 إِنَّ الَّذِينَ جَاءُوا بِالْإِفْكِ
 عُصْبَةٌ مِنْكُمْ
 لَا تَحْسَبُوهُ شَرًّا لَكُمْ
 بَلْ هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ

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But, rather, it is good for you.
Each one of them shall be charged
with the sin he has earned.
Moreover, whoever of them took upon himself
the greater part of 'spreading' it,
for him there shall be a great torment
'in the Hereafter'.

24:12 If only when you 'first' heard it 'uttered',
the believing men
and the believing women 'among you'
thought good of 'the believers
among' themselves, and said:

This is clearly wicked slander!

24:13 And if only they 'who uttered the slander'
had produced,
'under obligation from you believers',
four witnesses 'to attest' to it!

But since they could not produce any witnesses,
it is these, in the sight of God,
who are 'to have been adjudged as' the liars
'in this matter'.

24:14 Yet were it not
for the grace of God upon you, and His mercy
in this world and in the Hereafter,
a great torment

would, most surely, have afflicted you
for that 'gossip' in which you have indulged,

24:15 when you relayed 'the wicked slander'
among one another 'with your 'own' tongues.

Thus with your own mouths you uttered
that of which you had no sure knowledge.
Yet you think it a light thing,
while before God it is enormous.

24:16 And if only when you heard of it you said:
It is not 'lawful' for us to speak about this.
Highly exalted are You!

لِكُلِّ أَمْرٍ مِنْهُمْ
مَا أَكْتَسَبَ مِنَ الْإِنِّ
وَالَّذِي تَوَلَّى كِبْرَهُ مِنْهُمْ
لَهُ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٢﴾
ظَنَّ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتُ
بِأَنفُسِهِمْ خَيْرًا وَقَالُوا
هَذَا إِفْكٌ مُبِينٌ
لَوْلَا جَاءُوا عَلَيْهِ
بِأَرْبَعَةِ شُهَدَاءَ فَإِذْ لَمْ يَأْتُوا
بِالشُّهَدَاءِ فَأُولَئِكَ
عِنْدَ اللَّهِ هُمُ الْكَذِبُونَ
وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ
وَرَحْمَتُهُ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ
لَسَكَّرَ فِي مَا أَفَضْتُمْ فِيهِ
عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٣﴾
إِذْ تَلَقَّوْنَهُ بِأَلْسِنَتِكُمْ
وَتَقُولُونَ بِأَفْوَاهِكُمْ
مَا لَيْسَ لَكُمْ بِهِ عِلْمٌ
وَتُحْسِبُونَهُ هَيِّنًا
وَهُوَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ عَظِيمٌ
وَلَوْلَا إِذْ سَمِعْتُمُوهُ قُلْتُمْ
مَا يَكُونُ لَنَا أَنْ نَتَكَلَّمَ بِهَذَا
سُبْحَانَكَ هَذَا بُهْتَنٌ عَظِيمٌ
يَعِظُكُمُ اللَّهُ ﴿١٤﴾

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This is an enormous calumny.

- 24:17 God admonishes you never to repeat the likes of this 'sin', if you are truly believers.
- 24:18 Thus does God make clear to you the 'commandments in His revealed' verses. And God is all-knowing, all-wise.
- 24:19 As for those who love to spread about obscenity among the believers, there shall be for them a most painful torment in this world and 'in' the Hereafter. For God knows 'every hidden intent', and you do not know.
- 24:20 Then 'what would become of you, O believers', were it not for the grace of God upon you, and His mercy, and 'were it not that God is, indeed, all-kind, mercy-giving!
- 24:21 *O you who believe! Do not follow the footsteps of Satan. For whoever follows the footsteps of Satan merely enjoins obscenity and 'ungodly' wrongdoing 'upon people'. Thus were it not for the grace of God upon you, and His mercy, not a single one of you would have ever been purified; but God purifies whomever He so wills. And God is all-hearing, all-knowing.
- 24:22 Moreover, let not people of 'moral' excellence and affluence among you swear off giving 'charitably to 'close relatives, and the indigent, and the Émigrés in the path of God 'in reproach for a wrong done'. But, rather, let them pardon and overlook 'it'.

أَنْ تَعُودُوا لِمِثْلِهِ أَبَدًا
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٨﴾
وَيَسِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمُ الْآيَاتِ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ ﴿١٩﴾
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُحِبُّونَ
أَنْ تَشِيعَ الْفَاحِشَةُ
فِي الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ
وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ
وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ
عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَتُهُ
وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ رَءُوفٌ رَحِيمٌ
يَتَأْتِيهِمُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
لَا تَتَّبِعُوا خُطُوَاتِ الشَّيْطَانِ
وَمَنْ يَتَّبِعْ خُطُوَاتِ الشَّيْطَانِ
فَإِنَّهُ بِأَمْرِ الْفَحْشَاءِ وَالْمُنْكَرِ
وَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ
عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَتُهُ
مَا زَكَّيْنَا مِنْكُمْ مِنْ أَحَدٍ أَبَدًا
وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يُزَكِّي مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ
وَلَا يَأْتَلِ أُولُو الْفَضْلِ مِنْكُمْ
وَالسَّعَةِ أَنْ يُؤْتُوا أُولَى الْقُرْبَى
وَالْمَسْكِينِ
وَالْمُهَاجِرِينَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَلِيَعْفُوا وَلْيَصْفَحُوا
أَلَا يُحِبُّونَ أَنْ يَغْفِرَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ
وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٢٢﴾

سُورَةُ النُّورِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي

- Do you not love that God should forgive you?
Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 24:23 Yet those who accuse chaste women
of indecency—
women who have never even
considered indecency and who are believers—
such are cursed in this world
and in the Hereafter.
For them there is a great torment awaiting
on a Day Hereafter when their tongues
and their hands and their legs
shall all bear witness against them
for all the evil that they used to do in life.
- 24:25 On that Day,
God shall fully render them their just due.
Thus they shall, most surely, know
that it is God alone who is the manifest Truth.
- 24:26 Depraved women are only for depraved men.
And depraved men
are only for depraved women.
But wholesome women
are for wholesome men.
And wholesome men
are for wholesome women.
For as to the wholesome, they are innocent
of all that the depraved say of them.
For them, there is forgiveness from God
and a generous provision
awaiting in the Hereafter.
- 24:27 O you who believe!
You shall not enter homes,
other than your own homes,
until you take welcome permission
and greet their people with peace.
That is best for you—

٢٣ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَرْمُونَ

الْمُحْصَنَاتِ الْغَافِلَاتِ

الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ

لُعِنُوا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ

يَوْمَ تَشْهَدُ عَلَيْهِمْ أَلْسِنُهُمْ

وَأَيْدِيهِمْ وَأَرْجُلُهُمْ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

يَوْمَ يُؤْذِنُهُمُ اللَّهُ

دِينَهُمُ الْحَقَّ وَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ

هُوَ الْحَقُّ الْمُبِينُ

الْخَبِيثَاتُ لِلْخَبِيثِينَ

وَالْخَبِيثُونَ لِلْخَبِيثَاتِ

وَالطَّيِّبَاتُ لِلطَّيِّبِينَ

وَالطَّيِّبُونَ لِلطَّيِّبَاتِ

أُولَئِكَ مُبَرَّءُونَ

مِمَّا يَقُولُونَ لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ

وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

لَا تَدْخُلُوا بُيُوتًا

عَدْرَ بُيُوتِكُمْ

حَتَّى تَسْتَأْذِنُوا

وَسَلِّمُوا عَلَى أَهْلِهَا

ذَٰلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكَّرُونَ

so that you may become mindful
of the benefit of God's commandments.

- 24:28 But if you do not find anyone therein,
then do not enter them,
until permission is given to you.
Moreover, if it is said to you
by their inhabitants: Turn back!
then turn back and do not persist.
That is purer for you,
and God is all-knowing of all that you do.

- 24:29 It is not an offense for you
to enter an 'unrestricted' residence
that is not inhabited by 'specific' residents,
in which there are accommodations for you.
Yet God knows all that you reveal
and all that you conceal.

- 24:30 Say 'also' to the believing men, 'O Prophet,'
that they should lower their gaze
from women that are forbidden to them
and safeguard the chastity of their secret parts.
That is most pure for them.

Indeed, God is all-aware of all that they do.

- 24:31 And say to the believing women, 'as well,'
that they should lower their gaze
from men that are forbidden to them
and safeguard the chastity of their secret parts,
and not exhibit their own 'physical' adornment,
except what must necessarily appear thereof.
Thus let them draw their veils over their bosoms
and not exhibit their own 'physical' adornment
to other than their husbands, or their fathers,
or their husbands' fathers,
or their own sons, or their husbands' sons,
or their brothers, or their brothers' sons,
or their sisters' sons,
or their womenfolk who are believers,

سُورَةُ النُّورِ

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(٢٨) فَإِنْ لَمْ تَجِدُوا فِيهَا أَحَدًا
فَلَا تَدْخُلُوهَا حَتَّى يُوْذَنَ لَكُمْ
وَأِنْ قِيلَ لَكُمْ ازْجِعُوا فَازْجِعُوا
هُوَ أَزْكى لَكُمْ

(٢٩) وَاللَّهُ يَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ عَلَيْكُمْ
لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ
أَنْ تَدْخُلُوا بُيُوتًا غَيْرَ مَسْكُونَةٍ
فِيهَا مَتَاعٌ لَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ
مَا تَبْذُرُونَ وَمَا تَكْتُمُونَ

(٣٠) قُلْ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ
يَغْضُوا مِنْ أَبْصَارِهِمْ
وَيَحْفَظُوا فُرُوجَهُمْ
ذَلِكَ أَزْكى لَهُمْ

(٣١) إِنَّ اللَّهَ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا يَصْنَعُونَ
وَقُلْ لِلْمُؤْمِنَاتِ
يَغْضِضْنَ مِنْ أَبْصَارِهِنَّ
وَيَحْفَظْنَ فُرُوجَهُنَّ

وَلَا يَبْدِينَ زِينَتَهُنَّ
إِلَّا مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَلْيَضْرِبْنَ
خُضْرُجَهُنَّ عَلَى جُيُوبِهِنَّ
وَلَا يَبْدِينَ زِينَتَهُنَّ
إِلَّا لِبُعُولَتِهِنَّ

أَوْ آبَائِهِنَّ
أَوْ آبَاءِ بُعُولَتِهِنَّ
أَوْ أَبْنَاءِهِنَّ
أَوْ أَبْنَاءِ بُعُولَتِهِنَّ
أَوْ إِخْوَانِهِنَّ

أَوْ بَنِي إِخْوَانِهِنَّ
أَوْ بَنِي أَخَوَاتِهِنَّ أَوْ نِسَائِهِنَّ
أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُهُنَّ

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or those 'bondservants'
whom their hands rightfully possess,
or male attendants without sexual desire,
or children, who are not yet 'sexually' discerning
about the nakedness of women.
Nor let them stamp their feet 'while walking'
to make 'visibly' known what they conceal
of their adornments.

But turn all together to God in repentance,
O you believers, so that you may be successful.

24:32 Moreover, let the unwed among you marry,
and also the righteous of your bondmen
and bondwomen.

If they are poor,
God shall enrich them from His bounty.
And God is all-encompassing, all-knowing.

24:33 As to those who do not find
'means' for marriage,
let them keep themselves 'pure and' chaste,
until God enriches them from His bounty.
Moreover,
if those whom your hands rightfully possess
desire a deed 'of emancipation',
then write it for them,
if you come to know goodness in them.
Moreover, give them of the wealth of God
that He has given you.

Nor shall you compel your handmaidens
to whoredom—
for they 'too ardently' desire to be chaste—
in order 'for yourselves, thereby',
to seek the fleeting things
of the life of this world.
But should one so compel them—
then 'the compeller is guilty',
while 'after their having been so compelled,

أَوْ النَّاصِيغِينَ
غَيْرِ أُولَى الْأَرْزَاقِ مِنَ الرِّجَالِ
أَوْ الطِّفْلِ الذَّبِّكَ لَمْ
يُظْهِرُوا عَلَى عَوْرَتِ النِّسَاءِ
وَلَا يَضْرِبْنَ بِأَرْجُلِهِنَّ
لِيُعْلَمَ مَا يَخْفَيْنَ مِنْ زِينَتِهِنَّ
وَتُوبُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ جَمِيعًا
أَنَّهُ الْعَافِيُونَ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَقْلِحُونَ
وَأَنْكِحُوا الْأَيَامَى مِنْكُمْ
وَالصَّالِحِينَ
مِنْ عِبَادِكُمْ وَإِمَائِكُمْ
إِنْ يَكُونُوا فُقَرَاءَ
يُعْنِهِمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
وَاللَّهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ
وَلْيَسْتَغْفِرِ الَّذِينَ
لَا يَجِدُونَ نِكَاحًا
حَتَّى يُعْنِيَهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
وَالَّذِينَ يَبْتَغُونَ الْكِتَابَ
مِمَّا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ
فَكَاتِبُوهُمْ إِنْ عَلِمْتُمْ فِيهِمْ خَيْرًا
وَأَتَوْهُمْ مِنْ مَالِ اللَّهِ
الَّذِي آتَيْنَاكُمْ
وَلَا تُكْرَهُوا قَبْلَئِكُمْ عَلَى الْبَغَاءِ
إِنْ أَرَدَنْ تَخَصُّصًا
لِيَبْتَغُوا عَرَضَ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا
وَمَنْ يُكْرِهْنَّ
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ مِنْ بَعْدِ إِكْرَاهِهِنَّ
عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

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God is all-forgiving of such handmaidens,
and mercy-giving toward them.

- 24:34 Thus very truly, O humankind,
We have sent down to you in this Quran
verses that clarify God's truth
and give examples that elucidate
the exemplary ways of those righteous ones
who have passed away before you,
along with specific admonitions
of good conduct
for the benefit of the God-fearing.

- 24:35 *God is the Light of the heavens and the earth.
The likeness of His light
is as a niche wherein is a lamp,
the lamp in a glass,
the glass as if it were a brilliant star,
kindled from a blessed tree,
an olive—neither eastern nor western—
whose oil would nearly shine out
even if no fire touches it.
Light upon light!
God guides to His light whomever He so wills.
And God sets forth parables for all people.
For God alone is all-knowing of all things.
- 24:36 Such light shines within houses of worship
that God has decreed to be raised up
and for His name
to be ever remembered in them.
Giving due exaltation to Him therein—
in the early mornings and late afternoons—
there are men
whom neither commerce nor selling divert
from the remembrance of God,
or from the establishment of the Prayer,

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وَلَقَدْ أَنزَلْنَا إِلَيْكُمْ
آيَاتٍ مُّبِينَاتٍ وَمَثَلًا مِّنَ
الَّذِينَ خَلَوْا مِن قَبْلِكُمْ
وَمَوْعِظَةً لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ
﴿٣٤﴾ اللَّهُ نُورٌ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
مِثْلُ نُورِهِ
كَمِشْكَاةٍ فِيهَا مِصْبَاحٌ
الْمِصْبَاحُ فِي زُجَاجَةٍ
الزُّجَاجَةُ كَأَنَّهَا كَوْكَبٌ دُرِّيٌّ
يُوقَدُ مِن شَجَرَةٍ مُّبَارَكَةٍ
زَيْتُونَةٍ لَّا شَرْقِيَّةٍ وَلَا غَرْبِيَّةٍ
يَكَادُ زَيْتُهَا يُضِيءُ
وَلَوْ لَمْ تَمْسَسْهُ نَارٌ
نُّورٌ عَلَى نُورٍ
يَهْدِي اللَّهُ لِنُورِهِ مَن يَشَاءُ
وَيَضْرِبُ اللَّهُ الْأَمْثَالَ لِلنَّاسِ
وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ
﴿٣٥﴾ فِي بُيُوتٍ إِذْنُ اللَّهِ أَن تَرْفَعَ
وَيَذْكُرَ فِيهَا أَسْمُهُ
يُسَبِّحُ لَهُ فِيهَا
بِالْقُدُّوسِ وَالْأَصْحَالِ
رِجَالٌ لَا تُلْهِيهِمْ
تِجَارَةٌ وَلَا بَيْعٌ عَن ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ
وَقَائِمَاتِ الصَّلَاةِ وَلِئِنَّ الزَّكَاةَ
يَخَافُونَ يَوْمًا

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- or the giving of the Zakât-Charity.
They fear a Day 'Hereafter'
when hearts and eyes shall roll 'frantically
between salvation and damnation—
24:38 in hope that God may reward them
with the best they have ever done;
and that He may increase
them from His bounty.
For God 'alone' gives provision
to whomever He so wills without measure.
24:39 But 'here is the parable'
for those who have disbelieved 'in God':
Their works are like a mirage in a leveled plain.
The thirsting man thinks it is water,
until when he approaches it
he finds that it is nothing.
Instead, 'in the Hereafter,'
he shall find 'only' God there.
Then He will render him
his 'wicked' account in full.
For God is swift in reckoning.
24:40 Or 'they are' like 'one lost
in veils of' darkness in a fathomless sea
covered by waves, above which are waves,
above which are thick clouds—
'veils of' darkness, one above the other.
If one puts his hand out, he can barely see it.
For one to whom God does not provide light
has no light at all.
24:41 Do you not see
that whoever is in the heavens and the earth
exalts God—as do the birds
outspreading 'their wings in flight'?
Each one of them 'among God's creation'
has known its 'way of' prayer and exaltation.
And God 'alone' is all-knowing

لَنَقْلُبَ فِيهِ
الْقُلُوبُ وَالْأَبْصَارُ
لِيَجْزِيَهُمُ اللَّهُ أَحْسَنَ مَا عَمِلُوا ﴿٣٨﴾
وَيَزِيدَهُم مِّن فَضْلِهِ
وَاللَّهُ يَرْزُقُ مَن يَشَاءُ
بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ
وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿٣٩﴾
أَعْمَلُهُمْ كَمَكْرٍ بِقِيَعَةٍ
يَحْسَبُهُ الظَّمْثَانُ مَاءً
حَقًّا إِذَا جَاءَهُ
لَمْ يَجِدْهُ شَيْئًا
وَوَجَدَ اللَّهَ عِنْدَهُ
فَوَفَّاهُ حِسَابَهُ
وَاللَّهُ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ
أَوْ كَطُلُمُتٍ فِي بَحْرٍ لُّجِّي
يَقْشَرُهُ مَوْجٌ مِّن فَوْقِهِ مَوْجٌ
مِّن فَوْقِهِ سَحَابٌ
ظُلُمْتُ بَعْضُهَا فَوْقَ بَعْضٍ
إِذَا أَخْرَجَ يَكْدُهُ لَمْ يَكْدِرْهَا
وَمَن لَّمْ يَجْعَلِ اللَّهُ لَهُ نُورًا
فَمَا لَهُ مِن نُّورٍ
أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ يُسْخِرُ لَهُ ﴿٤١﴾
مَن فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَالطَّيْرِ صَفَفَتْ
كُلٌّ قَدْ عَلِمَ صَلَاتَهُ وَتَسْبِيحَهُ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِمَا يَفْعَلُونَ
وَلِلَّهِ مَلَكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ﴿٤٢﴾

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of all the acts that they do.

- 24:42 For to God alone belongs the dominion over the heavens and the earth.
And to God alone is the ultimate destiny.

- 24:43 Have you not seen
that God drives the clouds on,
then joins them together,
then piles them up in heaps,
then you see rainfall issuing from their midst?
Moreover, He sends down from the heaven
mountainous clouds in which there is hail.
Then He strikes with it whomever He so wills
and turns it away from whomever He so wills.
The flash of its lightning
nearly takes away the sight.

- 24:44 God alone alternates the night and the daylight.
Indeed, in this, there is a sure lesson
for those who have eyes to see!

- 24:45 Moreover, God created every treading beast
from water.
Yet of them are those that go on their bellies.
And of them are those that walk on two legs.
And of them are those that walk on four.
God creates whatever He so wills.
Indeed, God is powerful over all things.

- 24:46 Thus very truly, We have sent down verses
clarifying God's truth.
Yet God alone guides whomever He so wills
to a straight way of salvation.

- 24:47 Now, they who are hypocrites say:
We believe in God and in the Messenger,
and we obey them.
Then a group of them turns away
after this in defiance.
Thus the likes of these are not true believers.

وَلِلَّهِ الْمَصِيرُ
الَّذِينَ تَرَى اللَّهَ يُنَزِّلُ سَحَابًا
ثُمَّ يُؤْتِي بِهِ مُمْسِكًا ثُمَّ يُجْعَلُهُ رُكَامًا
فَتَرَى الْوَدْقَ يَخْرُجُ مِنْ خِلَالِهِ
وَيُنَزِّلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ
مِنْ جِبَالٍ فِيهَا مِنْ بَرَدٍ
فَيُصِيبُ بِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَيَصْرِفُهُ عَنِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
يَكَادُ سَنَا بَرْقِهِ
يَذْهَبُ بِالْأَبْصَارِ
يَقْلِبُ اللَّهُ اللَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً لِقَوْمٍ أَلْبَسُوا
وَاللَّهُ خَلَقَ كُلَّ دَابَّةٍ مِنْ مَّاءٍ
فَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَمْشِي عَلَى بَطْنِهِ
وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَمْشِي عَلَى رِجْلَيْنِ
وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَمْشِي عَلَى أَرْبَعٍ
يَخْلُقُ اللَّهُ مَا يَشَاءُ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
لَقَدْ أَنْزَلْنَا آيَاتٍ مُبَيِّنَاتٍ
وَاللَّهُ يَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ
إِلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ
وَيَقُولُونَ آمَنَّا
بِاللَّهِ وَبِالرَّسُولِ وَأَطَعْنَا
ثُمَّ يَتَوَلَّى فَرِيقٌ مِنْهُمْ
مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ
وَمَا أُولَئِكَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَإِذَا دُعُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

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- 24:48 For when they are called to God
and His Messenger
to judge between them 'in their disputes',
without delay
a party of them turn themselves aside
'to avoid judgment against themselves'.
- 24:49 But if the truth is 'decisively' in their favor,
they come to him in full submission.
- 24:50 Is there sickness in their hearts?
Or is it, rather,
that they doubt 'the word of faith',
and, therefore, fear that God and His Messenger
will be unjust to them?
Rather, it is these who are the wrongdoers,
'godless in heart'.
- 24:51 Indeed, the only word of the 'true' believers
when they are called to God and His Messenger
to judge between them is but to say:
We hear and we obey!
Thus it is these who are the 'truly' successful.
- 24:52 For whoever obeys God and His Messenger—
and venerates God and fears Him—
then such as these are the 'truly' triumphant.
- 24:53 *Yet they 'who are hypocrites' swore by God,
with the utmost of their vows,
that if ever, 'O Prophet',
you were to command them,
they would go forth 'in God's cause'.
Say 'to them': Do not swear!
'Your false swearing of' obedience is known!
Indeed, God is all-aware
of all 'the works' that you do.
- 24:54 Say 'to them': You shall obey God.
And you shall obey the Messenger.
Yet if you turn away,
then 'know that' he is answerable

لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَهُمْ
إِذَا فُرِيقٌ مِنْهُمْ مُعْرَضُونَ
وَأِنْ يَكُنْ لَهُمُ الْخُفُؤُا
يَأْتُوا إِلَيْهِ مُذْعِنِينَ
أَفَى قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ أَمْ ارْتَابُوا
أَمْ يَخَافُونَ
أَنْ يَحْيِفَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَرَسُولَهُ
بَلْ أَوَلَّيَكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ
إِنَّمَا كَانَ قَوْلَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
إِذَا دُعُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ
لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَهُمْ
أَنْ يَقُولُوا سَمِعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا
وَأَوَلَّيَكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ
وَمَنْ يُطِيعِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
وَيَخْشَ اللَّهَ وَيَتَّقْهُ
فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْفَائِزُونَ
❖ وَأَقْسَمُوا بِاللَّهِ
جَهْدَ أَيْمَانِهِمْ
لَنْ أَمُرْتَهُمْ لِخُرُوجٍ
قُلْ لَا تَقْسِمُوا
طَاعَةٌ مَعْرُوفَةٌ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ خَيْرٌ مِمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ
قُلْ أَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ
وَأَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ
فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْهِ مَا حُمِّلَ
وَعَلَيْكُمْ مَا حُمِّلْتُمْ

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only for what he is charged to bear;
and you are answerable
for what you are charged to bear.
But if you obey him, you will be rightly guided.
Yet nothing is incumbent upon the Messenger
except the clear conveyance of God's message.

24:55 God has promised those of you who believe
and do righteous deeds that He will, most surely,
make them sovereign successors in the earth,
just as He has made
the like of those before them
successors therein.

Moreover, He will, most surely,
establish for them their religion,
which He has chosen for them.
Furthermore, He will, most surely,
give them in exchange,
after their fear, great security—
so long as they worship Me alone,
not associating anything as a god with Me.
Yet whoever disbelieves
after this solemn promise,
then it is these who are the ungodly.

24:56 Thus duly establish the Prayer,
and give the Zakât-Charity,
and obey the Messenger,
so that you may be granted mercy.

24:57 Never think that those who disbelieve
can elude the mighty Hand of God
in even the furthest reaches of the earth.
Moreover, their final abode
shall be the Fire of Hell—
and a most woeful destination it is!

24:58 O you who believe!
Let those whom your hands rightfully possess,

وَأَن تَطِيعُوهُ تَهْتَدُوا
وَمَا عَلَى الرَّسُولِ
إِلَّا الْبَلَاغُ الْمُبِينُ ﴿٥٥﴾
وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مِنكُمْ
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
لَيَسْتَخْلِفَنَّهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
كَمَا أَسْتَخْلَفَ
الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ
وَلَيُمَكِّنَنَّ لَهُمْ دِينَهُمُ
الَّذِي أَرَادُوا أَن يَخْتَارُوا
وَلَيُبَدِّلَنَّهُم
مِّن بَعْدِ خَوْفِهِمْ أَمْنًا
يَعْبُدُونَنِي
لَا يُشْرِكُونَ بِي شَيْئًا
وَمَن كَفَرَ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ
فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿٥٦﴾
وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ
وَأَتُوا الزَّكَاةَ
وَاطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿٥٧﴾
لَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
مُعْجِزِينَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَمَا يَتَّبِعُهُمُ الْتَارُ
وَلَيَكُنَّ الْمَصِيرُ
إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَيَسْتَخْلِفَنَّهُمُ
الَّذِينَ مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ
وَالَّذِينَ لَمْ يَبْلُغُوا الْحُلُمَ مِنكُمْ

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and those among you
who have not reached puberty,
seek your permission to attend to you
at three times of day:
Before Dawn Prayer,
and whenever you lay aside your garments
at noontime,
and after the Evening Prayer:
These are three intervals of privacy for you.
It is not an offense for you, nor for them,
in times of day apart from this,
that they go about attending you,
or you, one another.

And thus does God make clear to you
the commandments in His revealed verses.
For God is all-knowing, all-wise.

24:59 Moreover, when the children among you
reach puberty,
let them seek permission to attend to you,
as those before them have sought permission.
And thus does God make clear to you
the commandments in His revealed signs.

For God is all-knowing, all-wise.

24:60 As for women beyond child-bearing age
who have no desire for marriage,
it is not an offense for them
if they lay aside their outer garments,
without unduly exhibiting
any of their adornment.

Yet if they abstain from this
out of modesty, it is best for them.

And God is all-hearing, all-knowing

24:61 There is no offense for the blind,
nor is it an offense for the lame,
nor is it an offense for the sick
as to the commandments

ثَلَاثَ مَرَّاتٍ

مِنْ قَبْلِ صَلَاةِ الْفَجْرِ وَحِينَ

تَضَعُونَ ثِيَابَكُمْ مِنَ الظَّهِيرَةِ

وَمِنْ بَعْدِ صَلَاةِ الْعِشَاءِ

ثَلَاثُ عَوْرَاتٍ لَكُمْ

لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَا عَلَيْهِمْ

جُنَاحٌ بَعْدَهُنَّ

طَوُفُوتٍ عَلَيْكُمْ

بَعْضُكُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ

كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ الْآيَاتِ

وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

وَإِذَا بَلَغَ

الْأَطْفَالُ مِنْكُمْ الْحُلُمَ

فَلْيَسْتَأْذِنُوا كَمَا اسْتَأْذَنَ

الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ كَذَلِكَ

يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ آيَاتِهِ

وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

وَالْقَوَاعِدُ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ

الَّتِي لَا يَرْجُونَ نِكَاحًا

فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْهِنَّ جُنَاحٌ

أَنْ يَضَعْنَ ثِيَابَهُنَّ

غَيْرَ مُتَبَرِّجَاتٍ بِزِينَتٍ

وَأَنْ يَسْتَغْفِرْنَ خَيْرٌ لَهُنَّ

وَاللَّهُ سَكِيمٌ

لَيْسَ عَلَى الْأَعْمَى حَرَجٌ

وَلَا عَلَى الْأَعْرَجِ حَرَجٌ

وَلَا عَلَى الْمَرِيضِ حَرَجٌ

وَلَا عَلَى أَنْفُسِكُمْ

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wherein they are unable .
 Nor is there any offense for yourselves,
 O believers,
 if you freely eat from your own homes,
 or the homes of your fathers,
 or the homes of your mothers,
 or the homes of your brothers,
 or the homes of your sisters,
 or the homes of your paternal uncles,
 or the homes of your paternal aunts,
 or the homes of your maternal uncles,
 or the homes of your maternal aunts,
 or the homes
 to which you properly hold the keys,
 or the homes of your friends.
 Nor is it an offense
 for you to eat together, or apart.
 Yet when you enter such homes,
 greet each other with peace—
 a greeting from the very providence of God,
 blessed and wholesome.
 Thus does God make the commandments
 of His revealed verses clear to you,
 so that you may understand and observe them.
 Furthermore, the true and constant believers
 are those who believe in God
 and His Messenger—
 and who,
 whenever they are together with the Prophet
 addressing a matter of common concern,
 do not part until they have taken his permission.
 O Prophet!
 As to those who take your permission
 before parting with you ,
 these are the ones who truly believe in God
 and His Messenger.

أَنْ تَأْكُلُوا مِنْ بُيُوتِكُمْ
 أَوْ بُيُوتِ آبَائِكُمْ
 أَوْ بُيُوتِ أُمَّهَاتِكُمْ
 أَوْ بُيُوتِ إِخْوَانِكُمْ
 أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَخَوَاتِكُمْ
 أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَعْمَامِكُمْ
 أَوْ بُيُوتِ عَمَّاتِكُمْ
 أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَخَوَاتِكُمْ
 أَوْ بُيُوتِ خَالَاتِكُمْ
 أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتْهُ
 مَفَاتِحُهُ

أَوْ صَدِيقِكُمْ
 لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ
 أَنْ تَأْكُلُوا جَمِيعًا
 أَوْ أَشْتَاتًا فَإِذَا دَخَلْتُمْ
 بُيُوتًا فَسَلِّمُوا عَلَى أَنْفُسِكُمْ
 تَحِيَّةٌ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
 مُبَارَكَةٌ طَيِّبَةٌ
 كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ
 لَكُمْ الْآيَاتِ
 لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ
 إِنَّمَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ
 وَإِذَا كَانُوا مَعَهُ

عَلَى أَمْرٍ جَامِعٍ
 لَمْ يَذْهَبُوا حَتَّى يَسْتَأْذِنُوهُ
 إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَسْتَأْذِنُونَكَ
 أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ
 بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ
 فَإِذَا أَسْتَأْذَنُوكَ
 لِبَعْضِ شَأْنِهِمْ

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- So when they ask your permission
to attend to some of their own affairs,
give permission to whomever of them you will.
Moreover, seek God's forgiveness for them.
Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 24:63 You 'believers' shall not, however,
render the manner
of calling upon the Messenger
among yourselves,
like your own calling upon one another.
Truly God knows those 'hypocrites' among you
who, sheltered by one another,
stealthily slip away
from the assembly of the Prophet
without his permission.
Then let those who go against
His command or that of His Messenger
beware!
For a trial may well afflict them 'in this world'.
Or a most painful torment may afflict them
'in the Hereafter'.
- 24:64 Most assuredly, to God alone belongs
all that is in the heavens and the earth.
Truly, He knows every condition you are in.
Thus on the Day they all return to Him
for Judgment,
He shall tell them then the due recompense
of all that they have done 'in life'.
For God alone is all-knowing of all things.

فَإِذَا لَمِنَ شِئْتِ مِنْهُمْ
وَاسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ اللَّهُ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
لَا تَجْعَلُوا

١٣

دُعَاءَ الرُّسُلِ بَيْنَكُمْ
كَدُعَاءِ بَعْضِكُمْ بَعْضًا
قَدْ يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ
يَسْتَلُونَ مِنْكُمْ لَوَإِذَا
فَلْيَحْذَرِ الَّذِينَ
يُخَالِفُونَ عَنْ أَمْرِهِ
أَنْ تُصِيبَهُمْ فِتْنَةٌ
أَوْ يُصِيبَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
أَلَا إِنَّ لِلَّهِ

١٤

مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
قَدْ يَعْلَمُ مَا أَنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ
وَيَوْمَ يُرْجَعُونَ إِلَيْهِ
فَيُنَبِّئُهُمْ بِمَا عَمِلُوا
وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

Surah 25 / 77 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Furqân

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 25:1 Blessed be the One who has sent down upon His servant Muhammad the Quran as the Criterion, so that he might be a forewarner to all the worlds of the nearing Judgment of God—
- 25:2 the One to whom belongs all dominion over the heavens and the earth; and who has never taken for Himself any offspring; and for whom there has never been any partner in all the dominion; and who alone has created everything and alone determined all of it with precise determination.
- 25:3 Yet they who disbelieve have taken gods apart from Him that do not create anything, but who are themselves created. Nor do they hold—even for themselves—the power of harm or benefit. Nor do they hold power over death, or life, or resurrection.
- 25:4 Moreover, those who have disbelieved

بَارَكَ الَّذِي
نَزَلَ الْفُرْقَانِ عَلَى عَبْدِهِ
لِيَكُونَ لِلْعَالَمِينَ نَذِيرًا
الَّذِي لَهُ
مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَلَمْ يَتَّخِذْ وَلَدًا
وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ شَرِيكٌ فِي الْمُلْكِ
وَخَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ
فَقَدَرَهُ نَقْدِيرًا
وَاتَّخَذُوا مِنْ دُونِهِ آلِهَةً
لَّا يَخْلُقُونَ شَيْئًا
وَهُمْ يُخْلَقُونَ
وَلَا يَمْلِكُونَ لِأَنفُسِهِمْ
ضَرًّا وَلَا نَفْعًا وَلَا يَمْلِكُونَ
مَوْتًا وَلَا حَيَاةً وَلَا نُشُورًا

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have said of this Quran:

Indeed, this is but a fabrication that he
who claims to be a messenger has forged,
while other people have helped him with it!
Thus, truly, they have come forth
with a grave wrongdoing and falsehood.

25:5 So too have they said of it:

Tales of the ancients is all it is,
which he has sought to write down.
Thus they are dictated to him by another,
early morning and late afternoon.

25:6 Say, O Prophet:

The One who alone knows every secret
in the heavens and the earth
has, most surely, sent it down
as divine revelation.

Indeed, ever is He all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

25:7 And they have said, as well:

What is with this messenger that he eats food
and walks through the marketplaces?

If only an angel were sent down to him
to be a forewarner along with him!

25:8 Or if only a treasure-trove
were cast down to him!

Or if only he were to have
a miraculous garden from which he could eat!
Furthermore,

the godless wrongdoers have said of you,
O Prophet:

Indeed, you believers
but follow a man bewitched!

25:9 Look how they set forth

malicious images for you, O Prophet!
Thus have they strayed so far from guidance
that they cannot find a way back to God.

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا إِفْكُ افْتَرَاهُ

وَأَعَانَهُ عَلَيْهِ

قَوْمٌ آخَرُونَ

فَقَدْ جَاءُوا ظُلْمًا وَزُورًا

وَقَالُوا أَسْطِيزِرُ الْأَوَّلِينَ

أَكْتَتَبَهَا

فَهِىَ تُمْلَى عَلَيْهِ

بُكْرَةً وَأَصِيلًا

قُلْ أَنْزَلَهُ الَّذِي يَعْلَمُ السِّرَّ

فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَفُورًا رَحِيمًا

وَقَالُوا مَالِ هَذَا الرَّسُولِ

يَأْكُلُ الطَّعَامَ

وَيَمْشِي فِي الْأَسْوَاقِ

لَوْلَا أَنْزَلَ إِلَهُهُ مَلَكٌ

فَيَكُونُ مَعَهُ نَذِيرًا

أَوْ يُنْفَخِ إِلَيْهِ كَنْزٌ

أَوْ تَكُونُ لَهُ جَنَّةٌ

يَأْكُلُ مِنْهَا

وَقَالَ الظَّالِمُونَ

إِنْ تَتَّبِعُونَ

إِلَّا رَجُلًا مَسْحُورًا

أَنْظِرْكَ فَصَرَبُوا لَهُ

الْأَمْثَلَ فَضَلُّوا

فَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ سَبِيلًا

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الجزء الثامن عشر

- 25:10 Blessed be the One
 who if He so willed it to be done
 would make for you, 'O Prophet,
 better than all that they know:
 Gardens, beneath which rivers flow!
 Moreover,
 He would make for you 'grand' palaces
 'wherein to live'.
- 25:11 Rather, they 'who have disbelieved'
 have denied 'the coming
 of the Hour' of Doom'.
 Thus have We prepared
 for 'any' one who denies the Hour
 a flaming fire 'in Hell'.
- 25:12 When 'first' it beholds them from a far-off place,
 they will hear its 'terrible' fury
 and 'its' raging sigh.
- 25:13 And when they are cast therein,
 into a 'crushingly' tight place,
 bound 'all together in chains',
 then and there they shall cry out for utter ruin.
- 25:14 'It shall be said to them:
 This Day do not cry out for a single ruin,
 but cry out for many a ruination!
- 25:15 Say 'to them':
 Is that better, or the Garden of Eternity
 that is promised to the God-fearing?
 It is a 'blessed' reward for them 'alone'
 and 'a never-ending haven
 as an 'ultimate destiny.
- 25:16 For them, therein,
 is all that they 'could' wish, everlastingly!
 It is 'incumbent' upon your Lord—a promise,
 ever to be asked for!
- 25:17 For on the Day He assembles

١٠ تَبَارَكَ الَّذِي إِنْ شَاءَ
 جَعَلَ لَكَ خَيْرًا مِنْ ذَلِكَ
 جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي
 مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
 وَيَجْعَلُ لَكَ قُصُورًا
 ١١ بَلْ كَذَّبُوا بِالسَّاعَةِ وَأَعْتَدْنَا
 لِمَنْ كَذَّبَ بِالسَّاعَةِ سَعِيرًا
 ١٢ إِذَا رَأَوْهُمْ مِنْ مَكَانٍ بَعِيدٍ
 سَمِعُوا لَهَا تَغَيُّطًا وَزَفِيرًا
 ١٣ وَإِذَا أُلْقُوا مِنْهَا
 مَكَانًا ضَيِّقًا مُقَرَّنِينَ
 دَعَوْا هُنَالِكَ ثُبُورًا
 ١٤ لَا تَدْعُوا الْيَوْمَ ثُبُورًا وَاحِدًا
 وَادْعُوا ثُبُورًا كَثِيرًا
 ١٥ قُلْ أَذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ
 أَمْ جَنَّةُ الْخُلْدِ
 الَّتِي وُعِدَ الْمُتَّقُونَ
 ١٦ كَانَتْ لَهُمْ جَزَاءً وَمَصِيرًا
 لَهُمْ فِيهَا مَا يَشَاءُونَ
 خَالِدِينَ كَانَ عَلَى رَبِّكَ
 وَعْدًا مَسْئُولًا

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الجزء الثامن عشر

- those of them who disbelieve,
and all that they worship apart from God,
it is then that He shall say to their false gods:
Are you the ones who led these,
My servants, astray?
Or did they themselves stray from the way?
25:18 They shall say: Highly exalted are You alone,
Our Lord!
Never would it have been conceivable for us
to make of ourselves patrons of anyone
apart from You.
Rather,
You bestowed them and their forefathers
with such comfort and enjoyment
in the world
that they forgot Your Remembrance!
And, thus, did they become a ruined people,
destitute of all goodness—
25:19 whereupon it shall be said to the doomed:
Those whom you worshipped in life
have, indeed, belied you,
as to all that you have said
regarding their divinity.
Now, you will not be able to turn away
the Fire of Hell from yourselves,
nor avail yourselves of any help against it.

Thus any one of you human beings
who in life persists in the grave wrong
of worshipping others with God,
We shall make him taste
a great torment in the Hereafter.

- 25:20 Moreover, We have not sent
any messengers to their peoples

وَيَوْمَ يَحْشُرُهُمْ ١٧

وَمَا يَعْبُدُونَ

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ فَيَقُولُ أَأَنْتُمْ

أَضَلَلْتُمْ عِبَادِي هَؤُلَاءِ

أَمْ هُمْ ضَلُّوا السَّبِيلَ

قَالُوا سُبْحَانَكَ ١٨

مَا كَانَ يَنْبَغِي لَنَا أَنْ نَتَّخِذَ

مِنْ دُونِكَ مِنْ أَوْلِيَاءَ

وَلَكِنْ مَتَّعْتَهُمْ وَءَابَاءَهُمْ

حَتَّى نَسُوا الذِّكْرَ

وَكَانُوا قَوْمًا بُورًا

فَقَدْ كَذَّبْتُمْ ١٩

بِمَا نَقُولُونَ

فَمَا تَسْتَطِيعُونَ

صَرَخًا وَلَا نَصْرًا

وَمَنْ يظْلِمُ مِنْكُمْ

نَذِقْهُ عَذَابًا كَبِيرًا

سُورَةُ الْفُرْقَانِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

before you, 'O Prophet,
except that they were mortals
who, most surely, ate food
and walked through the marketplaces.
Therefore, know, O humanity,
that We have caused some of you
to be a trial for others.

Will you be patient in enduring your tests?
And ever is your Lord all-seeing.

25:21 *Yet those who do not hope
for Our destined Meeting
on Judgment Day say:
Will not the angels
be sent down to us with God's messages,
or are we not to see our Lord
with our own eyes?
Very truly, they have grown so very arrogant
within themselves!

Thus they have insolently defied God—
with the greatest insolence!

25:22 The Day they see the angels—
there shall be no glad tidings on that Day
for the defiant unbelievers!

Rather, the angels will say to them:
A barrier bar you from all bliss!

25:23 And We shall turn to the deeds they have done
and turn them into scattered dust.

25:24 But the Companions
of the Everlasting Garden of Paradise
on that Day
shall be in the best place of residence
and the fairest state of repose—

25:25 a Day Hereafter,
when the heaven splits asunder
in a mist of clouds,

وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا قَبْلَكَ

مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ إِلَّا أَنَّهُمْ

لَيَأْكُلُونَ الطَّعَامَ

وَيَمْشُونَ فِي الْأَسْوَاقِ

وَجَعَلْنَا بَعْضَكُمْ لِبَعْضٍ

فِتْنَةً أَتَصْبِرُونَ

وَكَانَ رَبُّكَ بَصِيرًا

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ

لَا يَرْجُونَ لِقَاءَنَا

لَوْلَا أَنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا الْمَلَائِكَةُ

أَوْ نَرَى رَبَّنَا لَقَدْ

اسْتَكْبَرُوا فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ

وَعَتَوْا عُتْوًا كَبِيرًا

يَوْمَ يَرَوْنَ الْمَلَائِكَةَ

لَا بُشْرَى يَوْمَئِذٍ لِلْمُجْرِمِينَ

وَيَقُولُونَ حِجْرًا مَحْجُورًا

وَقَدْ مَنَّآ إِلَى

مَا عَمِلُوا مِنْ عَمَلٍ

فَجَعَلْنَاهُ هَبَاءً مَنْثُورًا

أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ يَوْمَئِذٍ

خَيْرٌ مُسْتَقَرًّا

وَأَحْسَنُ مَقِيلًا

وَيَوْمَ تَشْقَى السَّمَاءُ بِالْغَمِّ

٢٠

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PART
19
half-part
37/60

- and the angels are sent down
in descending waves.
- 25:26 True dominion that Day
belongs to the All-Merciful alone.
Thus shall it be for all the disbelievers
an 'exceedingly' hard Day—
- 25:27 a Day when the 'godless' wrongdoer
shall bite his 'very' hands 'in regret', saying:
Oh! If only I had taken a path 'to salvation',
together with the Messenger!
- 25:28 Oh, woe is me!
If only I did not take
such a one 'who disbelieved'
for an intimate friend.
- 25:29 Very truly, he has led me away
from the Remembrance 'of the Quran'
after it had come to me.
For Satan has ever been
deserting of humankind, indeed.
- 25:30 Now, 'Muhammad,'
the Messenger 'of God,' has said: O my Lord!
Indeed, 'the disbelievers among' my people
have taken this Quran as a thing to be shunned.
- 25:31 And so it is that We have appointed
for every prophet an 'inveterate' enemy
from among the defiant unbelievers.
Yet sufficient is your Lord, 'O Prophet,'
as a guide and supporter.
- 25:32 Moreover, those who disbelieve have said:
If only the Quran was sent down to him
all at once,
'then truly it would be from God!'
Yet even so 'is it revealed gradually',
so that We may set firm your heart with it,

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الْحِزْبُ الْقَاسِعُ عَشْرٌ

وَنَزَّلْنَا الْمَلَائِكَةَ تَنْزِيلًا
الْمَلَكُ يَوْمَئِذٍ الْحَقُّ لِلرَّحْمَنِ ﴿٢٦﴾
وَكَانَ يَوْمًا
عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ عَسِيرًا
وَيَوْمَ يَعْصُ الظَّالِمُ ﴿٢٧﴾
عَلَى يَدَيْهِ يَقُولُ يَلَيْتَنِي
أَتَّخَذْتُ مَعَ الرَّسُولِ سَبِيلًا
يَوَلَّى لَيْتَنِي ﴿٢٨﴾
لَمْ أَتَّخِذْ فَلَانًا خَلِيلًا
لَقَدْ أَضَلَّنِي عَنِ الذِّكْرِ ﴿٢٩﴾
بَعْدَ إِذْ جَاءَنِي
وَكَانَ الشَّيْطَانُ
لِلْإِنْسَانِ خَدُولًا
وَقَالَ الرَّسُولُ يَرَبِّ ﴿٣٠﴾
إِنَّ قَوْمِي اتَّخَذُوا
هَذَا الْقُرْآنَ مَهْجُورًا
وَكَذَلِكَ جَعَلْنَا لِكُلِّ نَبِيٍّ
عَدُوًّا مِنَ الْمُجْرِمِينَ ﴿٣١﴾
وَكُفِيَ بِرَبِّكَ
هَادِيًا وَنَصِيرًا
وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿٣٢﴾
لَوْلَا نَزَلَ عَلَيْهِ الْقُرْآنُ
جُمْلَةً وَاحِدَةً

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الجزء التاسع عشر

O Prophet;
thus have We recited it to you
in a measured recital.

25:33 And never do they bring forth
for you any false argument by way of example,
but that We have brought forth
for you the truth of it and its best exposition.

25:34 As to these who shall be marshaled
on their faces to Hell—
it is they who are in the very worst position
and furthest astray from God's way.

25:35 Now, very truly, We had given Moses
the Book of the Torah before you, O Prophet;
and along with him,

We appointed his brother, Aaron, as a minister.
25:36 Then We said: Go forth, both of you,
to the people of Pharaoh
who have denied Our signs.
Thus We demolished them—
and demolished them utterly.

25:37 Moreover, remember the people of Noah.
When they denied the divine mandate
of God's messengers, We drowned them.
Thus We made them a sign of forewarning
for all humanity.

Yet We have prepared for the wrongdoers
who deny the messengers
and are godless in heart
a more painful torment in the Hereafter.

25:38 And remember the peoples
of 'Ad and Thamûd,
and the Dwellers of the Water-Pit of Al-Rass,
and many generations between them.

25:39 Thus for each of these communities

كَذَلِكَ

لِنُنشِئَ بِهِ فُؤَادَكَ

وَرَتَّلْنَاهُ تَرْتِيلًا

وَلَا يَأْتُونَكَ بِمَثَلٍ

إِلَّا جِئْنَاكَ بِالْحَقِّ

وَأَحْسَنَ تَقْسِيمًا

الَّذِينَ يُحْشَرُونَ

عَلَى وُجُوهِهِمْ إِلَى جَهَنَّمَ

أُولَئِكَ سُوءُ مَكَانًا

وَأَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا

وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا

مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ وَجَعَلْنَا

مَعَهُ أَخَاهُ هَارُونَ وَزِيرًا

فَقُلْنَا أَذْهَبَا إِلَى الْقَوْمِ

الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا بَيِّنَاتِنَا

فَدَمَّرْنَاهُمْ تَدْمِيرًا

وَقَوْمِ نُوحٍ

لَمَّا كَذَبُوا الرُّسُلَ

أَغْرَقْنَاهُمْ

وَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ لِلنَّاسِ آيَةً

وَأَعْتَدْنَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ

عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا

وَعَادَ الْأَثَمُودَ وَأَصْحَابَ الرَّسِّ

وَقُرُونًا بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ كَثِيرًا

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- We set forth 'revealed' examples
of forewarning and destruction.
Then each We shattered to bits
for their unbelief—shattering them utterly.
25:40 And very truly, the Makkans have themselves
come upon the traces of the town of Sodom
that an evil rain showered with stones.
Have they not, then, seen this 'destruction'?
On the contrary,
they do not anticipate resurrection
for Judgment in the Hereafter.
25:41 Therefore, when they see you, O Prophet,
the disbelievers but take you as a mockery,
saying:
Is this the one
who God has sent forth as a messenger?
25:42 Indeed,
he very nearly led us astray from our gods,
had it not been
that we adhered patiently to them.
But they shall know,
when they see the torment of Hellfire,
who is furthest astray from God's way!
25:43 O Prophet!
Have you seen him
who makes his own desire his god?
Will you, then, be as a guardian over him
to compel him to believe?
25:44 Or do you really think
that most of them even listen or understand?
In fact, they are like nothing but cattle.
Rather, they are even further astray
from God's way!
25:45 Have you not seen

وَكَلَّا ضَرَبْنَاهُ لَأَمَثَلٌ
وَكَلَّا تَتَرَنَا تَتْبِيرًا
وَلَقَدْ أَنزَلْنَا عَلَى الْقَرْيَةِ الَّتِي
أَمْطَرْنَا مَطَرًا سَوَاءً
أَفَكُم بِكُفْرَانَا
يَكْرَهُهَا بَلْ كَانُوا
لَا يَرْجُونَ نُشُورًا
وَإِذَا رَأَوْكَ
إِنْ يَتَّخِذُونَكَ إِلَّا هُزُوعًا
أَهَذَا الَّذِي
بَعَثَ اللَّهُ رَسُولًا
إِنْ كَادَ لَيُضِلَّنَا
عَنِ الْهَدْيِ لَوْلَا أَنْ
صَبَرْنَا عَلَيْهَا
وَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ
حَيْثُ يَرَوْنَ الْعَذَابَ
مَنْ أَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا
أَرَأَيْتَ مَنْ
اتَّخَذَ إِلَهَهُ هَوَاهُ أَفَأَنْتَ
تَكُونُ عَلَيْهِ وَكِيلًا
أَمْ تَحْسَبُ أَنْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ
يَسْمَعُونَ أَوْ يَعْقِلُونَ
إِنْ هُمْ إِلَّا كَالْأَنْعَامِ
بَلْ هُمْ أَضَلُّ سَبِيلًا

سُورَةُ الْفُرْقَانِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- how your Lord spreads the shade?
 Had He so willed, He would have made it still.
 But We made the sun a lead for it.
- 25:46 Then We draw it in, toward Us—
 with an easy drawing.
- 25:47 And He is the One
 who has made the night for you as a mantle,
 and sleep a repose;
 and He has made the daylight
 a time of resurrection.
- 25:48 And He is the One who sends the winds
 bearing glad tidings
 before the rain-showers of His mercy.
 Thus do We send down,
 from the sky, purifying water,
 that We may give life thereby
 to a lifeless habitation,
 and from which We give drink
 to some of what We have created—
 including cattle and many people.
- 25:50 And very truly,
 We have dispersed it among them,
 that they may remember God.
 Yet most people resist all but utter unbelief.
- 25:51 Thus had We so willed, O Prophet,
 We would, most surely, have sent forth
 to every town its own forewarner.
 But it is you, henceforth,
 who shall forewarn all humanity.
- 25:52 Therefore, do not yield to the pressure
 of the disbelievers to forsake your call.
 Rather, persevere
 in impelling them with this Quran,
 with a mighty impelling.

- ٤٥ أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى رَبِّكَ
 كَيْفَ مَدَّ الظِّلَّ وَلَوْ شَاءَ
 لَجَعَلَهُ سَاكِنًا ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَا
 الشَّمْسَ عَلَيْهِ دَلِيلًا
- ٤٦ ثُمَّ قَبَضْنَاهُ إِلَيْنَا
 قَبْضًا يَسِيرًا
- ٤٧ وَهُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ
 اللَّيْلَ لِيَاسَا وَالنَّوْمَ سُبَاتًا
 وَجَعَلَ النَّهَارَ نُشُورًا
- ٤٨ وَهُوَ الَّذِي أَرْسَلَ الرِّيحَ
 بُشْرًا بَرَكٍ بَدَى رَحْمَتِهِ
 وَأَنْزَلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ
 مَاءً طَهُورًا
- ٤٩ لِنُخْشِيَ بِهِ بَلَدًا مَيِّتًا
 وَنُشْفِيَهُ مِمَّا خَلَقْنَا أَنْعَمًا
 وَأَنَاسِي كَثِيرًا
- ٥٠ وَلَقَدْ صَرَّفْنَاهُ بَيْنَهُمْ لِيَذَّكَّرُوا
 فَأَبَى أَكْثَرُ النَّاسِ
 إِلَّا كُفُورًا
- ٥١ وَلَوْ شِئْنَا لَبعَثْنَا
 فِي كُلِّ قَرْيَةٍ نَذِيرًا
- ٥٢ فَلَا تُطِيعُ الْكَافِرِينَ
 وَجَاهِدْهُمْ بِهِ

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- 25:53 *And He is the One who has merged together
 'the flow of' the two 'great' waters:
 This one sweet, fresh 'to the taste';
 and that one salty, acid.
 Yet He placed between them a 'seamless' divide,
 a barrier that bars 'their intermingling'.
- 25:54 And He is the One who, from water,
 created a human being.
 Then He made for him
 kinship of blood and of marriage.
 And ever is your Lord all-able.
- 25:55 Yet they worship apart from God
 what can neither benefit them nor harm them.
 And 'in this' the disbeliever is ever
 a partisan 'of Satan in belying the truth'
 against his own Lord!
- 25:56 Thus We have not sent you,
 'to humanity, O Prophet,'
 but as a bearer of glad tidings
 'of everlasting delight in Paradise',
 and as a forewarner 'of God's nearing Judgment'.
- 25:57 Say 'to them, O Prophet,
 concerning this Quran':
 I do not ask of you any reward for it.
 'I ask' only that whoever so wills
 take a path 'of Peace' to his Lord.
- 25:58 So trust the Ever-Living 'One' who never dies.
 Moreover, exalt Him with 'all' praise.
 For sufficient is He, being all-aware
 of the sins of His servants—
- 25:59 the One who has created
 the heavens and the Earth
 and all that is between them
 in 'a span of' six 'Heavenly' days,
 who then settled Himself

جَهَادًا كَبِيرًا
 ٥٣ ﴿ هُوَ الَّذِي مَرَجَ الْبَحْرَيْنِ
 هَذَا عَذْبٌ فُرَاتٌ
 وَهَذَا مِلْحٌ أُجَاجٌ
 وَجَعَلَ بَيْنَهُمَا بَرْزَخًا
 وَحِجْرًا مَحْجُورًا
 هُوَ الَّذِي
 ٥٤ ﴿ خَلَقَ مِنَ الْمَاءِ بَشَرًا
 فَجَعَلَهُ نَسَبًا وَصِهْرًا
 وَكَانَ رَبُّكَ قَدِيرًا
 وَيَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ
 ٥٥ ﴿ مَا لَا يَنْفَعُهُمْ وَلَا يَضُرُّهُمْ
 وَكَانَ الْكَافِرُ عَلَى رَبِّهِ ظَهِيرًا
 وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ
 ٥٦ ﴿ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرًا وَنَذِيرًا
 قُلْ مَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ
 ٥٧ ﴿ مِن أَجْرٍ إِلَّا مَن شَاءَ
 أَن يَتَّخِذَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِ سَبِيلًا
 وَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى الْحَيِّ
 ٥٨ ﴿ الَّذِي لَا يَمُوتُ
 وَسَبِّحْ بِحَمْدِهِ وَكَفَىٰ بِهِ
 ٥٩ ﴿ يُذَوِّبُ عِبَادَهُ خَيْرًا
 الَّذِي خَلَقَ
 السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ

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over the Throne befittingly:

The All-Merciful!

So concerning Him, 'O humanity,
inquire of the Prophet —

one who is 'divinely' informed
of the names worthy of God.

25:60 For when it is said

to 'the disbelievers among' them:

Bow 'your faces' down to 'the ground

in willing submission before' the All-Merciful!

They say: And what is the All-Merciful?

Are we to bow 'ourselves' down

to what you command us?

Thus it 'only' increases them

in aversion 'to faith'. ﴿١٠﴾

25:61 Blessed be the One

who set 'high' in the heaven constellations;

and set therein 'a sun as' a torch

and a luminous moon.

25:62 And He is the One

who has made the night

and the daylight successive—

for whoever yearns to remember 'God's majesty

or yearns to be thankful' to Him eternally —

25:63 and 'such are' the Servants of the All-Merciful:

They are the ones

who walk upon the earth softly;

and when the ignorant

'or the belligerent' address them, they say 'only':

Peace!

25:64 And they are the ones who spend the night,

before their Lord,

bowing 'their faces' down to the ground

and standing 'in Prayer'.

وَمَا يَنْبَغِي فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ

تُؤَسَّتَوَى عَلَى الْعَرْشِ

الرَّحْمَنُ

فَسَلِّ بِهِ خَيْرًا

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ

اسْجُدُوا لِلرَّحْمَنِ

قَالُوا وَمَا الرَّحْمَنُ أَنْسَجِدُ لِمَا

تَأْمُرُنَا وَزَادَهُمْ نُفُورًا ﴿١٠﴾

نَبَارِكُ الَّذِي جَعَلَ

فِي السَّمَاءِ بُرُوجًا

وَجَعَلَ فِيهَا سِرَاجًا

وَقَمَرًا مُنِيرًا

وَهُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَ

الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ خِلْفَةً

لِمَنْ أَرَادَ أَنْ يَذْكُرَ

أَوْ أَرَادَ سُكُورًا

وَعِبَادُ الرَّحْمَنِ ﴿١١﴾

الَّذِينَ يَمْشُونَ

عَلَى الْأَرْضِ هَوْنًا

وَإِذَا خَاطَبَهُمُ الْجَاهِلُونَ

قَالُوا سَلَامًا

وَالَّذِينَ يَسْتَمِعُونَ لِرَبِّهِمْ ﴿١٢﴾

﴿١٠﴾

﴿١١﴾

﴿١٢﴾

﴿١٣﴾

﴿١٤﴾

- 25:65 And they are the ones who say: Our Lord!
Turn aside from us the torment of Hell.
Indeed, its torment is unrelenting.
- 25:66 Assuredly, it is a most evil residence and station.
- 25:67 And they are the ones who when they spend
are neither excessive nor stingy,
but who stand 'firm' evenly between these.
- 25:68 And they are the ones
who do not call upon any other god with God.
Nor do they kill a soul—
which God has prohibited—except by right.
Nor do they commit illicit sexual intercourse.
For whoever does this
shall meet the penalty of sin:
25:69 Torment shall be multiplied
on the Day of Resurrection for such a one.
Thus he shall abide therein forever, disgraced—
25:70 except for whoever repents, and believes,
and does righteous deeds.
For 'the likes of' them, then,
God will substitute their misdeeds
with good deeds.
And ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 25:71 For whoever repents 'after sinning'
and works righteousness, then, indeed,
such a person has repented to God
with a worthy repentance.
- 25:72 Thus 'the Servants of the All-Merciful,'
they are the ones who do not bear false witness.
Moreover, when they pass by 'those
uttering' vile talk, they pass by honorably.
- 25:73 And they are the ones who when reminded
of the 'revealed' verses of their Lord
do not fall deaf and blind to them.
- 25:74 And they are the ones who say: Our Lord!

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سُجَّدًا وَقِيمًا
وَالَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا
أَصْرِفْ عَنَّا عَذَابَ جَهَنَّمَ
إِنَّ عَذَابَهَا كَانَ غَرَامًا
إِنَّهَا سَاءَتْ
مُسْقَرًا وَمُقَامًا
وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا أَنْفَقُوا لَمْ يُسْرِفُوا
وَلَمْ يَقْتُرُوا وَكَانَ
بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ قَوَامًا
وَالَّذِينَ لَا يَدْعُونَ مَعَ اللَّهِ
إِلَهَاءَ آخَرَ
وَلَا يَقْتُلُونَ النَّفْسَ
الَّتِي حَرَّمَ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ
وَلَا يَزْنُونَ
وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ يَلْقَ أَثَامًا
يُضَاعَفْ لَهُ الْعَذَابُ
يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ
وَيُخَلَدُ فِيهِ مُهَانًا
إِلَّا مَنْ تَابَ وَآمَنَ
وَعَمِلَ عَمَلًا صَالِحًا
فَأُولَئِكَ يَنْدِلُ اللَّهُ
سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ حَسَنَاتٍ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا
وَمَنْ تَابَ وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا
فَأِنَّهُ يُنْزِلُ إِلَى اللَّهِ مَتَابًا
وَالَّذِينَ لَا يَشْهَدُونَ الزُّورَ
وَإِذَا مَرُّوا بِاللَّغْوِ مَرُّوا كِرَامًا

سُورَةُ الْفُرْقَانِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

Grant us in our spouses and our children
the joy of our eyes.

Moreover, make us an exemplar of goodness
for the God-fearing.

25:75 Such as these shall be rewarded
with the 'High' Chamber of Heaven,
for what they endured patiently in life.
And they shall be met therein
with a 'welcoming' salutation and peace.

25:76 They shall abide therein forever—
a most excellent residence and station.

25:77 Say, 'O Prophet:
Never would my Lord
'even' care for you, 'O people,'
were it not for your calling upon Him
in worship and need.
But, truly, you 'disbelievers' have belied 'faith'.
Thus 'your punishment'
shall soon become inescapable.

وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِّرُوا

بِآيَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ

لَمْ يَخِرُّوْا عَلَيْهَا

صُمًا وَعُمًى ۚ

وَالَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا

هَبْ لَنَا مِنْ أَرْوَاحِنَا

وَذُرِّيَّتِنَا قَسْرَةً أَغْشَى

وَأَجْعَلْنَا لِلْمُتَّقِينَ إِمَامًا

أُولَٰئِكَ يُجْزَوْنَ

الْعُرْفَةَ بِمَا صَبَرُوا

وَيُلَقَّوْنَ فِيهَا

بِحَبَّةٍ وَسَلَامًا

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا

حَسَنَتْ مُسْتَقَرًّا وَمُقَامًا

قُلْ مَا يَعْبَأُ بِكُمْ رَبِّي

لَوْلَا دُعَاؤُكُمْ

فَقَدْ كَذَّبْتُمْ

فَسَوْفَ يَكُونُ لِزَامًا

Surah 26 / 227 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Shu‘arâ’

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

26:1 *Tā Sîn Mīm*

- 26:2 These are the ‘revealed’ verses
of the clear Book ‘of God elucidating truth’.
- 26:3 Perhaps, ‘O Prophet,’
you would consume yourself ‘with sorrow’
because they ‘who belie you’
will not become believers.
- 26:4 If We so will, We shall send down upon them
a sign from Heaven so ‘miraculous’
that their necks shall remain ever bent
in submission to it.
- 26:5 Yet never does any ‘Heavenly’ reminder
from the All-Merciful,
come to them anew ‘in the Quran’s verses’,
but they ‘thoughtlessly’ turn away from it.
- 26:6 Thus, truly, they have belied ‘divine revelation’.
Therefore, the ‘ill’ tidings
of that ‘Judgment’
which they have been mocking
shall soon come to them.
- 26:7 Have they not, then, looked to the earth:
How many of every gracious kind ‘of plant’

ط س م ١

تِلْكَ آيَاتُ الْكِتَابِ الْمُبِينِ ٢

لَعَلَّكَ يَجْعُ نَفْسَكَ ٣

أَلَّا يَكُونُوا مُؤْمِنِينَ ٤

إِنْ نَشَأْ ٥

نُنَزِّلُ عَلَيْهِمْ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ آيَةً ٦

فَطَلَتْ أَعْنَاقُهُمْ لَهَا خَاضِعِينَ ٧

وَمَا يَأْتِيهِمْ مِنْ ذِكْرِ ٨

مِنَ الرَّحْمَنِ مُحْدَثٍ ٩

إِلَّا كَانُوا عَنْهُ مُعْرِضِينَ ١٠

فَقَدْ كَذَبُوا فَسَيَأْتِيهِمْ أَنْبَتُهَا ١١

مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ١٢

أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا إِلَى الْأَرْضِ ١٣

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- have We caused to grow therein?
 26:8 Indeed, in 'all of' this there is a sure sign
 'of God's creative power'.
 Still most of them are not believers!
 26:9 Thus it is your Lord, 'O Prophet',
 who is most surely,
 the Overpowering 'One', the Mercy-Giving.
 26:10 Now, behold, 'O Prophet'!
 Your Lord called Moses, 'commanding him':
 You shall go to the wrongdoing people,
 26:11 the people of Pharaoh.
 Have they no fear 'of God'?
 26:12 He said: My Lord!
 Indeed, I fear that they will belie me.
 26:13 Thus would my breast narrow
 'with apprehension',
 and my tongue falter in uttering 'Your words'.
 So send, as well, for Aaron
 'to accompany me as a messenger'.
 26:14 Moreover, they have a charge
 'established' against me.
 So I fear they will kill me.
 26:15 'God' said: No, indeed!
 So go forth, both of you,
 with Our 'miraculous' signs.
 Indeed, We are with you,
 listening 'to everything'.
 26:16 Then go, both of you, to Pharaoh, and say:
 We are 'sent to you', each 'one, as' a messenger
 of the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
 26:17 So send forth with us the Children of Israel!
 26:18 'Pharaoh' said 'to Moses':
 Did we not raise you among us as a child?
 And did you not remain with us

كَمْ أَنْبَأْنَا فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ زَوْجٍ كَرِيمٍ
 ٨ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً
 وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ
 ٩ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ
 ١٠ وَإِذْ نَادَىٰ رَبُّكَ مُوسَىٰ
 ١١ أَنْ أَتَيْتَ الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ
 قَوْمَ فِرْعَوْنَ أَلا يَنْفَقُونَ
 ١٢ قَالَ رَبِّ
 ١٣ إِنِّي أَخَافُ أَنْ يُكَذِّبُونِ
 وَيَضِيقُ صَدْرِي
 وَلَا يَنْطَلِقُ لِسَايَ
 فَأَرْسِلْ إِلَىٰ هَارُونَ
 ١٤ وَهُمْ عَلَىٰ ذَنْبٍ
 فَأَخَافُ أَنْ يَقْتُلُونِ
 ١٥ قَالَ كَلَّا فَادْهَبَا بِآيَاتِنَا
 إِنَّا مَعَكُمْ مُسْتَمِعُونَ
 ١٦ فَاتَيَا فِرْعَوْنَ فَقُولَا
 إِنَّا رَسُولُ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
 ١٧ أَنْ أَرْسِلَ مَعَنَا بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
 ١٨ قَالَ أَمْ تُبْرِكُ فِينَا وَلِيدًا

- for 'many' years of your life 'thereafter'?
- 26:19 Then you did the 'evil' deed
that you have done, 'killing one of us'.
And thus were you
'one' of the ungrateful 'to me.
- 26:20 Moses' said:
I did it then, when I was 'one' of those astray.
- 26:21 So I fled from you, when I feared you.
Then my Lord granted me 'revealed' wisdom
and made me one of the messengers.
- 26:22 Yet this blessing you 'claim
to' have conferred upon me 'as a child'—
was it not because you have enslaved
the Children of Israel?
- 26:23 Pharaoh said:
And what is the Lord of 'All' the Worlds?
- 26:24 'Moses' said:
'He is' the Lord of the heavens and the earth,
and all that is between them—
if you are 'willing' to be certain 'and have faith.
- 26:25 Pharaoh' said to those around him:
Do you not hear 'this?
- 26:26 Moses' said:
He is your Lord
and the Lord of your forefathers of old.
- 26:27 'Pharaoh' said:
Indeed, your messenger
who has been sent to you,
is, most surely, a madman!
- 26:28 'Moses' said:
He is the Lord of the East and the West,
and all that is between them,
if you would but 'use your reason
to' understand.
- 26:29 'Pharaoh' said:

سُورَةُ الشُّعَرَاءِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- وَلَيْسَتْ فِينَا مِنْ عُمَرِكَ سِنِينَ
وَفَعَلْتَ فَعَلَتَكَ ١٩
الَّتِي فَعَلْتَ
وَأَنْتَ مِنَ الْكَافِرِينَ
قَالَ فَعَلْتُهَا إِذَا ٢٠
وَأَنَا مِنَ الضَّالِّينَ
فَفَرَرْتُ مِنْكُمْ لَمَّا خِفْتُكُمْ ٢١
فَوَهَبَ لِي رَبِّي حُكْمًا
وَجَعَلَنِي مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ
وَتِلْكَ نِعْمَةٌ تَمُنَّاهَا عَلَى ٢٢
أَنْ عَبَدْتُ بِحَىٰ إِسْرَائِيلَ
قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ ٢٣
وَمَا رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ
قَالَ رَبُّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ٢٤
وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُوقِنِينَ
قَالَ لِمَنْ حَوْلَهُ أَلَا تَسْمِعُونَ ٢٥
قَالَ رَبُّكُمْ ٢٦
وَرَبُّ آبَائِكُمُ الْأُولِينَ
قَالَ إِنَّ رَسُولَكُمْ ٢٧
الَّذِي أُرْسِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ لَمَجْنُونٌ
قَالَ رَبُّ الْمَشْرِقِ وَالْمَغْرِبِ ٢٨
وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ

الجزء التاسع عشر
سورة الشعراء

- Most surely,
if ever you take a god other than me,
I shall certainly confine you 'in isolation',
along with those 'now solitarily' imprisoned.
- 26:30 Moses said:
Even if I were to bring you
something clear 'as proof of what I say?
- 26:31 Pharaoh said:
Then bring it forth,
if, indeed, you are 'one' of the truthful
'messengers of God'.
- 26:32 So he threw his staff 'to the ground',
and, behold, it was a manifest snake.
- 26:33 And he drew forth his hand
'from the bosom of his garment',
and, behold,
it was 'radiant' white 'without blemish'
to 'all' the onlookers.
- 26:34 Pharaoh said
to the 'assembly of' nobles around him:
This is most surely a learned sorcerer!
He desires 'only' to oust 'all' of you
from your land with his sorcery.
So what do you command 'concerning him'?
- 26:36 They said:
Delay him and his brother,
and send forth ushers into the cities
26:37 who shall bring you every well-learned sorcerer.
- 26:38 So the sorcerers 'of Pharaoh' were gathered
for the appointed time 'at mid-morning',
on a well-known Day 'of Festival'.
- 26:39 And it was said to the people:
Are all of you gathered,
26:40 so that we may follow 'in procession'

- ٣٩ قَالَ لَئِنْ أَخَذْتُ إِلَهًا غَيْرِي
لَأَجْعَلَكَ مِنَ الْمَسْجُورِينَ
- ٤٠ قَالَ أَوْلَوْ جِئْتُكَ بِشَيْءٍ مُبِينٍ
قَالَ فَأْتِ بِهِ
- ٤١ إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصّٰدِقِينَ
فَأْتِنِي بِعَصَاكَ
- ٤٢ فَإِذَا هِيَ ثُعْبَانٌ مُّبِينٌ
وَنَزَعَ يَدَهُ
- ٤٣ فَإِذَا هِيَ بَيْضَاءُ لِلنَّظِيرِينَ
قَالَ لِلْمَلَإِ حَوْلَهُ
- ٤٤ إِنَّ هَٰذَا لَسَاحِرٌ عَلِيمٌ
يُرِيدُ أَنْ يُخْرِجَكُمْ
مِنْ أَرْضِكُمْ بِسِحْرِهِ
فَمَاذَا تَأْمُرُونَ
- ٤٥ قَالُوا أَرْجِهْ وَأَخَاهُ
وَأَبْعَثْ فِي الْمَدَائِنِ حَاشِرِينَ
- ٤٦ يَا أَيُّهَا
يَكْلُ سَحَابٍ عَلِيمٍ
- ٤٧ فَجُمِعَ السَّحَرَةُ
لِمِيقَاتِ يَوْمٍ مَّعْلُومٍ
- ٤٨ وَقِيلَ لِلنَّاسِ

- after the sorcerers,
if it is they who are triumphant?
- 26:41 So when the sorcerers came,
they said to Pharaoh:
Is there to be a 'worthy' reward for us
if it is we who are triumphant?
- 26:42 He said: Yes!
Moreover, you shall, indeed, be of those
who are brought near to me as an added honor.
- 26:43 Moses said to them:
Throw to the ground
whatever 'sorcery' you are to throw.
- 26:44 So they threw down their ropes and staffs
and said:
By the invincible might of Pharaoh,
it is we who shall, most surely, be triumphant!
- 26:45 Then Moses threw his staff to the ground,
and, behold,
it swallowed up all that they had falsified
'with their sorcery'.
- 26:46 So the sorcerers
fell to the ground, in astonishment,
bowing 'their faces' down
'in submission to God'.
- 26:47 They said:
We believe in the Lord of 'All' the Worlds,
the Lord of Moses and Aaron!
- 26:48 Pharaoh said:
Have you believed 'impetuously'
because of him,
before I have permitted you to do so?
Indeed, he is certainly your master-sorcerer,
who has taught you sorcery!
Yet, most surely, you shall learn 'your lesson'!
I shall, most surely, cut off

سُورَةُ الشُّعَرَاءِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

هَلْ أَنْتُمْ مُجْتَمِعُونَ
لَعَلَّآ نَنْبِيعُ السَّحَرَةِ ﴿٤١﴾
إِنْ كَانُوا هُمُ الْغَالِبِينَ
فَلَمَّا جَاءَ السَّحَرَةُ ﴿٤٢﴾
قَالُوا لِفِرْعَوْنَ أَإِنَّا لَنَا أَجْرٌ
إِنْ كُنَّا نَحْنُ الْغَالِبِينَ
قَالَ نَعَمْ ﴿٤٣﴾
وَأِنَّكُمْ إِذَا لَمِنَ الْمَقْرِبِينَ
قَالَ لَهُمْ مُوسَى ﴿٤٤﴾
أَلْقُوا مَا أَنْتُمْ مُلْقُونَ
فَأَلْقَوْا حِبَالَهُمْ وَعَصِيَّتَهُمْ ﴿٤٥﴾
وَقَالُوا بِعِزَّةِ فِرْعَوْنَ
إِنَّا لَنَحْنُ الْغَالِبُونَ ﴿٤٦﴾
فَأَلْقَى مُوسَى عَصَاهُ ﴿٤٧﴾
فَأِذَا هِيَ تَلْقَفُ مَا يَأْفِكُونَ
فَأَلْقَى السَّحَرَةُ سِحْرَ بَدِينِ ﴿٤٨﴾
قَالُوا أَمَّا رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٤٩﴾
رَبِّ مُوسَى وَهَارُونَ
قَالَ أَمْسِكُوا
فَقِيلَ أَنْ أَدْنِكُمْ
إِنَّهُ لَكَبِيرِكُمْ

سُورَةُ الشُّعَرَاءِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

your hands and your feet on opposite sides!
Then I shall, most surely, crucify you,
all together!

26:50 They said: No harm!

Our faith is firm.

Indeed, to our Lord we are returning.

26:51 Indeed, we hope for our Lord

to forgive us our misdeeds,
for we have been the first of the believers
among our people.

26:52 * Thereafter, We revealed to Moses:

Set out by night with My servants,
the Children of Israel.

Indeed, you shall be pursued by Pharaoh.

26:53 So Pharaoh sent ushers into the cities to say:

26:54 Indeed, these 'aliens'

are but a very small minority.

26:55 And, indeed,

they have, most surely, enraged us.

26:56 So we are all together to be on guard
and ready to overtake them.

26:57 Thus We drew them forth

from gardens and springs,

26:58 and treasure-houses, and a gracious station.

26:59 So it was.

Yet We bequeathed it all
to the Children of Israel.

26:60 Thus they followed them at sunrise.

26:61 Then when the two multitudes saw each other,
Moses' companions said:

Indeed, we are, most surely, doomed
to be overtaken and killed by Pharaoh's hosts!

26:62 He said: No, indeed!

Most surely, my Lord is with me.

الَّذِي عَلَّمَكُمُ السِّحْرَ

فَلَسَوْفَ نَعْلَمُونَ لَا أَفْطِنَنَّ

أَيْدِيَكُمْ وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ مِنْ خَلْفٍ

وَلَأَصْلَبَنَكُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

قَالُوا لَا ضَيْرَ ٥٠

إِنَّا إِلَىٰ رَبِّنَا مُنْقَلِبُونَ

إِنَّا نَطْمَعُ ٥١

أَنْ يَغْفِرَ لَنَا رَبُّنَا خَطِيئَتَنَا

أَنْ كُنَّا أَوَّلَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ ٥٢

أَنْ أَسْرِ بِعِبَادِي إِنَّكَ مُتَّبَعُونَ

فَأَرْسَلَ فِرْعَوْنُ ٥٣

فِي الْمَدَائِنِ حَاشِرِينَ

إِنَّ هَؤُلَاءِ لَشِرْذِمَةٌ قَلِيلُونَ ٥٤

وَأَنَّهُمْ لَنَا أَغَايِبُونَ ٥٥

وَأِنَّا لَجَمْعٌ خَذِرُونَ ٥٦

فَأَخْرَجْنَاهُمْ مِنْ جَنَّاتٍ وَعُيُونٍ ٥٧

وَكُنُوزٍ وَمَقَامٍ كَرِيمٍ ٥٨

كَذَلِكَ وَأَوْرَثْنَاهَا بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ ٥٩

فَاتَّبَعُوهُمْ مُتْرِقِينَ ٦٠

فَلَمَّا تَرَأَى الْجَمْعَانِ ٦١

قَالَ أَصْحَابُ مُوسَىٰ

إِنَّا لَمُدْرَكُونَ

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- He will guide me.
- 26:63 So We revealed to Moses:
Strike the sea with your staff.
Thus 'the sea' split so that each part
was like a great mountain.
- 26:64 And, thereupon, We drew the others near.
- 26:65 So We delivered Moses
and those with him, all together.
- 26:66 Then We drowned the others.
- 26:67 Indeed, in this 'account' there is a sure sign
of God's nearing Judgment —
nor were most of them believers!
- 26:68 Thus it is your Lord, 'O Prophet,'
who is, most surely,
the Overpowering 'One', the Mercy-Giving.
- 26:69 Moreover, recite the tidings of Abraham
to 'those of' them 'who disbelieve'.
- 26:70 Behold!
He said to his father and his people:
What is it that you worship?
- 26:71 They said: We worship idols!
And to them we remain ever devoted.
- 26:72 He said:
Do they hear you when you call 'upon them'?
Or do they benefit you or cause 'you' harm?
- 26:74 They said:
No, but we found our forefathers
doing the like of this.
- 26:75 He said:
Then do you see
what you have been worshipping—
you and your fathers of old?
- 26:77 They are, indeed, an enemy to me.
'I worship none' except

قَالَ كَلَّا إِنَّ مَعِيَ رَبِّي سَيَهْدِينِ ﴿٦٢﴾

فَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَى مُوسَى ﴿٦٣﴾

أَنْ أَضْرِبَ بِعَصَاكَ الْبَحْرَ

فَأَنفَلَقَ فَكَانَ كُلُّ فِرْقٍ

كَالَطُّورِ الْعَظِيمِ

وَأَرْزَلْنَا نَمُ الْآخَرِينَ ﴿٦٤﴾

وَأَجَعْنَا مُوسَى ﴿٦٥﴾

وَمَنْ مَعَهُ أَجْمَعِينَ

ثُمَّ أَغْرَقْنَا الْآخَرِينَ ﴿٦٦﴾

إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً ﴿٦٧﴾

وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ

وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ ﴿٦٨﴾

هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ

وَأَتَىٰ عَلَيْهِمْ نَبَأُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ ﴿٦٩﴾

إِذْ قَالَ لِأَبِيهِ وَقَوْمِهِ ﴿٧٠﴾

مَا تَعْبُدُونَ

قَالُوا نَعْبُدُ أَصْنَامًا

فَنَظَّلُهَا عَلَىٰ كُفْرَيْنَ

قَالَ هَلْ يَسْمَعُونَكُمْ ﴿٧١﴾

إِذْ تَدْعُونَ

أَوْ يَنْفَعُونَكُمْ أَوْ يُضَرُّونَ ﴿٧٢﴾

قَالُوا بَلْ وَجَدْنَا آبَاءَنَا

كَذَلِكَ يَفْعَلُونَ

قَالَ أَفَرَأَيْتُمْ ﴿٧٣﴾

مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْبُدُونَ

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- the Lord of 'All' the Worlds,
 26:78 the One who has created me.
 For He 'is the One who' guides me.
 26:79 And He is the One who feeds me
 and gives me drink.
 26:80 And when I become ill,
 then He 'is the One who' heals me.
 26:81 And He is the One who will cause me to die.
 Then He will bring me 'back to' life
 'in the Hereafter' .
 26:82 And He is the One who I hope
 shall forgive me my misdeeds
 on the Day of Judgment.
 26:83 'So he turned to God in prayer: 'My Lord!
 Grant me wise judgment,
 and unite me with the righteous 'in Paradise' .
 26:84 Moreover, make for me reverent mention
 among the latter generations
 'till the end of time' .
 26:85 And make me of the inheritors
 of the Garden of Delight.
 26:86 And do forgive my father.
 Indeed, he has become of those 'who are' astray.
 26:87 Thus do not disgrace me
 on the Day all are raised up 'for Judgment' ,
 26:88 a Day when 'mere' wealth and children
 shall not benefit 'anyone' in any way;
 26:89 but only those who come to God
 with a pure heart 'will be saved' .
 26:90 Thus the Garden 'of Paradise'
 shall be drawn near for the God-fearing,
 26:91 while Hellfire shall be brought forth
 for the deluded.
 26:92 And it shall be said to 'the latter':
 Where is all that you used to worship,

- أَنْتُمْ وَاٰبَاؤُكُمْ الْاٰقِدْمُونَ ﴿٧٦﴾
 فَانْتَهُمْ عَذُوِّي ﴿٧٧﴾
 اِلَّا رَبَّ الْعٰلَمِيْنَ ﴿٧٨﴾
 الَّذِيْ خَلَقَنِيْ فَهُوَ يَهْدِيْنيْ ﴿٧٩﴾
 وَالَّذِيْ هُوَ يُطْعِمُنِيْ وَيَسْقِيْنيْ ﴿٨٠﴾
 وَاِذَا مَرِضْتُ فَهُوَ يَشْفِيْنيْ ﴿٨١﴾
 وَالَّذِيْ يُمِيتُنِيْ ثُمَّ يُحْيِيْنيْ ﴿٨٢﴾
 وَالَّذِيْ اَطْمَعُ اَنْ يَغْفِرَ لِيْ خَطِيْئَتِيْ يَوْمَ الدِّيْنِ ﴿٨٣﴾
 رَبِّ هَبْ لِيْ حُكْمًا ﴿٨٤﴾
 وَالْقِيْلَ بِالْصَّلٰحِيْنَ ﴿٨٥﴾
 وَاجْعَلْ لِّيْ لِسَانَ صٰدِقٍ ﴿٨٦﴾
 فِي الْاٰخِرِيْنَ ﴿٨٧﴾
 وَاجْعَلْنِيْ مِنْ وَّرَثَةِ جَنَّةِ النَّعِيْمِ ﴿٨٨﴾
 وَاعْفِرْ لِاَبِيْ ﴿٨٩﴾
 اِنَّهٗ كَانَ مِنَ الضَّٰلِّيْنَ ﴿٩٠﴾
 وَلَا تُخْزِنِيْ يَوْمَ يُبْعَثُوْنَ ﴿٩١﴾
 يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُ مَالٌ وَلَا بَنُوْنَ ﴿٩٢﴾
 اِلَّا مَنْ اٰتٰهُ اللّٰهُ بِقَلْبٍ سَلِيْمٍ ﴿٩٣﴾
 وَاُزْلِفَتْ الْجَنَّةُ لِلْمُنْفِقِيْنَ ﴿٩٤﴾
 وَبُرْزَتِ الْجَحِيْمُ لِلْعٰوِيْنَ ﴿٩٥﴾

- 26:93 apart from God?
Can they help you now,
or even help themselves?
- 26:94 Then are they pitched headlong into it,
along with their delusive gods
26:95 and the hosts of Iblīs, all together.
26:96 They shall say, as they wrangle in it:
26:97 By God!
We were, indeed, lost in clear misguidance
26:98 when we made you false gods
equal to the Lord of All the Worlds!
26:99 And it was none other
than the defiant unbelievers who led us astray!
- 26:100 Thus for us there are no intercessors,
26:101 nor any intimate friend.
26:102 If only we had a chance
to return to the world again!
We would then become
the best of the believers!
- 26:103 Indeed, in this account
of Abraham and his people
there is a sure sign
of God’s nearing Judgment—
nor were most of them believers!
- 26:104 Thus it is your Lord, O Prophet,
who is most surely,
the Overpowering One, the Mercy-Giving.

- 26:105 And the people of Noah
denied the divine mandate
of God’s messengers, as well.
- 26:106 Behold! Their brother Noah said to them:
Will you not be God-fearing?
- 26:107 Indeed, I am a trustworthy messenger
sent to you by God.

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وَقِيلَ لَهُمْ إِنَّمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْبُدُونَ ٩٢

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ ٩٣

هَلْ يَنْصُرُكُمْ أَوْ يَنْصُرُونَ ٩٤

فَكُبِّجُوا فِيهَا هُمْ وَالْفَاوِنَ ٩٥

وَجُودُ إِلَيسَ أَجْمَعُونَ ٩٦

قَالُوا وَهُمْ فِيهَا يَخْتَصِمُونَ ٩٧

تَاللَّهِ إِن كُنَّا ٩٨

لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ ٩٩

إِذْ نُسَبِّحُكُمْ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ١٠٠

وَمَا أَصْلَنَا إِلَّا الْمَجْرُمُونَ ١٠١

فَمَا لَنَا مِنْ شَافِعِينَ ١٠٢

وَلَا صَاقِبِي حَمِيمٍ ١٠٣

فَلَوْ أَنَّ لَنَا كَرَّةً ١٠٤

فَنَكُونُ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ١٠٥

إِنِّي فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةٌ ١٠٦

وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ١٠٧

وَلِإِنْ رَّبُّكَ هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ ١٠٨

كَذَّبَتْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ١٠٩

إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ أَخُوهُمْ نُوحٌ ١١٠

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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- 26:108 So fear God, and obey me!
- 26:109 I do not ask of you
any reward for this 'message'.
Indeed, my reward is only
with the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
- 26:110 So fear God, and obey me!
- 26:111 * They said:
Shall we believe in you,
while only the vilest have followed you?
- 26:112 He said:
What knowledge do I have
of what they used to do 'before believing'?
- 26:113 Indeed, their reckoning
is with none but my Lord,
if only you 'yourselves' were to realize 'this'.
- 26:114 Nor am I 'ever' to drive away
those who have believed.
- 26:115 Indeed, I am only a clear forewarner
'of God's nearing Judgment'.
- 26:116 They said:
Most surely, if you do not desist, O Noah,
you shall assuredly be
'one' of those 'who are' stoned 'to death'.
- 26:117 He said: My Lord!
Indeed, my people have belied me.
- 26:118 So bring about judgment
between me and them—
with a clearly decisive judgment.
And deliver me, and all the believers with me.
- 26:119 Thus We delivered him—
and those with him—in the 'heavily' laden Ark.
- 26:120 Thereafter, We drowned 'the disbelievers'
who remained behind.
- 26:121 Indeed, in this 'account'
there is a sure sign

أَلَا نُنْفِقُ
إِنِّي لَكُمْ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ ﴿١٠٧﴾
فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا
وَمَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرٍ ﴿١٠٨﴾
إِنْ أَجْرِيَ إِلَّا
عَلَى رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٠٩﴾
فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا
﴿١١٠﴾ قَالُوا أَتُؤْمِنُ لَكَ
وَاتَّبَعَكَ الْأَرْدَلُونَ ﴿١١١﴾
قَالَ وَمَا عَلِمِي
بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١١٢﴾
إِنْ حِسَابُهُمْ إِلَّا عَلَىٰ رَبِّي
لَوْ تَشْعُرُونَ ﴿١١٣﴾
وَمَا أَنَا بِطَارِدِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
﴿١١٤﴾ إِنْ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿١١٥﴾
قَالُوا لَيْنَ لَمْ تَنْتَهِ يَلْنُوحُ
لَتَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْمَرْجُومِينَ ﴿١١٦﴾
قَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّ قَوْمِي كَذَّبُونِ ﴿١١٧﴾
فَأَفْنَعُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَهُمْ فَتْحًا
وَنَجِّنِي وَمَنْ مَعِيَ
مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١١٨﴾
فَأَنجَيْنَاهُ وَمَنْ مَعَهُ
﴿١١٩﴾ فِي الْفُلِّ الْمَشْحُونِ

- of God's nearing Judgment —
nor were most of them believers!
- 26:122 Thus it is your Lord, 'O Prophet,
who is, most surely,
the Overpowering 'One', the Mercy-Giving.
- 26:123 'The people of 'Ād
denied the 'divine mandate
of God's messengers.
- 26:124 Behold! Their brother Hūd said to them:
Will you not be God-fearing?
- 26:125 Indeed, I am a trustworthy messenger
'sent' to you 'by God'.
- 26:126 So fear God, and obey me!
- 26:127 I do not ask of you
any reward for this 'message'.
Indeed, my reward is only
with the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
- 26:128 Do you build upon every elevation
a 'towering' landmark in pursuit of vanity
'and to belittle other people'?
- 26:129 Moreover, you take for yourselves
'imposing' structures,
aspiring to become immortals!
- 26:130 Furthermore, when you assault,
you assault 'without pity',
as 'hard-hearted' tyrants.
- 26:131 Rather, fear God, and obey me!
- 26:132 Thus fear the One
who provided you with all that you know.
- 26:133 He has provided you with cattle
and children
- 26:134 and gardens and springs.
- 26:135 Indeed, I fear for you
the 'divine' torment of an awesome Day!
- 26:136 They said:

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- ١٢٠ ثُمَّ أَغْرَقْنَا بَعْدَ الْبَاقِينَ
- ١٢١ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً
- وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ
- ١٢٢ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ
- ١٢٣ كَذَّبَتْ عَادُ الْمُرْسَلِينَ
- ١٢٤ إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ أَخُوهُمْ هُودٌ
أَلَا تَتَّقُونَ
- ١٢٥ إِنِّي لَكُمْ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ
- ١٢٦ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا
- ١٢٧ وَمَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرٍ
إِنْ أَجْرِيَ إِلَّا
- عَلَى رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
- ١٢٨ أَتَبْنُونَ بِكُلِّ رِيعٍ
ءَايَةً يُعْبَثُونَ
- ١٢٩ وَتَتَّخِذُونَ مَصَانِعَ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَخْلُدُونَ
- ١٣٠ وَإِذَا بَطِشْتُمْ
بَطِشْتُمْ جَبَّارِينَ
- ١٣١ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا
- ١٣٢ وَاتَّقُوا الَّذِي أَمَدُّكُمْ
بِمَا تَعْلَمُونَ
- ١٣٣ أَمَدُّكُمْ بِأَنْعَامٍ وَبَنِينَ

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- It is the same to us if you give admonition
or if you were never one
'so moved' to admonish.
- 26:137 This 'way of ours' is nothing
but the tradition of the 'noble' ancients
'before us'.
- 26:138 And never shall we
be chastised 'by God for adhering to it'!
- 26:139 Thus they belied him.
So We destroyed them.
Indeed, in this 'account' there is a sure sign
'of God's nearing Judgment' —
nor were most of them believers!
- 26:140 Thus it is your Lord, 'O Prophet,'
who is, most surely,
the Overpowering 'One', the Mercy-Giving.
- 26:141 'The people of' Thamûd
denied the 'divine mandate
of God's' messengers.
- 26:142 Behold! Their brother Şâlih said to them:
Will you not be God-fearing?
- 26:143 Indeed, I am a trustworthy messenger
'sent' to you 'by God'.
- 26:144 So fear God, and obey me!
- 26:145 I do not ask of you
any reward for this 'message'.
Indeed, my reward is only
with the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
- 26:146 Will you be left secure 'forever'
in what is here 'in your land',
amid gardens and springs,
and plantations and date palms
whose spathes are 'pliant and' soft?
- 26:149 Moreover, you carve dwellings skillfully
out of the 'mighty' mountains.

وَجَنَّتْ وَعْيُونُ ١٣٦
إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ ١٣٧
عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ ١٣٨
قَالُوا سَوَاءٌ عَلَيْنَا أَوَعَضْتَ ١٣٩
أَمْ لَمْ تَكُنْ مِنَ الْوَاعِظِينَ ١٤٠
إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا خُلُقُ الْأَوَّلِينَ ١٤١
وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمُعَذِّبِينَ ١٤٢
فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَأَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ ١٤٣
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً ١٤٤
وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ١٤٥
وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَھُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ ١٤٦
كَذَّبَتْ ثَمُودُ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ١٤٧
إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ أَخُوهُمْ صَالِحٌ ١٤٨
أَلَا تَتَّقُونَ ١٤٩
إِنِّي لَكُمْ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ ١٥٠
فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا ١٥١
وَمَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرٍ ١٥٢
إِنْ أَجْرِيَ إِلَّا عَلَى رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ١٥٣
أَتُرْكُونَ فِي ١٥٤
مَا هُنَّاءَ آمِنِينَ ١٥٥

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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- 26:150 So fear God, and obey me!
 26:151 Nor shall you obey the command
 of those who are exceedingly rebellious,
 26:152 those who spread corruption in the earth
 and do not set things aright.
 26:153 They said:
 You are but one who has been bewitched.
 26:154 You are only a human being like us.
 So bring forth a 'miraculous' sign
 'of your prophethood', if you are, 'indeed,
 one of the truthful 'messengers of God'.
 26:155 He said:
 Here is a she-camel
 'brought forth as a sign from God'.
 For her is 'to be her drinking share
 and for you is 'to be your drinking share,
 each on a known day 'at the watering place'.
 26:156 Thus you shall not touch her
 with any 'act of evil intent',
 or you will be seized, suddenly,
 by the torment of an awesome day.
 26:157 But they hamstrung her.
 Yet 'when they faced their doom',
 they became regretful.
 26:158 For the torment seized them, suddenly.
 Indeed, in this 'account' there is a sure sign
 'of God's nearing Judgment'—
 nor were most of them believers!
 26:159 Thus it is your Lord, 'O Prophet',
 who is most surely,
 the Overpowering 'One', the Mercy-Giving.
 26:160 The people of Lot
 denied the 'divine mandate
 of God's' messengers.
 26:161 Behold! Their brother Lot said to them:

فِي جَنَّتِ وَعُيُونُ ١٥٧
 وَزُرُوعٍ وَتَحِلٍ ١٥٨
 طَلَعَهَا هَظِيمٌ ١٥٩
 وَتَنَجُّونَ مِنَ الْجِبَالِ ١٦٠
 بَيِّنًا قَدَرِهِنَّ ١٦١
 فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا ١٦٢
 وَلَا تَطِيعُوا أَمْرَ الْمُتَكِبِينَ ١٦٣
 الَّذِينَ يَفْسِدُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ ١٦٤
 وَلَا يَصْلَحُونَ ١٦٥
 قَالُوا إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ مِنَ الْمُسَحَّرِينَ ١٦٦
 مَا أَنْتَ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِثْلُنَا ١٦٧
 فَأْتِ بِآيَةٍ ١٦٨
 إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ ١٦٩
 قَالَ هَذِهِ نَاقَةٌ لَهَا شِرْبٌ ١٧٠
 وَلَكُمْ شِرْبُ يَوْمٍ مَعْلُومٍ ١٧١
 وَلَا تَمْسُوها إِسْوَاءً ١٧٢
 فَيَأْخُذْكُمْ عَذَابٌ يَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ ١٧٣
 فَعَقَرُوهَا فَاصْبَحُوا نَدِيمِينَ ١٧٤
 فَأَخَذَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ ١٧٥
 إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً وَمَا كَانَ ١٧٦
 أَكْثَرَهُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ١٧٧
 وَلَئِنْ رَأَيْتَ ١٧٨
 لَهُمُ الْعَرْشَ الرَّحِيمَ ١٧٩

سُورَةُ الشُّعَرَاءِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- Will you not be God-fearing?
 26:162 Indeed, I am a trustworthy messenger
 'sent' to you 'by God'.
 26:163 So fear God and obey me!
 26:164 I do not ask of you
 any reward for this 'message'.
 Indeed, my reward is only
 with the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
 26:165 Are 'the men among' you
 the only beings in 'all' the world
 that approach males 'in lust',
 26:166 while leaving
 what your Lord has created for you
 in your wives?
 Rather, you are a people
 who have transgressed 'all bounds'.
 26:167 They said:
 Most surely, if you do not desist, O Lot,
 you shall assuredly be of those
 'forever' banished 'from our city'!
 26:168 He said:
 Most surely, I am, indeed, one of those
 who are utterly loathe to your 'aberrant' doings.
 26:169 'He prayed: 'My Lord!
 Deliver me and my family from all that they do.
 26:170 Then We delivered him
 and his family, all together—
 26:171 except 'his wife', an 'obstinate' old woman
 who was among those who lingered behind.
 26:172 Then We demolished the others.
 26:173 For We rained down upon them
 a 'devastating' rain 'of marked stones'!
 And how evil was the rain
 of those who were forewarned
 'to no avail'!
 26:174 Indeed, in this 'account'

- كَذَبَتْ قَوْمُ لُوطٍ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿١٦٠﴾
 إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ أَخُوهُمْ لُوطُ ﴿١٦١﴾
 أَلَا تَتَّقُونَ
 إِنِّي لَكُمْ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ ﴿١٦٢﴾
 فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا عَمَلَكُمْ ﴿١٦٣﴾
 وَمَا أَسْتَأْذِنُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرٍ
 إِنْ أَجْرِيَ إِلَّا عَلَى رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٦٤﴾
 أَتَأْتُونَ الذَّكَرَانَ مِنَ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٦٥﴾
 وَتَذَرُونَ مَا خَلَقَ لَكُمْ مِنْكُمْ
 مِنْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ ﴿١٦٦﴾
 بَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمٌ عَادُونَ ﴿١٦٧﴾
 قَالُوا لَئِنْ لَمْ تَنْتَهِ يَلُوطُ
 لَتَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْمُخْرَجِينَ ﴿١٦٨﴾
 قَالَ إِنِّي لِعَمَلِكُمْ مِنَ الْقَالِينَ ﴿١٦٩﴾
 رَبِّ نَجِّنِي وَأَهْلِي مِمَّا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٧٠﴾
 فَفَجَعَلْنَاهُ وَأَهْلَهُ أَجْمَعِينَ ﴿١٧١﴾
 إِلَّا عَجُوزًا فِي الْغَابِرِينَ ﴿١٧٢﴾
 ثُمَّ دَمَرْنَا الْآخَرِينَ ﴿١٧٣﴾
 وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ مَطَرًا

- there is a sure sign
 'of God's nearing Judgment' —
 nor were most of them believers!
- 26:175 Thus it is your Lord, 'O Prophet,
 who is, most surely,
 the Overpowering 'One', the Mercy-Giving.
- 26:176 The Dwellers of the 'Thicket
 of Al-Aykah
 denied the 'divine mandate
 of God's' messengers.
- 26:177 Behold! Shu'ayb said to them:
 Will you not be God-fearing?
- 26:178 Indeed, I am a trustworthy messenger
 'sent' to you 'by God'.
- 26:179 So fear God, and obey me!
- 26:180 I do not ask of you
 any reward for this 'message'.
 Indeed, my reward is only
 with the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
- 26:181 * Thus you shall 'equitably' fill the measure,
 and you shall not be of those
 who give 'people' less 'than their rightful due'.
- 26:182 Moreover,
 you shall weigh 'out goods'
 with an even 'and just' balance.
- 26:183 And you shall not defraud the people
 of their 'rightful' things.
 Nor shall you make mischief in the earth,
 sowing corruption 'in it'.
- 26:184 Therefore, fear the One
 who created 'both' you and the populations
 of the ancient 'generations before you'.
- 26:185 They said:
 You are but one who has been bewitched!
- 26:186 For you are only a human being like us.

سُورَةُ الشُّعَرَاءِ

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فَسَاءَ مَطَرُ الْمُنْذِرِينَ
 إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً ﴿١٧٤﴾

وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ
 وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَمَوْعِظٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿١٧٥﴾

كَذَّبَ أَصْحَابُ نَيْكَةِ
 الْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿١٧٦﴾

إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمْ شُعَيْبٌ أَلَا تَنْفَعُونَ
 إِنِّي لَكُمْ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ ﴿١٧٧﴾

فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا
 وَمَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرٍ ﴿١٧٨﴾

إِنْ أَجْرِيَ إِلَّا
 عَلَى رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٧٩﴾

أَوْفُوا الْكَيْلَ ﴿١٨٠﴾

وَلَا تَكُونُوا مِنَ الْمُخْسِرِينَ
 وَزِنُوا بِالْقِسْطِاسِ الْمُسْتَقِيمِ ﴿١٨١﴾

وَلَا تَبْخَسُوا النَّاسَ أَشْيَاءَهُمْ
 وَلَا تَعْتُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ ﴿١٨٢﴾

وَاتَّقُوا الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ ﴿١٨٣﴾

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

And, indeed, we think
you are most certainly to be counted
among the 'sheer' liars.

26:187 So let a 'deadly' patch of sky
drop down upon us, if you are, indeed,
one of the truthful 'messengers of God'.

26:188 He said:
My Lord is most knowing of all that you do.

26:189 Thus they belied him.
Then the torment
of the day of the darkening cloud
seized them, suddenly.
Truly, it was the torment of an awesome day!

26:190 Indeed, in this 'account',
there is a sure sign
of God's nearing Judgment —
nor were most of them believers!
26:191 Thus it is your Lord, 'O Prophet',
who is most surely,
the Overpowering 'One', the Mercy-Giving.

26:192 Now, this 'Quran' is, indeed, a revelation
from the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.

26:193 The Trustworthy Spirit, 'Gabriel',
descends with its 'verses'

26:194 upon your heart, 'O Prophet' —
so that you may become
one of the 'chosen' forewarners
of God's nearing Judgment —

26:195 in a clear Arabic tongue.

26:196 Moreover,
it has, indeed, been 'foretold'
in 'all' the 'revealed' Writs of the ancients.

26:197 Has it not been a sign
for 'those of' them
who are uninformed of divine revelation

وَالْحِجْلَةَ الْأُولَىٰ

قَالُوا إِنَّمَا

أَنْتَ مِنَ الْمُسْحَرِينَ

وَمَا أَنْتَ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِّثْلُنَا

وَإِنْ نَظُنُّكَ لَمِنَ الْكَاذِبِينَ

فَأَسْقِطْ عَلَيْنَا كِسْفًا

مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ

إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ

قَالَ رَبِّيَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ

فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَأَخَذَهُم

عَذَابٌ يَوْمِ الظُّلَّةِ

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا عَذَابٌ يَوْمِ عَظِيمٍ

إِنْ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةٌ

وَمَا كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُّؤْمِنِينَ

وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ

لَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ

وَلَقَدْ أَنزَلْنَا إِلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ

نَزَلَ بِهِ الرُّوحُ الْأَمِينُ

عَلَى قَلْبِكَ

لِتَكُونَ مِنَ الْمُنذِرِينَ

بِلِسَانٍ عَرَبِيٍّ مُّبِينٍ

- that the learned among the Children of Israel
recognize it 'as true'?
- 26:198 Yet had We sent it down
to one of the non-Arabic speaking—
- 26:199 such that he could 'miraculously'
recite it to them—
still they would never believe in it!
- 26:200 And so it is
that We have thrust 'this message'
into the hearts of the defiant unbelievers
'by way of your call, O Prophet,
to make them accountable'.
- 26:201 They shall not believe in it until, 'at last,'
they see the painful torment!
- 26:202 For it shall come to them, suddenly,
while they are unaware 'of it'.
- 26:203 Then they shall say:
Can we be granted respite
'from divine judgment and then believe'?
- 26:204 Is it Our 'imminent' torment, then,
that 'truly' they seek to hasten?
- 26:205 Yet have you considered, 'O Prophet,'
if We were to let them enjoy themselves
for years,
26:206 whereupon all that they have been promised
'as to divine judgment' came to them?
- 26:207 Would that 'respite of time'
which they were given to enjoy
have availed them 'at all'?
- 26:208 Yet never have We destroyed any town
without it having had 'messengers
'of God's nearing Judgment',
26:209 as a reminder 'to them of God's way'.
For never do We wrong 'anyone
that divine destruction befalls'.

سُورَةُ الشُّعَرَاءِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- وَأَيْنَهُ لَنُفِي زُبُرِ الْأَوَّلِينَ ١٩٦
- أَوْ لَئِنْ يَكُنْ لَهُمْ بَيِّنَةٌ أَن يَعْلَمَهُ ١٩٧
- عُلِّمُوا بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ ١٩٨
- وَلَوْ نَزَّلْنَاهُ ١٩٩
- عَلَىٰ بَعْضِ الْأَعْجَمِينَ ٢٠٠
- فَفَرَّاهُ عَلَيْهِمْ ٢٠١
- مَا كَانُوا بِهِ مُؤْمِنِينَ ٢٠٢
- كَذَٰلِكَ سَلَكْنَاهُ ٢٠٣
- فِي قُلُوبِ الْمُجْرِمِينَ ٢٠٤
- لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ ٢٠٥
- حَتَّىٰ يَرَوْا الْعَذَابَ الْأَلِيمَ ٢٠٦
- فَيَأْتِيَهُمْ بَغْتَةً ٢٠٧
- وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ ٢٠٨
- فَيَقُولُوا هَلْ نَحْنُ مُنْظَرُونَ ٢٠٩
- أَفِعْدَا إِنَّا يَسْتَعْجِلُونَ ٢١٠
- أَفَرَأَيْتَ ٢١١
- إِنْ مَتَّعْنَاهُمْ سِنِينَ ٢١٢
- ثُمَّ جَاءَهُمْ ٢١٣
- مَا كَانُوا يُوعَدُونَ ٢١٤
- مَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْهُمْ ٢١٥
- مَا كَانُوا يَمْتَعُونَ ٢١٦
- وَمَا أَهْلُكُنَا مِنْ قَبْلِهِ ٢١٧

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- 26:210 Thus 'as for the Quran,
the satans have not
brought it down 'to the Prophet
as the godless wrongdoers claim'!
- 26:211 Nor is it for 'the likes of them 'to do so'!
Nor can they!
- 26:212 Indeed, they are far removed
from 'even' hearing 'its verses being revealed'.
- 26:213 Then you shall not,
'O human being',
call upon any other god with God.
For then you will become
one of those who are punished.
- 26:214 So forewarn, 'O Prophet',
your nearest relatives.
- 26:215 And lower your wing 'of compassion'
for the believers who follow you.
- 26:216 Yet if they 'who disbelieve'
disobey you, then say:
Indeed, I am innocent of all that you do.
- 26:217 Thus rely 'only'
upon the Overpowering 'One',
the Mercy-Giving—
- 26:218 the One who sees you
when you rise 'at night for the Prayer',
- 26:219 and 'who sees you'
in the postures of your Prayer
among those who bow 'their faces'
down to the ground,
'worshipping Him alone'.
- 26:220 Indeed, it is He
who is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.
- 26:221 Shall I tell you, 'O disbelievers',
upon whom it is that the satans
'do, indeed', descend?

إِلَّا هُمْ مُنْذِرُونَ
ذِكْرَيْنِ وَمَا كُنَّا نَظْلِمِينَ ٢١٠
وَمَا نَزَّلَتْ بِهِ الشَّيَاطِينُ ٢١١
وَمَا يَلْبِغِي لَهُمْ ٢١٢
وَمَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ ٢١٣
إِنَّهُمْ عَنِ السَّمْعِ لَمَعْزُولُونَ ٢١٤
فَلَا تَدْعُ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلَهًا آخَرَ ٢١٥
فَتَكُونَ مِنَ الْمُعَذِّبِينَ ٢١٦
وَأَنْذِرْ عَشِيرَتَكَ الْأَقْرَبِينَ ٢١٧
وَأَخْفِضْ جَنَاحَكَ لِمَنِ ٢١٨
أَتَّبَعَكَ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٢١٩
فَإِنْ عَصَوْكَ فَقُلْ ٢٢٠
إِنِّي بَرِيءٌ مِمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ٢٢١
وَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى الْعَزِيزِ الرَّحِيمِ ٢٢٢
الَّذِي يَرِنُكَ حِينَ تَقُومُ ٢٢٣
وَتَقْلُبُكَ فِي السَّجْدِينَ ٢٢٤

سُورَةُ الشُّعَرَاءِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- 26:222 They descend
upon every 'habitually' sinful liar
'and soothsayer'.
- 26:223 They cast 'to these'
whatever they 'may' hear.
Yet most 'of these satans'
are themselves sheer liars.
- 26:224 As for the poets,
only the deluded follow them.
- 26:225 Do you not see
that they but wander 'in their verse aimlessly,
as if' from valley to valley,
and that they say 'in their poetry'
what they do not do?
- 26:227 Excepted are those 'poets' who believe,
and do righteous deeds,
and remember God much,
and who seek to make 'the believers' triumphant
after they have been wronged
'by the disbelievers'.
Yet 'all' those who do wrong,
'who are godless in heart',
will most surely know, 'after death',
how evil is 'that place of return'
to which they are bound to return!

إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ السَّيِّئُ الْعَلِيمُ ﴿٢٢٠﴾

هَلْ أَنْتُمْ كَمُ ﴿٢٢١﴾

عَلَى مَنْ تَنْزِلُ الشَّيَاطِينُ ﴿٢٢٢﴾

تَنْزِلُ عَلَى كُلِّ أَقَاكٍ أُثِيمٍ ﴿٢٢٣﴾

يُلْقُونَ السَّمْعَ ﴿٢٢٤﴾

وَأَكْثَرُهُمْ كَذِبُونَ ﴿٢٢٥﴾

وَالشُّعْرَاءُ يَتَّبِعُهُمُ الْغَاوُونَ ﴿٢٢٦﴾

أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّهُمْ ﴿٢٢٧﴾

فِي كُلِّ وَادٍ يَهيمُونَ ﴿٢٢٨﴾

وَأَنَّهُمْ يَقُولُونَ ﴿٢٢٩﴾

مَا لَا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٢٣٠﴾

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿٢٣١﴾

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ ﴿٢٣٢﴾

وَذَكَرُوا اللَّهَ كَثِيرًا ﴿٢٣٣﴾

وَأَنْتَصَرُوا مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا ظَلَمُوا ﴿٢٣٤﴾

وَسَيَعْلَمُ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ﴿٢٣٥﴾

أَيَّ مُنْقَلَبٍ يَنْقَلِبُونَ ﴿٢٣٦﴾

Surah 27 / 93 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Naml

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 27:1 *Tā Sīn*
These are the 'revealed' verses of the Quran,
and 'it is' a clear Book 'from God
elucidating truth'.
- 27:2 It is guidance 'to a straight way of salvation,'
and glad tidings
'of everlasting delight in Paradise'
for all the believers—
- 27:3 those who 'duly' establish the Prayer,
and 'who' give the Zakât-Charity,
and 'who within themselves'
have 'utter' certainty
of 'the imminence of' the Hereafter.
- 27:4 As for those who do not believe
in the Hereafter,
We have made their deeds fair-seeming to them.
Thus they wander 'through life' blindly
'in their misguidance'.
- 27:5 These are the ones for whom there shall be
the very worst torment 'in this life'.
And in the Hereafter, it is they themselves
who shall be the greatest losers.
- 27:6 For, indeed, 'O Prophet,'

طس ﴿١﴾
تِلْكَ آيَاتُ الْقُرْآنِ
وَكِتَابٍ مُبِينٍ ﴿٢﴾
هُدًى وَبُشْرَى لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ
الَّذِينَ يُقِيمُونَ الصَّلَاةَ
وَيُؤْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ
وَهُمْ بِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ يُوقِنُونَ ﴿٣﴾
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ
زِينَتًا لَّهُمْ أَعْمَلُهُمْ
فَهُمْ يَعْمَهُونَ ﴿٤﴾
أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ لَهُمْ
سُوءُ الْعَذَابِ وَهُمْ
فِي الْآخِرَةِ هُمْ الْآخَسِرُونَ ﴿٥﴾

you are, most surely, receiving the Quran
from One who is all-wise, all-knowing.

- 27:7 Behold! Moses said to his family:
Indeed, I have noticed a fire.
From it, I shall bring you some news
'to guide us on our way',
or bring you a flaming firebrand,
so that you may warm yourselves.
- 27:8 So when he came to it, he was called 'by God':
Blessed be whoever
is in the 'effulgence of the' fire
and whoever is around it!
For highly exalted is God 'alone',
Lord of 'All' the Worlds!
- 27:9 O Moses! Indeed, it is I!
I am God,
the Overpowering 'One', the All-Wise.
- 27:10 Now throw your staff 'to the ground'.
Then when he saw it moving
as if it were a 'great' serpent, he turned and fled—
and would not turn back.
'God said: 'O Moses!
Have no fear!
For in My presence,
messengers have nothing to fear.
- 27:11 Even should one have done wrong,
then replaced iniquity with good—
still, I am, indeed, all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 27:12 Moreover, let your hand
enter the bosom of your garment.
It shall come forth
'radiant' white, without blemish.
'This is one' of the nine 'miraculous' signs
'that you shall show' to Pharaoh and his people.

سُورَةُ النَّامِلِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- وَأَنَّكَ لَتَلْقَى الْقُرْآنَ
مِن لَّدُنْ حَكِيمٍ عَلِيمٍ
- إِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لِأَهْلِيهِ
إِنِّي عَاسَتْ نَارًا
سَنَأْتِيَكُم مِّنْهَا بِخَبَرٍ
أَوْ بَآئِكُمْ بِشِهَابٍ قَابَسٍ
لَّعَلَّكُمْ تَصْطَلُونَ
- فَلَمَّا جَاءَهَا نُودِيَ أَنْ بُورِكَ
مَنْ فِي النَّارِ وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا
وَسُبْحَنَ اللَّهُ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
يَمُوسَى إِنَّهُ
أَنَا اللَّهُ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
وَأَلْقِ عَصَاكَ
- فَلَمَّا رَأَاهَا تَهْتَزُّ كَأَنَّهَا جَانٌّ
وَلَّى مُدْبِرًا وَلَمْ يُعَقِّبْ
يَمُوسَى لَا تَخَفْ
إِنِّي لَا يَخَافُ لَدَى الْمُرْسَلُونَ
إِلَّا مَن ظَلَمَ ثُمَّ بَدَلْ حُسْنًا
بَعْدَ سُوءٍ فَإِنِّي غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ
وَأَدْخِلْ يَدَكَ فِي جَيْبِكَ
تَخْرُجُ بَيَضًا مِّنْ غَيْرِ سُوءٍ
فِي تِسْعِ آيَاتٍ إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ وَقَوْمِهِ

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Indeed, they have been an ungodly people.

- 27:13 Yet when Our signs came to them,
`manifest` before their very eyes, they said:
This is clear sorcery!

- 27:14 Thus, even though, within their souls,
they were certain of them `being from God`—
they disavowed them, wrongfully and haughtily.
So see how `devastating` was the end
of the sowers of corruption!

- 27:15 Now, indeed, We gave David and Solomon
`revealed` knowledge, `as well`.
And `ever did` they say:
All praise is for God `alone`
who has favored us above many
of His believing servants.

- 27:16 Thus Solomon inherited `prophethood`
and the throne from `David`, wherefore he said:
O people!
We have been taught `to comprehend`
the utterance of birds.
Moreover, we have been given
`something` of `nearly` every good thing
`in the world`.

- Indeed, this is most surely `evidence`
of `manifest favor` from God.

- 27:17 So assembled before Solomon
were his hosts—
from the jinn, and the human beings,
and the birds.
Thus were they `duly` marshaled
`to march in force`.

- 27:18 And at last,
when they came upon the Valley of Ants,
an ant said: O you ants!

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا قَوْمًا فَاسِقِينَ

فَلَمَّا جَاءَتْهُمْ ءَايَاتُنَا مُبْصِرَةً ﴿١٣﴾

قَالُوا هَذَا سِحْرٌ مُبِينٌ

وَحَمَدُوا بِهَا وَاسْتَيْقَنَتْهَا ﴿١٤﴾

أَنْفُسُهُمْ ظُلْمًا وَعُلُوًّا

فَانظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ

عَنْقِبَةُ الْمُفْسِدِينَ

وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا ﴿١٥﴾

دَاوُدَ وَسُلَيْمَانَ عِلْمًا

وَقَالَا الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

الَّذِي فَضَّلَنَا عَلَى كَثِيرٍ

مِمَّنْ عِبَادِهِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَوَرِثَ سُلَيْمَانُ دَاوُدَ ﴿١٦﴾

وَقَالَ يَتَىٰهَا النَّاسُ

عَلَّمَنَا مَنْطِقَ الطَّيْرِ

وَأَوْتَيْنَا مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

إِنَّ هَذَا هُوَ الْفَضْلُ الْمُبِينُ

وَحُشِرَ لِسُلَيْمَانَ جُنُودُهُ ﴿١٧﴾

مِنَ الْجِنَّ وَالْإِنْسِ وَالطَّيْرِ

فَهُمْ يُورَعُونَ

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا أَتَوْا عَلَىٰ وَادِ النَّمْلِ ﴿١٨﴾

قَالَتْ نَمْلَةٌ يَتَىٰهَا النَّمْلُ

سُورَةُ النَّمْلِ

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- Enter 'quickly' into your dwellings,
'and' let not Solomon and his hosts crush you
while they are unaware!
- 27:19 So he smiled, laughing at her statement,
and said 'in gratitude': My Lord!
Dispose me always
to give thanks for Your grace,
with which You have graced me
and my parents,
and that I do righteous deeds
with which You are pleased.
And admit me, by Your mercy,
into 'the company of' Your righteous servants.
- 27:20 And so he reviewed the birds.
Then he said:
Why do I not see the hoopoe,
or is he of those who are absent 'without leave'?
- 27:21 I shall, most surely, punish him
with a severe punishment;
or I shall, most surely, slaughter him,
unless he brings me a clear warrant
'for his absence'.
- 27:22 Yet he remained away—but not for long.
Then he 'came and' said:
I have compassed 'a momentous matter'
which you, 'O Solomon,' have not compassed!
For I have come to you from 'the land of' Sheba
with sure news.
- 27:23 Indeed, I found a woman ruling over them—
and she has been given
'something' of 'nearly' every good thing
'in the world'.
Moreover, she has a magnificent throne.
- 27:24 I found her and her people
bowing 'their faces' down to the sun 'in worship'

أَدْخُلُوا مَسْكِنَكُمْ
لَا يَحْطُمَنَّكُمْ سُلَيْمَنُ
وَجُنُودُهُ وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ
فَنَبَسَهُ ضَاحِكًا مِّن قَوْلِهَا
وَقَالَ رَبِّ أَوْزِعْنِي
أَنْ أَشْكُرَ نِعْمَتَكَ الَّتِي
أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ وَعَلَىٰ وَالِدَيَّ
وَأَنْ أَعْمَلَ صَالِحًا تَرْضَاهُ
وَأَدْخِلْنِي بِرَحْمَتِكَ
فِي عِبَادِكَ الصَّالِحِينَ
وَتَفَقَّدَ الطَّيْرَ فَقَالَ
مَا لِيَ لَا أَرَى الْهُدْهُدَ
أَمْ كَانَ مِنَ الْغَائِبِينَ
لَأُعَذِّبَنَّهُ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا
أَوْ لَأَذْبَحَنَّهُ
أَوْ لِيَأْتِنِي بِسُلْطَانٍ مُّبِينٍ
فَمَكَثَ غَيْرَ بَعِيدٍ فَقَالَ
أَحْطَطْتُ بِمَا لَمْ تُحِطْ بِهِ
وَجِئْتُكَ مِنْ سَبَإٍ
بِنَبَأٍ يَقِينٍ
إِنِّي وَجَدْتُ امْرَأَةً
تَمْلِكُهُمْ وَأُوتِيَتْ
مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ
وَلَهَا عَرْشٌ عَظِيمٌ
وَجَدْتُهَا وَقَوْمَهَا
يَسْجُدُونَ لِلشَّمْسِ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزْبُ التَّاسِعُ عَشَرَ

instead of bowing to God.

For Satan has made their godless works
fair-seeming to them.

Thus has he barred them from the path of God,
and, therefore, they are not rightly guided,

27:25 so that they do not

bow their faces down to God—

though He is the One

who brings out all that is hidden

in the heavens and the earth,

and who alone knows what you keep secret

and what you make known.

27:26 God!

There is no God but Him,

the Lord of the Magnificent Throne! ﴿٢٦﴾

27:27 * Solomon said to the hoopoe:

We shall see whether you have spoken the truth
or if you are to be counted
as one of the sheer liars.

27:28 Go with this letter of mine

to the court of Sheba.

Then cast it down to them.

Then turn aside from them.

Then see what answer they shall return.

27:29 When the letter reached the Queen, she said:

O assembly of nobles:

An honorable letter has been cast down to me.

27:30 It is from Solomon. And it is written herein:

In the name of God,

the All-Merciful, the Mercy-Giving.

27:31 Do not exalt yourselves against me

in defiance of revealed truth.

Rather, come to me as muslims,

in willing submission to God alone.

27:32 She said: O assembly of nobles!

وَزَيْنَ لَهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ

أَعْمَالَهُمْ فَصَدَّهُمْ عَنِ السَّبِيلِ

فَهُمْ لَا يَهْتَدُونَ

﴿٢٥﴾ أَلَّا يَسْجُدُوا لِلَّهِ

الَّذِي يُخْرِجُ الْحَبَّ

فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تُخْفُونَ وَمَا تُعْلِنُونَ

﴿٢٦﴾ اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْمَظِيدِ ﴿٢٧﴾

﴿٢٧﴾ قَالَ سَنْظُرُ أَصَدَقْتَ

أَمْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الْكَاذِبِينَ

﴿٢٨﴾ أَذْهَبَ بِكِتَابِي هَذَا

فَأَلْفَهُ الْيَوْمَ ثُمَّ تَوَلَّى عَنْهُمْ

فَأَنْظُرْ مَاذَا يَرْجِعُونَ

﴿٢٩﴾ قَالَتْ يَا أَيُّهَا الْمَلَأُو

إِنِّي أُلْقِيَ إِلَيْكَ كِتَابٌ كَرِيمٌ

﴿٣٠﴾ إِنَّهُ مِنْ سُلَيْمَانَ وَإِنَّهُ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

﴿٣١﴾ أَلَّا تَعْلَمُوا عَلَى وَاتُوبِي مُسْلِمِينَ

﴿٣٢﴾ قَالَتْ يَا أَيُّهَا الْمَلَأُو

سُورَةُ النَّامِلِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- Counsel me in my affair.
For I decide no `vital` affair
unless you bear witness `and consent with` me.
- 27:33 They said:
We are a people endowed with `great` force.
Moreover, `we are` endowed
with mighty `military` power.
Thus the command is yours, `O Queen`.
Consider, then, what you shall command.
- 27:34 She said:
Indeed, when kings enter a city,
they spread corruption in it.
Moreover, they reduce its people of dignity
to `abject` humility—
and this is, indeed, what they do!
- 27:35 Thus, I am sending to them a gift `in response`.
Then I will consider
that wherewith the messengers `I send` return.
- 27:36 So when `her envoy` came to `him`,
Solomon said:
Would you extend to me `mere` wealth?
Yet what God has given me
is `far` better than all that He has given you.
Rather, you are exultant
with regard to your gift.
- 27:37 Return to them, `O messengers`,
those who have sent you bearing gifts`.
For, most surely,
we shall come to them with hosts
the like of which
they shall never be able to face.
Moreover, we shall, most surely, expel them
from `their land` in `abject` humility.
Thus shall they be abased!

أَقْتُونِي فِي أَمْرِي
مَا كُنْتُ قَاطِعَةً أَمْرًا
حَتَّى تَشْهَدُونِ
قَالُوا نَحْنُ أَقْوَى
وَأَوْلُوا بِأَيِّ شَيْءٍ وَالْأَمْرُ إِلَيْكَ
فَانْظُرِي مَاذَا تَأْمُرِينَ
قَالَتْ إِنَّ الْمُلُوكَ
إِذَا دَخَلُوا قَرْيَةً أَفْسَدُوهَا
وَجَعَلُوا أَعْرَافَ أَهْلِهَا آذِلَّةً
وكَذَلِكَ يَفْعَلُونَ
فَإِنِّي مُرْسِلَةٌ إِلَيْهِمْ بِهَدِيَّةٍ
فَنَاظِرَةٌ بِمَ يَرْجِعُ الْمُرْسَلُونَ
فَلَمَّا جَاءَ سُلَيْمَانُ قَالَ
أَتَيْدُونَنِي بِمَا آتَيْنَا
اللَّهُ خَيْرٌ مِمَّا آتَاكُمْ
بَلْ أَنْتُمْ بِهَدِيَّتِكُمْ تَفْرَحُونَ
أَرْجِعِ إِلَيْهِمْ فَلَنَأْتِيَنَّهُمْ
بِجُنُودٍ لَّا يَفْلَحُ لَهُمْ بِهَا
وَلَنُخْرِجَنَّهُمْ مِنْهَا آذِلَّةً
وَهُمْ صَاغِرُونَ

سُورَةُ النَّحْلِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- 27:38 Thereafter, when Solomon anticipated her coming to him, he said to his court:
O assembly of nobles!
Which of you will bring me her throne before they come to me in willing submission?
- 27:39 One of great power serving Solomon from the jinn said:
I shall bring it to you before you rise from your position.
For I am, indeed, the one for such a task, being both very strong and trustworthy.
- 27:40 Yet he who had knowledge from the Heavenly Book said:
I shall bring it to you even before the glance of your eye to the sky can return to you!
So the moment he beheld it settled before him, Solomon said:
This is of my Lord's favor upon me, to try me, as to whether I will be thankful to Him or ungrateful.
Yet anyone who is thankful to God is but thankful for the good of his own soul.
And whoever is ungrateful—then, nevertheless, my Lord is self-sufficient, all-generous!
- 27:41 He said:
Alter the appearance of her throne so it becomes unfamiliar to her, so that we may see whether she shall follow right guidance after seeing this miracle, or if she will remain of those who are not guided aright.
- 27:42 So when she arrived at his court, it was said to her:

قَالَ يَا أَيُّهَا الْمَلَأُو۟ا
أَيُّكُمْ يَأْتِينِي بِعَرْشِهَا
قَبْلَ أَنْ يَأْتُونِي مُسْلِمِينَ
قَالَ عِفْرِيتٌ مِّنَ الْجِنِّ
أَنَا۠ أَعْلَمُ بِهٖ
قَبْلَ أَنْ تَقُومَ مِن مَّقَامِكَ
وَإِنِّي عَلَيْهِ لَقَوِي۟ أَمِينٌ
قَالَ الَّذِي عِنْدَهُ
عِلْمٌ مِّنَ الْكِتَابِ
أَنَا۠ أَعْلَمُ بِهٖ
قَبْلَ أَنْ يَرْتَدَّ إِلَيْكَ طَرْفُكَ
فَلَمَّا رَآهُ مُسْتَقِرًّا عِنْدَهُ
قَالَ هَذَا مِن فَضْلِ رَبِّي
لِيَبْلُوَنِي ؕ أَشْكُرَ أَمْ أَكْفُرُ
وَمَن شَكَرَ
فَإِنَّمَا يَشْكُرُ لِنَفْسِهِ
وَمَن كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ رَبِّي غَنِيٌّ كَرِيمٌ
قَالَ تَكَرَّو۟اْ هَا عَرَشُهَا
نَنْظُرُ أَنَّنَّهْدِي
أَم تَكُونُ مِنَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَهْتَدُونَ
فَلَمَّا جَاءَتْ

٢٨

٢٩

٣٠

٣١

٣٢

سُورَةُ النَّامْلِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

Does your throne resemble this 'one'?

She said: It is as though it were it 'itself'!

Then and there,

'perceiving her inclination to truth,

Solomon said to his court:

It is we who have been given

'revealed' knowledge 'long' before her.

And ever have we been *muslims*,

in willing submission to God 'alone'.

27:43 What she had been

'habituated to' worshipping apart from God

caused her 'at first' to turn away 'from faith'.

For, indeed, she was from a disbelieving people.

27:44 It was said to her: Enter the palace court.

So when she saw it, she thought it was

an expansive, 'rippling' pool.

So she bared her shins 'to cross it'.

He said:

It is 'but' a court of polished glass plates

'overlying water.

Suddenly, realizing the truth,

she 'turned to God in prayer and' said:

My Lord!

I have, indeed, wronged myself

'by worshipping the sun'.

And I 'now' submit myself with Solomon

to God 'alone', Lord of 'All' the Worlds.

27:45 And very truly,

We sent to 'the people of' Thamûd,

their brother Şâlih 'as a messenger, saying:

Worship God 'alone'!

And, at once, they became 'divided

into' two contending factions

'of faith and unbelief'.

قِيلَ أَهَكَذَا عَرْشُكَ

قَالَتْ كَأَنَّهُ هُوَ

وَأَوْيَيْنَا الْعِلْمَ مِن قَبْلِهَا

وَكُنَّا مُسْلِمِينَ

وَصَدَّهَا مَا كَانَتْ تَعْبُدُ

مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ

إِنَّمَا كَانَتْ مِن قَوْمٍ كَافِرِينَ

قِيلَ لَهَا ادْخُلِي الصَّرْحَ

فَلَمَّا رَأَتْهُ حَسِبَتْهُ لُجَّةً

وَكشَفَتْ عَنْ سَاقَيْهَا

قَالَ إِنَّهُ صَرْحٌ

مُمَرَّدٌ مِّن قَوَارِيرَ

قَالَتْ رَبِّ

إِنِّي ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِي

وَأَسْلَمْتُ مَعَ سُلَيْمَانَ

لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَى ثَمُودَ

أَخَاهُمْ صَالِحًا

أَنِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ فَإِذَا هُمْ

فَرِيقَانِ يَخْتَصِمُونَ

سُورَةُ النَّملِ

الجزء التاسع عشر

- 27:46 He said to the disbelievers: O my people!
Why do you hasten
to bring evil doom upon yourselves
instead of the good tidings of faith?
Will you not seek God's forgiveness,
so that you may be shown mercy?
- 27:47 They said to him:
We presage an omen of ill fate from you
and from those who believe along with you.
He said:
Your deserved fate, good or ill,
rests with God alone.
Rather, you are a people
who have been put to trial by Him.
- 27:48 There were in the city nine men,
heads of their clans,
who spread corruption in the earth
and did not set things aright.
- 27:49 They said:
Swear to one another, by God,
that at night you shall together ambush him
and his household and kill them all!
Then we shall say emphatically
to any heir of his that seeks retribution
that we were not present
at the annihilation of his household—
and that, indeed, we are, most surely, truthful!
- 27:50 Thus they who disbelieved
devised a wicked plan against Sâlih.
But We devised a plan to save him—
while they were entirely unaware of it.
- 27:51 Then see how devastating was the end
of their plotting!
For, indeed, We demolished them
and their people, all together.

١٦ قَالَ يٰقَوْمِ لِمَ تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ

بِالسَّيِّئَةِ قَبْلَ الْحَسَنَةِ

لَوْلَا تَسْتَغْفِرُونَ اللَّهَ

لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ

١٧ قَالُوا اطَّيَّرْنَا بِكَ وَبِمَنْ مَعَكَ

قَالَ طَبَّيْرُكُمْ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

بَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمٌ تَفْتَنُونَ

١٨ وَكَانَ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ

سِتَّةٌ رَهْطٌ

يُفْسِدُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَلَا يُصْلِحُونَ

١٩ قَالُوا تَفَاسَّمُوا بِاللَّهِ

لِنَيْبَتِهِ وَأَهْلِهِ

ثُمَّ لِنَقُولَ لَوْلِيهِ

مَا شَهِدْنَا مَهْلِكَ أَهْلِهِ

وَأِنَّا لَصَادِقُونَ

٢٠ وَمَكْرُؤًا مَكْرًا

وَمَكْرَنَا مَكْرًا

وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ

٢١ فَأَنْظِرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ

عَنْبِقَةُ مَكْرِهِمْ

أَنَّا دَمَرْنَاهُمْ

وَقَوْمَهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

- 27:52 So there were their dwellings,
in ruinous desolation,
because of the 'grave' wrong they did.
Indeed, in this 'account' there is a sure sign
for a people who would know
that divine retribution is unfailing.
- 27:53 Yet We delivered 'from destruction'
those 'among them' who believed
and were ever God-fearing.
- 27:54 Moreover, 'mention how God delivered' Lot.
Behold! He said to his people:
Do 'the men among you' openly commit
'such abominable' lewdness 'with each other',
even while you look 'upon one another'?
- 27:55 Do you approach men in lust instead of women?
Indeed, you are a people
who are 'shamefully' ignorant
of God's commandments.
- 27:56 * Yet the response of his people
was only to say 'to each other':
Expel the family of Lot from your town,
for they are a people
who 'seek to' keep themselves pure
'from our ways'.
- 27:57 So We delivered him
and his family 'from doom'—
except his 'faithless' wife:
Her We adjudged to be among those
who would linger behind.
- 27:58 Thus We rained down upon them
a 'devastating' rain 'of marked stones'!
And how evil was the rain
of those who were forewarned 'to no avail'!

سُورَةُ النَّمْلِ

الجزء العشرون

فَتِلْكَ بُيُوتُهُمْ ٥٢
خَاوِيَةً بِمَا ظَلَمُوا
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً
لِّقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ
وَأَنجَيْنَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَكَانُوا يَتَّقُونَ ٥٣
وَلُوطًا ٥٤
إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ
أَتَأْتُونَ الْفَاحِشَةَ
وَأَنْتُمْ تَبْصُرُونَ
أَيُنْكَحُ لَتَاؤُنَ الرِّجَالِ شَهْوَةً
مِنْ دُونِ النِّسَاءِ ٥٥
بَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمٌ بِجَهْلُونَ
فَمَا كَانُوا ٥٦
جَوَابَ قَوْمِهِ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا
أَخْرِجُوا آلَ لُوطٍ مِنْ قَرْيَتِكُمْ
إِنَّهُمْ أَنَاسٌ يَنْطَهُرُونَ
فَأَنجَيْنَاهُ وَأَهْلَهُ
إِلَّا امْرَأَتَهُ ٥٧
قَدَرْنَاهَا مِنَ الْغَابِرِينَ
وَأَمْطَرْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ مَطَرًا
فَسَاءَ مَطَرُ الْمُنْذَرِينَ ٥٨

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء العشرون

27:59 Then say, O Prophet:

All praise is for God alone,
whose deliverance is sure,
and whose profound peace
is upon His servants,
the ones whom He Himself has chosen
to bear His messages.

Thus ask the unbelievers:

Is God, the All-Availing,
worthier of worship, or the helpless idols
that they who disbelieve falsely associate
as gods with Him?

27:60 Or ask them, O Prophet:

Who is it that created the heavens and the earth?
And who has sent down to you,
from the sky, water,
with which We cause to grow
orchards of delight?

It is not possible for you
to cause even one of their trees
to grow without it.

Then is there another god
to be worshipped along with God?

Rather, those who say this
are a people who veer from the straight path
and ascribe equals to Him.

27:61 Or ask them:

Who has made the earth
a hospitable place of settlement
for all the living?
And who made rivers flow all through it?
And who set in it
anchoring mountains to balance it?
And who placed a seamless divide
between the sweet and salty waters?

قُلِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

٥٩

وَسَلَّمَ عَلَىٰ عِبَادِهِ

الَّذِينَ أَصْطَفَىٰ

عَالَهُ خَيْرٌ أَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ

أَمَّنْ خَلَقَ

٦٠

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَأَنْزَلَ لَكُم

مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً

فَأَنْبَتْنَا بِهِ

حَدَائِقَ ذَاتِ بَهْجَةٍ

مَا كَانَ لَكُمْ

أَنْ تَنْبِتُوا شَجَرَهَا

أَوَلَهُ مَعَ اللَّهِ

بَلْ هُمْ قَوْمٌ يَعِدُونَ

أَمَّنْ جَعَلَ الْأَرْضَ قَرَارًا

٦١

وَجَعَلَ خِلَالَهَا أَنْهَارًا

وَجَعَلَ لَهَا رَوَاسِيَ

وَجَعَلَ

بَيْنَ الْبَحْرَيْنِ حَاجِزًا

سُورَةُ النَّامِلِ

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- Then is there another god
to be worshipped along with God?
Indeed, most of them
do not truly know the greatness of God.
27:62 Or ask them:
Who answers the one in distress
when he cries out to Him
and He lifts the affliction?
And who has appointed you human beings
as successors to inherit authority in the earth?
Then is there another god
who has given you of the dominion
to be worshipped along with God?
How very little you remember
God's favor upon you!
27:63 Or ask them:
Who guides you safely
through the veils of darkness
in the land and the sea?
And who sends the winds bearing glad tidings
before the rain-showers of His mercy?
Then is there another god
to be worshipped along with God?
Most high is God
far above all that they associate
as gods with Him.
27:64 Or ask them:
Who is it that originates creation,
then causes it to return to being
after it passes away?
And who provides sustenance for you
from the stores of the heaven and the earth?
Then is there another god
to be worshipped along with God?
Say to the unbelievers:

أَيُّلَهُ مَعَ اللَّهِ
بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
أَمَّنْ يُجِيبُ الْمُضْطَرَّ ﴿٦٢﴾
إِذَا دَعَاهُ وَيُخْرِجُهُ مِنَ الضُّلُمِ
وَيَجْعَلُكُمْ
خُلَفَاءَ الْأَرْضِ
أَوَّلَهُ مَعَ اللَّهِ
قَلِيلًا مَّا تَذَكَّرُونَ
أَمَّنْ يَهْدِيكُمْ ﴿٦٣﴾
فِي ظُلُمَاتِ اللَّيْلِ وَالْبَحْرِ
وَمَنْ يُرْسِلُ الرِّيحَ
بَشْرًا بَيْنَ يَدَيْ رَحْمَتِهِ
أَوَّلَهُ مَعَ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى اللَّهُ
عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ ﴿٦٤﴾
أَمَّنْ يَبْدَأُ الْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ
وَمَنْ يَرْزُقُكُمْ
مِنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ
أَوَّلَهُ مَعَ اللَّهِ

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Bring forth your proof, if you are truthful!

27:65 Then say to them:

None who is in the heavens or the earth knows the knowledge of the unseen realm, except God.

And they who claim knowledge of it are utterly unaware even of when they themselves will be raised up for Judgment!

27:66 Indeed, the accretion of all their knowledge amounts to no certainty in the Hereafter.

Rather, they are in complete doubt about it. Rather, they are utterly blind to it!

27:67 Moreover, others of those who disbelieve say: When we, and our forefathers, have become dust, shall we, indeed, be brought forth again to life?

27:68 Truly, we have been promised this—we and our long dead forefathers before us. This is nothing but tales of the ancients!

27:69 Say, O Prophet, to the unbelievers: Journey through the earth and see how devastating was the end of the defiant unbelievers!

27:70 So do not grieve over those of them who oppose you, nor be in any distress because of what they plot against you.

27:71 Furthermore, they say in contempt: When will this promise of divine judgment be fulfilled, if, indeed, you believers are truthful?

27:72 Say to them:

It may well be that following right behind you is some of the devastation

قُلْ هَاتُوا بُرْهَانَكُمْ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

قُلْ لَا يَعْلَمُ ٦٥

مَنْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

الْغَيْبِ إِلَّا اللَّهُ

وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ أَيَّانَ يُبْعَثُونَ

بَلِ أَدْرَاكَ عِلْمُهُمْ ٦٦

فِي الْآخِرَةِ

بَلْ هُمْ فِي شَكٍّ مِنْهَا

بَلْ هُمْ مِنْهَا عَمُونَ

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ٦٧

أَيُّذَا كُنَّا تُرَابًا وَءَابَاؤُنَا

أَنبَاءًا لَمُخْرَجُونَ

لَقَدْ وُعِدْنَا هَذَا ٦٨

نَحْنُ وَءَابَاؤُنَا مِنْ قَبْلُ

إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا أَسْطِيرُ الْأَوَّلِينَ

قُلْ سِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ ٦٩

فَانظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ

عَاقِبَةُ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

وَلَا تَحْزَنْ عَلَيْهِمْ ٧٠

وَلَا تَكُنْ فِي صَبَقٍ

مِمَّا يَمْكُرُونَ

وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَى هَذَا الْوَعْدُ ٧١

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

قُلْ عَسَى أَنْ يَكُونَ رَدِفَ لَكُمْ ٧٢

that you seek to hasten.

- 27:73 Yet, indeed, your Lord is ever bountiful
to all people, O Prophet,
affording them time and provision.
But most of them do not give thanks for this.

- 27:74 Yet, indeed, your Lord knows well
all that their hearts harbor
and all that they make known.

- 27:75 For there is not any unseen thing
anywhere in the heaven or the earth,
but that it is inscribed with God
in a clear Book, preserved in Heaven.

- 27:76 Indeed, this Quran relates the truth
to the Children of Israel
about most of that over which they dispute.

- 27:77 Moreover, herein there is, indeed, guidance
for those gone astray,
as well as mercy from the torment
of the Hereafter for all the believers.

- 27:78 Indeed, on the Day of Resurrection,
your Lord will decide
every issue in dispute between them,
in accordance with His all-wise Judgment.
For He alone
is the Overpowering One, the All-Knowing.

- 27:79 So rely on God alone, O Prophet,
for you are following upon the path
of clear truth.

- 27:80 Indeed, you cannot make
the dead of heart hear.
Nor can you make the deaf of heart
hear the call of truth
when they have turned back in retreat from it.

- 27:81 Nor can you guide the blind in heart

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بَعْضُ الَّذِي تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ

وَأِنَّ رَبَّكَ

٧٣

لَذُو فَضْلٍ عَلَى النَّاسِ

وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَشْكُرُونَ

وَأِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَيَعْلَمُ

٧٤

مَا تَكُنُّ صُدُورُهُمْ

وَمَا يَعْلَمُونَ

وَمَا مِنْ غَائِبَةٍ

٧٥

فِي السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ

إِلَّا فِي كِتَابٍ مُبِينٍ

إِنَّ هَذَا الْقُرْآنَ

٧٦

يَقُصُّ عَلَى بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ

أَكْثَرَ الَّذِي

هُمْ فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ

وَأِنَّهُ هُدًى

٧٧

وَرَحْمَةٌ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

إِنَّ رَبَّكَ

٧٨

يَقْضِي بَيْنَهُمْ بِحُكْمِهِ

وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْعَلِيمُ

فَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ

٧٩

إِنَّكَ عَلَى الْحَقِّ الْمُبِينِ

إِنَّكَ لَا تَسْمِعُ الْمَوْتَى

٨٠

وَلَا تَسْمِعُ الصُّمَّ الدُّعَاءَ

إِذَا وَلَّوْا مُدْبِرِينَ

وَمَا أَنْتَ

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بِهَادِيَ الْعَمَى عَنْ ضَلَالَتِهِمْ

سُورَةُ النَّحْلِ

الجزء العشرون

out of their misguidance.

You can only make hear 'this call'
those who believe in Our signs
'and' who, therefore, are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone'.

27:82 * Thus, when the word 'of the Hour of Doom'
shall come to pass against
'the disbelieving among' them,
We shall bring forth for them
a beast out of the earth that shall speak to them,
'heralding the Day of Judgment';
for people will have had no certainty
in Our signs 'revealed in the Scriptures.

27:83 Thereafter, shall come 'the Day
'that' We assemble from every community
a throng of those who 'vehemently' belied
Our 'revealed' signs—
and they shall all be duly marshaled.

27:84 And at last,
when they come forth 'for Judgment,
God' shall say 'to them':
Did you belie My 'revealed' signs,
while you did not
'even attempt to' comprehend them
in knowledge?

Or 'if this is not the case,'
what 'then' were you doing?
27:85 Thus the word 'of punishment'
shall come to pass against them
for 'all' the wrong they had been doing.
Nor shall they utter 'even a word'
in their own defense'.

27:86 Have they not considered
that, indeed, it is We 'alone'
who have made the night for them

إِنْ تَسْمِعْ
إِلَّا مَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِآيَاتِنَا
فَهُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ

۞ وَإِذَا وَقَعَ الْقَوْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ
أَخْرَجْنَا لَهُمْ دَابَّةً مِّنَ الْأَرْضِ
تُكَلِّمُهُمْ أَنَّ النَّاسَ

كَانُوا بِآيَاتِنَا لَا يُوقِنُونَ
وَيَوْمَ نَحْشُرُ

مِنْ كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ فَوْجًا
مِّمَّنْ يُكَذِّبُ بِآيَاتِنَا
فَهُمْ يُوزَعُونَ

حَقًّا إِذَا جَاءُوا
قَالَ أَكْذَبْتُمْ بِآيَاتِي

وَلَمْ تُحِيطُوا بِهَا عِلْمًا
أَمَاذَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

وَوَقَعَ الْقَوْلُ عَلَيْهِمْ
بِمَا ظَلَمُوا فَهُمْ لَا يَظْفِقُونَ

أَلَمْ تَرَوْا أَنَّا جَعَلْنَا اللَّيْلَ
لَيْسَكُنَا فِيهِ

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- to repose therein,
and the daylight 'by which' to see?
Indeed, in this there are sure signs
for a people who would believe.
- 27:87 Yet the Day
the Trumpet 'of Resurrection' is blown,
then all who are in the heavens
and all who are in the earth
shall be terror-stricken—
except for whomever God so wills.
Thus all shall come to Him utterly humbled.
- 27:88 Moreover, you shall see the mountains,
that you deem firmly fixed,
passing away like 'traces of' clouds pass away.
'Behold' the mighty doing of God—
He who has perfected all things!
Indeed, He is all-aware
of all 'the acts' that you do.
- 27:89 Whoever comes forth 'on that Day',
having done the good deed
'of sustaining true faith in God alone',
then he shall have 'far' better than it
'as a reward in Paradise'.
And from a 'great' terror, on that Day,
shall such be 'made' secure.
- 27:90 But whoever comes forth 'on that Day'
having done the evil deed 'of belying God',
then shall their 'very' faces
be pitched into the Fire 'of Hell'.
And they shall be asked:
Are you 'now' being recompensed
for other than all 'the evil'
that you had been doing 'in life'?
- 27:91 Say to the unbelievers, O Muhammad:

سُورَةُ النَّامِلِ

الجزء العشرون

وَالنَّهَارَ مُبْصِرًا
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ
لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ
وَيَوْمَ يُنْفَخُ فِي الصُّورِ
فَفَرَجَ مَنْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
إِلَّا مَنْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ
وَكُلٌّ أَتَوْهُ دَاخِرِينَ
وَتَرَى الْجِبَالَ تَحْسِبُهَا جَمَادَةً
وَهِيَ تَمُرُّ مَرَّ السَّحَابِ
صُنِعَ اللَّهُ
الَّذِي أَنْفَعُ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ
إِنَّهُ خَيْرٌ لِّمَا تَفْعَلُونَ
مَنْ جَاءَ بِالْحَسَنَةِ
فَلَهُ خَيْرُ مُنْهَا وَهُمْ مِنْ فَزَعٍ
يَوْمَئِذٍ مُّأْمِنُونَ
وَمَنْ جَاءَ بِالسَّيِّئَةِ
فَكَتَبَتْ وَجُوهُهُمْ فِي النَّارِ
هَلْ يُجْزَوْنَ
إِلَّا مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

Indeed, I have been commanded
only to worship the Lord
of this habitation of Makkah,
the One who has Himself made it sacred.
For to Him alone do all things belong.
Moreover, I have been commanded
to be of those who are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God alone —
27:92 and to recite the Quran to all people.
So whoever shall be guided by it,
then he is guided only
for the benefit of his own soul.
As for whoever goes astray
from its straight path — then to such say only:
Indeed, I am but one
of the prophetic forewarners.
27:93 Moreover, say: All praise is for God alone.
He shall show all of you His wondrous signs,
so that you shall know them to be utterly true.
For never is your Lord at all heedless
of what you human beings do.

إِنَّمَا أُمِرْتُ أَنْ أَعْبُدَ
رَبَّ هَذِهِ الْبَلَدِ
الَّذِي حَرَّمَهَا
وَلَهُ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ وَأُمِرْتُ
أَنْ أَكُونَ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ
وَأَنْ أَتْلُو الْقُرْآنَ
فَمَنْ أَهْتَدَى
فَإِنَّمَا يَهْتَدِي لِنَفْسِهِ
وَمَنْ ضَلَّ فَقُلْ
إِنَّمَا أَنَا مِنَ الْمُنذِرِينَ
وَقُلِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ
سَيُرِيكُمْ آيَاتِهِ فَاعْرِفُونَهَا
وَمَا رَبُّكَ بِغَفِلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ

سُورَةُ الْقَصَصِ The surah that mentions how Moses ﷺ came to the wells of Midian and related to the aged believer, whose daughters he had helped, the series of events and THE STORIES of his flight from Egypt; and that mentions, as well, the stories of Moses' ﷺ call to prophethood and confrontation with Pharaoh, his Exodus with the Children of Israel, and that of Korah of Israel, whom God destroyed.

Surah 28 / 88 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Qaṣaṣ

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

28:1 *Tā Sīn Mīm*

28:2 These are the 'revealed' verses
of the clear Book 'of God elucidating truth'.

28:3 We recite to you, in truth,
'something of the 'great' tiding
of Moses and Pharaoh,
for a people who 'would' believe
'in divine revelation'.

28:4 Indeed, Pharaoh exalted 'himself
with lawless insolence' in the land 'of Egypt'
and segregated its people into factions,
oppressing a group of them,
slaying their sons
and keeping their womenfolk alive 'in bondage'.
Indeed, he was of those
who sowed corruption 'on earth'.

28:5 Yet We intended to confer favor
on those oppressed in the land
and to make them 'exemplary' leaders 'in faith';
and to make them inheritors
'of Our commandments';

28:6 and to establish them 'securely' in the land;

طَسَمَ ١

تِلْكَ ءَايَاتُ الْكِتَابِ الْمُبِينِ ٢

نَتْلُوهُ عَلَيْكَ مِنْ نَبَأِ ٣

مُوسَىٰ وَفِرْعَوْنَ بِالْحَقِّ

لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

إِنَّ فِرْعَوْنَ عَلَا فِي الْأَرْضِ ٤

وَجَعَلَ أَهْلَهَا شِيَعًا

يَسْتَضِعُّ طَائِفَةٌ مِنْهُمْ

يَذَرِيحُ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ

وَيَسْتَحْيِي نِسَاءَهُمْ

إِنَّهُ كَانَ مِنَ الْمُفْسِدِينَ

وَنُرِيدُ أَنْ نَمُنَّ عَلَى الَّذِينَ ٥

أَسْضَعُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَنَجْعَلَهُمْ أَئِمَّةً

وَنَجْعَلَهُمُ الْوَارِثِينَ

وَنُمَكِّنَ لَهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ ٦

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَجَّةُ الْعَشْرُونَ

- and to show Pharaoh
and Hâmân and their hosts, 'by means' of them,
'the fulfillment of the very fear'
that they were 'so vigilantly' guarding against.
- 28:7 So We revealed to Moses' mother,
'after she had delivered him': Nurse him.
Then when you fear for his 'life',
cast him into the river 'in a basket'.
And do not fear 'Pharaoh';
and do not grieve 'over this parting'.
Indeed, We shall, most surely,
return him to you.
And We shall make him
'one' of the messengers 'of God'.
- 28:8 Thereafter, the House of Pharaoh
retrieved him 'from the River Nile' —
that he might become for them 'in time'
an enemy and a 'cause of' grief.
Indeed, Pharaoh and Hâmân and their hosts
were a sinful 'people'.
- 28:9 So the wife of Pharaoh said 'to Pharaoh:
He can be 'a joy to the eye for me and for you.
Do not kill him.
He may benefit us, or we may take him as a son.
For they had no sense
'of what God would do through him'.
- 28:10 Yet the heart of Moses' mother
became devoid 'of feeling for all but Moses,
to the point'
that she very nearly disclosed 'his identity',
had We not secured her heart
to be of the believers 'of unfailing faith'.
- 28:11 Thus she said to his sister: Trail him.
So she watched over him from afar,
though they 'who had retrieved him'

وَنَرَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ وَهَمْعَنَ
وَجُنُودَهُمَا مِنْهُمْ
مَا كَانُوا يَحْذَرُونَ
وَأَوْحَيْنَا إِلَىٰ أُمِّ مُوسَىٰ ۖ
أَنْ أَرْضِعِيهِ ۖ فَإِذَا خِفَتْ عَلَيْهِ
فَكَالِقِيهِ فِي الْيَمِّ
وَلَا تَخَافِي وَلَا تَحْزَنِي
إِنَّا رَادُّوهُ إِلَيْكَ
وَجَاعِلُوهُ مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ
فَالْقَطْعُ أَلْفِرْعَوْنَ
لِيَكُونَ لَهُمْ
عَدُوًّا وَحَزَنًا ۚ إِنَّ فِرْعَوْنَ
وَهَمْعَنَ وَجُنُودَهُمَا
كَانُوا خَاطِبِينَ
وَقَالَتِ امْرَأَتُ فِرْعَوْنَ
قُرْتُ عَيْنِي لِي وَلَكَ
لَا تَقْتُلُوهُ عَسَىٰ أَنْ يَنْفَعَنَا
أَوْ نَتَّخِذَهُ وَلَدًا
وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ
وَأَصْبَحَ
قَوَادُّ أُمِّ مُوسَىٰ فَغَرَّاهَا
إِنْ كَادَتْ لَتُبْدِيَ بِهِ
وَلَوْلَا أَنْ يَبْطُنَا عَلَىٰ قَلْبِهَا
لَتَكُونُ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَقَالَتِ لِأُخْتِهِ ۖ فَصِّيهِ
فَبَصُرَتْ بِهِ عَنْ جُنُبٍ

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- did not sense her presence .
- 28:12 * Thus before returning him to his mother ,
We caused him to abstain from all wet-nurses .
Then his sister came forth ,
and she said to them :
Shall I direct you to the people of a household
who will foster him for you
and who will treat him well?
- 28:13 Thus did We restore him to his mother ,
so that her eyes might be comforted
and find joy in him ,
and that she might not grieve ,
and that she might know
that the promise of God is ever true .
Yet most of them who disbelieve
do not know that God's will is ever done .
- 28:14 And when he had reached full maturity
and become full-grown ,
We gave him prophetic wisdom
and knowledge of God —
and thus do We reward
those who excel in doing good .
- 28:15 But, before this ,
he had entered the city of Pharaoh
at a time of midday rest
when its dwellers were unaware
of activities therein ,
and wherein he found
two men fighting each other :
One from his own people
and one from his enemies .
The one from his own people
cried out for his help
against the one from his enemies .

سُورَةُ الْقَاۡصَاۡصِ

الجزء العشرون

وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ
وَحَرَمْنَا عَلَيْهِ ١٢
الْمَرَاضِعَ مِنْ قَبْلُ فَقَالَتْ
هَلْ أَتَاكُمُ عَلَىٰ أَهْلِ بَيْتٍ
يَكْفُلُونَهُ لَكُمْ
وَهُمْ لَهُ نَاصِحُونَ
فَرَدَدْنَاهُ إِلَىٰ أُمِّهِ كَيْ تَقَرَّ
عَيْنُهَا وَلَا تَحْزَنَ ١٣
وَلِتَعْلَمَ أَنَّ
وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ وَلَكِنَّ
أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ١٤
وَلَمَّا بَلَغَ أَشُدَّهُ وَاسْتَوَىٰ
ءَاتَيْنَاهُ حُكْمًا وَعِلْمًا
وَكَذَٰلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ
وَدَخَلَ الْمَدِينَةَ ١٥
عَلَىٰ حِينٍ غَفْلَةٍ مِّنْ أَهْلِهَا
فَوَجَدَ فِيهَا رَجُلَيْنِ يَقْتَتِلَانِ
هَٰذَا مِنْ شِيعَةِ
وَهَٰذَا مِنْ عَدُوِّهِ
فَاسْتَعَاثَ الَّذِي مِّنْ شِيعَتِهِ
عَلَى الَّذِي مِّنْ عَدُوِّهِ

So Moses struck him who was of the enemy
with his fist and finished him,
and said in regret:

This is of the doings of Satan.

He is, indeed, a manifest, misguiding enemy.

28:16 He said: My Lord!

I have, indeed, wronged myself, so forgive me;
so He forgave him.

Indeed, He is the All-Forgiving,
the Mercy-Giving.

28:17 He said: My Lord!

Because of all of that
with which you have graced me,
I shall never be an upholder
of the defiant unbelievers.

28:18 Thus by morning,

he had become fearful and wary,
in the streets of the city.

Then when the man who had sought his help
the day before cried out to him for help again,
Moses said to him:

Indeed, you are clearly
a most quarrelsome fellow.

28:19 So when he intended again

to assault the one who was an enemy
to both of them, the enemy said to him:
O Moses!

Do you intend to kill me
as you have killed a person only yesterday?
You want merely to become a tyrant
in the land,
and you do not want to become
of those who do righteousness.

28:20 Then there came a man

from the furthest part of the city,

الجزء العشر

الجزء العشر

فَوَكَرَهُ مُوسَى فَقَضَى عَلَيْهِ

قَالَ هَذَا مِنْ عَمَلِ الشَّيْطَانِ

إِنَّهُ عَدُوٌّ مُضِلٌّ مُبِينٌ

قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي ظَلَمْتُ نَفْسِي

فَاغْفِرْ لِي فَعَفَّرَ لَهُ

إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْغَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ

قَالَ رَبِّ بِمَا أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ

فَلَنْ أَكُونُ ظَاهِرًا لِلْمُجْرِمِينَ

فَأَصْبَحَ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ

خَائِفًا يَتَرَقَّبُ

فَإِذَا الَّذِي اِسْتَنْصَرَهُ بِالْأَمْسِ

يَسْتَصْرِحُهُ قَالَ لَهُ مُوسَى

إِنَّكَ لَعَوِيٌّ مُبِينٌ

فَلَمَّا أَنْ أَرَادَ أَنْ يَنْجَشِ

بِالَّذِي هُوَ عَدُوٌّ لَهُمَا قَالَا

يَمُوسَى أَتُرِيدُ أَنْ نَمُوتَكَ

كَمَا قَتَلْتَ نَفْسًا بِالْأَمْسِ

إِنْ تُرِيدُ إِلَّا أَنْ تَكُونَ

جَبَّارًا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَمَا تُرِيدُ

أَنْ تَكُونَ مِنَ الْمَصْلُوحِينَ

وَجَاءَ رَجُلٌ

مِّنْ أَقْصَا الْمَدِينَةِ يَسْعَى

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rushing to him.

He said: O Moses!

The assembly of nobles of Egypt
are conspiring against you—to kill you.

So depart at once from this land!

I am, indeed, one of those
who sincerely mean you well.

28:21 So at once he departed from it,
fearful and wary.

He said: My Lord!

Deliver me from the wrongdoing people.

28:22 And when he turned his face
toward the land of Midian, he said:

It may be that my Lord
will guide me upon the most even way.

28:23 So when at last
he had reached the water wells of Midian,
he found there a large group of people
drawing water for their herds.
And standing apart from them,
he found two women holding back their flock.
He said: What is it that makes you do this?
They said: We cannot water our flock
until the shepherds drive away their herds.
For our father is an aged man,
and we are his only helpers.

28:24 So he watered the flock for them.

Then he turned aside
to the shade of a tree and said:

My Lord!

Of whatever good You may send down to me,
most surely, I am most needful.

28:25 One of the two women
then came back to him, walking bashfully.

سُورَةُ الْقَصَصِ

الجزء العشرون

قَالَ يَمُوسَى إِنَّ أُمَّلًا
يَأْتِمُرُونَ بِكَ لِيَقْتُلُوكَ فَأَخْرَجْ

إِنِّي لَكَ مِنَ النَّاصِحِينَ

فَخَرَجَ مِنْهَا خَائِفًا يَتَرَقَّبُ قَالَ

رَبِّ يَتَّبِعْنِي مِنَ الْغُورِ الظُّلُمِ

وَلَمَّا تَوَجَّهَ تَلَقَّاهُ مَدْيَنَ

قَالَ عَسَى رَبِّي

أَنْ يَهْدِيَنِي سَوَاءَ السَّبِيلِ

وَلَمَّا وَرَدَ مَاءَ مَدْيَنَ

وَجَدَ عَلَيْهِ أُمَّةً

مِنْ النَّاسِ يَسْقُونَ

وَوَجَدَ مِنْ دُونِهِمْ

أَمْرَاتَيْنِ تَذْوَدَانِ

قَالَ مَا خَطْبُكُمَا

قَالَتَا لَا نَسْقِي

حَتَّى يُصْدِرَ الرِّعَاءُ

وَأَبُونَا شَيْخٌ كَبِيرٌ

فَسَقَى لَهُمَا

ثُمَّ تَوَلَّى إِلَى الظِّلِّ فَقَالَ

رَبِّ إِنِّي لِمَا أَنْزَلْتَ إِلَيَّ

مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَقِيرٌ

فَجَاءَتْهُ إِحْدَاهُمَا

تَمْشِي عَلَى أَسْتَحْيَاءٍ

سُورَةُ الْقَصَصِ

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She said:

Truly, my father calls for you
to recompense you with a reward
for watering `our flock` for us.
So when he came to him
and related to him the story
`of his escape from Egypt, the father` said:
Have no fear.

You have been delivered
from the wrongdoing people
`who are godless in heart`.

28:26 One of the two `women` said:
My dear father! Hire him.
Indeed, the best `man` you could hire
is one `like him` who is strong and trustworthy.

28:27 `The father` said:
I wish to marry you
to one of these two daughters of mine,
provided you hire yourself out to me
for eight years.
And should you `decide to` complete ten `years`,
then it shall be of your own `free` will.
Nor do I desire to bring hardship upon you.
You shall find me, if God so wills,
to be of the righteous.

28:28 `Moses` said:
This is `agreed upon` between me and you.
Whichever of the two terms I fulfill,
then I shall not come under any duress.
And God is a guardian over `all` that we say.
28:29 *So when Moses fulfilled the term
and moved on with his family,
he noticed a fire on the side of Mount Tûr
and said to his family:
Remain here. Indeed, I have noticed a fire.

قَالَتْ إِنَّكَ ابْنُ يَدْعُوكَ

لِيَجْزِيَكَ

أَجْرَ مَا سَقَيْتَ لَنَا

فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُ،

وَقَصَّ عَلَيْهِ الْقِصَصَ

قَالَ لَا تَخَفْ

نَجَّيْتَهُ مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ

قَالَتْ إِحْدَاهُمَا

(١٦)

يَتَأْتِيَ اسْتَسْجِرَهُ

إِنَّكَ خَيْرٌ مِّنْ اسْتَسْجَرْتِ

الْقَوِيُّ الْأَمِينُ

قَالَ إِنِّي أُرِيدُ أَنْ نَبْنِيَهُ

(١٧)

إِحْدَى ابْنَتِي هَتَيْنِ عَلَى أَنْ

تَأْجُرَنِي ثَمَنِي حِجَابٍ

فَإِنْ أَتَمَمْتَ عَشْرًا

فَمِنْ عِنْدِكَ

وَمَا أُرِيدُ أَنْ أَشُقَّ عَلَيْكَ

سَتَجِدُنِي إِن شَاءَ اللَّهُ

مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ

قَالَ ذَلِكَ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكَ

(١٨)

أَيَّمَا الْأَجَلَيْنِ قَضَيْتُ

فَلَا عُدْوَانَ عَلَيَّ

وَاللَّهُ عَلَى مَا نَقُولُ وَكِيلٌ

فَلَمَّا قَضَى مُوسَى الْأَجَلَ

(١٩)

وَسَارَ بِأَهْلِهِ آنَسَ

مِنْ جَانِبِ الطُّورِ نَارًا

قَالَ لِأَهْلِهِ امْكُثُوا

إِنِّي آنَسْتُ نَارًا

Perhaps, from it, I shall bring you news
to guide us on our way,
or bring you an ember from the fire,
so that you may warm yourselves.

28:30 So when he came to it, he was called 'by God'
from the right bank of the valley,
in the blessed site, from the 'effulgent' tree:
O Moses!

Indeed, I am!

I am God, Lord of 'All' the Worlds.

28:31 Now throw your staff to the ground.

Then when he saw it moving
as if it were a 'great' serpent,
he turned and fled—
and would not turn back.

'God said: O Moses!

Come near, and have no fear,

for you are, indeed,

of those who are secure 'against all harm'.

28:32 Pass your hand into the bosom of your garment.

It shall come forth

'radiant' white, without blemish.

Then enfold 'your shining hand' to yourself,

'underneath' your 'other' arm,

to return it to its former state

and allay 'your' fright.

These, then, shall be two proofs

from your Lord to Pharaoh

and his 'assembly of nobles,

for they have been an ungodly people.

28:33 He said: My Lord!

I have killed a person from among them.

So I fear that they will kill me.

28:34 And Aaron, my brother,

is more fluent of speech than me.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَجَرَةُ الْعُشْرُونَ

لَعَلِّي آتِيكُمْ مِنْهَا بِخَبَرٍ
أَوْ جَذْوَةٍ مِنَ النَّارِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَصْطَلُونَ

فَلَمَّا أَتَاهَا نُودِيَ

٣٠

مِنْ شَطِئِ الْأَوَادِ الْأَيْمَنِ

فِي الْبُقْعَةِ الْمُبَارَكَةِ

مِنَ الشَّجَرَةِ أَنْ يَمْوَسَى

إِنِّي أَنَا اللَّهُ

رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ

وَأَنْ أَلْقِي عَصَاكَ

٣١

فَلَمَّا رَأَاهَا تَهَيَّأَتْ كَأَنَّهُاجَانٌّ

وَلَّى مُدْبِرًا وَلَمْ يُعَقِّبْ

يَمْوَسَى أَقْبَلَ وَلَا تَخَفْ

إِنَّكَ مِنَ الْأَمِينِينَ

٣٢

أَسْأَلُكَ بِدَكَ فِي حَبِيبِكَ

تَخْرُجُ بَيَضَاءً مِنْ غَيْرِ سَوْءٍ

وَأَضْمَمَ إِلَيْكَ جَنَاحَكَ

مِنَ الرَّهْبِ فَلَذَانِكَ

بِرَهْنَانٍ مِنْ رَبِّكَ إِلَى

فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَإِيهِ إِنَّهُمْ

كَانُوا قَوْمًا فَاسِقِينَ

٣٣

قَالَ رَبِّ

إِنِّي قَتَلْتُ مِنْهُمْ نَفْسًا

فَأَخَافُ أَنْ يَقْتُلُونِ

وَإِخِي هَارُونَ

٣٤

هُوَ أَفْصَحُ مِنِّي لِسَانًا

بِذَلِكَ

الْحُجْرَةِ الْعُشْرُونَ

So send him with me
as an aid to confirm me in my mission.
Indeed, I fear that they will belie me.

28:35 He said:

We shall strengthen your arm with your brother.
And We shall confer on both of you
such manifest authority
that none shall attain to harming either of you.
By virtue of Our miraculous signs,
both of you, and all those who follow you,
shall be triumphant.

28:36 So when Moses came to them
with Our clear and miraculous signs, they said:
This is nothing but forged sorcery.
We have not heard of this claim
occurring in the time of our forefathers of old.

28:37 Moses said:

Yet my Lord is most knowledgeable
about one who truly comes
with guidance from Him
and one who shall have
the ultimate abode of delight in the Hereafter.
For, indeed, the godless wrongdoers
shall never succeed.

28:38 Thus Pharaoh said: O assembly of nobles!

I know of no god for you other than me.
So kindle a fire for me, O Hâmân,
to bake bricks out of clay.
Then make for me a lofty tower,
so that I may ascend it
and look upon the God of Moses.
For, indeed,

I think he is, most surely, of the liars.

28:39 Thus he grew so very arrogant in the land,
he and his hosts, without any right.

فَأَرْسَلَهُ مَعِيَ رِدْءًا يُصَدِّقُنِي

إِنِّي أَخَافُ أَنْ يُكَذِّبُونِ

قَالَ سَنَشُدُّ عَضُدَكَ ﴿٣٥﴾

بِأَخِيكَ وَجَعَلُ لَكُمَا

سُلْطَانًا فَلَا يَصِلُونَ إِلَيْكُمَا

بِمَا بَيْنَنَا أَسْمَاءُ

وَمَنْ أَتَّبِعُكُمَا الْغَالِبُونَ

فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ مُوسَى ﴿٣٦﴾

بِمَا بَيْنَنَا بَيِّنَاتٍ قَالُوا

مَا هَذَا إِلَّا سِحْرٌ مُفْتَرٍ

وَمَا سَمِعْنَا بِهَذَا

فِي آبَائِنَا الْأَوَّلِينَ

وَقَالَ مُوسَى رَبِّي أَعْلَمُ بِمَا ﴿٣٧﴾

جَاءَهُ بِالْهُدَى مِنْ عِنْدِهِ

وَمَنْ تَكُونُ لَهُ عَاقِبَةُ الدَّارِ

إِنَّهُ لَا يَفْلِحُ الظَّالِمُونَ

وَقَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ يَتَأْتِيهَا الْمَلَأُ ﴿٣٨﴾

مَا عَلِمْتُ لَكُمْ

مِنْ إِلَهٍ غَيْرِي

فَأَوْقَدَ لِي يَنْهَمِنُ عَلَى الْطِينِ

فَاجْعَلْ لِي صَرْحًا لَعَلِّي

أَطْلُعَ إِلَيْهِ مُوسَى

وَإِنِّي لَأَظُنُّهُ مِنَ الْكَاذِبِينَ

وَاسْتَكَبَرَهُ وَخُودُهُ ﴿٣٩﴾

فِي الْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ

سُورَةُ الْقَصَصِ

الجزء العشرون

For they believed, indeed,
that they would never be returned to Us
in the Hereafter for Judgment.

28:40 Then We seized him and his hosts, suddenly,
and We cast them into the sea.
So look how devastating was the end
of the godless wrongdoers who defied Me!

28:41 And thus have We made them
leading exemplars of unbelief,
calling whoever follows their example
to the Fire of Hell.

For on the Day of Resurrection,
never shall they be helped
against their punishment.

28:42 Moreover,
We have caused a curse to follow them
in this world for all time.
And on the Day of Resurrection,
they shall be banished from all goodness.

28:43 And very truly,
We did give the Torah as a Scripture to Moses,
after We had destroyed
the earlier defiant generations.
In it were manifest proofs against idolatry
for all the people of Israel,
as well as guidance and mercy from God,
so that they might become mindful
of His commandments.

28:44 Yet you were not there, O Prophet,
on the western mountainside of Tûr
when We decreed to Moses
the Commandments.
Nor were you there
among those of the Children of Israel

وَطَنُوا أَنَّهُمْ إِنَّا

لَا يَرْجِعُونَ

فَأَخَذْنَاهُ وَجُودُهُ

٤٠

فَنَبَذْنَاهُمْ فِي الْيَمِّ

فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ

عَذَابُ الظَّالِمِينَ

وَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ آيَةً

٤١

يَكْذِبُونَ إِلَى الْكَارِ

وَيَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

لَا يُصْرُونَ

وَاتَّبَعْنَاهُمْ

٤٢

فِي هَذِهِ الدُّنْيَا لَعْنَةً

وَيَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

هُمْ مِنَ الْمَقْبُوحِينَ

وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا

٤٣

مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ

مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا أَهْلَكْنَا

الْقُرُونِ الْأُولَى

بَصَائِرَ لِلنَّاسِ

وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةً

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ

وَمَا كُنْتَ بِجَانِبِ الْغَرْبِيِّ

٤٤

إِذْ قَضَيْنَا إِلَى مُوسَى الْأَمْرَ

وَمَا كُنْتَ

سُورَةُ الْعَصْرِ

الْحِزْبُ الْعَشْرُونَ

who bore witness to these events.

28:45 Furthermore,
We brought forth many generations
after Moses,
such that the life spans of heedlessness
that stretched over them
grew so very long—
until they forgot God's Covenant.
Moreover, you were not there with Moses
when he was dwelling
among the people of Midian,
so that you might rehearse before them
Our verses regarding Moses' sojourn there,
so as to verify them.
Rather, it is We alone
who have decreed to send you,
O Prophet, as a messenger
with these revealed tidings.

28:46 For you were not there
on the mountainside of Ṭūr
when We called Moses
in the Holy Valley of Ṭuwā.

Rather,
it is We who have sent you, O Prophet,
with this account, as a mercy from your Lord,
to forewarn of God's nearing Judgment
a people to whom no forewarner before you
has ever come,
so that they may become mindful
of God's commandments.

28:47 And never would We have sent you
as a forewarner to the unbelievers,
O Prophet, were it not for the fact
that when the deadly affliction from God
strikes them—

مِنَ الشَّاهِدِينَ
وَلَكِنَّا أَنشَأْنَا قُرُونًا
فَنَطَّأُولُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْعُمُرُ
وَمَا كُنْتَ تَأْوِيًا
فِي أَهْلِ مَدْيَنَ
تَنَلُّوْا عَلَيْهِمْ ءَايَاتِنَا
وَلَكِنَّا كُنَّا مُرْسِلِينَ
وَمَا كُنْتَ بِجَانِبِ الطُّورِ
إِذْ نَادَيْنَا وَلَكِنْ رَحْمَةً
مِّن رَّبِّكَ لِتُنذِرَ قَوْمًا
مَّا أَتَتْهُمْ مِّن نَّذِيرٍ
مِّن قَبْلِكَ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ
وَلَوْ لَا أَن
نُصِيبَهُمْ مُّصِيبَةً

١٥

١٦

١٧

سُورَةُ الْقَصَصِ

الجزء العشرون

for all `the evil` that their own hands
have advanced `in life`—
they would, most surely, say `on Judgment Day`:
Our Lord!

If only You had sent to us a messenger,
we would then have followed
Your `revealed` verses
and become of those who believed
`in You alone`.

28:48 But when the truth
came to them from Us `in this Quran`,
they `who disbelieve` said `of you, O Prophet`:
If only he were given `miracles`
the like of which Moses was given!
Yet have they `themselves` not disbelieved
in what was given to Moses of old?
They said `of both you and Moses, O Prophet`:
They are but `two sorcerers`,
upholding one another!
Moreover, they said:
Indeed, we disbelieve in both of them!

28:49 Say `to them`:
Then bring a Book from God
that is more guiding than either
`the Quran or the Torah`,
so that I may follow it,
if you are truthful `about your claims`.

28:50 Thus if they do not respond to you,
then know that they, in fact, follow
nothing but their `own` whims.
And who could be further astray `from the truth`
than one who follows his `mere` whims
without any guidance from God?
Indeed, God does not guide
the wrongdoing people

يَمَّا قَدَّمْت أَيْدِيهِمْ
فَيَقُولُوا رَبَّنَا لَوْلَا
أَرْسَلْتَ إِلَيْنَا رَسُولًا
فَنَتَّبِعَ آيَاتِكَ
وَنَكُونُ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ الْحَقُّ
مِنْ عِنْدِنَا قَالُوا لَوْلَا أُوتِيَ
مِثْلَ مَا أُوتِيَ مُوسَى
أَوْ لَمْ يَكْفُرُوا
يَمَّا أُوتِيَ مُوسَى مِنْ قَبْلُ
قَالُوا سِحْرَانِ تَظَاهَرَا
وَقَالُوا إِنَّا بِكُلِّ كَافِرُونَ
قُلْ فَاتَوَا

يَكْتَسِبُ مِنَ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
هُوَ أَهْدَىٰ مِنْهُمَا أَتَّبِعُهُ إِنْ
كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
فَإِنْ لَّمْ يَسْتَجِيبُوا لَكَ
فَاعْلَمْ أَنَّمَا
يَتَّبِعُونَ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ
وَمَنْ أَضَلُّ مِمَّنْ اتَّبَعَ هَوَاهُ
يَغْيِرْ هُدَىٰ مِنَ اللَّهِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ
لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ

سُورَةُ الْقَصَصِ

الجزء العشرون

- who are godless in heart .
- 28:51 *Yet steadily have We caused the word of this Quran to reach them, so that they may become mindful of God's commandments .
- 28:52 Indeed, those who are pure in heart — to whom We had previously given the Scripture—believe in this Quran .
- 28:53 Thus when it is recited to them, they say: We believe in all of it .
- Indeed, it is the very word of Truth from our Lord .
- Indeed, even before this we have ever been *muslims*, in willing submission to God alone .
- 28:54 Believers such as these will be given their reward twice for having believed in both Revelations, and for having been patient in keeping their covenants and for averting what is evil with what is good .
- Moreover, they spend charitably from what We have provided them .
- 28:55 Moreover, when they hear vile talk, they turn away from it .
- Rather, they say to those who malign them: For us shall be the recompense of our deeds And for you shall be the recompense of your deeds .
- Peace be upon you!
- We do not seek to emulate those who are ignorant and belligerent .
- 28:56 O Prophet!
- Indeed, you cannot guide

٥١ ﴿وَلَقَدْ وَصَّلْنَا لَهُمُ الْقَوْلَ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ﴾

٥٢ ﴿الَّذِينَ آتَيْنَاهُمُ الْكِتَابَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ هُمْ بِهِ يُؤْمِنُونَ وَلَئِذَا بَأْنَأَى عَلَيْهِمْ قَالَ آتُوا أَمْنًا بِهِ﴾

٥٣ ﴿إِنَّهُ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا مِنْ قَبْلِهِ مُسْلِمِينَ أُولَئِكَ يَتُوبُونَ لَهُمْ مَرَّتَيْنِ بِمَا صَبَرُوا وَيَدْرَءُونَ بِالْحَسَنَةِ السَّيِّئَةَ وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفِقُونَ وَإِذَا سَمِعُوا اللَّغْوَ أَعْرَضُوا عَنْهُ وَقَالُوا لَنَا أَعْمَلُنَا وَلَكُمْ أَعْمَلُكُمْ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمْ لَا تَبْتَغِ الْجَاهِلِينَ إِنَّكَ لَا تَهْدِي مَنْ أَحْبَبْتَ﴾

all those whom you love to Islam.
 Rather, it is God alone who guides
 whomever He so wills.
 For He alone knows best
 those who are truly guided aright.
 28:57 Thus they who disbelieve
 say to you, O Prophet:
 Were we to follow
 the guidance of your God along with you,
 we would be snatched away
 from our own land for abandoning our gods.
 Yet is it not We alone
 who have established for them
 a secure Sanctuary in Makkah,
 to which the fruits of all things are brought
 in abundant provision from Us?
 However, most of them do not know
 that this is from God.
 28:58 Then how many a city have We devastated
 that insolently exulted
 in its bounteous livelihood?
 So there are their dwellings—
 which were never inhabited after them—
 except a very few.
 Rather, it is We alone
 who were the inheritors of it all.
 28:59 But never would your Lord destroy the cities
 of a disbelieving people
 until He had first sent forth a messenger,
 in the midst of their mother-town,
 reciting to them Our verses.
 Nor would We ever destroy any communities
 unless their people
 were wrongdoers, godless in heart.

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وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ
 وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِالْمُهْتَدِينَ

وَقَالُوا إِن تَتَّبِعِ الْهُدَى مَعَكَ ٥٧

نَخْطِفُ مِنْ أَرْضِنَا أَوْ لَمْ

نُمْكِن لَهُمْ حَرَمًا آمِنًا

يُجِئُ إِلَيْهِ تَمَرَاتُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

رِزْقًا مِنْ لَدُنَّا وَلَكِنَّ

أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

وَكَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا مِنْ قَرْيَةٍ ٥٨

بَطَرَتْ مَعِيشَتَهَا

فَلِلَّهِ مَسْكِنُهُمْ

لَمْ تَسْكُنْ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ

إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

وَكُنَّا نَحْنُ الْوَارِثِينَ

وَمَا كَانَ رَبُّكَ مُهْلِكَ الْقُرَى ٥٩

حَتَّى يَبْعَثَ فِي أُمِّهَا رَسُولًا

يَتْلُو عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتِنَا

وَمَا كُنَّا

مُهْلِكِي الْقُرَى

إِلَّا وَأَهْلُهَا ظَالِمُونَ

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- 28:60 Now, all that you have been given
of anything in life, O humankind,
is no more than the mere enjoyment
of the life of this world and its adornment.
But what is awaiting with God
is far better and everlasting.
Will you not, then, understand
that life is fleeting?
- 28:61 So is one to whom We have promised
the fair promise of Paradise —
who attains it in everlasting fulfillment —
like one on whom We have bestowed
the passing enjoyment of the life of the world,
who then, on the Day of Resurrection,
is of those brought to Us for eternal torment?
- 28:62 For the Day God calls them to Judgment,
He shall say to the godless wrongdoers:
Where, now, are My associate-gods
that in the world you used to allege
that I have?
- 28:63 Those leaders of unbelief
against whom the word of doom
has come to pass
shall say of those who followed them:
Our Lord!
Those whom we deluded,
we deluded only because
we ourselves were deluded.
We disavow before You their claims!
It was not us whom they worshipped.
- 28:64 Then it shall be said to them all:
Cry out to your associate-gods for help!
So they shall cry out to them.
But they will not answer them.
And then they shall see Hell's torment loom.

﴿١٠﴾ وَمَا أُوتِيتُمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ فَمَتَّعْ

الْحَيَوةَ الدُّنْيَا وَزِينَتَهَا

وَمَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ خَيْرٌ وَأَبْقَىٰ

أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ

﴿١١﴾ أَفَمَنْ وَعَدْنَاهُ وَعْدًا حَسَنًا

فَهُوَ لَنُفِيقَهُ كَمَنْ مَنَعْنَاهُ

مَتَاعَ الْحَيَوةِ الدُّنْيَا ثُمَّ هُوَ

يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ مِنَ الْمُخْضَرِينَ

﴿١٢﴾ وَيَوْمَ يُنَادِيهِمْ فَيَقُولُ

أَيْنَ شُرَكَائِي

الَّذِينَ كُنْتُمْ تَزْعُمُونَ

﴿١٣﴾ قَالَ الَّذِينَ حَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَوْلُ

رَبَّنَا هَؤُلَاءِ الَّذِينَ أَغْوَيْنَا

أَغْوَيْنَاهُمْ كَمَا غَوَيْنَا

تَبَرَّأْنَا إِلَيْكَ

مَا كَانُوا إِلَّا نَاعِبِدُونَ

﴿١٤﴾ وَقِيلَ ادْعُوا شُرَكَاءَكُمْ

فَدَعَوْهُمْ فَلَمْ يَسْتَجِيبُوا لَهُمْ

وَرَأَوْا الْعَذَابَ

- If only they had been rightly guided!
- 28:65 For the Day 'God' calls them 'to Judgment',
He shall say 'to them':
What answer did you return
to the messengers 'I sent you'?
- 28:66 Yet 'because they belied them',
all tidings 'and answers' on that Day
shall be blotted out 'from their minds'.
Thus they shall not 'even be able
to ask one another 'for answers'.
- 28:67 As for whoever repents 'in life',
and 'truly' believes and works righteousness,
then it may well be that such as these
shall be of the 'truly' successful
'in this life and the Hereafter'.
- 28:68 Moreover, your Lord 'alone' creates
whatever He so wills.
And He 'alone' chooses 'whomever He so wills
to convey His message'.
Never is it for 'any of' them 'who disbelieve'
to choose 'for God'!
Highly exalted is God, and most high 'is He,
far above all that they associate
as gods 'with Him'.
- 28:69 Thus your Lord knows well
all that their hearts harbor
and all that they make known.
- 28:70 For it is He 'alone' who is God.
There is no God but Him.
To Him 'alone' all praise is due—
foremost 'in this world'
and 'forever' in the Hereafter.
Thus to Him 'alone' does all judgment belong.
And to Him 'alone' you are all returning.

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لَوْ أَنَّهُمْ كَانُوا يَهْتَدُونَ
وَيَوْمَ يَنَادِيهِمْ فَيَقُولُ
مَاذَا أَجَبْتُمُ الْمُرْسَلِينَ
فَعَمِيَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْأَنْبَاءُ
يَوْمَئِذٍ فَهُمْ لَا يَتَسَاءَلُونَ
فَأَمَّا مَنْ نَابَ وَءَامَنَ
وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَعَسَىٰ أَن
يَكُونَ مِنَ الْمُفْلِحِينَ
وَرَبُّكَ يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ
وَيَخْتَارُ
مَا كَانَ لَهُمُ الْخِيَرَةُ
سُبْحَنَ اللَّهِ وَتَعَالَى
عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ
وَرَبُّكَ يَعْلَمُ
مَا تُكِنُّ صُدُورُهُمْ
وَمَا يُعْلِنُونَ
وَهُوَ اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ
لَهُ الْحَمْدُ فِي الْأُولَىٰ وَالْآخِرَةِ
وَلَهُ الْحُكْمُ وَإِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ

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- 28:71 Say 'to humanity, O Prophet':
Have you ever considered
if God were to make the night
endless over you until the Day of Resurrection?
Who is the god other than God
that would bring you sunshine?
Will you not, then, hear 'God's words'?
- 28:72 Say 'to humanity, O Prophet':
Have you ever considered
if God were to make the daylight
endless over you until the Day of Resurrection?
Who is the god other than God
that would bring you night in which to repose?
Will you not, then, see 'God's signs'?
- 28:73 For 'it is only' out of His mercy, 'O humankind,
that 'He has made for you
the night and the daylight,
for you to repose therein,
and 'for you' to seek of His bounty—
so that you might give thanks!
- 28:74 Yet the Day 'God' calls them 'to Judgment',
He shall say 'to the godless wrongdoers':
Where, 'now', are My associate-gods
that 'in the world' you used to allege
'that I have'?
- 28:75 Moreover, We shall bring forth
from every community a witness
'that God's message was duly conveyed'.
Then We shall say
'to those who rejected their prophets:
Now 'bring us' your proof
'for all that in life you claimed'!
They shall know then
that all truth belongs to God 'alone'.
For all 'the false gods' that they used to forge

﴿٧١﴾ قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِن جَعَلَ اللَّهُ

عَلَيْكُمْ اللَّيْلَ سَرْمَدًا

إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ مَنْ إِلَهٌ

غَيْرُ اللَّهِ يَأْتِيكُمْ بِضِيَاءٍ

أَفَلَا تَسْمَعُونَ

﴿٧٢﴾ قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِن جَعَلَ اللَّهُ

عَلَيْكُمْ النَّهَارَ سَرْمَدًا

إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ

مَنْ إِلَهٌ غَيْرُ اللَّهِ يَأْتِيكُمْ

بَلِيلٍ تَسْكُنُونَ فِيهِ

أَفَلَا تُبْصِرُونَ

﴿٧٣﴾ وَمِنْ رَحْمَتِهِ جَعَلَ لَكُمْ

الَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ لِتَسْكُنُوا فِيهِ

وَلِتَبْتَغُوا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ

وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

﴿٧٤﴾ وَيَوْمَ يُنَادِيهِمْ فَيَقُولُ

أَيْنَ شُرَكَاءِيَ الَّذِينَ

كُنْتُمْ تَزْعُمُونَ

﴿٧٥﴾ وَنَزَعْنَا مِنْ

كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ شَهِيدًا فَقُلْنَا

هَاتُوا بُرْهَانَكُمْ

فَعَلِمُوا أَنَّ الْحَقَّ لِلَّهِ

shall have strayed from them.

28:76 *Now, Korah

was, indeed, from Moses' people.
But he committed injustice against them
with insolence and arrogance —
though We had given him such treasure-troves
that their keys alone would weigh down
a band of men endowed with might.
Behold! Some of his people said to him:
Do not exult in the wealth of the world!
Indeed, God does not love
those who are exultant.

28:77 Rather, with all that God has given you
seek the glory of the abode of the Hereafter.
Do not forget your portion
of the good life in this world,
but do good to God's servants
as God has been good to you.
Yet do not seek to sow corruption in the land.
For, indeed, God does not love
the sowers of corruption.

28:78 He said:

Indeed, this 'wealth' has been given to me
by virtue of a 'deep sacred' knowledge
that I possess.
Did he not know, then,
that God had truly destroyed before him
'entire' generations
who were greater than him in power
and far more in number and wealth?
Those of defiant unbelief
shall not be asked by God
about their sins in order to verify them,
but only to censure and punish them.

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وَصَلَّ عَنْهُمْ
مَا كَانُوا يَفْتَرُونَ ﴿٧٦﴾
إِنَّ قَدْرُونَ كَانُوا
مِنْ قَوْمِ مُوسَى فَبَغَى عَلَيْهِمْ
وَأَنبَنَهُ مِنَ الْكُفُورِ
مَا إِن مَفَاحِهِ
لَسَنَافُ بِالْعُصْبَةِ أُولَى الْقُوَّةِ
إِذْ قَالَ لَهُ قَوْمُهُ لَا تَفْرَحْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْفَرِحِينَ
وَأَنبَغَ فِيمَا آتَاكَ اللَّهُ
الدَّارَ الْآخِرَةَ وَلَا تَنسَ
نَصِيبَكَ مِنَ الدُّنْيَا
وَأَحْسِنْ كَمَا
أَحْسَنَ اللَّهُ إِلَيْكَ
وَلَا تَبْغِ الْفُسَادَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْمُفْسِدِينَ
قَالَ إِنَّمَا أُوتِيتُهُ
عَلَى عِلْمٍ عِنْدِي أَوَلَمْ يَعْلَمْ
أَنَّ اللَّهَ قَدْ أَهْلَكَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ
مِنَ الْقُرُونِ
مَنْ هُوَ أَشَدُّ مِنْهُ قُوَّةً
وَأَكْثَرُ جَمْعًا وَلَا يَسْأَلُ
عَنْ ذُنُوبِهِمُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾

- 28:79 And so he came forth to his people
 'one day' in 'all' his adornment.
 Those who desired the life of this world said:
 If only we had the like
 of what has been given to Korah!
 Indeed, he is of magnificent fortune.
- 28:80 But those who had been given knowledge said:
 Woe to 'all of' you!
 The reward of God is 'far' better,
 for one who believes and does righteousness.
 Yet none shall receive it
 except for those who are patient.
- 28:81 Then We caused the earth to swallow him up—
 along with his dwelling—
 and he did not have any company
 to help him apart from God!
 Nor was he one of those
 who could help themselves.
- 28:82 Thus by morning,
 'all' those who had longed greatly
 to be in his place 'only' the day before
 were saying: Ah!
 Indeed, it is God 'alone'
 who extends 'abundant' provision
 to whomever He so wills among His servants.
 And He 'alone' restricts 'it'!
 Had God not conferred favor upon us,
 He would, most surely, have caused 'the earth'
 to swallow us up 'too'!
 Ah! Indeed, the disbelievers are never successful.
- 28:83 Such is the abode of the Hereafter:
 We have made it 'only' for those
 who do not desire exaltation in the land
 nor corruption.

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فَخَرَجَ عَلَى قَوْمِهِ فِي زِينَتِهِ
 قَالَ الَّذِينَ
 يُرِيدُونَ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا
 بَلِّغْنَا لَنَا
 مِثْلَ مَا أُوتِيَ قُورَيْشٌ
 إِنَّهُ لَذُو حَظٍّ عَظِيمٍ
 وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ
 أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ وَيْلَكُمْ
 ثَوَابُ اللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لِمَنْ ءَامَنَ
 وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا
 وَلَا يُلْقِيهَا إِلَّا الصَّادِقُونَ
 فَخَسَفْنَا بِهِ وَبِدَارِهِ الْأَرْضَ
 فَمَا كَانَ لَهُ مِنْ فِئَةٍ
 يَنْصُرُونَهُ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
 وَمَا كَانِ مِنَ الْمُنْتَصِرِينَ
 وَأَصْبَحَ الَّذِينَ
 تَمَنَّوْا مَكَانَهُ بِالْأَمْسِ
 يَقُولُونَ وَيْكَأَنَّ اللَّهَ
 يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ
 مِنْ عِبَادِهِ وَيَقْدِرُ
 لَوْلَا أَنْ مَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا
 لَخَسَفَ بِنَا
 وَيْكَأَنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ الْكَافِرُونَ
 تِلْكَ الدَّارُ الْآخِرَةُ
 جَعَلْنَاهَا لِلَّذِينَ
 لَا يُرِيدُونَ عُلُوًّا فِي الْأَرْضِ
 وَلَا فَسَادًا

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Thus the ultimate outcome
is 'success' for the God-fearing.

- 28:84 Whoever comes forth 'on that Day',
having done the good deed
'of sustaining true faith in God alone',
then he shall have 'far' better than it
'as a reward in Paradise'.

But whoever comes forth 'on that Day'
having done the evil deed 'of belying God'—
then 'let it be known,

that as to 'those who do the evil deed—
they shall not be recompensed
for other than all 'the evil'
that they were doing 'in life'.

- 28:85 Indeed, He who has made 'adhering to
and conveying' the Quran
binding upon you, 'O Prophet',
shall, most surely, bring you back
to 'Makkah', the place of return
'that your heart longs for'.

Say 'to the unbelievers':

My Lord is most knowledgeable
about he who has come 'to humanity'
with the guidance 'of God'.

And 'He is most knowledgeable
about 'who is 'utterly lost' in clear misguidance.

- 28:86 For never did you 'even' hope, 'O Prophet',
for the Book 'of God' to be conferred upon you.
Yet it is 'revealed to you
as 'a mercy from your Lord.
So do not ever be an upholder
of the disbelievers.

- 28:87 Thus you shall not let them bar you
from 'conveying' the verses of God
after they have been sent down to you

وَالْعَاقِبَةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ

مَنْ جَاءَ بِالْحَسَنَةِ

فَلَهُ خَيْرٌ مِنْهَا

وَمَنْ جَاءَ بِالسَّيِّئَةِ

فَلَا يُجْزَى

الَّذِينَ عَمِلُوا السَّيِّئَاتِ

إِلَّا مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

إِنَّ الَّذِي

فَرَضَ عَلَيْكَ الْقُرْآنَ

لَرَأْدُكَ إِلَىٰ مَعَادٍ

قُلْ رَبِّي أَعْلَمُ مَنْ جَاءَ يَاهُْدَىٰ

وَمَنْ هُوَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ

وَمَا كُنْتَ تَرْجُو أَنْ يُلْقَىٰ

إِلَيْكَ الْكِتَابُ

إِلَّا رَحْمَةً مِنْ رَبِّكَ

فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ

ظَهِيرًا لِلْكَافِرِينَ

وَلَا يَصُدُّكَ عَنْ آيَاتِ اللَّهِ

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from Him .

Rather, call 'humanity'
to 'the worship of the One God,' your Lord,
and do not ever be of those
who associate gods with God.

28:88 Thus you shall not call upon
any other god with God.

There is no God but Him.

Everything is perishing except His Face.

To Him 'alone' does all judgment belong.

And to Him 'alone' you are all returning.

بَعْدَ إِذْ أُنْزِلَتْ إِلَيْنَا
وَأَدْعُ إِلَى رَبِّكَ وَلَا

تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ

وَلَا تَدْعُ مَعَ اللَّهِ

إِلَهُاءَ آخَرَ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

كُلُّ شَيْءٍ

هَالِكٌ إِلَّا وَجْهَهُ

لَهُ الْحُكْمُ وَإِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ

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Surah 29 / 69 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-^cAnkabût

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

29:1 *Alif Lâm Mîm*

29:2 Do people think that they will be left
‘simply’ to say: We believe!
and they will not be put to the test?

29:3 Yet, very truly, We have tested
‘all’ those ‘who came’ before them.

Thus God shall, most surely,
distinguish those who speak the truth
‘about their belief’.

And He shall, most surely, distinguish the liars.

29:4 Moreover, ‘as to’ those who do evil deeds,
do they ‘truly’ think they shall escape Us?
So very grievous is the judgment they make!

29:5 Whoever has hope in the Meeting of God
‘and His reward in the Hereafter’,
then ‘let him be ready’,
for, ‘indeed, God’s term’ of Judgment
is certainly coming.

And He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.

29:6 Thus whoever strives ‘in the path of God’
strives only for ‘the benefit’ of his own soul.
Indeed, God is, most surely, self-sufficient,

١ أَلَمْ

٢ أَحَسِبَ النَّاسُ أَنْ يُتْرَكُوا

أَنْ يَقُولُوا آمَنَّا

وَهُمْ لَا يُفْتَنُونَ

٣ وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

فَلْيَعْلَمَنَّ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ صَدَقُوا

وَلْيَعْلَمَنَّ الْكَاذِبِينَ

٤ أَمْ حَسِبَ الَّذِينَ

يَعْمَلُونَ السَّيِّئَاتِ

أَنْ يَسْفُتُونَا

سَاءَ مَا يَحْكُمُونَ

٥ مَنْ كَانَ يَرْجُوا لِقَاءَ اللَّهِ

فَإِنَّ أَجَلَ اللَّهِ لَآتٍ

وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

٦ وَمَنْ جَاهِدْ

فَأِنَّمَا يَجَاهِدُ لِنَفْسِهِ

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without any need
for any of His creation in all the worlds.

- 29:7 Yet as to those who believe
and do righteous deeds,
We shall, most surely, absolve them
of their misdeeds.
Moreover, We shall, most surely, reward them
with the very best they have ever done.

- 29:8 Now, We have charged each human being
with dutifulness and goodness
toward one's parents.
But if ever they strive to compel you
to associate gods with Me—
or command you to anything about which
you have no sure knowledge from God—
then do not obey them.

To Me alone is the return of all of you.
Then I shall tell you the due recompense
of all that you have been doing in life.

- 29:9 Yet as to those who believe
and do righteous deeds,
We shall, most surely, admit them to Paradise
among the righteous.
- 29:10 But among humankind there are those who say:
We believe in God.
But when one of them suffers
for the sake of God,
he loses faith and makes it as though
persecution from people
were equal to punishment from God.
But whenever a victory
comes from your Lord to the believers,
they, most surely, say:
Indeed, we were with you!

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَغَفُورٌ عَنِ الْعَالَمِينَ

وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

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وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

لَنَكْفِرَنَّ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ

وَلَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ أَحْسَنَ الَّذِي

كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

وَوَضِعْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ بُولَدِيهِ حُسْنًا

٨

وَإِنْ جَاهِدَاكَ لِتُشْرِكَ بِي

مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمٌ

فَلَا تُطِعْهُمَا إِلَىٰ مَرْجِعِكُمْ

فَأَنْتَ بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ

وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

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وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

لَنَدْخِلَنَّهُمْ فِي الصَّالِحِينَ

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَن يَقُولُ

١٠

ءَامَنَّا بِاللَّهِ فَإِذَا أُوذِيَ فِي اللَّهِ

جَعَلَ فِتْنَةَ النَّاسِ

كُذَّابٍ آلِهَةٍ وَلَئِن جَاءَ

نَصْرٌ مِّن رَّبِّكَ لَيَقُولُنَّ

إِنَّا كُنَّا مَعَكُمْ

- Does God not know best
all that inheres within the breast
of everyone in all the worlds?
- 29:11 Thus, most surely, God knows well
those who have truly believed.
And, most surely, He knows well
all the hypocrites.
- 29:12 Now, as to those who disbelieve,
they say to those who believe:
Follow our way of life
and we shall bear your sins.
But they shall bear none of their sins.
Indeed, they are liars!
- 29:13 Yet they will, most surely,
bear their own burdens of sin —
and other burdens along with their own burdens
for perverting others.
And they will, most surely, be questioned
on the Day of Resurrection
about all that they have forged against God.
- 29:14 And very truly, We sent Noah to his people.
So he remained patiently among them
calling them to worship God
for a thousand years, less fifty years.
Then, suddenly, the flood seized them,
for they were wrongdoers, godless in heart.
- 29:15 So We delivered him and the people of the Ark.
And We made it a sign of admonition,
preserved for all the worlds.
- 29:16 And remember how We delivered Abraham.
Behold! He said to his people:
Worship God alone and fear Him.

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أَوَلَيْسَ اللَّهُ بِأَعْلَمَ
بِمَا فِي صُدُورِ الْعَالَمِينَ
وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ اللَّهُ
الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
وَلَيَعْلَمَنَّ الْمُنَافِقِينَ
وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
اتَّبِعُوا سَبِيلَنَا
وَلْنَحْمِلَ خَطِيئَتَكُمْ
وَمَا هُمْ بِحَامِلِينَ
مِنْ خَطِيئَتِهِمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
إِنَّهُمْ لَكَاذِبُونَ
وَلَيَحْمِلُنَّ أَثْقَالَهُمْ
وَأَنْفَالًا مَعَ أَثْقَالِهِمْ
وَلَيُسْأَلُنَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
عَمَّا كَانُوا يَفْعَلُونَ
وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا
نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ
فَلَبِثَ فِيهِمْ أَلْفَ سَنَةٍ
إِلَّا خَمْسِينَ عَامًا
فَأَخَذَهُمُ الطُّوفَانُ
وَهُمْ ظَالِمُونَ
فَأَنجَيْنَاهُ وَأَصْحَابَ السَّفِينَةِ
وَجَعَلْنَاهَا آيَةً لِلْعَالَمِينَ
وَإِبْرَاهِيمَ إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ

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- That is best for you,
if only you were to know God's reward for it.
- 29:17 Indeed, all that you worship apart from God
are nothing more than graven images.
Thus you create no more than fabrications.
Indeed, those objects you worship
apart from God
do not hold even a morsel of provision for you.
So seek all of your provision from God.
Therefore, worship Him alone,
and be thankful to Him.
To Him alone
shall you all be returned for Judgment.
- 29:18 So if you unbelievers belie God's messenger,
know that nations before you
have belied God's messengers, as well.
Yet nothing is incumbent
upon the messenger of God
except the clear conveyance of God's message.
- 29:19 Have they not seen how God begins creation,
then causes it to return to being
after it passes away?
Indeed, that for God is ever so easy.
- 29:20 Say, O Prophet, to those who deny
resurrection in the Hereafter:
Journey through the earth
and see the wonder
of how He originated all creation.
Thereafter be certain
that God shall bring into being
the existence of the Hereafter.
Indeed, God is powerful over all things.
- 29:21 He shall punish whomever He so wills
as they deserve.

أَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ وَاتَّقُوهُ
ذَٰلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
﴿١٧﴾ إِنَّمَا تَعْبُدُونَ
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ أَوتُنًا
وَتَخْلُقُونَ أَفْكَأُ
إِلَٰهَ الَّذِينَ تَعْبُدُونَ
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
لَا يَمْلِكُونَ لَكُمْ رِزْقًا
فَاتَّبِعُوا عِندَ اللَّهِ الزَّرْءَ
وَأَعْبُدُوهُ وَأَشْكُرُوا لَهُ
إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ
﴿١٨﴾ وَإِنْ تَكْذِبُوا فَقَدْ
كَذَّبَ أُمَمٌ مِّنْ قَبْلِكُمْ
وَمَا عَلَى الرَّسُولِ
إِلَّا الْبَلَاغُ الْمُبِينُ
﴿١٩﴾ أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا
كَيْفَ يَبْدِئُ اللَّهُ الْخَلْقَ
ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ
إِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرٌ
﴿٢٠﴾ قُلْ سِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَأَنْظُرُوا
كَيْفَ بَدَأَ الْخَلْقَ ثُمَّ اللَّهُ
يُنشِئُ النَّشْأَةَ الْآخِرَةَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
﴿٢١﴾ يُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ

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- And He shall have mercy
on whomever He so wills.
For to Him 'alone'
shall you 'all' be turned over 'for Judgment'.
- 29:22 And never, 'O people,'
shall you be able to elude
'the mighty Hand of God—
neither 'in the earth nor in the heaven.
Nor have you apart from God
any patron or supporter 'to help you'.
- 29:23 Yet 'as to' those who have disbelieved
in the 'revealed' signs of God,
and in the 'inevitable' Meeting with Him
'in the Hereafter'—
it is these who shall 'forever' despair
of My mercy.
Thus for them
there is a most painful torment 'awaiting there'.
- 29:24 So 'it is that Abraham was belied'.
The response of his people 'to his call'
was but to say: Kill him, or burn him 'alive'!
But God delivered him from the fire
'that they kindled'.
Indeed, in this there are sure signs
for a people who 'would' believe.
- 29:25 For he said 'to them':
Indeed, you have taken
graven images 'for worship' apart from God
as a means of attaining
to a genuine 'mutual' love
between yourselves 'as a people'
in the life of this world.
But then on the Day of Resurrection
you will disbelieve in one another.

وَيَرْحَمُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَالِلَّهِ تُقْلُبُونَ

وَمَا أَنْتُمْ بِمُعْجِزِينَ

٢٢

فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ

وَمَا لَكُمْ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

مِنْ وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٍ

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

٢٣

يَعَانِدُ اللَّهَ وَلِقَائِهِ

أُولَئِكَ يَسْأَوْنَ مِنْ رَحْمَتِي

وَأُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

فَمَا كَانَتْ

٢٤

جَوَابَ قَوْمِهِ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا

أَفْتَلَوْهُ أَوْ حَرَّفُوهُ

فَأَنجَحَهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ النَّارِ

إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ

لَآيَاتٍ لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

وَقَالَ إِنَّمَا اتَّخَذْتُمْ

٢٥

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ أَوْثَانًا

مَوَدَّةَ بَيْنِكُمْ

فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

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Moreover, you will curse one another.
For your 'eternal' abode is the Fire 'of Hell'.
Thus for 'the likes of' you,
there shall not be any helper
'against God's punishment'.

29:26 * So 'his nephew' Lot believed in him,
whereupon 'Abraham' said 'to his people':
Indeed, I am migrating to my Lord.

For, indeed, it is He 'alone'
who is the Overpowering 'One', the All-Wise.

29:27 Thereafter, We granted him Isaac,
and, 'from Isaac, Jacob.
Thus did We place prophethood
and the 'Heavenly' Scripture among his children.
Moreover, We gave him his 'due' reward
in this world.

And in the Hereafter,
he shall, most surely, be of the righteous.

29:28 'Remember, 'also, 'how God delivered' Lot.
Behold! He said to his people:
Indeed, you commit an act of lewdness
with which none has preceded you
in all the worlds.

29:29 Do 'the males among' you
approach men 'in perverted lust'?
And 'do you' cut the roadway 'to rob people
of their wealth and lives'?
And 'do you openly' commit
lewd abomination in your gatherings?
Yet the response of his people 'to his call'
was only to say:

Bring upon us the torment of God,
if, indeed, you are of the truthful 'prophets'!

29:30 He said: My Lord!

نَمَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
يَكْفُرُ بَعْضُكُمْ بِبَعْضٍ
وَيَلْعَنُ بَعْضُكُمْ
بَعْضًا وَمَأْوَاكُمُ النَّارُ
وَمَا لَكُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرِينَ ﴿٢٦﴾
فَقَامَ لَهُ لُوطُ وَقَالَ
إِنِّي مُهَاجِرٌ إِلَى رَبِّي
إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ إِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ ﴿٢٧﴾
وَجَعَلْنَا فِي ذُرِّيَّتِهِ
الْكِتَابَ وَالنَّبِيَّةَ
وَأَيَّتَنَاهُ أَجْرَهُ فِي الدُّنْيَا
وَلِنَّهُ فِي الْآخِرَةِ
لَمِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٢٨﴾
وَلُوطٌ إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ
إِنَّكُمْ لَتَأْتُونَ الْفَاحِشَةَ
مَا سَبَقَكُمْ بِهَا
مِنْ أَحَدٍ مِنَ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٢٩﴾
أَيُّكُمْ لَتَأْتُونَ الرِّجَالَ
وَتَقْطَعُونَ الشَّيْبَ
وَتَأْتُونَ فِي كَادِيكُمْ
الْمُنْكَرَ فَمَا كَانَتْ
جَوَابَ قَوْمِهِ
إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا
أَتَيْنَا بِعَذَابِ اللَّهِ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ

Support me against these people
who are sowers of corruption.

- 29:31 So when Our angel-messengers
came to Abraham with the glad tidings of a son
from his wife Sarah, they said:
Indeed, we are here to destroy
the people of this township of Sodom.
Indeed, its people
have become wrongdoers, godless in heart.

- 29:32 Abraham said:
But Lot resides in it, and he is not of them!
They said:
We are more knowing of who is in it than you.
Most surely, we shall deliver him
and his family—except his wife.
She is of those who shall linger behind.

- 29:33 So when Our angel-messengers came to Lot
in the form of men,
he was greatly troubled about them.
Thus he grew helplessly distressed
concerning them.
But they said:
Have no fear, and do not grieve.
We are God's messengers.
Indeed, we shall deliver you and your family
from the doom we bring to your people—
except your wife.
She is of those who shall linger behind.

- 29:34 Indeed, we shall send down
upon the people of this township
a chastigation from Heaven
for the deeds of ungodliness
they have committed.

- 29:35 And, truly, We have left traces
of the destruction of it as a clear sign

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- ٣٠ قَالَ رَبِّ انصُرْنِي
عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْمُفْسِدِينَ
وَلَمَّا جَاءَتْ رُسُلُنَا
إِبْرَاهِيمَ بِالْبُشْرَى قَالُوا
إِنَّا مُهْلِكُوا
أَهْلَ هَذِهِ الْقَرْيَةِ إِنَّا
أَهْلُهَا كَانُوا ظَالِمِينَ
٣١ قَالَ إِنَّ فِيهَا لُوطًا
قَالُوا نَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَنْ فِيهَا
لَنَنْجِيَنَّهُ وَأَهْلَهُ
إِلَّا أَمْرًا نُهُ
كَانَتْ مِنَ الْغَابِرِينَ
وَلَمَّا آن جَاءَتْ
رُسُلُنَا لُوطًا سِوَاهُمْ
وَضَافَ بِهِمْ ذُرْعًا
وَقَالُوا لَا تَخَفْ وَلَا تَحْزَنْ
إِنَّا مُنَجُّوكَ وَأَهْلَكَ
إِلَّا أَمْرًا نَكُ
كَانَتْ مِنَ الْغَابِرِينَ
٣٢ إِنَّا مُنْزِلُونَ
عَلَى أَهْلِ هَذِهِ الْقَرْيَةِ
رِجْزًا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ
بِمَا كَانُوا يَفْسُقُونَ
وَلَقَدْ تَرَكْنَا مِنْهَا

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for a people who would use their reason
to understand.

- 29:36 And to the people of Midian
We sent their brother Shu‘ayb as a messenger.
So he said to them: O my people!
Worship God alone
and have hope in His Judgment
on the Last Day.
Moreover, you shall not
make mischief in the earth,
sowing corruption in it.
29:37 But they belied him.
Then the convulsion
of the earth seized them, suddenly,
and by morning they were dead,
laying prostrate in their dwelling-place.

- 29:38 And the peoples of ‘Ād and Thamūd
were also destroyed for defying God—
something that has long been evident
to you people of Makkah
from the ruins of their dwellings
that you pass on your trade routes.
For Satan made their godless works
fair-seeming to them and, thereby,
barred them from the path of God,
though they were endowed
with the power to discern truth from falsehood.

- 29:39 And so too Korah and Pharaoh and Hāmân—
all were destroyed for defying God.
Truly, Moses came to them
with clear and miraculous proofs.
But they grew so very arrogant in the land.

ءَايَةً يَبِينَةً
لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ
﴿٣٦﴾ وَإِلَىٰ مَدْيَنَ
أَخَاهُمْ شُعَيْبًا فَقَالَ
يَنْقُرُوا عِبَادُوا اللَّهَ
وَارْجُوا الْيَوْمَ الْآخِرَ
وَلَا تَعْمُوا
فِي الْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ
فَكَذَّبُوهُ ﴿٣٧﴾ فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الرَّجْفَةُ
فَأَصْبَحُوا
فِي دَارِهِمْ جَنِيحًا
وَعَادًا وَنُجُودًا ﴿٣٨﴾ وَقَدْ تَبَيَّنَ لَكُمْ
مِّن مَّسْكِنِهِمْ
وَزَيِّنَ لَهُمُ
الشَّيْطَانُ أَعْمَالَهُمْ
فَصَدَّهُم عَنِ السَّبِيلِ
وَكَانُوا مُسْتَبْصِرِينَ
﴿٣٩﴾ وَفِرْعَوْنَ وَفِرْعَوْنَ
وَهَمَّ
وَلَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ
مُوسَىٰ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ
فَأَسْتَكْبَرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ

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- Yet never could they escape 'the grip of God'.
 29:40 For each one 'of them' We seized, suddenly,
 'with an awesome torment' for his sinfulness.
 'Such are of the peoples
 God has destroyed for their unbelief.'
 So of them are those upon whom We sent
 'a raging storm of lethal' pellets.
 And of them are those
 who were seized by the 'deadly' blast.
 And of them are those
 whom We caused the earth to swallow.
 And of them are those whom We drowned.
 Yet never would God wrong them
 'by punishing them without cause'.
 But, rather, it was their own souls
 they were 'all the while' wronging
 'with ungodliness'.
 29:41 The parable of those who take to themselves
 'false gods as' patrons 'to give them shelter'
 apart from God, 'is this':
 They are like the spider.
 It makes 'for itself' a home 'for refuge
 which cannot avail it against destruction'.
 For, indeed, the frailest of all homes
 is, most surely, the spider's home—
 if only they 'who disbelieve' were to know
 'what horror awaits them in the Hereafter'.
 29:42 Indeed, God knows that all that they call upon
 apart from Him is 'in reality' nothing.
 For He 'alone'
 is the Overpowering 'One', the All-Wise.
 29:43 So such are the parables
 We set forth for 'the benefit of' people.
 Yet none comprehend them
 but the people of knowledge,

وَمَا كَانُوا سَاقِقِينَ
 فَكَلَّا أَخَذْنَا بِذُنُوبِهِمْ
 فَمِنْهُمْ مَن أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِ
 حَاصِبًا وَمِنْهُمْ مَن أَخَذَتْهُ
 الصَّيْحَةُ وَمِنْهُمْ مَن
 خَسَفْنَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ
 وَمِنْهُمْ مَن أَغْرَقْنَا
 وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ
 لِيُظْلِمَهُمْ وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا
 أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ
 مِثْلَ الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا
 مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ أَوْلِيَاءَ
 كَمِثْلِ الْعَنْكَابُوتِ
 اتَّخَذَتْ بَيْتًا
 وَإِنَّ أَوْهَنَ الْبُيُوتِ
 لَبَيْتُ الْعَنْكَابُوتِ
 لَوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ مَا يُدْعَوْنَ
 مِنْ دُونِهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
 وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
 وَتِلْكَ الْأَمْثَلُ
 نَضْرِبُهَا لِلنَّاسِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي هَدَانَا لِهَذَا وَمَا كُنَّا لِنَكُونَنَّ

the contemplative ones.

29:44 It is God who created the heavens and the earth with profound truth.

Indeed, in all of this there is a sure sign of God's creative power for all the believers.

29:45 O Prophet!

Recite to humanity all that has been revealed to you of the Quran, the Book of God. Moreover, duly establish the Prayer.

Indeed, the Prayer guards one against immorality and evil. Yet, most surely, the remembrance of God in the life of this world is greater extolment for one still. And God knows all that you do.

29:46 * Thus you shall not argue, O you who believe, matters of faith with the People of the Scripture in other than the fairest way—except as to those of them who do wrong to you, out of hostility. Rather, say to them: We believe in the Quran that has been sent down from God to us, and in the Scripture that has been sent down from God to you. Thus our God and your God is One. Thus are we muslims, in willing submission to Him alone.

29:47 For just as We have given revelation to other messengers, O Muhammad, We have sent down to you this Quran, as the Book of God.

وَمَا يَعْزُبُ عَنْهَا

إِلَّا الْمَكْلُومُونَ

خَلَقَ اللَّهُ

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السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ بِالْحَقِّ

إِنَّكَ فِي ذَلِكَ

لَآيَةً لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

أَتْلُ مَا أُوحِيَ إِلَيْكَ

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مِنَ الْكِتَابِ

وَأَقِمِ الصَّلَاةَ

إِنَّ الصَّلَاةَ

تَنْهَى عَنِ

الْفَحْشَاءِ وَالْمُنْكَرِ

وَلَذِكْرُ اللَّهِ أَكْبَرُ

وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَصْنَعُونَ

وَلَا تُجَادِلُوا

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أَهْلَ الْكِتَابِ

إِلَّا بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا مِنْهُمْ

وَقُولُوا آمَنَّا

بِالَّذِي أُنزِلَ إِلَيْنَا

وَأُنزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ

وَالْهِنَا وَالْهَيْكُم وَجِدْ

وَنَحْنُ لَهُ مُسْلِمُونَ

وَكَذَلِكَ أَنْزَلْنَا

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إِلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ



Thus, some of those to whom
We have previously given the Scripture
believe in it.

And some of those
with no revealed Book believe in it.
Yet none disavows Our revealed verses
but the inveterate disbelievers.

29:48 For never have you recited
any Heavenly Book
before this Quran, O Prophet.
Nor have you ever transcribed one
with your right hand.
For then the real progenitors of falsehood
would have had cause
to doubt your prophethood.

29:49 Rather, it is a Quran
of self-evident verses from God,
preserved in the hearts of those believers
who have been granted knowledge.
Thus none disavows Our revealed verses
but the wrongdoers who are godless in heart.

29:50 Moreover, they have said of you, O Prophet:
Why are no miraculous signs
sent down to him from his Lord?
Say to them:
Indeed, the miraculous signs
are with God alone.
For I am only a clear forewarner
of His nearing Judgment, sent to all of you.

29:51 Is it not sufficient confirmation
of your prophethood for them
that We have sent down to you
the Quran as a Heavenly Book
that is being recited to them?
Indeed, in this Quran

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الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

فَالَّذِينَ آتَيْنَاهُمُ الْكِتَابَ
يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ

وَمِنْهُمْ تَوَلَّاءٌ مَّنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِهِ
وَمَا يَجْحَدُ بِآيَاتِنَا
إِلَّا الْكَافِرُونَ

وَمَا كُنْتَ تَتْلُوا مِنْ قَبْلِهِ

١٨

مِنْ كِتَابٍ
وَلَا تَخْطُهُ يَمِينُكَ
إِذَا لَا رَيْبَ إِلَّا الْمُبْطِلُونَ

بَلْ هُوَ آيَاتٌ يَبْنِتُ

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فِي صُدُورِ
الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ
وَمَا يَجْحَدُ بِآيَاتِنَا
إِلَّا الظَّالِمُونَ

وَقَالُوا لَوْلَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْهِ

٢٠

آيَاتٌ مِّن رَّبِّهِ قُلْ
إِنَّمَا الْآيَاتُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
وَلِنُمَّا أَنَا نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ

أَوَلَمْ يَكْفِهِمْ أَنَا

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أُنْزِلْنَا عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ
يُتْلَىٰ عَلَيْهِمْ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْمَلِكِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْمَلِكِ

there is sure mercy from God
and a reminder of His covenant
for a people who would believe.

29:52 Say to them:

Sufficient is God as a Witness
between me and you.

He knows

all that is in the heavens and the earth.

Yet as to those who believe in falsehood
and disbelieve in God—
‘despite His clear signs’—

it is ‘such as’ these

who are the losers of an everlasting Paradise.

29:53 Thus do they ask you, O Prophet,
in utter defiance to hasten the punishment
of which you forewarn them.

And were it not for a stated term of life
preordained for them by God,
the punishment they seek to hasten
would, most surely, come to them.
But, most surely, it shall yet come upon them,
suddenly—

while they are entirely unaware of it.

29:54 They ask you to hasten the punishment
of which you forewarn them.

And, indeed, Hell looms
to utterly encompass the disbelievers—

29:55 on a Day Hereafter when the torment
shall enveil them—

from above them

and from beneath their feet.

‘God shall, then, say to them:
Taste the penalty for all the evil
that you used to do in the world.’

إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ
لَرَحْمَةً وَذِكْرَى

لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

قُلْ كَفَى بِاللَّهِ

بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ شَهِيدًا

يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِالْبَاطِلِ

وَكَفَرُوا بِاللَّهِ

أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ

وَيَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِالْعَذَابِ

وَلَوْلَا أَجَلٌ مُّسَمًّى

لَجَاءَهُمُ الْعَذَابُ

وَلَيَأْتِيَنَّهُمْ بَغْتَةً

وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ

يَسْتَعْجِلُونَكَ بِالْعَذَابِ

وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ

لَمُحِيطَةٌ بِالْكَافِرِينَ

يَوْمَ يَغْشَاهُمْ الْعَذَابُ

مِنْ قَوْفِهِمْ

وَمِنْ تَحْتِ أَرْجُلِهِمْ

وَيَقُولُ دُوقُوا مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

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٥٤

٥٥

- 29:56 O My servants who believe!
Indeed, My earth is spacious.
So if you fear persecution, migrate.
And Me alone shall you worship.
- 29:57 Every single soul shall taste death.
Then to Us shall you all be returned
for recompense.
- 29:58 Yet as to those who believe
and do righteous deeds,
We shall, most surely, settle them
in Heavenly Chambers
of the Garden of Paradise,
beneath which rivers flow—
wherein they shall abide forever.
How exceedingly commendable
is the reward of those
who ever do the will of God!
- 29:59 It is these who have endured life's trials
with patience,
and upon their Lord alone do they rely.
- 29:60 For how many a beast
is there treading the earth
that does not carry with it its own provision?
It is God alone who provides
for each one of them—and for all of you!
For He is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.
- 29:61 And, indeed, O Prophet,
if you asked the disbelievers:
Who created the heavens and the earth,
and subjugated the sun and the moon
to a fixed order?
They would, most surely, say: It is God.
How, then, are they turned away
from worshipping Him alone?

سُورَةُ الْاَنْكَابُوتِ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

بِعِبَادِيَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ۝٥٦
إِنَّ أَرْضِي وَاسِعَةٌ
فَإِنِّي فَأَعْبُدُونَ ۝٥٧
كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَاقَةُ الْمَوْتِ ثُمَّ إِلَيْنَا تُرْجَعُونَ ۝٥٨
وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
لَنُؤْتِيَنَّهُمْ مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ غُرَفًا
تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا
نِعْمَ أَجْرُ الْعَامِلِينَ ۝٥٩
الَّذِينَ صَبَرُوا وَعَلَىٰ رَبِّهِمْ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ ۝٦٠
وَكَأَيِّنْ مِنْ دَابَّةٍ لَا تَحْمِلُ رِزْقَهَا
اللَّهُ يَرْزُقُهَا إِيَّاهُمْ وَلَٰكِنْ سَأَلْتَهُمْ
مَنْ خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
وَسَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ
لَيَقُولُنَّ اللَّهُ فَأَنَّى يُؤْفَكُونَ ۝٦١

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَجَّةُ الْخَامِسَةُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

29:62 It is God 'alone'
 who extends 'abundant' provision
 to whomever He so wills among His servants.
 And He 'alone' restricts 'it'
 for whomever 'He so wills'.

Indeed, God is all-knowing of all things.

29:63 And, indeed, 'O Prophet,' if you asked them:
 Who sends down, from the sky, water,
 with which He gives life to the earth
 after its death?

They would, most surely, say: It is God.

Say 'to them':

All praise is for God 'alone',
 who by their own word
 confirms His proof against them'.

But most of them

do not 'use their reason' to understand
 'their own contradiction of this truth'.

29:64 For the life of this 'fleeting' world
 is nothing but amusement and play.

But, indeed, it is the abode of the Hereafter
 that is, most surely, life 'everlasting' itself,
 if only they were to know
 'what awaits them there'.

29:65 Thus 'in heedlessness'
 do human beings invoke false deities—
 until such times as 'when they embark on ships'
 'and face danger at sea—
 then do they call upon God 'for rescue'
 with 'all' sincerity,
 'devoting their' religion to Him 'alone'.
 Yet when He delivers them 'safely' ashore,
 immediately,
 they associate gods 'with Him, once more'.

١٢ اللَّهُ يَسْطُرُ الرِّزْقَ لِمَن

يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ وَيَقْدِرُ لَهُ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

وَلَئِنْ سَأَلْتَهُمْ

مَنْ نَزَّلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً

فَأَحْيَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ

مِنْ بَعْدِ مَوْتِهَا لَيَقُولَنَّ اللَّهُ

قُلِّ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ

١٣ وَمَا هَذِهِ الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا

إِلَّا لَهْوٌ وَلَعِبٌ

وَلِئَلَّ الدَّارَ الْآخِرَةَ

لَهُمُ الْحَيَاةُ

لَوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ

١٤ فَإِذَا رَكِبُوا فِي الْفُلِ

دَعَوْا اللَّهَ مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الدِّينَ

فَلَمَّا بَجَحْتُهُمْ إِلَى الْبَرِّ

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- 29:66 So let them be ungrateful for all the good
that We have given them in life.
And let them enjoy themselves a little while.
For, assuredly, they shall know
the recompense of the ungodly!
- 29:67 Then as to the people of Makkah,
have they not considered
that We have made for them a secure Sanctuary
in the precincts surrounding the Ka‘bah,
while people all around them
are being snatched away in violence and strife?
Then is it in false gods that they will believe,
while in the blessing of God they disbelieve?
- 29:68 Yet who does a greater wrong
than one who forges lies against God,
or who belies the revealed truth
when it reaches him?
Is there not in Hell
a well-deserved dwelling place
for the disbelievers?
- 29:69 But as to those who strive for Us alone,
against every evil,
We shall, most surely, guide them
upon Our pathways to salvation.
For, indeed, God is, most surely,
with those who excel in doing good.

إِذَا هُمْ يُشْرِكُونَ

يَكْفُرُوا بِمَا آتَيْنَهُمْ

وَلَيَسْمَعُوا قَسُوفَ يَعْلَمُونَ

أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا

أَنَّا جَعَلْنَا حَرَمًا آمِنًا

وَيُخَفِّفُ النَّاسَ

مِنْ حَوْلِهِمْ

أَفِيَالِ الْبَطْلِ يُؤْمِنُونَ

وَبِنِعْمَةِ اللَّهِ يَكْفُرُونَ

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ

مِمَّنْ أَفْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا

أَوْ كَذَّبَ بِالْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَاءَهُ

أَلَيْسَ فِي جَهَنَّمَ

مَثْوًى لِلْكَافِرِينَ

وَالَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوا فِينَا

لَنَهْدِيَنَّهُمْ سُبُلَنَا

وَلِنَّ اللَّهَ لَمَعَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ

سُورَةُ الرُّومِ

The surah that mentions the defeat of THE BYZANTINES and the divine promise of their forthcoming victory in several years—and in prophesying this, implying martial triumph for the Muslims over their idolatrous adversaries at the same time. The surah is occasioned by the celebration of the idol-worshipping opponents of the Prophet ﷺ at the news of the Byzantine defeat by the Persians, for they drew an analogy between themselves and the fire-worshipping Persians as defenders of polytheism in opposition to the monotheism of the Muslims and Byzantine Christians.

Surah 30 / 60 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Rûm

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

30:1 *Alif Lām Mîm*

- 30:2 The Byzantine Empire
has been defeated by the Persians
30:3 in the nearby land of Syria.
Yet after their defeat,
they shall be triumphant over them
30:4 within several years.
The command of all creation
belongs to God alone —
before their coming victory and thereafter.
And on that day of triumph
the believers will rejoice
30:5 in the victory of God.
He gives victory to whomever He so wills.
For He alone
is the Overpowering One, the Mercy-Giving.
30:6 This is the promise of God—
and never does God fail to fulfill His promise.
But most people do not know
that God's word is ever true.
30:7 They merely know
the outer nature of the life of this world,

الْم ١
غَلِبَتِ الرُّومُ ٢
فِي أَدْنَى الْأَرْضِ ٣
وَهُمْ مِنْ بَعْدِ غَلِبِهِمْ
سَيُغْلِبُونَ
فِي بَضْعِ سِنِينَ ٤
لِلَّهِ الْأَمْرُ مِنْ قَبْلُ
وَمِنْ بَعْدُ وَيَوْمَئِذٍ
يَفْرَحُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ
بِنَصْرِ اللَّهِ ٥
يَنْصُرُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ
وَعَدَ اللَّهُ لَا يَخْلِفُ اللَّهُ وَعْدَهُ ٦
وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ
لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
يَعْلَمُونَ ظَاهِرًا ٧
مِنَ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

while they are utterly unmindful
of the reality of the Hereafter.

- 30:8 Do they not reflect within themselves?
God did not create the heavens and the earth,
and all that is between them,
except with the very essence of all truth—
and for a stated term preordained by Him,
to be followed by His Judgment—
though many of the people are disbelievers
in the inevitable Meeting with their Lord
in the Hereafter.

- 30:9 Have they not journeyed through the lands
to see how devastating was the end
of those who denied faith before them?
They were far greater than them in power.
For they cultivated the land
with great competence.
Moreover, they built it up
far more proficiently than these disbelievers
have built it up.

Then their messengers came to them
with clear and miraculous proofs from God,
and they belied them.

For never would God wrong them
by punishing them without cause.

But, rather, they wronged their own souls
with ungodliness.

- 30:10 Thereafter, the end of those who wrought evil
was the worst kind of end.
For they had belied the revealed signs of God.
Indeed, they used to mock them.

- 30:11 It is God alone who originates all creation.
Then He shall cause it to return to being,
after it passes away.
Then to Him alone shall you all be returned

سُورَةُ الرُّومِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْمَلِكِ الْحَيِّ الْقَيُّومِ

وَهُمْ عَنِ الْآخِرَةِ هُمْ غٰفِلُونَ ﴿٨﴾
أَوَلَمْ يَتَفَكَّرُوا فِي أَنفُسِهِمْ
مَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ
وَأَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى
وَإِنْ كَثِيرٌ مِّنَ النَّاسِ
يَلْفَظُوا بِرَبِّهِمْ كَذِبُونَ
أَوَلَمْ يَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَيَنْظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ
عَاقِبَةُ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ
كَانُوا أَشَدَّ مِنْهُمْ قُوَّةً
وَأَنَارُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَعَمَرُوهَا
أَكْثَرَ مِمَّا عَمَرُوهَا
وَجَاءَتْهُمْ رُسُلُهُم بِالْبَيِّنٰتِ
فَمَا كَانُوا لَآلِهَةٍ لِّيُظْلِمَهُمْ
وَلٰكِن كَانُوا
أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿٩﴾
ثُمَّ كَانَ عَاقِبَةَ
الَّذِينَ أَتَوْا السَّوْءَ
أَن كَذَّبُوا بِآيٰتِ اللَّهِ
وَكَانُوا بِهَا يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ
اللَّهُ يَبْدَأُ الْخَلْقَ
ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ
ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ ﴿١٠﴾

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for Judgment.

30:12 Thus the Day the Hour of Doom shall come,
 God will raise the dead,
 and the defiant unbelievers
 shall be utterly despondent.

30:13 For never shall those
 whom they worshipped in life
 as their associate-gods
 be intercessors for them
 with God in the Hereafter.
 Moreover, they will themselves
 become ardent disbelievers
 in their associate-gods.

30:14 Furthermore, the Day the Hour of Doom
 shall come—
 that Day they shall be forever separated
 into believers and disbelievers.

30:15 As for those who have believed
 and done righteous deeds,
 they shall be made to reside
 in a lovely meadow, jubilant with joy.

30:16 But as for those who have disbelieved
 and belied Our revealed signs
 and denied the inevitable Meeting
 with God for Judgment in the Hereafter,
 these, then, shall be thrust
 into ever present torment.

30:17 Therefore, highly exalt God
 when you come to nightfall,
 and when you come to morning.

30:18 For to Him alone is due every praise
 in the heavens and the earth.
 So highly exalt Him, as well,
 at evening and when you come to noontime.

30:19 He brings forth the living from the dead.

وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ ﴿١٢﴾

يُبْلِسُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ

وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُمْ

مِنْ شُرَكَائِهِمْ شُفَعَاءُ

وَكَانُوا بِشُرَكَائِهِمْ

كَافِرِينَ

وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ ﴿١٤﴾

يَوْمَئِذٍ يَنْفِرُ قَوْمٌ

فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

فَهُمْ فِي رَوْضَةٍ

يُخْبَرُونَ

وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿١٦﴾

وَكَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا

وَلِقَاءِ الْآخِرَةِ فَأُولَٰئِكَ

فِي الْعَذَابِ مُخَضَّرُونَ

فَسُبِّحَنَ اللَّهُ ﴿١٧﴾

حِينَ تُمْسُونَ

وَحِينَ تَضْحَكُونَ

وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ ﴿١٨﴾

فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَعَشِيًّا وَحِينَ تُظْهِرُونَ

يُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ ﴿١٩﴾

And He brings forth the dead from the living.
Thus He gives life to the earth after its death.
And even so shall you human beings
be brought forth from death for Judgment.

30:20 Moreover, of His wondrous signs
is that He has created you from dust.
Then, behold!

You are human beings
spreading yourselves about.

30:21 And of His wondrous signs
is that He has created for you,
from yourselves, mates,
so that you may repose in them.
And He has set between you
genuine mutual love
and tenderhearted mercy.

Indeed, in all of this there are sure signs
for a people who would reflect
on the handiwork of God.

30:22 And of His wondrous signs
is the creation of the heavens and the earth
and the variety of your tongues and your colors.
Indeed, in all of this there are sure signs
for a people of knowledge.

30:23 And of His wondrous signs
is your sleep, by night and by day,
and your seeking of His bounty in the daylight.
Indeed, in all of this there are sure signs
for people who would hear and give ear.

30:24 And of His wondrous signs
is that He shows you lightning
to inspire in you fear and hope.
Thus He sends down, from the sky, water,
with which He gives life to the earth

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وَيُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ
وَيُحْيِي الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا
وَكَذَلِكَ تُخْرَجُونَ

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ أَنْ خَلَقَكُمْ

مِنْ تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ إِذَا أَنْتُمْ

بَشَرٌ تَنْشُرُونَ

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ أَنْ خَلَقَ لَكُمْ

مِنْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَزْوَاجًا

لِتَسْكُنُوا إِلَيْهَا

وَيَجْعَلَ بَيْنَكُمْ

مَوَدَّةً وَرَحْمَةً إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ

لَآيَاتٍ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ

خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَاخْتَلَفَ الْأَلْسِنَةَ بَيْنَكُمْ

وَالْوَلَوْنَكُمْ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ

لَآيَاتٍ لِّلْعَالَمِينَ

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ

مَنَامُكُمْ بِاللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ

وَابْتِغَاءُكُمْ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ

إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ

لِقَوْمٍ يَسْمَعُونَ

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ يُرِيكُمْ

الْبَرْقَ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا

وَيُنَزِّلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً

فَيُخْرِجُ بِهِ الْأَرْضَ

بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا

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after its death.

Indeed, in 'all of' this there are sure signs
for a people who would 'use their reason
to understand.

- 30:25 And of His 'wondrous' signs
is that heaven and earth
hold firm by His command.

Then, behold!

When He summons you 'from the grave'
with a single call, you shall, at once,
rise out of the earth 'resurrected'.

- 30:26 For to Him 'alone' belongs
all who are in the heavens and 'in' the earth.
All are devoutly obedient to Him,
'willingly or unwillingly'.

- 30:27 For He is the One who originates creation.
Then He causes it to return 'to being
after it passes away'.
And 'restoring your creation'
is even easier for Him!
For to Him 'alone' belongs
the most transcendent attribute in the heavens
and 'in' the earth.
For He 'alone'

- is the Overpowering 'One', the All-Wise.
30:28 He puts before you a parable
from your own lives
'for those who ascribe partners to God':
Do you ever take your own 'servants'—
whom your hands rightfully possess—
as 'full' partners in all the 'wealth'
We have provided you,
such that 'both of' you become equals therein,
so that you would have fear of them

إِنِّى فِى ذَٰلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ

لِّقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ

وَمِنْ آيَاتِهِ أَنْ تَقُومَ ﴿٢٥﴾

السَّمَاءُ وَالْأَرْضُ بِأَمْرِهِ

ثُمَّ إِذَا دَعَاكُمْ

دَعْوَةً مِنَ الْأَرْضِ

إِذَا أَنْتُمْ تَخْرُجُونَ

وَلَهُ مَنْ فِى السَّمٰوٰتِ ﴿٢٦﴾

وَالْأَرْضِ

كُلٌّ لَّهُ قَدِىۡنُونَ

وَهُوَ الَّذِى يَبْدُؤُا الْخَلْقَ ﴿٢٧﴾

ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ

وَهُوَ أَهۡوَىٰ عَلَيْهِ

وَلَهُ الْمَثَلُ الْأَعْلَىٰ

فِى السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

ضَرَبَ لَكُم مَّثَلًا ﴿٢٨﴾

مِّنْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ هَلْ لَّكُمْ

مِّنْ مَّا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُكُمْ

مِّنْ شُرَكَآءَ

فِى مَا رَزَقَكُم

فَأَنْتُمْ فِىهِ سَوَآءٌ تَخَافُونَهُمْ

كَخِيفَتِكُمْ أَنْفُسَكُمْ

freely sharing in it like the fear you have
of your actual partners from among yourselves?
Never would you accept this!

Thus do We make distinct the signs
for a people who would use their reason
to understand.

30:29 But those who have done wrong
by worshipping false gods
follow only their own whims
without any revealed knowledge.
Then who is it that can guide one
whom God has left to stray?
Thus for them, there shall not be any helpers
against God's punishment.

30:30 Set your face devoutly toward God
and to the true religion, O Prophet,
and so too all who would follow you —
being ever upright in heart!
This is the natural disposition
given you by God,
upon which He originated all humankind.
There shall be no altering of God's creation.
That is the upright way of religion,
but most people do not know it.

30:31 *So hold fast to it,
turning always to Him in repentance.
Thus shall you fear Him.
Thus shall you duly establish the Prayer.
Thus shall you never be of those
who ascribe partners to God,
30:32 like those partisans before you
who divided up their religion
and became factions—each party exulting
in whatever they have taken hold of,

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كَذَلِكَ نَفْصَلُ الْآيَاتِ

لِقَوْمٍ يَعْقِلُونَ

بَلِ اتَّبَعَ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ﴿٢٩﴾

أَهْوَاءَهُمْ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ

فَمَنْ يَهْدِي مَنْ أَضَلَّ اللَّهُ

وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرِينَ

فَأَقِمْ وَجْهَكَ لِلدِّينِ حَنِيفًا ﴿٣٠﴾

فَطَرَتْ اللَّهُ

الَّتِي فَطَرَ النَّاسَ عَلَيْهَا

لَا بَدِيلَ لِمَا يَخْلُقُ اللَّهُ

ذَلِكَ الدِّينُ الْقَيِّمُ

وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُ

النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

﴿٣١﴾ مِّنْ مُّنِيبِينَ إِلَيْهِ وَاتَّقُوهُ

وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ

وَلَا تَكُونُوا

مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ

﴿٣٢﴾ مِّنَ الَّذِينَ فَرَّقُوا دِينَهُمْ

وَكَانُوا شِيعًا

كُلُّ حِزْبٍ بِمَا لَدَيْهِمْ فَرِحُونَ

calling it truth.

- 30:33 Now, when harm touches people,
they call upon their Lord for relief,
penitent to Him.
Then when He gives them a taste
of mercy from Him, at once,
a group of them associate gods
with their Lord—
- 30:34 to show their ingratitude for all the good
that We have given them in life!
So enjoy yourselves a little while.
For, assuredly, you shall know
the recompense of the ungodly!
- 30:35 Or is it that We have sent down to them
any Heavenly authority
that speaks with approval of these false gods
that they have been associating with God?
- 30:36 Yet, again!
When We give people a taste of Our mercy,
they exult in it.
But if any harm befalls them—
for all the evil
that their hands have advanced in life—
at once, they turn despondent.
- 30:37 Have they not considered that it is God alone
who extends abundant provision
to whomever He so wills,
and that He alone restricts it
for whomever He so wills?
Indeed, in all of this there are sure signs
for a people who would believe.
- 30:38 Therefore, you shall give to the close relative
his every due right with kindness.
And you shall give due charity

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الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ وَالصَّلَاةُ

وَإِذَا مَسَّ النَّاسَ ضُرٌّ ٣٣

دَعَوْا رَبَّهُمْ مُنِيبِينَ إِلَيْهِ
ثُمَّ إِذَا أَذَاهُمْ مِنْهُ رَحْمَةٌ

إِذَا فَرِيقٌ مِنْهُمْ

بَرِيهَتُمْ يُشْرِكُونَ

لِيَكْفُرُوا بِمَا ءَانَيْنَاهُمْ ٣٤

فَمَتَّعُوا فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ

أَمْ أَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ سُلْطَانًا ٣٥

فَهُوَ يَنْكُرُكُمْ

بِمَا كَانُوا بِهِ يُشْرِكُونَ

وَإِذَا أَذَقْنَا النَّاسَ رَحْمَةً ٣٦

فَرِحُوا بِهَا

وَلِنْ تُصِيبَهُمْ سَيِّئَةٌ

بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ

إِذَا هُمْ يَقْنَطُونَ

أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا ٣٧

أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ

لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدِرُ

إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ

لِقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ

فَتَاتِ ذَا الْقُرْبَىٰ حَقَّهُ ٣٨

وَالْيَسِيرِينَ وَالَّذِينَ فِي السَّبِيلِ

سُورَةُ الرُّومِ

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to the indigent and the wayfarer.
That is best for 'all' those
who desire 'only' the Face of God.
For it is these who are the 'truly' successful.

- 30:39 Yet 'beware,
for 'whatever you give 'others' in usury—
to 'gain' increase from the wealth of people—
shall never increase with God!
But 'blessed is' whatever you give
of the Zakât-Charity—
desiring 'only' the Face of God.
For it is such as these who shall have
a 'much' multiplied reward.

- 30:40 God is the One who created you.
Thereafter, He provided for you 'in life'.
Thereafter, He shall cause you to die.
Thereafter, He shall give you life 'again
on the Day of Resurrection'.
Are there any among your associate-gods
who can do anything of this?
Highly exalted is He, and most high,
'far' above all that they associate
as gods 'with Him'.

- 30:41 Corruption prevails in the land and the sea
because of 'all the evil'
that the hands of humanity have earned—
so that He may cause them to taste
something of that which they have done—
so that they may return 'in penitence to God'.

- 30:42 Say, 'O Prophet, to the unbelievers':
Journey through the earth
and see how 'devastating' was the end
of those 'misguided generations'
who came before 'you'!

ذَٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ لِّلَّذِينَ
يُرِيدُونَ وَجْهَ اللَّهِ
وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ

وَمَا أَتَيْتُم مِّن رَّبًّا

لَتَرِيؤُا فِي أَمْوَالِ النَّاسِ
فَلَا تَرِيؤُا عِندَ اللَّهِ

وَمَا أَتَيْتُم مِّن زَكَّوٰةٍ

تُرِيدُونَ وَجْهَ اللَّهِ

فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُضْطَرِفُونَ

اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ

ثُمَّ رَزَقَكُمْ

ثُمَّ يَمِيتُكُمْ

ثُمَّ يُحْيِيكُمْ

هَٰذَا مِن شُرَكَائِكُم مَّن يَفْعَلُ

مِن ذَٰلِكُمْ مِّن شَيْءٍ

سُبْحَنَهُ وَتَعَالَى

عَمَّا يَشْرِكُونَ

ظَهَرَ الْفَسَادُ

فِي الْبَرِّ وَالْبَحْرِ

بِمَا كَسَبَتْ أَيْدِي النَّاسِ

لِيَذِيقَهُم بَعْضَ الَّذِي عَمِلُوا

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ

قُلْ سِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ

فَأَنْظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ

عَقِبَةُ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلُ

سُورَةُ الرُّومِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

Most of them ascribed partners to God.

30:43 So set your face

toward the upright 'way of' religion,
before there comes

a Day 'of Reckoning' from God
that cannot be turned back.

On that Day 'Hereafter'
they shall be parted 'forever':

30:44 Whoever disbelieves 'in God',

then his unbelief is 'only' against himself.
But whoever does righteous deeds 'in life',
they shall have smoothed a way for themselves
'to Paradise'.

30:45 And so it is

that 'God' may reward from His bounty
those who believe and do righteous deeds.
'Yet', indeed, He does not love the disbelievers.

30:46 And of His 'wondrous' signs

is that He 'alone' sends forth the winds
bearing 'clouds as' glad tidings—
so that He may cause you to taste
'the rainfall' of His mercy;
and so that ships may sail, by His command;
and so that you may seek of His bounty;
and that, 'therefore',
you might give thanks 'to God'.

30:47 Yet very truly, 'O Prophet',

We have sent messengers before you
to their own people.

Thus they came to them
with clear 'and miraculous' proofs 'from God'.
But they were belied.

Therefore, We took vengeance
on those who were defiant unbelievers.

كَانَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ مُشْرِكِينَ

فَاقِمْ وَجْهَكَ لِلدِّينِ الْقَيِّمِ ٤٣

مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَأْتِيَ يَوْمٌ
لَا مَرَدَ لَهُ مِنَ اللَّهِ

يَوْمَئِذٍ يَصَّدَّعُونَ
مَنْ كَفَرَ فَعَلَيْهِ كُفْرُهُ ٤٤

وَمَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا
فَلَا نَفْسَ لَهُ يَمْهَدُونَ

لِجَزَى الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ ٤٥

إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الْكَافِرِينَ
وَمِنْ ءَايَاتِهِ ٤٦

أَنْ يُرْسِلَ الرِّيحَ مُبَشِّرَاتٍ
وَلِيَذِيقَكُمْ مِنْ رَحْمَتِهِ

وَلِتَجْرِيَ الْفُلُكُ بِأَمْرِهِ
وَلِتَبْتَغُوا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ

وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ
وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ

رُسُلًا إِلَى قَوْمِهِمْ
فَجَاءَهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

فَأَنقَضْنَا مِنَ الَّذِينَ أَجْرَهُمْ ٤٧

سُورَةُ الرُّومِ

الجزء الحادى والعشرون

- For helping the believers to victory
is ever incumbent upon Us.
- 30:48 God alone is the One
who sends forth the winds.
Then they stir up the clouds.
Then He spreads them across the sky—
however He so wills.
Then He rends them into billowing patches.
Then you see rainfall issuing from their midst.
Then when He brings it down
upon whomever He so wills of His servants,
behold, they rejoice.
- 30:49 Yet, indeed, previously—
just before it was sent down upon them—
they were utterly despondent in their drought.
- 30:50 So look at the traces of the mercy of God,
how He gives life to the earth after its death.
Even thus shall He, most surely,
give life to the dead
on the Day of Resurrection.
- For He is powerful over all things.
- 30:51 But if ever We send a blighting wind
and they see the harvest fade yellow,
they continue, thereafter, to disbelieve.
- 30:52 And so it is, O Prophet, that you cannot make
the dead of heart hear.
Nor can you make
the deaf of heart hear the call of truth
when they have turned back in retreat from it.
- 30:53 Nor can you guide
the blind in heart out of their misguidance.
You can only make hear this call
those who believe in Our signs,
and who, therefore, are muslims,
in willing submission to God alone.

وَكَاث حَقًّا عَلَيْنَا
نَصْرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
اللَّهُ الَّذِي يُرْسِلُ الرِّيحَ
فَتُثِيرُ سَحَابًا فَيَبْسُطُهُ
فِي السَّمَاءِ كَيْفَ يَشَاءُ
وَيَجْعَلُهُ كَسَفًا فَرَى الْوَدْقَ
يَخْرُجُ مِنْ خِلَالِهِ
فَإِذَا أَصَابَ بِهِ
مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ
إِذَا هُمْ يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ
وَإِنْ كَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ
أَنْ يَنْزَلَ عَلَيْهِمْ
مِنْ قَبْلِهِ لَمُبْلِسِينَ
فَانْظُرْ إِلَى
ءَاتِنِ رَحْمَتِ اللَّهِ كَيْفَ
يُمِىءُ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا
إِنَّ ذَلِكَ لَمَعْمُى الْمَوْتَى
وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
وَلَكِنْ أَرْسَلْنَا رِيحًا
فَرَأَوْهُ مُصْفَرًّا
لَظَلُّوا مِنْ بَعْدِهِ يَكْفُرُونَ
فَإِنَّكَ لَا تَسْمَعُ الْمَوْتَى
وَلَا تَسْمَعُ الضُّعَفَاءُ الدُّعَاءَ
إِذَا وَلَّوْا مُدْبِرِينَ
وَمَا أَنْتَ بِهَادٍ الْعُمَى
عَنْ ضَلَالَتِهِمْ إِنْ تَسْمَعُ
إِلَّا مَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِآيَاتِنَا
فَهُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ

٤٨

٤٩

٥٠

٥١

٥٢

٥٣

سُورَةُ الرُّمِّ

الجزء الحادي والعشرون

- 30:54 *God is the One
 who has created 'all of you' 'originally' weak.
 Then after 'your' weakness,
 He brings about strength 'in you'.
 Then after 'your' strength,
 He brings about weakness 'in you'
 and the gray hair 'of old age'.
 He creates whatever He so wills.
 For He is the All-Knowing, the Almighty.
- 30:55 Thus, the Day the Hour 'of Doom'
 shall come, 'God will raise the dead,
 and 'the defiant unbelievers will swear
 that they had not remained 'in the world'
 but for an hour.
 Even so, they were ever deluded
 'about the truth of the Hereafter'.
- 30:56 But those 'in life'
 who were given 'revealed' knowledge
 and 'who' had faith will say 'to them':
 Very truly, you have remained 'in existence
 from the time of your creation'
 until the Day of the 'Ultimate' Rising—
 'in accordance with the decree'
 in the Book of God.
 Thus, this is the Day of the 'Ultimate' Rising.
 Yet you did not ever 'seek
 to 'know' of it'!
- 30:57 Then on that Day, those who did wrong
 'by worshipping false gods'
 shall not benefit from their justification 'for it'.
 Nor shall they be allowed
 to propitiate 'the wrath of God
 for their ungodliness'.
- 30:58 Now very truly, We have put forth

اللَّهُ الَّذِي

٥٤

خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ ضَعْفٍ

ثُمَّ جَعَلَ

مِنْ بَعْدِ ضَعْفٍ قُوَّةً

ثُمَّ جَعَلَ

مِنْ بَعْدِ قُوَّةٍ ضَعْفًا وَشَيْبَةً

يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ

وَهُوَ الْعَلِيمُ الْقَدِيرُ

وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ

٥٥

يَقْسِمُ الْمُجْرِمُونَ

مَا لَيْسُوا بِغَيْرِ سَاعَةٍ

كَذَلِكَ كَانُوا يَقُفُونَ

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ

٥٦

أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ وَالْإِيمَانَ

لَقَدْ لَبِثْتُمْ فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ

إِلَى يَوْمِ الْبَعْثِ فَهَذَا

يَوْمَ الْبَعْثِ وَلَكِنَّكُمْ

كُنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ

فَيَوْمَئِذٍ لَا يَنْفَعُ

٥٧

الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا مَعْذِرَتَهُمْ

وَلَا هُمْ يُسْتَعْتَبُونَ

سُورَةُ الرُّومِ

الجزء الحادي والعشرون

for the good of all people in this Quran,
something of every kind of illustration.

Yet even if you were to bring them,

O Prophet,

a miraculous sign as proof from God,

those who disbelieve

would still, most surely, say:

You and the believers

are nothing but progenitors of falsehood!

30:59 And so it is that God seals up the hearts
of those who do not seek to know
truth from fallacy.

30:60 Therefore, be patient, O Prophet.

Indeed, the promise

of victory from God is ever true.

Thus do not let those who have no certainty
in God and His Judgment unsettle you.

وَلَقَدْ صَرَبْنَا لِلنَّاسِ

فِي هَذَا الْقُرْآنِ

مِنْ كُلِّ مَثَلٍ

وَلَكِنْ جَحَّتْهُمْ بَيَاتٍ

لَيَقُولَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

إِنْ أَنْتُمْ إِلَّا مُبْطِلُونَ

كَذَلِكَ

يَطْبَعُ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِ

الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

فَاصْبِرْ إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ

وَلَا يَسْتَخِفُّكَ

الَّذِينَ لَا يُوقِنُونَ

Surah 31 / 34 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Luqmân

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

31:1 *Alif Lâm Mîm*

31:2 These are the 'revealed' verses
of the all-wise Book.

31:3 It is guidance 'for all people', and mercy
for those who 'would' excel in 'doing' good:

31:4 The ones who 'duly' establish the Prayer,
and 'who' give the Zakât-Charity,
and who 'within themselves'
have 'utter' certainty
of 'the imminence of' the Hereafter.

31:5 It is these who are 'advancing'
upon 'the path of' guidance from their Lord.
So it is these who are the 'truly' successful.

31:6 Yet among humankind,
there are those who traffic in idle tales,
without 'revealed' knowledge,
so as to lead 'others' astray from the path of God.
Thus they make a mockery of 'God's verses'.
For such as these,
there is a disgracing torment 'waiting
in the Hereafter'.

١ اَلَمْ

٢ تِلْكَ اٰيٰتُ

اَلْكِتٰبِ اَلْحَكِيْمِ

٣ هُدًى وَرَحْمَةً لِّلْمُحْسِنِيْنَ

٤ اَلَّذِيْنَ يُّقِيْمُوْنَ الصَّلٰوةَ

وَيُؤْتُوْنَ الزَّكٰوةَ

وَهُمْ بِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ يُوقِنُوْنَ

٥ اُولٰٓئِكَ عَلٰى هٰذِيْكَ مِنْ رَّبِّهِمْ

وَاُولٰٓئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ

٦ وَمِنَ النَّاسِ

مَنْ يَشْتَرِيْ لَهٗوَ اَلْحَدِيْثِ

لِيُضِلَّ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللّٰهِ

بَغِيْرَ عِلْمٍ وَيَتَّخِذَهَا هُزُوًا

٧ اُولٰٓئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ

سُورَةُ لُقْمَانَ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْعَظِيمِ

- 31:7 For when Our `revealed` verses `of the Quran`
are recited to `such` a person,
he turns away in arrogance,
as if he had not heard them,
as if an utter deafness was `thrust` in his ears.
So give him `heavy` tidings
of a most painful torment `in the Hereafter`!
- 31:8 Indeed, those who believe
and do righteous deeds
have Gardens of Delight `awaiting` them,
wherein they shall abide forever.
It is the promise of God in truth.
And He `alone`
is the Overpowering `One`, the All-Wise.
- 31:10 He created the heavens
without pillars that you `can` see.
And He cast into the Earth
anchoring mountains `to balance it`,
so that it does not sway
with you `upon it` as it spins`.
Moreover, He spread about therein
`all the species` of every creature.
For We sent down, from the sky, water.
Then `with it` We brought forth in `the Earth`
plants of `every gracious kind`.
- 31:11 This is the creation of God!
So show Me what those `whom you worship`
apart from Him have created.
Indeed, the wrongdoers
`who ascribe partners to God`
are `utterly lost` in clear misguidance.
- 31:12 Now, very truly,
We gave Luqmân `sound` wisdom,
`saying to him`: Give thanks to God.

وَإِذَا تُلِيَتْ عَلَيْهِ آيَاتُنَا

وَلَّى مُسْتَكْبِرًا

كَأَن لَّمْ يَسْمَعْهَا

كَأَن فِي أُذُنِهِ وَقْرًا

فَبَشِّرْهُ بِعَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

لَهُمْ جَنَّاتُ النَّعِيمِ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا وَعَدَ اللَّهُ حَقًّا

وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ

يَغْيِرَ عَمَلٍ تَرَوْنَهَا

وَالْقَى فِي الْأَرْضِ رَوَاسِيَ

أَنْ تَمِيدَ بِكُمْ

وَبَثَّ فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ دَابَّةٍ

وَأَنزَلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً

فَأَنبَتْنَا فِيهَا

مِنْ كُلِّ زَوْجٍ كَرِيمٍ

هَذَا خَلْقُ اللَّهِ فَأَرُونِي

مَاذَا خَلَقَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ دُونِهِ

بَلِ الظَّالِمُونَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ

وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا لُقْمَانَ الْحِكْمَةَ

أَنْ أَشْكُرَ لِلَّهِ

سُورَةُ لُقْمَانَ

الْحِكْمَةُ الْحَاذِي وَالْعُزْرُونَ

For anyone who gives thanks to Him
gives thanks purely
for the good of his own soul.
Yet as to one who is ungrateful—
then, nevertheless,
God is, indeed, self-sufficient, all-praised!

31:13 So behold!

Luqmân said to his son,
while he was admonishing him:
O my dear son!
Do not associate anything with God
in worship.

Indeed, associating gods with God
is, most surely, a great wrong.

31:14 Moreover, God has said:

We have charged each human being
with dutifulness and goodness
toward one's parents.

One's mother bore one
in feebleness upon feebleness,
and the full period of one's weaning
is within two years.

So give thanks to Me and to your parents.
To Me is the ultimate destiny.

31:15 But if ever they strive in order to compel you
to associate gods with Me—

or command you to anything about which
you have no sure knowledge from God—
then do not obey them.

Yet still keep company with both of them
in this world, in accordance with what is right.

But follow the path
of one who turns to Me in penitence.
Then to Me shall be your final return
in the Hereafter.

وَمَنْ يَشْكُرْ

فَأِنَّمَا يَشْكُرُ لِنَفْسِهِ

وَمَنْ كَفَرَ

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَنِيٌّ حَمِيدٌ

وَلِذَٰلِكَ قَالَ لِقَمْنُ لَا تَبْتَهِ

١٣

وَهُوَ يَعِظُهُ يَبْنَى

لَا تَشْرِكْ بِاللَّهِ

إِنَّ الشِّرْكَ لَظُلْمٌ عَظِيمٌ

وَوَضَعْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ بُولَدِيهِ

١٤

حَمَلَتْهُ أُمُّهُ وَهْنًا عَلَى وَهْنٍ

وَفَصْلُهُ فِي عَامَيْنِ

أَنْ أَشْكُرَ لِي وَلَوْ لَدَيْكَ

إِلَى الْمَصِيرِ

وَلِنْ جَهْدَاكَ

١٥

عَلَى أَنْ تُشْرِكَ بِي

مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ عِلْمٌ

فَلَا تُطِعْهُمَا وَصَاحِبُهُمَا

فِي الدُّنْيَا مَعْرُوفًا

وَاتَّبِعْ سَبِيلَ مَنْ أَنَابَ إِلَيَّ

Then I shall tell you 'the due recompense'
of all that you have been doing 'in life'.

31:16 O my dear son!

'said Luqmân'.

Should there be 'any deed'
even if it be only 'the weight'
of a grain of a mustard-seed—
and though it be 'concealed' in a rock,
or 'high' in the heavens, or 'deep' in the earth—
God shall bring it forth.

Indeed, God is subtle, all-aware.

31:17 O my dear son!

'Duly' establish the Prayer.

And enjoin what is right.

And forbid what is wrong.

And be patient with whatever afflicts you.

Indeed, these are among
the 'foremost' commandments of 'God'
that must be kept with 'diligent resolve'.

31:18 Moreover, do not turn your cheek to people
'in contempt'.

And do not ever walk upon the earth
proudly exultant.

Indeed, God loves no one who is
swaggering 'or' boastful.

31:19 Rather, be of modest bearing in your walk.

Moreover, lower somewhat your voice.

Indeed, the most hideous of voices
is, most surely, the donkeys' bray.

31:20 Do you not see, 'O humanity,'
that God has subjugated for you
all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth

سُورَةُ لُقْمَانَ

الجزء الحادي والعشرون

ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ مَرْجِعِكُمْ

فَأَنْبِئُكُمْ

بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

يَبْنَىٰ إِنَّهَا إِنْ تَكُ

مِثْقَالَ حَبَّةٍ مِنْ خَرْدَلٍ

فَتَكُنْ فِي صَخْرَةٍ

أَوْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

أَوْ فِي الْأَرْضِ يَأْتِ بِهَا اللَّهُ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَطِيفٌ خَبِيرٌ

يَبْنَىٰ أَقِمِ الصَّلَاةَ

وَأْمُرْ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ

وَأَنْهَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ

وَأَصْبِرْ عَلَىٰ مَا أَصَابَكَ

إِنَّ ذَلِكَ مِنْ عَزْمِ الْأُمُورِ

وَلَا تُصَعِّرْ خَدَّكَ لِلنَّاسِ

وَلَا تَمْشِ فِي الْأَرْضِ مَرَحًا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ

كُلَّ مُخْتَالٍ فَخُورٍ

وَأَقْصِدْ فِي مَشْيِكَ

وَأَغْضُضْ مِنْ صَوْتِكَ

إِنَّ أَنْكَرَ الْأَصْوَاتِ

لَصَوْتُ الْحَبِيرِ

أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ سَخَّرَ لَكُمْ

مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

سُورَةُ لُقْمَانَ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

and has showered you with His blessings—
manifest and hidden?

Yet among humankind
there is the type of person
who argues about God
without any revealed knowledge,
nor any divine guidance,
nor an illuminating Heavenly Book.

31:21 So when it is said to them:

Follow what God has sent down in the Quran.
They say:

On the contrary, we shall follow
what we found our forefathers believing.
Will they do so,

even if Satan beckons them, thereby,
to the torment of the Flaming Fire of Hell?

31:22 *Rather,

whoever willingly submits his face to God
in worship, while excelling in good deeds,
has truly grasped the firmest handhold.

For to God alone is
the ultimate end of all affairs.

31:23 But as to one who disbelieves

in your message, O Prophet,
let not his unbelief grieve you.

To Us alone

is the return of them all for Judgment.

Then We shall tell them
of the dire consequences of all the evil
that they have done in life.

Indeed, God is all-knowing
of all that is harbored
within the breast of people.

31:24 We shall grant them enjoyment in life,
for a little while.

وَأَسْبَغَ عَلَيْكُمْ نِعَمَهُ
ظَاهِرَةً وَبَاطِنَةً

وَمِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يُجَادِلُ

فِي اللَّهِ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ

وَلَا هُدًى وَلَا كِتَابٍ مُنِيرٍ

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ اتَّبِعُوا

مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ قَالُوا بَلْ نَنْبَغُ

مَا وَجَدْنَا عَلَيْهِ آبَاءَنَا

أُولَئِكَ كَانَ الشَّيْطَانُ

يَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَى عَذَابِ السَّعِيرِ

وَمَنْ يُسْلِمْ وَجْهَهُ

إِلَى اللَّهِ وَهُوَ مُحْسِنٌ

فَقَدْ اسْتَمْسَكَ

بِالْعُرْوَةِ الْوُثْقَى

وَالِلَّهِ عَاقِبَةُ الْأُمُورِ

وَمَنْ كَفَرَ

فَلَا يَحْزَنُكَ كُفْرُهُ

إِلَيْنَا مَرْجِعُهُمْ

فَنُنَبِّئُهُمْ بِمَا عَمِلُوا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

١١

٢٢

٢٣

Then We shall compel them
to a stern torment in Hellfire.

- 31:25 For, indeed, if you asked them:
Who created the heavens and the earth?
They would, most surely, say: It is God.
Say to them:

All praise is for God alone
for the self-evident signs in His creation.
But most of them do not know
that their Creator is One
all-worthy of worship.

- 31:26 To God alone belongs
all that is in the heavens and the earth.
Indeed, it is God who is the Self-Sufficient,
the All-Praised.

- 31:27 For were all the trees of the earth
sharpened into pens and the sea made ink—
with seven more seas, thereafter,
to replenish it—
the words of God would still not be depleted.
Indeed, God is overpowering, all-wise.

- 31:28 O humankind!
Neither the entire creation of all of you,
nor the coming resurrection of all of you,
is more for God than that of the creation
or resurrection of a single soul.

Indeed, God is all-hearing, all-seeing.

- 31:29 Do you not see that it is God alone
who makes the night
penetrate into the daylight
and who makes the daylight
penetrate into the night;
and that He alone has subjugated
the sun and the moon to a fixed order,
each one running its course for a stated term

سُورَةُ لُقْمَانَ

الجزء الحادي والعشرون

نَمْنَعُهُمْ قَلِيلًا ثُمَّ نَضْطَرُّهُمْ

(٢٤)

إِلَىٰ عَذَابٍ غَلِيظٍ

وَلَيْنَ سَأَلْتَهُم مِّنْ خَلْقِ

(٢٥)

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

لَيَقُولُنَّ اللَّهُ قُلِ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

لِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

(٢٦)

إِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْغَنِيُّ الْحَمِيدُ

وَلَوْ أَنَّمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

(٢٧)

مِّنْ شَجَرٍ أَقْلَمٌ

وَالْبَحْرِ مِمَّا دُخِرَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ

سَبْعَةُ آبْحَرٍ

مَا نَفِدَتْ كَلِمَاتُ اللَّهِ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ

مَا خَلَقَكُمْ وَلَا يَعْثُبُكُمْ

(٢٨)

إِلَّا كَنَفْسٍ وَجَدِئٌ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ بَصِيرٌ

أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ

(٢٩)

يُولِجُ اللَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ

وَيُولِجُ النَّهَارَ فِي اللَّيْلِ

وَسَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء الحادى والعشرون

preordained by Him;
and that, indeed, God alone
is all-aware of all that you do?

31:30 That is because God
is, most surely, the 'Eternal' Truth,
while that which they call upon
apart from Him is utterly false.
For, indeed, it is God alone
who is, most surely,
the Ever-Exalted, the All-Great.

31:31 Do you not see
that the ships run through the sea,
'keeping afloat and carrying you,'
by the grace of God,
so that He may show you
some of His 'wondrous' signs?
Indeed, in this
are 'manifest' signs of God's creative might
for every patient, ever thankful 'soul'.

31:32 But when the waves overwhelm them
like billows,
they call upon God 'for rescue'
with 'all' sincerity,
'devoting their religion to Him alone'.
Then when He delivers them 'safely' ashore,
some of them, thereafter,
become halfhearted 'in faith',
while others deny it utterly.

Yet none disavows Our 'wondrous' signs
but every faithless, 'unbelieving' ingrate.

31:33 O people!
Be ever God-fearing, 'conscious' of your Lord.
Indeed, be fearful
of an 'imminent' Day 'Hereafter'
when no father shall indemnify his child

كُلٌّ يَجْعَىٰ إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ

ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْحَقُّ

٣٠

وَأَنَّ مَا يُدْعَوْنَ مِنْ دُونِهِ أَبْطِلُ

وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْكَبِيرُ

أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ الْفُلْكَ يَجْرَىٰ

٣١

فِي الْبَحْرِ يَنْعَمَتِ اللَّهُ

لِيُرِيَكُمْ مِنْ آيَاتِهِ

إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ

لِكُلِّ صَبَّارٍ شَكُورٍ

وَلِذَا غَشِيَهُمْ مَوْجٌ كَاطِلٌ

٣٢

دَعَوْا اللَّهَ مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الدِّينَ

فَلَمَّا نَجَّاهُمْ إِلَى الْبَرِّ

فَمِنْهُمْ مُّقْنَصِدٌ

وَمَا يَجْحَدُ بِآيَاتِنَا

إِلَّا كُلُّ خَتَّارٍ كَفُورٍ

يَتَّبِعُهَا النَّاسُ أَتَقْوُوا رَبَّكُمْ

٣٣

against God's Judgment.

Nor shall a child indemnify his own father
against anything.

Indeed, God's promise

to resurrect you for Judgment is ever true.

So do not let your perception
of the life of this world delude you.

And do not let Satan, the Arch-Deluder,
delude you about God in the least!

31:34 Indeed, with God, Himself, alone
is knowledge

of when the Hour of Judgment shall come.

And it is He alone who sends down the rain.

And it is He alone who knows everything
about all that is in the wombs.

And no soul apprehends its destiny
as to what it will earn tomorrow.

And no soul apprehends its destiny
as to the land in which it will die.

Indeed, God is all-knowing, all-aware.

سُورَةُ لُقْمَانَ

الجزء الحادي والعشرون

وَإِخْشَاؤُكُمْ

لَا يَجْزِي وَالِدٌ عَنْ وَلَدِهِ

وَلَا مَوْلُودٌ هُوَ جَارٍ

عَنْ وَالِدِهِ شَيْئًا

إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ

فَلَا تَغُرَّنَّكُمْ

الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا

وَلَا يَغُرَّنَّكُمْ بِاللَّهِ الْغُرُورُ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عِنْدَهُ عِلْمُ السَّاعَةِ

٣١

وَيُنَزِّلُ الْغَيْثَ

وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي الْأَرْحَامِ

وَمَا تَدْرِي نَفْسٌ

مَاذَا تَكْسِبُ غَدًا

وَمَا تَدْرِي نَفْسٌ

بِأَيِّ أَرْضٍ تَمُوتُ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ خَبِيرٌ

Surah 32 / 30 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Sajdah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

32:1 *Alif Lām Mīm*

32:2 'This is' the revelation 'from on high'
of the Book wherein there is no doubt
from the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
32:3 Then will they 'who disbelieve'
say 'of the Prophet' he has forged it?
On the contrary,
it is the 'sacred' truth from your Lord,
'O Muhammad,' so that you may forewarn
'of a nearing Judgment' a people to whom
no forewarner before you has 'ever' come—
so that they might be guided aright.

32:4 God is the One who has created
the heavens and the earth
and all that is between them
in 'a span of six' Heavenly' days.
Then He settled Himself
over the Throne 'befittingly'.
You do not have apart from Him
any patron nor any intercessor, 'O humanity'.
Will you not, then, be mindful
'that God is One'?

١ أَلِفْ
٢ تَنْزِيلُ الْكِتَابِ
لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ
مِنْ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
٣ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ افْتَرَاهُ
بَلْ هُوَ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
لِنُنذِرَ قَوْمًا مِمَّا أَتَتْهُمْ
مِنْ نَذِيرٍ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَهْتَدُونَ
٤ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ
ثُمَّ اسْتَوَى عَلَى الْعَرْشِ
مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ دُونِهِ مِنْ وَلِيٍّ
وَلَا شَفِيعٍ أَفَلَا تَتَذَكَّرُونَ

- 32:5 He conducts the affair of all creation
from the heaven to the earth
with perfection and wisdom.
Then everything ascends to Him
in a 'Heavenly' day
whose measure is a thousand years
of what you count.
- 32:6 Such is the 'Sole' Knower of the 'realms
of all the 'unseen and the seen,
the Overpowering 'One', the Mercy-Giving—
- 32:7 the One who has made excellent
everything He has created,
and who originated the creation of humankind
from clay.
- 32:8 Then He made its progeny
from a 'quintessence of' humble fluid
drawn forth.
- 32:9 Then He fashioned him
and breathed of His 'life-giving' spirit into him.
Moreover, He gave to you 'the faculties
of hearing, and sight,
along with hearts that comprehend.
How very little are the thanks that you give!
- 32:10 Thus have they said to you, O Prophet:
When we 'die and 'vanish into the earth,
are we, indeed, to be brought to life anew?
Rather, they are disbelievers
in the 'inevitable' Meeting of Judgment
with their Lord 'in the Hereafter'.
- 32:11 * Say to them:
The Angel of Death, who has been charged
with 'divesting' you 'of life',
shall take your souls 'as predestined'.
Then to your Lord
shall you 'all' be returned 'for Judgment'.

سُورَةُ السَّجْدَةِ

الجزء الحادي والعشرون

يُدِيرُ الْأَمْرَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ ٥
إِلَى الْأَرْضِ ثُمَّ يَعْرُجُ إِلَيْهِ
فِي يَوْمٍ كَانَ مِقْدَارُهُ
أَلْفَ سَنَةٍ مِّمَّا تَعُدُّونَ

ذَلِكَ عَلِيمٌ ٦
الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ
الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ

الَّذِي أَحْسَنَ ٧
كُلَّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقَهُ
وَبَدَأَ خَلْقَ الْإِنْسَانِ مِنْ طِينٍ
ثُمَّ جَعَلَ نَسْلَهُ مِنْ سُلَالَةٍ
مِنْ مَاءٍ مَهِينٍ

ثُمَّ سَوَّاهُ ٨
وَنَفَخَ فِيهِ مِنْ رُوحِهِ
وَجَعَلَ لَكُمُ السَّمْعَ
وَالْأَبْصَارَ وَالْأَفْئِدَةَ
قَلِيلًا مَّا تَشْكُرُونَ

وَقَالُوا ٩
أَءِذَا ضَلَلْنَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
أَءِنَّا لَفِي خَلْقٍ جَدِيدٍ
بَلْ هُمْ بِلِقَاءِ رَبِّهِمْ كَافِرُونَ

قُلْ يَتُوفَنَكُمُ ١٠
مَلَكُ الْمَوْتِ الَّذِي وُكِّلَ بِكُمْ
ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُمْ تُرْجَعُونَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْمَلِكِ الْيَوْمِ وَالْآخِرِينَ

32:12 Yet if only you 'who now hear this'
could 'at this instant' see 'their horror,'
when the defiant unbelievers
shall hang their heads
before their Lord, 'and say':
Our Lord!
'Now' we have seen 'the promised resurrection'.
And we have heard 'the prophets we belied
confirmed'.
So send us back 'to the world',
that we may do good deeds.
Indeed, we 'now' have certainty 'in Your truth'.

32:13 But this shall never be!
For had We so willed
We, most surely, could have imparted
to every soul its 'compulsory' guidance.
Yet 'man has borne the trust of volitional faith'.
Thus 'the word from Me has come to pass':
Indeed, I shall, most surely, fill Hell
with the jinn and the people
'who are ungodly'—all 'of them' together.

32:14 So taste 'the Fire that you once scoffed at'!
For 'in life' you forgot the 'inevitable' Meeting
of this Day of your 'recompense'.
Now 'We have, indeed, forgotten you'.
So taste the torment of eternity
for 'all the evil' that you used to do!

32:15 Indeed, they alone 'truly' believe in Our verses
'revealed in this Quran' who,
when reminded with them,
fall to the ground 'in devotion',
bowing 'their faces' down 'to God';
and who highly exalt the praise of their Lord;
and who never grow arrogant

وَلَوْ تَرَىٰ إِذِ الْمُنْجَرُونَ

نَاكِسُوٓا رُءُوسِهِمْ

عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ

رَبَّنَا أَبْصَرْنَا وَسَمِعْنَا

فَاَرْجِعْنَا نَعْمَلْ صَالِحًا

إِنَّا مُوقِنُونَ

وَلَوْ شِئْنَا

لَا نَبْنِئَا كُلَّ نَفْسٍ هُدًى

وَلَكِن حَقَّ الْقَوْلُ مِنِّي

لَأَمْلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ

مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ

وَالنَّاسِ أَجْمَعِينَ

فَذُوقُوا بِمَا نَسِيتُمْ

لِقَاءَ يَوْمِكُمْ هَٰذَا

إِنَّا نَسِيتُكُمْ

وَذُوقُوا عَذَابَ الْخُلْدِ

بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

إِنَّمَا يُؤْمِنُ بِآيَاتِنَا

الَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِّرُوا بِهَا

خَرُّوا سُجَّدًا

وَسَبِّحُوا بِحَمْدِ رَبِّهِمْ

وَهُمْ لَا يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ

سُورَةُ السَّجْدَةِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْمَلِكِ الْيَوْمِ وَالْآخِرِ

- concerning His worship ; ﴿١٦﴾
 32:16 and whose sides forsake their beds 'in the night',
 to call upon their Lord in fear and hope;
 and who 'generously' spend 'in charity'
 from all that We have provided them.
 32:17 Thus not a soul 'in the world'
 can 'now' comprehend 'the joys'
 that have been concealed 'by God'
 for every one of them—
 from all that greatly delights the eyes—
 'awaiting them' in reward
 for all 'the good' that they used to do 'in life'!
 32:18 Is, then, one who 'in life' was a believer
 to be 'recompensed in the Hereafter'
 like one who was ungodly?
 They are not equal.
 32:19 As for those who believed
 and did righteous deeds,
 the Gardens of the 'blissful' abode
 shall be an 'everlasting' hospitality for them,
 for all 'the good' that they used to do 'in life'!
 32:20 But as for those
 who were committing ungodly deeds,
 their abode shall be the Fire 'of Hell'.
 Whenever they endeavor to exit from it,
 they will be returned into it,
 and it shall be said to them:
 Taste the torment of the Fire,
 'the reality of' which you used to belie!
 32:21 Yet We shall, most surely,
 let them taste 'something'
 of the 'more' imminent torment 'of this world'
 before the greater torment 'of the Hereafter',
 so that they might 'repent and return' to God'.
 32:22 For who does a greater wrong

تَجَافَى جُنُوبَهُمْ ﴿١٦﴾
 عَنِ الْمَضَاجِعِ يَدْعُونَ رَبَّهُمْ
 خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا
 وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفِقُونَ
 فَلَا تَعْلَمُ نَفْسٌ
 مَا أُخْفِيَ لَهُمْ مِنْ قُرَّةِ أَعْيُنٍ
 جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
 أَفَمَنْ كَانَ مُؤْمِنًا
 كَمَنْ كَانَ فَاسِقًا
 لَا يَسْتَوُونَ ﴿١٧﴾
 أَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
 وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
 فَلَهُمْ جَنَّاتُ الْمَأْوَىٰ تَزُولُ
 بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٨﴾
 وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ فَسَقُوا
 فَمَأْوَاهُمُ النَّارُ
 كُلَّمَا أَرَادُوا أَنْ يَخْرُجُوا مِنْهَا
 أُعِيدُوا فِيهَا وَقِيلَ لَهُمْ
 ذُوقُوا عَذَابَ النَّارِ
 الَّذِي كُنْتُمْ بِهِ تُكَذِّبُونَ ﴿١٩﴾
 وَلَنُذِيقَنَّهُمْ
 مِنَ الْعَذَابِ الْأَدْنَىٰ
 دُونَ الْعَذَابِ الْأَكْبَرِ
 لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿٢٠﴾
 وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ
 مِمَّنْ ذُكِّرَ بِآيَاتِ رَبِّهِ
 ثُمَّ أَعْرَضَ عَنْهَا

than one who is made mindful of the truth
by the very verses of his Lord
who thereafter turns away from them?
Indeed, We shall take vengeance
against the defiant unbelievers.

- 32:23 Now, very truly,
We have previously given Moses
the Torah as a Heavenly Book,
even as We have given you the Quran.
So do not be in doubt, O Prophet,
about meeting the like of what faced him.
Yet, indeed, We made it a source of guidance
for the Children of Israel.
- 32:24 And thereby We made from them
exemplary leaders,
guiding their people by Our command—
when they had endured patiently,
and when they had certainty
in the truth of Our revealed verses.
- 32:25 Indeed, your Lord will judge between them all
on the Day of Resurrection
about that wherein they have been disputing.
- 32:26 Is it not clearly evident to those among them
who belie you, O Prophet,
how many a generation before them
We have destroyed for ungodliness—
in the midst of whose very dwelling places
they now walk?
Indeed, in this there are sure signs
of divine reckoning.
Will they not, then, listen
to these verses of admonition?
- 32:27 Have they not seen that it is We alone

سُورَةُ السَّجْدَةِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي هَدَانَا لِهَذَا وَمَا كُنَّا لِنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْغَافِلِينَ

إِنَّا مِنَ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

مُنْقِمُونَ

وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا

(٢٣)

مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ

فَلَا تَكُنْ

فِي مِرْيَةٍ مِنْ لِقَائِهِ

وَجَعَلْنَاهُ هُدًى

لِبَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ

وَجَعَلْنَا مِنْهُمْ أَيْمَةً

(٢٤)

يَهْدُونَ بِأَمْرِنَا لَمَّا صَبَرُوا

وَكَانُوا بِنَايَتِنَا يُوَفُونَ

إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ

(٢٥)

بِفَصْلِ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

فِيمَا كَانُوا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ

أَوَلَمْ يَهْدِ لَهُمْ

(٢٦)

كَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا

مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِنَ الْقُرُونِ

يَمْشُونَ فِي مَسْجِدِهِمْ

إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ

أَفَلَا يَسْمَعُونَ

أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَّا سَوَّيْنَا

(٢٧)

إِلَى الْأَرْضِ الْجُرُزَ

سُورَةُ السَّجْدَةِ

الجزء الحادي والعشرون

who drive the water
to the 'parched and' barren land,
bringing forth therewith crops
from which 'both' their cattle
and they themselves eat?
Will they not, then, see 'how God restores life'?

32:28 Yet they say:

When comes this triumph of 'divine judgment',
if, indeed, you are truthful?

32:29 Say 'to them':

On the Day of 'Divine' Triumph,
of no benefit 'at all' to those who disbelieve
shall be their 'confession of' faith
Nor shall they be reprieved.

32:30 So turn aside from them, 'O Prophet'.

And wait 'for God's triumph'.

For, indeed, they are waiting 'for your defeat'.

فَنُخْرِجْ بِهِ زَرْعًا

تَأْكُلُ مِنْهُ

أَنْعَمَهُمْ وَأَنْفُسَهُمْ

أَفَلَا يُبْصِرُونَ

وَيَقُولُونَ

٢٨

مَتَى هَذَا الْفَتْحِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

قَدْ يَوْمَ الْفَتْحِ

٢٩

لَا يَنْفَعُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

إِيمَانُهُمْ وَلَا هُمْ يُنْظَرُونَ

فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ وَانْتَظِرْ

٣٠

إِنَّهُمْ مُنْتَظَرُونَ

Surah 33 / 73 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Ahzâb

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 33:1 O Prophet! Be ever God-fearing!
Thus you shall not yield to the dictates
of the disbelievers and the hypocrites.
Indeed, God alone is all-knowing, all-wise.
- 33:2 Rather, follow what is revealed to you
from your Lord.
Indeed, ever is God all-aware
of what all of you do.
- 33:3 Thus rely on God alone.
For sufficient is God as a guardian.
- 33:4 God has not made
in the inner being of any man two hearts.
Nor has He made your wives—
whom you sinfully estrange
with the mere pronouncement:
You are prohibited to me for marital relations
as is my own mother's backside—
truly unlawful to you,
as are your natural mothers.
Nor has He made those
whom you call by name
your sons through adoption
truly your natural sons.

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ اتَّقِ اللَّهَ
وَلَا تُطِعِ الْكَافِرِينَ
وَالْمُنَافِقِينَ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ
كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا
وَأَتَّبِعْ مَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَيْكَ
مِنْ رَبِّكَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
كَانَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا
وَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ
وَكَفَىٰ بِاللَّهِ وَكِيلًا
مَا جَعَلَ اللَّهُ لِرَجُلٍ
مِنْ قَلْبَيْنِ فِي جَوْفِهِ
وَمَا جَعَلَ أَرْوَاجَكُمْ الشَّيْ
ظُظْهَرُونَ مِنْهُنَّ أُمَّهَاتِكُمْ
وَمَا جَعَلَ أَدْعِيَاءَكُمْ
أَبْنَاءَكُمْ

All this is merely your saying with your mouths.
 But God says the word of truth.
 And it is He alone
 who guides along the straight path.
 33:5 As to adopted children,
 you shall call them by the names
 that disclose the paternity
 of their natural fathers.
 Such attribution is fairest to them
 in the sight of God.
 Yet if you do not know
 who their natural fathers are, then, still,
 they are no more than your brothers
 in religion and your wards.
 But there is no sin reckoned against you
 wherein you err as to this,
 their proper attribution.
 Rather, you are accountable
 only for what your hearts premeditate.
 And ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
 33:6 The Prophet, like a father,
 has greater concern
 for the good of the believers
 than they have for their own souls.
 Moreover, his wives are to the believers
 as are their own mothers.
 Still, those who are related by blood
 are more entitled to inherit one another—
 in accordance with what is decreed
 in the Book of God—
 than are the believers and the Émigrés
 to inherit one another—
 with the exception
 that you may enact a bequest
 for your close alliances,

سُورَةُ الْاَحْزَابِ

الْحِزْبُ الْحَادِي وَالْعِشْرُونَ

ذَلِكُمْ قَوْلُكُمْ بِأَفْوَاهِكُمْ
 وَاللَّهُ يَقُولُ الْحَقَّ

وَهُوَ يَهْدِي السَّبِيلَ

أَدْعُوهُمْ لِأَبَائِهِمْ

هُوَ أَقْسَطُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

فَإِنْ لَمْ تَعْلَمُوا آبَاءَهُمْ

فَإِخْوَانُكُمْ فِي الدِّينِ

وَمَوَالِكُمْ

وَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمْ جُنَاحٌ

فِيمَا أَخْطَأْتُم بِهِ، وَلَكِنْ

مَا تَعَمَّدَتْ قُلُوبُكُمْ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا

الَّذِينَ أُولَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ

وَأَزْوَاجَهُمْ أَمْهَنَهُمْ

وَأُولُوا الْأَرْحَامِ

بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلَى بِبَعْضٍ

فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ

مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَالْمُهَاجِرِينَ

إِلَّا أَنْ تَفْعَلُوا

إِلَى أَوْلِيَاءِكُمْ مَعْرُوفًا

سُورَةُ الْأَحْزَابِ

الجزء الحادي والعشرون

in accordance with what is right.
This is inscribed
in the 'Preserved' Book of Heaven.

33:7 Now, behold!

We have taken from all the prophets
their 'most solemn' covenant
to strive in the way of God
with all their heart and soul —
and from you, 'O Muhammad,
and from Noah, and Abraham,
and Moses, and Jesus, son of Mary,
'was it taken with your utmost resolve'.
Thus have We taken from them 'all'
a 'profoundly' solemn covenant, 'indeed' —
33:8 in order that He may question
the truthful 'believers' on Judgment Day
and reward them 'for their truthfulness'.
Yet He has prepared for the disbelievers
a most painful torment.

33:9 O you who believe!

Recall, then, the grace of God upon you
when 'an alliance of' armed forces
advanced against you
'in the Battle of Al-Ahzâb to besiege you',
and We sent against them a 'mighty' wind
and 'Heavenly' hosts that you did not see.
Yet ever is God all-seeing of all that you do.

33:10 Behold!

When they came against you,
from above you and from beneath you,
and when the eyes 'of the believers'
were swerving 'in fear',
and 'their' hearts reached 'their' throats,

كَانَ ذَلِكَ

فِي الْكِتَابِ الْمَسْطُورِ

وَلِإِذْ أَخَذْنَا

٧

مِنَ النَّبِيِّينَ مِيثَاقَهُمْ

وَمِنَكَ وَمِنْ نُوحٍ وَإِبْرَاهِيمَ

وَمُوسَى وَعِيسَى ابْنِ مَرْيَمَ

وَأَخَذْنَا مِنْهُمْ

مِيثَاقًا غَلِيظًا

لِنَسْأَلَ الصَّادِقِينَ

٨

عَن صِدْقِهِمْ

وَأَعَدَّ لِلْكَافِرِينَ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

٩

أَذْكُرُوا نِعْمَةَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ

إِذْ جَاءَ تَكُمْ جُنُودٌ

فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ رِيحًا

وَجُنُودًا لَّمْ تَرَوْهَا

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ

بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرًا

إِذْ جَاءَ وَكُمْ مِّنْ فَوْقِكُمْ

١٠

وَمِنْ أَسْفَلَ مِنْكُمْ

وَلِإِذْ زَاغَتِ الْأَبْصَارُ

وَبَلَغَتِ الْقُلُوبُ

الْحَنَاجِرَ

- and you 'believers' thought 'untrue' thoughts about God—
- 33:11 then and there the believers were tested and they were shaken—
violently shaken, 'with dreadful fear.
- 33:12 It was then 'when the hypocrites, and those in whose 'doubting' hearts there is a sickness, were saying:
God and His Messenger
have promised us nothing but a delusion!
- 33:13 Moreover, a group of them said:
O people of Yathrib!
There is no 'way for you to 'stand
'before the enemy'.
Thus return 'home'.
And yet another party of them
asked the Prophet permission 'to retreat', saying:
Indeed, our homes are exposed 'to danger'!
Yet they were not thus exposed.
They desired only to flee.
- 33:14 And had they been overrun
from the quarters 'of the city',
and were they, then, asked to break faith
'with you believers', they would have done it—
and tarried not even an instant therein.
- 33:15 Yet, very truly,
they had made a 'solemn' covenant
with God before,
'swearing' that they would never turn away
in retreat.
And, most surely, any covenant of God
shall be answered for.
- 33:16 Say 'to them, O Prophet':
Flight 'from battle' shall never benefit you.
For even if you were to escape from death,

سُورَةُ الْاَحْزَابِ

الجزء الحادي والعشرون

وَتَظُنُّونَ بِاللَّهِ الظُّنُونَا
هَٰذَا لَكُمُ الْبَيْتُ الْمَوْثُوقُ ۖ
وَزُلْزِلُوا زَلَالًا شَدِيدًا
وَإِذْ يَقُولُ الْمُنَافِقُونَ
وَالَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ
مَا وَعَدَنَا اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ
إِلَّا غُرُورًا
وَإِذْ قَالَتْ طَائِفَةٌ مِّنْهُمْ
يَا أَهْلَ يَثْرِبَ لَا مُقَامَ لَكُمْ
فَارْجِعُوا وَيَسْتَعْذِرُونَ
فَرِيقٌ مِّنْهُمْ النَّبِيَّ يَقُولُونَ
إِنَّ بُيُوتَنَا عَوْرَةٌ وَمَا هِيَ بِعَوْرَةٍ
إِنَّ يُرِيدُونَ إِلَّا فِرَارًا
وَلَوْ دَخَلَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ
مِّنْ أَقْطَارِهَا
ثُمَّ سَأِلُوا أَلِيفَتَهَا لَا تَوْفَآهَا
وَمَا تَلَبَّسُوا بِهَا إِلَّا يَسِيرًا
وَلَقَدْ كَانُوا عَاهِدُوا اللَّهَ
مِنْ قَبْلُ لَا يُؤَلَّفُوكَ إِلَّا ذَبْرًا
وَكَانَ عَهْدُ اللَّهِ مَسْئُولًا
قُلْ لَّنْ يَنْفَعَكُمُ الْفِرَارُ
إِنْ فَرَرْتُمْ مِنَ الْمَوْتِ
أَوِ الْقَتْلِ

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الْحِزْبُ الْمُبَادِي وَالْعُشْرُونَ

or from being killed—even so,
you would not be allowed enjoyment of life
but for a little while longer.

33:17 Say to them:

Who is it that shall preserve you
from the reach of God,
whether He intends for you harm
or He intends for you mercy?
Rather, they shall not find for themselves
apart from God either patron or supporter.

33:18 * Truly, God knows well

the hinderers among you,
those who discourage striving in His path,
as well as those who say
to their brothers in hypocrisy:
Come over to us and abandon the believers!
Thus they do not join the battle, except a little,

33:19 begrudging support to you.

But when the fear of battle comes near,
you see them looking at you,
their eyes rolling like one fainting
in the throes of death.
Yet when the fear goes,
they flail you believers with sharp tongues,
avaricious after the worldly goods of spoil.
Such as these have not believed.
Thus God has rendered utterly futile
their good works—
and that, for God, is ever easy.

33:20 Still terrified,

they think that the Federated Clans
have not gone away completely.
And were the Federated Clans to come back,
they would wish that they themselves
were far-off desert dwellers

وَلِذَا لَا تَمْنَعُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

قُلْ مَنْ ذَا الَّذِي

يَعْصِمُكُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ

إِنْ أَرَادَ بِكُمْ سُوًّا

أَوْ أَرَادَ بِكُمْ رَحْمَةً

وَلَا يَجِدُونَ لَهُمْ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

وَلِيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا

قَدْ يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ

الْمُعَوِّقِينَ مِنْكُمْ

وَالْقَائِلِينَ لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ هَلُمَّ إِلَيْنَا

وَلَا يَأْتُونَ الْبَاسَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

أَشِحَّةً عَلَيْكُمْ

فَإِذَا جَاءَ الْتَوَفُّ

رَأَيْتَهُمْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ

تَدُورُ أَعْيُنُهُمْ

كَالَّذِي يُغْشَى عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْمَوْتِ

فَإِذَا ذَهَبَ الْتَوَفُّ

سَلَفَوْكُمْ بِاللِّسَانِ جَدَادٍ

أَشِحَّةً عَلَى الْخَيْرِ

أُولَئِكَ لَمْ يَوَسُّوْا

فَأَحْبَطَ اللَّهُ أَعْمَالَهُمْ

وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرًا

يَحْسَبُونَ الْأَحْزَابَ لَمْ يَذْهَبُوا

وَلِنْ يَأْتِ الْأَحْزَابُ

يَوَدُّوا لَوْ أَنَّهُمْ

بَادُوا فِي الْأَعْرَابِ

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among the Bedouins
asking for news about you.
And even if they were 'still' among you 'then',
they would not fight, except a little.

- 33:21 Yet, very truly, in the Messenger of God
there is an excellent model for you—
for whoever has hope in God
and 'for salvation on' the Last Day
and, 'therefore', remembers God much.
- 33:22 Thus when the 'true' believers
saw the Federated Clans 'advancing
to besiege them', they said:
This is what God and His Messenger
have promised us 'of trial and triumph'.
Indeed, God and His Messenger
have spoken the truth.
Thus it only increased them in faith,
and in pure submission 'to God'.
- 33:23 Among the believers
are men who have truly fulfilled
what they have covenanted with God.
Thus of them are those who have fulfilled
their 'solemn' vow 'of faith with their very lives'.
And of them,
are those who await 'its fulfillment'.
For 'unlike the hypocrites',
they have not altered 'their covenant'
with even the slightest alteration.
- 33:24 Therefore, God shall reward the truthful
for their 'unfailing' truthfulness,
and torment the hypocrites—if He so wills—
or grant them repentance.
Indeed, ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 33:25 Thus it was God 'alone'

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَزْبُ الْحَادِي وَالْعِشْرُونَ

يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنْ أَنْبَاءِكُمْ
وَلَوْ كَانُوا فِيكُمْ
مَا قَاتَلُوا إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

لَقَدْ كَانَ لَكُمْ فِي رَسُولِ اللَّهِ
أُسْوَةٌ حَسَنَةٌ لِمَن كَانَ
يَرْجُو اللَّهَ وَالْيَوْمَ الْآخِرَ
وَذَكَرَ اللَّهَ كَذِكْرًا

وَلَمَّا رَأَى الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْأَحْزَابَ
قَالُوا هَذَا
مَا وَعَدَنَا اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ
وَصَدَقَ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ
وَمَا زَادَهُمْ

إِلَّا إِيمَانًا وَتَسْلِيمًا
مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ رِجَالٌ صَدَقُوا
مَا عَاهَدُوا اللَّهَ عَلَيْهِ
فَمِنْهُمْ مَن قَضَىٰ نَجْبَهُ
وَمِنْهُمْ مَن يَنْتَظِرُ
وَمَا بَدَلُوا تَبَدُّلًا

لِيَجْزِيَ اللَّهُ
الصَّادِقِينَ بِصِدْقِهِمْ
وَيُعَذِّبَ الْمُنَافِقِينَ
إِنْ شَاءَ أَوْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْهِمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي هَدَانَا لِهَذَا وَمَا كُنَّا لِنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الْغَافِلِينَ

who turned back those Federated Clans
 who disbelieved, consumed in their own rage.
 They came to no good.
 Thus did God relieve the believers
 from fighting.
 And ever is God all-powerful, overpowering.
 33:26 Moreover, He brought those
 down from their very ramparts
 of the People of the Scripture
 who in treason supported the Federated Clans
 who had come to them;
 and He hurled horror into their hearts.
 Some, you believers killed,
 and some you captured.
 33:27 Thus He has bequeathed to you their land,
 and their dwellings, and all their wealth.
 Moreover, He promises you
 another land of theirs,
 upon which you have never before trod.
 And ever is God powerful over all things.

33:28 O Prophet!
 Say to your wives in admonition:
 If it is the plenteous life of this world
 and its adornment that you desire, then come!
 I shall make provision for you.
 And I will release you
 with a most gracious release.

33:29 But if it is the favor
 of God and His Messenger that you desire—
 and the Heavenly abode of the Hereafter—
 then, indeed, God has prepared
 for those of you who excel in doing good
 a magnificent reward.

33:30 O wives of the Prophet!

وَرَدَّ اللَّهُ
 الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِغَيْطِهِمْ
 لَمَّيْنَا لَهُمْ خَيْرًا
 وَكَفَى اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ الْقِتَالَ
 وَكَانَ اللَّهُ قَوِيًّا عَزِيزًا
 وَأَنْزَلَ الَّذِينَ ظَاهَرُوهُمْ
 مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ
 مِنْ صَيَاصِبِهِمْ
 وَقَذَفَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ الرُّعْبَ
 فَرِيقًا تَقَتَّلُوا
 وَأُتْسِرُوا فَرِيقًا
 وَأَوْرَثَكُمْ أَرْضَهُمْ وَبَنَاتِهِمْ
 وَأَمْوَالَهُمْ وَأَرْضًا لَمْ تَطَّوُّهَا
 وَكَانَ اللَّهُ
 عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرًا
 يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّبِيُّ قُلُوبًا لَأُزَوِّجَكَ
 إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُرِيدُونَ
 الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا وَزِينَتَهَا
 فَتَعَالَيْتُكُمُ امْتِعْتِكُمْ
 وَأُتْسِرْكُمْ سَرَاحًا جَمِيلًا
 وَلَئِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُرِيدُونَ
 نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولَهُ
 وَالْدارَ الْآخِرَةَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ
 أَعَدَّ لِلْمُحْسِنِينَ مِنْكُمْ
 أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا
 يٰٓأَيُّهَا النِّسَاءُ النَّبِيِّ

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- If any one of you
were ever to commit a flagrant indecency,
the torment for her
would be multiplied twofold.
And that, for God, is ever 'so' easy.
- 33:31 *But each and every one of you
who remain devoutly obedient to God
and His Messenger—
and who do righteous deeds—
to her shall We give her reward
two times that of other women.
Thus have We prepared for her
a generous provision in the Hereafter
above many.
- 33:32 O wives of the Prophet!
You are like no other category of women,
if you remain God-fearing.
So do not be soft in your speech with men,
such that one in whose heart there is a sickness
should become desirous.
Rather, speak a forthright word.
- 33:33 Moreover, abide reverently in your homes.
Nor shall you flaunt your beauty
and adornment,
like the flaunting of women in
the former times of ignorance.
Rather, duly establish the Prayer.
And give the Zakât-Charity.
And obey the commandments
of God and His Messenger.
God intends by this only to remove all traces
of defilement from you,
O People of the Prophet's Household,
and to purify you in spirit
with a virtuous purification.

مَنْ يَأْتِ مِنْكُمْ
بِفَحْشَةٍ مُبِينَةٍ
يُضَاعَفْ لَهَا الْعَذَابُ
ضِعْفَيْنِ وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ
عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرًا

31 وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ مِنْكُمْ لِحًا
وَرَسُولُهُ وَتَعْمَلْ صَالِحًا
نُؤْتِهَا أَجْرَهَا مَرَّتَيْنِ
وَأَعْتَدْنَا لَهَا رِزْقًا كَرِيمًا

32 يٰۤاَيُّهَا النِّسَاءُ الَّتِي لَسْتُنَّ كَأَحَدٍ
مِّنَ النِّسَاءِ اِذَا اَقْبَلْتُنَّ
فَلَا تَخْضَعْنَ بِالْقَوْلِ
فَيَطْمَعَ الَّذِي فِي قَلْبِهِ مَرَضٌ
وَقُلْنَ قَوْلًا مَّعْرُوفًا

33 وَقرْنَ فِي بُيُوتِكُنَّ
وَلَا تَبَرَّجْنَ
تَبَرُّجَ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ الْاُولٰٓئِ
وَأَقِمْنَ الصَّلٰوةَ
وَأَتِينَ الزَّكٰوةَ
وَأَطِعْنَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
اِتِمَّا يَرِيْدُ اللَّهُ لِيُذْهِبَ
عَنكُمُ الرِّجْسَ
اَهْلَ الْبَيْتِ وَيُطَهِّرَكُمْ تَطْهِيرًا

34 وَاذْكُرْنَ مَا يُتْلٰى
فِي بُيُوتِكُنَّ

سُورَةُ الْأَنْزِيلِ

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33:34 Thus be ever mindful of and repeat often
what is recited in your homes
of the verses of God
and of the traditions of prophetic wisdom.
Indeed, ever is God subtle, all-aware.

33:35 Indeed, the Muslim men
and the Muslim women,
and the believing men
and the believing women,
and the devoutly obedient men
and the devoutly obedient women,
and the truthful men
and the truthful women,
and the patient men
and the patient women,
and the reverent men
and the reverent women,
and the charitable men
and the charitable women,
and the fasting men
and the fasting women,
and the men who guard their chastity
and the women who guard theirs,
and the men who remember God much
and the women who likewise
remember Him —
for such as these,
God has prepared forgiveness
and a magnificent reward.

33:36 Thus it is not ever befitting
for a believing man or a believing woman,
when God and His Messenger
have decreed a matter,
to have for themselves
a contrary choice in their affairs.

مَنْ أَيْدَتْ اللَّهُ
وَالْحِكْمَةُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
كَانَ لَطِيفًا خَبِيرًا
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إِنَّ الْمُسْلِمِينَ وَالْمُسْلِمَاتِ
وَالْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ
وَالْقَانِتِينَ وَالْقَانِتَاتِ
وَالصَّادِقِينَ وَالصَّادِقَاتِ
وَالصَّابِرِينَ وَالصَّابِرَاتِ
وَالْخَاشِعِينَ وَالْخَاشِعَاتِ
وَالْمُتَصَدِّقِينَ وَالْمُتَصَدِّقَاتِ
وَالصَّائِمِينَ وَالصَّائِمَاتِ
وَالْحَافِظِينَ فُرُوجَهُمْ
وَالْحَافِظَاتِ
وَالذَّاكِرِينَ اللَّهَ كَثِيرًا
وَالذَّاكِرَاتِ
أَعَدَّ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةً
وَأَجْرًا عَظِيمًا
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وَمَا كَانَ لِمُؤْمِنٍ وَلَا مُؤْمِنَةٍ
إِذَا قَضَى اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ أَمْرًا
أَنْ يَكُونَ لَهُمُ الْخِيَرَةُ مِنْ أَمْرِهِمْ
وَمَنْ يَعِصِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ

For whoever disobeys God and His Messenger
has truly strayed into clear misguidance.

33:37 And behold!

You did say, 'O Prophet,
to the one 'you formerly adopted'—
to whom God has shown gracious kindness,
and to whom you yourself
have shown gracious kindness:
You must hold fast to your wife and fear God!
Thus you suppressed within yourself
what God had willed to be disclosed
'regarding your marriage to her'.
You have feared the 'impression of' people.
Yet God is more worthy of you fearing Him.
So when Zayd had fulfilled
his own purpose of 'divorcing' her,
We 'Ourself' married you to her—
so that there shall not be any constraint
upon the believers
in 'marrying' the 'former' wives
of their 'formerly' adopted sons,
when they 'themselves'
have fulfilled their own purposes
of 'divorcing' them.

For the command of God is ever done.

33:38 It is no offense at all for the Prophet
to do what God has sanctioned for him.
'Such has been' the way of God
with those 'prophets'
who have gone before 'him'.

For the command of God
is a decree of predestiny that is ever fulfilled.

33:39 Those who convey
the 'Heavenly' messages of God and fear Him—

سُورَةُ الْاَحْزَابِ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

فَقَدْ ضَلَّ ضَلَالًا مُبِينًا
وَإِذْ تَقُولُ

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لِلَّذِي أَنْعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ
وَأَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِ

أَمْسِكَ عَلَيْكَ زَوْجَكَ
وَاتَّقِ اللَّهَ

وَتُخْفِي فِي نَفْسِكَ
مَا اللَّهُ مُبْدِيهِ

وَتُخْشَى النَّاسَ

وَاللَّهُ أَحَقُّ أَنْ تَخْشَاهُ

فَلَمَّا قَضَى زَيْدٌ مِنْهَا وَطَرًا
زَوَّجْنَاكَهَا لِكَيْ لَا يَكُونَ

عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ حَرَجٌ

فِي أَزْوَاجِ أَدْعِيَائِهِمْ

إِذَا قَضَوْا مِنْهُنَّ وَطَرًا

وَكَانَ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ مَفْعُولًا

مَا كَانَ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ مِنْ حَرَجٍ
فِيمَا فَرَضَ اللَّهُ لَهُ

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سُنَّةَ اللَّهِ

فِي الَّذِينَ خَلَوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَكَانَ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ قَدَرًا مَقْدُورًا

الَّذِينَ يَلْفُوفُونَ

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رِسَالَتِ اللَّهِ وَيَخْشَوْنَهُ

وَلَا يَخْشَوْنَ أَحَدًا إِلَّا اللَّهَ

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and who do not fear anyone except God—
are praiseworthy.

And sufficient is God as a 'just' Reckoner.

33:40 Muhammad is not the 'natural' father
of any of the men among you.

Yet he is the Messenger of God
and the Seal of the Prophets.

And ever is God all-knowing of all things.

33:41 O you who believe!

Remember God with much 'mention of praise
and remembrance.

33:42 Thus highly exalt Him,
early morning and late afternoon.

33:43 He is the One who pronounces blessings
'that descend' upon you 'with His mercy'—
and so too His angels 'pray for you'—
to bring you forth from the 'veils of' darkness
into the light 'of faith and guidance'.
For He is ever merciful to the believers.

33:44 Their salutation 'from God',
the Day they meet Him, shall be: Peace!
Moreover, He has prepared for them
a generous 'and precious' reward.

33:45 O Prophet! Indeed, We have sent you
as a witness 'to all the world';
and 'as' a bearer of glad tidings
'of everlasting delight in Paradise
to those who believe';
and 'as' a forewarner 'to humanity
of God's nearing Judgment';

33:46 and as a caller to God, by His permission;
and as a luminous beacon 'to all nations'.

33:47 So give glad tidings to the believers

وَكُنْ بِاللَّهِ حَسِيبًا

مَا كَانَ مُحَمَّدٌ ﴿٤٠﴾

أَبَا أَحَدٍ مِنْ رِجَالِكُمْ

وَلَكِنْ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ

وَحَاتَمُ النَّبِيِّينَ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمًا

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿٤١﴾

اذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ ذِكْرًا كَبِيرًا

وَسَبِّحُوهُ بُكْرَةً وَأَصِيلًا ﴿٤٢﴾

هُوَ الَّذِي يُصَلِّي عَلَيْكُمْ

وَمَلَائِكَتُهُ يُخْرِجُكُمْ

مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ

وَكَانَ بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ رَحِيمًا

يَجْعَلُهُمْ يَوْمَ يَلْقَوْنَهُ سَلَمًا ﴿٤٣﴾

وَأَعَدَّ لَهُمْ أَجْرًا كَرِيمًا

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ

شَهِيدًا وَمُبَشِّرًا وَنَذِيرًا

وَدَاعِيًا إِلَى اللَّهِ بِإِذْنِهِ ﴿٤٤﴾

وَسِرَاجًا مُنِيرًا

وَبَشِيرًا لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ بِأَنَّهُمْ

مِنَ اللَّهِ فَضْلًا كَبِيرًا ﴿٤٥﴾

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that for them there is a great bounty from God
awaiting in Paradise`.

- 33:48 Therefore, you shall not yield to `the dictates
of the disbelievers and the hypocrites.
But, rather, overlook their harm.
And rely on God `alone`.
For sufficient is God as a guardian.

- 33:49 O you who believe!
If you marry believing women,
and thereafter divorce them
before touching them `in intimacy`,
then you shall have no waiting period
to `keep` count of for them.
But you shall make provision for them,
and release them with a most gracious release.

- 33:50 O Prophet!
For you, We have, indeed, made lawful
your wives to whom you have given
their `full dowry` compensation;
and those whom your hands
may rightfully attain to from whatever `spoils`
God has turned over to you.
Moreover, of those `women`
who have emigrated with you, you may marry
of the daughters of your paternal uncles,
and the daughters of your paternal aunts,
and the daughters of your maternal uncles,
and the daughters of your maternal aunts.
Moreover, lawful in marriage for the Prophet`
is any believing woman
who may, `forgoing her dowry`,
offer herself to the Prophet `in marriage`,
if the Prophet intends to marry her.

وَلَا تُطِيعُوا
٤٨

الْكُفْرِيِّينَ وَالْمُنَافِقِينَ

وَدَعُوا

وَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ

وَكُفَى بِاللَّهِ وَكِيلًا

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

إِذَا نَكَحْتُمُ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ

ثُمَّ طَلَقْتُمُوهُنَّ

مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَمْسُوهُنَّ

فَمَا لَكُمْ عَلَيْهِنَّ

مِنْ عِدَّةٍ تَعْتَدُونَهَا فَمِيعَتُهُنَّ

وَسَرَّحُوهُنَّ سَرَاحًا جَمِيلًا

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ

إِنَّا أَحْلَلْنَا لَكَ أَزْوَاجَكَ

الَّتِي ءَاتَيْتَ أَجْرَهُنَّ

وَمَا مَلَكَتْ يَمِينُكَ

مِمَّا آفَاءَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ

وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّكَ

وَبَنَاتِ عَمَّتِكَ

وَبَنَاتِ خَالَكَ

وَبَنَاتِ خَالَاتِكَ

الَّتِي هَاجَرْنَ مَعَكَ

وَأَمْرًا مُؤَمَّنَةً

إِنْ وَهَبَتْ نَفْسَهَا لِلنَّبِيِّ

إِنْ أَرَادَ النَّبِيُّ أَنْ يَسْتَنْكِحَهَا

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'This provision
 is exclusively for you, 'O Prophet,
 apart from the believing men.
 We know well the limits
 that We have decreed for them
 as to the statutes they are to keep
 regarding their wives
 and those whom their hands
 may rightfully attain to.
 'This is sanctioned for you, O Prophet,
 so that there shall be no 'undue' constraint
 upon you.
 And ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
 33:51 * O Prophet, as for your due visitations
 to your wives,
 you may now delay
 whichever of them you wish,
 and you may yourself receive
 whomever of them you wish.
 And should you 'sooner' seek out
 whomever of them you have deferred,
 then no blame is there to be upon you.
 'Knowing that' this 'sanction is from God'
 is more likely to bring joy to their eyes
 'when your wives see you',
 so that they might not grieve,
 and that they might, all of them, be content
 with 'the time' that you can give them.
 For God knows well
 what is in your 'human' hearts,
 'causing men and women
 to incline toward one another.'
 And ever is God
 all-knowing, most forbearing.
 33:52 Women beyond this 'decree

خَالِصَةً لَّكَ
 مِنْ دُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
 قَدْ عَلِمْنَا مَا فَرَضْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ
 فِي أَزْوَاجِهِمْ
 وَمَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُهُمْ
 لِكَيْلَا يَكُونَ عَلَيْكَ حَرَجٌ
 وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا

٥١ ﴿٥١﴾ تَرْجِي مَنْ تَشَاءُ مِنْهُنَّ
 وَتَقْوِي إِلَيْكَ مَنْ تَشَاءُ
 وَمِمَّنْ أُنْفِغْتِ مِمَّنْ عَزَلْتَ
 فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكَ
 ذَلِكَ أَدْفَىٰ أَنْ تَقْرَأُ عَيْتُهُنَّ
 وَلَا تَحْزَنْ وَيَرْضَيْنَ
 بِمَا ءَاتَيْتَهُنَّ كُلَّهُنَّ
 وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ
 وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَلِيمًا
 ٥٢ ﴿٥٢﴾ لَا يَحِلُّ لَكَ النِّسَاءُ مِنْ بَعْدُ

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are not lawful for you, 'O Prophet'.
Nor may you replace
those 'who are now your wives'
with any other 'women as' wives—
even if their beauty pleases you.
Excepted 'for you are women'
that your hand may rightfully attain to.
And ever is God vigilant over all things.

33:53 O you who believe!

Do not enter the homes of the Prophet
unless permission is given you.
Nor 'come to them early, to converse,
and 'wait for mealtime.
Rather, when you are invited
'into his household
to partake of food', then enter.
Then, when you have partaken,
disperse, 'all of you,' and do not linger,
listening to conversation.
Indeed, this 'conduct'
used to offend the Prophet.
But he was shy to 'tell' you.
However, God does not refrain
from 'disclosing' the truth.
Furthermore, 'with respect to his wives,'
whenever you ask them for any article,
then ask them from behind a screen.
That is 'sure to deepen'
the purity of your hearts, and their hearts.
It is not for you 'believers'
to offend the Messenger of God.
Moreover, never are you to marry his wives
after him.
Indeed, before God, 'either of' these

وَلَا أَنْ تَبَدَّلَ بَيْنَ مَنْ أَزْوَاجَ
وَلَوْ أَحْبَبْتَكَ حُسْنُهُنَّ
إِلَّا مَا مَلَكَتْ يَمِينُكَ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ رَقِيبًا
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
لَا تَدْخُلُوا بُيُوتَ النَّبِيِّ
إِلَّا أَنْ يُؤْذَنَ لَكُمْ
إِلَى طَعَامٍ غَيْرِ نَظِيرٍ إِنَّهُ
وَلَكِنْ إِذَا دُعِيتُمْ فَادْخُلُوا
فَإِذَا طَعِمْتُمْ فَانْتَشِرُوا
وَلَا مُمْسِكِينَ لِلْخَبَرِ
إِنَّ ذَلِكَ

كَانَ يُؤْذِي النَّبِيَّ
فَيَسْتَعِجُ مِنْكُمْ
وَاللَّهُ لَا يَسْتَعِجُ مِنَ الْحَقِّ
وَإِذَا سَأَلْتُمُوهُنَّ مَتَاعًا
فَسْأَلُوهُنَّ مِنْ وَرَاءِ حِجَابٍ
ذَلِكَكُمْ أَطْهَرُ
لِقُلُوبِكُمْ وَقُلُوبِهِنَّ
وَمَا كَانَ لَكُمْ
أَنْ تُؤْذُوا رَسُولَ اللَّهِ
وَلَا أَنْ تَنْكِحُوا أَزْوَاجَهُ
مِنْ بَعْدِهِ أَبَدًا إِنَّ ذَلِكَ
كَانَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ عَظِيمًا

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- would, most surely, be an enormous sin.
- 33:54 Whether you disclose a thing
or you conceal it—nevertheless,
indeed, ever is God
all knowing of all things.
- 33:55 There is no sin upon
the wives of the Prophet with respect
to attending their fathers unveiled,
or their own sons,
or their brothers,
or their brothers' sons,
or their sisters' sons,
or their womenfolk,
or those bondservants
whom their hands rightfully possess.
Yet be ever God-fearing,
O wives of the Prophet.
Indeed, ever is God a witness over all things.
- 33:56 Indeed, God and His angels
pronounce blessings upon the Prophet.
O you who believe!
Pray for God's blessings
upon the Prophet, and salute him
with a worthy salutation of peace!
- 33:57 Indeed, those who malign God
and His Messenger,
God shall curse them
in this world and in the Hereafter.
And He has prepared for them
a disgracing torment there.
- 33:58 Moreover, those who malign the believing men
and the believing women
by charging them

٥٤ إِنْ بُدِّعُوا شَيْئًا أَوْ تُخْفَوْهُ

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ

كَانَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمًا

٥٥ لَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِنَّ

فِي آبَائِهِنَّ وَلَا أَبْنَائِهِنَّ

وَلَا إِخْوَانِهِنَّ وَلَا أَبْنَاءَ إِخْوَانِهِنَّ

وَلَا نِسَاءِيهِنَّ

وَلَا نِسَائِيهِنَّ

وَلَا مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُهُنَّ

وَأَتَقِينَ اللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ

عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدًا

٥٦ إِنَّ اللَّهَ وَمَلَائِكَتَهُ

يُصَلُّونَ عَلَى النَّبِيِّ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

صَلُّوا عَلَيْهِ

وَسَلِّمُوا تَسْلِيمًا

٥٧ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ

يُؤْذُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ

لَعَنَهُمُ اللَّهُ

فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ

وَأَعَدَّ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا مُهِينًا

٥٨ وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْذُونَ

الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ

بِغَيْرِ مَا اكْتَسَبُوا

with 'wrongdoing' that they have not earned
shall truly bear the burden
of 'committing both a grave' calumny
and a clear sin.

33:59 O Prophet!

Say to your wives and to your daughters
and to the womenfolk of the believers
that they should draw part of their mantles
over themselves 'in public'.

This makes it more likely
that they will be recognized
'as virtuous women',

so that they will not be harassed.

And ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

33:60 *Most surely, if the hypocrites,

and those in whose 'doubting' hearts
there is a sickness—

and the scandalmongers

in the City 'of Madinah'

do not desist 'from malicious talk'—

We shall, most surely, rouse you against them
'in vengeance'.

Then they shall remain your neighbors therein
'for' no more than a short while.

33:61 Cursed 'shall they be then'

wherever they are found!

They shall be seized and slain at once,
without exception.

33:62 'Such has been' the way of God

with those 'hypocrites' who have gone before.

And never will you find, 'O Prophet,'

in the 'established' way of God, any alteration.

33:63 People ask you 'in disbelief'

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فَقَدْ اَحْتَمَلُوا بِهَتَنًا

وَاِنَّمَا مَيَّنَّا

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِي قُلْ لَا زَوْجَكَ ﴿٥٩﴾

وَبَنَاتِكَ وَسَاءَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

يَذَرِينَكَ عَلَيْهِنَ مِنْ جَلِيدِهِنَّ

ذَلِكَ اَدْنَىٰ اَنْ يُعْرِضَنَ

فَلَا يُؤْذِنَنَّ وَكَانَ اَللَّهُ

غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا

لَنْ لَمْ يَنْتَهُ الْمُنَافِقُونَ ﴿٦٠﴾

وَالَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَّرَضٌ

وَالْمُرْجِفُونَ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ

لِنُغَرِّبَنَّكَ بِهِمْ

ثُمَّ لَا يَجَاوِرُونَكَ فِيهَا

إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

مَلْعُونِينَ اَيْنَمَا نَقْفُوا ﴿٦١﴾

اُخْذُوا وَقُتِلُوا نَفْتِيلًا

سُنَّةَ اَللَّهِ فِي الَّذِيكَ ﴿٦٢﴾

خَلَوْا مِنْ قَبْلُ وَلَنْ تَجِدَ

لِسُنَّةِ اَللَّهِ تَبْدِيلًا

يَسْأَلُكَ النَّاسُ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ ﴿٦٣﴾

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about the appointed time
for the Hour of Judgment, O Prophet.
Say to them:
Indeed, its precise knowledge is only with God.
But what is it that shall make you realize
that it is surely coming?
Perhaps the Hour of Doom
is already very near!

- 33:64 Indeed, God has cursed the disbelievers
and has prepared for them
a flaming fire in the Hereafter —
33:65 wherein they shall abide, forever and ever,
finding therein neither patron nor supporter.
33:66 The Day that their faces shall be turned about
in the Fire of Hell, they will say: Oh!
If only we had obeyed God
and obeyed the Messenger!
33:67 Moreover, they will say: Our Lord!
Indeed, we have obeyed our leaders
and our great ones among us.
So it is they who have made us stray
from the path of righteousness.
33:68 Our Lord!
Give them double the torment of us.
Moreover, curse them with a terrible curse.
33:69 O you who believe!
Do not be like those
among the Children of Israel
who maligned Moses with a false charge.
Yet God vindicated him of what they said.
For he was, in the sight of God, ever eminent.

- 33:70 O you who believe! Be ever God-fearing!
Thus say always a forthright word,

قُلْ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
وَمَا يُدْرِيكَ
لَعَلَّ السَّاعَةَ تَكُونُ قَرِيبًا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَعَنَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٦٤﴾
وَأَعَدَّ لَهُمْ سَعِيرًا
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا ﴿٦٥﴾
لَا يَجِدُونَ وَلِيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا
يَوْمَ تَقْلُبُ وُجُوهُهُمْ فِي النَّارِ
يَقُولُونَ يَلَيْتَنَّا أَطَعْنَا اللَّهَ
وَأَطَعْنَا الرَّسُولَ ﴿٦٦﴾
وَقَالُوا رَبَّنَا
إِنَّا أَطَعْنَا سَادَتَنَا وَكُبَرَاءَنَا
فَأَضَلُّونَا السَّبِيلَ
رَبَّنَا آتِنَاهُمْ
ضِعْفَيْنِ مِنَ الْعَذَابِ
وَالْعَنَهُمْ لَعْنًا كَبِيرًا
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ آذَوْا مُوسَى
فَبَرَّاهُ اللَّهُ مِمَّا قَالُوا
وَكَانَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَجِيهًا
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَقُولُوا قَوْلًا سَدِيدًا ﴿٦٧﴾

سُورَةُ الْاَحْزَابِ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

- 33:71 'in proper accord with God's justice and law'.
He shall set your deeds aright
and forgive you your sins.
For whoever obeys God and His Messenger
shall have truly triumphed
a most magnificent triumph
'in this life and the Hereafter'.
- 33:72 Indeed, We did offer the trust 'of volitional faith'
to the heavens and the earth and the mountains.
But they refused to bear it and were fearful of it.
Yet the human being bore it,
'but could not uphold it'.
Indeed, he was most unjust
'concerning his own trust'
and most ignorant 'of the outcome'!
- 33:73 And so it is that God shall punish
the hypocrite men and the hypocrite women,
and the men who associate gods with God
and the women who associate gods with God.
But God will grant repentance
to the believing men
and to the believing women.
And ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

يُصْلِحْ لَكُمْ أَعْمَالَكُمْ ﴿٧١﴾
وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ ذُنُوبَكُمْ
وَمَنْ يُطِيعِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
فَقَدْ فَازَ فَوْزًا عَظِيمًا
إِنَّا عَرَضْنَا الْأَمَانَةَ عَلَى
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَالْجِبَالِ
فَأَبَيْنَ أَنْ يَحْمِلْنَهَا
وَاسْتَغْفَنَ مِنْهَا
وَحَمَلَهَا الْإِنْسَانُ
إِنَّهُ كَانَ ظَلُومًا جَهُولًا
لِيُعَذِّبَ اللَّهُ ﴿٧٢﴾
الْمُنَافِقِينَ وَالْمُنَافِقَاتِ
وَالْمُشْرِكِينَ
وَالْمُشْرِكَاتِ
وَيَتُوبَ اللَّهُ
عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا

Surah 34 / 54 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Saba'

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 34:1 All praise is for God 'alone',
the One to whom all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth belongs.
Moreover, to Him 'alone' belongs
all praise in the Hereafter.
For He is the All-Wise, the All-Aware.
- 34:2 He 'alone'
knows all that penetrates into the earth,
and all that issues from it,
and all that descends from the heaven,
and all that ascends into it.
Moreover, He is the Mercy-Giving,
the All-Forgiving.
- 34:3 Yet those who disbelieve say:
Never shall the Hour 'of Doom' come to us.
Say 'to them': On the contrary!
By my Lord,
it shall, most surely, come to you, indeed!
'For' it is He 'alone'
who is Knower of the unseen 'realm'.
Not even an atom's weight—
neither in the heavens nor in the earth—
eludes Him, nor anything smaller than that

١ اَلْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ الَّذِي لَهُ

مَا فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ

وَمَا فِي الْاَرْضِ

وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ فِي الْاٰخِرَةِ

وَهُوَ الْحَكِيْمُ الْخَبِيْرُ

٢ يَعْلَمُ مَا يَلِيْجُ فِي الْاَرْضِ

وَمَا يَخْرُجُ مِنْهَا

وَمَا يَنْزِلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ

وَمَا يَعْرَجُ فِيْهَا

وَهُوَ الرَّحِيْمُ الْغَفُوْرُ

٣ وَقَالَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا

لَا تَأْتِيْنَا السَّاعَةُ

قُلْ بَلَىٰ وَرَبِّي لَتَأْتِيَنَّكُمْ

عَلِيْمُ الْغَيْبِ لَا يَعْزُبُ عَنْهُ

مِثْقَالُ ذَرَّةٍ فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ

وَلَا فِي الْاَرْضِ

- nor anything greater,
but that it is 'registered' in a clear Book
'preserved in Heaven',
34:4 so that He may reward those who believe
and do righteous deeds.
For 'such as' these there is forgiveness
and a generous provision
'awaiting in the Hereafter'.
34:5 Whereas, for those who strive
to confute Our 'revealed' verses—
so as to frustrate
'the establishment of Our message'—
for 'such as' these there is a torment
of a most painful castigation 'awaiting'.
34:6 Yet those who have been given knowledge
see 'clearly, O Prophet',
that what has been sent down to you
from your Lord is the 'utter' truth
and that it guides to the way
of the Overpowering 'One', the All-Praised.
34:7 But those who disbelieve say 'in mockery':
Shall we direct you to a man
who will prophesy to you
that when you are utterly shattered
into fragments 'in the grave',
that you shall, indeed, be brought forth
'alive and whole' in a new creation?
34:8 Has he forged a lie against God,
or has he madness in him? Not so!
Rather, those who do not believe
in the Hereafter
shall be in the torment 'of Hell therein'
and are 'lost' in uttermost misguidance
'in this world'.
34:9 Have they never considered, then,

سُبْحَانَكَ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

وَلَا أَصْغُرُ مِنْ ذَلِكَ
وَلَا أَكْبَرُ
إِلَّا فِي كِتَابٍ مُبِينٍ
لِيَجْزِيَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ
وَرِزْقٌ كَرِيمٌ
وَالَّذِينَ سَعَوْا
فِي ءَايَاتِنَا مُعْجِزِينَ
أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ
مَنْ رَجَزَ الْبَئِيسَ
وَيَرَى الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ
الَّذِي أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
هُوَ الْحَقُّ وَيَهْدِي إِلَى
صِرَاطٍ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَمِيدِ
وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
هَلْ نَدُلُّكُمْ عَلَى رَجُلٍ يُنَبِّئُكُمْ
إِذَا مَرَقْتُمْ كُلَّ مُمَرَّقٍ
إِنَّكُمْ لَعِنَٰهُ خَلْقٍ جَدِيدٍ
أَفَتَرَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا
أَمْ بِهِ جِنَّةٌ
بَلِ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ
فِي الْعَذَابِ وَالضَّلَالِ الْبَعِيدِ

how completely they are surrounded
by all that is before them
and all that is behind them
of the sky and the earth?
If We so will,
We cause the earth to sink with them,
or We drop upon them 'deadly' patches of sky.
Indeed, in 'all of' this there is a sure sign
for every penitent servant.

34:10 *And very truly, before you, O Prophet,
We gave David, a mere shepherd,
great favor from Us, 'decreeing':
O mountains! Echo with him 'My praises'.
And O birds! Sing praise with him, as well.
Moreover,
it is We who made iron pliant for him,
'and then said to him:

34:11 Make full 'suits of' mail
and 'make' exact the measure
in composing the links.
Yet work righteousness, 'O Family of David'.
For, indeed, I am all-seeing of all that you do.

34:12 Then to Solomon, 'We subjugated' the wind.
Its morning course 'easing for him a distance
that' was 'otherwise attained in' a month.
And its evening course 'also'
was 'as the journey of' a month.
Moreover, We caused a spring
of molten brass to flow for him.
And of the jinn
were those who worked before him,
'subjugated' by the permission of his Lord.
Thus whoever among them
swerved from Our command,

سُبْحَانَكَ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي وَالْعِشْرُونَ

أَفَلَمْ يَرَوْا إِلَى
مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ
مِنْ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ
إِنْ نَشَأْ
نَخْسِفْ بِهِمُ الْأَرْضَ
أَوْ نَسْقِطَ عَلَيْهِمْ
كِسَفًا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً
لِّكُلِّ عَبْدٍ مُنِيبٍ
وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا دَاوُدَ
مِنَّا فَضْلًا يَجْعَالُ
أُوتِي مَعَهُ وَالطَّيْرُ
وَأَلْنَا لَهُ الْحَدِيدَ
أَنْ أَعْمَلَ سَلِيغَتٍ
وَقَدِرَ فِي السَّرْدِ
وَأَعْمَلُوا صَالِحًا
إِنِّي بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ
وَلَسَلِمْنَ الرِّيحَ
غُدُوها شَهْرٌ وَرَوَّاحُها شَهْرٌ
وَأَسَلْنَا لَهُ عَيْنَ الْقِطْرِ
وَمِنَ الْجِنِّ مَن يَعْمَلُ
بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِ
وَمَن يَزِغْ مِنْهُمْ عَنْ أَمْرِنَا

⑩

⑪

⑫

⑬

- We made him taste
 'something' of the torment of a flaming fire.
 34:13 They made for him whatever he so willed
 of sanctuaries and sculpture
 and mortars like 'great' basins
 and anchored caldrons.
 'And We said to them:
 Work, O Family of David, in thanksgiving!
 Yet few of My servants
 are 'abundantly' thankful.
 34:14 And so it was 'for Solomon'
 that when 'finally' We decreed death for him,
 nothing gave indication
 to 'the jinn among' them of his death,
 except a grub of the earth
 eating away his scepter 'as he leaned on it'.
 Thereafter, when he fell 'to the ground',
 only 'then' did it become apparent to the jinn
 'that Solomon was dead';
 for had they known
 the 'knowledge of the' unseen, 'as some claim',
 never would they have remained
 in 'such a condition of' disgracing torment.
 34:15 Very truly, there was a sign
 'of God's graciousness'
 for 'the people of' Sheba
 in 'the arrangement of' their dwelling place:
 Two 'vast and plenteous' gardens,
 'one' to the right 'of it' and 'one' to the left.
 'And it was said to them:
 Eat from the provision of your Lord.
 And give thanks to Him
 'for' an exceedingly good habitation
 and 'for being an' all-forgiving Lord.

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الجزء الثاني والعشرون

نَذِقْهُ مِنْ عَذَابِ السَّعِيرِ
 ١٣ يَعْمَلُونَ لَهُ مَا يَشَاءُ
 مِنْ مَحْرُوبٍ وَمَثِيلَ
 وَجْفَانٍ كَالْجُؤَابِ
 وَقُدُورٍ رَاسِيَتٍ
 أَعْمَلُوا أَلْ دَاوُدَ شُكْرًا
 وَقَلِيلٌ مِنْ عِبَادِيَ الشَّكُورُ
 ١٤ فَلَمَّا قَضَيْنَا عَلَيْهِ الْمَوْتَ
 مَا دَلَّهُمْ عَلَى مَوْتِهِ
 إِلَّا دَابَّةُ الْأَرْضِ
 تَأْكُلُ مِنْسَأَتَهُ
 فَلَمَّا خَرَّ تَبَيَّنَ الْجِنُّ أَنْ
 لَوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ الْغَيْبَ
 مَا لِيثُوا فِي الْعَذَابِ الْمُهِينِ
 ١٥ لَقَدْ كَانَ لِسَبَإٍ
 فِي مَسْكِنِهِمْ آيَةٌ
 جَنَّتَانِ عَنْ يَمِينٍ وَشِمَالٍ
 كُلُوا مِنْ رِزْقِ رَبِّكُمْ
 وَاشْكُرُوا لَهُ
 بَلَدَةٌ طَيِّبَةٌ وَرَبٌّ غَفُورٌ

سُبْحَانَكَ

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34:16 But they turned away from Our command.

So We loosed upon them
the raging torrent of the 'Arim Dam'.
Thus We gave them
in exchange for their two 'lush' gardens
two 'other' gardens
of bitter yield and tamarisk-trees
and some sparse growth of jujube trees.

34:17 With this did We recompense them
because they disbelieved.

Yet are there any but the 'unbelieving' ingrates
that We recompense 'like this'?

34:18 For We had set between them 'in Yemen'
and the towns 'in Palestine',
wherein We had conferred blessing,
'other' conspicuous towns.

Thus We had measured out by stages
the journey between 'each of them':
'And it was said:

Journey through them by night or by day,
with 'ease and' security.

34:19 Then they said
'in deliberate contempt of Our blessing':
Our Lord!

Further the distance between our travels.
Thus they wronged themselves.

So We made them a byword 'of reproach
among the nations'.

Thus We shattered them into fragments
'and scattered them among the peoples'—
shattering them utterly.

Indeed, in 'all of' this
there are 'manifest' signs 'of God's power'
for every patient, ever thankful 'soul'.

34:20 For very truly, Iblīs fulfilled his vow

فَاعْرِضُوا ١٦

فَارْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ سَيْلَ الْعَرِمِ
وَبَدَّلْنَاهُمْ بِجَنَّتَيْهِمْ جَنَّتَيْنِ
ذَوَاتِ أَكْثَلٍ خَمْطٍ وَأَنْثَلٍ

وَشَعْنٍ مِنْ سِدْرٍ قَلِيلٍ
ذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ نَفْسٍ بِمَا كَفَرُوا ١٧

وَهَلْ يُجْزَى إِلَّا الْكَفُورُ
وَجَعَلْنَا بَيْنَهُمْ وَبَيْنَ الْقُرَى
الَّتِي بَرَكْنَا فِيهَا ١٨

قُرًى ظَاهِرَةً
وَقَدَرْنَا فِيهَا السَّيْرَ

سَيْرُوا فِيهَا لِيَآلٍ
وَأَيَّامًا مَمْنُونٍ

فَقَالُوا رَبَّنَا ١٩

بَعْدَ بَيْنِ أَسْفَارِنَا
وَوَظَلَمُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ

فَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ أَحَادِيثَ
وَمَزَقْنَاهُمْ كُلَّ مَرْقِئٍ

إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ
لِكُلِّ صَبَّارٍ شَكُورٍ

وَلَقَدْ صَدَّقَ عَلَيْهِمْ ٢٠
إِبْلِيسُ ظَنَّهُ

- to 'bridle most of' them.
 Thus they all followed him,
 except for a group of believers 'among them'.
- 34:21 But never did he have
 any 'compelling' authority over them
 other than 'the power of evil suggestion' —
 so that We might distinguish
 one who believes in the Hereafter
 from one who has doubt concerning it.
 For your Lord 'alone'
 is all-preserving over all things.
- 34:22 Say 'to those who disbelieve, O Prophet':
 Call 'in vain' upon those
 whom you allege 'to be gods' apart from God!
 For they hold
 not even an atom's weight 'of authority' —
 neither in the heavens nor in the earth.
 Nor do they have any partnership
 in 'the creation of' either of them.
 Nor does He have any upholder
 from 'among' them.
- 34:23 Furthermore, of no avail 'at all'
 is 'any' intercession with Him —
 except for whomever He permits 'it'.
 Then, at long last,
 when 'God reveals to them His permission' —
 and 'terror subsides from their hearts' —
 'dazed,' they say 'to those near them':
 What did your Lord say?
 'In awe,' they say:
 The 'very' truth.
 And He is the Ever Exalted, the All-Great.
- 34:24 *Say 'to the disbelievers':
 Who provides you 'sustenance'
 from the heavens and the earth?

سُبْحَانَكَ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّانِي وَالْعِشْرُونَ

فَاتَّبَعُوهُ

إِلَّا فَرِيقًا مِّنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَمَا كَانَ لَهُ عَلَيْهِمْ

مِّن سُلْطَانٍ إِلَّا لَنَعْلَمَ

مَن يُّؤْمِنُ بِالْآخِرَةِ

مِمَّنْ هُوَ مِنْهَا فِي شَكٍّ

وَرَبُّكَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ حَفِیْظٌ

قُلْ أَدْعُوا الَّذِيكَ زَعَمْتُمْ

مِّن دُونِ اللَّهِ

لَا يَمْلِكُونَ

مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ

فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ

وَلَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَمَا لَهُمْ فِيهِمَا مِن شِرْكٍ

وَمَا لَهُ مِنْهُمْ مِّن ظَهِيرٍ

وَلَا نَنْفَعُ الشَّفِيعَةَ عِنْدَهُ

إِلَّا لِمَن أَدَبَ لَهُ

حَقٌّ إِذَا فُزِعَ عَن قُلُوبِهِمْ

قَالُوا مَاذَا قَالَ رَبُّكُمْ

قَالُوا الْحَقُّ

وَهُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْكَبِيرُ

قُلْ مَن يَرْزُقُكُمْ

مِّن السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

سُبْحَانَكَ

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Then say to them: It is God.
And if they deny it, then say:
Indeed, either we who believe
or you who disbelieve
are, most surely, upon the path of guidance
or are utterly lost in clear misguidance.

34:25 Say to them:

You shall not be asked before God
to account for any offense
we have committed in life.
Nor shall we be questioned about what you do.

34:26 Say to them:

Our Lord will gather all of us together
in the Hereafter.
And He will judge between us with the truth.
For it is He alone
who is the Determiner of Justice,
the All-Knowing.

34:27 Say to them, O Prophet:

Show me the proof for these gods
whom you have joined with Him
as associate-gods.
No, indeed! It can never be!
Rather, He alone is God,
the Overpowering One, the All-Wise.

34:28 And thus it is, O Prophet,

that We have sent you to all humanity
as none other than a bearer of glad tidings
of Paradise and as a forewarner
of their nearing Judgment.
But most people do not know
the value of this truth.

34:29 Thus they say in contempt:

When will this promise
of divine judgment be fulfilled,

قُلْ لِلَّهِ وَإِنَّا أَوْلِيَاكُمْ

لَعَلَّ هُدًى

أَوْ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ

قُلْ لَا تَسْأَلُونِ

عَمَّا أَجْرَمْنَا

وَلَا تَسْأَلْ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ

قُلْ يَجْمَعُ بَيْنَنَا رَبُّنَا

ثُمَّ يَفْتَحُ بَيْنَنَا بِالْحَقِّ

وَهُوَ الْفَتَّاحُ الْعَلِيمُ

قُلْ أَرُونِي الَّذِينَ

الْحَقَّقْتُمْ بِهِ شُرَكَاءَ

كَلَّا بَلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ

الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ

إِلَّا كَافَّةً لِلنَّاسِ

بَشِيرًا وَنَذِيرًا

وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ

لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

وَيَقُولُونَ

مَتَى هَذَا الْوَعْدُ

- if you 'believers' are truthful?
 34:30 Say 'to them':
 You, indeed, have the promise
 of a 'decisive' Day,
 which you can neither defer—
 for even an hour—
 nor bring in advance 'of its time'.
 34:31 Moreover, those who disbelieve say:
 Never shall we believe in this Quran,
 nor in 'the Scriptures'
 that were 'revealed' before it!
 If only you could 'now' see
 'how horrendous it will be'
 when the 'godless' wrongdoers are brought
 to stand before their Lord 'for Judgment—
 desperately' controverting one another
 with 'bitter' words.
 Those who were deemed weak 'in the world'
 will say to those who grew arrogant:
 Had it not been for you 'misleading us',
 most surely, we would have been believers!
 34:32 Those who grew arrogant
 shall say to those who were deemed weak:
 Did we turn you away 'by force'
 from the guidance 'of God'
 after it had come to you?
 Indeed, you were yourselves defiant unbelievers!
 34:33 Then those who were deemed weak
 will say to those who grew arrogant: No!
 Rather, it was 'your ceaseless' plotting
 'of evil schemes',
 by night and by day, 'that kept us away'—
 wherein you commanded us
 to disbelieve in God and to set up rivals to Him!
 Yet they will 'all' harbor 'profound' remorse

سُبْحَانَكَ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّانِي وَالْعِشْرُونَ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
 قُلْ لَكُمْ مِيعَادُ يَوْمٍ
 لَا تَسْتَجِيزُونَ عَنْهُ سَاعَةً
 وَلَا تَسْتَقْدِمُونَ
 وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 لَنْ نُؤْمِنَ بِهَذَا الْقُرْآنِ
 وَلَا بِالَّذِي بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ
 وَلَوْ تَرَى إِذِ الظَّالِمُونَ
 مَوْفُوقُونَ عِندَ رَبِّهِمْ
 يَرْجِعُ بَعْضُهُمْ إِلَى
 بَعْضٍ الْقَوْلَ يَقُولُ
 الَّذِينَ اسْتَضَعِفُوا
 لِلَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا لَوْلَا أَنْتُمْ
 لَكُنَّا مُؤْمِنِينَ
 قَالَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا
 لِلَّذِينَ اسْتَضَعِفُوا أَتَمْنَى
 صَدَدْنَكُمْ عَنْ الْهُدَى
 بَعْدَ إِذْ جَاءَكُمْ
 بَلْ كُنْتُمْ تُخْرِجُونَ
 وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَضَعِفُوا
 لِلَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا
 بَلْ مَكْرٌ أَيْلٍ وَالنَّهَارِ
 إِذْ تَأْمُرُونَا أَنْ نَكْفُرَ بِاللَّهِ
 وَنَجْعَلَ لَهُ أَنْدَادًا
 وَأَسْرُوا النَّدَامَةَ
 لَمَّا رَأَوْا الْعَذَابَ

سُبْحَانَكَ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْغَنِيِّ

when they behold the 'raging' torment of Hell.
For We shall put yokes on the necks
of those who disbelieved.
Are they to be recompensed
for other than all the evil
that they used to do in life?

34:34 Thus never have We sent a prophet
as a forewarner to any community
without its affluent saying:
Indeed, we are disbelievers in all that you claim
to have been sent with from God.

34:35 Moreover, invariably they said to them:
We are greater than you in wealth
and in number of children
as a sign of divine favor.
So never shall we be chastised by God,
if ever there is a Hereafter!

34:36 Say to them:
Indeed, it is my Lord alone
who extends abundant provision
to whomever He so wills.
And He alone restricts it.
But most people do not know
this is a test from God.

34:37 For neither your wealth nor your children
is what draws you near to Us in station.
Rather, whoever believes
and does deeds of righteousness—
for such as these
there shall be manifold recompense
for all the good that they have done.
Moreover, they shall abide
in Heavenly Chambers in Paradise,
well secure.

34:38 Whereas, for those who strive

وَجَعَلْنَا الْأَغْلَالِ
فِي أَعْنَاقِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
هَلْ يُجْزَوْنَ
إِلَّا مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا

٣٤

فِي قَرْيَةٍ مِّنْ نَّذِيرٍ
إِلَّا قَالَ مُتْرَفُوهَا إِنَّا
بِمَا أُرْسِلْتُمْ بِهِ كَافِرُونَ

٣٥

وَقَالُوا نَحْنُ
أَكْثَرُ أَمْوَالًا وَأَوْلَدًا
وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمُعَذَّبِينَ

٣٦

قُلْ إِن رَّبِّي يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ
لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدِرُ وَلَكِنَّ
أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

٣٧

وَمَا أَمْوَالُكُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَادُكُمْ
بِالَّتِي تُقَرِّبُكُمْ عِندَنَا زُلْفَىٰ
إِلَّا مَنَءَامَنَ وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا
فَأُولَٰئِكَ لَهُمْ

جَزَاءُ الضَّعْفِ بِمَا عَمِلُوا
وَهُمْ فِي الْغُرُفَاتِ ءَامِنُونَ
وَالَّذِينَ يَسْعَوْنَ

٣٨

فِيءِ آيَاتِنَا مُعْجِزِينَ

سُبْحَانَكَ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

- to confute Our 'revealed' verses—
so as to frustrate 'the establishment
of Our message—
such as 'these shall be 'thrust'
in ever present torment.
- 34:39 Say 'to them, O Prophet':
Indeed, it is my Lord 'alone'
who extends 'abundant' provision
to whomever He so wills among His servants.
And He 'alone' restricts 'it'
for whomever 'He so wills'.
So whatever 'sum' you may spend
from anything 'for the sake of God',
He shall replace it 'for you here'
and reward you for it in the Hereafter'.
For He is the very best of providers.
- 34:40 Thus the Day 'Hereafter'
that He shall assemble 'the angels,
and the disbelievers who worshipped' them,
all together, He will then say to the angels:
Are these the ones who used to worship you
'apart from Me'?
- 34:41 They shall say:
Highly exalted are You, 'far above all'!
It is You who are our 'only God and' Patron,
regardless of them 'and what they say'!
Rather, they used to worship the jinn.
Most of them were believers in them.
- 34:42 So that Day neither 'false worshipper
nor the falsely worshipped'
holds 'the power of' benefit
or harm—not 'any one of you for the other'.
Thus We shall say to those
who did wrong 'by taking false gods':
Taste the torment of the Fire 'of Hell',

أُولَئِكَ

فِي الْعَذَابِ مُحْضَرُونَ

قُلْ إِنْ رِئِي يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ ﴿٣٩﴾

لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ

وَيَقْدِرُ لَهُ وَمَا أَنْفَقْتُمْ

مِنْ شَيْءٍ فَهُوَ يُخْلِفُهُ

وَهُوَ خَيْرُ الرَّازِقِينَ

وَيَوْمَ يُحْشَرُهُمْ جَمِيعًا ﴿٤٠﴾

ثُمَّ يَقُولُ لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ أَهْتُولَاءَ

إِنَّا كُمْ كَانُوا يَعْبُدُونَ

قَالُوا سُبْحَانَكَ ﴿٤١﴾

أَنْتَ وَلِسْنَا مِنْ دُونِهِمْ

بَلْ كَانُوا يَعْبُدُونَ الْجِنَّ

أَكْثَرُهُمْ بِهِمْ مُؤْمِنُونَ

فَالْيَوْمَ لَا يَمْلِكُ بَعْضُكُمْ

لِبَعْضٍ نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرًّا

وَنَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا

ذُوقُوا عَذَابَ النَّارِ

الَّتِي كُنتُمْ بِهَا تُكَذِّبُونَ

سُبْحَانَكَ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

which in life you used to deny!

34:43 As for the disbelievers of Makkah,
when Our verses of the Quran
were recited to them by Our Messenger
as clear evidence that God is One,
they said to the people:
This is nothing but a self-seeking man
who intends to turn you away
from what your forefathers used to worship!
And they said, as well:
This Quran is nothing but a forged fabrication,
not true revelation!

Moreover, those who disbelieved
said of the revealed truth
when it came to them:

This Quran is nothing but manifest sorcery!

34:44 Yet never before had We given them
any revealed Scriptures that they might study
to support their great blasphemies.

Nor had We ever sent to them
before you, O Prophet,
any forewarner of God's nearing Judgment.

34:45 Those before them also belied God—
though these proud ones
have attained not even a tenth
of all the power and wealth
that We had given their predecessors.
Yet they too belied My messengers.
How awesome, then,
was My denunciation of them all!

34:46 *Say to them, O Prophet:
Indeed, I but admonish you to one thing:
That you stand
purely, for the sake of God and no other,
in pairs or alone.

وَإِذَا تَنَزَّلَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ أَنشَاءُ نَبَأٍ
قَالُوا مَا هَذَا إِلَّا رَجُلٌ
يُرِيدُ أَنْ يَصُدَّكُمْ
عَمَّا كَانُوا يَعْبُدُ آبَاءَكُمْ
وَقَالُوا مَا هَذَا
إِلَّا إِفْكٌ مُفْتَرٍ
وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
لِلْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ
إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا سِحْرٌ مُبِينٌ
وَمَا آتَيْنَاهُمْ
مِنْ كِتَابٍ يَدْرُسُونَهَا
وَمَا أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَيْهِمْ
قَبْلَكَ مِنْ نَذِيرٍ
وَكَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
وَمَا بَلَّغُوا
مِيعَادَ مَا آتَيْنَاهُمْ
فَكَذَّبُوا رَسُولِيَّ
فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكِيرِ
قُلْ
إِنَّمَا أَعْظِيكُمْ بِيُوحْدَةٍ
أَنْ تَقُومُوا لِلَّهِ
مِثْقَلُ ذَرَّةٍ
وَأَنْ تَكْفُرُوا

٤٣

٤٤

٤٥

٤٦

- Then reflect, O people, on this message,
for there is, most surely,
no trace of madness
in your companion Muhammad.
He is none other
than a forewarner to all of you from God
before the coming of a severe torment.
- 34:47 Say to them, O Prophet:
Never have I asked of you
any reward for this message.
Rather, it is all for your own benefit.
For my reward is with none but God.
And He alone is witness over all things.
- 34:48 Say to them also:
Indeed, it is my Lord alone
who hurls forth the word of truth
into the world—
and He alone is All-Knowing
of All the realms of the Unseen.
- 34:49 Say further:
Now the truth has come to humanity.
And all the falsehood that you worship
can neither originate creation
nor return it again to existence!
- 34:50 Say, O Prophet:
Everyone is accountable before God.
So if I have strayed, then I have strayed
only to the utter loss of my own soul.
Yet, inasmuch as I have been guided,
it is only because
of what my Lord reveals to me.
Indeed, He is all-hearing, ever near.
- 34:51 Yet if only you could now see them
on Judgment Day
when they are paralyzed with terror

سُبْحَانَكَ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

مَا يَصَاحِبُكُمْ مِنْ جِنَّةٍ
إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ لَكُمْ
بَيْنَ يَدَيْ عَذَابٍ شَدِيدٍ
قُلْ مَا سَأَلْتُكُمْ مِنْ أَجَرٍ
فَهُوَ لَكُمْ
إِنْ أَجْرِيَ إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهِ
وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ
قُلْ إِنَّ رَبِّي يَذْفُ الْأَلْوِ
عَلَّمَ الْغُيُوبِ
قُلْ جَاءَ الْحَقُّ
وَمَا يُبْدِي الْبَاطِلُ وَمَا يُعِيدُ
قُلْ إِنْ ضَلَلْتُ
فإِنَّمَا أَضِلُّ عَلَى نَفْسِي
وَلِنْ أَهْتَدَيْتُ
فِيمَا يُوحَىٰ إِلَىٰ رَبِّي
إِنَّهُ سَمِيعٌ قَرِيبٌ
وَلَوْ تَرَىٰ إِذْ فُزِعُوا
فَلَا قُوَّةَ

سُبْحَانَكَ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

at the sight of Hell and there is no escape.

Then, suddenly, they will be seized

to be thrust into it from a place so near to it.

34:52 And they will be saying in pleading:

We now believe in all of it!

But how, now, shall they attain to true faith
from a place so far from the world,

34:53 while truly they disbelieved in it all

before in life—tossing conjectures

about the unseen reality of the Hereafter

from a place in the world so far from its truth?

34:54 And alas!

For in the Fire of Hell

a barricade shall be interposed between them

and all that they now so ardently desire

of faith and repentance—

as was done with the peoples

whom worldly judgment befell of old,

the very likes of these disbelievers!

For, indeed, they were all ever waiting

in much-perplexed doubt

about the truth to which they were called.

وَأُخْذُوا مِنْ مَّكَانٍ قَرِيبٍ

وَقَالُوا ءَأَمَّنَّا بِهِ ۝٥٢

وَأَنَّى لَهُمُ التَّنَاقُشُ

مِنْ مَّكَانٍ بَعِيدٍ

وَقَدْ كَفَرُوا بِهِ ۝٥٣

مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَيَقْدِفُونَ بِالْغَيْبِ

مِنْ مَّكَانٍ بَعِيدٍ

وَجِيلَ بَيْنَهُمْ

وَبَيْنَ مَا يَشْتَهُونَ كَمَا فُعِلَ

بِأَشْيَاعِهِمْ مِنْ قَبْلُ

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا فِي شَكٍّ مُرِيبٍ

Surah 35 / 45 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Fâtir

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 35:1 All praise is for God alone,
Sole Originator of the heavens and the earth,
Maker of the angels, as messengers with wings—
two-, three-, and four-fold.
He increases in creation whatever He so wills.
Indeed, God is powerful over all things.
- 35:2 Whatever stores of mercy
God opens for people,
then there is none to withhold any part of it.
Yet whatever of it He withholds,
then there is none other than Him
to send it forth.
For He alone
is the Overpowering One, the All-Wise.
- 35:3 O humankind!
Remember with all your heart
the surpassing grace of God upon you!
Is there any creator other than God
who provides for you
from the heaven and the earth?
There is no God but Him.
How, then, are you turned away

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ ①
فَاطِرِ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
جَاعِلِ الْمَلَائِكَةِ
رُسُلًا أُولَى أَجْنِحَةٍ
مَّثْنَى وَثُلَاثَ وَرُبْعٍ
يَزِيدُ فِي الْخَلْقِ مَا يَشَاءُ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
مَا يَفْتَحُ اللَّهُ ②
لِلنَّاسِ مِنْ رَحْمَةٍ
فَلَا مُمْسِكَ لَهُمَا وَمَا يُمْسِكُ
فَلَا مُمْسِكُ لَهُ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ
وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
يَتْلَاهَا النَّاسُ ③
أَذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ
هَلْ مِنْ خَلْقٍ غَيْرِ اللَّهِ
يَرْزُقُكُمْ
مِنَ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ

سُورَةُ الْفَاتِرِ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

from worshipping Him alone?

- 35:4 Yet if they reject this message
and belie you, O Prophet, then do not grieve.
For messengers before you
have been belied by their peoples.
Yet, indeed, to God alone
are all matters returned for just Judgment.

- 35:5 O humankind!
Indeed, God's promise
to resurrect you for Judgment is ever true.
So do not let your perception
of the life of this world delude you.
And do not let Satan,
the Arch-Deluder, delude you
about God in the least!
35:6 Indeed, Satan is an enemy to you.
So take him as an enemy.
He but calls his alliance with zealous intensity
to be of the companions
of the Flaming Fire of Hell.
35:7 As to those who disbelieve,
for them there is a severe torment
awaiting in the Hereafter.
Yet those who believe and do righteous deeds
shall have forgiveness and a great reward.
35:8 Is, then, one to whom the evil of his own deeds
is made fair-seeming by Satan —
so that he sees them as good —
like one whom God has guided?
Yet know that God does, indeed,
leave to stray whomever He so wills.
And He alone guides whomever He so wills.
So, O Prophet, do not let yourself
waste away with regret over them.
Indeed, God is all-knowing of all that they do.

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

فَإِنْ تَوَفَّكُوتَ

وَلَنْ يَكْذِبُوكَ

٤

فَقَدْ كَذَّبَتْ رُسُلٌ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ

وَالِلَّهِ تُرْجِعُ الْأُمُورُ

يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّاسُ إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ

٥

فَلَا تَغُرَّكُمْ الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا

وَلَا يَغُرَّنْكُمْ بِاللَّهِ الْغُرُورُ

إِنَّ الشَّيْطَانَ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ

٦

فَاتَّخِذُوهُ عَدُوًّا

إِنَّمَا يَدْعُوا حِزْبَهُ لِيَكُونُوا

مِنْ أَحْصَى السَّعِيرِ

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

٧

لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ وَأَجْرٌ كَبِيرٌ

أَفَمَنْ زُيِّنَ لَهُ سُوءُ عَمَلِهِ

٨

فَرَأَاهُ حَسَنًا

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ يُضِلُّ مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَيَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ

فَلَا تَذْهَبْ

نَفْسُكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَسْرَتٌ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِمَا يَصْنَعُونَ

وَاللَّهُ الَّذِي أَرْسَلَ الرِّيحَ

٩

فَتَنفِثُ سَحَابًا

سُورَةُ الْفَاتِحَةِ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

- 35:9 God is the One who sends forth the winds.
Then they stir up the clouds.
Then We drive them to a lifeless land.
Thereby, We give life to the earth
after its death.
Even so shall the Resurrection be.
- 35:10 Whoever desires invincible might—
then invincibility is altogether with God.
To Him 'alone' ascends the good word 'of faith'.
For it is He who elevates the righteous deed.
But those who devise evil deeds,
for them there is a severe torment
'awaiting in the Hereafter'.
Thus the plotting of 'such as' these
shall come to ruin.
- 35:11 Moreover, it is God 'alone'
who has created you, 'O human beings',
from dust, then from a sperm-drop.
Then He has made of you pairs,
'male and female'.
No female conceives, or delivers,
but 'that it is' with His knowledge.
And no aged person is given long life,
nor is anyone's life shortened, 'dying young',
but that it is 'registered' in a 'clear' Book
'preserved in Heaven'.
Indeed, that for God is 'ever so' easy.
- 35:12 Nor are the two 'kinds of' waters
'that God alone has created' the same:
This one sweet, fresh and pleasant to drink;
and that one salty, acrid.
Yet from each you eat tender meat
and you bring forth ornaments that you wear.
Moreover, through each 'one'
you see the ships 'which you sail' plowing,
so that you may seek of His bounty,

فَسَفَنَهُ إِلَى بَلَدٍ مَيِّتٍ
فَآخِيزَنَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا
كَذَلِكَ النُّشُورُ

مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ الْعِزَّةَ
فَلِلَّهِ الْعِزَّةُ جَمِيعًا

إِلَيْهِ يَصْعَدُ الْكَلِمُ الطَّيِّبُ
وَالْعَمَلُ الصَّالِحُ يَرْفَعُهُ
وَالَّذِينَ يَمْكُرُونَ السَّيِّئَاتِ
لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ

وَمَكْرُؤٌ لَوَّيْكَ هُوَ بَوْرٌ
وَاللَّهُ خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ تُرَابٍ
ثُمَّ مِنْ نُطْفَةٍ

ثُمَّ جَعَلَكُمْ أَزْوَاجًا
وَمَا تَحْمِلُ مِنْ أُنْثَى
وَلَا تَضَعُ إِلَّا بِعِلْمِهِ

وَمَا يَعْمَرُ مِنْ مُعَمَّرٍ
وَلَا يَنْقُصُ مِنْ عُمُرِهِ
إِلَّا فِي كِتَابٍ

إِنَّ ذَلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرٌ
وَمَا يَسْتَوِي الْبَحْرَانِ
هَذَا عَذْبٌ فُرَاتٌ سَائِغٌ شَرَابُهُ

وَهَذَا مِلْحٌ أُجَاجٌ وَمِنْ كُلٍ
تَأْكُلُونَ لَحْمًا طَرِيًّا
وَتَسْتَخْرِجُونَ حَلِيَّةً تَلْبَسُونَهَا

وَتَرَى الْفَلَكَ فِيهِ مَوَازِرَ
لِتَبْتَغُوا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ

سُورَةُ الْفَاتِحَةِ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

and so that you might give thanks
to God alone.

35:13 He makes the night penetrate into the daylight.

And He makes the daylight

penetrate into the night.

For He has subjugated the sun and the moon
to a fixed order,

each one running its course for a stated term
preordained by Him.

O humanity! That is God, your Lord!

To Him belongs all the dominion.

Thus all those whom you call upon

apart from Him hold no authority—

even over so much as a seed coat.

35:14 If you call them, they do not hear your call.

And were they to hear,
they could not answer you.

Thus, on the Day of Resurrection,
they will utterly disavow
your association of them as gods with God.

And there is none to tell you
of the events of that Day
like the One who is all-aware.

35:15 * O humankind!

It is you who are the poor,
utterly in need of God.

And it is God alone
who is the Self-Sufficient, the All-Praised.

35:16 If ever He so wills,

He shall do away with all of you
and bring about a new creation.

35:17 Nor is that too mighty for God!

35:18 Yet no sin-laden soul
shall carry the sinful load of another
on Judgment Day.

يُولِجُ اللَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِ ﴿١٣﴾

وَيُولِجُ النَّهَارَ فِي اللَّيْلِ

وَسَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ

كُلٌّ يَجْرِي لِأَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى

ذَٰلِكُمْ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ

لَهُ الْمُلْكُ وَالَّذِينَ

تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِهِ

مَا يَمْلِكُونَ مِنْ قِطْمِيرٍ

إِنْ تَدْعُوهُمْ ﴿١٤﴾

لَا يَسْمَعُوا دَعَاءَكُمْ

وَلَوْ سَمِعُوا

مَا اسْتَجَابُوا لَكُمْ

وَيَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

يَكْفُرُونَ بِشِرْكِكُمْ

وَلَا يَنْبِتُكَ مِثْلُ خَيْرٍ

﴿١٥﴾ بِأَيِّهَا النَّاسُ

أَنْتُمْ الْفُقَرَاءُ إِلَى اللَّهِ

وَاللَّهُ هُوَ الْغَنِيُّ الْحَمِيدُ

إِنْ يَشَأْ يُذْهِبْكُمْ ﴿١٦﴾

وَيَأْتِ بِخَلْقٍ جَدِيدٍ

﴿١٧﴾ وَمَا ذَٰلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ بِعَزِيزٍ

﴿١٨﴾ وَلَا تَزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ وِزْرَ أُخْرَىٰ

وَأِنْ تَدْعُ مُثْقَلَةٌ إِلَىٰ حِمْلِهَا

سُورَةُ الْفَاتِحَةِ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

- Thus should one so burdened
call upon another to help bear this sin,
nothing of it shall be borne—
even if the one called be a close relative.
Yet you, O Prophet, can only forewarn
of a nearing Judgment
those who fear their Lord
while He is in the domain of the unseen,
and who have, therefore,
duly established the Prayer.
So whoever seeks to be purified
is but seeking purification
for the good of his own soul.
For to God alone is the ultimate destiny.
- 35:19 And so, not equal are the blind and the seeing;
35:20 nor the veils of darkness and the light;
35:21 nor the shade and the blowing heat.
35:22 And likewise
not equal are the living and the dead.
Indeed, God makes hear whomever He so wills.
But you, O Prophet,
will never make hear the dead of heart,
just as you cannot make hear
those who are in the graves.
- 35:23 You are but a forewarner
of God's nearing Judgment.
- 35:24 Indeed, We have sent you with the truth,
as a bearer of glad tidings
of everlasting delight in Paradise
and as a forewarner
of God's nearing Judgment.
- For never was there a community
but that a forewarner went forth among them
with God's commandments.
- 35:25 Yet if they belie you, O Prophet,
then do not grieve.

لَا يُحْمَلُ مِنْهُ شَيْءٌ
وَلَوْ كَانَ ذَا قُرْبَىٰ
إِنَّمَا تُنذِرُ الَّذِينَ
يَخْشَوْنَ رَبَّهُم بِالْغَيْبِ
وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَمَنْ تَرَكَا
فَأِنَّمَا تَزَكَّىٰ لِنَفْسِكَ
وَالِىَ اللَّهُ الْمَصِيرُ
وَمَا يَسْتَوِى الْأَعْمَىٰ وَالْبَصِيرُ
وَلَا الظُّلُمَاتُ وَلَا النُّورُ
وَلَا الظُّلُمُتُ وَلَا النُّورُ
وَمَا يَسْتَوِى الْأَحْيَاءُ وَلَا الْأَمْوَاتُ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَسْمِعُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَمَا أَنْتَ بِمُسْمِعٍ
مَنْ فِي الْقُبُورِ
إِنْ أَنْتَ إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ
إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ بِالْحَقِّ
بَشِيرًا وَنَذِيرًا وَإِنْ مِنْ أُمَّةٍ
إِلَّا خَلَا فِيهَا نَذِيرٌ
وَإِنْ يَكْذِبُوكَ فَقَدْ كَذَّبَ
الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء الثاني والستون

For those 'who disbelieved' before them
belied 'God's warnings'.

Their messengers came to them
with clear 'and miraculous' proofs 'from God',
and with revealed Writs,
and with the Illuminating Scripture.

35:26 Then, suddenly, I seized those who disbelieved.
How 'awesome', then,
was My denunciation 'of them all'!

35:27 Have you not seen, 'O Prophet,'
that 'it is' God alone
who 'sends down, from the sky, water,
whereby We bring forth fruits of varying colors?
And also, 'in the land mass' of some mountains
there are streaks—white and red—
varying in their colors,
as well as 'others' intensely black.

35:28 And 'so too' among humankind,
and all 'birds and wild' beasts, and all cattle,
there are varying colors, as well.
Yet none 'is awakened
to the wonders of creation'
and truly fears God among His servants
but those filled with knowledge
'of the word and the way of God'.

Indeed, God is overpowering, all-forgiving.
35:29 Indeed, those who recite the Book of God,
and who 'duly' establish the Prayer,
and who spend 'charitably'
from what We have provided them,
secretly and openly—
they have hope in a 'blessed' transaction
that shall never come to ruin—

35:30 that He may give them their rewards 'in full'
and increase them evermore from His bounty.
Indeed, He is all-forgiving, ever-thankful.

جَاءَتْهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ
وَالْزُبُرِ وَالْكِتَابِ الْمُنِيرِ
فَأَخَذْتُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

٣٦

فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكِيرِ

أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ أَنْزَلَ

٣٧

مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَأَخْرَجْنَا بِهِ

ثَمَرَاتٍ مُّخْتَلِفًا أَلْوَانُهَا

وَمِنَ الْجِبَالِ جُدَدٌ بَيَضٌ

وَحُمْرٌ مُّخْتَلِفٌ أَلْوَانُهَا

وَعَرَبٌ سُودٌ

وَمِمَّا النَّاسِ

٣٨

وَالْدَوَابِّ وَالْأَنْعَامِ

مُخْتَلِفٌ أَلْوَانُهُ كَذَلِكَ

إِنَّمَا يَخْشَى اللَّهَ

مِنَ عِبَادِهِ الْعُلَمَاءُ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ غَفُورٌ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ

٣٩

يَتْلُونَ كِتَابَ اللَّهِ

وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ

وَأَنْفَقُوا مِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ

سِرًّا وَعَلَانِيَةً يَرْجُونَ

تَجَرَةً لَّنْ تَسْبُورَ

لِيُؤْفِقَهُمْ أَجُورَهُمْ

٤٠

وَيَزِيدَهُم مِّنْ فَضْلِهِ

إِنَّهُ غَفُورٌ شَكُورٌ

وَالَّذِي أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ

٤١

مِنَ الْكِتَابِ هُوَ الْحَقُّ

سُورَةُ الْفَاتِحَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّانِي وَالْعِشْرُونَ

35:31 Thus all that We have revealed to you,
 'O Prophet, of this Quran, the Book of God,
 is the final truth,
 confirming all that was revealed before it.
 Indeed, He is most surely all-aware
 and all-seeing of the deeds of His servants.

35:32 Thereupon, We have decreed
 to bequeath the guidance of this Book
 to those whom We have chosen
 from among Our servants.
 So of them
 are those who wrong their own souls.
 And of them are the moderately devoted
 to their due observances.
 And of them, by the permission of God,
 are the forerunners in good works.
 It is this bequest,
 and the blessing of diligent adherence
 to revealed guidance, that is the great bounty:

35:33 Gardens everlasting shall they enter.
 They shall be adorned therein
 with bracelets of gold, and with pearls,
 their garments, therein, of silk.

35:34 And thereupon they shall say:
 All praise is for God alone
 who has taken away all grief from us!
 Indeed, our Lord is, most surely,
 all-forgiving, ever-thankful.

35:35 He it is who has settled us
 in the Abode of Lasting Residence
 out of His bounty.

No more shall weariness touch us herein,
 for herein no tiredness shall touch us.

35:36 But those who disbelieve—for them,
 there is only the Fire of Hell in wait.

مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِعِبَادِهِ

لَخَبِيرٌ بَصِيرٌ

ثُمَّ أَوْرَثْنَا الْكِتَابَ الَّذِينَ

٣٢

أَصْطَفَيْنَا مِنْ عِبَادِنَا

فَمِنْهُمْ ظَالِمٌ لِّنَفْسِهِ

وَمِنْهُمْ مُّقْتَصِدٌ

وَمِنْهُمْ سَابِقٌ بِالْخَيْرَاتِ

يَاذَنُ اللَّهُ ذَلِكَ هُوَ

الْفَضْلُ الْكَبِيرُ

جَنَّتٌ عَدْنٍ يَدْخُلُونَهَا

٣٣

يُحَلَّوْنَ فِيهَا مِنْ أَسَاوِرَ

مِنْ ذَهَبٍ وَلُؤْلُؤًا

وَلِبَاسُتُمْ فِيهَا حَرِيرٌ

وَقَالُوا الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

٣٤

الَّذِي أَذْهَبَ عَنَّا الْحَزْنَ

إِنَّ رَبَّنَا لَغَفُورٌ شَكُورٌ

الَّذِينَ أَحْلَانَا

٣٥

دَارَ الْمَقَامَةِ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ

لَا يَمَسُّنَا فِيهَا نَصَبٌ

وَلَا يَمَسُّنَا فِيهَا لُغُوبٌ

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

٣٦

لَهُمْ نَارُ جَهَنَّمَ

لَا يَبْغِضُ عَلَيْهِمْ فِيمَوْثُوا

يُؤْتُونَ

الْجُزْءَ الثَّانِي وَالْعِشْرُونَ

Never shall 'eternal death' be decreed for them,
so they may die 'and be at rest'.

Neither shall any of its torment
be lightened for them.

Thus do We recompense
every 'unbelieving' ingrate.

35:37 And so shall they be crying out therein:
Our Lord!

Bring us out 'of Hellfire
and return us to the world'!

We shall 'believe and' do righteous deeds—
not as we used to do!

'God shall say:

Did We not give you lifetime enough,
wherein 'the heart of one longing'
to become mindful 'of the covenant with Me'
could have become mindful?

Moreover,
the forewarner 'of this very Judgment'
came to you 'with My own admonition.
Yet him you belied'!

So taste 'now the Fire you denied'!
For there is not any helper, then,
to 'heed the 'godless' wrongdoers' cry'.

35:38 Indeed, God is the Knower
of all the 'realms
of the 'unseen of the heavens and the earth.
Indeed, He is all-knowing
of all that is 'harbored'
within the breast 'of people'.

35:39 He is the One
who has made you successors in the earth,
'to inherit those that preceded you'.
Thus whoever disbelieves 'in God'
shall himself bear the consequences
of his unbelief.

وَلَا يُخَفَّفُ عَنْهُمْ

مِنْ عَذَابِهَا كَذَلِكَ يُجْزَى

كُلُّ كَافِرٍ

وَهُمْ يَصْطَرِّحُونَ فِيهَا ﴿٢٧﴾

رِسًا أَخْرَجْنَا

نَعْمَلْ صَالِحًا

غَيْرَ الَّذِي كُنَّا نَعْمَلُ

أَوَلَمْ نَعْمِرْكُمْ

مَا يَتَذَكَّرُ فِيهِ مَنْ تَذَكَّرَ

وَجَاءَكُمْ السَّيِّئُ فَذُقُوا

فَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ نَاصِرٍ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٢٨﴾

غَيْبِ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

هُوَ الَّذِي جَعَلَكُمْ ﴿٢٩﴾

خَلَائِفَ فِي الْأَرْضِ

فَمَنْ كَفَرَ فَعَلَيْهِ كُفْرُهُ

وَلَا يَزِيدُ الْكَافِرِينَ كُفْرَهُمْ

عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ إِلَّا مَقْتًا

Moreover, the unbelief of the disbelievers only increases them in the sight of their Lord in utter abhorrence.

Therefore, the unbelief of the disbelievers only increases them with their Lord in utmost loss!

35:40 Say to them, then :

Have you ever considered the desolate reality of your associate-gods whom you call upon apart from God? Show me what they have created of the earth! Or do they have any share with God in the creation

or in the sovereignty of the heavens?

Or is it that We have given them

a Heavenly Book,

such that they hold clear proof

of the truth of their associate-gods from it?

Rather,

the godless wrongdoers promise one another nothing but utter delusion.

35:41 *Indeed, it is God alone

who holds the heavens and the earth from passing away.

And, if ever they were to pass away, most surely, there is none other than Him who could hold them in place thereafter.

Indeed, ever is He

most forbearing, all-forgiving.

35:42 Moreover, they who disbelieve

have before sworn by God

with the utmost of their vows

that if ever a forewarner were to come to them as a prophet from God,

they would, most surely, be the most guided of any one of the faith communities

سُورَةُ الْفَاتِحَةِ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

وَلَا يَزِيدُ الْكَافِرِينَ كُفْرُهُمْ إِلَّا خَسَارًا

قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ شُرَكَاءَكُمُ الَّذِينَ نَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

أَرُونِي مَاذَا خَلَقُوا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ أَمْ لَهُمْ شِرْكٌ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

أَمْ عَائِنَهُمْ كُنُبًا

فَهُمْ عَلَى يَنِينٍ مِنْهُ

بَلْ إِنْ يَعِدُ الظَّالِمُونَ

بَعْضُهُمْ بَعْضًا إِلَّا غُرُورًا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُمْسِكُ

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ أَنْ تَزُولَا

وَلَئِنْ زَالَتَا إِنْ أَمْسَكَهُمَا

مِنْ أَحَدٍ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ

إِنَّهُ كَانَ حَلِيمًا غَفُورًا

وَأَقْسَمُوا بِاللَّهِ جَهْدَ أَيْمَانِهِمْ

لَئِنْ جَاءَهُمْ نَذِيرٌ لَيَكُونُنَّ

أَهْدَى مِنْ إِحْدَى الْأُمَمِ

فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ نَذِيرٌ

مَا زَادَهُمْ إِلَّا نُفُورًا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء الثاني والعشرون

'forewarned by a prophet before them'.
 Yet when a forewarner came to them
 'from God',
 it increased them in nothing but aversion;
 35:43 'for they were insolently' arrogant in the land
 and 'sinfully' devising evil.
 Yet never does 'the ill consequence
 of' devising evil
 'truly' ensnare anyone but its perpetrators.
 Do they await, then, anything but the 'likes
 of the' way 'of God's divine judgment,
 which befell' the earlier generations?
 For never will you find
 in the 'established' way of God any alteration!
 And never will you find
 in the 'established' way of God any change!
 35:44 Have they not journeyed through the lands
 to see how 'devastating' was the end
 of those 'who denied faith' before them?
 They were, indeed,
 'far' greater than them in power.
 Yet there is not a 'single' thing—
 neither in the heavens nor in the earth—
 that can frustrate 'the will of' God.
 Indeed, ever is He all-knowing, all-powerful.
 35:45 And were God to hold people accountable
 'in this world with no respite'
 for what they have earned 'in misdeeds',
 He would not leave on the surface 'of the earth'
 a single living creature.
 However, He defers them
 to a stated term 'for reckoning
 known only to Him'.
 But 'at last', when their term comes 'due'—
 then 'know that', indeed, ever is God
 all-seeing, 'of all the deeds' of His servants.

٤٣ أَسْتَكْبَرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
 وَمَكْرُ السَّيِّئِ
 وَلَا يَحِيقُ الْمَكْرُ السَّيِّئُ
 إِلَّا بِأَهْلِهِ فَهَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ
 إِلَّا سُنَّتَ الْأَوَّلِينَ
 فَلَنْ نَجْدِلُ سُنَّتَ اللَّهِ تَبْدِيلًا
 وَلَنْ نَجْدِلُ سُنَّتَ اللَّهِ تَحْوِيلًا
 ٤٤ أَوَلَمْ يَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
 فَيَنْظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ
 عَاقِبَةُ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
 وَكَانُوا أَشَدَّ مِنْهُمْ قُوَّةً
 وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيُعْجِزَهُ
 مِنْ شَيْءٍ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
 وَلَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
 إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَلِيمًا قَدِيرًا
 وَلَوْ يُرَاخِذُ اللَّهُ النَّاسَ
 بِمَا كَسَبُوا مَا تَرَكَ
 عَلَى ظُهُرِهِمَا مِنْ دَابَّةٍ
 وَلَئِنْ يُوَخَّرُهُمْ
 إِلَى آجَلٍ مُسَمًّى
 فَإِذَا جَاءَ أَجَلُهُمْ
 فَأَبَ اللَّهُ
 ٤٥ كَانَ يَعْبادُهُ بِصَبْرٍ

Surah 36 / 83 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Yâ Sîn

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

36:1 Yâ Sîn

36:2 By the all-wise Quran!

36:3 Indeed, you are, most surely,
 'one' of the 'chosen' messengers 'of God,
 O Muhammad,

36:4 set 'upon a straight way' of salvation.

36:5 And 'this is a revelation' from on high
 sent 'by the Overpowering 'One',
 the Mercy-Giving,

36:6 so that you may forewarn
 'of the nearing Judgment'
 a people whose forefathers
 have not been forewarned 'by God'.
 Thus are they heedless 'of Heavenly truth'.

36:7 Very truly, the 'divine' word 'of condemnation'
 has 'already' come to pass
 against most of them, for they will not believe.

36:8 Indeed, We have made 'them as those
 with' yokes on their necks
 that reach to the chins.
 Thus are their heads wedged upward,
 'so they are unable to see the way of truth'.

يَس ١

وَالْقُرْآنِ الْحَكِيمِ ٢

إِنَّكَ لَمِنَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ٣

عَلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ ٤

تَنْزِيلِ الْعَزِيزِ الرَّحِيمِ ٥

لِنُنْذِرَ قَوْمًا ٦

مَا أُنْذِرُوا آبَاءَهُمْ ٧

فَهُمْ غَفِلُوا ٨

لَقَدْ حَقَّ الْقَوْلُ عَلَى أَكْثَرِهِمْ ٩

فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ١٠

إِنَّا جَعَلْنَا فِي أَعْنَاقِهِمْ أَغْلَالًا ١١

فَهِيَ إِلَى الْأَذْقَانِ ١٢

فَهُمْ مُقْمَحُونَ ١٣

سُورَةُ

الْجُزْءِ الثَّانِي وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- 36:9 Moreover, before them, We have set a barrier
 'to seeing God's signs';
 and behind them is a barrier 'to His signs'.
 Thus have We enveiled them
 'in their obstinacy'. So they cannot see.
- 36:10 So it is the same to them
 whether you forewarn them
 'of the consequence of unbelief'
 or you do not forewarn them.
 They will not believe.
- 36:11 Indeed, you can only forewarn
 'of the nearing Judgment'
 one who embraces the Remembrance
 'of the Quran' and who fears the All-Merciful
 'while' in the 'domain' unseen.
 Therefore, give to such a one
 glad tidings of forgiveness 'for past misdeeds'
 and a gracious reward 'in the Hereafter'.
- 36:12 Indeed, it is We 'alone' who give life to the dead
 and who inscribe 'the deeds'
 that they have advanced 'in this life'
 for the Hereafter',
 along with their legacies 'of good or evil'.
 For all things have We enumerated
 in a clear 'Heavenly' Ledger.
- 36:13 So set forth for them a comparison,
 the example of a townspeople
 when the messengers 'of God' came to them.
- 36:14 Behold!
 We sent to them two 'prophets'.
 But they belied them both.
 So We strengthened 'the two of' them
 with a third.
 Then 'together' they said 'to them':

وَجَعَلْنَا مِنْ بَيْنِ أَيْدِيهِمْ
 سَدًّا وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ سَدًّا
 فَأَغْشَيْنَاهُمْ فَهُمْ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ
 وَسَوَاءٌ عَلَيْهِمْ أُنْذِرْتَهُمْ
 أَمْ لَمْ تُنْذِرْهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ
 إِنَّمَا تُنْذِرُ
 مَنِ اتَّبَعَ الذِّكْرَ
 وَخَشِيَ الرَّحْمَنَ الْغَيْبَ
 فَنَشِرُهُ بِمَغْفِرَةٍ
 وَأَجْرٍ كَرِيمٍ
 إِنَّا نَحْنُ نُحْيِي الْمَوْتَى
 وَكُتُبُ مَا قَدَّمُوا
 وَءَانْذَرَهُمْ
 وَكُلَّ شَيْءٍ أَحْصَيْنَاهُ
 فِي إِمَامٍ مُبِينٍ
 وَاضْرِبْ لَهُم مَّثَلًا
 أَصْحَابَ الْقَرْيَةِ
 إِذْ جَاءَهَا الْمُرْسَلُونَ
 إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَيْهِمُ اثْنَيْنِ
 فَكَذَّبُوهُمَا
 فَعَزَّزْنَا بِثَالِثٍ فَقَالُوا

سُورَةُ

الْحُزَّةِ الْقَائِي وَالْعَشْرُونَ

- Indeed, we are messengers sent to you 'by God'.
- 36:15 They said 'to the three':
You are nothing but 'mere' mortals like us,
nor has the All-Merciful
sent down anything 'sacred with you'.
You do nothing but lie.
- 36:16 They said 'to the townspeople':
Our Lord knows that, indeed,
we are, most surely, 'His' messengers
sent to you.
- 36:17 Yet nothing is incumbent upon us
but the clear conveyance 'of God's message'.
- 36:18 They said 'to the messengers':
Indeed, we presage an omen
'of ill fate' from you!
And, assuredly,
if you do not desist 'from your claim',
we shall, most surely, stone you 'to death'!
Thus a most painful torment from us
shall, most surely, strike you!
- 36:19 They said 'to the townspeople':
Your ill omen is with you 'yourselves'
because of your ungodliness!
Is it because you have been reminded
'of God's covenant'
that you presage an ill-omen?
Rather,
you are an exceedingly rebellious people.
- 36:20 Then there came
from the furthest part of the city
a man rushing 'to them'.
He said: O my people!
Follow the messengers!
36:21 Follow those who do not ask of you
any reward 'for themselves'

إِنَّا إِلَيْكُمْ مُّرْسَلُونَ

قَالُوا مَا أَنْتُمْ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِثْلُنَا

وَمَا أَنْزَلَ الرَّحْمَنُ مِنْ شَيْءٍ

إِنْ أَنْتُمْ إِلَّا تَكْذِبُونَ

قَالُوا رَبُّنَا يَعْلَمُ

إِنَّا إِلَيْكُمْ لَمُرْسَلُونَ

وَمَا عَلَيْنَا

إِلَّا الْبَلَاغُ الْمُبِينُ

قَالُوا إِنَّا نَطِيرُكُمْ بِكُمْ

لِنْ لَمْ تَنْتَهُوا لَلرَّجْمِ

وَلَيْمَسَّكُمْ مِنَّا عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

قَالُوا طَعْنُكُمْ مَعَكُمْ

أَيْنَ ذُكِّرْتُمْ

بَلْ أَنْتُمْ قَوْمٌ مُّشْرِقُونَ

وَجَاءَ مِنْ أَقْصَا الْمَدِينَةِ

رَجُلٌ يَسْعَى قَالَ يَنْفَوِي

اتَّبِعُوا الْمُرْسَلِينَ

اتَّبِعُوا

مَنْ لَا يَسْأَلُكُمْ أَجْرًا

يُؤْتِيهِم

الْحِزْبُ الثَّالِثُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- and who are 'rightly' guided.
- 36:22 And why should I not worship
the One who has originated me
'and you' while it is to Him
that you shall all be returned 'for Judgment'?
- 36:23 Shall I take, apart from Him,
'helpless' gods?
'Yet' should the All-Merciful
intend any harm for me, their intercession
would not avail me 'at all'
against anything 'from Him'.
Neither could they rescue me 'from it'.
- 36:24 Indeed, I would then be utterly 'lost'
in clear misguidance.
- 36:25 Indeed, I have believed in your Lord.
So hear me!
- 36:26 'They killed him,
and' it was said 'to him, instantly':
Enter 'the bliss of the Garden' of Paradise!
He said: Oh!
If only my people could know
36:27 of how my Lord has forgiven me
and placed me among 'the ranks
of the honored'!
- 36:28 *Yet We did not send down upon his people,
after 'they killed' him,
any host of Heaven 'to punish them'—
nor had We 'the need' to send down any.
- 36:29 For it was but a single 'deadly' blast!
Then, they were utterly extinguished.
- 36:30 Alas for 'all the mortal' servants 'who defy God'!
Not a messenger came 'before'
to 'any like' them,
but that they made a mockery of him.
- 36:31 Have they not considered

وَهُمْ مُّهْتَدُونَ
وَمَا لِي لَا أَعْبُدُ
الَّذِي فَطَرَنِي
وَالِيهِ تُرْجَعُونَ
أَتَأْخُذُ مِنْ دُونِهِ ۚ إِلَهَةً
إِنْ يُرِيدِ الْرَّحْمَنُ بِضُرٍّ
لَّا تُغْنِي عَنْكَ شَفَعَتُهُمْ
شَيْئًا وَلَا يُنْقِذُونَ
إِنِّي إِذَا لَفِيَ ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ
إِنِّي ۚ أَمْسْتُ بِرَبِّكُمْ
فَأَسْمَعُونَ
قِيلَ ادْخُلِ الْجَنَّةَ
قَالَ يَلَيْتَ قَوْمِي يَعْلَمُونَ
بِمَا غَفَر لِي رَبِّي
وَجَعَلَنِي مِنَ الْمَكْرُمِينَ
وَمَا أُنْزِلْنَا عَلَى قَوْمِهِ
مِنْ بَعْدِهِ مِنْ جُنْدٍ
مِنَ السَّمَاءِ وَمَا كُنَّا مُنْزِلِينَ
إِنْ كَانَتْ إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَاحِدَةً
فَإِذَا هُمْ خُنُودُونَ
يَحْضَرُهُ عَلَى الْعِبَادِ
مَا يَأْتِيهِمْ مِنْ رَسُولٍ
إِلَّا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ
الَّذِينَ



- how many a generation before them
We have destroyed 'for ungodliness',
and that to them
they shall never return 'in this life'?
- 36:32 Yet, indeed, each and every one of them
shall be brought up before Us
'for Judgment in the Hereafter'.
- 36:33 And a 'manifest' sign to them 'of the truth
of their own resurrection' is the dead earth.
We give life to it and bring forth from it grain.
Then from it they eat.
- 36:34 Moreover, We make therein gardens
of date palms and grapevines,
and cause to burst forth therein springs—
36:35 so that they might eat of the fruit of them,
though their own hands made none of it!
Will they not, then, give thanks?
- 36:36 Highly exalted is the One
who created all the pairs
of that which the earth grows;
and 'who created' of themselves,
'males and females';
and 'who created pairs'
of all that they do not know 'in His creation'.
- 36:37 And another 'manifest' sign to them
'of God's all-creative might' is the night.
We strip from it the daylight.
Then, behold, they are in 'utter' darkness.
- 36:38 Moreover, the sun runs
to a destiny appointed for it.
This is the decree
of the Overpowering 'One', the All-Knowing.
- 36:39 And for the moon, We have measured out

يُؤْتِيهِمْ

الْحَيَاةَ النَّارِ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

كَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا قَبْلَهُمْ

مِنَ الْقُرُونِ

أَنَّهُمْ إِلَيْهِمْ لَا يَرْجِعُونَ

وَأَن كُلُّ لَمَّا جَمِيعٌ

لَدَيْنَا مَحْضَرُونَ

وَأَيَّةٌ لَهُمُ الْأَرْضُ الَّتِي تَهْتَكُ

أَحْيَيْنَاهَا وَأَخْرَجْنَا مِنْهَا حَبًّا

فَمِنْهُ يَأْكُلُونَ

وَجَعَلْنَا فِيهَا جَنَّاتٍ

مِّنْ نَّجِيلٍ وَأَعْنَابٍ

وَفَجَّرْنَا فِيهَا مِنَ الْعُيُونِ

لِيَأْكُلُوا مِنْ ثَمَرِهِ

وَمَا عَمِلَتْهُ أَيْدِيهِمْ

أَفَلَا يَشْكُرُونَ

سُبْحَنَ الَّذِي

خَلَقَ الْأَزْوَاجَ كُلَّهَا

مِمَّا تُنْبِتُ الْأَرْضُ

وَمِنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ

وَمِمَّا لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

وَأَيَّةٌ لَهُمْ

الَّيْلُ تَسْلَخُ مِنْهُ النَّهَارَ

فَإِذَا هُمْ مُظْلِمُونَ

وَالشَّمْسُ تَجْرِي

لِمُسْتَقَرٍّ لَّهَا

ذَٰلِكَ تَقْدِيرُ الْعَزِيزِ الْعَلِيمِ

وَالْقَمَرَ قَدَرْنَاهُ مَنَازِلَ

سُورَةُ

الْحَجَّةُ الثَّالِثُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

'heavenly' mansions,
until 'again' it returns, like 'the image
of' an old, 'bent' palm-branch.

- 36:40 It is not possible for the sun
to overtake the moon,
nor for the 'darkness of the' night
to outstrip the daylight.
For each, within a course,
is swimming on 'through the spheres
as preordained'.

- 36:41 Yet a 'further' sign to them 'of God's mercy'
is that We carried their forebears
in the 'heavily' laden Ark 'of Noah'.

- 36:42 Moreover,
We have created the like of it for them,
upon which they embark 'and sail'.

- 36:43 Yet if We so will, We drown them.
And there is none to cry out to,
nor ever are they rescued,

- 36:44 except by an 'act of' mercy from Us—
and as 'a grant of' enjoyment 'of life',
for a 'preordained' time.

- 36:45 Still, 'they turn away' when it is said to them:
Fear what lies ahead of you
'in God's nearing Judgment',
and what has gone before you
'in the doom of the godless',
so that you may be shown mercy!

- 36:46 Yet not a 'single' sign 'of God's Oneness'
comes to them
from any of the 'revealed and natural'
signs of their Lord,
but that they 'who disbelieve' turn away from it.
36:47 Moreover, when it is said to them:

حَتَّىٰ عَادَ كَالْعُرْشُونِ الْقَدِيمِ
لَا الشَّمْسُ يَنْبَغِي لَهَا

أَنْ تُدْرِكَ الْقَمَرَ

وَلَا اللَّيْلُ سَابِقُ النَّهَارِ

وَكُلٌّ فِي فَلَكٍ يَسْبَحُونَ

وَأَيُّهُ لَهُمْ أَنَا حَمْلُنَا ذُرِّيَّتَهُمْ

فِي الْمَلَكِ الْمَشْهُونِ

وَخَلَقْنَا لَهُمْ مِنْ مِثْلِهِ

مَا يَرْكَبُونَ

وَلِنْ نَشَأَ غُرُفَهُمْ

فَلَا صَرِيحَ لَهُمْ

وَلَا هُمْ يَفْقَدُونَ

إِلَّا أَرْحَمَهُ مِنَّا

وَمَتَّعَا إِلَىٰ حُبٍ

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ

اتَّقُوا مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيكُمْ

وَمَا خَلْفَكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ

وَمَا تَأْتِيهِمْ مِنْ آيَةٍ

مِنْ آيَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ

إِلَّا كَانُوا عَنْهَا مُعْرِضِينَ

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ

- Spend 'in charity'
out of what God has provided you,
those who disbelieve say to those who believe:
Shall we feed one whom God so willed
He could have fed?
You have fallen into nothing but clear error!
- 36:48 Furthermore, they say 'in contempt':
When will this promise
'of divine judgment' be 'fulfilled',
if, indeed, you 'believers' are truthful?
- 36:49 They await nothing but for a single 'deadly' blast
to seize them, suddenly,
while they are yet contending 'with one another
in the affairs of life'.
- 36:50 But never shall they be able
to bequeath 'their gains from it'.
Neither shall they return to their families 'alive.
- 36:51 For 'the Trumpet' of Resurrection' is blown.
And 'all at once' from their sepulchres
they hasten to their Lord.
- 36:52 They shall say: Oh, woe to us!
Who has raised us from our resting place?
It shall be said to them:
This is 'the Resurrection'
that the All-Merciful has promised,
and the messengers have spoken the truth:
- 36:53 Indeed, it is but a single 'Trumpet' blast;
then, at once,
all of them are present before Us 'for Judgment'.
- 36:54 Thus, this Day, no soul shall be wronged
in anything 'at all'.
Nor will you be recompensed
for other than what you used to do
'in the world'.
- 36:55 As for the Companions

يُؤْمِنُونَ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّالِثُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

أَنْفِقُوا مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ
قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَنْطَعِمُ
مَنْ لَوْ يَشَاءُ اللَّهُ أَطْعَمَهُ
إِنْ أَنْتُمْ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ
وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَى هَذَا الْوَعْدُ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
مَا يَنْظُرُونَ
إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَاحِدَةً تَأْخُذُهُمْ
وَهُمْ يَخِصِّمُونَ
فَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ تَوْصِيَةً
وَلَا إِلَى أَهْلِهِمْ يَرْجِعُونَ
وَيُنْفِخُ فِي الصُّورِ
فَإِذَا هُمْ مِنَ الْأَجْدَاثِ
إِلَى رَبِّهِمْ يَنْسِلُونَ
قَالُوا يَا بُولُوكَنَا
مَنْ بَعَثَنَا مِنْ مَرْقَدِنَا
هَذَا مَا وَعَدَ الرَّحْمَنُ
وَصَدَقَ الْمُرْسَلُونَ
إِنْ كَانَتْ إِلَّا
صَيْحَةً وَاحِدَةً فَإِذَا هُمْ
جَمِيعٌ لَدَيْنَا مُحْضَرُونَ
فَالْيَوْمَ لَا تَنْظُمُ
نَفْسٌ شَيْئًا وَلَا تَحْزَنُ
إِلَّا مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

يُؤْتُونَ

الْجُزْءَ الْكَالِ وَالْمُتَرُونَ

of the 'Everlasting' Garden 'of Paradise', this Day
they shall be 'intimately engaged'
in joyous occupation—

- 36:56 they and their wives,
beneath 'tiers of' shade, 'together,'
on 'canopied' couches, reclining.
36:57 For them therein is every fruit.
And for them is all for which they call.
36:58 Peace!

shall be the word from a mercy-giving Lord.

- 36:59 So stand apart this Day
'from everyone',
O you defiant unbelievers!

- 36:60 *Did I not make a covenant with you,
O Children of Adam,
that you shall not worship Satan—
for, indeed, he is to you a clear enemy—
36:61 and that you shall worship Me 'alone,'
for 'this is a straight way' to salvation?
36:62 Yet, very truly, he has led
great masses of you astray.

Were you not, then, able to understand?

- 36:63 This is the Hell
which you were promised 'in life'.
36:64 So roast in it this Day,
in that you have disbelieved!
36:65 This Day, We set a seal upon their mouths.
Yet their hands speak to Us.
And their very feet bear witness
to all 'the evil' that they have earned 'in life'.
36:66 And if We so will, We shall, most surely,
blot out their eyes.
Then shall they race 'blindly'
to the way 'of salvation'.
But how, then, shall they see?

٥٥ إِنَّ أَصْحَابَ الْجَنَّةِ الْيَوْمَ

فِي شَعْلٍ فَتَكْهُونَ

٥٦ هُمْ وَأَزْوَاجُهُمْ فِي ظِلِّلٍ

عَلَى الْأَرَائِكِ مُتَكْهُونَ

٥٧ لَّهُمْ فِيهَا فَتَكْهُةٌ

وَلَهُمْ مَا يَدْعُونَ

٥٨ سَلَامٌ قَوْلًا مِنْ رَبِّ رَحِيمٍ

٥٩ وَأَمْسُرُوا الْيَوْمَ أَنفُسَ الْمُجْرِمُونَ

٦٠ أَلَمْ أَعْهَدْ إِلَيْكُمْ

بِئَسَىٰ عَادِمٍ

أَنْ لَا تَعْبُدُوا الشَّيْطَانَ

إِنَّهُ لَكُمْ عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ

وَأَنْ أَعْبُدُونِي

هَذَا صِرَاطٌ مُسْتَقِيمٌ

وَلَقَدْ أَضَلَّ مِنْكُمْ جِيلًا

كَثِيرًا أَفَلَمْ تَكُونُوا تَعْقِلُونَ

هَذِهِ جَهَنَّمُ

الَّتِي كُنْتُمْ تُوعَدُونَ

أَصْلَوْهَا الْيَوْمَ

بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْفُرُونَ

الْيَوْمَ نَخْتِمُ عَلَىٰ أَفْوَاهِهِمْ

وَتُكَلِّمُنَا أَيْدِيهِمْ

وَتَشْهَدُ أَرْجُلُهُمْ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ

وَلَوْ نَشَاءُ

لَطَمَسْنَا عَلَىٰ أَعْيُنِهِمْ

فَأَسْبَقُوا الصِّرَاطَ

يُؤْتُونَ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّالِثُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- 36:67 And if We so will,
We shall, most surely, transfix them—
right in their place.
Then they shall neither be able
to proceed nor retreat.
- 36:68 Therefore, use your endowments, O humanity,
for the sake of God;
for whomever We advance to old age,
We do reduce him in strength
in that stage of his creation.
Will they not, then, understand?
- 36:69 Moreover, as to Muhammad,
never have We taught him poetry
by this revelation—
nor does it at all befit him as God's Messenger.
Rather, this Book is but a revealed Reminder
and a clear Quran—
- 36:70 to forewarn whoever is truly alive
of the nearing Judgment—
and so that the word of God's torment
against the inveterate disbelievers is fulfilled.
- 36:71 Have they not considered
that out of all that We have made
with Our mighty Hands
We have created cattle for them,
such that they have mastery over them?
- 36:72 For it is We alone
who have tamed these cattle for them.
Thus some of them they ride.
And some of them they eat.
- 36:73 Moreover, they have in them other benefits,
as well as milk to drink.
Will they not, then, give thanks?
- 36:74 And yet, they have taken false gods
apart from the only true God,

فَأَن يَبْصُرُونَ
وَلَوْ نَشَاءُ لَمَسَخْنَاهُمْ
عَلَىٰ مَكَاتِبِهِمْ
فَمَا اسْتَطَاعُوا مُضِيًّا
وَلَا يَرْجِعُونَ
وَمَن نُّعَمِّرْهُ
نُنَكِّسْهُ فِي الْخَلْقِ
أَفَلَا يَعْقِلُونَ
وَمَا عَلَّمْنَاهُ الشِّعْرَ
وَمَا يَتَّبِعِي لَهُ إِن هُوَ
إِلَّا ذِكْرٌ وَفَرَاءٌ مُّبِينٌ
لِّنُذِرَ مَن كَانَ حَيًّا وَيَحِقَّ
الْقَوْلُ عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ
أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَا خَلَقْنَا لَهُمْ
مِمَّا عَمِلَتْ أَيْدِينَا أَنْعَمًا
فَهُمْ لَهَا مَلِكُونَ
وَدَلَّلْنَاهَا لَهُمْ فَمِنْهَا رَكُوبُهُمْ
وَمِنْهَا يَأْكُلُونَ
وَلَهُمْ فِيهَا مَنَافِعُ وَمَشَارِبٌ
أَفَلَا يَشْكُرُونَ

يٰٓسٖن

الْحٰزِلَةُ الْاَلِفُ وَالْوَثْقَةُ

so that they may be helped by them.

- 36:75 Never shall they be able to help them.
Indeed, these false gods shall themselves
be brought before them
on Judgment Day as helpless hosts.

- 36:76 So do not let any of their speech
grieve you, O Prophet.
For, indeed, We know well all that they conceal
and all that they reveal.

- 36:77 Has the human being not considered
that it is We alone who have created him
from a mere sperm-drop—
then, behold, he becomes an open contender
against his Creator!

- 36:78 For he has put forth an argument against Us
by way of an example
of a dead person—
having forgotten the origins
of his own creation.

He says:

Who is it that can give life to bones
when they have become rotten?

- 36:79 Say to him:
The One who shall give them life
is He who has brought them forth into being
the first time.

For He is all-knowing
of everything in creation!

- 36:80 He is the One who out of the green tree
has made fire emanate for you.
Then, behold, you kindle from it.

- 36:81 Then is not the One
who created the heavens and the earth
able to create the like of them again?

وَاتَّخَذُوا ٧٤

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ إِلَهَةً
لَّعَلَّهُمْ يَنْصُرُونَ

لَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ نَصْرَهُمْ
وَهُمْ لَهُمْ جُنْدٌ مُّحْضَرُونَ

فَلَا يَخْزِيكَ قَوْلُهُمْ
إِنَّا نَعْلَمُ مَا يُبَيِّرُونَ

وَمَا يُعْلِنُونَ

أَوَلَمْ يَرِ الْإِنْسَانُ ٧٧

أَنَّا خَلَقْنَاهُ مِنْ نُّطْفَةٍ
فَإِذَا هُوَ خَصِيمٌ مُّبِينٌ

وَضَرَبَ لَنَا مَثَلًا ٧٨

وَنَسِيَ خَلْقَهُ

قَالَ مَنْ يُعْيِي الْعِظَمَ

وَهُي رَمِيمٌ

قُلْ يُحْيِيهَا ٧٩

الَّذِي أَنْشَأَهَا أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ

وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ خَلْقٍ عَلِيمٌ

الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ ٨٠

مِنَ الشَّجَرِ الْأَخْضَرِ نَارًا

فَإِذَا أَنْشَرْتُمْهُ تَنُوفِدُونَ

Oh yes, indeed!

For He is the All-Creating, the All-Knowing.

36:82 Indeed, His command
when He intends anything
is no more than to say to it:
Be! And so it is.

36:83 Then highly exalted is the One
in whose `mighty` Hand is all dominion
over all things.
And to Him `alone` shall you `all` be returned.

سُورَةُ

الْجُزْءِ الثَّالِثِ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ خَلَقَ ﴿٨١﴾

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

يَقْدِرُ عَلَى أَنْ يَخْلُقَ مِثْلَهُمْ

بَلَىٰ وَهُوَ الْخَلَّاقُ الْعَلِيمُ

إِنَّمَا أَمْرُهُ إِذَا أَرَادَ شَيْئًا ﴿٨٢﴾

أَنْ يَقُولَ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ

فَسُبْحَنَ الَّذِي ﴿٨٣﴾

بِيَدِهِ مَلَكُوتُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

وَالِيهِ تُرْجَعُونَ

Surah 37 / 182 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Şâffât

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 37:1 By the 'angels' arrayed in 'devotional' ranks!
 37:2 And 'by the angels' propelling 'clouds
 and dispelling evil' with an impelling cry!
 37:3 And 'by the angels'
 reciting 'the exalted' Remembrance 'of God'!
 37:4 Indeed, the God of all of you
 is, most surely, One!
 37:5 'He is the' Lord of the heavens and the earth—
 and all that is between them.
 And 'He is' Lord of all points east
 'from which the sun rises'!
 37:6 Indeed, 'it is' We 'alone
 who' have adorned the lower heaven
 with the stars 'that shine' in adornment—
 37:7 and as a safeguard against 'the eavesdropping
 of' every rebellious satan.
 37:8 They cannot listen to 'the angels'
 of the Transcendent Assembly,
 for they are pelted from every side 'by meteors',
 37:9 banished 'therefrom'!
 Moreover, for them,
 there shall be unremitting torment

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- وَالصَّافَّاتِ صَفًّا ١
 فَالزَّجَرَاتِ زَجْرًا ٢
 فَالتَّالِيَاتِ ذِكْرًا ٣
 إِنَّ إِلَهَكُمْ لَوَاحِدٌ ٤
 رَبُّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ٥
 وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا وَرَبُّ الْمَشْرِقِ ٦
 إِنَّا رَمَيْنَا السَّمَاءَ الدُّنْيَا ٦
 بِزِينَةِ الْكَوَاكِبِ
 وَحِفْظًا مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْطَانٍ مَارِدٍ ٧
 لَا يَسْمَعُونَ إِلَى الْأَمَلَا الْأَعْلَى ٨
 وَيُقَذَّفُونَ مِنْ كُلِّ جَانِبٍ
 دُحُورًا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ وَاصِبٌ ٩

- in the Hereafter .
- 37:10 Even if one of them
snatches a trace of Heavenly tidings ,
then, at once, a piercing flame pursues him!
- 37:11 So inquire of them, O Prophet—
those of them who disbelieve—
as to the Resurrection they deny :
Are they more complex in their creation,
or all else that We have created
of the earth and the heavens ?
Indeed, We created them out of a cohering clay.
- 37:12 Therefore have you wondered at their unbelief .
Yet more wondrous, still, is that they scoff
at the notion of a Judgment Day !
- 37:13 Thus even when they are reminded
of God's commandments ,
they will not become mindful of them .
- 37:14 Moreover, if ever they see a miraculous sign,
they intensify their scoffing at it .
- 37:15 Furthermore, they say of divine revelation :
This is nothing but manifest sorcery!
- 37:16 When we are dead
and we have become mere dust and bones,
are we, indeed, to be raised up
alive for Judgment —
- 37:17 and so too our forefathers of old?
- 37:18 Say to them : Oh yes, indeed!
And then you shall be utterly humiliated!
- 37:19 For it shall be but a single impelling blast.
Then, at once, in the Plain of Judgment
they shall be looking on.
- 37:20 And they shall say: Oh, woe to us!
This is, indeed, the Judgment Day!

سُورَةُ الشَّافَاتِ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

- إِلَّا مَنْ خَطِفَ الْخَطْفَةَ ١٠
فَأَتْبَعَهُ شِهَابٌ ثَاقِبٌ
فَاسْتَفْتِهِمْ أَهُمْ أَشَدُّ خَلْقًا ١١
أَمْ مَنْ خَلَقْنَا إِنَّا خَلَقْنَاهُمْ
مِنْ طِينٍ لَّازِبٍ
بَلْ عَجِبْتَ وَيَسْخَرُونَ ١٢
وَإِنَّا ذُكِّرُوا لَا يَذْكُرُونَ ١٣
وَإِنَّا رَأَوْا آيَةً يَسْتَسْخَرُونَ ١٤
وَقَالُوا إِن هَذَا إِلَّا سِحْرٌ مُّبِينٌ ١٥
أَوَإِذَا مِنَّا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعِظْمًا ١٦
أَنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ
أَوَءَابَاؤُنَا الْأَوَّلُونَ ١٧
قُلْ نَعَمْ وَأَنْتُمْ دَاخِرُونَ ١٨
فَإِنَّمَا هِيَ زَجْرَةٌ وَاحِدَةٌ ١٩
فَإِذَا هُمْ يَنْظُرُونَ
وَقَالُوا يَا بَنِيَّانَا هَذَا يَوْمُ الدِّينِ ٢٠

سُورَةُ الشَّافَاتِ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

- 37:21 It will be said to them:
This is the Day of Decision,
the one you used to deny!
- 37:22 * God shall say to His angels:
Assemble those who did wrong
by worshipping false gods,
them and their 'unbelieving' spouses,
along with all that they used to worship
37:23 apart from the One true God.
Then lead them to the pathway of Hellfire.
- 37:24 But halt them there.
Indeed, they are to be 'scoffed at and' asked:
- 37:25 What is with you
that you cannot help one another?
- 37:26 Rather, on this Day,
they shall be in utter submission 'before God'.
- 37:27 Thus shall they turn to one another,
'followers and leaders',
asking of each other 'in an inquest of blame'.
- 37:28 They 'who followed' shall say 'to their leaders':
Indeed, you used to come to 'dissuade' us
from the right 'course'!
- 37:29 They 'who led' shall say 'to them':
Rather, it was you yourselves
who would not become believers!
- 37:30 For never did we have
any 'real' authority over you.
Rather, you were 'yourselves'
a transgressing people.
- 37:31 So 'now' the word of our Lord
has come to pass against us.
Indeed, we shall 'all', most surely, taste
'His torment',
- 37:32 for we deluded you.
Indeed, we ourselves were 'lost'

هَذَا يَوْمُ الْقَصْلِ ﴿٢١﴾
الَّذِي كُنتُمْ بِهِ تَكْذِبُونَ
﴿٢٢﴾ أَخْشَرُوا الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا
وَأَزْوَاجَهُمْ وَمَا كَانُوا يَعْبُدُونَ
﴿٢٣﴾ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
فَاهْذُوهُمْ إِلَى صِرَاطِ الْجَحِيمِ
﴿٢٤﴾ وَفَقُّوهُمْ إِنَّهُمْ مَسْئُولُونَ
﴿٢٥﴾ مَا لَكُمْ لَا تَنْصَرُونَ
﴿٢٦﴾ بَلْ هُمْ أَلْيَوْمَ مُتَسَنِّمُونَ
﴿٢٧﴾ وَأَقْبَلَ بَعْضُهُمْ
عَلَى بَعْضٍ يَتَسَاءَلُونَ
﴿٢٨﴾ قَالُوا إِنَّا كُنْتُمْ
تَأْتُونَنَا عَنِ الْيَمِينِ
﴿٢٩﴾ قَالُوا بَلْ لَمْ تَكُونُوا مُؤْمِنِينَ
﴿٣٠﴾ وَمَا كَانْ لَنَا
عَلَيْكُمْ مِنْ سُلْطَانٍ
بَلْ كُنْتُمْ قَوْمًا طَافِينَ
﴿٣١﴾ فَحَقَّ عَلَيْنَا قَوْلُ رَبِّنَا
إِنَّا لَذَائِقُونَ
﴿٣٢﴾ فَأَغْوَيْنَاكُمْ إِنَّا كُنَّا غَاوِينَ

- in utter delusion.
- 37:33 And, indeed, on that Day,
they shall all be partners in torment.
- 37:34 For so it is, indeed,
that We deal with the defiant unbelievers.
- 37:35 For whenever it was said to them 'in life':
There is no God but 'the One' God,
they would grow so very arrogant,
and say:
Are we to forsake our gods
for 'the word of' a possessed poet?
37:37 Rather, 'Muhammad' has, indeed,
come with the truth 'from God'!
Moreover, he has confirmed the 'revealed truth
of all' the messengers 'preceding him'.
- 37:38 Indeed, you shall, most surely, taste
the most painful torment
'in the Hereafter'.
- 37:39 Nor shall you be recompensed
for other than all 'the evil'
that you were doing 'in life'.
- 37:40 Excepted 'therefrom'
are the sincere, elect servants of God.
- 37:41 For 'such as' these,
there is 'in the Hereafter'
a predetermined provision 'awaiting,
without fail',
37:42 fruits of all kinds.
Moreover, they shall be honored
37:43 in the Gardens of Delight 'of Paradise,
37:44 reposed' on settees, facing one another.
- 37:45 Passed round among them
shall be a chalice of flowing 'wine'—

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- فَإِنَّهُمْ يَوْمَئِذٍ ٣٢
- فِي الْعَذَابِ مُشْتَرِكُونَ ٣٣
- إِنَّا كَذَلِكَ نَفْعَلُ بِالْمُجْرِمِينَ ٣٤
- إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا إِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ ٣٥
- لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ ٣٦
- وَيَقُولُونَ إِنَّا لَنَأْكُلُوا أَلْهَتَنَا ٣٧
- لِشَاعِرٍ تَجْتُنِ ٣٨
- بَلْ جَاءَ بِالْحَقِّ ٣٩
- وَصَدَقَ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ٤٠
- إِنَّكُمْ لَذَائِقُوا الْعَذَابِ الْأَلِيمِ ٤١
- وَمَا تُحْزَنُونَ ٤٢
- إِلَّا مَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ٤٣
- إِلَّا عِبَادَ اللَّهِ الْمَخْلَصِينَ ٤٤
- أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ رِزْقٌ مَعْلُومٌ ٤٥
- فَوَاكِهُ وَهُمْ مُكْرَمُونَ ٤٦
- فِي جَنَّاتِ النَّعِيمِ ٤٧
- عَلَى سُرُرٍ مُتَقَابِلِينَ ٤٨
- يُطَافُ عَلَيْهِمْ بِكَأْسٍ مِنْ مَعِينٍ ٤٩
- بَيضَاءَ لَذَّةٍ لِلشَّارِبِينَ ٥٠
- لَا فِيهَا عَوِيلٌ ٥١

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- 37:46 'crystalline' white, 'exquisitely' delicious
for all who drink 'of it'.
- 37:47 No headiness is there therein.
Nor from it are they intoxicated.
- 37:48 And near them are maidens,
restrained of glance, wide-eyed—
- 37:49 as if they were 'delicately' cloistered eggs.
- 37:50 Thus they shall turn to one another
'and' ask each other 'of former times'.
- 37:51 One of them shall say:
Once, I had a close companion
37:52 who would say 'to me':
Are you, indeed, one of those
who believe with certainty
the truth 'of Resurrection'—
- 37:53 that when we are dead
and have become 'mere' dust and bones,
we shall, indeed, be 'raised up and' judged?
- 37:54 Then he shall say 'to his fellows in Paradise':
Will you look 'with me upon him now'?
- 37:55 Then he shall look 'from on high
at his disbelieving companion'.
Thus he shall see him in the midst of Hellfire.
- 37:56 He shall say 'to him': By God!
Indeed, you very nearly doomed me!
- 37:57 Had it not been for the grace of my Lord,
most surely, I would have been of those
brought 'down into Hellfire with you'.
- 37:58 Now, 'I ask you,' are we never to die, then—
- 37:59 except for our first death?
And are we never to be chastised
'for unbelief'?
- 37:60 Indeed, this 'blissful Paradise'
is itself, most surely, the magnificent triumph!
- 37:61 For the like of this 'Heavenly delight', then,

وَلَا هُمْ عَنْهَا يُزْفُونَ

وَعِنْدَهُمْ ٤٨

فَقَصَرْتُ الْأَنَظِرَ عَيْنٌ

كَأَنَّهُنَّ بَيْضٌ مَكْنُونٌ ٤٩

فَأَقْبَلَ بَعْضُهُمْ

عَلَى بَعْضٍ يَتَسَاءَلُونَ

قَالَ قَائِلٌ مِنْهُمْ ٥١

إِنِّي كَان لِي قَرِيبٌ

يَقُولُ أَأِنَّكَ لَمِنَ الْمُصَدِّقِينَ ٥٢

أَهَذَا مِنَّا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعِظْلَمًا ٥٣

أَيُّهَا الْمَدِينُونَ

قَالَ هَلْ أُنَبِّئُكُمْ مُطَّلِعُونَ ٥٤

فَأَطَّلَعَ فَرَأَاهُ فِي سَوَاءِ الْجَحِيمِ ٥٥

قَالَ تَاللَّهِ إِنْ كِدْتَ لَتُرْدِينَ ٥٦

وَلَوْلَا نِعْمَةُ رَبِّي ٥٧

لَكُنْتُ مِنَ الْمُخْضَرِّينَ

أَفَمَا نَحْنُ بِمَبْعُوثِينَ ٥٨

إِلَّا أَمْوَلُنَا الْأُولَى ٥٩

وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمُعَذَّبِينَ

إِنَّ هَذَا هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ٦٠

لِيَسْئَلِ هَذَا فَلَیَعْمَلِ الْغَائِمُونَ ٦١

أَذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ نُزْلًا ٦٢

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- let the workers of righteousness work.
- 37:62 Is this reception in Paradise better
as an everlasting hospitality,
or that of the Impalatable Tree of Zaqqûm?
- 37:63 Indeed, We have made it
a setting of tribulation
for the godless wrongdoers.
- 37:64 Indeed, it is a tree that comes forth
within the very nethermost of Hellfire.
- 37:65 Its spathes are as revolting
as the heads of the satans.
- 37:66 Yet, indeed, they who dwell in Hell
shall most surely eat of it,
and from it shall they fill their bellies.
- 37:67 Then along with it
there shall, most surely, be for them
a mix of scalding fluid.
- 37:68 Thereafter, their return
is to their place in Hellfire.
- 37:69 For, indeed, they found their forefathers astray.
- 37:70 And upon their traces
they thoughtlessly rushed on.
- 37:71 For, very truly, before them,
most of the earliest generations
of humanity went astray—
- 37:72 though, very truly, We had sent among them
forewarners of the Judgment Day.
- 37:73 So see how devastating was the end
of those who had been forewarned
of God's judgment—
- 37:74 all of them—
except the sincere, elect servants of God.
- 37:75 Now, very truly,

أَمْ سَجَرَةُ الزَّقُّومِ
إِنَّا جَعَلْنَاهَا فِتْنَةً لِلظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٦٣﴾
إِنَّهَا شَجَرَةٌ
تَخْرُجُ فِي أَصْلِ الْجَحِيمِ ﴿٦٤﴾
طَلْعُهَا كَأَنَّهُ
رُءُوسُ الشَّيَاطِينِ ﴿٦٥﴾
فَأَنَّهُمْ لَا كُؤُنَ مِنْهَا
فَمَا لَوْ أَنَّ الْبَاطِلُونَ
كُؤُنَ لَهْمٌ عَلَيْهَا ﴿٦٦﴾
لَشَوَّبَاتٍ حَمِيمٍ
ثُمَّ إِنِّ مَرْجِعُهُمْ إِلَى الْجَحِيمِ ﴿٦٧﴾
إِنَّهُمْ أَفْوَءَاءُ أَبَاءِهِمْ صَلَاحِينَ
فَهُمْ عَلَىٰ آثَرِهِمْ يُهْرَعُونَ ﴿٦٨﴾
وَلَقَدْ ضَلَّ قَبْلَهُمْ
أَكْثَرُ الْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿٦٩﴾
وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا فِيهِمْ مُنْذِرِينَ ﴿٧٠﴾
فَانْظُرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ
عَاقِبَةُ الْمُنْذَرِينَ ﴿٧١﴾
إِلَّا عِبَادَ اللَّهِ
الْمُخْلِصِينَ ﴿٧٢﴾
وَلَقَدْ نَادَيْنَا نُوْحَ ﴿٧٣﴾
فَلَنِعْمَ الْمُجِيبُونَ ﴿٧٤﴾

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٧٦ وَنَجَّيْنَاهُ وَأَهْلَهُ

مِنَ الْكَرْبِ الْعَظِيمِ

٧٧ وَجَعَلْنَا ذُرِّيَّتَهُ هُمُ الْبَاقِينَ

٧٨ وَرَكَّعْنَا عَلَيْهِ فِي الْآخِرِينَ

٧٩ سَلَّمْنَا عَلَى نُوْحٍ فِي الْعَالَمِينَ

٨٠ إِنَّا كَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ

٨١ إِنَّهُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

٨٢ ثُمَّ أَعْرَفْنَا الْآخَرِينَ

٨٣ وَأَتَىٰ مِنْ شَيْعَانِهِ

لَا يُزْهِيمُهُ

٨٤ إِذْ جَاءَ رَبَّهُ بِقَلْبٍ سَلِيمٍ

٨٥ إِذْ قَالَ لِأَيُّهُ وَقَوْمِهِ

مَاذَا تَعْبُدُونَ

٨٦ أَيِفْكَاءَ إِلَهَ دُونَ اللَّهِ تُرِيدُونَ

٨٧ فَمَا ظَنُّكُمْ بِرَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

٨٨ فَظَنَرَنظَرَةً فِي السُّجُومِ

٨٩ فَقَالَ إِنِّي سَقِيمٌ

٩٠ فَنُفِّلُوا عَنْهُ مُدِيرِينَ

٩١ فَرَاغَ إِلَىٰ إِلَهِ الْعَالَمِينَ

فَقَالَ لَا تَأْكُلُونَ

Noah cried out to Us 'for help'.

And how utterly commendable
were We who answered!37:76 Thus We delivered him and his family
from the great anguish 'of the Flood'.37:77 And it was his offspring that We made
the sole surviving ones!37:78 Moreover, We perpetuated for him
'his good name' among the latter generations:37:79 Peace 'forever' be upon Noah
among all 'the peoples of' the world!37:80 Indeed, thus do We reward
those who excel in 'doing' good.37:81 For, indeed, he was 'one'
of Our 'true' believing servants
'whom We saved'.

37:82 Then We drowned the others 'who disbelieved'.

37:83 *Moreover, from his 'confirmed' alliance
was, most surely, Abraham,37:84 when he came to his Lord
with a pure heart 'full of faith'.37:85 Behold!
He said to his 'own' father and his people:
What are you worshipping?37:86 Is it a mere fabrication—
gods apart from 'the true' God—that you desire?37:87 What, then, 'has become' of your belief
in the Lord of 'All' the Worlds?

37:88 Then he took a 'contemplative' look at the stars.

37:89 Then he said: Indeed, I shall be sick!

37:90 So they turned away from him,
leaving him behind,37:91 whereupon
he swiftly advanced toward their gods,

- and he said to them:
Will you not eat the offerings?
37:92 What is with you that you do not talk?
37:93 Then swiftly he advanced against them,
striking them with his right hand.
37:94 So when his people returned,
they fell upon him hurriedly.
37:95 He said:
Do you worship what you yourselves carve out
of substances and stone,
37:96 though it is God alone who has created you
and all that you do?
37:97 They said: Build a kiln for him!
Then throw him into the blazing fire!
37:98 They endeavored mightily to plot against him.
But We made them the lowest of the abased.
37:99 He said: I am leaving to the path of my Lord.
He shall, most surely, guide me.
37:100 He prayed: My Lord!
Grant me a child who shall be of the righteous.
37:101 Thereafter, We gave him glad tidings
of a most forbearing boy.
37:102 So when he had attained to an age
of striving with him in good works,
Abraham said: O my dear son!
I have seen in a dream that I am to sacrifice you.
So consider this, and tell me what you think?
He said: O my dear father!
Do what you are commanded by God.
You shall find me, if God so wills,
among those who are patient.
37:103 So at last,
when they had willingly submitted themselves
to the will of God,
and he had laid him down for sacrifice,

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- مَا لَكُمْ لَا تَنْطِقُونَ ٩٢
فَرَأَى عَلَيْهِمْ صُرًى بِالْيَمِينِ ٩٣
فَأَقْبَلُوا إِلَيْهِ يَرَوُونَ ٩٤
قَالَ اتَّعِدُونْ مَا نَنْجُوْنَ ٩٥
وَاللَّهُ خَلَقَكُمْ وَمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ٩٦
قَالُوا اتَّبِعْنَا لِمَ يُلَيْنَا ٩٧
فَأَلْقَوْهُ فِي الْجَحِيمِ ٩٨
فَأَرَادُوا بِهِ كَيْدًا ٩٩
فَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ الْأَسْفَلِينَ ١٠٠
وَقَالَ إِنِّي ذَاهِبٌ ١٠١
إِلَىٰ رَبِّي سَيِّدِينَ ١٠٢
رَبِّ هَبْ لِي مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ١٠٣
فَبَشَّرْنَاهُ بِغُلَامٍ حَلِيمٍ ١٠٤
فَلَمَّا بَلَغَ مَعَهُ السَّعَىٰ ١٠٥
كَالْيَتِيمِ ١٠٦
إِنِّي ١٠٧
أَرَىٰ فِي الْمَنَامِ أَنِّي أَذْبَحُكَ ١٠٨
فَانظُرْ مَاذَا تَرَىٰ ١٠٩
قَالَ يَتَابَتِ أَفْعَلُ مَا تُؤْمَرُ ١١٠
سَتَجِدُنِي إِن شَاءَ اللَّهُ ١١١
مِنَ الصَّابِرِينَ ١١٢
فَلَمَّا أَسْلَمَا وَتَلَّهُ لِلْجَبِينِ ١١٣
وَنَدَيْنَاهُ أَنِ يَنْتَهِزْ هَيْمُ ١١٤

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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- his son's head turned away upon his temple,
 37:104 We then called out to him: O Abraham!
 37:105 Truly, you have confirmed
 the 'truth revealed in your' vision.
 'And' thus do We reward
 those who excel in 'doing' good.
 37:106 Indeed, this was most surely
 a manifest test 'for father and son'.
 37:107 But We 'spared his son
 and' ransomed him
 with a sacrifice of a magnificent offering.
 37:108 Moreover, We perpetuated for him
 'his good name' among the latter generations:
 37:109 Peace 'forever be upon Abraham!
 37:110 Thus do We reward
 those who excel in 'doing' good.
 37:111 For, indeed, he was 'one
 of Our 'true' believing servants
 'whom We saved'.
 37:112 Moreover, We gave him
 glad tidings of 'the birth of another son,' Isaac,
 'who would be' a prophet
 'and' one of the righteous.
 37:113 Thus did We bestow
 'abundant' blessings upon him and upon Isaac.
 So of their descendants are those who excel
 in 'doing' good—
 and those who clearly wrong their own souls.
 37:114 And very truly We have conferred favor
 upon Moses and Aaron,
 37:115 wherefore We delivered them
 and their people
 from the great anguish 'of oppression'.
 37:116 For We supported them 'against Pharaoh'.

١٠٥ قَدْ صَدَّقْتَ الرُّبِّيَّ

إِنَّا كَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ

إِنَّ هَذَا لَهُ الْبَلَاءُ الْمُبِينُ

وَفَدَيْنَاهُ بِذَبْحٍ عَظِيمٍ

وَوَرَّكُنَا عَلَيْهِ فِي الْآخِرِينَ

سَلَامٌ عَلَى إِبْرَاهِيمَ

كَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ

إِنَّهُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَبَشَّرْنَاهُ بِإِسْحَاقَ

نَبِيًّا مِّنَ الصَّالِحِينَ

وَوَرَّكُنَا عَلَيْهِ وَعَلَى إِسْحَاقَ

وَمِن ذُرِّيَّتِهِمَا مُحْسِنٌ

وظَالِمٌ لِّنَفْسِهِ مِثْلُ

وَلَقَدْ مَنَنَّا عَلَىٰ

مُوسَىٰ وَهَارُونَ

وَنَجَّيْنَاهُمَا وَقَوْمَهُمَا

مِنَ الْكَرْبِ الْعَظِيمِ

وَنَصَرْنَاهُمْ

فَكَانُوا هُمُ الْغَالِبِينَ

- Thus it was they
who were the triumphant 'ones'.
- 37:117 Moreover, We gave them
the Torah, the elucidating Book.
- 37:118 And so We guided both of them
upon the straight way.
- 37:119 Moreover, We perpetuated for both of them
their good names among the latter generations:
- 37:120 Peace forever be upon Moses and Aaron!
- 37:121 Indeed, thus do We reward
those who excel in 'doing' good.
- 37:122 For, indeed, both of them were
of Our 'true' believing servants
whom We saved.
- 37:123 And, indeed, Elias
is, most surely, 'one' of the messengers.
- 37:124 Behold! He said to his people:
Will you not be God-fearing?
- 37:125 Will you call upon 'the idol' Baal
and leave the best of Creators?
- 37:126 God 'alone' is your Lord,
and the Lord of your forefathers of old!
- 37:127 But they belied him.
Thus they shall, indeed,
be brought up before Us for punishment.
- 37:128 Excepted therefrom
are the sincere, elect servants of God.
- 37:129 Moreover, We perpetuated for him
his good name among the latter generations:
- 37:130 Peace forever be upon Elias!
- 37:131 Indeed, thus do We reward
those who excel in 'doing' good.
- 37:132 For, indeed, he was 'one'
of Our 'true' believing servants

سُبْحَانَكَ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْوَهَّابِ

وَأَتَيْنَهُمَا الْكِتَابَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ١١٧

وَهَدَيْنَاهُمَا ١١٨

الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ

وَوَرَّعْنَا عَلَيْهِمَا ١١٩

فِي الْآخِرِينَ

سَلَامٌ عَلَى ١٢٠

مُوسَى وَهَارُونَ

إِنَّا كَذَلِكَ ١٢١

نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ

إِنَّهُمَا مِنْ عِبَادِنَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ١٢٢

وَلِإِنِ الْيَاسَ لَمِنْ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ١٢٣

إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ أَلَا تَتَّقُونَ ١٢٤

أَلَا تَدْعُونَ بَعْلًا ١٢٥

وَتَذَرُونَ أَحْسَنَ الْخَالِقِينَ

اللَّهُ رَبِّكُمْ ١٢٦

وَرَبَّ آبَائِكُمُ الْأَوَّلِينَ

فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَأْتَنَّهُمْ الْمُحْضَرُونَ ١٢٧

إِلَّا عِبَادَ اللَّهِ الْمُخْلَصِينَ ١٢٨

وَوَرَّعْنَا عَلَيْهِ فِي الْآخِرِينَ ١٢٩

سَلَامٌ عَلَى إِبْرَاهِيمَ ١٣٠

إِنَّا كَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ ١٣١

إِنَّهُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ١٣٢

وَإِن لُّوطًا لَمِنْ الْمُرْسَلِينَ ١٣٣

whom We saved.

- 37:133 And, indeed, Lot
is, most surely, 'one' of the messengers.
37:134 Behold!
We delivered him and his family, all together—
37:135 except 'his wife,'
an 'obstinate' old woman
who was among those who lingered behind.
37:136 Then We demolished the others.
37:137 And, indeed,
you 'may still' pass by 'their traces'
and see 'them at morning time'
37:138 and in the night.
Will you not, then, understand?

- 37:139 And, indeed, Jonah
is, most surely, 'one' of the messengers.
37:140 Behold!
He ran away to the overladen ship
'and it fell into peril'.
37:141 So he cast lots 'with the others'
and became 'one' of the castaways.
37:142 Thereupon, the whale gulped him,
and he was blameworthy.
37:143 Yet were it not that he was one
who highly exalted 'God alone',
37:144 he would have remained in its belly
until the Day all are raised up 'for Judgment'.
37:145 *Thus We hurled him into the wilderness,
while he was sick.
37:146 And We caused to grow over him
a tree of gourds 'for shade'.
37:147 Then We sent him 'back' to 'the city'
of 'a hundred thousand' people—

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١٣٢ إِذْ نَجَّيْنَاهُ وَأَهْلَهُ أَجْمَعِينَ

١٣٥ إِلَّا عَجُوزًا فِي الْغَابِرِينَ

١٣٦ ثُمَّ دَمَرْنَا الْآخَرِينَ

وَأَنكَرُوا

لَنَمُوتَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ مُّصِيبِينَ

١٣٨ وَبِأَيِّ لِّئَالٍ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ

١٣٩ وَإِنْ يُوَسَّسْ لِمَنْ أَلْمَسُوا

١٤٠ إِذْ أَتَى إِلَى الْفُلْكِ الْمَشْحُونِ

١٤١ فَسَاهَمَ فَكَانَ مِنَ الْمُدْحَضِينَ

١٤٢ فَالْتَقَمَهُ الْحُوتُ وَهُوَ مُلِيمٌ

١٤٣ فَلَوْلَا أَنَّهُ

كَانَ مِنَ الْمُسَبِّحِينَ

١٤٤ لَلَبِثَ فِي بَطْنِهِ

إِلَى يَوْمٍ يُعْتَدُونَ

١٤٥ فَنَبَذْنَاهُ بِالْعَرَاءِ

وَهُوَ سَقِيمٌ

١٤٦ وَأَبْتَسْنَا عَلَيْهِ

سَجْرَةً مِّنْ يَقْطِينٍ

١٤٧ وَأَرْسَلْنَاهُ إِلَى مِائَةِ آلَافٍ

أَوْ زَيْدُونَ

١٤٨ فَتَأَمَّلُوا

- rather, even more!
- 37:148 Thus they believed.
So We gave them enjoyment 'in life', for a time.
- 37:149 So 'confront the disbelievers, O Prophet,
and 'inquire of them
'regarding their false claims'.
Is it that your Lord has daughters,
while they would betake to themselves
'only' sons?
- 37:150 Or is it, 'in fact, the case'
that We have created the angels as females,
while they were 'present as' witnesses?
- 37:151 It is most surely,
out of their utter fabrication
that they do, indeed, say:
- 37:152 God has begotten 'offspring'!
And, indeed, they are most certainly sheer liars!
- 37:153 Why would He choose daughters
over sons?
- 37:154 What has become of you?
How do you make
such an 'unfounded' judgment?
- 37:155 Will you not, then,
become mindful 'that God is One'?
- 37:156 Or is it rather
that you have some clear 'revealed' authority
'for your claims'?
- 37:157 Then produce your 'Heavenly' Book,
if you are truthful!
- 37:158 Moreover, they have assigned kinship
between Him and the jinn,
though truly the jinn know well 'that this is false
and' that they shall, most surely,
be brought up 'for Judgment before Him'.

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فَمَتَّعْنَاهُمْ إِلَىٰ حِينٍ
فَاسْتَفْتَاهُمُ الرَّبُّ الْبَنَاتِ ١٤٨
وَلَهُمُ الْبَنُونَ
أَمْ خَلَقْنَا الْمَلَائِكَةَ ١٤٩
إِنثًا وَهُمْ شَاهِدُونَ
أَلَا إِنَّمِ ١٥٠
مِّنْ إِفْكِهِمْ لَيَقُولُونَ
وَلَدَ اللَّهُ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَكَاذِبُونَ ١٥١
أَصْطَفَى الْبَنَاتِ ١٥٢
عَلَى الْبَنِينَ
مَا لَكُمْ كَيْفَ تَحْكُمُونَ ١٥٣
أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ ١٥٤
أَمْ لَكُمْ سُلْطَانٌ مُّبِينٌ ١٥٥
فَأَنذَرْتُكُمْ نَارًا تَلَظَّى ١٥٦
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ١٥٧
وَجَعَلُوا بَيْنَهُ وَبَيْنَ الْجَنَّةِ نِجَالًا ١٥٨
وَلَقَدْ عَلِمَتِ الْجِنَّةُ ١٥٩
إِنَّهُمْ لَمُحْضَرُونَ
سُبْحَنَ اللَّهِ عَمَّا يُصِفُونَ ١٦٠

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَجَرَةُ الثَّالِثَةُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- 37:159 Highly exalted is God far above all
that they ascribe to Him!
- 37:160 Excepted from uttering such falsehoods
are the sincere, elect servants of God.
- 37:161 For, indeed, neither you disbelievers—
nor all the false gods that you worship—
37:162 none of you
can seduce a single soul from belief in Him,
37:163 except one who is destined
to roast in Hellfire.
- 37:164 And so say the angels:
There is not one of us
but that he has a designated station
of worshipping God alone.
- 37:165 And, indeed, it is, most surely, we
who arrange ourselves in devotional ranks.
- 37:166 And, indeed, it is, most surely, we
who highly exalt God alone.
- 37:167 Yet, indeed,
they who belie you, O Prophet,
have long been saying:
37:168 If only we had with us the guidance
of a revealed Reminder
like that of the earlier Scriptures,
37:169 we would most surely
be sincere, elect servants of God!
- 37:170 But when the Quran came to them,
they disbelieved in it.
Yet they shall, most surely,
come to know their loss.
- 37:171 For truly, Our word to Our servants,
the messengers, has gone forth:
37:172 Indeed, it is they

إِلَّا عِبَادَ اللَّهِ الْمُخْلَصِينَ ﴿١٦٠﴾
فَإِنَّكُمْ وَمَا تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿١٦١﴾
مَا أَنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ بِفَعَّاتِينَ ﴿١٦٢﴾
إِلَّا آمَنَ هُوَ صَالِ الْجَحِيمِ ﴿١٦٣﴾
وَمَا مِنَّا إِلَّا لَهُ مَقَامٌ مَعْلُومٌ ﴿١٦٤﴾
وَأِنَّا لَنَحْنُ الصَّافُونَ ﴿١٦٥﴾
وَأِنَّا لَنَحْنُ الْمُسَبِّحُونَ ﴿١٦٦﴾
وَأِنْ كَانُوا لَيَقُولُونَ ﴿١٦٧﴾
لَوْ أَنَّ عِنْدَنَا ذِكْرًا مِّنَ الْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿١٦٨﴾
لَكُنَّا عِبَادَ اللَّهِ الْمُخْلَصِينَ ﴿١٦٩﴾
فَكُفِّرُوا بِهِ فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٧٠﴾
وَلَقَدْ سَبَقَتْ كَلِمَتُنَا ﴿١٧١﴾
لِعِبَادِنَا الْمُرْسَلِينَ ﴿١٧٢﴾
إِنَّهُمْ لَهُمُ الْمَنْصُورُونَ ﴿١٧٣﴾
وَأِنْ جُنَدَنَا لَهُمُ الْغَالِبُونَ ﴿١٧٤﴾

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who shall ultimately be the victors.

37:173 Thus, as to Our believing hosts—

it is they who shall be the triumphant ones.

37:174 So turn away from the disbelievers

among them, for a time, O Prophet,
and pay them no heed.

37:175 But observe them.

For they shall soon see their own doom.

37:176 Is it Our imminent torment, then,
that truly they seek to hasten?

37:177 Yet when it descends

into their very courtyards—
then, most evil, shall be the morning
of those who were forewarned.

37:178 So turn away from them,
for a time, O Prophet, and pay them no heed.

37:179 But observe them.

For they shall soon see their own doom.

37:180 Highly exalted is your Lord—

the Lord of Invincible Might—
far above all that they ascribe to Him.

37:181 So peace forever

be upon all the messengers!

37:182 For all praise is for God alone,
Lord of All the Worlds.

فَنُؤَلِّهِمْ عَنْهُمْ حَتَّىٰ حِينٍ ١٧٤

وَأَبْصِرْهُمْ فَسَوْفَ يُبْصِرُونَ ١٧٥

أَفَعَدَّائِنَا إِسْتَعْجِلُونَ ١٧٦

فَإِذَا نَزَلَ بِسَاحَتِهِمْ ١٧٧

فَسَاءَ صَبَاحُ الْمُنْذَرِينَ ١٧٨

وَنُؤَلِّهِمْ عَنْهُمْ حَتَّىٰ حِينٍ ١٧٩

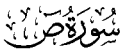
وَأَبْصِرْ فَسَوْفَ يُبْصِرُونَ ١٨٠

سُبْحَنَ رَبِّكَ ١٨١

رَبِّ الْعِزَّةِ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ ١٨٢

وَسَلَامٌ عَلَى الْمُرْسَلِينَ ١٨٣

وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ١٨٤



The surah that opens with the single discrete Arabic letter ŠÂD.

Surah 38 / 88 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Šâd

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 38:1 *Šâd*
By the Quran!
This is a divine Reminder
endowed with plenary admonition!
- 38:2 Yet those who disbelieve are utterly lost
in self-glory and defiance.
- 38:3 How many a generation before them
have We destroyed for ungodliness.
They cried out in repentance
at their destruction,
but no longer was there time
to escape the judgment of God.
- 38:4 Yet, still they wonder that there has come,
from among themselves,
a prophet as a forewarner of Judgment Day.
For the disbelievers have said of him:
This is a sorcerer! A sheer liar!
- 38:5 Has he made all the gods to be One God?
Indeed, this is a most astounding thing!
- 38:6 And so the assembly of elders among them
in Makkah proceeded to exhort the people:
Go on steadfastly, and persevere
in adhering to your gods.

ص وَالْقُرْآنِ ذِي الذِّكْرِ ١
بَلِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فِي عِزِّهِمْ وَشِقَاقِي ٢
كَرْ أَهْلَكْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِنْ قَرْنٍ ٣
فَتَادَوْا وَلَاتَ حِينَ مَنَاصٍ ٤
وَعَجِبُوا أَنْ جَاءَهُمْ مُنْذِرٌ مِنْهُمْ ٥
وَقَالَ الْكَافِرُونَ ٦
هَذَا سِحْرٌ كَذَابٌ ٧
أَجْعَلِ الْآلِهَةَ إِلَهًا وَاحِدًا ٨
إِنَّ هَذَا لَشَيْءٌ عَجَابٌ ٩
وَأَنْطَلَقَ الْمَلَأُ مِنْهُمْ أَنْ آمَسُوا ١٠
وَأَصْبِرُوا عَلَىٰ آلِهَتِكُمْ ١١
إِنَّ هَذَا لَشَيْءٌ يُرَادُ ١٢

سُوْرَةُ الشَّادِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّالِثُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- Indeed, this is merely something intended to gain authority over us .
- 38:7 We have not heard of any such thing in the ways of the last known religion. This is nothing but a fiction.
- 38:8 Has the revealed Reminder been sent down upon him alone out of all of us? Rather, they are in complete doubt about My Reminder. Rather, they have not yet tasted My torment!
- 38:9 Or is it, rather, that the treasures of the mercy of your Lord—the Overpowering One, the All-Granting—are with them?
- 38:10 Or is it that dominion over the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, belongs to them? Then if it be so, let them ascend through the heavenly spheres to enforce their will!
- 38:11 They are but meagre hosts of the disbelieving alliances—scattered here and there—soon to be vanquished!
- 38:12 So too before them did the people of Noah belie God, as did the people of Ād, and mighty Pharaoh of the lofty structures,
- 38:13 and the people of Thamûd, and the people of Lot, as well, and the Dwellers of the Thicket of Al-Aykah. These were mightier alliances of unbelief.
- 38:14 There is not one of these communities

مَا سَمِعْنَا بِهَذَا ٧

فِي أَمَلَةٍ الْآخِرَةِ

إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا أَخْلَاقٌ

أَنْزِلَ عَلَيْهِ الذِّكْرُ مِنْ بَيْنِنَا ٨

بَلْ هُمْ فِي شَكٍّ مِنْ ذِكْرِي

بَلْ لَمَّا يَدُوُّوا عَذَابٍ

أَمْرٌ عِنْدَهُمْ خَزَائِنُ رَحْمَةِ ٩

رَبِّكَ الْعَزِيزِ الْوَهَّابِ

أَمْ لَهُمْ مُلْكُ السَّمَاوَاتِ ١٠

وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا

فَلْيَرْفَعُوا فِي الْأَسْبَابِ

جُنْدٌ مَا هُنَاكَ ١١

مَهْزُومٌ مِنَ الْأَحْزَابِ

كَذَّبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ وَعَادٌ ١٢

وَفِرْعَوْنُ ذُو الْأَوْتَادِ

وَتَمُودُ وَقَوْمُ لُوطٍ ١٣

وَأَصْحَابُ لَيْكَةِ

أُولَئِكَ الْأَحْزَابُ

إِنْ كُلٌّ ١٤

إِلَّا كَذَّبَ الرُّسُلَ

سُورَةُ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

but that it belied the 'divine mandate
of God's messengers.

Thus My punishment

'justly' came to pass 'against them'.

38:15 Therefore, the likes of 'these 'disbelievers'
await nothing but a single blast 'of destruction',
from which there shall be no recovery.

38:16 Yet they say 'in mockery': Our Lord!
Hasten our portion 'of doom' for us 'now',
before the Day of Reckoning!

38:17 'O Prophet!
Be patient with all that they say.
And recall Our servant David, 'a mere shepherd,
whom God' endowed with prowess.

Indeed, he was ever-penitent.
38:18 Indeed, We subjugated the 'very' mountains
to give due exaltation 'to God' with him—
in the evenings and at sunrise—

38:19 and the birds in assembly, 'as well'.
Each would resort to Him 'in penitence'.

38:20 Thus did We strengthen his dominion.
Moreover, We gave him 'prophetic' wisdom
and prudence in speech.

38:21 *Now, has the account of the 'two' disputants
come to you, 'O Prophet'?

Behold!

They climbed the 'wall of David's' sanctuary.

38:22 When they entered upon David 'during worship',
he was alarmed by them.

They said: Have no fear!

'We are' two disputants.

One of us has committed injustice
against the other.

So judge between us,
in accordance with the truth.

Moreover, do not transgress 'the law of God'.

فَحَقَّ عِقَابِ

وَمَا يَنْظُرُهُمْ إِلَّا

إِلَّا صَيْحَةً وَاحِدَةً

مَا لَهَا مِنْ فَوَاقٍ

وَقَالُوا رَبَّنَا عَجَلْنَا

قَبْلَ يَوْمِ الْحِسَابِ

أَصْبِرْ عَلَى مَا يَقُولُونَ

وَأَذْكُرْ عَبْدَنَا دَاوُدَ ذَا الْأَيْدِ

إِنَّهُ أَوَّابٌ

إِنَّا سَخَرْنَا الْجِبَالَ مَعَهُ

يُسَبِّحْنَ بِالْعُشِيِّ وَالْإِشْرَاقِ

وَالطُّيُورِ مَحْشُورَةً كُلٌّ لَّهِ أَوَّابٌ

وَشَدَدْنَا مُلْكَهُ

وَعَزَّزْنَاهُ بِحِكْمَةٍ

وَفَصَّلْنَا الْخُطَابِ

وَهَلْ آتَاكَ نَبَأُ الْخَصْمِ

إِذْ سَوَّرُوا الْمِحْرَابَ

إِذْ دَخَلُوا عَلَى دَاوُدَ

فَفَزِعَ مِنْهُمْ قَالُوا لَا تَخَفْ

خَصَمَانِ بَيْنَ بَعْضِنَا عَلَى بَعْضٍ

فَاتَّخَذْنَا بِالْحَقِّ

وَلَا نُنْشِطُ

سُورَةُ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

- But, rather, guide us to the even way.
- 38:23 Indeed, this is my brother.
He has ninety-nine ewes,
whereas I have only one ewe.
So he said: Give her into my care.
Moreover, he became overbearing toward me
in his speech.
- 38:24 He said to the disputants:
Truly, he has wronged you
by asking to add your ewe to his ewes.
And, indeed, many are the partners
who commit injustice against one another,
except for those who believe
and do righteous deeds—and how few they are!
Then David realized
that We had put him to the test.
So he sought forgiveness from his Lord,
and, at once, he fell to bowing in worship
and became penitent. ﴿٢٤﴾
- 38:25 So We forgave him this.
And, indeed, there is, most surely, for him
a station of nearness with Us
in the Hereafter
and a most excellent resort awaiting him.
- 38:26 Thus did God exhort him: O David!
Indeed, We have made you
a successor in the land
to sit upon the throne of Israel.
So rule among the people
in accordance with the revealed truth.
Thus you shall not follow
the dictates of whim,
for it will lead you astray from the path of God.
And as to those who go astray
from the path of God,
for them there is a severe torment

وَاهْدِنَا إِلَى سَوَاءِ الصِّرَاطِ

﴿٢٣﴾ إِنَّ هَذَا أَخِي

لَهُ تِسْعٌ وَتِسْعُونَ نَعْجَةً

وَلِي نَعْجَةٌ وَاحِدَةٌ

فَقَالَ أَكْفَلْنِيهَا

وَعَزَّيْنِي فِي الْخِطَابِ

﴿٢٤﴾ قَالَ لَقَدْ ظَلَمَكَ

سُؤَالُ نَعْيِكَ إِلَى نِعَاجِهِ

وَإِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ الْخَاطِئِينَ

يَتَّبِعِي بَعْضُهُمْ عَلَى بَعْضٍ

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

وَقَلِيلٌ مَّا هُمْ

وَطَنَّ دَاوُدُ أَنَّمَا فَتَنَّهٗ

فَاسْتَغْفَرَ رَبَّهُ

﴿٢٥﴾ وَخَرَرَّا كَعًا وَأَنَابَ

﴿٢٥﴾ فَغَفَرْنَا لَهُ ذَلِكْ

وَإِنَّ لَهُ عِنْدَنَا لَزُلْفَىٰ

وَحُسْنَ مَّغَابٍ

﴿٢٦﴾ يٰدَاوُدُ إِنَّا جَعَلْنَاكَ

خَلِيفَةً فِي الْأَرْضِ

فَاخْضَعْ بَيْنَ النَّاسِ بِالْحَقِّ

وَلَا تَتَّبِعِ الْهَوَىٰ

فَيُضِلَّكَ عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَضِلُّونَ

عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ

سُوْرَةُ

الْحُزْنَةُ الثَّالِثُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- awaiting in the Hereafter,
for they have forgotten the Day of Reckoning.
- 38:27 For We have not created the heaven,
and the earth,
and all that is between them in vain.
That is 'merely' the conjecture
of those who disbelieve.
So woe to those who disbelieve,
for 'they shall be cast into' the Fire 'of Hell'!
- 38:28 Or are We to make 'the reward
of' those who believe and do righteous deeds
like 'that of' those
who sow corruption in the earth?
Or are We to make 'the reward
of' the God-fearing like 'that of' the wicked?
- 38:29 A most blessed Book
have We sent down to you, 'O Prophet,
in this Quran,
so that they 'who hear its tidings'
may reflect on its verses.
And so that those who are endowed
with 'discretion and' understanding
may 'heed its admonition
and' be ever mindful 'of its commandments'.
- 38:30 So to David We granted Solomon 'as a son—
and' a most commendable servant 'of God
he was'!
- Indeed, he was ever-penitent.
- 38:31 Behold!
'Once,' in the late afternoon,
purebred, prancing steeds
were ranged for him 'to review,
until the sun had set without
Solomon offering the Prayer'.
- 38:32 He then said:

بِمَا نَسُوا يَوْمَ الْحِسَابِ
وَمَا خَلَقْنَا السَّمَاءَ وَالْأَرْضَ
وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا بَطْلًا
ذَلِكَ ظَنُّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
قَوْلٌ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنَ النَّارِ
أَمْ يَجْعَلُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
كَالْمُفْسِدِينَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
أَمْ يَجْعَلُ الْمُتَّقِينَ كَالْفُجَّارِ
كَتَبَ أَنْزَلْنَاهُ إِلَيْكَ مُبْرَكًا
لِيَذَّبَرُوا عَنِتَّهُ
وَلِيَتَذَكَّرَ أُولُو الْأَلْبَابِ
وَوَهَبْنَا لِدَاوُدَ سُلَيْمَانَ
نَعْمَ الْعَبْدُ إِنَّهُ أَوَّابٌ
إِذْ عَرَضَ عَلَيْهِ بِالْعَشِيِّ
الصَّنْفُوتُ الْحَيَادُ

- Indeed, I have loved
these much-loved good steeds
over the remembrance of my Lord—
until such time as they were concealed
in the seclusion of the stable.
- 38:33 So after offering his Prayer, he commanded:
Return them to me.
Thus he took to grooming them, in humility,
stroking their legs
and necks in gratefulness to God.
- 38:34 And very truly, We put Solomon to the test
when We cast upon his royal seat
a mere body.
Thereafter, he became ever-penitent.
- 38:35 And in prayer, he said: My Lord! Forgive me.
And grant me an unrivaled kingdom
such as never shall be possible
for anyone after me to have.
Indeed, it is You alone
who are the All-Granting.
- 38:36 Thus We subjugated to him the mighty wind,
running smoothly at his command
to wherever he directed.
- 38:37 We subjugated to him, moreover, the satans—
every able builder and diver among them.
- 38:38 Also, We subjugated to him
others among them coupled in fetters.
- 38:39 So We said to him:
This is Our gift.
So confer and withhold from it, as you will,
without reckoning from Us.
- 38:40 And, indeed, there is, most surely, for him
a station of nearness with Us in the Hereafter
and a most excellent resort awaiting him.
- 38:41 Recall, as well, Our servant Job.

سُورَةُ

الْحُجَّةِ الثَّالِثِ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

فَقَالَ إِنِّي أَحْبَبْتُ
حُبَّ الْخَيْرِ عَنْ ذِكْرِ رَبِّي
حَتَّى تَوَارَتْ بِالْحِجَابِ
رُدُّوهَا عَلَيَّ فُطِفِقَ مَسْحًا
بِالسُّوقِ وَالْأَعْنَاقِ
وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا سُلَيْمَانَ
وَأَقْبَيْنَا عَلَى كُرْسِيِّهِ جَسَدًا
ثُمَّ أَنَابَ
قَالَ رَبِّ اغْفِرْ لِي
وَهَبْ لِي مُلْكًا
لَّا يَلْبِغِي لِأَحَدٍ مِنِّي بَعْدِي
إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْوَهَّابُ
فَسَخَرْنَا لَهُ الرِّيحَ
تَجْرِي بِأَمْرِهِ رُخَاءً حَيْثُ أَصَابَ
وَالشَّيَاطِينَ كُلَّ بَنَّاءٍ وَعَوَّاصٍ
وَالْآخَرِينَ مُقَرَّنِينَ فِي الْأَصْفَادِ
هَذَا عَطَاؤُنَا فَامْنُنْ
أَوْ ائْسِكْ بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ
وَلِئِنْ لَمْ يَنْتَهِ عَنَّا لَرُفِقٌ
وَحُسْنٌ مَتَابٍ

سُورَةُ الشَّٰدِ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

Behold! He cried out to his Lord:

Indeed, Satan has touched me
with weariness and torment!

38:42 It was said to him:

Stamp your foot upon the ground;
a fount shall gush:

Here is a cool medicinal bath,
and nutritious water to drink.

38:43 Moreover, We granted to him again
the joy of his family—

and, along with them,
the like of them besides—

as a mercy from Us and a profound reminder
of God's relief,

for those who are endowed
with discretion and understanding
and so heed admonition.

38:44 Then it was said to him:

Now take in your hand
a bundle of basil.

Then strike with it as you have pledged,
regarding your wife,
and do not violate your oath.

Indeed, We found him most patient—
a most commendable servant!

Indeed, he was ever-penitent.

38:45 And recall Our servants

Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob—
people endowed with mighty faith
and full insight.

38:46 Indeed, We purified them with the blessing
of a most pure remembrance
of the Everlasting Abode.

38:47 For, indeed, by Our providence,
they are, most surely,

٤١ ﴿وَإِذْ نَادَىٰ عَبْدُنَا يُتُوبَ﴾

إِذْ نَادَىٰ رَبَّهُ

أَنِّي مَسَّنِيَ الشَّيْطَانُ

بُضْبٍ وَعَذَابٍ

٤٢ ﴿أَرْكُضْ بِرِجْلِكَ﴾

هَذَا مَغْسِلٌ بَارِدٌ وَشَرَابٌ

٤٣ ﴿وَوَهَبْنَا لَهُ أَهْلَهُ

وَمِثْلَهُمْ مَعَهُمْ رَحْمَةً مِنَّا

وَذِكْرَىٰ لَأُولَى الْأَلْبَابِ

٤٤ ﴿وَحُذِّبْنَا

فَأَضْرِبْ بِهِ وَلَا تُخَنِّتْ

إِنَّا وَجَدْنَاهُ صَابِرًا

نَعَمَ الْعَبْدَ إِنَّه أَوَّابٌ

٤٥ ﴿وَإِذْ نَادَىٰ عَبْدُنَا إِبْرَاهِيمَ

وَإِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ

أُولَى الْأَيْدِي وَالْأَبْصَارِ

٤٦ ﴿إِنَّا أَخْلَصْنَاهُمْ

بِخَالِصَةٍ ذِكْرَى الدَّارِ

٤٧ ﴿وَلَا نَهَمُّ عِنْدَنَا

لِمَنِ الْمَصْطَفَيْنِ الْآخِيَارِ

سُورَةُ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

- of the chosen 'messengers'
and of the elect 'in faith'.
- 38:48 Moreover, recall Ishmael
and Elisha and Dhul-Kifl—
for all 'of them' are of the elect 'in faith'.
- 38:49 This 'Quran' is a 'godly' reminder,
that, indeed, for the God-fearing
a most excellent resort 'awaits'—
- 38:50 Gardens everlasting,
whose gates are opened wide to them.
- 38:51 Therein shall they recline.
Therein shall they call forth
much fruit and drink.
- 38:52 *Moreover, near them shall be maidens,
restrained of glance, of equal age,
'each one as youthful as the next'.
- 38:53 This is 'the fulfillment of' all that you 'believers'
have been promised for the Day of Reckoning.
- 38:54 Indeed, this is, most surely, Our provision.
It shall have no end.
- 38:55 All this 'for the God-fearing'!
But, indeed, for the transgressors
a most evil resort 'awaits'—
- 38:56 Hell, in which they shall roast—
and a most woeful cradle 'it is'!
- 38:57 This 'and no more'!
So let them taste it—
scalding fluid and purulence.
- 38:58 Moreover, 'there shall be'
other kinds 'of torment' of the like of these.
- 38:59 'It shall be said to their leaders':
Here is another intrushing throng
'of your followers' with you!
'They shall say':
No welcome is there for them!

وَأَذْكُرَ إِسْمَاعِيلَ ﴿٤٨﴾

وَالْيَسَعَ وَذَا الْكِفْلِ

وَكُلٌّ مِّنَ الْآخِيَارِ

هَذَا ذِكْرٌ ﴿٤٩﴾

وَإِنَّ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ لَحُسْنَ مَّآبٍ

جَنَّاتٍ عَدْنٍ ﴿٥٠﴾

مُفْتَحَةٌ لَهُمُ الْآبَابُ

مُتَكِيَيْنَ فِيهَا يُدْعَوْنَ فِيهَا

بِفِكَهَمٍ كَثِيرَةٍ وَشَرَابٍ

وَعِنْدَهُمْ ﴿٥١﴾

قَصِيرَتُ الطَّرْفِ أَرْأَبُ

هَذَا مَا تُوعَدُونَ ﴿٥٢﴾

لِيَوْمِ الْحِسَابِ

إِنَّ هَذَا لَرِزْقُنَا ﴿٥٣﴾

مَا لَهُ مِن نَّفَادٍ

هَذَا وَلَآئِكَ اللَّطِيفِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾

لَشَرِّ مَآبٍ

جَهَنَّمَ يَصْلَوْنَهَا فِئْسَ الْمِهَادُ ﴿٥٥﴾

هَذَا قَلِيدٌ وَفُؤُهُ

جَمِيمٌ وَعَسَاقُ

وَأَخْرُومِن شَكْلِهِ أَرْوَاحُ ﴿٥٦﴾

هَذَا فَوْجٌ مُّقْتَحِمٌ مَّعَكُمْ ﴿٥٧﴾

سُورَةُ السَّادِّ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

- They are 'all' to roast 'now' in the Fire 'of Hell'.
- 38:60 They 'who were their followers'
shall say 'to them':
Rather, it is you
for whom there is no welcome!
For it is you who have forwarded
this 'eternal punishment' for us—
and a most woeful residence it is!
- 38:61 They shall 'then' say 'in prayer':
Our Lord!
Whoever 'misguided us and' brought us to this,
increase manifold the torment for him
in the Fire 'of Hell'!
- 38:62 Moreover, they shall say 'to each other':
Why is it that we do not see any 'of the' men
whom we used to count as being 'evil
and' in the 'very' worst 'human condition'?
- 38:63 Were we 'mistaken'
to take them as an object of 'scorn
and' 'scoffing' in life?
Or have 'our' eyes swerved from them,
'for we do not see them here'?
- 38:64 Indeed, this contention
shall most surely, in truth, 'transpire'
among the People of the Fire.
- 38:65 'O Prophet!' Say 'to one and all':
Indeed, I am only a forewarner
'of God's nearing Judgment'.
For no god is there but the 'true' God,
the One, the All-Dominating,
- 38:66 Lord of the heavens, and the earth,
and all that is between them,
the Overpowering 'One', the Most Forgiving.
- 38:67 Say 'to them':
It is 'indeed' a magnificent tidings,

لَا مَرْحَبًا بِهِمْ
إِنَّهُمْ صَالُوا النَّارِ
قَالُوا بَلْ أَنْتُمْ لَا مَرْحَبًا بِكُمْ
أَنْتُمْ قَدْ مَشَوْهُ لَنَا
فَيَسَّ الْقَرَارُ
قَالُوا رَبَّنَا مَنْ قَدَّمَ لَنَا هَذَا
فَزِدْهُ عَذَابًا ضِعْفًا فِي النَّارِ
وَقَالُوا مَا لَنَا لَا نَرَى رِجَالًا
كُنَّا نَعُدُّهُمْ مِنَ الْأَشْرَارِ
أَتَّخَذْتَهُمْ سَخِرِيًّا
أَمْ زَاغَتْ عَنْهُمْ الْأَبْصَارُ
إِنَّ ذَلِكَ لَحَقٌّ
تَخَاصُمُ أَهْلِ النَّارِ
قُلْ إِنَّمَا أَنَا مُنذِرٌ
وَمَا مِنْ إِلَهٍ إِلَّا اللَّهُ
الْوَحْدُ الْقَهَّارُ
رَبُّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا الْعَزِيزُ الْغَفَّارُ
قُلْ هُوَ نَبَأٌ عَظِيمٌ

- 38:68 from which you are turning away.
- 38:69 Nor did I have any knowledge
of the angels of the Transcendent Assembly
when they were disputing
as to the creation of Adam.
- 38:70 It is revealed to me
only that I may be a clear forewarner
of the nearing Judgment.
- 38:71 Behold! Your Lord said to the angels:
Indeed, I am creating a human being
out of mud.
- 38:72 So when I have fashioned him
and breathed into him of My life-giving spirit,
then fall to the ground,
bowing your faces down to receive
and honor him.
- 38:73 So the angels bowed themselves down
to the ground, all of them together—
except Iblîs.
- 38:74 He grew arrogant,
and thus became of the disbelievers.
- 38:75 God said: O Iblîs!
What has prevented you
from bowing your face down to the ground,
to honor the one whom I have created
with My own mighty Hands?
Have you now grown arrogant?
Or have you ever been of the haughty ones?
- 38:76 He said:
I am better than him!
You created me out of fire,
and You created him out of mud.
- 38:77 God said: Begone from here!
For, indeed, you are accursed!
- 38:78 Therefore, upon you is My curse
until the Day of Judgment.

سُورَةُ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

- ٧٨ أَنْتُمْ عَنْهُ مُعْرِضُونَ
- ٧٩ مَا كَانَ لِي مِنْ عِلْمٍ بِالْمَلَأِ الْأَعْلَىٰ
- ٨٠ إِذْ يَخْتَصِمُونَ
- ٧٩ إِنْ يُؤْخَذُ إِلَىٰ إِلَّا أَنْمَأَ
- ٨٠ أَنَا نَذِيرٌ مُبِينٌ
- ٧٩ إِذْ قَالَ رَبُّكَ لِلْمَلَائِكَةِ
- ٨٠ إِنِّي خَلِيقٌ بَشَرًا مِنْ طِينٍ
- ٧٢ فَإِذَا سَوَّيْتُهُ
- ٧٢ وَنَفَخْتُ فِيهِ مِنْ رُوحِي
- ٧٢ فَسَجَدُوا لَهُ سَاجِدِينَ
- ٧٢ فَسَجَدَ الْمَلَائِكَةُ
- ٧٢ كُلُّهُمْ أَجْمَعُونَ
- ٧٦ إِلَّا إِبْلِيسَ اسْتَكْبَرَ
- ٧٦ وَكَانَ مِنَ الْكَافِرِينَ
- ٧٥ قَالَ يَا إِبْلِيسُ مَا مَنَعَكَ
- ٧٥ أَنْ تَسْجُدَ لِمَا خَلَقْتُ بِإِيْدِي
- ٧٥ اسْتَكْبَرْتَ أَمْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الْعَالِينَ
- ٧٦ قَالَ أَنَا خَيْرٌ مِنْهُ
- ٧٦ خَلَقَنِي مِنْ نَارٍ
- ٧٦ وَخَلَقْتَهُ مِنْ طِينٍ
- ٧٧ قَالَ فَاهْرَجْ مِنْهَا فَإِنَّكَ رَجِيمٌ

سُورَةُ

الْحُزْنِ الْثَالِثُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- 38:79 He said: My Lord!
Then grant me respite
until the Day they are raised up
in the Hereafter.
- 38:80 God said:
Then you are, indeed, of those granted respite
only to the Day of Doom,
the moment in time known to Me alone.
- 38:82 He said:
I swear by Your invincible might,
I will, most surely, lead them
to the way of perversity, all together—
except Your true servants among them—
the sincere, elect ones.
- 38:84 God said:
Here is the word of truth!
And only the truth do I say!
I shall, most surely, fill Hell with you,
and with whomever among them follows you,
all together!
- 38:86 Say to them, O Prophet,
concerning this Quran:
I do not ask of you any reward for it.
Nor am I one of the pretenders
to prophethood.
- 38:87 Indeed, this Quran is but a revealed Reminder
of God's admonition and guidance
sent to all the people of the worlds.
- 38:88 Thus you shall all, most surely, come to know
the utter truth of its tidings,
after a brief time.

وَأَن عَلَيْكَ لَعْنَتِي ٧٨

إِلَى يَوْمِ الدِّينِ

قَالَ رَبِّ فَأَنْظِرْنِي ٧٩

إِلَى يَوْمٍ يَبْعَثُونَ

قَالَ فَإِنَّكَ مِنَ الْمُنْظَرِينَ ٨٠

إِلَى يَوْمِ الْوَقْتِ الْمَعْلُومِ ٨١

قَالَ فَبِعِزَّتِكَ ٨٢

لَأُعْوِجَنَّهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

إِلَّا عِبَادَكَ ٨٣

مِنْهُمْ الْمُخْلِصِينَ

قَالَ فَالْحَقُّ وَالْحَقَّ أَقُولُ ٨٤

لَأَمْلَأَنَّ جَهَنَّمَ مِنْكَ ٨٥

وَمِمَّنْ يَتَّبِعُكَ مِنْهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

قُلْ مَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ أَجْرٍ ٨٦

وَمَا أَنَا مِنَ الْمُتَكَلِّفِينَ

إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا ذِكْرٌ لِلْعَالَمِينَ ٨٧

وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ ٨٨

Surah 39 / 75 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Zumar

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 39:1 The revelation of this Book
is from God 'on high',
the Overpowering 'One', the All-Wise.
- 39:2 'O Prophet!
We have, indeed, sent down the Book to you
with the 'very essence of all' truth.
So worship God 'and no other',
making the 'practice of your' religion
'pure and' sincere to Him.
- 39:3 For, most surely, it is to God 'alone'
that the 'true' religion of purity belongs.
For those who have taken patrons
apart from Him 'say':
We do not worship them for 'any' other 'reason'
than 'that through their intercession'
they draw us nearer to God
in 'spiritual' station.
Indeed, God will judge between them 'all'
about that which they dispute.
Indeed, God does not guide
one who is a liar 'and' a relentless unbeliever.
- 39:4 Had God intended to take 'to Himself' a child,
He would, most surely, have chosen

١ تَنْزِيلُ الْكِتَابِ مِنَ اللَّهِ
الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ

٢ إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ إِلَيْكَ
الْكِتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ
فَاعْبُدِ اللَّهَ مُخْلِصًا لَهُ الدِّينَ
أَلَا لِلَّهِ الدِّينُ الْخَالِصُ
وَالَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا
مِنْ دُونِهِ أَوْلِيَاءَ
مَا نَعْبُدُهُمْ إِلَّا
لِيُقَرِّبُونَا إِلَى اللَّهِ زُلْفَى
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ
فِي مَا هُمْ فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي
مَنْ هُوَ كَذِبٌ كَفَّارٌ
لَوْ أَرَادَ اللَّهُ
أَنْ يَتَّخِذَ وَلَدًا لَاصْطَفَى
مِمَّا يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ

سُورَةُ الزُّمَرِ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

whatever He so willed
 from whatever He creates,
 'not what they have said'.
 Highly exalted is He 'far above this'!
 He 'alone' is God,
 the One, the All-Dominating!
 39:5 He created the heavens
 and the earth with 'profound' truth.
 He winds the night about the daylight.
 And He winds the daylight about the night.
 For He subjugated
 the sun and the moon
 'to a fixed order',
 each one running 'its course'
 for a stated term 'preordained by Him'.
 Most surely, He 'alone'
 is the Overpowering 'One', the Most Forgiving.
 39:6 He created 'all of you', 'O humankind',
 from a single soul.
 Then of it, He made its mate.
 Moreover, of cattle
 He has bestowed upon you eight 'types'
 in 'four kinds, counting' mates.
 He creates you in the wombs of your mothers—
 creation after creation—
 within three 'veils of' darkness.
 That is God, your Lord!
 To Him 'alone' belongs all the dominion.
 There is no God but Him.
 How, then, are you turned away
 'from worshipping Him alone'?
 39:7 If you disbelieve—
 then 'let it be known'
 that, indeed, God is self-sufficient
 without 'any need of' you.
 Yet He is not pleased with unbelief

سُبْحَنَهُ هُوَ اللَّهُ

الْوَحْدُ الْقَهَّارُ

خَلَقَ ⑤

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ بِالْحَقِّ

يُكْوِرُ اللَّيْلَ عَلَى النَّهَارِ

وَيُكْوِرُ النَّهَارَ عَلَى اللَّيْلِ

وَسَخَّرَ الشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ

كُلٌّ يَجْرِي

لِأَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى

أَلَا هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْغَفُورُ

خَلَقَكُمْ مِنْ نَفْسٍ وَاحِدَةٍ ⑥

ثُمَّ جَعَلَ مِنْهَا زَوْجَهَا

وَأَنزَلَ لَكُمْ مِنَ الْأَنْعَامِ

ثَمَنِيَّةً أَزْوَاجًا بِخَلْقِكُمْ

فِي بَطُونٍ أَمْهَنَ كُمْ

خَلْقًا مِنْ بَعْدِ خَلْقِ

فِي ظُلُمَاتٍ ثَلَاثٍ

ذَٰلِكُمْ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ

لَهُ الْمُلْكُ

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

فَأَنَّى تُصْرَفُونَ

إِنْ تَكْفُرُوا ⑦

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفِيٌّ عَنْكُمْ

وَلَا يَرْضَى لِعِبَادِهِ الْكُفْرَ

for His servants.

But if you give thanks, He is well pleased
with this 'thanksgiving' for you.

Nor shall any sin-laden soul
carry the 'sinful' load of another.

Then to your Lord 'alone' is your return.

Thus shall He tell you 'the due recompense'
of all that you have been doing 'in life'.

Indeed, He is all-knowing

of all that is 'harbored'
within the breast 'of people'.

39:8 * Now, when harm touches a human being,
he calls upon his Lord 'for relief',
penitent to Him 'alone'.

Then when He affords him
a blessing 'of comfort' from Him,
he forgets that for which
he was crying out to Him before,
and he sets up rivals to God
to lead 'others' astray from His way.

Say 'to such a one':

Enjoy your unbelief
for a little 'while, until death'!
For, indeed, you are 'to be'
of the Companions of the Fire 'of Hell'!

39:9 Is such a one better,
or one who is devoutly obedient 'to God'
in the watches of the night,
bowing 'his face' down to the ground
and standing 'in Prayer',
fearing 'God's Judgment in' the Hereafter
and imploring the mercy of his Lord?
Say 'to humankind, O Prophet':
Are those who know 'God'
and those who do not know 'Him' equal?

يُنِيبُ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّالِثُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

وَلِإِنْ تَشْكُرُوا بَرِّضَهُ لَكُمْ

وَلَا تَزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ وِزْرَ أُخْرَىٰ

ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُمْ تُرْجَعُونَ

فَيُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

وَإِذَا مَسَّ الْإِنْسَانَ ضُرٌّ

دَعَا رَبَّهُ، مُخِبًّا إِلَيْهِ

ثُمَّ إِذَا خَوَّلَهُ نِعْمَةً مِنْهُ

نَسِيَ مَا كَانَ يَدْعُو إِلَيْهِ

مِنْ قَبْلُ وَجَعَلَ لِلَّهِ أَدَادًا

لِيُضِلَّ عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ

فَلْيَتَمَتَّعْ بِكُفْرِكَ قَلِيلًا

إِنَّكَ مِنْ أَصْحَابِ النَّارِ

أَمَّنْ هُوَ قَنْتَرٌ ۖ إِنَّاءَ الْآلِ

سَاجِدًا وَقَائِمًا

يَحْذَرُ الْآخِرَةَ

وَيَرْجُو رَحْمَةَ رَبِّهِ

فَلْهَلْ يَسْتَوِي الَّذِينَ يَعْلَمُونَ

وَالَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

إِنَّمَا يَتَذَكَّرُ أُولُو الْأَلْبَابِ

Indeed, only those who are endowed
with discretion and understanding
and so heed admonition
are ever mindful of God.

39:10 Say, O Prophet: God declares to humanity:

O My servants who believe!
Fear your Lord at all times!
For those who do good in this world,
there shall be great goodness
here and in the Hereafter.
Moreover, God's earth is spacious.
So worship Him freely therein.
For, indeed, those who are patient
shall be rendered their reward in full,
without measure.

39:11 Say to humankind, O Prophet:
Indeed, I have been commanded
to worship God and no other,
making the practice of my religion
pure and sincere to Him alone.

39:12 Thus I have been commanded
to be the foremost of those who are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God alone.

39:13 Say, as well:
Indeed, I fear—were I to disobey my Lord—
the torment of an awesome Day!

39:14 Say, moreover:
It is God and no other whom I worship,
making the practice of my religion
pure and sincere to Him.

39:15 So worship whatever you so will, O people,
apart from Him!
Yet say to them in forewarning:
Indeed, the real losers
are those who shall lose their souls,

سُورَةُ الزُّمَرِ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

قُلْ يٰعِبَادِ الَّذِيْنَ ءَامَنُوْا

اَتَّقُوْا رَبَّكُمُ الَّذِيْنَ اَحْسَنُوْا

فِيْ هٰذِهِ الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً

وَاَرْضَ اللّٰهِ وَاسِعَةٌ

اِنَّمَا يُوفِى الصّٰبِرُوْنَ اَجْرَهُمْ

بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ

قُلْ اِنِّىْ اُمِرْتُ اَنْ اَعْبُدَ اللّٰهَ

مُخْلِصًا لَهُ الَّذِيْنَ

وَاُمِرْتُ لِاَنْ اَكُوْنَ

اَوَّلَ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ

قُلْ اِنِّىْ اَخَافُ اِنْ عَصَيْتُ رَبِّىْ

عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ عَظِيْمٍ

قُلْ اللّٰهُ اَعْبُدْ مُخْلِصًا لَهُ دِيْنِىْ

فَاعْبُدُوْا مَا شِئْتُمْ مِنْ دُوْنِهٖ

قُلْ اِنَّ الْفٰتِرِيْنَ

الَّذِيْنَ خَسِرُوْا اَنْفُسَهُمْ

وَاَهْلِيْهِمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيٰمَةِ

اَلَا ذٰلِكَ هُوَ الْخَسِرٰنَ الْمُبِيْنُ

- and their families, on the Day of Resurrection.
Most surely, that is the manifest loss!
- 39:16 For them there shall be 'only' billows of fire
from above them
and billows from beneath them.
It is with this
that God instills fear in His servants.
O My servants!
Be you, indeed, fearful of Me!
- 39:17 Yet 'as to' those who shun the false deities
'of the world—refusing' to worship them—
who rather turn in penitence to God 'alone'—
for them, there is the glad tidings 'of Paradise'.
So give glad tidings to My 'faithful' servants—
- 39:18 those who listen to the 'revealed' word 'of God'
and follow the very best of it.
These are the ones whom God has guided.
For it is they who are endowed
with 'discretion and' understanding
'and so heed admonition'.
- 39:19 But what of one against whom
the 'divine' word of chastisement
has 'already' gone forth?
Is it you, then, 'O Prophet,'
that shall rescue 'such a' one
'who has lost his soul' in the Fire?
- 39:20 Yet for those who fear their Lord,
there shall be 'in the Hereafter'
Heavenly 'Chambers, above which are built'
towering 'Heavenly' Chambers,
beneath which rivers flow.
It is the promise of God—
'and' never does God fail 'to fulfill His' promise!
- 39:21 Have you not seen, 'O Prophet,'
that 'it is' God 'alone'
who 'sends down, from the sky, water,

سُورَةُ الزُّمَرِ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

- لَهُمْ مِنْ فَوْقِهِمْ ١٦
ظُلُلٌ مِنَ النَّارِ
وَمِنْ تَحْتِهِمْ ظُلُلٌ
ذَٰلِكَ يُخَوِّفُ اللَّهُ بِهِ عِبَادَهُ
يَعْبَادُونَ فَآتُوهُمْ
وَالَّذِينَ اجْتَنَبُوا الطَّاغُوتَ
أَنْ يَعْبُدُوهَا وَأَنَابُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ
لَهُمُ الْبُشْرَىٰ فَبَشِّرْ عِبَادِ
الَّذِينَ يَسْمَعُونَ الْكَلِمَ
فَيَسْتَعِيبُونَ أَحْسَنَهُ
أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ هَدَى اللَّهُ
وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْوَالِدُونَ
أَفَمَنْ حَقَّ عَلَيْهِ
كَلِمَةُ الْعَذَابِ
أَفَأَنْتَ تُنْقِذُ فِي النَّارِ
لَكِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا رَبَّهُمْ
لَهُمْ عُرفٌ
مِنْ فَوْقَهَا عُرفٌ مَبِينَةٌ
تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
وَعَدَ اللَّهُ
لَا يَخْلِفُ اللَّهُ الْمِيعَادَ
أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ
أَنزَلَ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً
فَسَلَكَهُ يَنبُوعٌ فِي الْأَرْضِ
ثُمَّ يُخْرِجُ بِهِ زَرْعًا
تُخْلِفُ أَلْوَنُهُ

سُورَةُ الزُّمَرِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّالِثُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

and thrusts it all through the earth as fountains?

Then He brings forth with it
plants of varying colors.

Then they wither,

such that you see them yellowing.

Then He turns them into crumbling stubble.

Indeed, in this there is, most surely,
a 'profound' reminder

for those who are endowed
with 'discretion and' understanding
'and so heed admonition'.

39:22 Then is one whose heart
God opens wide to 'receive' Islam
'in willing submission to God alone,'
such that he follows a 'guiding' light
from his Lord,

'like one whose heart is closed'?

Then woe to those whose hearts are hardened
at the mention of God!

They are 'utterly lost' in clear misguidance.

39:23 It is God 'alone' who has sent down 'this Quran
as 'the fairest' of all' discourse.

It is a 'Heavenly' Book 'of cohering' beauty,
command, and consistency—oft-repeated.

At 'the recitation of its forewarning,'

the 'very' skins of those

who venerate their Lord shiver.

Then their skins and their hearts soften

at the remembrance of God's

'glad tidings of Paradise'.

Such is the guidance of God!

He guides with it whomever He so wills.

And whomever God leaves to stray,

no guide shall there ever be for him.

39:24 Is, then, one 'cast fettered into Hell'—
shielding himself with his own face

ثُمَّ يَهْبِجُ فَرَّتْهُ مُصْفَرًّا

ثُمَّ يَجْعَلُهُ حُطَمًا

إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَذِكْرَى

لِأُولَى الْأَلْبَابِ

أَفَمَنْ شَرَحَ اللَّهُ

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صَدْرَهُ لِلْإِسْلَامِ

فَهُوَ عَلَى نُورٍ مِنْ رَبِّهِ

فَوَيْلٌ لِلْقَاسِيَةِ

فُلُوبِهِمْ مِنْ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ

أُولَئِكَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ

اللَّهُ نَزَلَ أَحْسَنَ الْحَدِيثِ

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كِتَابًا مُتَشَابِهًا مَتَابٍ

نَفْسَعِرُ مِنْهُ جُلُودٌ

الَّذِينَ يَخْشَوْنَ رَبَّهُمْ

ثُمَّ تَلِينَ جُلُودُهُمْ

وَفُلُوبُهُمْ إِلَى ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ

ذَلِكَ هُدَى اللَّهِ

يَهْدِي بِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَمَنْ يَضِلِلِ اللَّهُ

فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ هَادٍ

أَفَمَنْ يَتَّقِ بِوَجْهِهِ

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سَوْءَ الْعَذَابِ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

سُورَةُ الزُّمَرِ

الجزء الثالث والعشرون

- from the worst torment of the Fire
on the Day of Resurrection—
better than one whose face
shall be delighted in Paradise?
Thus it shall be said to the godless wrongdoers:
Taste all the evil that you have earned in life!
- 39:25 Those who disbelieved
before these who now disbelieve
also belied their messengers.
Thus the torment came upon them
from where they did not perceive it.
- 39:26 So God caused them to taste disgrace
in the life of this world.
But, most surely,
the torment of the Hereafter is far greater,
if only they who disbelieve knew.
- 39:27 Thus very truly,
We have put forth for the good of all people,
in this Quran,
something of every kind of illustration,
so that they may become mindful
that God is One.
- 39:28 It is an Arabic Quran,
wherein there is no crookedness,
so that they may become God-fearing.
- 39:29 God puts forth the parable of a man
confused in his service of many gods:
He is as a slave
over whom partners are wrangling.
While another man who worships only God
is as one serving only one man.
Are they of equal condition?
All praise is for God alone!
Yet most of them do not know this truth.
- 39:30 O Prophet, indeed, you will die.

وَقِيلَ لِلظَّالِمِينَ
ذُوقُوا مَا كُنتُمْ تَكْسِبُونَ
كَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ ٢٥
فَأَنذَرْتَهُمُ الْعَذَابَ
مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ
فَإِذَا قَهُمُ اللَّهُ الْحَزَرَ ٢٦
فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا
وَلِْعَذَابِ الْآخِرَةِ أَكْبَرُ
لَوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ
وَلَقَدْ صَرَبْنَا لِلنَّاسِ ٢٧
فِي هَذَا الْقُرْآنِ مِنْ كُلِّ مَثَلٍ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ
قُرْءَانًا عَرَبِيًّا غَيْرَ ذِي عِوَجٍ ٢٨
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ
صَرَبَ اللَّهُ مَثَلًا ٢٩
رَجُلًا فِيهِ شُرَكَاءُ مُتَشَاكِسُونَ
وَرَجُلًا سَلَمًا لِرَجُلٍ
هَلْ يَسْتَوِيَانِ مَثَلًا
الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ
بَلْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
إِنَّكَ مَيِّتٌ وَإِنَّهُمْ مَيِّتُونَ ٣٠
ثُمَّ إِنَّكُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ ٣١

سُورَةُ الزُّمَرِ

الْحِزْبُ الرَّابِعُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ



- And, indeed, they will all die.
- 39:31 Then, indeed, on the Day of Resurrection, you shall dispute with one another before your Lord for Judgment.
- 39:32 *Yet who does a greater wrong than one who forges lies against God and belies the 'revealed' truth from God when it reaches him?
Is there not in Hell a 'well-deserved' dwelling place for the disbelievers?
- 39:33 But the one who has come with the truth—and all who confirm it—such as these are the God-fearing.
- 39:34 There shall be for them all that they wish with their Lord. Such is the reward of those who excel in 'doing' good,
- 39:35 so that God may absolve them of the worst of what they have done and recompense them with their reward, 'in accordance' with the very best they ever did 'in life'.
- 39:36 Is not God enough of a Protector for His servant?
Yet they 'who disbelieve' would terrorize you with these 'lifeless gods whom they worship' apart from Him.
Thus whomever God leaves to stray, no guide shall there ever be for him.
- 39:37 And whomever God guides, there is none to lead him astray 'ever'.
Is not God utterly overpowering, all-avenging of evil-doing?
- 39:38 And, indeed, if you asked them:
Who created the heavens and the earth?

عِنْدَ رَبِّكُمْ تَخَصَّمُونَ ﴿٢٢﴾
فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ
مِمَّنْ كَذَبَ عَلَى اللَّهِ
وَكَذَبَ بِالْصِّدْقِ
إِذْ جَاءَهُ ۖ أَلَيْسَ فِي جَهَنَّمَ
مَثْوًى لِّلْكَافِرِينَ
وَالَّذِي جَاءَ بِالْصِّدْقِ
وَصَدَّقَ بِهِ ۖ
أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُتَّقُونَ ﴿٢٣﴾
لَهُمْ مَا يَشَاءُونَ
عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ
ذَٰلِكَ جَزَاءُ الْمُحْسِنِينَ
لِيُكَفِّرَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ
أَسْوَأَ الَّذِي عَمِلُوا
وَيَجْزِيَهُمْ أَجْرَهُم بِأَحْسَنِ
الَّذِي كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٢٤﴾
أَلَيْسَ اللَّهُ بِكَافٍ عَبْدَهُ
وَيُخَوِّفُونَكَ
بِالَّذِينَ مِنْ دُونِهِ ۚ
وَمَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ
فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ هَادٍ
وَمَنْ يَهْدِ اللَّهُ
فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ مُضِلٍّ
أَلَيْسَ اللَّهُ بِعَزِيزٍ ذِي انْتِقَامٍ
وَلَٰكِنْ سَأَلْتَهُمْ مَنْ خَلَقَ
السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
لَيَقُولُنَّ اللَّهُ ﴿٢٥﴾

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سُورَةُ الزُّمَرِ

الجزء الرابع والعشرون

They would most surely say: It is God.

Say to them, O Prophet:

Have you considered, then, the reality
of those whom you call upon in worship
apart from God?

Were God to intend any harm for me,
could they remove His harm?

Or, were He to intend mercy for me,
could they withhold His mercy?

Say to them:

Sufficient for me is God in all things.

On Him alone

do the truly reliant believers rely.

39:39 O Prophet! Say to them:

O my people!

Work in accordance with your ungodly stand.

Indeed, I am working for God's way.

Yet soon shall you know

39:40 to whom will come a torment

that will disgrace him in this life

and whom an enduring torment
shall befall in the Hereafter.

39:41 O Prophet!

With this Quran,

We have, indeed, sent down the Book
upon you,

with the very essence of all truth,
for all humankind.

So whoever is guided by it,

then he is guided only

for the good of his own soul.

But whoever goes astray from the truth
strays only to its utter loss.

Yet you are not a guardian
over them, O Prophet,

قُلْ أَفَرَأَيْتُمْ

مَا تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

إِنْ أَرَادَنِيَ اللَّهُ بِضُرٍّ

هَلْ مِنْهُنَّ كَاشِفَتُ ضَرْرِهِ

أَوْ أَرَادَنِيَ بِرَحْمَةٍ

هَلْ مِنْهُنَّ

مُمْسِكَتُ رَحْمَتِهِ

قُلْ حَسْبِيَ اللَّهُ

عَلَيْهِ يَتَوَكَّلُ الْمُتَوَكِّلُونَ

قُلْ يَلْقَوْنِي

أَعْمَلُوا عَلَىٰ مَكَانَتِكُمْ

إِنِّي عَنِمٍ

فَسَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ

مَنْ يَأْتِيهِ عَذَابٌ

يُخْزِيهِ وَيَحِلُّ عَلَيْهِ

عَذَابٌ مُّقِيمٌ

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ

لِلنَّاسِ بِالْحَقِّ

فَمَنْ أَهْتَدَىٰ فَلِنَفْسِهِ

وَمَنْ ضَلَّ

فَأِنَّمَا يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهِ

وَمَا أَنْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِوَكِيلٍ

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الْحِزْبُ الرَّابِعُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

to dispose of their affairs .

39:42 It is God alone who takes the souls of people at the predestined time of their death.

But as for those souls that have not yet died, He takes them during their sleep.

Then He withholds the ones upon which He has decreed death, while He sends the others back to reach a stated term of life .

Indeed, in all of this there are sure signs for a people who would reflect on life and death .

39:43 Then shall they yet take to themselves false deities as intercessors apart from God? Say to them, O Prophet:

Will they intercede for you even though they hold no authority over anything and understand nothing?

39:44 Then say to them :

Intercession is altogether for God alone to permit ! To Him belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth.

Then to Him shall you all be returned for Judgment .

39:45 Now, whenever the name Allah is mentioned as the One true God , the hearts of those who do not believe in the Hereafter shudder in aversion .

Yet whenever those false deities apart from Him are mentioned, they rejoice.

39:46 Say before one and all :

O Allah!

Sole Originator of the heavens and the earth,

اللَّهُ يَتَوَفَّى الْأَنفُسَ

حِينَ مَوْتِهَا وَالَّتِي

لَمْ تَمُتْ فِي مَنَامِهَا

فَيُمْسِكُ الَّتِي

قَضَىٰ عَلَيْهَا الْمَوْتَ

وَيُرْسِلُ الْأُخْرَىٰ

إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى

إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ

لِقَوْمٍ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ

أَمِ اتَّخَذُوا

مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ شُفَعَاءَ

قُلْ أَوَلَوْ كَانُوا

لَا يَمْلِكُونَ شَيْئًا

وَلَا يَعْقِلُونَ

قُلْ لِلَّهِ الشَّفَعَةُ جَمِيعًا

لَهُ مُلْكُ

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ تُرْجَعُونَ

وَإِذَا ذُكِرَ اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ

أَسْمَأَزَّتْ قُلُوبُ الَّذِينَ

لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ

وَإِذَا ذُكِرَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ دُونِهِ

إِذَا هُمْ يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ

قُلِ اللَّهُمَّ

فَاطِرَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

عَلِيمَ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ

سُورَةُ الزُّمَرِ

الجزء الرابع والعشرون

- 39:47 Sole Knower of the realms
of all the unseen and the seen,
You alone shall judge between Your servants
about that wherein they have been disputing.
Even if those who had done wrong
by taking false gods
were to have all that is in the earth—
and the like of it along with it—
they would, most surely, wish in vain
to ransom themselves therewith
from the unrelenting torment
of the Day of Resurrection.
For there shall appear to them from God
what they could never conceive of in life.
- 39:48 For there shall appear to them
the evil consequences
of all that they have earned in the world.
And the very punishment
at which they used to mock
shall havewhelmed them from every side.
- 39:49 And so it is
that when harm touches a human being,
he calls upon Us for relief.
Then when We afford him
a blessing of comfort from Us, he says:
Indeed, this blessing has been given to me
by virtue of a deep knowledge that I possess.
Rather, it is a trial,
but most of them do not know this.
- 39:50 So too did those before them
say this very thing.
Yet all the riches they had earned
did not avail them in the least.
- 39:51 Thus the evil consequences
of all that they had earned struck them.

أَنْتَ تَحْكُمُ بَيْنَ عِبَادِكَ فِي

مَا كَانُوا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ

وَلَوْ أَنَّ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا

مَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا

وَمِثْلَهُ مَعَهُ، لَافْتَدَوْا بِهِ

مِنْ سُوءِ الْعَذَابِ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

وَبَدَأَهُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ

مَا لَمْ يَكُونُوا يُحْسِبُونَ

وَبَدَأَهُمْ

سَيِّئَاتٍ مَا كَسَبُوا

وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ

مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِئُونَ

فَإِذَا مَسَّ الْإِنْسَانَ ضَرٌّ

دَعَانَا

ثُمَّ إِذَا خَوَّلْنَاهُ نِعْمَةً مِنَّا

قَالَ إِنَّمَا أُوتِيتُهُ عَلَى عِلْمٍ

بَلْ هِيَ فِتْنَةٌ

وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

فَذَاقُوا الْعَذَابَ الَّذِينَ كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ

فَمَا أَغْنَى عَنْهُمْ

مَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ

فَأَصَابَهُمْ

سَيِّئَاتُ مَا كَسَبُوا

وَالَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا مِنْ هَؤُلَاءِ

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And so it is that those who have done wrong
from among these 'beliers who take false gods'—
they too shall be struck
by the evil 'consequences'
of all that they had earned 'in life'.
For in no way shall they be able to elude
'the mighty Hand of God'.

- 39:52 Do they not know that, indeed,
it is God 'alone'
who extends 'abundant' provision
to whomever He so wills,
and that He 'alone' restricts it
for whomever He so wills?
Indeed, in 'all of' this there are sure signs
for a people who would believe.

- 39:53 *Say, 'O Prophet:
God declares to humanity: O My servants!
Those 'of you' who have committed 'sins
in great' excess against their own souls,
never despond of the mercy of God!
For, indeed, God forgives sins, one and all.
Indeed, it is He 'alone'
who is the All-Forgiving, the Mercy-Giving.
- 39:54 So turn in penitence to your Lord.
And submit yourselves to Him willingly—
before there comes to you
the torment 'of God's Judgment'.
For, then, you shall not be helped.
- 39:55 So follow 'this Quran'—
the very best 'of guidance'
that has been sent down to you
from your Lord—
before the 'imminent' torment comes to you,
suddenly, while you are unaware—
- 39:56 so that no soul shall say 'then, in regret':

سَيُصِيبُهُمْ
سَيِّئَاتُ مَا كَسَبُوا
وَمَا هُمْ بِمُعْجِزِينَ
أَوَلَمْ يَعْلَمُوا ٥٢
أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ
لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدِرُ
إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ
لِّقَوْمٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ
قُلْ يَبْعَادَى ٥٣
الَّذِينَ أَشْرَفُوا عَلَىٰ أَنْفُسِهِمْ
لَا تَنْظُرُوا مِنْ رَحْمَةِ اللَّهِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوبَ جَمِيعًا
إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْغَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ
وَأَنِيبُوا إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُمْ
وَأَسْلِمُوا لَهُ مِنْ قَبْلِ
أَنْ يُأْتِيَكُمُ الْعَذَابُ
ثُمَّ لَا تَنْصُرُونَ ٥٤
وَاتَّبِعُوا أَحْسَنَ
مَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ
مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ
مِّن قَبْلِ أَنْ يَأْتِيَكُمُ
الْعَذَابُ بَغْتَةً
وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَشْعُرُونَ
أَنْ تَقُولَ نَفْسٌ بِحَسْرَتٍ ٥٥
عَلَىٰ مَا قَرَّرْتُ فِي جَنْبِ اللَّهِ

O alas for me, for all that I have neglected
in regard to God!

And, indeed, I was consciously
of the 'wrongful' scoffers.

39:57 Or else such 'a soul' might say, then, 'in lament':
If only God had guided me,
I, most surely, would have been
of the God-fearing!

39:58 Or else such 'a soul'
might say, then, when it beholds
the 'awaiting' torment 'of Hell':
If only I had a chance to return 'to the world':
Then I would become one of those
who excel in 'doing' good!

39:59 No, indeed!
Truly My 'revealed' signs came to you.
But you belied them! And you grew arrogant!
And you were of the 'inveterate' disbelievers!

39:60 Thus on the Day of Resurrection,
you shall see those who 'forged' lies against God
with their faces blackened.

Is there not in Hell
a 'well-deserved' dwelling place
for the 'insolently' arrogant?

39:61 Yet God will deliver those who are God-fearing
into their 'abode of' everlasting glory.
Never shall evil touch them.
Nor shall they ever grieve.

39:62 God 'alone' is the Creator of everything.
And He 'alone' is guardian over all things.

39:63 To Him 'alone' belongs the treasures
of the heavens and the earth.
So 'as for' those who have disbelieved
in the 'revealed' signs of God—
'then' such as these are the losers

سُورَةُ الزُّمَرِ

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وَإِنْ كُنْتُ لِمَنِ السَّخِرِينَ
أَوْ تَقُولُ ٥٧

لَوْ أَنَّ اللَّهَ هَدَانِي
لَكُنْتُ مِنَ الْمُتَّقِينَ ٥٨
أَوْ تَقُولُ حِينَ تَرَى الْعَذَابَ
لَوْ أَنَّ لِي كَرَّةً

فَأَكُونُ مِنَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ٥٩
بَلَىٰ قَدْ جَاءَ تَكَءَايَاتِي
فَكَذَّبْتَ بِهَا وَاسْتَكْبَرْتَ
وَكُنْتَ مِنَ الْكَافِرِينَ ٦٠

وَيَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ تَرَى
الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا عَلَى اللَّهِ
وُجُوهُهُمْ مُسْوَدَّةٌ
أَلَيْسَ فِي جَهَنَّمَ

مَثْوًى لِّلْمُتَكَبِّرِينَ ٦١
وَيَسْجَىٰ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا
بِمَقَازِنِهِمْ
لَا يَمَسُّهُمْ فِي سُوَاهُمْ
وَلَا هُمْ يُخْزَوْنَ ٦٢

اللَّهُ خَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ
وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَكِيلٌ
لَّهُ مَقَالِيدُ ٦٣

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
بِعَايَاتِ اللَّهِ
أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ

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- of an everlasting Paradise .
 39:64 Say to them, O Prophet :
 Is it other than God, then,
 that you would command me to worship,
 you ignorant ones?
 39:65 Yet truly it has been revealed to you,
 'O Prophet —
 and to those of the prophets before you:
 If ever you were to associate
 any gods with God,
 then utterly futile
 would be all your 'good' works.
 And, most surely,
 you yourself would have become
 among the losers of an everlasting Paradise .
 39:66 Rather, it is God alone you shall worship.
 And you shall ever be of those who are thankful.
 39:67 Yet they who disbelieve
 have not esteemed God
 with His rightful esteem.
 For the entire Earth shall be His handful
 on the Day of Resurrection!
 And the heavens shall be rolled up
 in His Right Hand.
 Highly exalted is He, and most high,
 far above all that they associate
 as gods with Him .
 39:68 And the Trumpet of the Hour of Doom
 shall be blown.
 Then all who are in the heavens
 and all who are in the earth
 shall be struck down with death —
 except whomever God so wills.
 Thereafter, it shall be blown once more.
 Then, at once, they are all standing

قُلْ أَغْفِرَ اللَّهُ ٦٤

تَأْمُرُونِي أَعْبُدُ

أَيْهَا الْجَاهِلُونَ

وَلَقَدْ أُوحِيَ إِلَيْكَ ٦٥

وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ

لِنْ أَشْرَكْتَ لِيَحْبِطَنَّ عَمَلُكَ

وَلَتَكُونَ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ

بَلِ اللَّهُ فَاعْبُدْ ٦٦

وَكُنْ مِنَ الشَّاكِرِينَ

وَمَا قَدَرُوا اللَّهَ حَقَّ قَدْرِهِ ٦٧

وَالْأَرْضُ جَمِيعًا

فَبَضْئُهُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

وَالسَّمَوَاتُ

مَطْوِيَّاتٌ بِيَمِينِهِ ٦٨

سُبْحَنَهُ وَتَعَالَى

عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ

وَيُنْفَخُ فِي الصُّورِ ٦٩

فَصَعِقَ مَنْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

وَمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ

إِلَّا مَنْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ

ثُمَّ يُنْفَخُ فِيهِ أُخْرَى

فَإِذَا هُمْ قِيَامٌ يَنْظُرُونَ

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- in the Plain of Judgment, looking on!
- 39:69 Thus the earth shall shine
by the light of its Lord.
And the 'precise' book of record for their deeds
will be set in place for each one.
And the prophets
and the witnesses over the nations
shall be brought up.
Thus it shall be decided
between them all,
in accordance with the truth—
and never shall they be wronged in the least.
- 39:70 Then each soul shall be rendered in full
for all that it has done in life.
For He is most knowing
of all that they were doing in the world.
- 39:71 Then those who disbelieved
shall be driven to Hell in companies,
until, when they come to it,
its gates will be opened,
whereupon its keepers shall say to them:
Did there not come to you messengers
from among yourselves,
reciting to you the 'revealed' verses
of your Lord, and forewarning you
of the 'inevitable' Meeting for Judgment
of this Day of yours?
They shall say: Yes, indeed!
But the word of torment
shall have 'already' come to pass
against the disbelievers.
- 39:72 It shall be said to them:
Enter the gates of Hell,
wherein you shall abide forever—
and a most woeful dwelling it is
for the 'insolently' arrogant!

وَأَشْرَقَتِ الْأَرْضُ
بِنُورِ رَبِّهَا وَوُضِعَ الْكِتَابُ
وَجَاءَ بِالنَّبِيِّينَ وَالشُّهَدَاءِ
وَفُضِيَ بَيْنَهُم بِالْحَقِّ
وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ

وَوُفِّيَتْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا عَمِلَتْ
وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَفْعَلُونَ

وَسِيقَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
إِلَىٰ جَهَنَّمَ زُمَرًا
حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَهَا
فُتِحَتْ أَبْوَابُهَا
وَقَالَ لَهُمْ خَزَنَتُهَا
أَلَمْ يَأْتِكُمْ رُسُلٌ مِّنكُمْ
يَتْلُونَ عَلَيْكُمْ
آيَاتِ رَبِّكُم وَيُنذِرُونَكُمْ
لِقَاءَ يَوْمِكُمْ هَٰذَا قَالُوا بَلَىٰ
وَلَكِن كُنَّا فِي سَكْنٍ
أَلْعَذَابِ عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ

قِيلَ ادْخُلُوا أَبْوَابَ جَهَنَّمَ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا فَبِئْسَ مَثْوًى
الْمُتَكَبِّرِينَ

وَسِيقَ
الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا رَبَّهُمْ
إِلَى الْجَنَّةِ زُمَرًا

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- 39:73 But those who feared their Lord
shall be ushered to the Garden of Paradise
in 'honored' companies,
until, when they come to it,
and its gates shall be opened,
its keepers shall then say to them:
Peace be upon 'all of' you!
May you be ever pure!
So enter it, 'all of you',
abiding therein forever.
- 39:74 And they 'who enter' shall say:
All praise is for God alone
who has made His promise to us come true,
and who has bequeathed to us
the Land of Everlasting Joy —
for us to settle in the Garden of Paradise
wherever we so will.
Then how 'exceedingly' commendable
is the reward of those
who ever do 'the will of God'!
- 39:75 It is then that 'you shall see the angels,
encircled about the Throne,
exalting their Lord with 'all' praise.
Thus it shall have been decided
between them 'all, in accordance' with the truth.
And so shall it be said 'at last':
All praise is for God alone,
Lord of 'All' the Worlds!

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَهَا

وَفُتِحَتْ أَبْوَابُهَا

وَقَالَ لَهُمْ خَزَنَتُهَا

سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمْ طَيِّبَةٌ

فَادْخُلُوهَا خَالِدِينَ

وَقَالُوا الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ

VI

الَّذِي صَدَقْنَا وَعَدَهُ

وَأَوْثَرْنَا الْأَرْضَ

نَتَّبِعُ مِنَ الْجَنَّةِ

حَيْثُ نَشَاءُ

فَنِعْمَ أَجْرُ الْعَامِلِينَ

وَنَرَى الْمَلَائِكَةَ

V6

حَافِينَ مِنْ حَوْلِ الْعَرْشِ

يُسَبِّحُونَ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّهِمْ

وَقُضِيَ بَيْنَهُم بِالْحَقِّ وَقِيلَ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

Surah 40 / 85 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Ghâfir

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

40:1 *Hâ Mîm*

- 40:2 The revelation of this Book
is from God 'on high',
the Overpowering 'One', the All-Knowing;
40:3 the Forgiver of Sin
and the Acceptor of Repentance;
the Severe in Punishment—
'and ever in all of these,' the All-Reaching Lord!
There is no God but Him.
To Him 'alone' is the ultimate destiny
'of Judgment and justice'.
40:4 None argues against the signs of God
'that He has revealed in this Quran'
except for those who disbelieve.
So let not their moving 'about
freely' to and fro—
'seeking worldly gain' in the 'various' lands—
delude you, 'O Prophet'.
40:5 Before them, the people of Noah
belied 'God's revealed word',
as did 'all' the 'disbelieving' alliances after them.
Moreover, every 'single' community 'of them

حَمْدٌ
تَنْزِيلُ الْكِتَابِ مِنَ اللَّهِ
الْعَزِيزِ الْعَلِيمِ
غَافِرِ الذَّنْبِ وَقَابِلِ التَّوْبِ
شَدِيدِ الْعِقَابِ ذِي الطَّوْلِ
لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ إِلَهُ الْمَصِيرِ
مَا يُجَدَّلُ فِي أَيْنِ اللَّهِ
إِلَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
فَلَا يَغْرُرُكَ تَقَلُّبُهُمْ فِي الْإِلَادِ
كَذَّبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ
قَوْمُ نُوحٍ
وَالْأَحْزَابُ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ

سُورَةُ الْغَافِرِ

الجزء الرابع والعشرون

hardened their resolve
 against their own messenger,
 to seize him and kill him.
 They too argued vehemently
 in the way of falsehood,
 so that they might refute and quash the truth.
 Yet, suddenly, I seized them!
 How devastating, then, was My punishment!
 And so it is that the word of your Lord
 will come to pass
 against all those who disbelieve,
 for they are the Companions
 of the Fire of Hell.

وَهَمَّتْ كُلُّ أُمَّةٍ
 بِرَسُولِهِمْ لِيَأْخُذُوهُ
 وَجَادَلُوا بِالْبَاطِلِ
 لِيُدْحِضُوا بِهِ الْحَقَّ
 فَأَخَذْتَهُمْ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عِقَابِ
 وَكَذَلِكَ ﴿٦﴾

حَقَّتْ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ
 عَلَى الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 أَنَّهُمْ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ
 الَّذِينَ يَمْجُلُونَ الْعَرْشَ
 وَمَنْ حَوْلَهُ

يُسَبِّحُونَ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّهِمْ
 وَيُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ
 وَيَسْتَغْفِرُونَ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
 رَبَّنَا وَسِعْتَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ
 رَّحْمَةً وَعِلْمًا
 فَاغْفِرْ لِلَّذِينَ تَابُوا
 وَاتَّبَعُوا سَبِيلَكَ
 وَقِهِمْ عَذَابَ الْجَحِيمِ
 رَبَّنَا وَأَدْخِلْهُمْ

جَنَّاتٍ عَدْنٍ الَّتِي وَعَدْتَهُمْ
 وَمَنْ صَلَحَ مِنْ ءَابَائِهِمْ
 وَآَزْوَاجِهِمْ وَذُرِّيَّاتِهِمْ

Those of the angels
 who bear the Throne of God,
 and all who are round it,
 exalt their Lord with high praise,
 and believe in Him,
 and seek forgiveness for those who believe!
 They say: Our Lord!
 You have embraced all things
 in Your mercy and Your knowledge.
 So forgive those
 who have turned to You in repentance
 and who have followed Your way.
 And save them
 from the torment of Hellfire on Judgment Day.
 Our Lord!
 Admit them, moreover,
 into the Gardens everlasting,
 which You have promised them—
 together with whoever is righteous
 among their fathers,
 and their spouses, and their children.

سُورَةُ غَافِرٍ

الجزء الرابع والعشرون

Indeed, You are the Overpowering 'One',
the All-Wise.

40:9 Thus save them from 'the evil of their' misdeeds.
For whomever You save, on that Day,
from 'the consequence of his' misdeeds,
then, most surely, You have shown him mercy.
And it is this that is the magnificent triumph.

40:10 But as for those who disbelieve,
'they' shall be addressed by 'the angels'
as they suffer in Hellfire:
Most surely, God's 'utter' abhorrence
'of you in the world'
is far 'greater than your abhorrence'
of yourselves 'this Day—
and of eternal consequence!
Behold!
You were 'in life' called to faith
'by God's messengers'. But you disbelieved.

40:11 They shall say: Our Lord!
Two times have You caused us to die.
And two times have You caused us to live.
We now confess our sins.
Is there, then, any way 'for us'
to come out 'from eternal damnation'?

40:12 It shall be said: No!
This 'torment you endure' is because
whenever God alone was invoked 'as One',
you disbelieved 'in Him'.
Yet when associate-gods were ascribed to Him,
you believed.
Assuredly, all judgment belongs to God 'alone',
the Ever-Exalted, the All-Great.

40:13 He is the One
who shows you His 'wondrous' signs

إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ

الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

وَقِهِمُ السَّيِّئَاتِ

٩

وَمَنْ نَقِ السَّيِّئَاتِ

يَوْمَئِذٍ فَقَدْ رَحِمْتَهُ

وَذَلِكَ هُوَ

الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

١٠

يَسْأَلُونَ لِمَقْتُ اللَّهِ

أَكْبَرُ مِنْ

مَقَّتِكُمْ أَنْفُسَكُمْ

إِذْ تُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى الْإِيمَانِ

فَتَكْفُرُونَ

قَالُوا رَبَّنَا آمَنَّا أَثْنَيْنِ

١١

وَأُحْيَيْنَا أَثْنَتَيْنِ

فَاعْتَرَفْنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا فَهَلْ

إِلَى خُرُوجٍ مِنْ سَبِيلٍ

ذَلِكُمْ بِأَنَّهُ

١٢

إِذَا دُعِيَ اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ

كَفَرْتُمْ

وَإِنْ يُشْرَكَ بِهِ تُؤْمِنُوا

فَالْحُكْمُ لِلَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْكَبِيرِ

هُوَ الَّذِي يُرِيكُمْ ءَايَاتِهِ

١٣

سُورَةُ الْغَافِرِ

الجزء الرابع والعشرون

in creation ,
and who sends down for you,
from heaven, provision.
Yet, indeed, none is mindful of this ,
but one who turns to Him in penitence.

- 40:14 Therefore, O believers,
call upon God and no other ,
making the practice of your religion
pure and sincere to Him alone —
even if the disbelievers hate it.
- 40:15 He alone is the All-Elevated of every lofty rank
above His creation —

Sole Possessor of the Throne!
He casts the spirit of the divine Law
through His revealed commandments
upon whomever He so wills
of His servants chosen as messengers ,
to forewarn all people
of the inevitable Day of His Meeting—
the Day they shall all come forward
for Judgment before God ,
nothing of them hidden from God.
Then shall it be asked:

To whom
does all the dominion belong this Day?
To God, the One, the All-Dominating!

40:17 This Day, each soul shall be recompensed
for all that it has earned in life .
No injustice is there this Day.
Indeed, God is swift in reckoning.

40:18 So forewarn them of the Impending Day
when hearts go up into choking throats—
when there shall be no intimate friend
for the wrongdoers, nor any intercessor
to be heeded.

وَيُنَزِّلُ لَكُمْ

مِنَ السَّمَاءِ رِزْقًا

وَمَا يَتَذَكَّرُ

إِلَّا مَنْ يُنِيبُ

فَادْعُوا اللَّهَ

﴿١٤﴾

مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الدِّينَ

وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْكَافِرُونَ

رَفِيعُ الدَّرَجَاتِ

﴿١٥﴾

ذُو الْعَرْشِ

يُلْقِي الرُّوحَ مِنْ أَمْرِهِ

عَلَى مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ

لِنُنْذِرَ يَوْمَ التَّلَاقِ

يَوْمَ هُمْ بَدْرُؤٌ

﴿١٦﴾

لَا يَخْفَى عَلَى اللَّهِ مِنْهُمْ شَيْءٌ

لِمَنِ الْمُلْكُ الْيَوْمَ

لِلَّهِ الْوَاحِدِ الْقَهَّارِ

الْيَوْمَ تُجْزَى

﴿١٧﴾

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ

لَا ظُلْمَ الْيَوْمَ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ

وَأَنْذِرْهُمْ يَوْمَ الْآزِفَةِ

﴿١٨﴾

إِذِ الْقُلُوبُ لَدَى الْحَنَاجِرِ

كُظْمِينَ مَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ

مِنْ حِمِيمٍ وَلَا سَفِيحٍ يُطَاعُ

- 40:19 He knows every treacherous look of the eyes
and all that the 'human' breast conceals.
- 40:20 Thus God judges by 'nothing but' the truth.
But all that they call upon apart from Him
cannot judge by anything at all.
Indeed, it is 'only' God
who is the All-Hearing, the All-Seeing.
- 40:21 *Have they not journeyed through the lands
to see how 'devastating' was the end
of those 'who denied faith' before them?
They were 'far' greater than them in power—
and in the traces
'they left' in the earth 'as a legacy'.
Then, suddenly, God seized them for their sins.
For never did they have any shield against God.
- 40:22 That was because their messengers came to them
with clear 'and miraculous' proofs 'of God'.
Yet they disbelieved.
Then, suddenly, God seized them.
Indeed, He is all-powerful
'and' most severe in punishment.
- 40:23 Now, very truly,
We sent Moses with Our 'miraculous' signs
and manifest authority
- 40:24 to Pharaoh, and Hâmân, and Korah.
But they said:
A 'mere' sorcerer! A sheer liar!
- 40:25 So when he came to them
with the truth from Us, they said:
Kill the sons of those who believe
'who are' with him,
and keep their womenfolk alive
'for us in bondage'.
Yet never is the scheming of the disbelievers

سُورَةُ الْغَافِرِ

الجزء الرابع والعشرون

يَعْلَمُ خَائِنَةَ الْأَعْيُنِ ١٩
وَمَا تُخْفِي الصُّدُورُ
وَاللَّهُ يَقْضِي بِالْحَقِّ ٢٠
وَالَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِهِ
لَا يَنْصُرُونَ شَيْئًا إِنَّ اللَّهَ
هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْبَصِيرُ ٢١
* أَوَلَمْ يَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَيَنْظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ
الَّذِينَ كَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
كَانُوا هُمْ أَشَدَّ مِنْهُمْ قُوَّةً
وَعَانَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَأَخَذَهُمُ اللَّهُ بِذُنُوبِهِمْ
وَمَا كَانَ لَهُمْ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ وَاكِ
ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانَتْ
تَأْتِيهِمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ
فَكَفَرُوا فَأَخَذَهُمُ اللَّهُ
إِنَّهُ قَوِيٌّ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ ٢٢
وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَى
بِآيَاتِنَا وَسُلْطَانٍ مُبِينٍ
إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ وَهَامَانَ وَكَوْرَهٍ
وَقَالُوا فَقَالُوا
سَاحِرٌ كَذَّابٌ
فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ بِالْحَقِّ ٢٣
مِنْ عِنْدِنَا قَالُوا اقْتُلُوا
أَبْنَاءَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَعَهُ
وَأَسْتَحْيُوا نِسَاءَهُمْ
وَمَا كُنْزُ الْكَافِرِينَ
إِلَّا فِي ضَلَالٍ

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anything but misguided.

- 40:26 Moreover, Pharaoh said
to his assembly of nobles:
Leave me to kill Moses—
and let him call upon his Lord!
Indeed, I fear that he may change your religion
or cause corruption to prevail in the land
of Egypt.

- 40:27 Yet Moses said to the people:
I have taken refuge in my Lord and your Lord
from every insolently arrogant person
who does not believe
in the inevitable Day of Reckoning.

- 40:28 Thereupon, a believing man
from the House of Pharaoh,
who had concealed his faith, said:
Will you kill a man for saying:
My Lord is God!
while truly he has come to you
with clear and miraculous proofs
from your Lord?
For if he is a liar,
then the consequence of his lying
is a great sin against him alone:
Yet if he is truthful,
then some of what he promises you
shall strike you.

Indeed, God does not guide
one who is exceedingly rebellious
and a sheer liar.

- 40:29 O my people! Yours is the kingdom today.
You are predominant in the land.
But who will give us victory
against the mighty power of God
if it comes to us?

وَقَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ ﴿٦٦﴾

ذُرُونِي أَقْتُلْ مُوسَى
وَلْيَدْعُ رَبَّهُ إِنِّي أَخَافُ
أَنْ يُبَدِّلَ دِينَكُمْ
أَوْ أَنْ يُظْهِرَ
فِي الْأَرْضِ الْفَسَادَ

وَقَالَ مُوسَى ﴿٦٧﴾

إِنِّي عُدْتُ إِلَىٰ رَبِّي وَرَبِّكُمْ
مِنْ كُلِّ مُتَكَبِّرٍ
لَّا يُؤْمِنُ بِيَوْمِ الْحِسَابِ
وَقَالَ رَجُلٌ مُّؤْمِنٌ

مِّنْ آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ ﴿٦٨﴾

يَكْتُمُ إِيمَانَهُ
أَتَقْتُلُونَ رَجُلًا أَنْ يَقُولَ
رَبِّيَ اللَّهُ وَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ
بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ مِنْ رَبِّكُمْ
وَإِنْ يَكُ كَاذِبًا
فَعَلَيْهِ كَذِبُهُ

وَإِنْ يَكُ صَادِقًا يُصِيبْكُمْ
بَعْضُ الَّذِي يَعِدُكُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي

مَنْ هُوَ مُسْرِفٌ كَذَّابٌ

يَقُومُ لَكُمْ الْمُلْكُ الْيَوْمَ ﴿٦٩﴾

ظَاهِرِينَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
فَمَنْ يَنْصُرُنَا مِنْ بَأْسِ اللَّهِ
إِنْ جَاءَنَا

سُورَةُ غَافِرٍ

الجزء الرابع والعشرون

Pharaoh said:

I do not present to you
other than what I myself see 'to be best for you'.
Nor do I guide you
to other than the path of right guidance.

40:30 But he who believed said:

O my people!

I fear for you 'a fate' similar to the 'dreadful' day
of the 'ungodly' alliances 'of the past'—

40:31 like the case of the people of Noah

and 'that of the peoples of 'Ād and Thamûd,
and those 'who came' after them.

For God does not desire
'any' injustice for 'His' servants.

40:32 And O my people!

I fear for you 'the nearing of'
a day of crying out 'vainly for help',

40:33 a day when you shall 'seek in vain
to' turn away in retreat 'from God's affliction'.

You have none to preserve you from God.

For whomever God leaves to stray,
no guide shall there ever be for him.

40:34 And very truly, Joseph came to you before
with clear 'and miraculous' proofs 'from God,
like those of Moses'.

Yet never did you cease to be in doubt
about 'the message' that he had brought you—
'so much so' that even when he perished,
you said:

God shall never send forth
a messenger after him.

And so it is that God leaves to stray
whoever is exceedingly rebellious
'and' doubting.

قَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ

مَا أُرِيكُمْ إِلَّا مَا أَرَى

وَمَا أَهْدِيكُمْ

إِلَّا سَبِيلَ الرِّشَادِ

وَقَالَ الَّذِي ءَامَنَ يَقُومُ

إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ

مِثْلَ يَوْمِ الْأَحْزَابِ

مِثْلَ دَابِ

قَوْمِ نُوحٍ وَعَادٍ وَثَمُودَ

وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ

وَمَا اللَّهُ يُرِيدُ ظُلْمًا لِلْعِبَادِ

وَيَقُومُ إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ

يَوْمَ النَّسَادِ

يَوْمَ تَوَلَّوْنَ مُدْبِرِينَ

مَا لَكُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ مِنْ عَاصِمٍ

وَمَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ فَهُوَ لَهُ مِنْ هَادٍ

وَلَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ يُوسُفُ

مِنْ قَبْلُ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

فَمَا زِلْتُمْ فِي شَكٍّ

وَمَا جَاءَكُمْ بِهِ

حَقٌّ إِذَا هَلَكْتُمْ فَلَنْتُمْ

لَنْ يَبْعَثَ اللَّهُ

مِنْ بَعْدِهِ رَسُولًا

كَذَلِكَ يُضِلُّ اللَّهُ

مَنْ هُوَ مُسْرِفٌ مُرْتَابٍ

الَّذِينَ يَجِدُلُونَ

فِي ءَايَاتِ اللَّهِ

بِغَيْرِ سُلْطَانٍ أَتَاهُمْ

سُورَةُ الْغَافِرِ

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40:35 'Such are' the ones who argue against
the signs of God, 'revealed to His messengers,
to nullify them',
without any 'divine' authority
'ever' having come to them!
How greatly abhorrent 'this is' to God
and to those who believe!
Thus does God set a seal upon the heart
of every 'insolently' arrogant,
overbearing person.

40:36 Thus Pharaoh said: O Hâmân!
Build for me a 'lofty' tower,
so that I may reach 'up to' the spheres,
40:37 the spheres of the heavens 'themselves',
so that I may 'ascend'
to 'look upon' the God of Moses.
For, most surely, I think he is a liar.
And so it was that Pharaoh's evil deeds
were made fair-seeming to him.
Thus was he 'forever' barred
from the 'straight' path.
And the scheming of Pharaoh
was but 'doomed to end' in ruin!

40:38 Nevertheless, the one who had believed said:
O my people! Follow me.
I shall guide you to the rightly guided path.

40:39 O my people!
This worldly life is but a 'fleeting' enjoyment.
For, indeed, it is the Hereafter
that is the abode of enduring settlement.
40:40 One who does a misdeed
shall not be recompensed but with its like.
But 'as to' one who does righteous deeds,
whether male or female—

كَبُرَ مَقْتًا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
وَعِنْدَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
كَذَٰلِكَ يَطْبَعُ اللَّهُ
عَلَىٰ كُلِّ قَلْبٍ
مُتَكَبِّرٍ جَبَّارٍ
وَقَالَ فِرْعَوْنُ يَنْهَكُنْ
أَبْنِي لِي صَرْحًا
لَّعَلِّي أَبْلُغُ الْأَسْبَابَ
أَسْبَابَ السَّمَوَاتِ
فَأُطَّلِعَ إِلَىٰ إِلَهِ مُوسَىٰ
وَإِنِّي لِأَظُنُّهُ كَذِبًا
وَكَذَٰلِكَ زُيِّنَ لِفِرْعَوْنَ
سُوءُ عَمَلِهِ
وَصُدَّ عَنِ السَّبِيلِ
وَمَا كُنْزُ فِرْعَوْنَ
إِلَّا فِي تَبَابٍ
وَقَالَ الَّذِي ءَامَنَ
يَنْقُومِ اتَّبِعُونِ أَهْدِيكُمْ
سَبِيلَ الرَّشَادِ
يَنْقُومُ إِنَّمَا هَٰذِهِ
الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا مَتَّعٌ وَإِنَّ
الْآخِرَةَ هِيَ دَارُ الْفِرَارِ
مَنْ عَمِلَ سَيِّئَةً
فَلَا يُجْزَىٰ إِلَّا مِثْلَهَا
وَمَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا
مِّنْ ذَكَرٍ أَوْ أَنُورٍ
وَهُوَ مُؤْمِنٌ

while being a believer—then 'it is such as' these
who shall enter the Garden of Paradise,
forever provided therein, without measure.

40:41 *And, O my people!

How is it that I call you to deliverance,
while you call me to the Fire of Hell?

40:42 You call me to disbelieve

in 'the true and only' God
and to associate with Him 'false gods'
of which I have no knowledge,
while I call you to 'believe'
in 'the Overpowering One',
the Most Forgiving.

40:43 There is no doubt

that all that you call me to 'worship'
has nothing worthy for which to be invoked—
'neither' in this world nor in the Hereafter.

For 'there is no doubt'

that our 'inevitable' return
is 'but' to God alone—

and that it is 'only' the exceedingly rebellious
who are the Companions of the Fire of Hell.

40:44 It is 'only' then 'in Hellfire'

that you shall 'all' remember

what I say to you 'now'!

Yet I commend 'myself and' my affair
to God 'alone'.

Indeed, God is all-seeing of 'all His' servants.

40:45 So God saved him from the great evil

that they plotted,

while the 'very' worst of torments

whelmed the House of Pharaoh from every side.

40:46 'Moreover,' to the Fire

are they exposed 'in their graves',

سُورَةُ غَافِرٍ

الْحِزْبُ الرَّابِعُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

فَأُولَٰئِكَ يَدْخُلُونَ الْجَنَّةَ
يُرْزَقُونَ فِيهَا بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ

وَيَتَقَوَّمُ مَا لَيْتَ

٤١

أَدْعُوكُمْ إِلَى النَّجْوَةِ

وَتَدْعُونَنِي إِلَى النَّارِ

تَدْعُونَنِي لِأَكْفُرَ بِاللَّهِ

٤٢

وَأُشْرِكَ بِهِ—

مَا لَيْسَ لِي بِهِ عِلْمٌ

وَأَنَا أَدْعُوكُمْ

إِلَى الْعَزِيزِ الْغَفَّارِ

٤٣

لَا جَرَمَ أَنَّمَا تَدْعُونَنِي إِلَيْهِ

لَيْسَ لَهُ دَعْوَةٌ فِي الدُّنْيَا

وَلَا فِي الْآخِرَةِ

وَأَنْ مَرَدَّنَا إِلَى اللَّهِ

وَأَنْتَ الْمُسْرِفِينَ

هُمْ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ

فَسَتَذْكُرُونَ

٤٤

مَا أَقُولُ لَكُمْ

وَأَقْرِضْ أَمْرِي إِلَى اللَّهِ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِصِيرِ الْعِبَادِ

فَوَّضَهُ اللَّهُ

٤٥

سَيِّئَاتِ مَا مَكَرُوا

وَحَاقَ بِثَالِ فِرْعَوْنَ

سُوءُ الْعَذَابِ

النَّارُ يُعْرَضُونَ عَلَيْهَا

عُدُوًّا وَعَشِيًّا

٤٦

سُورَةُ الْغَافِرِ

الْحِزْبُ الرَّابِعُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

morning and evening, 'until the end of time'.

Then on the Day

the Hour 'of Doom' shall arise,

'it shall be said to the angels':

Commit the House of Pharaoh

into the severest torment!

40:47 And behold!

They shall argue with one another

in the Fire 'of Hell'.

Thus the weak 'of the world' shall say

to those who were 'insolently' arrogant:

Indeed, we were 'devoted' followers of yours!

So can you avail us, 'even a little,'

against any portion of the Fire?

40:48 Those who were 'insolently' arrogant shall say:

Indeed, we are all of us 'steeped' in it.

God has already judged

between 'all His' servants 'with justice'.

40:49 Then 'all' those in the Fire shall say

to the keepers of Hell:

Call upon your Lord

to lighten 'just' a day of the torment for us.

40:50 'The keepers' shall say:

Is it not 'true', then, that your messengers

have come to you 'in life'

with clear 'and miraculous' proofs 'from God'?

The 'dwellers of the Fire' shall say:

Yes, indeed!

They 'who are the keepers' shall then say:

Cry out, 'then, in vain'!

For never is the cry of the disbelievers

anything but misguided.

40:51 Indeed, We shall, most surely,
make Our messengers triumphant,

وَيَوْمَ تَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ

أَدْخُلُوا آلَ فِرْعَوْنَ

أَشَدَّ الْعَذَابِ

وَإِذْ يَتَحَاوَرُونَ فِي النَّارِ

(٤٧)

فَيَقُولُ الضُّعَفَاءُ

لِلَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا

إِنَّا كُنَّا لَكُمْ تَبَعًا

فَهَلْ أَنْتُمْ مُغْنُونَ عَنَّا

نَصِيبًا مِنَ النَّارِ

قَالَ الَّذِينَ اسْتَكْبَرُوا

(٤٨)

إِنَّا كُلٌّ فِيهَا ابْنُ اللَّهِ

قَدْ حَكَمَ بَيْنَ الْعِبَادِ

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ فِي النَّارِ

(٤٩)

لِخَزَنَةِ جَهَنَّمَ

ادْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ يَخْفَفْ عَنَّا

يَوْمًا مِنَ الْعَذَابِ

قَالُوا أَوَلَمْ نَكُ تَائِبِينَ

(٥٠)

رُسُلَكُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

قَالُوا بَلَى قَالُوا فَادْعُوا

وَمَا دَعَوْا إِلَّا الْكَافِرِينَ

إِلَّا فِي ضَلَالٍ

إِنَّا لَنَنْصُرُ رُسُلَنَا

(٥١)

وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

سُورَةُ الْغَافِرِ

الجزء الرابع والعشرون

as well as 'all those who believe—
'both' in the life of this world
and on the Day 'Hereafter'
when the witnesses
'for God's message to the nations'
shall stand forth—

- 40:52 a Day the 'godless' wrongdoers
shall not benefit from their excuses.
Rather, for them, there is 'only'
the curse 'of God'!
And for them 'in just recompense',
there is the most evil abode
'in Hellfire awaiting'.

- 40:53 And very truly, We gave Moses
the guidance 'of divine revelation'.
Thus, We bequeathed to the Children of Israel
the Book 'of the Torah'—

- 40:54 as a 'means of' guidance 'to salvation'
and a reminder 'of the divine Law',
for those endowed
with 'discretion and' understanding
'who thus heed admonition'.

- 40:55 Therefore, be patient, 'O Prophet'.
Indeed, the promise
of 'victory from' God is 'ever' true.
Moreover, 'steadfastly' seek 'much' forgiveness
for your sin.

And highly exalt your Lord with 'all' praise
in the evenings and 'in' the mornings.

- 40:56 Indeed, those who argue
against the signs of God
'revealed to His messengers'
in order to nullify them—
without any 'divine' authority

وَيَوْمَ يَقُومُ الْأَشْهَادُ

يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُ

٥٢

الظَّالِمِينَ مَعْذِرَتُهُمْ

وَلَهُمُ اللَّعْنَةُ

وَلَهُمْ سُوءُ الدَّارِ

وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْهُدَى

٥٣

وَأَوْزَيْنَا بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ

الْكِتَابَ

هُدًى وَذِكْرَى

٥٤

لِأُولِي الْأَلْبَابِ

فَأَصْبِرْ

٥٥

إِنَّكَ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ

وَأَسْتَغْفِرُ لِدُنْيَاكَ

وَسَيَحِبُّ يَحْمَدُ رَبِّكَ

بِالْعَشِيِّ وَالْإِبْكَرِ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُحَدِّثُونَ

٥٦

فِيءَ آيَاتِ اللَّهِ

بِغَيْرِ سُلْطَانٍ أَتَاهُمْ

إِنْ فِي صُدُورِهِمْ

إِلَّا كِبَرٌ

مَاهُمْ بِبَلَاغِيهِ

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ever having come to them—
there is nothing but great arrogance
in their breast.
For that is an aspiration
to which they shall never attain.
Yet seek much refuge in God from their evil.
Indeed, it is He alone
who is the All-Hearing, the All-Seeing.

- 40:57 Most surely, the creation of the heavens
and the earth is a far greater wonder
than the human creation.
But most people
do not know God's awesome might.
40:58 And so, not equal
are the blind and the seeing;
nor those who believe and do good deeds
and the doer of misdeeds.
But little are you human beings mindful
of God's admonitions.

- 40:59 Indeed, the Hour of Doom
is, most surely, coming.
Of this, there can be no doubt.
But most people neglect its signs,
for they do not believe in the Hereafter.

- 40:60 Yet the Lord of all of you, O humankind,
has said:
Call upon Me in prayer. I shall answer you.
Indeed, those who are disdainful of My worship
shall enter Hell, utterly humiliated.
40:61 God is the One
who has made the night
for you to repose therein
and the daylight by which to see.
Indeed, God is ever bountiful to all people.

فَاسْتَعِذْ بِاللَّهِ إِنَّهُ
هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْبَصِيرُ ﴿٥٧﴾
لَخَلْقُ السَّمَوَاتِ
وَالْأَرْضِ أَكْبَرُ
مِنْ خَلْقِ النَّاسِ
وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ
لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٥٨﴾
وَمَا يَسْتَوِي
الْأَعْمَى وَالْبَصِيرُ
وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
فَإِلَّا مَآ تَدَّ كُرُورٌ
إِنَّ السَّاعَةَ لَآتِيَةٌ
لَّا رَيْبَ فِيهَا وَلَكِنَّ
أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿٥٩﴾
وَقَالَ رَبُّكُمْ
ادْعُونِي أَسْتَجِبْ لَكُمْ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَسْتَكْبِرُونَ
عَنْ عِبَادَتِي سَيَدْخُلُونَ
جَهَنَّمَ دَاخِرِينَ ﴿٦٠﴾
اللَّهُ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ
الَّيْلَ لِتَسْكُنُوا فِيهِ
وَالنَّهَارَ مُبْصِرًا
إِنَّكَ اللَّهُ
لَدُو فَضْلٍ عَلَى النَّاسِ
وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ
لَا يَشْكُرُونَ ﴿٦١﴾

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- But most people do not give thanks
for the plenty God gives them.
- 40:62 O humanity!
That is God, your Lord,
the Creator of everything!
There is no God but Him.
How, then, are you turned away
from worshipping Him alone?
- 40:63 Even so, those who have disavowed the natural
and revealed signs of God turn away.
- 40:64 God is the One who alone has made the earth
a hospitable place of settlement for you,
and the sky a sheltering edifice;
and who alone has fashioned you
and, moreover, made most excellent your forms;
and who alone has provided you
with all that is wholesome in life.
O humanity! That is God, your Lord.
So blessed be God, Lord of All the Worlds!
- 40:65 He alone is the All-Living One.
There is no God but Him.
So call upon Him and no other,
making the practice of your religion
pure and sincere to Him.
All praise is for God alone,
Lord of All the Worlds.
- 40:66 *Say to the disbelievers, O Prophet:
Indeed, I have been forbidden
to worship all those whom you call upon
apart from God.
For the clear proofs of God
have, indeed, come to me from my Lord.
Moreover, I have been commanded
to submit my whole being, willingly,

ذَلِكُمْ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ ١٢
خَلَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ
لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ فَأَنَّى تُؤْفَكُونَ
كَذَلِكَ يُؤْفَكُ الَّذِينَ ١٣
كَانُوا بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ يُجَاهِدُونَ
اللَّهُ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمْ ١٤
الْأَرْضَ فَرَارًا
وَالسَّمَاءَ بَنَاءً
وَصَوَّرَكُمْ
فَأَحْسَنَ صُورَكُمْ
وَرَزَقَكُمْ مِنَ الطَّيِّبَاتِ
ذَلِكُمْ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ
فَتَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ
رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ
هُوَ الْحَيُّ ١٥
لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ فَادْعُوهُ
مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الدِّينَ
الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
﴿قُلْ إِنِّي نُهَيْتُ أَنْ أُعْبَدَ ١٦
الَّذِينَ تَدْعُونَ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
لَمَّا جَاءَ فِي الْبَيِّنَاتِ مِنْ رَبِّي
وَأُمِرْتُ أَنْ أُسْلِمَ
لِرَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ﴾

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الْحُزْنُ الرَّابِعُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

to the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.

- 40:67 He is the One
who has created 'all of' you from dust,
then from a sperm-drop,
then from a clinging clot.
Then He brings you forth as children,
that you may then reach full maturity,
that you may then become elderly—
though among you are those
who are made to die before 'this'.
It is thus, 'so that you may all reach
a preordained term 'of death',
and so that you may all 'come to' understand
that God alone could do this '.

- 40:68 He 'alone' is the One
who gives life and gives death.
For when He decrees a matter,
He but says to it: Be! And so it is.

- 40:69 Have you not considered, 'O Prophet,
the utter futility of 'those who argue
against the 'revealed' signs of God
'to nullify them' ?
How, then, are they turned away
'from self-evident truth' ?

- 40:70 It is these who have belied 'the Quran
as 'the Book 'of God',
and 'who have belied' all 'the commandments'
which We have sent with Our messengers.
Thus they shall soon know
'the consequence of their denial'—

- 40:71 when yokes are about their necks
and 'they are in' chains!

- They shall be dragged
40:72 into the scalding fluid.

هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ ٧٧

مِنْ تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ مِنْ نُطْفَةٍ

ثُمَّ مِنْ عَلَقَةٍ

ثُمَّ يُخْرِجُكُمْ طِفْلًا

ثُمَّ لِيَبْلُغُوا أَشُدَّكُمْ

ثُمَّ لِيَكُونُوا شُيُوخًا

وَمِنْكُمْ مَنْ يُوَفِّي

مِنْ قَبْلٍ

وَلِيَبْلُغُوا أَجَلًا مُّسَمًّى

وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ

هُوَ الَّذِي يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ ٧٨

فَإِذَا قَضَىٰ أَمْرًا فَإِنَّمَا

يَقُولُ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ ٧٩

يُحَدِّثُونَ فِي آيَاتِ اللَّهِ

أَنَّهُ يَصْرِفُون

الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا ٨٠

بِالْكِتَابِ

وَيَمَّا أَرْسَلْنَا بِهِ رُسُلَنَا

فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ

إِذْ الْأَغْلُلُ فِي أَعْنَاقِهِمْ ٨١

وَالسَّلْسِلُ يُسْحَبُونَ

فِي الْحَمِيمِ ٨٢

ثُمَّ فِي النَّارِ يُسْجَرُونَ

- Then in the Fire 'of Hell'
shall they burn 'as fuel'.
- 40:73 Then it shall be said to them:
Where, now, are those
you used to take as associate-gods
apart from God?
- 40:74 They shall say: They have strayed 'far' from us!
Rather,
we were calling on nothing 'but illusions'
before 'in the world'!
- Thus does God leave the disbelievers to stray.
- 40:75 That is because you 'who in life disbelieved'
used to exult in the land without any right,
and because you used to be elated
'by your worldly indulgence'.
- 40:76 Enter the gates of Hell,
wherein you shall abide forever—
and a most woeful dwelling 'it is'
for the 'insolently arrogant'!
- 40:77 Therefore, be patient, 'O Prophet'.
Indeed, the promise of God is 'ever' true.
For 'regardless of' whether We show you
some of 'the affliction'
that We have promised them 'in this life',
or We take your soul 'first'—
to Us shall they 'all' be returned 'for Judgment'.
- 40:78 For very truly,
We have sent 'mortal' messengers
'to their own people' before you.
Among them are those
whose 'accounts' We have related to you
'in this Quran'.
And among them are those
whose 'accounts' We have not related to you.
Yet never was it 'possible'

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ثُمَّ قِيلَ لَهُمْ ﴿٧٣﴾
أَيْنَ مَا كُنْتُمْ تَشْرِكُونَ
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ قَالُوا
ضَلُّوا عَنَّا بَلْ لَمْ نَكُنْ
نَدْعُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ شَيْئًا
كَذَلِكَ يُضِلُّ اللَّهُ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٧٤﴾
ذَلِكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَفْرَحُونَ
فِي الْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ
وَبِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَمْرَحُونَ ﴿٧٥﴾
أَدْخُلُوا أَبْوَابَ جَهَنَّمَ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا
فَلَيْسَ مَثْوًى لِّلْمُتَكَبِّرِينَ ﴿٧٦﴾
فَاصْبِرْ إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ
فَإِنَّمَا تُرِيدُكَ
بَعْضَ الَّذِي نَعِدُهُمْ
أَوْ تُوقِنُكَ فَإِنَّا يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿٧٧﴾
وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا رُسُلًا
مِّن قَبْلِكَ مِنْهُمْ
مَّن قَصَصْنَا عَلَيْكَ وَمِنْهُمْ
مَّن لَّمْ نَقْصُصْ عَلَيْكَ
وَمَا كَانَ لِرَسُولٍ أَنْ
يَأْتِيَ بِشَيْءٍ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحُزْنُ الرَّابِعُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

for any messenger to come forth to his people
with a miraculous sign
without the permission of God.
But when the command of God comes
to bring judgment upon a people,
it is decreed with the decisive truth.
And right then and there,
the real progenitors of falsehood lose all.

فَإِذَا جَاءَ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ

فُضِيَ بِالْحَقِّ

وَحَسِرَ هُنَالِكَ

الْمُبْطِلُونَ

اللَّهُ الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمْ

الْأَنْعَامَ لَتَرَكُّبُوا مِنْهَا

وَمِنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ

وَلَكُمْ فِيهَا مَنَافِعُ

وَلَتَبْلُغُوا عَلَيْهَا حَاجَةً

فِي صُدُورِكُمْ وَعَلَيْهَا

وَعَلَى الْفُلْكِ تُحْمَلُونَ

وَأُتِرَ لَكُمْ آيَاتِهِ

فَأَتَى آيَاتِ اللَّهِ تُنْكِرُونَ

أَفَلَمْ يَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ

فَيَنْظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ

الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

كَانُوا أَكْثَرَ مِنْهُمْ

وَأَشَدُّ قُوَّةً

وَمَا أَثَارًا فِي الْأَرْضِ

فَمَا أَغْنَى عَنْهُمْ

مَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ

فَلَمَّا جَاءَتْهُمْ

رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

فَرِحُوا بِمَا عِنْدَهُمْ

مِنَ الْعِلْمِ

- 40:79 God is the One
who has made for you all types of cattle,
so that you may ride upon some
and from some you may eat.
- 40:80 And therein are other benefits for you.
Moreover, by means of them
you may attain to some other far-reaching need
within your breast.
For upon them, and upon ships, you are carried
through land and sea.
- 40:81 And so it is that He shows you human beings
His revealed and natural signs.
Then which of God's signs would you reject?
- 40:82 Have they not, then,
journeyed through the earth
to see how devastating was the end
of those who belied God's messengers
before them?
They were more numerous than them,
and superior in power,
and far greater in the traces
they left in the earth as a legacy.
Yet all that they earned never availed them
against the judgment of God.
- 40:83 For when their messengers came to them
with clear and miraculous proofs from God,

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الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

they exulted 'instead'
in what 'trifling' knowledge they had.
So the 'very punishment' they used to mock at
whelmed them from every side.

40:84 Then, when they saw Our 'deadly' affliction,
they said 'frantically':

We believe in God alone, and we disbelieve
in all that we used to associate as gods
'with Him'!

40:85 But their 'sudden' faith—
when 'at last' they saw Our 'deadly' affliction—
did not benefit them.

That is the way of God—
'the way' that has ever been 'decreed'
for His servants.

And right then and there,
the disbelievers lose 'all'.

وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ

مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ

فَلَمَّا رَأَوْا بَأْسَنَا قَالُوا

ءَاْمَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَحْدَهُ

وَكُفَرْنَا

بِمَا كُنَّا بِهِ مُشْرِكِينَ

فَلَمْ يَكْ يَنْفَعُهُمْ اِيْمَانُهُمْ

لَمَّا رَأَوْا بَأْسَنَا سُنَّتَ اللّٰهُ

الَّتِي قَدْ خَلَتْ فِي عِبَادِهِ

وَحَسِرُ هُنَالِكَ الْكَافِرُونَ

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٨٥

Surah 41 / 54 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Fuṣṣilat

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

41:1 *Hâ Mîm*

- 41:2 This is 'a revelation' sent down
from the All-Merciful, the Mercy-Giving—
41:3 a Book whose verses
'of Heavenly guidance'
have been made lucidly distinct
as an Arabic Quran,
for a people who would know 'and give heed'.
41:4 It is 'a Heavenly Recitation'
that is 'a bearer of glad tidings'
'of the good life and everlasting reward',
and a forewarner 'of God's nearing Judgment'.
Yet 'when it is recited',
most of them turn away 'from it',
for they do not 'truly' hear 'its message'.
41:5 Thus they say:
Our hearts are ensheathed
against what you are calling us to.
In our ears, moreover,
there is an utter deafness 'to it'.
For between us and you,
there is an 'impenetrable' veil.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

١ حم
٢ تَنْزِيلٌ مِّنَ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
٣ كِتَابٌ فَصَّلَتْ أَيْتُهُ
٤ قُرْءَانًا عَرَبِيًّا لِّقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ
٥ بَشِيرًا وَنَذِيرًا
فَاعْرَضَ أَكْثَرُهُمْ
فَهُمْ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ
وَقَالُوا قُلُوبُنَا فِي أَكْثَرِ
مِمَّا نَدْعُونَا إِلَيْهِ
وَفِي آذَانِنَا وَقْرٌ
وَمِنْ بَيْنِنَا وَبَيْنِكَ حِجَابٌ

- So do 'as you will'!
 We shall, indeed, do 'as we see fit'!
- 41:6 Say 'to them, O Prophet':
 Indeed, I am only a human being like you.
 Revealed to me is that your God
 is 'but' One God.
 Therefore, seek 'for your own souls'
 the straight 'way' to Him.
 Moreover, seek His forgiveness.
 For woe to those who associate gods with God,
 those who do not give the Zakât-Charity,
 and those who are disbelievers in the Hereafter.
- 41:8 As for those who believe
 and do righteous deeds,
 for them 'in the Hereafter'
 there is an unfailing reward 'awaiting.
- 41:9 *O Prophet!
 Say 'to those who associate partners with God':
 Do you truly disbelieve in the One
 who 'alone' created the Earth
 in 'a span of two Heavenly' days?
 And do you set up rivals to Him
 'in His divinity'?
 This is the 'sole Creator',
 Lord of 'All' the Worlds!
- 41:10 Moreover, 'it is' He 'alone'
 who 'has set therein anchoring mountains,
 'towering' above 'the Earth',
 to balance 'it' as it spins'.
 And 'it is' He 'alone'
 who 'has bestowed abundant' blessings in it
 and decreed therein all its sustenance.
 'All this has He done',
 in 'a span of four equal Heavenly' days.
 'This do We reveal'

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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فَاعْمَلْ إِنَّا عَمِلُونَا
 قُلْ إِنَّمَا أَنَا بَشَرٌ مِّثْلُكُمْ ﴿٦﴾
 يُوحَىٰ إِلَىٰ
 أَنَّمَا إِلَهُكُمُ اللَّهُ وَحْدٌ
 فَاسْتَقِيمُوا إِلَيْهِ
 وَاسْتَغْفِرُوهُ
 وَوَيْلٌ لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ
 الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ
 وَهُمْ بِالْآخِرَةِ هُمْ كَافِرُونَ
 إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
 وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
 لَهُمْ أَجْرٌ غَيْرُ مَمْنُونٍ
 قُلْ أَيُّ شَيْءٍ لَّكُم مِّنْ دُونِ
 الَّذِي خَلَقَ الْأَرْضَ فِي يَوْمَيْنِ
 وَتَجْعَلُونَ لَهُ ۖ أَنْدَادًا
 ذَٰلِكُمْ رُبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ
 وَجَعَلَ فِيهَا رُوسَىٰ مِّنْ قَوْفِهَا
 وَبَرَكٌ فِيهَا
 وَقَدَّرَ فِيهَا أَقْوَاتَهَا
 فِي أَرْبَعَةِ أَيَّامٍ سَوَاءً لِّلنَّاسِ لَدَيْنَ

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for those who would inquire 'into creation'.

41:11 Then He directed Himself toward the heaven,
while it was yet smoke.

Then He said to it, and to the Earth:

Come 'into form', willingly or unwillingly!

They 'both' said: We come willingly!

41:12 So He determined them as seven heavens,
in 'a span of two' more Heavenly days,
revealing within each heaven
its own 'natural and spiritual' order.

Moreover, We have adorned the nearest heaven
with lights,

and, 'thereby,' it is safeguarded, 'as well'.

Such is the 'mighty' decree
of the Overpowering 'One', the All-Knowing.

41:13 But if they 'who disbelieve' turn away,
then say 'to them':

I forewarn you of 'the destruction
of' a thunderbolt,
like the thunderbolt 'that struck
the peoples' of 'Ād and Thamûd.

41:14 Behold!

The messengers approached them
from before them and from behind them,
'and in every conceivable way, saying':

Worship none but God!

Yet they 'only' said:

Had our Lord so willed

'to send us Heavenly guidance',

most surely, He would have sent down
angels 'as messengers'.

Therefore, in all that you have been sent with
we are 'inveterate' disbelievers.

41:15 As for 'the people of' 'Ād,
they grew so very arrogant in the land

١١ ثُمَّ أَسَوَّوْا

إِلَى السَّمَاءِ وَهِيَ دُخَانٌ

فَقَالَ لَهَا وَلِلْأَرْضِ

أَتَيْنَا طَوْعًا أَوْ كَرْهًا

قَالَتَا أَتَيْنَا طَائِعِينَ

١٢ فَفَضَّلْنَهُنَّ سَبْعَ سَمَوَاتٍ

فِي يَوْمَيْنِ

وَأَوْحَى فِي كُلِّ سَمَاءٍ أَمْرَهَا

وَرَيْنَا السَّمَاءَ الدُّنْيَا

بِمَصْنُوعٍ وَحَفِظْنَا

ذَلِكَ تَقْدِيرَ الْعَزِيزِ الْعَلِيمِ

١٣ فَإِنْ أَعْرَضُوا

فَقُلْ أَنْذَرْتُكُمْ صَوْفَةً

مِثْلَ صَوْفَةِ عَادٍ وَثَمُودَ

١٤ إِذْ جَاءَهُمُ الرُّسُلُ

مِنْ بَنِي آيَاتِهِمْ

وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ

أَلَّا تَعْبُدُوا إِلَّا اللَّهَ قَالُوا

لَوْ شَاءَ رَبُّنَا لَأَنْزَلَ مَلَائِكَةً

فَأَنَّا يَمُنُّونَ بِمَا أُرْسِلُوا بِهِ كُفَرُونَ

١٥ فَأَمَّا عَادٌ فَاسْتَكْبَرُوا

فِي الْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ

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without any right.

Thus they said:

Who is greater than us in power?

Could they not see that God—

the One who had created them—

was Himself, most surely, greater than them
in power?

Nevertheless, they used to disavow

Our message and miraculous signs.

41:16 Then We sent against them

a thundering, raging-cold wind

in days of continuing ill-fate,

so that We might cause them to taste

something of the divine torment of disgrace

in the life of this world,

while the torment of the Hereafter

shall be yet more disgracing.

For never shall they be helped.

41:17 And as for the people of Thamûd,

We guided them aright.

But they loved worldly blindness

more than divine guidance.

Thus the dishonoring torment

of a thunderbolt of destruction

seized them, suddenly, because of all the evil

that they had duly earned.

41:18 Yet We delivered from destruction

those among them who believed

and were ever God-fearing.

41:19 Thus remind of the Day of Judgment,

when the enemies of God

shall be assembled before the Fire of Hell—

and thus shall they be duly marshaled—

41:20 until when they come to it

وَقَالُوا مَنْ أَشَدُّ مِنَّا قُوَّةً

أُولَئِكَ يَرَوْنَ

أَنَّ اللَّهَ الَّذِي خَلَقَهُمْ

هُوَ أَشَدُّ مِنْهُمْ قُوَّةً

وَكَانُوا يَنْتَهِتَانَا بِتَحَدُّوتٍ

فَأَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ رِيحًا صَرْصَرًا

فِي أَيَّامٍ مَّحْسَرَاتٍ

لِنُذِقَهُمْ عَذَابَ الْآخِرَةِ

فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَلَعَذَابُ الْآخِرَةِ أَخْزَى

وَهُمْ لَا يُبْصِرُونَ

وَأَمَّا ثَمُودُ فَهَدَيْنَاهُمْ

فَأَسْتَحَبُّوا الْعَمَى عَلَى الْهُدَى

فَأَخَذَتْهُمْ صَاعِقَةُ

الْعَذَابِ أَلْوَنٍ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ

وَنَجَّيْنَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

وَكَانُوا يَنْقُوتُونَ

وَيَوْمَ يُحْشَرُ أَعْدَاءُ اللَّهِ

إِلَى النَّارِ فَهُمْ يُوزَعُونَ

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا مَا جَاءَهَا

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and are questioned
about their life in the world,
their ears, and their eyes, and their very skins
shall all bear witness against their own souls
for all that they used to do.

41:21 So they shall say to their own skins:
Why did you bear witness against us?
They shall say in response:
God who causes everything to speak
has caused us to speak.

For it is He alone
who has created you the first time.
And to Him are you now returned!

41:22 Moreover, you yourselves
did not care to conceal your godless ways,
so that we who are your ears
and your eyes and your skins
would not bear witness against you!
Rather, you thought that God
did not know much
about what you were doing in life.

41:23 But that was merely your assumption
which you ignorantly assumed
about your Lord.
So it has brought you doom.

Thus you have become
among the losers of an everlasting Paradise.

41:24 Then even if they are to have patience therein,
still the Fire of Hell shall be
an eternal dwelling for them.
And should they seek to return to the world
so as to propitiate the wrath of God
for their former ungodliness,
never shall they be of those
allowed such propitiation.

شَهِدَ عَلَيْهِمْ سَمْعُهُمْ

وَأَبْصَرُهُمْ وَجُلُودُهُمْ

بِمَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

وَقَالُوا لِمَ جُعِلُوا

لِمَ شَهِدْتُمْ عَلَيْنَا

قَالُوا أَنْطَقَنَا اللَّهُ

الَّذِي أَنْطَقَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ

وَهُوَ خَلَقَكُمْ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ

وَالِإِلَيْهِ تَرْجَعُونَ

وَمَا كُنْتُمْ تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ

أَنْ يَشْهَدَ عَلَيْكُمْ سَمْعُكُمْ

وَلَا أَبْصَرُكُمْ وَلَا جُلُودُكُمْ

وَلَكِنْ ظَنَنْتُمْ

أَنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَعْلَمُ

كَثِيرًا مِمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ

وَذَلِكُمْ ظَنُّكُمُ الَّذِي

ظَنَنْتُمْ بِرَبِّكُمْ أَرَدْتُمْ

فَأَصْبَحْتُمْ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ

فَإِنْ يَصْبِرُوا

فَالنَّارُ مَثْوًى لَّهُمْ

وَإِنْ يَسْتَغِيثُوا

فَمَا لَهُمْ مِنَ الْمُعْتَصِينَ

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٢٣

٢٤

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41:25 * Thus have We designated for them intimate companions in life who make them oblivious to the Judgment that is before them, and who make the evil they have done that is behind them, fair-seeming to them. Then, suddenly, the word of doom comes to pass against them, as it did with those disbelieving communities of jinn and humans that have already passed away before them. Indeed, they were all losers of an everlasting Paradise.

41:26 Still, those who disbelieve say to the people: Do not listen to this Quran, but make instead senseless talk that obscures its message, so that you may prevail against it.

41:27 Therefore, We shall, most surely, make those who disbelieve taste a severe torment in both this life and the Hereafter.

Moreover,

We shall, most surely, recompense them in the Hereafter, in accordance with the very worst they ever did.

41:28 That is the recompense of the enemies of God: The Fire of Hell!

For them therein is the abode of eternity—a due recompense, for in life they used to disavow Our revealed signs.

41:29 Thus in Hell those who disbelieved shall say:

وَقَيَّضْنَا لَهُمْ قُرَنَاءَ ﴿٢٥﴾
فَزَيَّنُوا لَهُمْ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ
وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ
وَحَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَوْلُ
فِي أَمْرٍ قَدْ حَلَّتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
مِنَ اللَّيْلِ وَالْإِنْسِ
إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا خَسِرِينَ
وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿٢٦﴾
لَا تَسْمَعُوا لِهَذَا الْقُرْآنِ
وَالْعَوَافِيهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
فَلَنَذِيقَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿٢٧﴾
عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا وَلَنَجْزِيَنَّهُمْ
أَسْوَأَ الَّذِي كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
ذَلِكَ جَزَاءُ أَعْدَاءِ اللَّهِ النَّارِ ﴿٢٨﴾
هُمْ فِيهَا دَارُ الْمُخْلَدِ
جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُوا بِآيَاتِنَا يَجْحَدُونَ
وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿٢٩﴾

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Our Lord!

Show us those who have led us astray
of the jinn and the humans.

We shall place them beneath our feet,
so that they may become
of the nethermost 'in Hellfire'!

41:30 As for those who 'in life' say:

Our Lord is God 'alone'!
and continue upon the straight way,
the angels descend to them 'and say':
Have no fear, neither grieve!

Rather, receive glad tidings
of the Garden 'of Paradise',
which you were promised 'in life'.

41:31 We are your supporters
in the life of this world and in the Hereafter.
And for you therein is all that your souls desire.
And for you therein
is all for which you may ask—

41:32 an 'everlasting' hospitality
'extended' from One who is all-forgiving,
mercy-giving.

41:33 Thus who is of a fairer word
than one who calls to God,
and does righteous deeds, and says:
Indeed, I am of those who are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone'?

41:34 For not equal are the good deed
and the evil deed.
'So' repel 'their evildoing'
with that which is best 'in the sight of God'.
Then, behold!
The one who had enmity for you,
and for whom you had enmity,
may become like a most intimate friend.

رَبَّنَا أَرِنَا الَّذِينَ أَضَلَّانَا

مِنَ الْجِنَّ وَالْإِنسِ

تَجْعَلُهُمَا تَحْتَ أَقْدَامِنَا

لِيَكُونَا مِنَ الْأَسْفَلِينَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا رَبُّنَا اللَّهُ

ثُمَّ اسْتَقَمُوا تَتَنَزَّلُ

عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ

أَلَّا تَخَافُوا وَلَا تَحْزَنُوا

وَأَبَشِرُوا بِالْجَنَّةِ

الَّتِي كُنتُمْ تُوعَدُونَ

نَحْنُ أَوْلِيَائُكُمْ

فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ

وَلَكُمْ فِيهَا

مَا نَشْتَهُ أَنْفُسُكُمْ

وَلَكُمْ فِيهَا مَا تَدْعُونَ

ثُمَّ لَا مِنْ عَفْوَ رَحِيمٍ

وَمَنْ أَحْسَنُ قَوْلًا

مِمَّنْ دَعَا إِلَى اللَّهِ

وَعَمِلَ صَالِحًا

وَقَالَ إِنِّي مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

وَلَا تَسْتَوِ الْحَسَنَةُ

وَلَا السَّيِّئَةُ

أَدْفَعُ بِالَّتِي هِيَ أَحْسَنُ

فَإِذَا الَّذِي

يَبْغُكَ وَيَبْغِيكَ عَدَاوَةً

كَأَنَّهُ وَلِيٌّ حَمِيمٌ

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٣٢

٣٣

٣٤

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- 41:35 Yet none shall attain this
but those who are patient 'in suffering'.
And none shall attain this but one endowed with
a magnificent share 'of goodness'.
- 41:36 But should there be any insinuation
by Satan to instigate you 'to do otherwise',
then seek refuge in God.
Indeed, it is He
who is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing.
- 41:37 Now of His 'wondrous' signs
are the night and the daylight,
and the sun and the moon.
You shall not bow 'yourselves' down
to the sun, nor to the moon.
But you shall bow 'yourselves' down
to God 'alone', who created them,
if it is truly Him 'alone' that you worship.
- 41:38 But if they 'who worship false gods'
grow 'insolently' arrogant
'against bowing down to God alone',
know that 'those who are near your Lord'
give due exaltation to Him 'ceaselessly',
by night and by day.
And 'of this', they never weary. ﴿٣٨﴾
- 41:39 And of His 'wondrous' signs
is that you see the land still and lifeless.
Then, when We send down upon it water,
it quivers and swells 'with life'.
Indeed, the One who gives it life
shall, most surely, give life to the dead.
Indeed, He is powerful over all things.
- 41:40 As to those who profane Our verses,
they are not hidden from Us.
Yet is one who shall be cast

﴿٣٥﴾ وَمَا يُلْقِيهَا

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ صَبَرُوا وَمَا يُلْقِيهَا

إِلَّا ذُو حَظٍّ عَظِيمٍ

﴿٣٦﴾ وَإِنَّمَا يَنزَغُكَ

مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ نَزْعٌ

فَاسْتَعِذْ بِاللَّهِ

إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

﴿٣٧﴾ وَمِنَ آيَاتِهِ

الَّيْلُ وَالنَّهَارُ

وَالشَّمْسُ وَالْقَمَرُ

لَا تَسْجُدُوا لِلشَّمْسِ

وَلِلْقَمَرِ

وَاسْجُدُوا لِلَّهِ

الَّذِي خَلَقَهُنَّ

إِن كُنتُمْ

إِيَّاهُ تَعْبُدُونَ

﴿٣٨﴾ فَإِنِ اسْتَكْبَرُوا

فَالَّذِينَ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ

يُسَبِّحُونَ لَهُ بِاللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ

وَهُمْ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ ﴿٣٩﴾

﴿٣٩﴾ وَمِنَ آيَاتِهِ

أَنكَ تَرَى الْأَرْضَ خَاشِعَةً

فَإِذَا أَنزَلْنَا عَلَيْهَا الْمَاءَ

أَهْتَزَّتْ وَرَبَتْ

﴿٤٠﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَحْيَاها لَمُجَى الْمَوْتِ

إِنَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

﴿٤١﴾ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُلْجِدُونَ

فِي آيَاتِنَا لَا يَحْفَظُونَ عَلَيْنَا

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into the Fire of Hell better off,
or one who comes on the Day of Resurrection
secure with God?

Do whatever you so will in life!

For, indeed, He is all-seeing of all that you do.

41:41 Indeed, those who have disbelieved
in the Remembrance of this Quran
when it came to them have lost their souls,
both in this world and in the Hereafter.

For, indeed, it is, most surely,
an overpowering Heavenly Book.

41:42 No falsehood can reach it or repeal it
from any approach—

neither before it nor ever after it.

It is a revelation sent down
from an all-wise, all-praised God.

41:43 Whatever has been said
to belie and malign you, O Prophet,
is but what has been said
by the ungodly
to all the messengers before you.

Indeed, your Lord alone
is the Possessor of Forgiveness,
and the Possessor of a Painful Punishment.

41:44 Thus even if We had made this Quran
a Heavenly Recitation
revealed to you as a sign in an alien tongue,
they would yet say:

If only its verses
had been made lucidly distinct in Arabic!
Would God reveal His Book
in an alien tongue,
while the messenger is an Arab?
Say to them:
For all those who believe in it,

أَفَنُتْلِقَ فِي النَّارِ خَيْرٌ

أَمْ مَنْ يَأْتِيَّ آمِنًا يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

أَعْمَلُوا مَا شِئْتُمْ

إِنَّهُمْ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

٤١

بِالدِّكْرِ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ

وَأَنَّهُ لَكِنَّهُمْ عِزٌّ

لَا يَأْتِيهِ الْبُطْلُ مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيْهِ

٤٢

وَلَا مِنْ خَلْفِهِ

تَنْزِيلٌ مِنْ حَكِيمٍ حَمِيدٍ

مَا يُقَالُ لَكَ إِلَّا مَا قَدْ قِيلَ

٤٣

لِلرُّسُلِ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ

إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَذُو مَغْفِرٍ

وَذُو عِقَابٍ أَلِيمٍ

وَلَوْ جَعَلْنَاهُ قُرْءَانًا مِجْمَمًا

٤٤

لَقَالُوا لَوْلَا فُصِّلَتْ آيَاتُهُ

مِجْمَمًا وَعَرَبِيًّا

قُلْ هُوَ لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

هُدًى وَبَيِّنَاتٌ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحُجَّةُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

it is 'unfailing' guidance
 'from every pathway of error'
 and a healing 'for them'.
 But as to those who do not believe 'in it',
 it is a 'spile of' utter deafness
 'thrust' in their ears;
 moreover, it is a 'pall of' blindness
 'cast' over them,
 'as though' they are being called
 from a 'bewilderingly' far-off place.

- 41:45 Now, very truly, it is We who gave Moses
 the Book 'of the Torah'.
 But there was 'also' dispute
 about 'whether' it 'was truly from God'.
 Yet were it not for a 'preordained' word
 that had preceded from your Lord, 'O Prophet,
 to requite all people in the Hereafter',
 most surely, Judgment between them
 would have been decided 'at once',
 and the disbelievers duly punished'.
 But, indeed, they remain
 in much-perplexed doubt about it.

- 41:46 Anyone who does a righteous deed 'in life'
 does it 'purely' for 'the good of' his own soul.
 And anyone who does an evil deed
 does it 'only in detriment' against it.
 For never does your Lord
 wrong 'His' servants 'in the least'.

- 41:47 *To Him 'alone'
 the knowledge of the 'appointed time'
 of the Last Hour is referred.
 Neither do any fruits come forth
 from their sheaths,
 nor does any female conceive, nor deliver,

وَالَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ

فِي آذَانِهِمْ وَقُرْ

وَهُوَ عَلَيْهِمْ عَمًى

أُولَٰئِكَ يُنَادَوْنَ

مِنْ مَّكَانٍ بَعِيدٍ

وَلَقَدْ آتَيْنَا مُوسَى الْكِتَابَ

فَاخْتَلَفَ فِيهِ

وَلَوْلَا كَلِمَةٌ

سَبَقَتْ مِنْ رَبِّكَ

لَقَضَىٰ بَيْنَهُمْ وَإِنَّهُمْ

لَفِي شَكٍّ مِنْهُ مُرِيبٍ

مَنْ عَمِلَ صَالِحًا فَلِنَفْسِهِ

وَمَنْ أَسَاءَ فَعَلَيْهَا

وَمَا رَبُّكَ بِظَلَّامٍ لِّلْعَبِيدِ

إِلَيْهِ يَرْدُّ عِلْمُ السَّاعَةِ

وَمَا تَخْرُجُ مِنْ ثَمَرَاتٍ

مِنْ أَكْمَامِهَا

وَمَا تَحْمِلُ مِنْ أُنْثَىٰ

وَلَا تَضَعُ إِلَّا بِعِلْمِهِ



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء الخامس والعشرون

but that it is with His knowledge.

Thus on the Day

when He shall call them all to Judgment,

He shall say to the disbelievers:

Where, now, are My associate-gods?

They shall say:

We proclaim before You

that none of us is a witness to such associates.

41:48 Thus all that they used to call upon in worship
before in the world

shall have strayed from them.

And they shall realize

that they do not have any asylum

from God's Judgment.

41:49 Man never grows weary of praying for good.

But when evil touches him,

he becomes despairing and despondent.

41:50 Thus if ever We cause him

to taste mercy from Us

after harm has touched him,

one who disbelieves, most surely, says:

This is rightfully due to me!

Nor do I think that the Hour of Doom
will ever come!

And even if I am brought back to my Lord
in an Afterlife,

most surely, there shall be for me

a destiny of great goodness

awaiting with Him.

Rather, We shall, most surely, tell those
who have disbelieved

the dire consequences of all the evil
that they have done in life.

Then We shall cause them to taste
a stern torment for it.

وَيَوْمَ يَنَادِيهِمْ

أَيْنَ شُرَكَائِي

قَالُوا أَأَذْنَابُكَ

مَا مِنَّا مِن شَيْعِدٍ

وَضَلَّ عَنْهُمْ

٤٨

مَا كَانُوا يَدْعُونَ مِن قَبْلُ

وَضُنُّوا مَا لَهُم مِّن مَّحِصٍ

لَا يَسْتَمُ الْإِنسَانُ

٤٩

مِن دُعَاءِ الْخَيْرِ

وَإِن مَّسَّهُ الشَّرُّ

فَيَعْوِسُ فَنُوطٌ

وَلَكِن أَذَقْنَاهُ رَحْمَةً مِنَّا

٥٠

مِن بَعْدِ ضَرَاءٍ مَّسَّتْهُ

لَيَقُولَنَّ هَذَا إِلَى

وَمَا أَطَنَّ السَّاعَةَ قَائِمَةً

وَلَكِن رَّجِعْتُ إِلَى رَبِّي

إِن لِّيَ عِنْدَهُ لِلْحُسْنَىٰ

فَلَنُنَبِّئَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

بِمَا عَمِلُوا وَلَنُذِيقَنَّهُمْ

مِن عَذَابٍ غَلِيظٍ

سُورَةُ الْفُصِّلَاتِ

الجزء الخامس والعشرون

- 41:51 For when We bestow grace
upon such a man,
he turns away from God
and draws himself aside from His worship.
But when evil touches him,
he becomes full of lengthy prayers.
- 41:52 Say to the beliers of this Quran:
Have you considered your destiny
if this revelation is, indeed, from God
and then you disbelieve in it?
Who, then, shall be further astray
than one who is in uttermost schism
with its truth?
- 41:53 Nevertheless, We shall show them Our signs
in the horizons and in themselves—
until it becomes utterly clear to them
that this Quran is, indeed, the divine truth.
Is it not sufficient that your Lord Himself
is witness over all things?
- 41:54 Most surely, they are, indeed, mired in doubt
about the promised Meeting of their Lord
on Judgment Day.
Most surely, He is, indeed,
all-encompassing of all things.

وَإِذَا أَنْعَمْنَا عَلَى الْإِنْسَانِ ٥١

أَعْرَضَ وَنَأَىٰ بِجَانِبِهِ

وَإِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُّ

فَدُودٌ عَرِيضٌ

قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ ٥٢

إِنْ كَانَ مِنَ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ

ثُمَّ كَفَرْتُمْ بِهِ

مَنْ أَضَلُّ مِمَّنْ هُوَ

فِي شِقَاقٍ بَعِيدٍ

سَرَّيْهِمْ ءَايَاتِنَا ٥٣

فِي الْأَفَاقِ وَفِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ

حَتَّىٰ يَبَيِّنَ لَهُمْ أَنَّهُ الْحَقُّ

أَوَلَمْ يَكْفِ بِرَبِّكَ أَنَّهُ

عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ

أَلَا إِنَّهُمْ ٥٤

فِي مِرْيَةٍ مِنْ لِقَاءِ رَبِّهِمْ

أَلَا إِنَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُّحِيطٌ

Surah 42 / 53 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Shûrâ

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

42:1 *Hâ Mîm*

42:2 *‘Ayn Sîn Qâf*

- 42:3 And so it is that He reveals this Quran to you, ‘O Prophet.
And so too did He reveal His former Scriptures to those messengers before you.
Such is God,
the Overpowering One, the All-Wise.
- 42:4 To Him belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth.
For He is the Ever-Exalted, the Magnificent.
- 42:5 The heavens nearly burst, one above the other, in awe of His majesty,
while the angels exalt their Lord with all praise and seek forgiveness for those on the earth.
Indeed, it is God
who is the All-Forgiving, the Mercy-Giving.
- 42:6 So as for those who have taken false deities as patrons apart from Him
God is ever-watching over them
to recompense them for their sins.
Thus it is not you who are guardian over them,

ح ١

عسق ٢

كَذَلِكَ يُوحَىٰ إِلَيْكَ ٣

وَالَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِكَ

اللَّهُ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ ٤

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَهُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْعَظِيمُ

تَكَادُ السَّمَوَاتُ ٥

يَتَفَطَّرْنَ مِنْ فَوْقِهِنَّ

وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ

يُسَبِّحُونَ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّهِمْ

وَيَسْتَغْفِرُونَ

لِمَن فِي الْأَرْضِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ

هُوَ الْغَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ

وَالَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا ٦

مِن دُونِهِ أَوْلِيَاءَ

اللَّهُ حَفِيفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ

- ‘O Prophet, to register their deeds’.
- 42:7 And so it is that We have revealed to you an Arabic Quran, to forewarn therewith Makkah, the Mother of Cities— of God’s nearing Judgment, as well as those dwelling around it— and thereby to forewarn all of humanity about the inevitable Day of Gathering for Judgment, of which there is no doubt— when some shall be in the Garden of Paradise, and some shall be in the Flaming Fire of Hell.
- 42:8 Had God so willed, He would have made all of them one faith-community. But He tests people through revealed guidance and admits whomever He so wills into His mercy. Thus, as to the wrongdoers, they do not have any patron nor supporter against God’s Judgment.
- 42:9 Then shall they yet take to themselves false deities as patrons apart from Him? It is God alone who is the Sole Patron to be worshipped. Moreover, it is He alone who gives life to the dead. For He is powerful over all things.
- 42:10 Say, O Prophet: As to whatever thing you differ about, O people, its ruling is with God. That is God, my Lord! On Him alone do I rely. And to Him alone do I turn in penitence.

سُورَةُ الشُّرَىٰ

الجزء الخامس والعشرون

وَمَا أَنْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِوَكِيلٍ
وَكَذَلِكَ أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ
قُرْآنًا عَرَبِيًّا
لِنُنْذِرَ أُمَّ الْقُرَىٰ
وَمَنْ حَوْلَهَا
وَنُنْذِرَ يَوْمَ الْجَمْعِ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ
فَرِيقٌ فِي الْجَنَّةِ
وَفَرِيقٌ فِي السَّعِيرِ
وَلَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ
لَجَعَلَهُمْ أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً
وَلَكِنْ يَدْخُلُ
مَنْ يَشَاءُ فِي رَحْمَتِهِ
وَالظَّالِمُونَ مَا لَهُمْ
مِنْ وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٍ
أَمْ اتَّخَذُوا مِنْ دُونِهِ أَوْلِيَاءَ
فَاللَّهُ هُوَ الْوَلِيُّ
وَهُوَ يُحْيِي الْمَوْتَىٰ
وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
وَمَا اخْتَلَفْتُمْ فِيهِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
فَحُكْمُهُ إِلَى اللَّهِ
ذَلِكُمُ اللَّهُ رَبِّي
عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْتُ

يُنَزِّلُ الْغَيْثَ

الْمُجَرَّدَ الْخَالِصَ وَالْغَيْثَ وَرَوَّ

- 42:11 He is the 'Sole' Originator
of the heavens and the earth
'with no precedent'.
It is He 'alone' who has made for you
from among yourselves
mates, 'males and females'.
And out 'of all kinds' of cattle,
He made 'such' mates, 'as well'.
Thereby, He multiplies you.
There is nothing that is anything like Him.
For He is the All-Hearing, the All-Seeing.
- 42:12 To Him 'alone' belongs the treasures
of the heavens and the earth.
It is He 'alone'
who extends 'abundant' provision
to whomever He so wills.
And He 'alone' restricts 'it'.
Indeed, He is all-knowing of all things.
- 42:13 *He has laid down for you, 'O humankind—
in 'whatever He has 'already'
revealed to you, 'O Muhammad—
all the tenets' of 'Heavenly' religion,
'the likes' of which He had 'first'
enjoined upon Noah,
and that which He had 'thereafter'
enjoined upon Abraham,
and 'upon' Moses and 'upon' Jesus;
namely:
You shall be steadfast
in establishing the religion 'of God'.
And you shall not divide therein!
As to those who associate gods with God,
that to which you call them, 'O Prophet,
is a great burden upon them.
It is God 'alone'

وَالَّذِي أَنْبَأَ
فَاطِرُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
جَعَلَ لَكُم
مِّنْ أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَزْوَاجًا
وَمِنَ الْأَنْعَامِ أَزْوَاجًا
يَذَرُوكُمْ فِيهِ
لَيْسَ كَمِثْلِهِ شَيْءٌ
وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْبَصِيرُ
لَهُ مَقَالِيدُ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
يَبْسُطُ الرِّزْقَ
لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ وَيَقْدِرُ
إِنَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ
* شَرَعَ لَكُمْ مِنَ الدِّينِ
مَا وَصَّى بِهِ نُوحًا
وَالَّذِي أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ
وَمَا وَصَّيْنَا بِهِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ
وَمُوسَى وَعِيسَى
أَنْ أَقِيمُوا الدِّينَ
وَلَا تَنْفَرُوا فِيهِ
كَبُرَ عَلَى الْمُشْرِكِينَ
مَا تَدْعُوهُمْ إِلَيْهِ

who chooses 'to draw near' to Himself
 whomever He so wills—
 thus He guides to Himself
 whoever turns 'to Him' in penitence.
 42:14 'Humanity was at first of one faith-community,
 and they did not divide 'among themselves
 regarding the true religion'
 until after 'revealed' knowledge 'from God'
 had come to them
 'on the tongues of the messengers,
 and some belied them—
 thereby 'exceeding the due bounds' of God
 with one another—
 'out of nothing but insolence and envy'.
 And were it not for a 'preordained' word
 that had preceded from your Lord—
 'to defer Judgment' to a stated term
 'in the Hereafter—
 the matter 'between' the believers
 and the beliers opposing them
 would have been decided 'at once,
 and the disbelievers duly punished'.
 Thus those who inherited the Scripture,
 after 'the early generations',
 most surely, remain in much-perplexed doubt
 about 'the truth to which they are called'.
 42:15 So to this 'upright religion of all the prophets'
 call 'everyone, O Prophet'.
 Moreover, keep 'steadfastly' straight
 'upon God's path',
 even as you have been commanded.
 Thus you shall not follow their whims,
 'which have led them to division'.
 Rather, say 'to them':
 I have believed in all that God has sent down

سُورَةُ الشُّرَىٰ

الجزء الخامس والعشرون

اللَّهُ يَجْتَبِىْ إِلَيْهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
 وَيَهْدِىْ إِلَيْهِ مَنْ يُنِيبُ
 وَمَا نَفَرَوْا إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا
 جَاءَهُمْ بِالْعِلْمِ بَعْثًا بَيْنَهُمْ
 وَلَوْلَا كَلِمَةٌ
 سَبَقَتْ مِنْ رَبِّكَ
 إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى
 لَفُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ
 وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ أُوْرُوا الْكِتَابَ
 مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ
 لَفِي شَكٍّ مِنْهُ مُرِيبٍ
 فَلِذَلِكَ فَادْعُ
 وَاسْتَقِمْ كَمَا أُمِرْتَ
 وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ أَهْوَاءَهُمْ

١٤

١٥

in every Scripture.

Moreover, I have been commanded

to do justice between 'all of' you.

God is our Lord and your Lord.

For us 'shall be the recompense of' our deeds.

And for you 'shall be the recompense of' your deeds.

Let there be 'no dispute between us and you,

for God will gather us 'all' together

'on the Day of Judgment',

and to Him 'alone' is the ultimate destiny.

42:16 As to those who 'continue after this revelation

to 'argue 'with you' about God—

after the manifest response to Him

'by those who have embraced Islam'—

their argument is 'hereby' refuted

in the sight of their Lord.

Thus upon them is 'God's' wrath.

And for them, there is a severe torment

'awaiting in the Hereafter'.

42:17 God 'alone' is the One

who has sent down the Book 'of the Quran'

with the 'very essence of all' truth

and the 'fair' balance of justice

to judge between all people.

But what is it that shall make you realize

that perhaps the Hour 'of Doom'

is 'already' very near?

42:18 Those who do not believe in it

'scornfully' seek to hasten it on.

But those who believe are apprehensive of it.

For they know that it is, indeed, the truth.

Most surely, those who cast doubt

upon 'the coming of the Hour'

are 'lost' in uttermost misguidance.

سُورَةُ الشُّرَىٰ

الجزء الخامس والعشرون

وَقُلْ ءَامَنْتُ بِمَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ

مِنْ كِتَابٍ

وَأُمِرْتُ لِأَعْدِلَ بَيْنَكُمْ

اللَّهُ رَبُّنَا وَرَبُّكُمْ

لَنَا أَعْمَلْنَا

وَلَكُمْ أَعْمَلَكُمْ

لَا حُجَّةَ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَكُمْ

اللَّهُ يَجْمَعُ بَيْنَنَا

وَالِإِلَهِ الْمَصِيرُ

وَالَّذِينَ يُحَاجُّونَ فِي اللَّهِ ١٦

مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا اسْتَجِيبَ لَهُ

مُجْتَنِبَهُمْ دَاحِضَةٌ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ

وَعَلَيْهِمْ غَضَبٌ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ

اللَّهُ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ الْكِتَابَ ١٧

بِالْحَقِّ وَالْمِيزَانَ

وَمَا يُدْرِكُ

لَعَلَّ السَّاعَةَ قَرِيبٌ

يَسْتَعْجِلُ بِهَا الَّذِينَ ١٨

لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهَا

وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

مُشْفِقُونَ مِنْهَا

وَيَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهَا الْحَقُّ

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الْحُزْنُ الْحَاسِرُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

- 42:19 'Yet' God is all-kind 'and gentle' to His servants.
He gives provision to whomever He so wills.
For He is the All-Powerful 'One',
the Overpowering.
- 42:20 'So' whoever desires the tillage of the Hereafter,
We shall increase for him
his 'reward for this' tillage.
But whoever desires
'only' the tillage of this world,
We shall give him thereof.
But never in the Hereafter
shall there be for him any share 'in Paradise'.
- 42:21 Or is it that they have associate-gods
who have laid down for them
'tenets' of religion,
for which God has not given permission?
And were it not for a decisive word
'from Him about the Day of Judgment,
the matter' between 'the believers
and the beliers opposing' them
would have been decided 'at once,
and the disbelievers duly punished'.
Yet, indeed, for the wrongdoers
'who are godless in heart',
there is a most painful torment
'awaiting in the Hereafter'.
- 42:22 It is then that you shall see the wrongdoers
in great dread of 'the punishment due them
for' all 'the evil' that they have earned—
and it will, most surely, befall them.
But those who believe and do righteous deeds
shall be in the meadows
of the Gardens 'of Paradise'.
There shall be for them
all that they wish with their Lord.

أَلَا إِنَّ الَّذِينَ

يُمَارُونَ فِي السَّاعَةِ

لَفِي ضَلَالٍ بَعِيدٍ

اللَّهُ لَطِيفٌ بِعِبَادِهِ

يَرْزُقُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَهُوَ الْقَوِيُّ الْعَزِيزُ

مَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ

حَرْثَ الْآخِرَةِ

نَزِدْ لَهُ فِي حَرْثِهِ

وَمَنْ كَانَ يُرِيدُ

حَرْثَ الدُّنْيَا

نُؤْتِهِ مِنْهَا وَمَا لَهُ

فِي الْآخِرَةِ مِنْ نَصِيبٍ

أَمْ لَهُمْ شُرَكَاءُ

شَرَعُوا لَهُمْ مِنَ الدِّينِ

مَا لَمْ يَأْذَنْ بِهِ اللَّهُ

وَلَوْلَا كَلِمَةُ الْفَصْلِ

لَفُضِيَ بَيْنَهُمْ

وَإِنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ

لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

تَرَى الظَّالِمِينَ

مُشْفِقِينَ

مِمَّا كَسَبُوا

وَهُوَ وَاقِعٌ بِهِمْ

وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

فِي رَوْضَاتِ الْجَنَّاتِ

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It is this that is the great bounty!

- 42:23 That is the glad tidings
that God gives to His servants
who believe and do righteous deeds.
Say to them, O Prophet:
I do not ask of you
any reward for 'conveying' this 'message',
except that you 'offer' the genuine 'mutual' love
'that is due' among close relatives.
'God says:
And 'know that' whoever performs a good deed,
We shall increase for him
'the reward of' its goodness.
Indeed, God is all-forgiving, ever-thankful.

- 42:24 Or is it that they 'who disbelieve'
say 'of the Prophet':
He has, himself, forged a lie against God
'in reciting this Quran'?
Yet 'were this so', if God willed,
He would set a seal upon your heart,
'O Prophet,
and you would no longer reason nor speak!'
Rather, it is God 'alone'
who obliterates all falsehood
and establishes the truth
with His 'revealed' words.
Indeed, He is all-knowing
of all that is 'harbored'
within the breast 'of people'.

- 42:25 Moreover, He 'alone' is the One
who accepts repentance from His servants
and pardons misdeeds.
For He 'alone' knows all that you do.
42:26 Thus He 'alone' answers 'the prayers
of' those who believe and do righteous deeds.

لَهُمْ مَا يَشَاءُونَ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ
ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ الْفَضْلُ الْكَبِيرُ

ذَٰلِكَ الَّذِي ٢٣

يُبَشِّرُ اللَّهُ عِبَادَهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

قُلْ لَا أَسْأَلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ أَجْرًا

إِلَّا الْمَوَدَّةَ فِي الْقُرْبَىٰ

وَمَن يَفْرِقْ حَسَنَةً

نَزِدْ لَهُ فِيهَا حُسْنًا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ شَكُورٌ

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ افْتَرَىٰ عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا ٢٤

فَإِن يَشَأِ اللَّهُ يَخْتِمْ عَلَى قَلْبِكَ

وَيَمْسَحُ اللَّهُ الْبَاطِلَ

وَيُحْيِي الْحَقَّ بِكَلِمَاتِهِ

إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

وَهُوَ الَّذِي ٢٥

يَقْبَلُ التَّوْبَةَ عَنْ عِبَادِهِ

وَيَعْفُو عَنِ السَّيِّئَاتِ

وَيَعْلَمُ مَا نَفَعَلُونَ

يُزِيلُ الثُّغُرَ

الْجُزْءُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- And He 'alone' increases them from His bounty.
 But for the disbelievers—
 for them there is a severe torment
 'awaiting in the Hereafter'.
- 42:27 * Yet were God
 to amply extend 'His' provision
 to 'all' His servants,
 they would, most surely,
 commit injustice in the earth,
 'transgressing one another'.
 But He sends down in 'due' measure
 whatever 'provision' He so wills.
 Indeed, He is all-aware 'and' all-seeing
 'of the deeds' of His servants.
- 42:28 And He 'alone' is the One
 who sends down rain 'in relief of drought'
 after they have become despondent.
 Thus does He spread wide His mercy.
 For He 'alone' is the Patron, the All-Praised.
- 42:29 And of His 'wondrous' signs
 is the creation of the heavens and the earth,
 and all the creatures He 'alone' has spread about
 in both of them.
 And He 'alone' is all-able
 to gather them together whenever He so wills.
- 42:30 Not a single affliction strikes you 'human beings'
 but that it is for what your own hands
 have earned—and He pardons much.
- 42:31 Yet never shall you be able to elude
 'the Hand of the Almighty'
 anywhere 'in the earth'.
 Nor have you apart from God
 any patron or supporter 'to help you'.
- 42:32 Moreover, of His 'wondrous' signs
 are the ships
 'running with hoisted sail' in the sea

وَيَسْتَجِيبُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
 وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
 وَيَزِيدُهُمْ مِّن فَضْلِهِ
 وَالْكَافِرُونَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ
 وَلَوْ سَـَّطَ اللَّهُ
 الرِّزْقَ لِعِبَادِهِ
 لَبَغَوْا فِي الْأَرْضِ
 وَلَـٰكِن يُنْزِلُ بِقَدْرِ مَا يَشَاءُ
 إِنَّهُ بِعَادِهِ خَيْرٌ بَصِيرٌ
 وَهُوَ الَّذِي يُنْزِلُ الْغَيْثَ
 مِن بَعْدِ مَا قَنَطُوا
 وَيَنشُرُ رَحْمَتَهُ
 وَهُوَ الْوَلِيُّ الْحَمِيدُ
 وَمِن ءَايَاتِهِ
 خَلْقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
 وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا مِن دَابَّةٍ
 وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ جَمْعِهِمْ
 إِذَا يَشَاءُ قَدِيرٌ
 وَمَا أَصْبَحْكُمْ
 مِن مُّصِيبَةٍ
 فِيمَا كَسَبَتْ أَيْدِيكُمْ
 وَيَعْفُو عَن كَثِيرٍ
 وَمَا أُنْتُمْ
 بِمُعْجِزِينَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
 وَمَا لَكُمْ مِّن دُونِ اللَّهِ
 مِن وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٍ
 وَمِن ءَايَاتِهِ
 الْجَوَارِ فِي الْبَحْرِ كَالْأَعْلَامِ

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like mountains.

- 42:33 If He so wills, He stills the wind,
and they remain motionless on its surface.
Indeed, in 'all of' this
there are 'sure' signs 'of God's power'
for every patient, ever-thankful 'soul'.
- 42:34 Or He wrecks them
for what they have 'duly' earned—
though He pardons much—
- 42:35 so that those who argue
against Our 'natural and revealed' signs
may know that they do not have any asylum
'from God's Judgment'.
- 42:36 Yet all that you have been given
of anything 'in life'
is 'no more than' the 'mere' enjoyment
of the life of this world.
But what is 'awaiting' with God
is 'far' better and everlasting—
for those who believe
and on their Lord 'alone' rely;
- 42:37 those, moreover,
who keep away from the great sins
and indecencies—
and forgive 'for the sake of God'
whenever they become angry;
- 42:38 those who furthermore
answer 'the call of' their Lord 'to faith'
and 'duly' establish the Prayer—
and 'conduct' their affairs
by consultation among themselves
and spend 'charitably'
out of what We have provided them;
- 42:39 and those, indeed,
who when afflicted by injustice,
they themselves defend 'their rights and honor'.

٣٣ إِن يَشَأْ يُسْكِنِ الرِّيحَ
فَيُظَلِّلْنَ رَوَاكِدَ عَلَى ظَهْرِهِ
لَإِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ
لِّكُلِّ صَبَّارٍ شَكُورٍ

٣٤ أَوْ يُوقِعَهُنَّ يَمَاكِسَبُوا
وَيَعْفُ عَنْ كَثِيرٍ
وَيَعْلَمُ الَّذِينَ
يُجَادِلُونَ فِي آيَاتِنَا
مَا لَهُمْ مِنْ مَّجِيسٍ

٣٥ فَمَا أُوتِيتُمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
فَمَنْعَ الْحَيَوةِ الدُّنْيَا
وَمَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ خَيْرٌ وَابْقَى
لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
وَعَلَى رَبِّهِمْ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ
وَالَّذِينَ يَجْتَنِبُونَ
كَبِيرَ الْإِثْمِ وَالْفَوَاحِشِ
وَإِذَا مَا غَضِبُوا هُمْ يَغْفِرُونَ
وَالَّذِينَ اسْتَجَابُوا لِرَبِّهِمْ
وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ
وَأَمْرُهُمْ شُورَى بَيْنَهُمْ
وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَاهُمْ يُنفِقُونَ

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- 42:40 For the recompense of a misdeed
shall be a misdeed like it.
Yet one who 'instead' pardons 'an offender'
and sets things aright,
his reward shall be with God.
'For', indeed, He does not love the wrongdoers.
- 42:41 But 'as to' those
who 'choose to' defend themselves,
after having been wronged,
there is no cause 'whatever'
for blame 'against' them.
- 42:42 But the 'rightful' cause shall be only against
those who wrong people
and who commit injustice in the land
without any right.
It is these who shall have
a most painful torment 'in the Hereafter'.
- 42:43 But, most surely, one who remains patient
and who forgives,
'though' retribution may be his,
great shall be his reward.
For, indeed, these are among
the 'foremost' commandments of 'God'
that must be kept with 'diligent resolve'.
- 42:44 Yet whomever God leaves to stray,
never shall he have, then,
any patron after Him
'to guide him upon the right way'.
Thus 'on Judgment Day',
you shall see the 'godless' wrongdoers
when they behold the torment 'of Hellfire'
saying 'to their Lord':
Is there any way of returning
'back to the world'?
- 42:45 Rather, you shall see them

وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا أَصَابَهُمُ الْبَغْيُ
هُمْ يَنْصَرُونَ ﴿٣٩﴾
وَجَزَاءُ سَيِّئَةٍ سَيِّئَةٌ مِّثْلُهَا
فَمَنْ عَفَا وَأَصْلَحَ
فَاجْرُهُ عَلَى اللَّهِ
إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٤٠﴾
وَلَمَنْ أَنْصَرَ بَعْدَ ظُلْمِهِ
فَأُولَٰئِكَ مَا عَلَيْهِمْ مِنْ سَبِيلٍ
إِنَّمَا السَّبِيلُ عَلَى
الَّذِينَ يَظْلِمُونَ النَّاسَ وَيَبْغُونَ
فِي الْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ
أُولَٰئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٤١﴾
وَلَمَنْ صَبَرَ وَغَفَرَ
إِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ لَمِنْ عَزْمِ الْأُمُورِ
وَمَنْ يُضْلِلِ اللَّهُ
فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ وَلِيٍّ مِنْ بَعْدِهِ
وَنَرَى الظَّالِمِينَ
لَمَّا رَأَوْا الْعَذَابَ يَقُولُونَ
هَلْ إِلَىٰ مَرَدٍّ مِنْ سَبِيلٍ ﴿٤٢﴾

يُنَزِّلُ الذُّرَىٰ

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exposed to its 'blaze' downcast in humiliation,
glimpsing 'it' with a furtive glance,
while those who believe
shall be saying 'in Paradise':
Indeed, the 'real' losers
are those who have lost their souls
and their families on the Day of Resurrection.
Most surely, the wrongdoers
shall fall into enduring torment.

42:46 Never shall they have any patrons
to help them apart from God.

Thus whomever God leaves to stray,
no path 'to salvation' is there for him.

42:47 'Therefore, answer the call of your Lord,
'O disbelievers, before there comes
a Day of Reckoning from God
that cannot be turned back.

On that Day, you shall not have any refuge,
nor shall you have
any grounds for 'denial' of your sins.

42:48 Yet if they turn away from God's call,
O Prophet,
then 'know that' We have not sent you
to be a keeper over them.

For nothing is incumbent upon you
but the 'clear' conveyance of His message.
So do not grieve over their rejection.
For when We cause the human being
to taste 'blessings out of' mercy from Us,
he rejoices because of it.

But if an affliction touches any of them—
because of 'the evil'
that their 'own' hands have advanced—
then, indeed, the human being
becomes an 'unbelieving' ingrate.

42:49 To God 'alone' belongs all dominion

وَرَنَّهُمْ يُعْرَضُونَ عَلَيْهَا ﴿٤٥﴾

خَشِعِينَ مِنَ الذَّلِيلِ

يَنْظُرُونَ مِنْ طَرَفٍ خَفِيٍّ

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

إِنَّ الْخَاسِرِينَ الَّذِينَ

خَسِرُوا أَنْفُسَهُمْ وَأَهْلِيَهُمْ

يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

أَلَا إِنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ

فِي عَذَابٍ مُّقِيمٍ

وَمَا كَانَتْ لَهُمْ مِنْ أَوْلِيَاءَ ﴿٤٦﴾

يَنْصُرُونَهُمْ مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

وَمَنْ يُضِلِلِ اللَّهُ

فَمَا لَهُ مِنْ سَبِيلٍ

أَسْتَجِيبُوا لِرَبِّكُمْ ﴿٤٧﴾

مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَأْتِيَ يَوْمٌ

لَا مَرَدَّ لَهُ مِنَ اللَّهِ

مَا لَكُمْ مِنْ مَلَجٍ يَوْمَئِذٍ

وَمَا لَكُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرٍ

فَإِنْ أَعْرَضُوا ﴿٤٨﴾

فَمَا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَفِظًا

إِنْ عَلَيْكَ إِلَّا الْبَلَاغُ

وَأِنَّا إِذَا أَذَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ

مِنْ آرَاحَةٍ فَفَاحَ بِهَا

وَإِنْ نُصِيبَهُمْ سَيِّئَةً

بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ

فَإِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ كَفُورٌ

over the heavens and the earth.

He creates whatever He so wills.

Thus He grants to whomever He so wills
female children.

And He grants to whomever He so wills
male children.

42:50 Or He bestows upon some
both males and females.

And He makes barren whomever He so wills.
Indeed, He is all-knowing, almighty.

42:51 *Moreover, it is not for any human being
that God should speak to him,
except by Revelation, or from behind a veil,
or by sending a messenger-angel that reveals—
by His permission—whatever He so wills.
Indeed, He is ever-exalted, all-wise.

42:52 And so it is that We have revealed to you,
‘O Prophet, this Quran—
a guiding Spirit of the divine Law
with Our revealed command.
Never before it did you know
what the Book of God was,
nor what Heavenly faith was.
Thus have We made it a light
by which We guide
whomever We so will of Our servants.

And, indeed, thereby, you guide humanity
to a straight way of salvation—
42:53 the way of God, to whom belongs
all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.
Most surely, it is to God alone
that all affairs are destined.

سُورَةُ الشُّرَىٰ

الْحُجَّةُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

لِلَّهِ مُلْكُ ٤١

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُيَهَبُ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ إِنثًا
وَيَهَبُ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ الذَّكَرَأَوْ يُزَوِّجُهُمْ ذَكَرًا وَانْثًا
وَيَجْعَلُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ عَقِيمًا

إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ قَدِيرٌ

وَمَا كَانَ لِبَشَرٍ

أَنْ يُكَلِّمَهُ اللَّهُ إِلَّا وَحْيًا

أَوْ مِنْ وَرَآئِ حِجَابٍ

أَوْ يُرْسِلَ رَسُولًا

فَيُوحِيَ بِإِذْنِهِ مَا يَشَاءُ

إِنَّهُ عَلَىٰ حَكِيمٍ

وَكَذَلِكَ أَوْحَيْنَا إِلَيْكَ

رُوحًا مِنْ أَمْرِنَا

مَا كُنْتَ تَدْرِي مَا الْكِتَابُ

وَلَا الْإِيمَانُ

وَلَكِنْ جَعَلْنَاهُ نُورًا يَهْدِي بِهِ

مَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا

وَإِنَّكَ لَتَهْدِي

إِلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

صِرَاطِ اللَّهِ الَّذِي لَهُ

مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

إِلَّا إِلَى اللَّهِ تَصِيرُ الْأُمُورُ

سُورَةُ الزُّكْرُفِ

The surah that mentions the solid GOLD ORNAMENTS, and other precious commodities and appointments, which God would have granted in this life to all the unbelievers—had it not been that this would have driven humankind to unite in godlessness—for the trinkets of life are the true hearts' desire of the ungodly. Yet fleeting are all the things of this world, and far finer and everlasting the joy of Paradise for the believers; and that is their true hearts' desire.

Surah 43 / 89 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Zukhruf

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

43:1 Hâ Mîm

43:2 'I swear' by 'the Quran,' the clear Book!

43:3 We have made it an Arabic Quran,
so that you may understand
'its prolific meaning'.

43:4 And, indeed,
this 'Quran' is 'preserved on high' with Us
in the mother of the Book
'of all God's commands;
thus, it is' highly exalted, all-wise.

43:5 Shall We, then, turn the 'Quran's
revealed' Reminder away from 'all of' you,
forsaking you 'of Heavenly guidance',
because you are
an exceedingly rebellious people?

43:6 For how many a prophet
did We send among the peoples of old!

43:7 Yet not a prophet came to 'any of' them,
but that they made a mockery of him,
'as they have with you, O Prophet'.

43:8 Thus We destroyed 'even those
who were far' superior to these 'disbelievers'

حَم ①
وَالْكِتَابِ الْمُبِينِ ②
إِنَّا جَعَلْنَاهُ قُرْآنًا عَرَبِيًّا ③
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ④
وَإِنَّهُ ⑤
فِي أُمِّ الْكِتَابِ لَدَيْنَا ⑥
لَعَلِّي حَكِيمٌ ⑦
أَفَنَضْرِبُ عَنْكُمْ ⑧
الذِّكْرَ صَفْحًا أَن ⑨
كُنْتُمْ قَوْمًا مُّسْرِفِينَ ⑩
وَكَمْ أَرْسَلْنَا مِن نَّبِيِّ ⑪
فِي الْأَوَّلِينَ ⑫
وَمَا يَأْتِيهِمْ مِن نَّبِيِّ ⑬
إِلَّا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ ⑭
فَاهْلِكْنَا أَشَدَّ مِنْهُمْ بَطْشًا ⑮

in 'their capability of' violent assault.
So much for the example
that has already gone before
of the 'doomed' peoples of old.

- 43:9 Now, were you to ask them:
Who is it
that has created the heavens and the earth?
They would, most surely, say:
The Overpowering 'One', the All-Knowing
has created them.
'Say to them:'

- 43:10 He 'alone'
has made the earth a cradle for you
and placed therein roadways for you,
so that you may be guided 'through it'.

- 43:11 And He 'alone'
has sent down, from the sky, water
in 'due' measure—
then 'it is' 'We' alone
who 'revive with it' a lifeless land!
Even so shall you 'all' be brought forth
'after you die'.

- 43:12 And He 'alone' has created all 'things in' pairs
and made for you 'as means' of 'transport'—
ships and cattle, upon which you ride,

- 43:13 so that you may settle yourselves
upon their backs,
such that you remember
the grace of your Lord
when you settle upon them, and say:
Highly exalted is the One
who has subjugated this to us!
For never were we ourselves
capable of doing so.

سُورَةُ الزُّكْرٰى

الجزء الخامس والعشرون

وَمَضَىٰ مِثْلَ الْأَوَّلِينَ
وَلَيْنَ سَأَلْنَهُمْ مِّنْ خَلْقِ ٩
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ لَيَقُولُنَّ
خَلَقَهُنَّ الْعَزِيزُ الْعَلِيمُ
الَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ ١٠
الْأَرْضَ مَهْدًا
وَجَعَلَ لَكُم فِيهَا سُبُلًا
لَّعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ
وَالَّذِي نَزَّلَ ١١
مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً يَقْدِرُ
فَأَنشَرْنَا بِهِ بَلْدَةً مَّيْتًا
كَذَٰلِكَ نُخْرِجُوكَ
وَالَّذِي خَلَقَ الْأَزْوَاجَ كُلَّهَا ١٢
وَجَعَلَ لَكُم مِّنَ الْفَلَائِكِ
وَالْأَنْعَامِ مَا تَرْكَبُونَ
لِيَسْتَوُوا عَلَىٰ ظُهُورِهِ ١٣
ثُمَّ تَذْكُرُوا نِعْمَةَ رَبِّكُمْ
إِذَا أَسْتَوَيْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ وَتَقُولُوا
سُبْحَنَ الَّذِي
سَخَّرَ لَنَا هَٰذَا
وَمَا كُنَّا لَهُ مُقْرِنِينَ

سُورَةُ الزُّكْرٰفِ

الجزء الخامس والستون

- 43:14 And, indeed, to our Lord
we are, most surely, returning.
- 43:15 Yet they 'who disbelieve'
have 'instead' ascribed to Him,
from His own servants,
a constituency 'of goddesses'.
Indeed, the human being
is openly an 'unbelieving' ingrate.
- 43:16 Is it, then, that He has taken for Himself
'the angels as divine' daughters—
from all that He has created—
while favoring you with sons?
- 43:17 Yet whenever any of them
'who belie you, O Prophet,'
is given the glad tidings 'of a female child'—
the like of which he ascribes
to the All-Merciful 'as an associate-god'—
his very face grows dark, for 'in his ignorance'
he is filled with suppressed rage.
- 43:18 Then is one reared amid ornaments,
and obscure in 'the midst of' conflict,
'to be God's offspring'?
- 43:19 Moreover, they render the angels—
who are themselves but servants
of the All-Merciful—females!
Did they witness their creation?
Their 'false' witness shall be written!
And they shall be questioned 'about it
on Judgment Day'!
- 43:20 Moreover, they say:
Had 'God', the All-Merciful, so willed,
we would not have worshipped them 'as divine'.
Yet about this, they have no sure knowledge.
They do nothing but bring forth lies.

وَاِنَّا اِلَيْ رَبِّنَا لَمُنْقَلِبُونَ ﴿١٤﴾

وَجَعَلُوا لِلّٰهِ

مِنْ عِبَادِهِ جُزْءًا

اِنَّ الْاِنْسَانَ لَكَفُوْرٌ مُّبِيْنٌ

اَمْ اَتَّخَذَ مِمَّا يَخْلُقُ بَنَاتٍ

وَاَصْفَنَكُمْ بِالْبَنِيْنَ

وَاِذَا بُشِّرَ اَحَدُهُمْ

بِمَا ضَرَبَ لِلرَّحْمٰنِ مَثَلًا

ظَلَّ وَجْهُهُ مُسْوَدًّا

وَهُوَ كَظِيْمٌ

اَوْ مِّنْ يُنْشَاۗءُ فِي الْاٰلِهَةِ

وَهُوَ فِي الْاِنْصَامِ غَيْرُ مُبِيْنٍ

وَجَعَلُوا الْمَلٰٓئِكَةَ

الَّذِيْنَ هُمْ عِنْدَ الرَّحْمٰنِ

اِنۡنَا۟ اَشْهَدُوْا خَلْقَهُمْ

سَتُكْتَبُ شَهٰدَتُهُمْ

وَيُسْـَٔلُوْنَ

وَقَالُوْا لَوْ شَاءَ الرَّحْمٰنُ

مَا عَبَدْنَاهُمْ

مَا لَهُمْ بِذٰلِكَ مِنْ عِلْمٍ

اِنَّهُمْ اِلَّا يَخْرُصُوْنَ

يُؤْتِيكَ الْكِتَابَ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- 43:21 Or is it
that We have given them a 'Heavenly' Book
before 'this Quran'
to which they 'now' hold firm?
- 43:22 Rather, they say:
Indeed, we found our forefathers
adhering to a certain religion.
And upon their traces,
we 'ourselves' shall be guided.
- 43:23 And so it is, 'O Prophet',
that We have never sent before you
a forewarner to any community,
without its affluent saying:
Indeed, we found our forefathers
adhering to a certain religion.
And upon their traces,
we 'ourselves' shall follow.
- 43:24 * Thus each messenger said:
'Will you continue thereupon'
even if I bring you 'to' a more guided way
than the 'path' to which you have found
your forefathers 'adhering'?
Always, they said:
Indeed, we are disbelievers in all that you 'claim
to' have been sent with 'from God'.
- 43:25 Thus We took vengeance on them.
So see how 'devastating' was the end
of those who belied 'God's words'
and messengers.
- 43:26 Thus behold!
Abraham said to his father and his people:
Indeed, I am innocent of 'worshipping'
all 'the false gods' that you worship.
- 43:27 'I' but 'worship' the One who originated me.

٢١ أَمْ آتَيْنَهُمْ
كِتَابًا مِنْ قَبْلِهِ
فَهُمْ بِهِ مُسْتَمْسِكُونَ
بَلْ قَالُوا
إِنَّا وَجَدْنَا آبَاءَنَا عَلَىٰ أُمَّةٍ
وَإِنَّا عَلَىٰ آثَرِهِمْ مُهْتَدُونَ
وَكَذَٰلِكَ مَا أَرْسَلْنَا مِنْ قَبْلِكَ
فِي قَرْيَةٍ مِنْ نَذِيرٍ
إِلَّا قَالَ مُرُوفُهَُا
إِنَّا وَجَدْنَا آبَاءَنَا عَلَىٰ أُمَّةٍ
وَإِنَّا عَلَىٰ آثَرِهِمْ مُقْتَدُونَ
❖ قُلْ أُولَٰئِكَ حِشْكُمُ
بِأَهْدَىٰ وَمَا
وَجَدْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ آبَاءَكُمْ
قَالُوا إِنَّا
بِمَا أُرْسِلْتُمْ بِهِ كَافِرُونَ
فَأَنْتَقَمْنَا مِنْهُمْ
فَأَنْظِرْ كَيْفَ كَانَ
عَذَابُ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ
وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَاهِيمُ
لِأَبِيهِ وَقَوْمِهِ
إِنِّي بَرَاءٌ مِمَّا تَعْبُدُونَ
إِلَّا الَّذِي فَطَرَنِي
فَأَنَّهُ سَيُهْدِي

يُنَزِّلُ الْغُرُورَ

الْجُزْءُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- For, indeed, it is He 'alone' who shall guide me.
 43:28 Thereby, he made this 'witness to the One God'
 a lasting word among his posterity,
 so that they might 'always' return
 'to God and worship Him alone'.
 43:29 Yet, indeed, I let these 'disbelievers'
 and their forefathers enjoy 'life',
 but they returned not to faith —
 until 'at last' the 'revealed' truth came to them,
 and a Messenger
 elucidating 'My commandments'.
 43:30 But when the 'revealed' truth came to them
 'with God's Messenger',
 they 'but' said 'of this Quran':
 This is mere sorcery!
 And, indeed,
 we are 'set on being' disbelievers in it!
 43:31 Yet they say:
 If only this Quran had been sent down
 to a man of greatness
 from either of the two 'leading Arabian' cities,
 'we could be sure of its truth'!
 43:32 Are they the ones, then,
 who apportion the mercy of your Lord,
 'O Prophet'?
- Rather, it is We 'alone'
 who apportion among them
 'even' their very livelihood
 in the life of this world.
 Moreover, it is We 'alone'
 who have raised some of them
 above others, by degrees,
 so that they may employ one another in service.
 Yet the mercy of your Lord
 is better than all that they amass.

وَجَعَلَهَا كَلِمَةً بَاقِيَةً ﴿٢٨﴾

فِي عَقِيدَةٍ لَّعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿٢٩﴾

بَلْ مَنَعْتُ هَؤُلَاءَ وَءَابَاءَهُمْ
حَقَّقَ جَاءَهُمُ الْحَقُّ
وَرَسُولٌ مُبِينٌ

وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ الْحَقُّ قَالُوا ﴿٣٠﴾

هَذَا سِحْرٌ وَإِنَّا بِهِ كَافِرُونَ

وَقَالُوا لَوْلَا نَزَلَ هَذَا الْقُرْآنُ

عَلَى رَجُلٍ مِّنَ الْقُرَيْشَيْنِ عَظِيمٍ

أَمْ هُمْ يَقْسِمُونَ رَحْمَتَ رَبِّكَ ﴿٣١﴾

نَحْنُ قَسَمْنَا بَيْنَهُمْ مَّعِيشَتَهُمْ
فِي الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَرَفَعْنَا بَعْضَهُمْ

فَوْقَ بَعْضٍ دَرَجَاتٍ

لِّيَسْخِذَ بَعْضُهُمْ

بَعْضًا سَخِرَئًا

وَرَحْمَتَ رَبِّكَ خَيْرٌ

مِمَّا يَجْمَعُونَ

وَلَوْلَا أَن يَكُونَ النَّاسُ

أُمَّةً وَاحِدَةً

سُورَةُ الزُّكْرٰى

الجزء الخامس والعشرون

- 43:33 And were it not that people
would, 'therefore,' become one community
'united in godlessness',
We, most surely, would have made
for those who disbelieve in the All-Merciful,
roofs of silver for their houses,
and 'silver' stairways upon which to ascend,
43:34 and doors 'of silver' for their houses,
and settees 'of silver'
on which they could recline—
43:35 and 'solid' gold ornaments!
Yet all of this
is nothing but 'the fleeting' enjoyment
of the life of this world.
For 'endless joy in' the Hereafter,
near your Lord, is for the God-fearing 'alone'.
43:36 Thus, whoever turns a blind eye
to 'this Quran, as' the 'last revealed' Reminder
from 'God', the All-Merciful,
We shall assign to him a 'personal' satan
who shall then become
'ever' his close companion.
43:37 And, indeed, they shall 'then', most surely,
bar them 'forever'
from the path 'of salvation',
though they 'would' think
that they are rightly guided—
43:38 until when 'at last' one comes to Us
'for Judgment',
he shall say 'to his satan':
Oh, how I wish
there were between me and you
the distance between the East and the West—
for a most woeful companion 'you have been'!
43:39 Yet never shall it benefit

لَجَعَلْنَا لِمَنْ يَكْفُرُ بِالرَّحْمَنِ

لِيُؤْتِيَهُمْ سُقْفًا مِنْ فِضَّةٍ

وَمَعَارِجَ عَلَيْهَا يَظْهَرُونَ

وَلِيُؤْتِيَهُمْ آتُونًا وَسُرُرًا

عَلَيْهَا يَتَكَفَّوْنَ

وَزُخْرَفًا وَإِنْ كُلُّ ذَلِكَ

لَمَّا مَتَّعُ الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا

وَالْآخِرَةُ عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ

لِلْمُتَّقِينَ

وَمَنْ يَعْشُ عَنْ ذِكْرِ الرَّحْمَنِ

نَقِضْ لَهُ شَيْطَانًا

فَهُوَ لَهُ مَوْلًى

وَلَا تَنْفَعُهُمْ

لِصُدُورِهِمْ عَنِ السَّبِيلِ

وَيَحْسَبُونَ أَنَّهُمْ مُّهْتَدُونَ

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا جَاءَنَا

قَالَ يَلَيْتَ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكَ

بُعْدَ الْمَشْرِقَيْنِ

فَيَنْسُ الْآفِرِينَ

وَلَنْ يَنْفَعَكُمْ الْيَوْمَ

إِذْ ظَلَمْتُمْ أَنْفُسَكُمْ

فِي الْعَذَابِ مُشْتَرِكُونَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

either of you this Day—
if you blame each other
for doing wrong in the world—
for now you are partners
in the torment of Hell.

- 43:40 Then is it you, O Prophet,
who shall make the deaf of heart hear,
or who shall guide the blind in heart
or one who is utterly lost
in clear misguidance?
- 43:41 Yet if it is to be, O Prophet,
that We take you away in death
before you prevail, then, indeed,
We shall take vengeance on these
who reject you.
- 43:42 But if it is to be
that We let you see the punishment
that We have promised them—
then shall you know, indeed,
We have invincible power over them.
- 43:43 So hold fast to what has been revealed to you.
Indeed, you are guided
upon a straight way of salvation.
- 43:44 For this Quran is, most surely,
an enduring Remembrance of great honor
for you, O Muhammad, and for your people,
in whose language it has been revealed.
Thus all of you
shall be questioned on Judgment Day
about your obligations to it.
- 43:45 So ask the faithful adherents
of those of Our messengers
whom We sent before you, O Prophet:
Have We ever ordained
apart from God, the All-Merciful,

٤٠ أَفَأَنْتَ تُسْمِعُ الصُّمَّ

أَوْ تَهْدِي الْأَعْمَى

وَمَنْ كَانَ

فِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ

٤١ فَمَا نَنْذَرُكَ بِكَ

فَإِنَّا مِنْهُمْ مُنْقِمُونَ

٤٢ أَوْ نُرِيَنَّكَ الَّذِي وَعَدْتَهُمْ

فَإِنَّا عَلَيْهِمْ مُّقَدِّرُونَ

٤٣ فَاسْتَمْسِكْ

بِالَّذِي أُوحِيَ إِلَيْكَ

إِنَّكَ عَلَى صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

٤٤ وَإِنَّهُ لَذِكْرٌ لَكَ وَلِقَوْلِكَ

وَسَوْفَ تَسْأَلُونَ

٤٥ وَسَأَلْ مَنْ أَرْسَلْنَا

مِنْ قَبْلِكَ مِنْ رُسُلِنَا

أَجَعَلْنَا مِنْ دُونِ الرَّحْمَنِ

إِلَٰهَةً يُعْبَدُونَ

- any 'other' gods to be worshipped?
- 43:46 For very truly, We sent Moses
with Our 'miraculous' signs to Pharaoh
and to his 'assembly of' nobles.
Thus he said to them:
Indeed, I am the messenger
of the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
- 43:47 But when he came to them
with Our 'miraculous' signs,
behold, they laughed at them.
- 43:48 And not a sign did We show them
but that it was greater than its predecessor.
Thus We seized them
with torment 'after' torment,
so that they might return 'to belief in One God'.
- 43:49 And they 'repeatedly' said to Moses:
O 'learned' sorcerer!
Call upon your Lord for us 'to relieve us'
by virtue of what He has covenanted with you.
Indeed, we shall 'then,' most surely,
be rightly guided.
- 43:50 But whenever We removed
'any of' the torment from them,
at once they would breach 'their promise'.
- 43:51 Then Pharaoh called out among his people.
He said: O my people!
Is it not 'true' that dominion over Egypt is mine,
and that these 'very' rivers
flow from beneath me?
Do you not see?
- 43:52 Am I not, then, better
than this one who is contemptible
and can barely make himself clear?
- 43:53 'If he is truly God's messenger,'
why, then, have bracelets of gold

سُورَةُ الزُّكْرٰفِ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا مُوسَىٰ بِآيَاتِنَا
إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ وَمَلَئِهِ
فَقَالَ إِنِّي
رَسُولُ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ بِآيَاتِنَا
إِذَا هُمْ مِنْهَا يَضْحَكُونَ
وَمَا نُرِيهِمْ مِنْ آيَةٍ
إِلَّا هِيَ أَكْثَرُ مِنْ أُخْتِهَا
وَأَخَذْنَاهُمْ بِالْعَذَابِ
لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ
وَقَالُوا يَتَّبِعُهُ السَّاحِرُ
أَدْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ
بِمَا عَاهَدَ عِنْدَكَ
إِنَّا لَمُهْتَدُونَ
فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنْهُمْ الْعَذَابَ
إِذَا هُمْ يَنْكُتُونَ
وَنَادَىٰ فِرْعَوْنُ فِي قَوْمِهِ
قَالَ يَنْفُورُ
الْإِنْسَ لِي مَلِكٍ يُضَرِّ
وَهَٰذِهِ آلَانَهْرُ
تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِي
أَفَلَا تُبْصِرُونَ
أَمْ أَنَا خَيْرٌ
مِنْ هَٰذَا الَّذِي هُوَ مِثِّي
وَلَا يَكَادُ بَيْنُ
فَلَوْلَا أَلْقَىٰ عَلَيْهِ
أَسْوَدَةٌ مِّنْ ذَهَبٍ

سُورَةُ الزُّكْرٰفِ

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not been cast upon him,
or the angels come down to us,
marshaled together with him?

43:54 And so it was that he incited his people
to belie the miracles of Moses.
And they obeyed him.

Indeed, they were an ungodly people.

43:55 Thus when they displeased Us,
We took vengeance on them.
So We drowned them, all together.

43:56 And We made them a precedent and an example
for the latter generations.

43:57 *Now, when Jesus, the son of Mary,
was likened by the Makkans to their idols —
as an exemplar of something worshipped
apart from God,
all of which the Quran condemned to Hell —
at once your people, O Prophet,
clamored with boisterous joy because of it,
wherefore they said in derision:
Shall our gods, in the Hereafter,
be placed in as excellent a standing as he is?
They did not put this forth
but for the purpose of devious argumentation.
For, indeed,

they are an utterly contentious people.
43:59 As for Jesus, he, like his mother Mary,
is not but a servant of God
upon whom We have bestowed grace.
Thus We made him a miraculous exemplar
for the Children of Israel.

43:60 Yet were We ever to so will it,
We could, most surely, eliminate all of you
and make angels in place of you,

أَوْ جَاءَ مَعَهُ الْمَلٰٓئِكَةُ
مُقَرَّبِينَ

فَاسْتَحَفَّ قَوْمَهُ فَاطَاعُوهُ ٥٤

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا قَوْمًا فَسِيقِينَ

فَلَمَّا آسَفُونَا ٥٥

أَنقَمْنَا مِنْهُمْ

فَاغْرَقْنَاهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ

فَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ سَلَفًا ٥٦

وَمَثَلًا لِّلْآخِرِينَ

وَلَمَّا ٥٧

ضُرِبَ ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ مَثَلًا

إِذَا قَوْمُكَ مِنْهُ يَصِذُونَ

وَقَالُوا أَلِهْتَنَا خَيْرٌ ٥٨

أَمْ هُوَ

مَا ضَرَبُوهُ لَكَ إِلَّا جَدَلًا

بَلْ هُمْ قَوْمٌ خَصِمُونَ

إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا عَبْدٌ ٥٩

أَنعَمْنَا عَلَيْهِ وَجَعَلْنَاهُ مَثَلًا

لِّبَنِي إِسْرٰٓءِيلَ

وَلَوْ نَشَاءُ ٦٠

لَجَعَلْنَاهُمْ مَلَائِكَةً

فِي الْأَرْضِ يَخْلُقُونَ

- succeeding one another on the earth.
- 43:61 But when Jesus returns,
he shall, most surely, be a portent
of the imminence of the Hour of Doom.
So have no doubt in this!
Thus say to them, O Prophet: Follow me.
This is a straight way to salvation.
- 43:62 Therefore, do not let Satan
turn you aside from it.
Indeed, he is to you a clear enemy.
- 43:63 Indeed, when Jesus came to his people
with clear and miraculous proofs
confirming his truth,
he said the very same as this Prophet:
Truly, I have come to you
with prophetic wisdom,
and to make clear to you
some of that about which you dispute
in your religion.
So fear God! And obey me!
- 43:64 Indeed, God is my Lord and your Lord.
So worship Him alone.
This is a straight way to salvation.
- 43:65 Yet after Jesus,
the sects disputed about him among themselves.
So woe to those who do wrong
by worshipping him
from the torment of a painful Day Hereafter!
- 43:66 Do they who disbelieve
await other than the Hour of Doom,
which shall come upon them suddenly
while they are entirely unaware of it?
- 43:67 Close friends on that Day
shall become implacable foes to one another—
except for the God-fearing,

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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- وَأَنَّهُ لَعَلَّمُ لِلسَّاعَةِ ٦١
فَلَا تَمْتَرُكُمَا وَأَتَّبِعُونِ
هَذَا صِرَاطٌ مُسْتَقِيمٌ
وَلَا يَصُدُّكُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ ٦٢
إِنَّهُ لَكُمُ عَدُوٌّ مُبِينٌ
وَلَمَّا جَاءَ عِيسَى بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ ٦٣
قَالَ قَدْ جِئْتُكُمْ بِالْحِكْمَةِ
وَلَأُبَيِّنَ لَكُمُ
بَعْضَ الَّذِي تَخْتَلِفُونَ فِيهِ
فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا ٦٤
إِنَّ اللَّهَ
هُوَ رَبِّي وَرَبُّكُمْ فَاعْبُدُوهُ
هَذَا صِرَاطٌ مُسْتَقِيمٌ
فَاخْتَلَفَ ٦٥
الْأَحْزَابُ مِنْ بَيْنِهِمْ
فَوَيْلٌ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا
مِنْ عَذَابٍ يَوْمَ الْيَوْمِ
هَلْ يَنْظُرُونَ ٦٦
إِلَّا السَّاعَةَ أَنْ تَأْتِيَهُمْ بَغْتَةً
وَهُمْ لَا يَشْعُرُونَ
الْأَخِلَاءُ يَوْمَئِذٍ
بَعْضُهُمْ لِبَعْضٍ عَدُوٌّ
إِلَّا الْمُتَّقِينَ ٦٧

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

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- to whom God shall say:
- 43:68 O My servants!
There is no fear upon you this Day,
nor shall you grieve,
- 43:69 O you who have believed
in Our revealed signs
and who were ever muslims,
in willing submission to God alone.
- 43:70 Enter into the bliss of the Garden of Paradise,
you and your spouses, rejoicing together!
- 43:71 Passed round among them
are platters of gold and gold cups.
And, therein,
is all that the souls of human beings so desire—
and all that delights the eyes.
And herein shall you abide forever!
- 43:72 This is the Garden of Paradise
you are given to inherit
for all the good that you have done in life.
- 43:73 For you, therein, is fruit aplenty,
from which you may eat.
- 43:74 As to the defiant unbelievers,
they shall be in the torment of Hell forever.
- 43:75 Never shall it be lessened for them.
Thus, therein,
they shall ever be utterly despondent.
- 43:76 Yet it is not We who have wronged them.
But, rather, it was they themselves
who were the wrongdoers, godless in heart.
- 43:77 Thus shall they call out
to the guardian angel of Hell: O Mâlik!
Let your Lord put an end to us!
He shall say: Rather, so shall you ever remain!
- 43:78 Truly, We have brought you human beings
the truth in this Quran.

يَبْعَادُ ٧٨

لَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْكُمُ الْيَوْمَ
وَلَا أَنْتُمْ تَحْزَنُونَ

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِآيَاتِنَا ٧٩

وَكَانُوا مُسْلِمِينَ

ادْخُلُوا الْجَنَّةَ ٨٠

أَنْتُمْ وَأَزْوَاجُكُمْ تُخْبَرُونَ

يُطَافُ عَلَيْهِمْ ٨١

بِصِحَافٍ مِنْ ذَهَبٍ وَأَكْوَابٍ

وَفِيهَا مَا شَتَّىٰ هَبْهُ الْأَنْفُسُ

وَتَلَذُّ الْأَعْيُنُ

وَأَنْتُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

وَتِلْكَ الْجَنَّةُ ٨٢

الَّتِي أُورِثْتُمُوهَا

بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

لَكُمْ فِيهَا فَاكِهَةٌ كَثِيرَةٌ ٨٣

مِنْهَا تَأْكُلُونَ

إِنَّ الْمُجْرِمِينَ ٨٤

فِي عَذَابٍ جَهَنَّمَ خَالِدُونَ

لَا يَفْتُرُ عَنْهُمْ ٨٥

وَهُمْ فِيهِ مُبْسَوُونَ

وَمَا ظَلَمْنَاهُمْ وَلَكِنْ ٨٦

كَانُوا هُمُ الظَّالِمِينَ

وَنَادَوْا يٰمَلِكُ ٨٧

يَقِضْ عَلَيْنَا رَبُّكَ

قَالَ إِنَّكُمْ مَنِكُوتُونَ

لَقَدْ جِئْتَكُمْ بِالْحَقِّ ٨٨

سُورَةُ الزُّكْرٰفِ

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Yet most of you
are 'utterly' abhorrent of the truth.

43:79 So is it that they 'who disbelieve'
are firmly resolved to do something 'evil'?
For, indeed, We are firmly resolved
'to punish them for it'.

43:80 Or is it that they think
that We do not hear their secrets
and their concealed conversations?
Oh yes, indeed!

Moreover, Our messenger-angels are with them,
writing 'down every thought and act'.

43:81 Say 'to humanity, O Prophet':
If ever the All-Merciful had a son,
then I would be foremost
among 'his' worshippers.

43:82 'Yet' highly exalted
is the Lord of the heavens and the earth—
the Lord of the Throne—
above all that they ascribe 'to Him'!

43:83 So leave them, 'O Prophet',
to indulge 'in vanity' and 'to play—
until they meet their 'ill-fated' Day,
which they have been promised.

43:84 For He 'alone' is the One
who is God in the Heaven and God in the earth.
And He 'alone'
is the All-Wise, the All-Knowing.

43:85 Then blessed be the One
to whom belongs all dominion
over the heavens and the earth
and all that is between them.
For in His providence 'alone'
is the knowledge of the 'coming

وَلٰكِنَّ أَكْثَرَكُمْ لِلْحَقِّ كٰرِهُونَ

أَمْ أَتَرْمُونَ أَمَّا إِنَّا مُمْرِعُونَ

أَمْ يَحْسِبُونَ أَنَّا لَا نَسْمَعُ

سِرَّهُمْ وَنَجْوَاهُمْ

بَلَىٰ وَرُسُلُنَا لَدَيْهِمْ يَكْتُبُونَ

قُلْ إِنْ كَانَ لِلرَّحْمٰنِ وَلَدٌ

فَأَنَّا أَوَّلَ الْعٰبِدِينَ

سُبْحٰنَ رَبِّ

السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

رَبِّ الْعَرْشِ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ

فَذَرَهُمْ يَخُوضُونَ وَيُلْعَبُونَ

حَتَّىٰ يَلْتَفِتُوا يَوْمَهمْ

الَّذِي يُوعَدُونَ

وَهُوَ الَّذِي فِي السَّمَٰوٰتِ إِلٰهٌ

وَفِي الْأَرْضِ إِلٰهٌ

وَهُوَ الْحَكِيمُ الْعَلِيمُ

وَبَارَكَ الَّذِي لَهُ

مُلْكُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا

وَعِنْدَهُ عِلْمُ السَّاعَةِ

سُورَةُ الزُّكْرٰفِ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

of the 'Hour' of Doom.

Thus to Him shall you all be returned.

- 43:86 So all those that they call upon apart from Him hold no 'power of' intercession. Excepted are those 'of God's servants whom He permits to intercede, and 'who bear witness to the truth— and they know well 'from Him for whom it may be made'.

- 43:87 Now, indeed, if you asked these 'disbelievers' who 'is it that' has created them, they would, most surely, say: It is God. How, then, are they turned away 'from worshipping Him alone'?

- 43:88 Moreover, 'We know well the Prophet's suffering and his word 'of supplication':
O my Lord!

These are a people who do not believe.

- 43:89 'We but say: 'Then pardon them 'for now', and say 'only': Peace!
For 'to their utter horror' they shall 'soon come to' know 'the judgment of truth'.

وَالِیُّوْا تُرْجَعُوْنَ

وَلَا یَعْمَلُكَ الْاٰیٰتِ ۝۸۶

یَدْعُوْنَ مِنْ دُوْنِہِ السَّفَعَةَ

اِلَّا مَنْ شَہِدَ بِالْحَقِّ

وَهُمْ یَعْلَمُوْنَ

وَلٰیْنَ سَاَلْتَهُمْ مَنْ خَلَقَهُمْ ۝۸۷

لِیَقُوْلَنَّ اَللّٰهُ فَاَنْیَّ یُؤْفَکُوْنَ

وَقِیْلَہٗ یٰکَرِیْمٌ اِنَّ هٰتُوْلَآءِ ۝۸۸

قَوْمٌ لَا یُؤْمِنُوْنَ

فَاَصْفَحْ عَنْهُمْ وَقُلْ سَلَامٌ ۝۸۹

فَسَوْفَ یَعْلَمُوْنَ

سُورَةُ الدُّخَانِ

The surah that mentions a divine portent of an evil destiny that will come in the appearance of something unknown called THE SMOKE. It manifests in the sky and enveils the unbelievers on the earth, until they cry in vain to God that they shall believe in the Quran and its Messenger ﷺ if only He delivers them from this torment.

Surah 44 / 59 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Dukhân

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

44:1 *Hâ Mîm*

44:2 I swear by the Quran, the clear Book!

44:3 Indeed, it is We alone
who have sent it down in a blessed night.

For, indeed, it is We alone
who are giving humanity
forewarning of a nearing Judgment.

44:4 In that blessed night

every wise affair is determined

44:5 by a divine command from Our providence.

For, indeed, it is We alone
who have been sending messengers
to humanity—

44:6 as a mercy from your Lord, O Prophet.

For, indeed, it is He alone
who is the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing—

44:7 Lord of the heavens and the earth

and all that is between them!

If ever you were to have certainty,
then be certain of this:

44:8 There is no God but Him.

He gives life. And He gives death.

حَمْدٌ

وَالْكِتَابِ الْمُبِينِ

إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ

فِي لَيْلَةٍ مُبَارَكَةٍ

إِنَّا كُنَّا مُنذِرِينَ

فِيهَا يُفْرَقُ كُلُّ أَمْرٍ حَكِيمٍ

أَمْرًا مِنْ عِنْدِنَا

إِنَّا كُنَّا مُرْسِلِينَ

رَحْمَةً مِنْ رَبِّكَ

إِنَّهُ هُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ

رَبِّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُوقِنِينَ

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

سُورَةُ الدُّخَانِ

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- He is your Lord
and the Lord of your forefathers of old.
- 44:9 Yet, they 'who disbelieve'
are 'immersed' in doubt 'about this',
playing 'their lives away'.
- 44:10 But watch 'them, in wait of' the day
the sky brings forth a smoke, manifest 'to all',
44:11 enveiling the people 'who disbelieve',
until they cry out :
This is a most painful torment!
- 44:12 Our Lord!
Remove from us the torment,
'and' we shall, indeed, be believers!
- 44:13 How shall the Remembrance 'of faith'
be 'of any benefit' to them 'now',
when the torment has alighted',
and a Messenger
elucidating 'My commandments'
had already come to them?
- 44:14 Whereupon they turned away from him
and said:
He is but taught 'this by a human being!'
Or 'he is possessed!'
- 44:15 Behold!
We shall, then, remove the torment
for a little while.
'But', indeed, you 'disbelievers'
shall revert 'to unbelief'.
- 44:16 Yet 'on the Day We assault' the earth
with the Great Assault 'that ends time',
then, indeed,
shall We take Our 'just' vengeance.

- 44:17 *Now, very truly before them,

يَحْيَىٰ وَيُؤْمِنُ رَبُّكُمْ
وَرَبُّ آبَائِكُمُ الْأَوَّلِينَ
بَلْ هُمْ فِي شَكٍّ يَلْعَبُونَ
فَارْتَقِبْ يَوْمَ تَأْتِي السَّمَاءُ
بِدُخَانٍ مُّبِينٍ
يَغشى النَّاسَ
هَذَا عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
رَبَّنَا اكْشِفْ عَنَّا الْعَذَابَ
إِنَّا مُؤْمِنُونَ
أَنَّى لَهُمُ الذِّكْرَىٰ
وَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ مُّبِينٌ
ثُمَّ تَوَلَّوْا عَنْهُ
وَقَالُوا مُعَلَّمٌ مَّجْنُونٌ
إِنَّا كَاشِفُو الْعَذَابِ قَلِيلًا
إِنَّكُمْ عَائِدُونَ
يَوْمَ نَبْطِشُ الْبَطْشَةَ الْكُبْرَىٰ
إِنَّا مُنْقِمُونَ

سُورَةُ الدُّخَانِ

الْحِزْبُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- We tried the people of Pharaoh.
For there came to them
a noble messenger, as well, saying:
- 44:18 You shall, indeed, deliver to me
the servants of God, the Children of Israel.
Indeed, I am a trustworthy messenger
sent to you by God.
- 44:19 Nor shall you exalt yourselves against God.
For, indeed, I have come to you
with manifest authority from Him.
- 44:20 Moreover,
I have, indeed, taken refuge in my Lord—
and your Lord—
should you seek to stone me to death
in defiance.
- 44:21 Yet if you will not believe
in the miraculous signs given to me,
then you are duly forewarned
to withdraw from your persecution of me.
- 44:22 Thus when they belied him,
he called upon his Lord:
Indeed, these are a defiantly unbelieving people!
- 44:23 God said to him:
Set out by night with My servants,
the Children of Israel.
You shall, most surely, be followed
by Pharaoh and his forces.
- 44:24 Yet have no fear, and leave the sea parted wide
after crossing through it.
Indeed, they are a force
destined to be drowned—
- 44:25 and how many a garden growing
and spring flowing did they leave behind!
- 44:26 And how many a plantation,
and gracious station!

﴿١٧﴾ وَلَقَدْ فَتَنَّا قَبْلَهُمْ

قَوْمَ فِرْعَوْنَ

﴿١٨﴾ وَجَاءَهُمْ رَسُولٌ كَرِيمٌ

﴿١٩﴾ أَنْ أَدُّوْا إِلَيَّ عِبَادَ اللَّهِ

﴿٢٠﴾ إِنِّي لَكُمْ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ

﴿٢١﴾ وَأَنْ لَا تَعْلُوا عَلَيَّ اللَّهِ

﴿٢٢﴾ إِنِّي إِلَٰهُكُمْ بِسُلْطَانٍ مُبِينٍ

﴿٢٣﴾ وَلَئِي عَذَّتْ بَرِّي وَرَبِّكُمْ

﴿٢٤﴾ أَنْ تَرْجُمُونِ

﴿٢٥﴾ وَلَئِنْ لَمْ تَنْتَهِوا لِفَاعَتْنِي

﴿٢٦﴾ فِدَعَارِيهِ أَنْ هَتُوْا لَاءِ

﴿٢٧﴾ قَوْمٍ مُّجْرِمُونَ

﴿٢٨﴾ فَأَسْرِ بِعِبَادِي لَيْلًا

﴿٢٩﴾ إِنَّكُمْ مُّتَّبَعُونَ

﴿٣٠﴾ وَاتْرُكِ الْبَحْرَ رَهَوًا

﴿٣١﴾ إِنَّهُمْ جُنْدٌ مُّغْرَقُونَ

﴿٣٢﴾ كَذَلِكَ نَرْكُوكُمْ مِنْ جَنَّتٍ وَعَيْبُونِ

﴿٣٣﴾ وَرُزُوعٍ وَمَقَامٍ كَرِيمٍ

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- 44:27 And what great prosperity,
in which they were rejoicing!
44:28 Thus did We bequeath it all to another people.
44:29 Yet neither the heaven, nor the earth,
wept over them.
Nor were they given respite.
44:30 So, very truly, We delivered
the Children of Israel
from the disgracing torment
44:31 of Pharaoh.
Indeed, he was ever a haughty one
from the exceedingly rebellious.
44:32 For very truly, We had chosen them—
in the fullness of Our knowledge—
above the people of their time in all the world.
44:33 Thus to them, as well, did We give some
of Our most miraculous signs—
wherein there was
a manifest test of faith for them.
- 44:34 As to these who belie you, O Prophet,
most surely, they say:
44:35 There is nothing beyond our first death.
For never shall we be resurrected for Judgment.
44:36 So bring our forefathers back to life,
if, indeed, you are truthful!
44:37 Is it that they are better
than the disbelieving people of Tubba^c
or those godless nations that preceded them?
We destroyed them all.
Indeed, they were defiant disbelievers.
44:38 For We have not created the heavens
and the earth and all that is between them
for mere sport.
44:39 We but created them in accordance

وَنَعْمَ كَانُوا فِيهَا فَكَهِينَ ﴿٢٧﴾

كَذَلِكَ وَأَوْرَثْنَاهَا ﴿٢٨﴾

قَوْمًا آخَرِينَ ﴿٢٩﴾

فَمَا بَكَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ ﴿٣٠﴾

السَّمَاءُ وَالْأَرْضُ ﴿٣١﴾

وَمَا كَانُوا مُنظَرِينَ ﴿٣٢﴾

وَلَقَدْ بَجَيْنَا بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ ﴿٣٣﴾

مِنَ الْعَذَابِ الْمُهِينِ ﴿٣٤﴾

مِنْ فِرْعَوْنَ ﴿٣٥﴾

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا عَلَيَّا مِنَ الْمُسْرِفِينَ ﴿٣٦﴾

وَلَقَدْ أَخَّرْنَاهُمْ عَلَىٰ عِلْمِنَا ﴿٣٧﴾

عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٣٨﴾

وَمَا يَنْتَهُمُ مِنَ الْآيَاتِ ﴿٣٩﴾

مَا فِيهِ بَلَدٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿٤٠﴾

إِنَّ هَؤُلَاءِ لَيَقُولُونَ ﴿٤١﴾

إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا مَوْتَتُنَا الْأُولَىٰ ﴿٤٢﴾

وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمُنشَرِينَ ﴿٤٣﴾

فَأَنذَرْنَا نَارِيًا ﴿٤٤﴾

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿٤٥﴾

أَهْمُ خَيْرٌ أَمْ قَوْمُ تُبَّعٍ ﴿٤٦﴾

وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ أَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ ﴿٤٧﴾

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا أَتَجَرِّمِينَ ﴿٤٨﴾

وَمَا خَلَقْنَا ﴿٤٩﴾

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ ﴿٥٠﴾

وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا لِلْعَبَثِ ﴿٥١﴾

- with 'the very essence of' all truth—
though 'this truth' most of them do not know.
- 44:40 Indeed, the Day of Decision
is their fixed time 'of destiny'—
all 'of them' together—
- 44:41 a Day a patron shall avail none in his patronage
'against God's Judgment' in the least.
Nor shall they ever be helped 'in any way'—
- 44:42 except for 'those believers'
upon whom God will show mercy.
Indeed, He 'alone'
is the Overpowering 'One', the Mercy-Giving.
- 44:43 Indeed, the 'Impalatable' Tree of Zaqqûm,
'from the nethermost of Hell',
44:44 is the food of the sinful—
44:45 'its fruit' like molten brass,
boiling in the bellies
44:46 like the boiling of scalding fluid!
44:47 'Then shall it be said
concerning every disbeliever':
Seize him!
And drag him into the midst of Hellfire!
- 44:48 Then pour over his head
'some' of the torment of scalding fluid,
44:49 'whereupon it shall be said
to each of them in scorn':
Taste it, 'O disbeliever'!
For, indeed,
you were 'considered' of the mighty,
the noble ones, 'among your people'!
- 44:50 Indeed, this is 'the eternal punishment'
that you were, 'in the world,' doubting.
- 44:51 As to the God-fearing,
they shall, indeed, be 'gathered'

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- ٣١ مَا خَلَقْنَاهُمَا إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ
وَلَكِنْ أَكْثَرُهُمْ
لَا يَعْلَمُونَ
- ٣٢ إِنَّ يَوْمَ الْفَصْلِ
مِيقَاتُهُمْ أَجْمَعِينَ
يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُ مَوْلَى
عَنْ مَوْلَى شَيْئًا
وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ
- ٣٣ إِلَّا مَنْ رَحِمَ اللَّهُ
إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الرَّحِيمُ
- ٣٤ إِنَّ شَجَرَتَ الزَّقُّومِ
طَعَامٌ الْأَثِيمِ
- ٣٥ كَالْمُهْلِ يَغْلِي فِي الْبُطُونِ
كَغَلْيِ الْحَمِيمِ
- ٣٦ خَذُوهُ فَاَعْتَوهُ
إِلَى سَوَاءِ الْجَحِيمِ
- ٣٧ ثُمَّ صُبُّوا فَوْقَ رَأْسِهِ
مِنْ عَذَابِ الْحَمِيمِ
- ٣٨ ذُقْ إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ
الْعَزِيزُ الْكَرِيمُ
- ٣٩ إِنَّ هَذَا
مَا كُنْتُمْ بِهِ تَمْتَرُونَ

سُورَةُ الدُّخَانِ

الْحِزْمَةُ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- in a station of honor and everlasting sanctuary
 44:52 amid Gardens of Paradise and springs.
 44:53 They shall dress in garments
 of sarcenet and rich brocade, facing one another.
 44:54 Thus!
 And We shall wed them to wide-eyed beauties.
 44:55 Therein, they shall call for every fruit—
 being forever secure.
 44:56 Therein, they shall never again taste death—
 after the first death in life.
 For He shall spare them
 the torment of Hellfire—
 44:57 a bounty from your Lord.
 It is this that is the magnificent triumph!
- 44:58 Thus We have, indeed,
 revealed this Quran to you
 and made it easy to understand
 in your native tongue, O Prophet,
 so that they who disbelieve
 might become mindful
 of God's commandments.
 44:59 So watch them in wait of God's Judgment!
 For, indeed, they too are watching
 in wait of your end.

٥١ إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي مَقَامٍ أَمِينٍ

٥٢ فِي جَنَّاتٍ وَعُيُونٍ

٥٣ يَلْبَسُونَ مِنْ سُنْدُسٍ

وَأِسْتَبْرَقٍ مَّتَقَلِيلٍ

٥٤ كَذَلِكَ

وَزَوْجَتُهُمْ يَمْشُونَ فِيهَا

٥٥ يَدْعُونَ فِيهَا

بِكُلِّ فَكْهَةٍ أَمِينٍ

٥٦ لَا يَذُوقُونَ فِيهَا

الْمَوْتَ

إِلَّا الْمَوْتَ الْأُولَىٰ

وَوَقَّعْنَاهُمْ عَذَابَ الْجَحِيمِ

٥٧ فَضَلَّاهُمْ بِرَبِّكَ

ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ

٥٨ فَإِنَّمَا يَسَّرْنَاهُ بِلِسَانِكَ

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ

٥٩ فَأَرْقُبْ إِنَّهُمْ مُرْقَبُونَ

Surah 45 / 37 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Jâthiyah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

45:1 *Hâ Mîm*

- 45:2 The revelation of this Book
is from God 'on high',
the Overpowering 'One, the All-Wise.
- 45:3 Indeed in the heavens and 'in' the earth,
there are sure signs 'of God'
for all 'who would be' believers.
- 45:4 Thus, in your 'own' creation,
and in 'that of' every kind of creature
He 'diversifies and' spreads about 'in the earth',
there are 'natural' signs
'of God's creative might',
for a people who would have certainty 'of faith'.
- 45:5 So too, in the alternation
of the night and the daylight;
and in all the provision
that God has sent down from the sky,
with which He gives life to the earth
after its death;
and 'in' the shifting of the winds—
there are 'natural' signs 'of God's Oneness'
for a people who would 'reflect

١ حم

٢ تَنْزِيلِ الْكِتَابِ مِنَ اللَّهِ

الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ

٣ إِنَّ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

لَآيَاتٍ لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

٤ وَفِي خَلْقِكُمْ وَمَا يَبُثُّ مِن دَابَّو

ءَإِنَّتُمْ لَقَوْمٌ يُوقِنُونَ

٥ وَأَخْيَالٍ لَّيَالٍ وَالنَّهَارِ

وَمَا أُنزِلَ اللَّهُ مِن السَّمَاءِ

مِن رِّزْقٍ فَالْحَيَاةُ بِهَ الْآرْضِ

بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا وَتَصْرِيفِ الرِّيْحِ

ءَإِنَّتُمْ لَقَوْمٌ يَّعْقِلُونَ

سُورَةُ الْجَاثِيَا

الْحَجَرُ الْحَاسِرُ وَالْعَمْرُونَ

on the wonder of creation and understand.

45:6 These verses, as well, are the revealed signs
of the last message of God to humankind.

We recite them to you, O Prophet,
with the very essence of all truth.

Then in what other revelation—
after hearing this divine pronouncement
of God,

and this articulation of His guiding verses—
shall they with minds to understand
ever believe?

45:7 Woe to each and every sinful liar

45:8 who hears the verses of God recited to him
and persists in his arrogance,
as if he had not heard them.

So give him heavy tidings
of a most painful torment in the Hereafter!

45:9 For when such a one
comes to know anything from Our verses,
he takes them as a mockery.

For such as these,
there is a disgracing torment awaiting.

45:10 Beyond them only Hell awaits.
For nothing of the world
that they have earned shall avail them against it
in the least—

nor all the false divines
that they have taken as patrons apart from God.
Thus for them,
there is a great torment awaiting.

45:11 This Quran is divine guidance.
But as to those who disbelieve in it,
they have disbelieved
in the revealed signs of their Lord.
Thus for them, there is only a torment
of most painful castigation

تِلْكَ آيَاتُ اللَّهِ

٦

تَنْلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِالْحَقِّ

فَإِنِّي حَدِيثٌ بَعْدَ اللَّهِ

وَأَيْنِسْهُ يُؤْمِنُونَ

وَيَذَلُّ لِكُلِّ أَفَّاكٍ أَثِيمٍ

٧

سَمِعَ آيَاتِ اللَّهِ تَنْتَلَى عَلَيْهِ

٨

ثُمَّ يَصِرْ مُسْتَكْبِرًا

كَأَن لَّمْ يَسْمَعْهَا

فَنَشِيرُهُ بِعَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ

وَإِذَا عَلِمَ مِنْ آيَاتِنَا شَيْئًا

٩

اتَّخَذَهَا هُزُوًا

أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُهِينٌ

مِنْ وَرَائِهِمْ جَهَنَّمُ

١٠

وَلَا يُغْنِي عَنْهُمْ

مَا كَسَبُوا شَيْئًا وَلَا مَا اتَّخَذُوا

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ أَوْلِيَاءَ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ

هَذَا هُدًى

١١

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِآيَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ

لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مِنْ رِجْزٍ أَلِيمٌ

awaiting in the Hereafter.

- 45:12 *God alone is the One
who has subjugated for all of you the sea,
that through it the ships may run—
by His command—
so that you may seek of His bounty,
and that, therefore,
you might give thanks to God alone.
- 45:13 And He has subjugated for you
all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth—
all of it from Him and no other!
Indeed, in this
there are sure signs of God's Oneness
for a people who would reflect
on the wonder of creation.
- 45:14 Say, O Prophet, to those who believe,
that they should forgive the wrong
done to them by those
who have no hope of reward or salvation
in the looming Days of God,
whereupon He duly recompenses a people
for all that they have earned in life.
- 45:15 Anyone who does a righteous deed in life
does it purely for the good of his own soul.
And anyone who does an evil deed
does it only in detriment against it.
Then to your Lord shall you all be returned.
- 45:16 Now, very truly,
We had given the Children of Israel
the Book of the Torah,
and Heavenly wisdom and sound judgment,
and the seed of prophethood.
And We provided them

سُورَةُ الْجَاثِيَا

الجزء الخامس والعشرون

﴿١٢﴾ اللَّهُ الَّذِي سَخَّرَ لَكُمْ الْبَحْرَ
لِتَجْرِيَ الْفُلُوكُ فِيهِ بِأَمْرِهِ
وَلِتَبْتَغُوا مِنْ فَضْلِهِ
وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ
﴿١٣﴾ وَسَخَّرَ لَكُمْ مَّا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا مِّنْهُ
إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَآيَاتٍ
لِّقَوْمٍ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ
﴿١٤﴾ قُلْ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
يَغْفِرُوا لِلَّذِينَ
لَا يَرْجُونَ أَيَّامَ اللَّهِ
لِيَجْزِيَ قَوْمًا
بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ
﴿١٥﴾ مِّنْ عَمَلٍ صَالِحٍ
فَلَنَفْسِهِ
وَمِنَ أَسَاءَ فَعَلَيْهَا
ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُمْ تُرْجَعُونَ
﴿١٦﴾ وَلَقَدْ ءَاتَيْنَا بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
الْكِتَابَ وَالْحُكْمَ وَالنُّبُوَّةَ
وَوَدَّعْنَاهُمْ مِّنَ الْغَيْبِ

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with all that is wholesome 'in life'.

Thus had We shown them preference
above the peoples of 'their time in all' the world.

45:17 Moreover, We gave them clear proofs
of 'Our' divine commandments.

Thus they did not dispute 'among themselves
regarding the true religion',

until after 'revealed' knowledge
'of the Scripture' had come to them
'on the tongues of the messengers,
and some belied them—

thereby 'exceeding the due bounds' of God
with one another—

'out of nothing but insolence and envy'.

Indeed, your Lord shall judge between them all
on the Day of Resurrection as to that wherein
they have been disputing.

45:18 Then, 'after Moses',

We have set you, 'O Prophet',
upon the 'straight' course of a Divine Law.
Thus shall you follow it.

And you shall not follow the whims
of those who do not know 'the truth'.

45:19 Indeed, they would not avail you 'in that case'
against 'the judgment of' God in the least.

For the wrongdoers 'who are godless in heart'
are 'but' patrons of one another.

Yet it is God who is the Patron
of the God-fearing.

45:20 This 'Quran' is a manifest proof 'of God's truth'
for all people—

and 'divine' guidance,
and a 'sure way to God's' mercy,
for a people who have certainty 'of faith'.

45:21 As for those who commit misdeeds,
do they think that We will make them equal—

وَفَضَّلْنَاهُمْ عَلَى الْعَالَمِينَ

وَأَيَّنَّاهُمْ ١٧

بَيِّنَاتٍ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ

فَمَا اخْتَلَفُوا إِلَّا

مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَهُمُ الْعِلْمُ

بَغْيًا يَنْهَاهُمْ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ

يَقْضِي بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ

فِيمَا كَانُوا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ

ثُمَّ جَعَلْنَاكَ ١٨

عَلَى شَرِيعَةٍ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ

فَاتَّبِعْهَا وَلَا تَتَّبِعْ

أَهْوَاءَ الَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

إِنَّهُمْ لَنْ يُغْنُوا عَنْكَ ١٩

مِنْ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا وَإِنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ

بَعْضُهُمْ أَوْلِيَاءُ بَعْضٍ

وَاللَّهُ وَلِيُّ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

هَذَا بَصِيرَةٌ لِلنَّاسِ ٢٠

وَهُدًى وَرَحْمَةٌ

لِقَوْمٍ يُوقِنُونَ

أَمْ حَسِبَ الَّذِينَ ٢١

أَجْرَحُوا السَّيِّئَاتِ

أَنْ نَجْعَلَهُمُ كَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

in both their life and their death—
to those who believe and do righteous deeds?
So very grievous is the judgment they make!

45:22 For it is God 'alone'
who has created the heavens and the earth
with 'the very essence of' all truth,
to recompense each soul
with all that it has earned 'in life'.

And never shall they be wronged 'in the least'.
45:23 Have you, then, seen such 'a one'
as 'rejects God's guidance
and 'makes his own desire his god?

Thus does God lead one astray,
despite 'the clear authority
of the revealed' knowledge 'He offered him'.
Therefore, He has set a seal
upon his hearing and his heart,
and placed over his eyes a veil.

Who, then, shall guide one
after God 'has sealed his fate'?
Will you not, then, become mindful, 'O people,
of God's commandments'?

45:24 Moreover, they 'who reject resurrection'
have said:

There is nothing but our life in this world:
We die 'once'. And we live 'once'.
Therefore, nothing destroys us
but 'the passage of' time.

Yet about this, they have no sure knowledge.
Indeed, they do nothing but conjecture.

45:25 Thus when Our 'revealed' verses
are recited to them
as clear evidence 'of the life to come',
their only argument is to say:
Then bring our forefathers back 'to life',
if, indeed, you are truthful.

سُورَةُ الْجَاثِيَا

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سَوَاءٌ مَحْيَاهُمْ وَمَمَاتُهُمْ

سَاءَ مَا يَحْكُمُونَ

وَخَلَقَ اللَّهُ

٢٢

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ بِالْحَقِّ

وَلَيُجْزَىٰ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ

بِمَا كَسَبَتْ

وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ

أَفَرَأَيْتَ مَنْ أَخَذَ إِلَهُهُ هَوْنَهُ

٢٣

وَأَضَلَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عِلْمٍ

وَحَتَمَ عَلَىٰ سَمْعِهِ وَقَلْبِهِ

وَجَعَلَ عَلَىٰ بَصَرِهِ غِشْوَةً

فَمَنْ يَهْدِيهِ مِنْ بَعْدِ اللَّهِ

أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ

وَقَالُوا مَا هِيَ إِلَّا حَيَاتُنَا الدُّنْيَا

٢٤

نَمُوتُ وَنَحْيَا

وَمَا يَمْلِكُنَا إِلَّا الدَّهْرُ

وَمَا لَهُمْ بِذَلِكَ مِنْ عِلْمٍ

إِنْ هُمْ إِلَّا يَظُنُّونَ

وَإِذَا نُنَادِيهِمْ ءَايَتُنَا بِسَنَةٍ

٢٥

مَّا كَانُوا فِيهَا يَخْتَفُونَ

أَتَشَاءُ يَا بَنِي آدَمَ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزُّ الْخَامِسُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

45:26 Say to them:

It is God alone who gives you life.

Then He shall cause you to die.

Then He shall gather you
to the Day of Resurrection.

There is no doubt about this.

But most people do not know
that God's promise is ever true.45:27 For to God alone belongs the dominion
over the heavens and the earth.Thus the Day the Hour of Doom
shall come—on that Day,
the real progenitors of falsehood shall lose all.45:28 For, then, you shall see
every community on its knees—
every community called to its Book of Record,
whereupon it shall be said:This Day you shall be recompensed
for all that you used to do in the world.

45:29 This is Our Preserved Book of Record!

It speaks about all of you with all truth.

Indeed, We have registered
all that you have ever done in life.45:30 As for those who believed
and did righteous deeds in the world,
their Lord shall admit them into His mercy.

It is this that is the manifest triumph!

45:31 But as for those who disbelieved,
it shall be said to them:Were not My verses recited to you,
yet you grew so very arrogant
and thus were a people of defiant unbelief?

45:32 Moreover, when it was said to you:

Indeed, the promise of God is ever true,
and there is no doubt about the coming
of the Hour of Doom, you said:

٢٦ قُلْ اللَّهُ يُحْيِيكُمْ ثُمَّ يُمِيتُكُمْ ثُمَّ يَجْمَعُكُمْ إِلَى يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ

لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ

وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ النَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

٢٧ وَلِلَّهِ مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَيَوْمَ يَقُومُ السَّاعَةُ

يَوْمَئِذٍ يَخْسِرُ الْمُبْطِلُونَ

٢٨ وَتَرَى كُلَّ أُمَّةٍ جَائِيَةٌ

كُلُّ أُمَّةٍ تُدْعَى إِلَى كِتَابِهَا

الْيَوْمَ تُحْجَرُونَ مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

٢٩ هَذَا كِتَابُنَا

يَطَّعُ عَلَيْكُمْ بِالْحَقِّ

إِنَّا كُنَّا نَسْتَنْسِخُ

مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

٣٠ فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

فَيُدْخِلُهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ فِي رَحْمَتِهِ

ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْمُبِينُ

٣١ وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

أَفَلَمْ تَكُنْ ءَايَتِي

تُنزَلُ عَلَيْكُمْ فَاسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ

وَكُنتُمْ قَوْمًا مُّجْرِمِينَ

٣٢ وَإِذَا قِيلَ إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ

وَالسَّاعَةُ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهَا

- We do not know what this Hour 'of Doom' is!
 Never do we think about it,
 except as a 'passing' thought.
 Nor are we certain 'of it'.
- 45:33 Then there shall appear to them
 the evil 'consequence' of all that they have done.
 And the 'very punishment'
 at which they used to mock
 shall havewhelmed them from every side.
- 45:34 And it shall be said:
 This Day We shall forget you
 as you have 'in life' forgotten
 the 'destined' Meeting of 'God for Judgment,
 on 'this Day of yours.
 Hence, your 'eternal' abode is the Fire 'of Hell'.
 And for 'the likes of' you,
 there shall not be any helper
 'against God's punishment'.
- 45:35 That is because
 you have taken the 'revealed' signs of God
 as a mockery.
 For the life of the world 'utterly' deluded you.
 Therefore, 'as of' this Day,
 they 'are consigned to the Fire of Hell
 and' shall not be brought out of it.
 Nor shall they be allowed
 to propitiate 'the wrath of God
 for their ungodliness'.
- 45:36 Then for God 'alone' is all praise—
 Lord of the heavens and Lord of the earth,
 Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
- 45:37 To Him 'alone' belongs all majesty
 in the heavens and 'in' the earth.
 For He 'alone'
 is the Overpowering 'One', the All-Wise.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء الخامس والعشرون

قُلْتُ مَا نَدْرِي مَا السَّاعَةُ

إِنْ نَظُنُّ إِلَّا ظَنًّا

وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمُتَّقِينَ

وَبَدَأَهُمْ سَيِّئَاتُ مَا عَمِلُوا ﴿٣٣﴾

وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ

مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِئُونَ

وَقِيلَ الْيَوْمَ نَنْسِيكُمْ ﴿٣٤﴾

كَمَا نَسِيتُمْ لِقَاءَ يَوْمِكُمْ هَذَا

وَمَا وَكُمُ النَّارُ

وَمَا لَكُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرِينَ

ذَلِكُمْ بِأَنكُمْ ﴿٣٥﴾

أَتَّخَذْتُمْ آيَاتِ اللَّهِ هُزُوًا

وَعَرَّيْتُمْ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا

فَالْيَوْمَ لَا يُخْرِجُونَ مِنْهَا

وَلَا هُمْ يُسْمَعُونَ

فَلِلَّهِ الْحَمْدُ رَبِّ السَّمَوَاتِ ﴿٣٦﴾

وَرَبِّ الْأَرْضِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

وَلَهُ الْكِبَرِيَاءُ ﴿٣٧﴾

فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

Surah 46 / 35 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Aḥqâf

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

46:1 *Hâ Mîm*

- 46:2 The revelation of this Book
is from God ʿon high ʿ,
the Overpowering ʿOne ʿ, the All-Wise.
- 46:3 We have not created the heavens and the earth,
and all that is between them,
but in accordance
with the ʿvery essence of all ʿ truth—
and for a stated term,
ʿwhereupon they shall pass away
into Judgment Day ʿ.
But from all that they are ʿdivinely ʿ forewarned,
those who disbelieve are ʿever ʿ turning away.
- 46:4 Say ʿto them, O Prophet ʿ:
Have you considered ʿthe true nature
of all ʿ the false divines
that you call upon apart from God?
Show me what they have created of the earth!
Or do they have any share ʿwith God ʿ
in ʿthe creation or sovereignty of ʿ the heavens?
ʿOr ʿ bring me a ʿHeavenly Book
ʿrevealed ʿ before this ʿQuran ʿ—

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

حَمْدٌ
تَنْزِيلُ الْكِتَابِ مِنَ اللَّهِ
الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ
مَا خَلَقْنَا السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا إِلَّا بِالْحَقِّ
وَأَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
عَمَّا أُنذِرُوا مُّعْرِضُونَ
قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ مَا تَدْعُونَ
مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ أُرْوِ
مَاذَا خَلَقُوا مِنَ الْأَرْضِ
أَمْ لَهُمْ شِرْكٌ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
أَتُنْفِي بِكِتَابٍ مِنْ قَبْلِ هَذَا



- or 'bring me' any trace
of knowledge 'from the learned of old—
that proves they are associate-gods',
if, indeed, you are truthful!
- 46:5 Rather, who is further astray
than one who calls upon 'false gods'
apart from God,
which will never answer him
until the Day of Resurrection,
'when they shall disavow him?'
For, indeed, these 'false gods' are themselves
'utterly' unaware of the call
'of those who worship them'.
- 46:6 Thus when humanity is assembled
'for Judgment',
those 'taken as false gods' will be enemies
to those 'who worshipped them'
and will belie their worship.
- 46:7 Yet 'now' when Our 'revealed' verses
are recited to 'guide' them,
with clear evidences 'that God is One',
those who have disbelieved say of the truth—
'even' after it has come to them 'from God':
This is clear sorcery!
- 46:8 Or is it that they say:
'The Quran is not from God;
rather, he 'among us who claims prophethood'
has forged it!
Say 'to them, O Prophet':
If ever I had forged it,
'even still' you would hold no authority
'to help' me against 'the punishment of' God.
He knows best
what 'aspersions' you indulge in 'casting'
upon this 'Quran'.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

أَوْ أَتُكْرَمُونَ عَلَيْهِ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿٥﴾
وَمَنْ أَضَلُّ
مِمَّن يَدْعُوا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ
مَنْ لَا يَسْتَجِيبُ لَهُ
إِلَّا يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ
وَهُمْ عَنْ دُعَائِهِمْ غَفِلُونَ
وَإِذَا حُشِرَ النَّاسُ
كَانُوا لَهُمْ أَعْدَاءً
وَكَانُوا بِعِبَادَتِهِمْ كَافِرِينَ
وَإِذَا تَنَادَى عَلَيْهِمْ
ءَايَتُنَا بِئَنبَأٍ
قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
لِلْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ
هَذَا سِحْرٌ مُبِينٌ
أَمْ يَقُولُونَ افْتَرَاهُ
قُلْ إِنْ أَفْتَرَيْتُهُ
فَلَا تَمْلِكُونَ لِي مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا
هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا تُفِيضُونَ فِيهِ ﴿٨﴾

سُورَةُ الْأَنْكَافِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

Sufficient is He as a witness
between me and you.
Yet He alone
is the All-Forgiving, the Mercy-Giving.

46:9 Say to them:
I am not a novelty
among the messengers of God
in conveying His eternal truths.
Nor do I claim even to know
what shall be done with me in this world,
nor with you.

I do not follow anything other
than what is revealed to me.
For I am only a clear forewarner
of God's nearing Judgment.
46:10 Say to the disbelievers:
Have you considered your fate
if this Quran is, indeed, from God
and you disbelieve in it?
Indeed, a witness
from among the Children of Israel
has already borne witness to you
of its resemblance to the Commandments
and the tidings of the Torah —
whereupon he believed in it,
while you have grown arrogant against it!
Indeed, God does not guide
the wrongdoing people
who belie His revealed signs.
46:11 Moreover, those who disbelieve
have said in disparagement
of those who believe:
Had this faith been truly good,
they who are our inferiors
would not have preceded

كُنِيَ بِهِ شَهِيدًا بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ
وَهُوَ الْغَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ

قُلْ مَا كُنْتُ بِدَعَا مِنَ الرُّسُلِ

وَمَا أَدْرِى

مَا يُفْعَلُ بِي وَلَا بِكُمْ

إِنْ أَنِيعُ إِلَّا مَا يُوْحَىٰ إِلَيَّ

وَمَا أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ

قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ

إِنْ كَانَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ

وَكَفَرْتُمْ بِهِ شَاهِدٌ

مِنْ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ عَلَىٰ مِثْلِهِ

فَنَآمَنَ وَأَسْتَكْبَرْتُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ

لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ

وَقَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

لَوْ كَانَ خَيْرًا مَا سَبَقُونَا إِلَيْهِ

٩

١٠

١١

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

the eminent among us to believe in it.
Indeed, since they are not blessed
to be guided by it,
they will continue to say of the Quran:
This is but an old fabrication.

46:12 Yet before it

the Book of Moses was similarly revealed
as an exemplar and mercy.
And this Quran, too, is a revealed Book—
indeed, a confirmation in an Arabic tongue
of all the Heavenly Scriptures
that preceded it—
to forewarn of God's nearing Judgment
all those who have done wrong
by false worship.

Moreover, it is a glad tiding
of everlasting delight in Paradise
sent to all those who believe
and excel in doing good.

46:13 Indeed, those who in life say:

Our Lord is God alone!
and continue upon the straight way,
there shall be no fear upon them
when they assemble for Judgment.
Nor shall they ever grieve
over the life of the world.

46:14 These are the Companions
of the Garden of Paradise,
wherein they shall abide forever—
a reward for all the good
that they used to do in life.

46:15 Thus have We enjoined on every human being
goodness and loving-kindness
toward one's parents.

One's mother bore one in pain

وَاِذْ لَمْ يَهْتَدُوا بِهِ

فَسَيَقُولُونَ

هَذَا اِفْكٌ قَدِيمٌ

وَمِنْ قَبْلِهِ

١٢

كُتِبَ مُوسَى

اِمَامًا وَرَحْمَةً

وَهَذَا كِتَابٌ

مُصَدِّقٌ لِّسَانٍ عَرَبِيٍّ

يُنْذِرُ الَّذِيْنَ ظَلَمُوْا

وَيُبَشِّرُ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ

اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ قَالُوْا رَبُّنَا اللّٰهُ

١٣

ثُمَّ اسْتَفْتَمُوْا

فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُوْنَ

اُولٰٓئِكَ اَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ

١٤

خٰلِدِيْنَ فِيْهَا

جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُوْا يَعْمَلُوْنَ

وَوَصَّيْنَا الْاِنْسَانَ بِوٰلَدَيْهِ

١٥

اِحْسٰنًا

سُورَةُ الْاِنْشَادِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

and delivered one in pain.

And the term of one's bearing and weaning
is thirty months 'in all'—

until 'at last' when one reaches full maturity—
reaching forty years 'of age'—

one shall say: My Lord!

Dispose me always

to give thanks for Your grace,
with which You have graced me
and my parents,

and that I do righteous deeds
with which You are pleased.

And make righteous for me my children.

Indeed, I have repented to You.

And, most surely,

I am of those who are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone'.

46:16 These are the ones from whom We shall accept
the best 'deeds' they have ever done.

And We shall pass over 'all' their misdeeds.

They are among the Companions
of the Garden 'of Paradise'—

a fulfillment of 'the promise of truth'
that they were promised 'in the world'!

46:17 Therefore, 'woe to' one who says to his parents:

Fie upon both of you!

Do you still promise me
that I shall be brought back 'from the dead',
when so many generations
have already passed away before me?

'For each of them is heard
when 'they cry out to God, and say:
Woe to you, 'child'! Believe!

For, indeed, the promise of God is ever true!—
while he says:

حَمَلَتْهُ أُمُّهُ كُرْهًا

وَوَضَعَتْهُ كُرْهًا

وَحَمَلُهُ وَفِصْلُهُ

ثَلَاثُونَ شَهْرًا

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا بَلَغَ أَشُدَّهُ

وَبَلَغَ أَرْبَعِينَ سَنَةً قَالَ

رَبِّ أَوْزِعْنِي

أَنْ أَشْكُرَ نِعْمَتَكَ الَّتِي

أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ وَعَلَىٰ وَالِدَيَّ

وَأَنْ أَعْمَلَ صَالِحًا تَرْضَاهُ

وَأَصْلِحْ لِي فِي ذُرِّيَّتِي

إِنِّي بَتَّ إِلَيْكَ

وَأَنَا مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ نَقَبَلُ عَنْهُمْ

أَحْسَنَ مَا عَمِلُوا

وَنُتَجَاوَزُ عَنْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ

فِي أَصْحَابِ الْجَنَّةِ وَعَدَ الصِّدْقِ

الَّذِي كَانُوا يُوعَدُونَ

وَالَّذِي قَالَ لَوْلَدِيَ

أُفٍّ لَّكُمْ أَتَعِدَانِي أَنْ أَُخْرَجَ

وَقَدْ خَلَّتِ الْقُرُونُ مِنْ قَبْلِي

وَهُمَا يَسْتَغِيثَانِ اللَّهَ

وَيْلَكَ ءَامِنٌ إِنَّ وَعْدَ اللَّهِ حَقٌّ

فَيَقُولُ مَا هَذَا

إِلَّا اسْطِغِيرَ الْآوَلِينَ

سُورَةُ الْاِنْشِقَاقِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

This is nothing but tales of the ancients!

46:18 These are the ones
against whom the word 'of doom'
shall come to pass,
as 'it has' with 'those disbelieving' communities
of jinn and humans
that have already passed away before them.
Indeed, they were 'all' losers
'of an everlasting Paradise'.

46:19 And thus for each 'group',
there shall be ranks
in accordance with all
that they have done 'in life',
in order that He may fully recompense them
for their deeds—
and never shall they be wronged 'in the least'.

46:20 Therefore, the Day those who have disbelieved
are exposed to the Fire 'of Hell,
they shall be told':
You have thoroughly made away
with your 'share of' good things
during your life in the world.
And, indeed, you had full enjoyment in them.
So this Day, you shall be recompensed
by the torment of utter humiliation—
for you were so very arrogant in the land
without any right,
and for the 'deeds of' ungodliness
you were committing!

46:21 *So mention 'in this revelation
the lesson of Prophet Hûd,
the brother of 'the people of' 'Âd.
Behold!
He forewarned his people

١٨ أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ

حَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَوْلُ

فِي أَمْرٍ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

مِنَ الْجِنِّ وَالْإِنسِ

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا خَاسِرِينَ

١٩ وَلِكُلِّ دَرَجَةٍ مَنَاعِلُ

وَلِيُوفِّيَهُمْ أَعْمَالَهُمْ

وَهُمْ لَا يَظْلَمُونَ

٢٠ وَيَوْمَ يُعْرَضُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

عَلَى النَّارِ أَذْهَبَتْكُمْ طَبِيبَتُكُمْ

فِي حَيَاتِكُمْ الدُّنْيَا

وَأَسْتَمْتَعْتُمْ بِهَا فَالْيَوْمَ

يُجْزَوْنَ عَذَابَ الْهُونِ

بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَسْتَكْبِرُونَ

فِي الْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ الْحَقِّ

وَبِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَفْسُقُونَ

٢١ وَأَذْكُرْ أَخَا عَادٍ

إِذْ أَنْذَرَ قَوْمَهُ بِالْأَحْقَافِ

سُورَةُ الْاِخْلَاقِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

who dwelled in the Dune Valleys of Al-Ahqâf
of God's nearing Judgment.

And, truly, before him and after him
there were forewarnings from God
conveyed to other peoples.

He said to them:

You shall worship none but God!

Indeed, I fear for you

the divine torment of an awesome Day.

46:22 They said:

Have you come to us

to turn us away from our gods?

Bring us, then, whatever doom
you have promised us,

if you are one of the truthful
messengers of God.

46:23 He said:

Indeed, all knowledge is with God alone.

I but convey to you the message
with which I have been sent.

Yet I see that you are a people
who are ignorant and belligerent
in hastening your coming doom.

46:24 Then when they saw it as a cloud
approaching their valleys, they said:

This is a cloud that will bring us rain!

Rather, it is that which you were seeking
to hasten on:

A desolating wind,

wherein is a most painful torment,

46:25 destroying everything,

by the command of its Lord.

Thus, they became

such that nothing could be seen,

except the remnants of their dwellings.

وَقَدْ خَلَّتِ النَّذَرُ

مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيْهِ وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِ

أَلَّا تَعْبُدُوا إِلَّا اللَّهَ

إِنِّي أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ

عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ

قَالُوا أَجِئْنَا (٢٢)

لِتَأْتِيَكُمَا عَنْ هَاهُنَا

فَأَنبَأَنَا بِمَا نَعِدُنَا

إِنْ كُنْتَ مِنَ الصَّادِقِينَ

قَالَ إِنَّمَا أَعْلِمُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ (٢٣)

وَأَنبَأَكُمْ مَا أُرْسِلْتُ بِهِ

وَلَنُكَفِّيَ أَرْبَابَكُمْ

قَوْمًا يَجْهَلُونَ

فَلَمَّا رَأَوْهُ (٢٤)

عَارِضًا مُّسْتَقْبِلَ أَوْدِيَّتِهِمْ

قَالُوا هَذَا عَارِضٌ مُّمْطَرُنَا

بَلْ هُوَ مَا اسْتَعْجَلْتُمْ بِهِ

رِيحٌ فِيهَا عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

تُدْمِرُ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ بِأَمْرِ رَبِّهَا (٢٥)

فَأَصْبَحُوا لَا يَرَوْنَ

إِلَّا مَسَكِنَهُمْ

Even so do We recompense
the people of defiant unbelief.
46:26 And very truly,
We had established them
in prosperity and power
as We have not established you, 'O disbelievers'.
Moreover, We had endowed them
with the faculties of hearing and sight,
and hearts to comprehend.
Yet neither their hearing, nor their sight,
nor their hearts availed them in anything 'good',
for they were set on disavowing
the 'revealed' signs of God.
Thus, the 'very punishment'
at which they used to mock
whelmed them from every side.
46:27 And very truly,
We have destroyed 'of old the peoples'
that were round about you
in the 'ungodly' towns.
Thus have We varied 'Our clear' signs
'of glad tidings and forewarning',
so that they might return 'to Our path'.
46:28 So why did those 'false' gods—
whom they had taken 'as intercessors'
apart from God to draw them near 'to Him'—
not support them 'in their hour of doom'?
Rather,
they 'must have' strayed 'far' from them 'then'!
Rather, that was 'nothing to begin with'
but 'their sheer fabrication and 'the lies'
that they used to forge 'against God'.

46:29 Now, behold, 'O Prophet':
We turned a group of jinn toward you,

سُورَةُ الْاٰحْقَافِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

كَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْقَوْمَ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

وَلَقَدْ مَكَّنَّهُمْ

(٢٦)

فِيمَا إِنْ مَكَّنَّاكُمْ فِيهِ

وَجَعَلْنَا لَهُمْ

سَمْعًا وَأَبْصَارًا وَفِئْدَةً

فَمَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْهُمْ سَمْعُهُمْ

وَلَا أَبْصَرُهُمْ

وَلَا أَفِيدَتُهُمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ

إِذْ كَانُوا يَجْحَدُونَ

بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ

مَا كَانُوا يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ

وَلَقَدْ أَهْلَكْنَا

(٢٧)

مَا حَوْلَكُمْ مِنَ الْقُرَىٰ

وَصَرَفْنَا الْأَيْدِيَّ

لَهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ

فَلَوْلَا نَصْرُهُمْ

(٢٨)

الَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ

قُرْبَانًا إِلَهَةً

بَلْ صَلَّوْا عَنْهُمْ

وَذَلِكَ إِفْكُهُمْ

وَمَا كَانُوا بِقَرُوبٍ

وَإِذْ صَرَفْنَا إِلَيْكَ

(٢٩)

نَفَرًا مِنَ الْجِنِّ

يَسْتَمِعُونَ الْقُرْآنَ

سُورَةُ الْاٰحْقَافِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

so that they might listen to the Quran
and be guided.

So when they attended its recitation,
they said to each other: Give heed!
Then when it was finished,
they returned back to their own people,
as forewarners of Judgment Day.

46:30 They said: O our people!
Indeed, we have heard a Heavenly Book
sent down after that of Moses,
confirming all that was before it of Scripture.
It guides to the truth
and to a straight path of salvation.

46:31 O our people!
Answer God's Caller! And believe in Him!
God shall forgive you of your sins,
and shield you from a most painful torment.

46:32 For whoever does not answer God's Caller
cannot thwart God anywhere on the earth.
Nor is there for such a one
any patron apart from Him.
They are but lost in clear misguidance.

46:33 Have they not considered that God—
who created the entire heavens and the earth
and was not enfeebled by their creation—
is well-able to again give life to the dead?
Oh yes, indeed!

For He is, indeed, powerful over all things.
46:34 Thus, the Day those who have disbelieved
are exposed to the Fire of Hell,
they shall be asked:
Is this recompense not the truth?
They shall say: Oh yes, indeed!
By our Lord it is!
He shall say:

فَلَمَّا حَضَرُوهُ قَالُوا أَنْصِتُوا

فَلَمَّا قُضِيَ

وَلَوْ إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِمْ مُنْذِرِينَ

قَالُوا يَنْقُومَنَا ﴿٣٠﴾

إِنَّا سَمِعْنَا كِتَابًا

أُنْزِلَ مِنْ بَعْدِ مُوسَىٰ

مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ

يَهْدِي إِلَى الْحَقِّ

وَالْإِلَٰهَ طَرِيقَ مُسْتَقِيمٍ

يَنْقُومَنَا أَجِيبُوا دَاعِيَ اللَّهِ ﴿٣١﴾

وَأٰمِنُوا بِهِ

يَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ مِنْ ذُنُوبِكُمْ

وَيُجْزِكُمْ مِنْ عَذَابِ آلِيعِمْ

وَمَنْ لَا يُجِيبْ دَاعِيَ اللَّهِ ﴿٣٢﴾

فَلَيْسَ بِمُعْجِزٍ فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَلَيْسَ لَهُ مِنْ دُونِهِ أَوْلِيَاءُ

أُولَٰئِكَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِينٍ

أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا أَنَّ اللَّهَ الَّذِي ﴿٣٣﴾

خَلَقَ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضَ

وَلَمْ يَكُنْ يَخْلُقْهُمْ يَتَّقِدِرْ

عَلَىٰ أَنْ يُخَيِّقَ الْمَوْتَ بَلَىٰ

إِنَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

وَيَوْمَ يُعْرَضُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ﴿٣٤﴾

عَلَى النَّارِ أَلَيْسَ هَٰذَا بِالْحَقِّ

قَالُوا بَلَىٰ وَرَبِّنَا

سُورَةُ الْحَقِّافِ

الجزء السادس واليستمون

Then taste the 'everlasting' torment
 in that 'before this Day' you have disbelieved!
 46:35 So be patient, 'O Prophet,
 even as those of resolve
 among the messengers 'before you' had patience.
 Thus do not seek
 to hasten on for them 'God's Judgment'.
 The Day they see 'the fulfillment
 of' what they are promised,
 it will be as though they had not tarried 'in life'
 but for an hour of a day.
 This is a 'divine' declaration,
 'so take warning, O humanity!'
 For shall any be destroyed
 but the ungodly people?

قَالَ فَذُوقُوا الْعَذَابَ

بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْفُرُونَ

فَاصْبِرْ كَمَا صَبَرَ



أُولُوا الْعِزِّ مِنَ الرُّسُلِ

وَلَا تَسْتَعْجِلْ لَهُمْ كَانَتْهُمْ

يَوْمَ يَرَوْنَ مَا يُوعَدُونَ

لَمْ يَلْبِسُوا إِلَّا سَاعَةً

مِنْ نَّهَارٍ بَلَّغَ فَبَلَّغَ يَهْلِكُ

إِلَّا الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقُونَ

Surah 47 / 38 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Muhammad

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 47:1 Those who disbelieve
and bar 'people' from the path of God,
He lays waste their works.
- 47:2 But those who believe,
and do righteous deeds, and believe
in all that has been sent down
upon Muhammad—
for it is, indeed, the truth from their Lord—
He absolves them of their misdeeds
and sets aright their intellect and insight.
- 47:3 That is because those who disbelieve
have followed falsehood,
while those who believe
have followed the truth from their Lord.
So it is that God puts forth for all people
the 'true' semblance of their way.
- 47:4 Thus whenever you 'believers'
face 'in battle' those who disbelieve,
strike 'their' necks 'a lethal blow', until,
when you have thoroughly pacified them,
you shall tie fast their bonds.
Thereafter, let there be either
a gracious 'offer of' freedom for them

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ۖ
وَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
أَضَلَّ أَعْمَلَهُمْ
وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ وَءَامَنُوا
بِمَا نَزَّلَ عَلَىٰ مُحَمَّدٍ
وَهُوَ الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ
كَفَّرَ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ
وَأَصْلَحَ بَالَهُمْ

ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
اتَّبَعُوا الْبَاطِلَ وَأَنَّ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
اتَّبَعُوا الْحَقَّ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ
كَذَٰلِكَ يَضْرِبُ اللَّهُ
لِلنَّاسِ أَمْثَلَهُمْ

فَإِذَا لَقِيتُمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
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or a ransom paid.

This shall hold until war lays down its burdens.

Thus shall it be!

Yet had God so willed,

He, most surely, could have executed
vengeance on them without fighting.

But it is so

that He may try some of you by others.

Yet as to those who are killed

in the path of God,

never shall He lay waste their works.

47:5 He shall guide aright, as well,
the surviving believers among them
and set aright their intellect and insight.

47:6 Moreover, He shall admit them
into the Garden of Paradise,
which He has made known to them
in this Quran.

47:7 O you who believe!
If you support the cause of God,
He will support you and set firm your feet.

47:8 As for those who disbelieve,
for them there is only utter misery
in destruction awaiting them,
and He will lay waste their works.

47:9 That is because they abhor
the Book that God has sent down.
Thus does He render utterly futile
all their works.

47:10 *Have they not, then,
journeyed through the earth
to see how devastating was the end
of those who belied God's messages
before them?

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا أَتَمْتُمُوهُم

فَشَدُّوا أَلْوَانَ فَإِمَّا مَنَّا بَعْدُ

وَأِمَّا فِدَاءً

حَتَّىٰ نَضَعَ الْحَرْبَ أَوْزَارَهَا

ذَٰلِكَ وَلَوْ يَشَاءُ اللَّهُ

لَأَنْصَرَنَّهُمْ وَلَكِنَّ

لِئَلَّيْكُمْ بَعْضُكُمْ يَكْفُرُ

وَالَّذِينَ قُتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

فَلَنْ يُضِلَّ أَعْمَالَهُمْ

سَيَهْدِيهِمْ وَيُصْلِحُ بَالَهُمْ

وَيُدْخِلُهُمُ الْجَنَّةَ عَرَّفَهَا لَهُمْ

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

إِنْ نَصَرُوا اللَّهَ يُنْصِرْكُمْ

وَيُثَبِّتْ أَقْدَامَكُمْ

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَتَعْسًا لَهُمْ

وَأَصْلُ أَعْمَالِهِمْ

ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ

كَرِهُوا مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ

فَأَخِطَ أَعْمَالَهُمْ

أَفَلَمْ يَتَفَكَّرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ

فَيَنْظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ

عَقِبَةُ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

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God utterly demolished them.
And for the disbelievers
there is ever the like of it 'looming'.

47:11 That is because God is the Patron
of those who believe,
while the disbelievers have no patron.

47:12 Indeed, God shall admit
those who believe and do righteous deeds
into Gardens beneath which rivers flow.
But those who disbelieve
shall enjoy themselves 'on earth',
and eat 'and drink' as cattle eat 'and drink'.
Then the Fire 'of Hell' shall be
a lasting dwelling for them.

47:13 For how many a community, 'O Prophet'—
which was mightier in power
than your community that has expelled you—
have We utterly destroyed?
Thus for them, there was no supporter.

47:14 Then, is one who is 'leading a life
based' on clear proof from his Lord
like one to whom the evil
of his own deeds is made fair-seeming,
and 'who imitates the practices of those
who merely follow their own whims?

47:15 'Consider' the 'wondrous' state
of the Garden 'of Paradise',
which is promised to the God-fearing:
Therein are rivers of water, ever-fresh;
and rivers of milk, its taste unchanging;
and rivers of wine, delectable to the drinkers;
and rivers of honey, wholly purified.
Moreover, for them therein
are fruits of every kind—
and forgiveness from their Lord!

دَمَّرَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَالْكَافِرِينَ أَمَثَلَهَا

ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ

مَوْلَى الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

وَأَنَّ الْكَافِرِينَ لَا مَوْلَى لَهُمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُدْخِلُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا يَسْتَنْعُونَ

وَيَاكُونُ كَمَا تَأْكُلُ الْأَنْعَامُ

وَالنَّارُ مَثْوًى لَهُمْ

وَكَايُنْ مِنْ قَرِيبٍ

هِيَ أَشَدُّ قُوَّةً مِنْ قَرْيِنِكَ

الَّتِي أَخْرَجْنَاكَ أَهْلَكْنَاهُمْ

فَلَا نَاصِرَ لَهُمْ

أَفَمَنْ كَانَ عَلَى يَدَيْنِهِ مِنْ رَيْبٍ

كَمَنْ زُيِّنَ لَهُ سُوءُ عَمَلِهِ

وَاتَّبَعُوا أَهْوَاءَهُمْ

مِثْلَ الْجَنَّةِ الَّتِي وَعَدَ الْمُتَّقُونَ

فِيهَا أَنْهَارٌ مِنْ مَاءٍ غَيْرِ آسِنٍ

وَأَنْهَارٌ مِنْ لَبَنٍ لَمْ يَتَغَيَّرْ طَعْمُهُ

وَأَنْهَارٌ مِنْ خَمْرٍ لَذَّةٍ لِلشَّارِبِينَ

وَأَنْهَارٌ مِنْ عَسَلٍ مُصَفًّى

وَهُمْ فِيهَا مِنْ كُلِّ الثَّمَرَاتِ

وَمَغْفِرَةٌ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ

Are they like those who shall abide forever,
in the Fire of Hell,
and who are given to drink of a scalding fluid
that shall shred their entrails?

47:16 Now, also among those who oppose you,
O Prophet,

are some hypocrites who listen to you
as you teach the believers.

But when they leave your presence,
they say mockingly to those
who have been given knowledge,
to inspire doubt in them:

What did he mean to say just now?
These are the ones on whose hearts
God has set a seal.

Thus, they but follow their own whims.

47:17 But those who are rightly guided,
God increases them in guidance.

And He bestows on them
their due fear of God.

47:18 Then do they who are hypocrites
await other than the Hour of Doom,
which shall come upon them suddenly?
Then know that its portents have already come.
Yet when it comes upon them,
how, then, will their remembrance
of this admonition help them?

47:19 Know well, then, that there is no God
but the One God.

So steadfastly seek much forgiveness
for your sin,

and for that of the believing men
and the believing women.

For God knows well, O people,

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كَمَنْ هُوَ خَالِدٌ فِي النَّارِ
وَسُقُوا مَاءً حَمِيمًا
فَقَطَّعَ أَمْعَاءَهُمْ

وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَسْتَمِعُ إِلَيْكَ
حَتَّىٰ إِذَا خَرَجُوا مِنْ عِنْدِكَ
قَالُوا لِلَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ
مَاذَا قَالَ أَفَأُوتِيَكَ
الَّذِينَ طَبَعَ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمْ
وَاتَّبَعُوا أَهْوَاءَهُمْ
وَالَّذِينَ أَهْتَدُوا زَادَهُمْ هُدًى

وَأَنَّهُمْ يَقُونَهُمْ
فَهُلْ يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَّا السَّاعَةَ
أَن تَأْتِيَهُمْ بَغْتَةً
فَقَدْ جَاءَ أَشْرَاطُهَا

فَأَن لَّهُمْ إِنْ جَاءَ نَهُمْ ذِكْرُهُمْ
فَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ
وَأَسْتَغْفِرُ لِدُنْيَاكَ
وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ

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الْحَجَرُ السَّادِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

your 'wakeful' movement to and fro
 'as you make your way in the world';
 and 'He knows well' your abiding 'in private,
 at leisure and rest'.

- 47:20 Now, 'after long years of persecution,
 those who believe said:
 If only a surah were sent down
 'permitting us to fight injustice'.
 Yet when a decisive surah was sent down,
 and fighting 'in the path of God'
 was mentioned therein,
 you could see those
 in whose 'doubting' hearts there is a sickness
 looking at you, 'O Prophet,'
 like one fainting 'in the throes' of death.
 Then woe to them!
 'For God has commanded them to
 obedience and a forthright word.
 So when the command 'to fight'
 had been 'issued and' resolved,
 had they remained truehearted to God
 it would have been 'far' better for them.
- 47:22 Then is it to be that you 'hypocrites'
 shall turn away 'from God'
 to spread corruption in the land,
 and 'your divisiveness' tear apart
 'the bonds of' your kinship?
- 47:23 These are the 'faithless' ones
 whom God has cursed.
 And thus has He made them
 deaf 'to guidance' and blinded their eyes 'to it'.
- 47:24 Will they not, then, reflect
 upon 'the admonitions of' the Quran?
 Or is it rather,

وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ
 مُتَقَلِّبُكُمْ وَمُتَوَكِّلُكُمْ
 وَيَقُولُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
 لَوْلَا نُزِّلَتْ سُورَةٌ
 فَإِذَا أَنْزِلَتْ سُورَةٌ مُنْجِمَةٌ
 وَذُكِّرَ فِيهَا الْفِتَالُ رَأَيْتَ
 الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ
 يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ نَظَرَ
 الْمَغْشِيِّ عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْمَوْتِ
 فَأُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ
 طَاعَةٌ وَقَوْلٌ مَعْرُوفٌ
 فَإِذَا عَزَمَ الْأَمْرُ
 فَلَوْ صَدَقُوا اللَّهَ
 لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُمْ
 فَهَلْ عَسَيْتُمْ إِنْ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ
 أَنْ تُفْسِدُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ
 وَتَقَطِّعُوا أَرْحَامَكُمْ
 أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ لَعَنَهُمُ اللَّهُ
 فَأَصَمَّهْمُ وَأَعَمَّ أَبْصَرَهُمْ
 أَفَلَا يَنْدَبُورُونَ الْفُرْعَانَ
 أَمْ عَلَى قُلُوبٍ أَقْفَالُهَا

- that on some hearts there are their own locks?
- 47:25 Indeed, those hypocrites
who have turned their backs on God
after the revealed guidance
has been made clear to them,
it is only Satan that has tempted them
and prolonged worldly hope for them.
- 47:26 That is because they said with conviction
to those among the unbelievers
who abhor what God has sent down:
We will obey you by withholding ourselves
in the matter of fighting.
For God knows all their secrets.
- 47:27 So how shall it be
when the angels take their souls at death,
striking their faces and their backs?
- 47:28 That is because they have followed
what brings down upon them
the wrath of God.
For they have abhorred His good pleasure.
Thus He has rendered utterly
all their works.
- 47:29 Or did those
in whose doubting hearts there is a sickness
really think that God
would never expose their ill will?
- 47:30 Yet had We so willed,
We would have shown them to you,
O Prophet, manifestly,
so that you would recognize them
by their indelible mark—
or so that you would clearly recognize them
by their permanently twisted speech.
For God knows the deeds of all of you.
- 47:31 But, most surely, We shall test you,

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إِنَّ الَّذِينَ
أَرْتَدُّوا عَلَىٰ أَدْبَارِهِمْ مِن بَعْدِ
مَا بَيَّنَّ لَهُمُ الْهُدَىٰ
الشَّيْطَانُ سَوَّلَ لَهُمْ
وَأَمَّلَىٰ لَهُمْ
ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُوا
لِلَّذِينَ
كَرِهُوا مَا نَزَّلَ اللَّهُ
سَنُطِيعُكُمْ
فِي بَعْضِ الْأُمْرِ
وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ إِسْرَارَهُمْ
فَكَيْفَ إِذَا
تَوَفَّتْهُمُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ
يَضْرِبُونَ وُجُوهَهُمْ
وَأَدْبَارَهُمْ
ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ
اتَّبَعُوا مَا أَصْحَبَ اللَّهُ
وَكَرِهُوا رِضْوَانَهُ
فَأَحْبَبَ أََعْمَلَهُمْ
أَمْ حَسِبَ
الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ
أَن لَّنُخْرِجَ اللَّهُ أَصْفَانَهُمْ
وَلَوْ نَشَاءُ لَأَمَرْنَاكُمُ
فَلَمَرَّ قَنَهُمْ بِسِيمَاهُمْ
وَلَتَعْرِفَنَّهُمْ فِي لَحْنِ الْقَوْلِ
وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ أَعْمَالَكُمْ
وَلَنَبْلُوَنَّكُمْ حَتَّىٰ نَعْلَمَ
الْمُجْتَهِدِينَ مِنكُمْ وَالصَّادِقِينَ

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so that We might make known
those who strive among you
for the sake of God
and those who are truly patient.
We shall, moreover, test the merit
of all that you say and do.

- 47:32 Indeed, those who disbelieve
and who bar people from the path of God
and who rebel against the Messenger—
after the revealed guidance of God
has been made clear to them—
shall never harm God in anything.
But He shall render all their works
utterly futile.

- 47:33 *O you who believe!
You shall obey God.
And you shall obey the Messenger.
So do not nullify the reward of your works
by breaching your covenant.

- 47:34 Indeed, those who disbelieve
and bar people from the path of God,
then die while being inveterate disbelievers,
never will God forgive them.

- 47:35 Therefore, do not become fainthearted
and sue for peace
when just struggle is imperative.
For you shall be the uppermost.
For God is with you,
and never will He decrease
the reward of your deeds.

- 47:36 Indeed, the life of this world
is only play and amusement.
But if you believe and are God-fearing,

وَنَبِّئُوا أَخْبَارَكُمْ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ٣٢
وَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَسَاقُوا الرَّسُولَ
مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا بَيَّنَّ لَهُمُ الْهُدَى
لَنْ يَضُرُّوا اللَّهَ شَيْئًا
وَسَيُحِيطُ أَعْمَلُهُمْ
بِكَيْدِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ٣٣
أَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ
وَلَا تَبْطُلُوا أَعْمَلَكُمْ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ٣٤
وَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
ثُمَّ مَاتُوا وَهُمْ كُفَّارٌ
فَلَنْ يَغْفِرَ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ
فَلَا تَهِنُوا ٣٥
وَدْعُوا إِلَى السَّلَامِ
وَأَنْتُمْ الْأَعْلَوْنَ وَاللَّهُ مَعَكُمْ
وَلَنْ يَزِيدَكُمْ أَعْمَلَكُمْ
إِنَّمَا الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا
لَعِبٌ وَلَهْوٌ ٣٦
وَإِنْ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ وَلَنَنْفُتُمْ
يُؤَيِّدُكُمُ الْجُورُكُمْ
وَلَا يَسْتَلْكُمُ أَمْوَالُكُمْ

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الْحَجَرُ السَّادِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

He will give you your rewards, 'in full'.

Nor does He ask that you give
'to the cause of God all' your wealth.

47:37 Were He to ask you for it,

so as to heavily press you,
you would become miserly.

And thus would He bring forth your ill will.

47:38 There you are!

You have been called upon
to spend in the path of God.

But among you are those who become miserly.

Yet anyone who becomes miserly
becomes miserly only against 'the good
of' his own soul.

For it is God 'alone' who is the Self-Sufficient.

And it is you who are the poor.

So if ever you turn away,
'trading faith for unbelief,'

He shall replace you
with a people other than yourselves.
Then never shall they be like you.

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إِنْ يَسْأَلْكُمْوهَا

فِيْخُوفِكُمْ يَسْأَلُوْا

وَيُخْرِجْ أَصْغَرَكُمْ

هَآأَنْتُمْ هَآؤُلَآءِ تُدْعَوْنَ

لِئَنْفِقُوْا فِي سَبِيْلِ اللّٰهِ

فَمِنْكُمْ مَّنْ يَبْخُلْ

وَمَنْ يَبْخُلْ

فَإِنَّمَا يَبْخُلْ عَنِ نَفْسِهِ

وَاللّٰهُ الْغَنِيُّ وَأَنْتُمُ الْفُقَرَاءُ

وَلَآ تَتَوَلَّوْا

بَسَبَدِلْ قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ

ثُمَّ لَآ يَكُوْنُوْا أَمْثَلَكُمْ

Surah 48 / 29 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Fath

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 48:1 We have, indeed—
in the Truce of Hodaybiyyah—
accorded a triumph to you, 'O Prophet,
for your unyielding devotion—
a manifest triumph, indeed!
- 48:2 Therefore, shall God forgive you your sins—
whatever has preceded 'of them'
and whatever 'of them' is to come.
And, therefore, shall He
perfect His blessing upon you
and guide you along a straight way 'of salvation'.
- 48:3 And, therefore, shall God support you
with an 'indomitably' mighty support.
- 48:4 He is the One who sent down tranquility
into the hearts of the believers 'at Hodaybiyyah',
so that they might add
'an increased measure of faith
to their 'well-firm' faith.
For to God 'alone' belong the hosts
of the heavens and the earth.
Indeed, ever is God all-knowing, all-wise.
- 48:5 And, therefore, shall He admit
the believing men and the believing women

إِنَّا فَتَحْنَا لَكَ فَتْحًا مُبِينًا ﴿١﴾
لِيَغْفِرَ لَكَ اللَّهُ مَا تَقَدَّمَ مِنْ ذَنْبِكَ
وَمَا تَأَخَّرَ وَيُتِمَّ نِعْمَتَهُ عَلَيْكَ
وَيَهْدِيكَ صِرَاطًا مُسْتَقِيمًا
وَيُضْرِكَ اللَّهُ نَصْرًا عَزِيزًا ﴿٢﴾
هُوَ الَّذِي أَنْزَلَ السَّكِينَةَ
فِي قُلُوبِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
لِيُزَادُوا إِيمَانًا مَعَ إِيمَانِهِمْ
وَلِلَّهِ جُمُودٌ
السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا
لِيَدْخُلَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ
جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ ﴿٥﴾

into Gardens beneath which rivers flow,
wherein they shall abide forever.
Moreover, He shall absolve them
of their misdeeds.

And this, in the providence of God,
is 'forever' a magnificent triumph.

48:6 Yet He shall punish
the hypocrite men and the hypocrite women,
and the men who associate gods with God
and the women who associate gods with God—
those who think evil thoughts about God.
Upon them shall befall
a turn of 'great' misfortune.

Moreover, God shall be wrathful
against them and shall curse them.
Thus has He prepared for them Hell—
and an evil destination it is!

48:7 For to God 'alone' belong the hosts
of the heavens and the earth.
Indeed, ever is God overpowering, all-wise.

48:8 'O Prophet!
Indeed, We have sent you
as a witness 'to all the world';
and 'as' a bearer of glad tidings
'of everlasting delight in Paradise
to those who believe';
and 'as' a forewarner 'to humanity
of God's nearing Judgment'—
48:9 that 'together' you might 'all' believe in God
and 'in' His Messenger, and uphold His 'cause',
and reverence Him,
and highly exalt Him 'alone',
in the early morning and in the late afternoon.
48:10 Indeed, those who pledge allegiance to you,

سُورَةُ الْفَتْحِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا
وَيُكَفِّرُ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ
وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

قُورًا عَظِيمًا

وَيُعَذِّبُ

١

الْمُتَفَقِّهِينَ وَالْمُتَفَقِّهَاتِ

وَالْمُشْرِكِينَ وَالْمُشْرِكَاتِ

الظَّالِمِينَ يَا اللَّهُ

ظُلْمَ السَّوَاءِ

عَلَيْهِمْ دَائِرَةُ السَّوَاءِ

وَعَضِبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَعَنَهُمْ

وَأَعَدَّ لَهُمْ جَهَنَّمَ

وَسَاءَتْ مَصِيرًا

وَلِلَّهِ جُودٌ

٢

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَزِيزًا حَكِيمًا

إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَاكَ شَهِيدًا

٣

وَمُبَشِّرًا وَنَذِيرًا

لِتُؤْمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

٤

وَتُعَزِّرُوهُ

وَتَوْقِرُوهُ

وَتُسَبِّحُوهُ

بُكْرَةً وَأَصِيلًا

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُبَايِعُونَكَ

٥

إِنَّمَا يُبَايِعُونَ اللَّهَ

سُورَةُ الْفَتْحِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

O Prophet, in fact, pledge allegiance to God.
 God's Hand is over their hands.
 Thus one who breaches his oath
 only makes 'such' a breach
 to 'the detriment of' one's own soul.
 But one who fulfills
 all that one has covenanted with God,
 He shall give 'such a' one a magnificent reward.

48:11 Those of the Bedouins
 who stayed behind 'in fear of battle'
 will say to you 'when you return to them':
 Our wealth and our families have occupied us.
 So seek 'God's' forgiveness for us.
 They say with their tongues
 what is not in their hearts.
 Say 'to them':
 Yet who shall hold any authority
 to 'help' you against God
 if He intends for you harm
 or intends for you benefit?
 Rather, God is ever aware of all that you do.

48:12 Indeed, you thought 'in your hearts'
 that the Messenger and the believers
 would never return to their families 'alive'.
 Moreover, this was made fair-seeming
 in your hearts.
 Thus you thought evil thoughts.
 Therefore, you became a 'ruined' people,
 destitute 'of all goodness'.

48:13 For 'as to' anyone who does not believe in God
 and His Messenger—
 then 'let it be known':
 We have, indeed, prepared
 for the disbelievers a flaming fire 'in Hell'!
 48:14 For to God 'alone' belongs all dominion

يَدُ اللَّهِ فَوْقَ أَيْدِيهِمْ
 فَمَنْ نَكَثَ
 فَإِنَّمَا يَنْكُثُ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ
 وَمَنْ أَوْفَى بِمَا عَاهَدَ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ
 فَمُسْوًى لَهُ أَجْرًا عَظِيمًا
 سَيَقُولُ لَكَ ١١
 الْمُخَلَّفُونَ مِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ
 شَغَلَتْنَا أَمْوَالُنَا وَأَهْلُونَا
 فَاسْتَغْفِرْنَا
 يَقُولُونَ يَا لَسْتِهِمْ
 مَا لَيْسَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ
 قُلْ فَمَنْ يَمْلِكُ لَكُمْ
 مِن اللَّهِ شَيْئًا
 إِن أَرَادَ بِكُمْ ضَرًّا
 أَوْ أَرَادَ بِكُمْ نَفْعًا
 بَلْ كَانَ اللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا
 بَلْ ظَنَنْتُمْ أَن لَّنْ يَنْقَلِبَ
 الرُّسُولُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ
 إِلَىٰ أَهْلِيهِمْ أَبَدًا
 وَزَيَّرَ ذَٰلِكَ فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ
 وَظَنَنْتُمْ ظَنًّا سَوِيًّا
 وَكُنْتُمْ قَوْمًا بُورًا
 وَمَن لَّمْ يُؤْمِنِ بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ
 فَإِنَّا أَعْتَدْنَا لِلْكَافِرِينَ سَعِيرًا
 وَلِلَّهِ مُلْكُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ١٤

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over the heavens and the earth.

He forgives whomever He so wills.

And He punishes whomever He so wills.

Yet ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

48:15 Those of the Bedouins who stayed behind
for fear of battle will soon say to you
when you proceed to the forthcoming spoils
to take possession of them:

Let us follow you!

They desire to alter the words of God.

Say to them:

Never shall you follow us!

Thus did God say beforehand.

They will then say:

No, but you seek to begrudge us
for you envy us!

Tell them: Not at all!

But little do they understand the ways of God.

48:16 Say to those of the Bedouins who stayed behind:

You shall be called forth against a people
endowed with mighty military force.

Either you will fight them,
or they will submit to God willingly.

Thus if you obey,

God will give you an excellent reward.

But if you turn away,

as you turned away before,

He will torment you

with a most painful torment.

48:17 There is no offense for the blind,
nor is it an offense for the lame,
nor is it an offense for the sick
to stay behind from battle.

Yet one who obeys God and His Messenger,
such a one shall He admit

يَغْفِرُ لِمَن يَشَاءُ

وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَحِيمًا

سَيَقُولُ الْمُخَلَّفُونَ

إِذَا أَنْطَلَقْتُمْ

إِلَى مَعَانِمَ لِنَأْخُذْهَا

ذَرُونَا نَتَّبِعْكُمْ يُرِيدُونَ

أَن يُبَدِّلُوا كَلِمَ اللَّهِ

قُلْ لَنَنْتَبِعُنَا كَذَلِكَ

قَالَ اللَّهُ مِنْ قَبْلُ

فَسَيَقُولُونَ بَلْ نَحْسَدُونَا

بَلْ كَانُوا لَا يَفْقَهُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

قُلْ لِلْمُخَلَّفِينَ مِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ

سَتُدْعُونَ إِلَى

قَوْمٍ أُولَى بَأْسٍ شَدِيدٍ

لَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ نَصْرٌ

فَإِنْ تَطِيعُوا

يُؤْتِكُمْ اللَّهُ أَجْرًا حَسَنًا

وَلِنْ تَنْوَلُوا كَمَا تَوْلَيْتُمْ مِنْ قَبْلُ

يُعَذِّبُكُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا

لَيْسَ عَلَى الْأَعْمَى حَرَجٌ

وَلَا عَلَى الْأَعْرَجِ حَرَجٌ

وَلَا عَلَى الْمَرِيضِ حَرَجٌ

وَمَنْ يُطِيعِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ

يَدْخُلْهُ جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

into Gardens beneath which rivers flow.

But one who turns away,
such a one shall He torment
with a most painful torment.

48:18 *Very truly, God was well-pleased
with the believers when they pledged
the All-Pleasing Allegiance to you,
O Prophet, under the tree.
For He knew what was in their hearts.
Thus did He send down tranquility upon them.
Moreover, He shall reward them
with an imminent victory—

48:19 and much spoils,
which they shall assuredly take possession of!
And ever is God overpowering, all-wise.

48:20 O Prophet!
God has also promised you and the believers
much spoils thereafter,
which you shall take possession of in due time.
Moreover, He has hastened for you
this immediate windfall of Khaybar—
for He held back the hands of people
from harming you—
so that it might be a sign to the believers,
and so that He might guide you
along a straight way of salvation.

48:21 Still others await—
gains which you are not now able to attain.
Yet truly God encompasses them
in His knowledge.

For God is ever powerful over all things.
48:22 Moreover,
if ever those in Makkah who disbelieve
were to fight you again,

الْحِزْبُ السَّادِسُ وَالْمُتَشَرِّعُونَ

وَمَنْ يَتَوَلَّ يُعَذِّبْهُ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا

لَقَدْ رَضِيَ اللَّهُ

١٨

عَنِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

إِذْ يُبَايِعُونَكَ تَحْتَ الشَّجَرَةِ

فَعَلِمَ مَا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ

فَأَنْزَلَ السَّكِينَةَ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَأَنْبَأَهُمْ فَتْحًا قَرِيبًا

وَمَغَانِمَ كَثِيرَةً يَأْخُذُونَهَا

١٩

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَزِيزًا حَكِيمًا

وَعَدَكُمْ اللَّهُ

٢٠

مَغَانِمَ كَثِيرَةً تَأْخُذُونَهَا

فَعَجَّلَ لَكُمْ هَذِهِ

وَكَفَّ أَيْدِيَ النَّاسِ عَنْكُمْ

وَلِتَكُونَ آيَةً لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَيَهْدِيَكُمْ

صِرَاطًا مُسْتَقِيمًا

وَأُخْرَى لَمْ تَقْدِرُوا عَلَيْهَا

٢١

فَدَاحَاطَ اللَّهُ بِهَا وَكَانَ اللَّهُ

عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرًا

وَلَوْ قَتَلْتُمْ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

٢٢

لَوْ لَوْ الْأَدْبَرُ

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they would, most surely,
turn their backs in flight,
whereupon they would find
neither patron nor supporter.

- 48:23 Such has been the ordained way of God
that has gone before—
supporting the believers
and vanquishing the faithless.
And never will you find, O Prophet,
in the established way of God, any alteration.

- 48:24 For He is the One
who pacified the disbelievers
and held back their hands from harming you—
and your hands from them—
in proximity to the valley of Makkah
at Hudaibiyyah,
after you captured their advance forces
and He made you triumph over them.
And ever is God all-seeing of all that you do.
48:25 They are the ones who disbelieved,
and who barred you believers
from the Sacred Mosque at Makkah,
and who barred the charitable-offering
of sacrifice,
which was detained so that it did not reach
its designated place of sacrifice.

And were it not for some believing men
and some believing women there—
whom you did not know to be believers
and whom you would have, therefore,
trampled upon—
an act that would have brought you
unknowingly into dishonor on their account—
God would have let you
vanquish the Makkans.

ثُمَّ لَا يَجِدُونَ

وَلِيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا

سُنَّةَ اللَّهِ

٢٣

الَّتِي قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلُ

وَلَنْ يَجِدَ لِسُنَّةِ اللَّهِ تَبْدِيلًا

وَهُوَ الَّذِي كَفَّ

٢٤

أَيْدِيَهُمْ عَنْكُمْ

وَأَيْدِيَكُمْ عَنْهُمْ بِطِينِ مَكَّةَ

مِنْ بَعْدِ أَنْ أَظْفَرَكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَكَانَ اللَّهُ يَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرًا

هُمُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

٢٥

وَصَدُّوكُمْ عَنِ

الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ وَالْهَدْيِ

مَعْكُوفًا أَنْ يَبْلُغَ مَحَلَّهُ

وَلَوْلَا رِجَالُ مُؤْمِنُونَ

وَنِسَاءٌ مُؤْمِنَاتٌ

لَمْ تَعْلَمُوهُمْ أَنْ تَطَافُوهُمْ

فَتُصِيبُكُمْ مِنْهُمْ

مَعَرَّةٌ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ

سُورَةُ الْفَتْحِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الْمَنَّانِ وَالْوَثِقُونَ

But 'this was so because' God admits
whomever He so wills into His mercy.
If they had but separated themselves
from the disbelievers,
We would, most surely, have tormented
those who disbelieved, apart from them,
with a most painful torment.

48:26 Behold!

Those who disbelieved
induced in their own hearts
hot indignation 'at Hudaibiyyah'—
the indignation of pagan ignorance—
'to block you from the Sacred Mosque'.
So God sent down His tranquility
upon His Messenger and upon the believers,
'who stayed their hands'.
And thus 'God' caused them to adhere
to 'the imperatives of' the Word of Piety—
for they were most worthy of it
and entitled to it.

And ever is God all-knowing of all things.

48:27 Very truly,
with 'profound' truth God has confirmed
His Messenger's true vision,
'as seen in his dream',
of entering the Sacred Mosque
with the believers:
You shall certainly enter the Sacred Mosque,
by the will of God, in full security,
with your heads 'ceremonially' shaved
or 'hair' shortened, without any fear.
For He knows what you do not know.
Moreover, He has decreed, apart from this,
another imminent victory 'for you'.

48:28 He is the One who has sent His Messenger

لِيَدْخُلَ اللَّهُ
فِي رَحْمَتِهِ، مَنْ يَشَاءُ
لَوْ تَزَيَّلُوا لَعَذَّبْنَا
الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْهُمْ
عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا
(٢٦) إِذْ جَعَلَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ الْحَمِيَّةَ
حَمِيَّةَ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ
فَأَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ سَكِينَتَهُ
عَلَى رَسُولِهِ
وَعَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَالزَّيْمَةَ كَلِمَةَ النَّفْوَى
وَكُنَّا الْحَقَّ بِهَا وَأَهْلَهَا
وَكَانَ اللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمًا
(٢٧) لَقَدْ صَدَقَ اللَّهُ
رَسُولُهُ الرَّأْيَ بِالْحَقِّ
لَتَدْخُلَنَّ الْمَسْجِدَ الْحَرَامَ
إِنْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ ءَامِنِينَ
مُخْلِطِينَ رُءُوسَكُمْ وَمُقَصِّرِينَ
لَا تَخَافُونَ
فَعَلِمَ مَا لَمْ تَعْلَمُوا
فَجَعَلَ مِنْ ذَلِكَ
فَتْحًا قَرِيبًا
(٢٨) هُوَ الَّذِي أَرْسَلَ رَسُولَهُ
بِالْهُدَى وَدِينِ الْحَقِّ

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with the guidance of the Quran
and the religion of truth,
so that He may cause it to prevail
on its own merit over every religion.
And sufficient is God as a witness to this:
48:29 Muhammad is the Messenger of God!
And those who are with him
are severe against the disbelievers,
but merciful to one another.
You see them constantly
bowing themselves in worship,
and bowing their faces down
to the ground, therein,
seeking an all-nourishing bounty from God
and His good pleasure.
Their marks are upon their faces
from the traces of bowing their faces down
to the ground in Prayer.
That is their likeness, as described in the Torah.
And their likeness in the Evangel
is as a seed which puts forth its shoot,
then strengthens it, so that it grows stout
and stands upright upon its stem,
gratifying the sowers—
such that through these believers,
He may enrage the disbelievers.
God has promised
those among them who believe
and do righteous deeds
much forgiveness and a magnificent reward.

لِيُظْهِرَهُ عَلَى الدِّينِ كُلِّهِ
وَكُفَى بِاللَّهِ شَهِيدًا
مُحَمَّدٌ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ
أَشِدَّاءُ عَلَى الْكُفَّارِ
رُحَمَاءُ بَيْنَهُمْ
تَرَاهُمْ رُكَّعًا سُجَّدًا يَبْتَغُونَ
فَضْلًا مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرِضْوَانًا
سِيمَاهُمْ فِي وُجُوهِهِمْ
مِنْ أَثَرِ السُّجُودِ
ذَٰلِكَ مَثَلُهُمْ فِي التَّوْرَةِ
وَمَثَلُهُمْ فِي الْإِنْجِيلِ
كَزَرْعٍ أَخْرَجَ شَطْأَهُ
فَنَازَعَهُ فَاسْتَغْلَظَ
فَاسْتَوَىٰ عَلَىٰ سَوَافٍ
يُعْجِبُ الزَّرَّاعُ
لِغَيْظِ يَوْمِ الْكُفَّارِ
وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ مِنْهُمْ
مَغْفِرَةً وَأَجْرًا عَظِيمًا

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Surah 49 / 18 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Hujurât

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 49:1 O you who believe!
Do not advance yourselves in any affair
contrary to the decree of God
and His Messenger.
And fear God.
Indeed, God is all-hearing, all-knowing.
- 49:2 O you who believe!
Do not raise your voices
above the voice of the Prophet,
nor speak loudly to him
as you are sometimes loud with one another,
for then your good works
will become utterly futile with God,
though you would not perceive it.
- 49:3 As to those who lower their voices
in the presence of the Messenger of God,
these are the ones
whose hearts God has tested pure
for righteous fear of Him.
For them, there is much forgiveness
and a magnificent reward.
- 49:4 O Prophet!

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا تَقْدِمُوا بَيْنَ يَدَيِ اللَّهِ
وَرَسُولِهِ ۖ وَأَتُوا اللَّهَ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لَا تَرْفَعُوا أَصْوَاتَكُمْ
فَوْقَ صَوْتِ النَّبِيِّ
وَلَا تَجْهَرُوا لَهُ بِالْقَوْلِ
كَجَهْرِ بَعْضِكُمْ لِبَعْضٍ
أَنْ تَحْبَطَ أَعْمَالُكُمْ
وَأَنْتُمْ لَا تَشْعُرُونَ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَغْضُّونَ أَصْوَاتَهُمْ
عِنْدَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ
أُولَٰئِكَ الَّذِينَ امْتَحَنَ اللَّهُ
قُلُوبَهُمْ لِلنَّفْيِ
لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ وَأَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ

- As to those who call out to you,
from behind the chambers of your residence,
most of them do not understand
good manners and civility.
- 49:5 For were they to remain patient
until you were to come out to them
of your own accord,
it would be better for them.
Yet God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

- 49:6 O you who believe!
If an ungodly person comes to you
with any news, be discerning,
so as not to afflict a people out of ignorance,
and thereafter become regretful
about what you have done.
- 49:7 Moreover, know that in your midst
is the Messenger of God.
Were he to follow the inclinations
you express in most matters,
you would, most surely, become overburdened
with hardships.
- However, God has endeared faith to you
and adorned it in your hearts.
Thus He has made unbelief hateful to you,
as well as ungodliness and disobedience.
It is these who are the rightly guided.
- 49:8 This is a bounty from God and a blessing.
For God is all-knowing, all-wise.
- 49:9 Yet if ever two groups of the believers
fight one another,
then set things aright between them.
But if one of them remains unreconciled
and commits injustice against the other,
then fight the one that commits injustice,

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٤ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَكَ
مِنْ وَرَاءِ الْحُجُرَاتِ
أَكْثُهُمْ لَا يَعْقِلُونَ
لَوْ أَنَّهُمْ صَبَرُوا
حَتَّى تَخْرُجَ إِلَيْهِمْ
لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُمْ
وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

٥ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
إِنْ جَاءَكُمْ فَاسِقٌ بِنَبَأٍ فَتَبَيَّنُوا
أَنْ تُصِيبُوا قَوْمًا بِمِجْهَلَةٍ
فَتُصَيِّرُوا عَلَى مَا فَعَلْتُمْ
نَادِمِينَ

٦ وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ فِيكُمْ رَسُولَ اللَّهِ
لَوْ يُطِيعُكُمْ فِي كَثِيرٍ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ
لَعَنِتُمْ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ
حَبَّبَ إِلَيْكُمُ الْإِيمَانَ
وَزَيَّنَّهُ فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ وَكَرَّهَ إِلَيْكُمُ
الْكُفْرَ وَالْفُسُوقَ وَالْعِصْيَانَ
أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الرَّاشِدُونَ
فَضْلًا مِنَ اللَّهِ وَنِعْمَةً

٧ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

٨ وَإِنْ طَائِفَتَانِ مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
اقْتَتَلُوا فَأَصْلَحُوا بَيْنَهُمَا
فَإِنْ بَغَتْ
إِحْدَاهُمَا عَلَى الْأُخْرَى
فَقَاتِلُوا الَّتِي تَبَغَى

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until that group reverts to the rule of God.

Yet if it so reverts,

then again set things aright between them
with equity. And be just.

Indeed, God loves those who are just.

49:10 Indeed, all the believers are brethren.

Thus set aright relations
between your brothers.

And fear God, so that you may be shown mercy.

49:11 O you who believe!

Men shall not scoff at other men.

For those whom they scoff at
may be better than them.

Nor shall women scoff at other women.

For those whom they scoff at
may be better than them.

Nor shall you slander each other.

Nor shall you revile each other
by way of abhorrent nicknames.

Woeful is the ungodly name after attaining faith.

Thus whoever does not repent from this,
then it is these

who are the wrongdoers, godless in heart.

49:12 O you who believe! Shun much suspicion.

For, indeed, certain kinds of suspicion are sinful.

Nor shall you spy on each other.

Nor shall you backbite one another.

Would any of you like to eat
his dead brother's flesh?

You would, most surely, abhor it. So fear God.

Indeed, God is all-relenting, mercy-giving.

49:13 O humankind!

حَقِّقْ نَفْيَ إِلَىٰ أَمْرِ اللَّهِ

فَإِنْ فَاءَتْ فَأَصْلِحُوا بَيْنَهُمَا

بِالْعَدْلِ وَأَقْسِطُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ

يُحِبُّ الْمُقْسِطِينَ

إِنَّمَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ إِخْوَةٌ

فَأَصْلِحُوا بَيْنَ أَخَوَيْكُمْ

وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

لَا يَسْخَرُ قَوْمٌ مِّن قَوْمٍ

عَسَىٰ أَن يَكُونُوا خَيْرًا مِّنْهُمْ

وَلَا نِسَاءٌ مِّن نِّسَاءٍ

عَسَىٰ أَن يَكُنَّ خَيْرًا مِّنْهُنَّ

وَلَا تَلْمِزُوا أَنْفُسَكُمْ

وَلَا تَنَابَزُوا بِالْأَلْقَابِ

بِئْسَ الْأَسْمُ

الْفُسُوقُ بَعْدَ الْإِيمَانِ

وَمَن لَّمْ يَتُبْ

فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

اجْتَنِبُوا كَثِيرًا مِّنَ الظَّنِّ

إِنَّ بَعْضَ الظَّنِّ إِثْمٌ

وَلَا تَجَسَّسُوا

وَلَا يَغْتَبِ بَعْضُكُم بَعْضًا

أَيُّحِبُّ أَحَدُكُمْ أَن

يَأْكُلَ لَحْمَ أَخِيهِ مَيْتًا

فَكَرِهْتُمُوهُ وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ تَوَّابٌ رَّحِيمٌ

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سُورَةُ الْحُجُرَاتِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

Indeed, We have created all of you
from a single male and female.
Moreover, We have made you
peoples and tribes,
so that you may come to know one another.
And, indeed, the noblest of you,
in the sight of God,
is the most God-fearing of you.
Indeed, God is all-knowing, all-aware.

- 49:14 *The Bedouins have said:
We believe!
Say to them, O Prophet:
You have not truly believed.
Rather, you should say:
We have submitted ourselves.
For pure faith has not yet entered your hearts.
But if you obey God and His Messenger,
He shall not deprive you of anything
regarding the reward of your work.
Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 49:15 As for the constant believers,
they are those
who believe in God and His Messenger,
and who do not have any doubt
about their faith,
and who strive with their wealth
and their persons in the path of God.
It is these who are the truehearted.
- 49:16 Say to the Bedouins, O Prophet:
Will you teach God about your religion,
while God knows all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth?
For God is all-knowing of all things.
- 49:17 They would bestow a favor upon you,

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّاسُ ١٣

إِنَّا خَلَقْنَاكُمْ مِنْ ذَكَرٍ وَأُنْثَىٰ
وَجَعَلْنَاكُمْ شُعُوبًا وَقَبَائِلَ
لِتَعَارَفُوا إِنَّ أَكْرَمَكُمْ
عِنْدَ اللَّهِ أَتْقَاكُمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ خَبِيرٌ

قَالَتِ الْأَعْرَابُ ءَامَنَّا ١٤

قُلْ لَمْ تَوَسُّوْا

وَلَكِنْ قُولُوا أَسْلَمْنَا وَلَمَّا
يَدْخُلِ الْإِيمَانُ فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ
وَلِنْ تُطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ

لَا يَلْبِسْكُمْ مِنْ أَعْمَالِكُمْ شَيْئًا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

إِنَّمَا الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ١٥

الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

ثُمَّ لَمْ يَرْتَابُوا

وَجَاهَدُوا بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ
وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الصَّادِقُونَ

قُلْ ١٦

أَتَعْلَمُونَ اللَّهَ بِدِينِكُمْ
وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

سُورَةُ الْحُجُرَاتِ

الْحُجْرَةُ السَّادِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

‘O Prophet, by embracing Islam,
‘a willing submission to God alone!’
Say ‘to them’:

Do not regard your submission ‘to God’
as a favor bestowed on me.
Rather, it is God who bestows a favor upon you
by guiding you to faith,
if, indeed, you are truthful.

49:18

Indeed, God knows
‘all’ the ‘realms of the’ unseen,
of the heavens and ‘of’ the earth.
Thus God is all-seeing of all that you do.

يَمْنُونَ عَلَيْكَ أَنْ أَسْلَمُوا ١٧

قُلْ لَا تَمْنُوا عَلَيَّ إِسْلَامَكُمْ

بَلِ اللَّهُ يَمُنُّ عَلَيْكُمْ

أَنْ هَدَيْتُكُمْ لِلْإِيمَانِ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ ١٨

غَيْبِ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَاللَّهُ بِصِيرِ مَا تَعْمَلُونَ

Surah 50 / 45 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Qâf

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

50:1 Qâf

By the all-glorious Quran!

'You, O Muhammad, are a true messenger'.

50:2 Yet these 'who belie you'
are astonished that a 'mortal' forewarner
has come to them from among themselves.

Thus the disbelievers say:

This is an astonishing thing!

50:3 Is it that when we are dead
and have become 'mere' dust
'we shall be resurrected'?

Such a return 'to life'
is a far-fetched 'thing to believe'!

50:4 Yet already We have known all that the earth
shall leach away from them 'in their graves'.
For in Our providence
is a Book preserving 'every record'.

50:5 Rather 'more astonishing'
is that 'they have 'hastily' belied the truth
'of this Quran' as soon as it came to them—
'without seeking to comprehend it'.
Thus do they abide in a confused state of affairs
'concerning God and faith'.

قَافٍ وَالْقُرْآنِ الْمَجِيدِ ١

بَلْ عَجَبُوا أَنْ ٢

جَاءَهُمْ مُنْذِرٌ مِنْهُمْ

فَقَالَ الْكَافِرُونَ

هَذَا شَيْءٌ عَجِيبٌ

أَيُّ ذَا مَتْنٍ وَكُنَّا زُرَّابًا ٣

ذَلِكَ رَجْعٌ بَعِيدٌ

قَدْ عَلِمْنَا ٤

مَا تَنْقُصُ الْأَرْضُ مِنْهُمْ

وَعِنْدَنَا كِتَابٌ حَفِيفٌ

بَلْ كَذَّبُوا بِالْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ ٥

فَهُمْ فِي أَمْرٍ مَرِيعٍ

سُوْرَةُ

الْحُجَّةُ السَّادِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- 50:6 Have they not looked
at the heaven above them,
how 'perfectly' We built it and adorned it?
Nor has it 'even' a 'single' flaw.
- 50:7 And 'as to' the Earth—it is 'We' alone
who 'spread' it wide 'at its surface',
and cast therein anchoring mountains
'to balance' it as it spins.
And 'it is' 'We' alone who 'caused' to grow in it
'something' of every delightful variety
'of plant life'—
- 50:8 as a 'divine' insight 'for humankind'
into the wonders of creation,
and as a reminder 'of an inevitable Resurrection'
for every penitent servant.
- 50:9 For We sent down, from the sky, blessed water
'full of mercy', with which We grow gardens,
and grain of the harvest,
- 50:10 and tall date palms
with spathes of clustered dates—
- 50:11 as a provision for all 'God's' servants.
And, thereby, do We give life
to a lifeless habitation.
Even so shall be the Resurrection 'of man'.
- 50:12 The people of Noah belied 'God's' message
before 'those of' them 'who now disbelieve',
as did the Dwellers of the Water-Pit
'of Al-Rass', and 'the peoples of' Thamûd,
and 'Âd, and Pharaoh, and the brethren of Lot,
and the Dwellers of 'the Thicket of' Al-Aykah,
and the 'ancient' people of Tubba' 'in Yemen'.
Every one 'of them' denied the 'divine mandate
of God's' messengers.
Thus My threat

٦ أَفَلَمْ يَنْظُرُوا
إِلَى السَّمَاءِ فَوْقَهُمْ
كَيْفَ بَنَيْنَاهَا وَزَيَّنَّاهَا
وَمَا هِيَ مِنْ فُرُوجٍ
٧ وَالْأَرْضِ مَدَدْنَاهَا
وَأَلْقَيْنَا فِيهَا رَوَاسِيَ
وَأَنْبَتْنَا فِيهَا
مِنْ كُلِّ رَوْحٍ بِحَيْجٍ
٨ تَبْصِرَةً وَذِكْرَى
لِكُلِّ عَبْدٍ مُنِيبٍ
٩ وَنَزَّلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً مُبَارَكًا
فَأَنْبَتْنَا بِهِ جَنَّاتٍ
وَحَبَّ الْحَصِيدِ
١٠ وَالنَّخْلَ بَاسِقَاتٍ
لَهَا طَعْمٌ نَضِيدٌ
١١ رِزْقًا لِلْعِبَادِ
وَأَحْيَيْنَا بِهِ بَلَدَةً مَيِّتَةً
كَذَلِكَ الْخُرُوجُ
١٢ كَذَّبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ
وَإِسْحَابُ الرَّسِّ وَثَمُودُ
١٣ وَعَادُ وَفِرْعَوْنُ وَإِخْوَانُ لُوطٍ
١٤ وَأَصْحَابُ الْأَيْكَةِ وَقَوْمُ تُبَّعٍ
كُلٌّ كَذَّبَ الرُّسُلَ فَحَقَّ وَعِيدِ

- to bring judgment upon them` came to pass.
- 50:15 Then are We` now deemed
to have been` enfeebled
by` originating` the first creation
such that We are unable to create you anew?
Rather, it is` only` they` who disbelieve`
who are` mired` in uncertainty
about` the coming of` a new creation
in the Hereafter`.
- 50:16 For very truly, We created man` out of earth`.
Thus We know` with certainty`
all that whispers within his` very` soul.
For We are nearer to` each` one
than` even` the jugular vein.
- 50:17 Behold!
The receiving-` angels` receive` each one's
every word and deed in life`—
one on the right and one on the left—
seated,` giving heed`.
- 50:18 Not a word does one utter,
but that with one is a ready observer.
- 50:19 Then comes the` rigors and throes
of the` delirium of death,
bearing the` reality of the Hereafter's` truth—
when to every disbeliever it is said`:
This now is that` very moment`
wherefrom you` frantically` sought evasion!
- 50:20 And,` suddenly`,
the Trumpet` of Resurrection` is blown,
and it is said`:
This now is` the fulfillment
of` the Day of` Dreadful` Threat!
- 50:21 Thus,` instantly, from the grave`
each soul sallies forth—two angels` with it:

سُورَةُ الْقَافِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

- ١٥ أَفَعِينَا بِالْخَلْقِ الْأَوَّلِ
بَلْ هُمْ فِي لَبْسٍ
مِّنْ خَلْقٍ جَدِيدٍ
وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنسَانَ وَنَعَّمْنَا
مَّا تَوَسَّوْا بِهِ نَفْسَهُ
وَنَحْنُ أَقْرَبُ إِلَيْهِ
مِنْ حَبْلِ الْوَرِيدِ
إِذْ يَتْلَى التَّلَاقِيَانِ
عَنِ الْيَمِينِ وَعَنِ الشَّمَالِ قَعِيدٌ
مَا يَلْفِظُ مِنْ قَوْلٍ
إِلَّا لَدَيْهِ رَقِيبٌ عُنِيدٌ
وَجَاءَتْ سَكْرَةُ الْمَوْتِ بِالْحَقِّ
ذَٰلِكَ مَا كُنْتَ مِنْهُ تَحِيدُ
وَنُفِخَ فِي الصُّورِ
ذَٰلِكَ يَوْمُ الْوَعِيدِ
وَجَاءَتْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ

سُورَةُ الْقَافِ

الْحِزْبُ السَّادِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- One driving it inexorably
to the Plain of Assembly;
and the other, a witness to all its earthly deeds.
- 50:22 To the disbeliever, it shall be said:
Very truly, you were 'lost' in 'utter' unawareness
of the imminence of all of 'this' in life.
Yet, now, have We removed your veil!
Thus your sight this Day is 'acutely' piercing.
- 50:23 Then 'the angel who that Day
is' his close companion shall say:
This 'record' that is with me
is 'of his life, full and' ready!
- 50:24 'God shall say:
Cast into 'the Fire of' Hell
every 'inveterately' obstinate disbeliever!
- 50:25 Preventer of good!
Doubt-mongering transgressor!
- 50:26 'Anyone' who has held with God any other god!
Cast him now—both of you 'angels'—
into the severest torment!
- 50:27 *His close companion 'in evil
in the world' shall say: Our Lord!
I did not make him transgress.
Rather, he 'himself' was 'lost'
in uttermost misguidance.
- 50:28 'God' shall say:
Contend not with each other
before Me 'this Day'!
For 'of its certain doom',
I have already conveyed to you
'much' advanced forewarning
'with My messengers'.
- 50:29 Never shall the word 'of recompense'
be altered by Me.
Nor do I ever wrong

مَعَهَا سَائِقٌ وَشَهِيدٌ
(٢٢) لَقَدْ كُنْتَ فِي غَفْلَةٍ مِّنْ هَذَا
فَكَشَفْنَا عَنْكَ غِطَاءَكَ
فَبَصَرُكَ الْيَوْمَ حَدِيدٌ
(٢٣) وَقَالَ قَرِينُهُ
هَذَا مَا لَدَىٰ عَيْنِي
(٢٤) أَلَيْفَ فِي جَهَنَّمَ كُلٌ كَفَّارٌ عِنْدِي
(٢٥) مَتَاعٌ لِلْخَيْرِ مُعْتَدٍ مُّرِيبٍ
(٢٦) الَّذِي جَعَلَ مَعَ اللَّهِ إِلَهًا آخَرَ
فَأَلْقِيَاهُ فِي الْعَذَابِ الشَّدِيدِ
(٢٧) قَالَ قَرِينُهُ رَبَّنَا مَا أَطْغَيْتُهُ
وَلَكِنْ كَانَ فِي ضَلَالٍ بَعِيدٍ
(٢٨) قَالَ لَا تَخْتَصِمُوا لَدَيَّ
وَقَدْ قَدَّمْتُ إِلَيْكُمْ بِالْوَعِيدِ
(٢٩) مَا يُبَدِّلُ الْقَوْلَ لَدَيَّ

- any among 'My' servants 'in the least'.
- 50:30 On that Day, We shall say to 'the Fire of Hell':
Are you filled?
And it shall say: Are there any more?
- 50:31 Yet the Garden 'of Paradise'
shall have been drawn near
for the God-fearing—
not far-off 'from their sight'.
- 50:32 It shall be said:
This is 'the fulfillment of' all that you 'believers'
have been promised—
for every one 'who was' penitent,
every keeper 'of His covenant'—
- 50:33 whoever has feared the All-Merciful,
'while' in the 'domain' unseen,
and who comes 'to his Lord'
with a penitent heart 'longing to be redeemed'.
- 50:34 It shall be said to them:
Enter it, in peace!
This is the Day of Eternity.
- 50:35 For them, therein, shall be all
that they could ever wish.
Yet with Us is even more!
- 50:36 But how many a 'disbelieving' generation
before them have We destroyed
'for ungodliness'?
They were far mightier
than these 'present disbelievers'
in 'their capability of' violent assault.
Indeed, they searched vigorously
through the earth 'for gain and dominance'.
Yet was there any asylum 'at all for them'
from God?

سُورَةُ الْقَافِ

الجزء السادس والعشرون

وَمَا أَنَا بِظَلَمٍ لِّلْعَبِيدِ
يَوْمَ نَقُولُ لِجَهَنَّمَ هَلِ امْتَلَأَتْ ٣٠
وَنَقُولُ هَلْ مِنْ مَّزِيدٍ
وَأُزْلِفَتِ الْجَنَّةُ ٣١
لِلْمُتَّقِينَ غَيْرَ بَعِيدٍ
هَذَا مَا تُوعَدُونَ ٣٢
لِكُلِّ أَوَّابٍ حَفِيظٍ
مَنْ خَشِيَ الرَّحْمَنَ الْعَلِيمَ ٣٣
وَجَاءَ بِقَلْبٍ مُنِيبٍ
أَدْخُلُوهَا بِسَلَامٍ ٣٤
ذَٰلِكَ يَوْمُ الْخُلُودِ ٣٥
هُمْ مَا يَشَاءُونَ فِيهَا
وَلَدَيْنَا مَزِيدٌ
وَكَمْ أَهْلَكْنَا قَبْلَهُمْ ٣٦
مِنْ قَرْنٍ هُمْ أَشَدُّ مِنْهُمْ بَطْشًا
فَنَقَّبُوا فِي الْبِلَادِ
هَلْ مِنْ مَّخِصٍ

تِلْكَ

الْجُزْءُ السَّادِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- 50:37 Indeed, in this 'Quran,'
there is, most surely, a reminder
for whoever has a 'living' heart
or lends 'an attentive' ear,
with 'full' presence 'of mind'.
- 50:38 Now very truly, it is We 'alone'
who have created the heavens and the earth,
and all that is between them,
in 'a span of six' 'Heavenly' days—
and never were We touched
with 'any' weariness!
- 50:39 Therefore, be patient, 'O Prophet,'
with what they say.
Moreover, highly exalt your Lord
with 'all' praise
before the rising of the sun
and before 'its' setting.
- 50:40 And 'during part' of the night,
exalt Him, 'as well,'
and 'also' after you bow 'your face' down
'to the ground in your Prayers'.
- 50:41 And listen well for the Day, 'O Prophet,'
that 'the caller' to Judgment
shall call 'people forth from their graves,'
from a place 'so very' near 'them'—
- 50:42 a Day they shall hear
the 'Trumpet Blast' of Resurrection
with 'undeniable' truth.
That shall be the Day of Emergence.
- 50:43 Indeed, it is We 'alone'
who give life and give death.
Thus to Us 'alone' is the ultimate destiny.
- 50:44 The Day the earth splits 'open'
from above them,

٣٧ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَذِكْرٍ

لِمَن كَانَ لَهُ قَلْبٌ

أَوْ أَلْقَى السَّمْعَ

وَهُوَ شَهِيدٌ

٣٨ وَلَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ

وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ

وَمَا مَسَّنَا مِن لُّغُوبٍ

٣٩ فَاصْبِرْ عَلَىٰ مَا يَقُولُونَ

وَسَبِّحْ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّكَ

قَبْلَ طُلُوعِ الشَّمْسِ

وَقَبْلَ الْغُرُوبِ

٤٠ وَمِنَ اللَّيْلِ فَسَبِّحْهُ

وَادْبِرْ السُّجُودِ

٤١ وَاسْمِعْ يَوْمَ يُنَادِ الْمُنَادُ

مِن مَّكَانٍ قَرِيبٍ

٤٢ يَوْمَ يَسْمَعُونَ الصَّيْحَةَ بِالْحَقِّ

ذَلِكَ يَوْمَ الْخُرُوجِ

٤٣ إِنَّا نَحْنُ نُحْيِي وَنُمِيتُ

وَالِلَّيْنَا الْمَصِيرُ

٤٤ يَوْمَ تَشَقَّقُ الْأَرْضُ

عَنهُمْ سَرَاعًا

in all haste shall they fly forth from their graves .
That is, for Us, so easy an assembly.

50:45 We are most knowing
of all that they who disbelieve say
to belie this message .
Yet never, O Prophet, have you been
domineering over them.
Therefore, steadfastly remind—
with this Quran—
all those believers
who fear My threat of eternal torment .

سُوْرَةُ

الْجُزْءُ السَّادِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

ذَٰلِكَ حَشْرٌ عَلَيْنَا يَسِيرٌ

نَحْنُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَقُولُونَ



وَمَا أَنْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِجَبَّارٍ

فَذَكِّرْ بِالْقُرْآنِ

مَنْ يَخَافُ وَعِيدِ

Surah 51 / 60 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Dhâriyât

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 51:1 By the scattering winds,
scattering far and wide,
51:2 bearing clouds laden with moisture,
51:3 streaming with them
with the greatest of ease,
51:4 dispensing every divinely measured decree—
51:5 indeed, the forewarnings
promised to you human beings
will, most surely, come true!
51:6 For God's Judgment is assuredly imminent!
- 51:7 By the heaven streaked with interlaced tracks!
51:8 You are, O disbelieving ones,
deeply mired in varying statements
of contradiction about the Day of Resurrection
and this Revelation.
51:9 Yet anyone who is diverted from belief in this
is, most surely, diverted from divine guidance.
51:10 Destroyed are the lying conjecturers,
51:11 those who are immersed in ignorance,
mindless of their fate!
51:12 They ask in mockery:
When, then, shall be this Day of Judgment?

- ۱ وَالذَّارِيَاتِ ذُرُوجًا
۲ فَالْحُمَالِ ذُرُوجًا
۳ فَالْجَارِيَاتِ يُسْرًا
۴ فَالْمُقَسَّمَاتِ آمْرًا
۵ إِنَّمَا تُوعَدُونَ لَصَادِقٌ
۶ وَإِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
۷ وَالسَّمَاءِ ذَاتِ الْحُبُوبِ
۸ إِنَّكُمْ لَعَنَى قَوْلٍ مُتَنَبِّئٍ
۹ يُؤْفَكُ عَنْهُ مَنْ أُفِكَ
۱۰ قُلِ الْغُرَاصُونَ
۱۱ الَّذِينَ هُمْ فِي غَمْرَةٍ سَاهُونَ
۱۲ يَسْأَلُونَ أَيَّانَ يَوْمُ الدِّينِ

- 51:13 It will be a Day
when they shall be tried 'in torment'
over the Fire 'of Hell.
- 51:14 It will be said:
Taste the 'torment of' your 'painful' trial!
It is this that you were seeking to hasten 'in life'!
- 51:15 As to the God-fearing,
they shall 'forever' be amid
gardens and springs 'in the Hereafter',
51:16 receiving all that their Lord has given them.
Indeed, before this,
they were doers of good 'in the world'.
- 51:17 Little of the night did they lie down.
51:18 For at night's end
they were seeking 'God's' forgiveness.
- 51:19 Moreover, in their wealth
was a rightful share 'of charity',
for the beggar and the destitute.
- 51:20 Now, all through the earth
there are 'wondrous' signs 'of God',
for those who are firm in faith.
- 51:21 And they are within yourselves, as well.
Can you not, then, see?
- 51:22 For in the heaven
is 'the origin of all' your provision,
and 'therein, as well',
is all that you are promised 'of Heaven or Hell'.
- 51:23 So by the Lord of the heaven and the earth,
this 'promise of resurrection and recompense'
is, most surely, the truth—
just as sure as you can speak.
- 51:24 Has the account of the honored guests

يُؤْتَى الَّذِينَ

الْجَنَّةِ السَّادِسُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

يَوْمَ هُمْ عَلَى النَّارِ يُقْنُونَ ﴿١٣﴾

ذُوقُوا فَنَتَكُمُ هَذَا الَّذِي ﴿١٤﴾

كُنْتُمْ بِهِ تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ

إِنَّ الْمَتَّيْنَ فِي حَسْبٍ وَعَيْنٍ ﴿١٥﴾

ءَاخِذِينَ مَا ءَانَسَهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ ﴿١٦﴾

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا قَبْلَ ذَلِكَ مُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٧﴾

كَانُوا قَلِيلًا مِّنَ الْآلِ

مَا يَهْجَعُونَ

وَبِالْآسَاءِ هُمْ يَسْتَفْغِرُونَ ﴿١٨﴾

وَفِي أَمْوَالِهِمْ حَقٌّ ﴿١٩﴾

لِّلسَّائِلِ وَالْمَحْرُومِ

وَفِي الْأَرْضِ ءَايَاتٌ لِّلْمُوقِنِينَ ﴿٢٠﴾

وَفِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَفَلَا تُبْصِرُونَ ﴿٢١﴾

وَفِي السَّمَاءِ رِزْقُكُمْ ﴿٢٢﴾

وَمَا تُرْجِعُونَ

فَوَرَبِّ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ ﴿٢٣﴾

إِنَّهُ لَحَقُّ

مِثْلَ مَا أَنْتُمْ نَطِقُونَ

يَوْمَ الدِّينِ

الْجُزْءُ السَّابِعُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

of Abraham come to you?

51:25 Behold!

They entered upon him, 'where he dwelled,'
then they said: Peace to you!

And to them he said: Peace,
'O you who are a people unknown.

51:26 Then, discreetly, he turned aside to his family
and returned with a 'roasted' fatted calf,

51:27 and setting it near them,
he 'saw that their hands did not reach for it
and said: 'Please, do eat!

51:28 Thus he conceived a fear of them
'when they did not do so'.

They said: Have no fear.

'We are the angels of your Lord,'
and they gave him glad tidings
'of his aged wife's conception'
of a most knowledgeable boy.

51:29 Then his wife 'Sarah' came forward
with a shriek, and she slapped her face and said:
A barren old woman!

51:30 They said: So shall it be!
said your Lord.

Indeed, it is He

who is the All-Wise, the All-Knowing.

51:31 * Abraham said:

Yet what 'other' momentous affair
have you 'here', O 'Heavenly' messengers?

51:32 They said:

We have been sent to 'destroy'
a people who are defiant unbelievers,

51:33 to send down upon them stones of clay—

51:34 marked by your Lord

for 'all' those who are exceedingly rebellious.

51:35 Thus We brought out 'of the doomed towns

٢٤ هَلْ أُنَبِّئُكَ حَدِيثٌ

ضَفِيفَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ الْمُرْتَدِّ
٢٥ إِذْ دَخَلُوا عَلَيْهِ فَقَالُوا سَلَامًا

قَالَ سَلَامٌ قَوْمٌ مُنْكَرُونَ
٢٦ فَرَاغَ إِلَى أَهْلِهِ

فَجَاءَ بِعِجْلٍ سَمِينٍ
٢٧ فَقَرَّبَهُ إِلَيْهِمْ

قَالَ أَلَا تَأْكُلُونَ
٢٨ فَأَوْجَسَ مِنْهُمْ خِيفَةً

قَالُوا لَا تَخَفْ

وَنَبَشَرُوهُ بِغُلَامٍ عَلِيمٍ
٢٩ فَأَقْبَلَتْ أَمْرَأَتُهُ فِي صَرْقٍ

فَصَكَتَ وَجْهَهَا وَقَالَتْ
عَجُوزٌ عَقِيمٌ

قَالُوا كَذَلِكَ قَالَ رَبُّكَ
٣٠ إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْحَكِيمُ الْعَلِيمُ

٣١ قَالَ فَمَا خَطْبُكُمْ

أَيُّهَا الْمُرْسَلُونَ

قَالُوا إِنَّا أُرْسِلْنَا

إِلَى قَوْمٍ مُّجْرِمِينَ

٣٢ لِنُرْسِلَ عَلَيْهِمْ حِجَارَةً مِنْ طِينٍ

٣٣ مُسَوَّمَةً عِنْدَ رَبِّكَ لِلْمُسْرِفِينَ



- all of the believers who were in them.
 51:36 Yet We found none therein
 but a single household of *muslims*,
 in willing submission to God alone.
 51:37 And, therein, have We left a great sign
 of their ruin for all time—
 for all those who would fear
 the painful punishment of God.
 51:38 And in the account of Moses
 there is a sign, as well.
 Behold!
 We sent him to Pharaoh
 with manifest authority.
 51:39 Yet Pharaoh
 turned his person away haughtily,
 relying on his mighty force.
 And of Moses he said:
 He is either a sorcerer or a madman!
 51:40 So We seized him, and his hosts, suddenly,
 and We cast them into the sea.
 For he was blameworthy.
 51:41 And so too
 in the destruction of the people of ‘Âd
 there is a sign.
 Behold! We sent against them a desolating wind.
 51:42 It left nothing that it came upon,
 but that it made it
 like decayed, crushed bones.
 51:43 And in the destruction
 of the people of Thamûd there is a sign.
 Behold! It was said to them:
 Enjoy yourselves—for a preordained time,

سُورَةُ الْاِذَارِيَّاتِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

فَأَخْرَجْنَا مَنْ كَانَ فِيهَا ٣٥

مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ

فَمَا وَجَدْنَا فِيهَا ٣٦

غَيْرَ بَيْتٍ مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ

وَرَكَّاعًا فِيهَا آيَةً لِلَّذِينَ ٣٧

يَخَافُونَ الْعَذَابَ الْأَلِيمَ

وَفِي مُوسَى إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَاهُ ٣٨

إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ بِسُلْطَانٍ مُّبِينٍ

فَتَوَلَّى بِرُكْبِهِ ٣٩

وَقَالَ سِحْرٌ أَوْ مَجْنُونٌ

فَأَخَذْنَاهُ وَجُودَهُ ٤٠

فَنَبَذْنَاهُمْ فِي الْيَمِّ وَهُوَ مُلِيمٌ

وَفِي عَادٍ إِذْ أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمُ ٤١

الرِّيحَ الْعَقِيمَ

مَا نَذَرْنَا مِنْ شَيْءٍ أَنْتَ عَلَيْهِ ٤٢

إِلَّا جَعَلْنَاهُ كَالرَّمِيمِ

وَفِي ثَمُودَ إِذْ قِيلَ لَهُمْ ٤٣

تَمَتَّعُوا حَتَّىٰ حِينٍ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزُّ السَّامِعُ وَالْعَمْرُونَ

- 51:44 for they had insolently defied
the command of their Lord.
Then, suddenly,
they were seized by a thunderbolt,
even while they were looking on.
- 51:45 Yet they were not able to withstand it.
Nor could they help themselves in the least.
- 51:46 And thus did We destroy the people of Noah
before them all.
Indeed, they were an ungodly people.
- 51:47 Now, behold the heaven!
It is We alone who built it
with mighty Hands.
And, indeed, it is We alone
who are expanding it.
- 51:48 Now look to the earth.
It is We alone who spread it wide.
How excellent, far above all,
are We who smoothed it for habitation!
- 51:49 Moreover, of everything We have created pairs,
so that you may become mindful
that God is One.
- 51:50 Therefore, proclaim, O Prophet:
Flee all of you to God alone from every sin.
I am, indeed, sent
as a clear forewarner to you from Him.
- 51:51 Thus you shall not set up
any other god with God.
I am, indeed, sent
as a clear forewarner to you from Him.
- 51:52 So it is that not a single messenger
has ever come forth
among those nations of old,
preceding these who now belie you,

٤٤ فَعْتَرَا عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّهِمْ

فَأَخَذَتْهُمُ الصَّاعِقَةُ

وَهُمْ يَنْظُرُونَ

٤٥ فَمَا اسْتَطَاعُوا مِنْ قِيَامٍ

وَمَا كَانُوا مُنْصَرِفِينَ

وَقَوْمٌ نُوحٍ مِنْ قَبْلُ

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا قَوْمًا فَاسِقِينَ

٤٦ وَالسَّمَاءَ بَنَيْنَاهَا بِأَيْدٍ

وَأَنَّا لَمُوسِعُونَ

٤٧ وَالْأَرْضَ فَرَشْنَاهَا

فَنِعَمَ الْمَهْدُونَ

٤٨ وَنَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ

خَلَقْنَا زَوْجَيْنِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَذَكَّرُونَ

٤٩ فَفِرُّوْا إِلَى اللَّهِ

إِنِّي لَكُمْ مِنْهُ نَذِيرٌ مُبِينٌ

٥٠ وَلَا تَجْعَلُوا مَعَ اللَّهِ

إِلَهًا آخَرَ

٥١ إِنِّي لَكُمْ مِنْهُ نَذِيرٌ مُبِينٌ

٥٢ كَذَلِكَ مَا أَتَى

الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ مِنْ رَسُولٍ

إِلَّا قَالُوا سَاحِرٌ أَوْ مُجُنُونٌ

- O Prophet, but that they said:
He is either a sorcerer or a madman!
51:53 Have they exhorted one another to this
defiance across the generations?
Rather, they are all merely
a single transgressing people.
51:54 Thus, turn away, O Prophet,
from the disbelievers among them.
For you have, indeed, forewarned them,
and you shall not bear any blame.
51:55 So continue to remind them, one and all,
of God's commandments.
For, indeed, such reminding
benefits the believers.
51:56 And know that I have not created either jinn
or human beings
for any other end but to know
and worship Me alone.
51:57 I do not desire from them any provision.
Nor do I desire that they feed Me.
51:58 Indeed, God—it is He alone
who is the All-Providing,
the Sole Possessor of Power, the All-Firm!
51:59 Thus, there shall, indeed, be—
for all those who do wrong
to themselves by unbelief—
an ill-fated portion of punishment—
like the ill-fated portion
of their wrongdoing companions of old.
So let them not hasten Me
to bring it, at once, upon them.
51:60 For woe to all those who have disbelieved
from their inevitable Day of Doom,
which they have been promised!

سُورَةُ الدَّارِيَّاتِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

- أَتَوْاصُوا بِهٖ ٥٣
بَلْ هُمْ قَوْمٌ طَاغُونَ
فَنُؤَلِّهِمْ هُمْ فَمَا أَنْتَ بِمُلُومٍ ٥٤
وَذَكَرْ فَإِنَّ الدَّكَرَى ٥٥
نَنْفَعُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَمَا خَلَقْتُ الْجِنَّ وَالْإِنْسَ ٥٦
إِلَّا لِيَعْبُدُونِ
مَا أُرِيدُ مِنْهُمْ مِنْ رِزْقٍ ٥٧
وَمَا أُرِيدُ أَنْ يُطْعَمُوا
إِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الرَّزَّاقُ ٥٨
ذُو الْقُوَّةِ الْمَتِينِ
فَإِنَّ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ذُنُوبًا ٥٩
مِثْلَ ذُنُوبِ أَصْحَابِهِمْ
فَلَا يَسْتَعْجِلُونَ
فَوَيْلٌ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ٦٠
مِنْ يَوْمِهِمُ الَّذِي يُوعَدُونَ

Surah 52 / 49 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Tûr

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 52:1 By Mount Tûr of Sinai!
 52:2 And by a revealed Book inscribed,
 52:3 on a parchment unfurled!
 52:4 And by the ever-frequented House of God
 in the high heavens,
 round which the angels ever swirl!
 52:5 And by the sky of the world's
 uplifted heavenly vault!
 52:6 And by the sea bursting over!
 52:7 Indeed, the punishment decreed by your Lord
 will, most surely, come to pass.
 52:8 There is none who can repel it—
 52:9 on a Day the heaven shall reel a great reeling;
 52:10 and the mountains shall move away
 utterly fleeing.
 52:11 So woe, that Day, to all the beliers
 of faith and Judgment,
 52:12 those who play in vain indulgence,
 forsaking God for false idols.
 52:13 For that is a Day they who disbelieve
 shall be shoved into the Fire of Hell—
 with a vehement shoving.
 It will be said to them in derision:

- وَالطُّورِ ١
 وَكِتَابٍ مَّسْطُورٍ ٢
 فِي رَقٍّ مَّنشُورٍ ٣
 وَالْبَيْتِ الْمَعْمُورِ ٤
 وَالسَّقْفِ الْمَرْفُوعِ ٥
 وَالْبَحْرِ الْمَسْجُورِ ٦
 إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّكَ لَوَاقِعٌ ٧
 مَا لَهُ مِنْ دَافِعٍ ٨
 يَوْمَ تَمُورُ السَّمَاءُ مَوْرًا ٩
 وَتَسِيرُ الْجِبَالُ سَيْرًا ١٠
 فَوَيْلٌ لِلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ١١
 الَّذِينَ هُمْ فِي خَوْضٍ يَلْعَبُونَ ١٢
 يَوْمَ يَدْعُوتُ ١٣
 إِلَى نَارٍ جَهَنَّمَ دَعَاً

- 52:14 This is the Fire which 'in life' you used to belie!
 52:15 Is this, then, sorcery,
 or is it that you cannot see 'reality'?
 52:16 Roast in it, then,
 and be patient or be impatient!
 It is all the same for you.
 Indeed, you are only being recompensed
 for all 'the evil' that 'in life' you used to do.
- 52:17 As to the God-fearing,
 they shall, indeed,
 be amid gardens and 'pure' delight,
 52:18 rejoicing in all that their Lord
 has given them.
 For their Lord saved them
 from the torment of Hellfire.
 'It shall be said:'
 52:19 Eat and drink, salubriously,
 for all 'the good' that you used to do 'in life'.
 52:20 They shall recline on arranged settees.
 For We shall wed them to wide-eyed beauties.
 52:21 Moreover, 'as for' those
 who 'in the world' believed—
 and whose children followed them in faith—
 We shall unite their children with them.
 And We shall not deprive them of anything
 'from the rewards' of their 'good' work.
 Every person is himself in pledge
 for what he has earned 'in life'.
 52:22 Thus We shall extend to them
 fruit and meat, such as they desire.
 52:23 Moreover, therein
 they will pass to one another a chalice 'of wine,
 stirring' no obscene talk nor sinfulness therein.
 52:24 *And there shall be going round them,

سُورَةُ الطَّوْرِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

هَذِهِ النَّارُ ١٤
 الَّتِي كُنتُمْ بِهَا تُكَذِّبُونَ
 أَفَسِحْرُ هَذَا ١٥
 أَمْ أَنْتُمْ لَا تُبْصِرُونَ
 أَصْلَوْهَا ١٦
 فَاصْبِرُوا أَوْ لَا تَصْبِرُوا
 سَوَاءٌ عَلَيْكُمْ إِنَّمَا تُجْزَوْنَ
 مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ
 إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّاتٍ وَنَعِيمٍ ١٧
 فَكِهِينَ بِمَاءٍ أَنْهَمُ رِئْهُمُ ١٨
 وَوَقَّهْمُ رِئْهُمُ
 عَذَابَ الْجَحِيمِ
 كُلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا هَنِيئًا ١٩
 بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ
 مُتَّكِئِينَ عَلَى سُرُرٍ مَصْفُوفَةٍ ٢٠
 وَزَوَّجْنَاهُم بِحُورٍ عِينٍ
 وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا ٢١
 وَاتَّبَعَتْهُمْ ذُرِّيَّتُهُم بِإِيمَانٍ
 أَلْحَقْنَا بِهِمْ ذُرِّيَّتَهُمْ
 وَمَا أَلْتَنَاهُمْ مِنْ عَمَلِهِمْ مِنْ شَيْءٍ
 كُلُّ امْرِئٍ بِمَا كَسَبَ رَهِينٌ
 وَأَمَدَدْنَاهُمْ بِفَكَهَةٍ ٢٢
 وَلَحْمٍ مِمَّا يَشْتَهُونَ
 يَنْتَرُونَ فِيهَا كَأْسًا ٢٣
 لَا لَعْنُ فِيهَا وَلَا تَأْنِيَةٌ
 وَيَطُوفُ عَلَيْهِمْ ٢٤
 غِلْمَانٌ لَهُمْ

بَيْنَ الْجَلْدِ

الْجُزْءُ السَّامِعُ وَالْعَمْرُونُ

- serving them, immortal youths,
 as though they were well-preserved pearls.
 52:25 And they shall turn to one another
 'amid Gardens of Paradise'
 asking each other of their state of bliss,
 52:26 whereupon they shall say:
 Indeed, we were ever cautious
 'about displeasing God' in our households;
 52:27 wherefore, God has conferred favor upon us
 and saved us from the torment
 of a blowing fire 'in Hell'.
 52:28 Indeed, always before 'in life',
 we were ever calling upon Him
 'in fear and in hope'.
 For, indeed, He 'alone'
 is the All-Benevolent, the Mercy-Giving.
 52:29 So 'continue, O Prophet,
 to remind them, one and all with the Quran'.
 For you are not—by the grace of your Lord—
 a soothsayer. Nor are you a madman.
 52:30 Then do they 'who disbelieve' say:
 He is 'but' a poet,
 for whom we 'anxiously' await
 the adversity of 'a sudden ill' fate!
 52:31 Say 'to them':
 Then wait 'for the Judgment of God'!
 For I 'too' am in waiting, along with you!
 52:32 Then do their discerning minds
 'genuinely' enjoin them with this 'accusation'?
 Or is it, rather, that they are 'merely'
 a transgressing people 'opposing the truth'?
 52:33 Moreover,
 do they 'genuinely' say 'of the Quran:
 Muhammad' has, himself, composed its words?

كَانَتْهُمْ لَوْلُو مَكُونُ

٢٥

وَأَقْبَلَ بَعْضُهُمْ

عَلَى بَعْضٍ يَسْأَلُونَ

٢٦

قَالُوا إِنَّا كُنَّا قَبْلَ

فِي أَهْلِنَا مُشْفِقِينَ

٢٧

فَمَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَيْنَا

وَوَقَّعْنَا عَذَابَ السَّمُورِ

٢٨

إِنَّا كُنَّا

مِنْ قَبْلُ نَدْعُوهُ

إِنَّهُ هُوَ الْبَرُّ الرَّحِيمُ

٢٩

فَذَكِّرْ

فَمَا أَنْتَ بِنِعْمَتِ رَبِّكَ

يَكَاهِنٍ وَلَا مَجْنُونٍ

٣٠

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ شَاعِرٌ

نَرَى بَعْضُ بِهِ رَبِّكَ السَّمُونِ

٣١

قُلْ تَرِيعُوا فَيَأْتِي مَعَكُمْ

مِنَ الْمُرِيعِينَ

٣٢

أَمْ تَأْمُرُهُمْ أَخْلَامُهُمْ بِهَذَا

أَمْ هُمْ قَوْمٌ طَاغُونَ

٣٣

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ نَقُولُهُ

- Rather, 'out of arrogance,'
they do not believe 'in it'.
- 52:34 Then let them bring forth a discourse like it—
if, indeed, they are truthful.
- 52:35 Or, 'if they deny God,
then 'were they created out of nothing?
Or were they the creators 'of themselves'?
- 52:36 Or is it they who created
the heavens and the earth?
Rather, they have no certainty 'of faith'.
- 52:37 Or are the treasures of your Lord
'held in possession' with them?
Or are they the real overlords 'of all things'?
- 52:38 Or do they have a stairway 'to heaven'
by means of which they eavesdrop
'on the realm of the unseen'?
Then let their 'alleged' eavesdropper
bring forth any clear proof 'for his claim'!
- 52:39 Or for Him, are there the daughter-divines
'you ascribe'—
while for you 'to' sons 'alone do you incline'?
- 52:40 Or is it that you ask of them payment
'for this message, O Prophet,'
such that they shall be overburdened with debt,
'wherefore they disbelieve'?
- 52:41 Or have they hold of the 'realm of the' unseen,
such that they 'may' write down
'whatever destiny they please'?
- 52:42 Or do they, indeed, intend
a plot 'against you, O Prophet'?
Rather, it is those who disbelieve
who have, themselves, been out-plotted
'by God'.
- 52:43 Or do they 'genuinely' have a god
other than God?

سُورَةُ التَّوْرَةِ

الجزء السَّامِعُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

- بَلْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ
فَلْيَأْتُوا بِحَدِيثٍ مِّثْلِهِ ٣٤
- إِنْ كَانُوا صَادِقِينَ
أَمْ خَلِقُوا مِنْ غَيْرِ شَيْءٍ ٣٥
- أَمْ هُمُ الْخَالِقُونَ
أَمْ خَلَقُوا ٣٦
- السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
بَلْ لَا يُوقِنُونَ
أَمْ عِنْدَهُمْ خَزَائِنُ رَيْكِ ٣٧
- أَمْ هُمُ الْمُصَيِّرُونَ
أَمْ لَهُمْ سُلُوكٌ يَسْتَمِعُونَ فِيهِ ٣٨
- فَلْيَأْتِ مُسْتَعْمِلُهُمْ
بِسُلْطَنِ قُبَيْنٍ
أَمْ لَهُ الْبَنَاتُ وَلَكُمْ الْبَنُونَ ٣٩
- أَمْ تَسْأَلُهُمْ أَجْرًا
فَهُمْ مِنْ مَغْرَمٍ مُتَقَلِّوْنَ ٤٠
- أَمْ عِنْدَهُ الْغَيْبُ فَهُمْ يَكْتُبُونَ ٤١
- أَمْ يُرِيدُونَ كَيْدًا ٤٢
- فَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا هُمُ الْمَكِيدُونَ
أَمْ لَهُمْ إِلَهٌ غَيْرُ اللَّهِ ٤٣

سُورَةُ التَّوْرَةِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

Highly exalted is God
 far above all that they associate
 as gods with Him!

- 52:44 Indeed, were they themselves to see
 their approaching doom
 in a deadly patch of the sky
 set to drop down upon them,
 they would yet say:
 'It is just piled up clouds of rain to quench us!'

- 52:45 Then leave them, O Prophet,
 until they meet their fated Day,
 wherein they are struck down—
 52:46 the Day when their incessant plotting
 shall not avail them in anything.
 Nor will they ever be helped against God.

- 52:47 Yet there shall, indeed, be—
 for all those who do wrong
 to themselves by unbelief—
 a torment coming in life besides this,
 though most of them do not know it.

- 52:48 So be patient, O Prophet,
 with your Lord's decree to deliver His message.
 For you are ever under the care of
 Our watchful Eyes.

- So highly exalt your Lord with all praise
 whenever you arise—
 52:49 and during part of the night
 highly exalt Him with all glory,
 and at the receding of the stars.

سُبْحَنَ لِلَّهِ عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ

وَإِنْ يَرَوْا ٤٤

كَسَفًا مِّنَ السَّمَاءِ سَاقِطًا

يَقُولُوا سَحَابٌ مَّرْكُومٌ

فَذَرَهُمْ حَتَّى يَلْقُوا يَوْمَهُمُ

الَّذِي فِيهِ يَصْعَقُونَ

يَوْمَ لَا يَنْفَعُهُمْ ٤٦

كَيْدُهُمْ شَيْئًا وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ

وَإِنَّ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ٤٧

عَذَابًا دُونَ ذَلِكَ

وَلَكِنَّ أَكْثَرَهُمْ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

وَأَصْبِرْ لِحُكْمِ رَبِّكَ ٤٨

فَإِنَّكَ بِأَعْيُنِنَا

وَسَيَسْجِدُ لَكَ يَحْمَدُونَ ٤٩

وَمِنَ اللَّيْلِ فَسَبِّحْهُ

وَادْبِرْ النُّجُومَ

Surah 53 / 62 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Najm

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 53:1 By 'every' star
when it descends 'into the horizon'!
- 53:2 Your companion, 'Muhammad,
is, indeed, God's Messenger
and 'has not strayed' from the path of truth'.
Nor has he been deluded.
- 53:3 Nor does he speak out of whim.
- 53:4 This 'Quran' is none other
than a 'divine' revelation being revealed 'to him.
- 53:5 None other than an angel'—
one of potent power—
has taught 'it to' him—
- 53:6 'an angel' of awesome strength
and judiciousness.
For there, 'in the sky,'
he hovered, poised—
manifesting his 'angelic' form—
- 53:7 and he was, 'indeed, resplendent,'
in the highest horizon.
- 53:8 Then he approached
and drew near 'Muhammad',
- 53:9 until he was 'but' two bow-lengths away,
or nearer.

- وَالنَّجْمِ إِذَا هَوَىٰ ۝١
- مَا ضَلَّ صَاحِبُكُمْ وَمَا غَوَىٰ ۝٢
- وَمَا يَنْطِقُ عَنِ الْهَوَىٰ ۝٣
- إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا وَحْيٌ يُوحَىٰ ۝٤
- عَلَّمَهُ شَدِيدُ الْقُوَىٰ ۝٥
- ذُو مِرَّةٍ فَاسْتَوَىٰ ۝٦
- وَهُوَ بِالْأُفُقِ الْأَعْلَىٰ ۝٧
- ثُمَّ دَنَا فَتَدَلَّىٰ ۝٨
- فَكَانَ قَابَ قَوْسَيْنِ أَوْ أَدْنَىٰ ۝٩

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

- 53:10 Thus it is He, 'God Himself,'
who revealed to His servant 'Muhammad'
that which He revealed 'through His angel'.
- 53:11 Never did the heart 'of Muhammad'
believe what he saw 'before his eyes'.
- 53:12 Then will you 'who disbelieve it'
dispute him about what he saw?
- 53:13 And yet, very truly,
he saw him in a second descent—
- 53:14 'high,' near the 'Heavenly' Lote-Tree
of the uttermost bound,
- 53:15 near which is the Garden
of the 'Heavenly' abode.
- 53:16 Behold!
The Lote-Tree became suffused
with that 'Heavenly brilliancy' which suffused it.
- 53:17 The 'Prophet's' sight did not waver
nor exceed 'any limit'.
- 53:18 It was then that he beheld
some of the greatest signs of his Lord.
- 53:19 Have you seen, then, 'O idolaters,
the mere stones you worship—
the female idols', al-Lât and al-'Uzzâ,
and Manât, the third one, as well?
- 53:20 Will you 'betake' to yourselves
only male 'offspring',
while to 'God you ascribe' female-divines?
- 53:22 This, then, is a most outrageous division!
Indeed, these 'idols' are nothing but mere names
you have named—you and your forefathers.
God has not sent down
any authority for them 'in His revelations'.
Those 'who worship them'
follow nothing but mere conjecture

١٠ فَأَوْحَىٰ إِلَىٰ عَبْدِهِ مَا أَوْحَىٰ

١١ مَا كَذَبَ الْفُؤَادُ مَا رَأَىٰ

١٢ أَفَتَمْنُونَهُ عَلَىٰ مَا يَرَىٰ

١٣ وَلَقَدْ رَآهُ نَزْلَةً أُخْرَىٰ

١٤ عِنْدَ سِدْرَةِ الْمُنْتَهَىٰ

١٥ عِنْدَهَا جَنَّةُ الْمَأْوَىٰ

١٦ إِذْ يَغْشَى السِّدْرَةَ مَا يَغْشَىٰ

١٧ مَا زَاغَ الْبَصَرُ وَمَا طَغَىٰ

١٨ لَقَدْ رَأَىٰ

١٩ مِنْ آيَاتِ رَبِّهِ الْكُبْرَىٰ

٢٠ أَفَرَأَيْتُمُ اللَّاتَ وَالْعُزَّىٰ

٢١ وَمَنْوَةَ الثَّالِثَةَ الْآخِرَىٰ

٢٢ أَلَكُمُ الذَّكَرُ وَلَهُ الْأُنثَىٰ

٢٣ تِلْكَ إِذَا قِسْمَةٌ ضِيزَىٰ

٢٤ إِنْ هِيَ إِلَّا أَسْمَاءٌ سَمِيَّتُوهَا

أَنْتُمْ وَآبَاؤُكُمْ

مَا أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ بِهَا مِنْ سُلْطَانٍ

إِنْ يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا الظَّنَّ

وَمَا تَهْوَى الْأَنْفُسُ

سُورَةُ النَّجْمِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

and what their own souls desire,
though guidance has truly come to them
from their Lord.

53:24 Or is it that there shall be for every human being
whatever 'intercessors' he fancies?

53:25 Yet to God 'alone' belongs 'all dominion
over' the Hereafter and 'this,' the first 'life'.

53:26 *For how many an angel
is there in the heavens
whose intercession is of no avail
'to anyone' in anything—
until God grants permission
to whomever He so wills and is pleased with.

53:27 Indeed, those 'idolaters'
who disbelieve in the Hereafter
most certainly name the angels
with female names,

53:28 though they have no sure knowledge therein.
They follow nothing but mere conjecture—
and conjecture avails nothing 'at all'
against the truth.

53:29 So turn aside, 'O Prophet,'
from whomever turns away from 'the Quran,'
Our 'revealed' Reminder,
and who desires nothing
but the life of this world.

53:30 That is the 'dismal' extent of their knowledge.
Indeed it is your Lord 'alone'
who knows best 'all' those who have strayed
from His 'straight' path.
And He 'alone' knows best
'all' those who are guided aright.

53:31 For to God 'alone'
belongs all that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth.

وَلَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ

مِّن رَّبِّهِمُ الْهُدَىٰ

٢٤

٢٥

فَلِلَّهِ الْآخِرَةُ وَالْأُولَىٰ

٢٦

وَكَمْ مِّن مَّلَكٍ

فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

لَا تُغْنِي شَفَعَتُهُمْ شَيْئًا

إِلَّا مِّن بَعْدِ أَن يَأْذَنَ اللَّهُ

لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَيَرْضَىٰ

٢٧

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْآخِرَةِ

لَيَسْمُونَهُ اللَّاتِ كَهَ

تَسْمِيَةِ الْأُنثَىٰ

٢٨

وَمَا لَهُمْ بِهِ مِنْ عِلْمٍ

إِن يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا الظَّنَّ

وَأَنَّ الظَّنَّ لَا يُغْنِي

مِّنَ الْحَقِّ شَيْئًا

٢٩

فَاعْرِضْ عَنْ مَّن تَوَلَّىٰ عَنْ ذِكْرِنَا

وَلَمْ يُرِدْ إِلَّا الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا

٣٠

ذَٰلِكَ مَبْلَغُهُم مِّنَ الْعِلْمِ

إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ

بِمَن ضَلَّٰ عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ

وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَن أَهْتَدَىٰ

٣١

وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ

وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي هَدَانَا لِهَذَا وَمَا كُنَّا لِنَكُونَنَّ

He shall recompense
those who do evil 'in the world'
for all that they have done.
And He shall recompense
those who do good 'in the world'
with great goodness 'in Paradise'—
53:32 those who keep away
from the great sins and indecencies—
'falling short' only in the minor offenses.
Indeed, your Lord
is all-encompassing in forgiveness.
He knew you full well,
'even' when He produced you from the earth,
and 'then' when you were fetuses
in the wombs of your mothers.
Therefore, you shall not proclaim
the purity of your own souls.
He knows full well who is God-fearing.

- 53:33 Then have you seen the one
who turns away 'from God',
53:34 giving little 'for his own salvation'
and holding back 'in promised charity'?
- 53:35 Is the knowledge
of the 'realm of the' unseen with him,
such that he beholds 'his own fate'?
- 53:36 Or is it that he has not been told
of what was 'decreed' in the Scriptures of Moses
53:37 and 'of' Abraham—
'he' who proved ever true 'to his Lord's word':
- 53:38 That no laden soul
shall carry the load of another;
53:39 and that there is nothing
'that shall abide' for a person
except that for which he strives;

لِيَجْزِيَ الَّذِينَ أَسْتَوُوا يَمَا عَمِلُوا
وَيَجْزِيَ الَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُوا بِالْحَقِّ
الَّذِينَ يَجْتَنِبُونَ كَبِيرَ
الْإِثْمِ وَالْفَوَاحِشَ إِلَّا اللَّمَمَ
إِنَّ رَبَّكَ وَاسِعُ الْمَغْفِرَةِ
هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِكُمْ
إِذْ أَنشَأَكُم مِّنَ الْأَرْضِ
وَإِذْ أَنشَأَ آيَةً
فِي بُطُونِ أُمَّهَاتِكُمْ
فَلَا تَزْكُوا أَنفُسَكُمْ
هُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِمَنِ اتَّقَى
أَفَرَأَيْتَ الَّذِي تَوَلَّى
وَأَعْطَى قَلِيلًا وَأَكْدَى
أَعِنْدَهُ عِلْمُ الْغَيْبِ فَهُوَ يَرَى
أَمْ لَمْ يُبَيِّنْ
بِمَا فِي صُحُفٍ مُّوسَى
وَإِبْرَاهِيمَ الَّذِي وَفَّى
أَلَّا نَزُّرَ وَازِرَةً وَذُرَ الْآخَرَى
وَأَن لَّا يَكُنَ لِلْإِنسَانِ
إِلَّا مَاسَعَى

٣٢

٣٣

٣٤

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٣٧

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٣٩

- 53:40 and that, indeed, his striving
shall be seen in the Hereafter;
- 53:41 and that then he shall be recompensed for it
with the fullest recompense;
- 53:42 and that to your Lord is the ultimate end;
- 53:43 and that, indeed, it is He
who causes laughter and weeping;
- 53:44 and that, indeed, it is He
who gives death and gives life;
- 53:45 and that it is He
who has created the two mates—
the male and the female—
- 53:46 from a sperm-drop when it is emitted;
- 53:47 and that incumbent upon Him
is the next creation of the Hereafter;
- 53:48 and that, indeed, it is He
who enriches and impoverishes;
- 53:49 and, indeed, it is He
who is the Lord of the star Sirius;
- 53:50 and it is He who destroyed
the first people of the mighty 'Ād.
- 53:51 and the people of Thamūd.
Thus He spared none.
- 53:52 Moreover, the people of Noah,
He destroyed before them.
Indeed,
they were even more godlessly wrongdoing
and more insolent in transgressing.
- 53:53 And the Overturned Towns
of Sodom and Gomorrah—
it is He who overthrew them.
- 53:54 So the rain of stones
that buried them, buried them utterly!
- 53:55 Then which of your Lord's bounties
will you ever dispute?

سُورَةُ النَّجْمِ

الجزء السَّامِعُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

- وَأَنَّ سَعْيَهُ سَوْفَ يُرَى ٤٠
- ثُمَّ يُجْزَاهُ الْجَزَاءُ الْأَوَّلَى ٤١
- وَأَنَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ الْمُنْتَهَى ٤٢
- وَأَنَّهُ هُوَ أَضْحَكَ وَأَبْكَى ٤٣
- وَأَنَّهُ هُوَ أَمَاتٌ وَأَحْيَا ٤٤
- وَأَنَّهُ خَلَقَ الزَّوْجَيْنِ ٤٥
- الذَّكَرَ وَالْأُنثَى ٤٦
- مِنْ نُّطْفَةٍ إِذَا تَأْمَنَى ٤٧
- وَأَنَّ عَلَيْهِ النَّشْأَةَ الْآخِرَى ٤٨
- وَأَنَّهُ هُوَ أَغْنَىٰ وَأَقْنَى ٤٩
- وَأَنَّهُ هُوَ رَبُّ الشَّعَرَى ٥٠
- وَأَنَّهُ أَهْلَكَ عَادًا الْأُولَى ٥١
- وَتَمُودَ إِفَّا الْبَقَى ٥٢
- وَقَوْمَ نُوحٍ مِنْ قَبْلُ ٥٣
- إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا أَكْثَرُ ظُلْمٍ وَأَطْعَى ٥٤
- وَالْمُؤَنِفَكَةَ أَهْوَى ٥٥
- فَغَشَّاهَا مَا عَشَى ٥٦
- فَيَايَا آلَاءَ رَبِّكَ نَتَمَارَى ٥٧

سُورَةُ النَّجْمِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

هَذَا نَذِيرٌ مِّنَ النَّذْرِ الْأُولَىٰ ﴿٥٦﴾

أَزِفَتِ الْأَرْفَةُ ﴿٥٧﴾

لَيْسَ لَهَا مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ كَاشِفَةٌ ﴿٥٨﴾

أَفَمِنْ هَذَا الْحَدِيثِ تَعْجَبُونَ ﴿٥٩﴾

وَتَضْحَكُونَ وَلَا تَبْكُونَ ﴿٦٠﴾

وَأَنْتُمْ سَمِيدُونَ ﴿٦١﴾

فَاعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ وَأَعْبُدُوا ٱلْأَيْمَانَ ﴿٦٢﴾

- 53:56 This 'Quran' is a warning,
 'the very like' of
 the earlier 'Heavenly' warnings:
- 53:57 The Imminent 'Judgment'
 draws ever more imminent.
- 53:58 There is none
 apart from God to unveil it.
- 53:59 Then are you 'who disbelieve'
 astounded by this 'divine' pronouncement
 'of the Quran'?
- 53:60 And will you laugh 'at it in mockery'
 and not weep 'in humility'—
- 53:61 while you are 'utterly' oblivious?
- 53:62 Henceforth,
 shall you bow 'your faces' down to God
 and worship Him 'alone' ﴿۞﴾

Surah 54 / 55 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Qamar

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 54:1 The 'Last' Hour has drawn near!
And the moon has split apart!
- 54:2 But even when these 'disbelievers'
see a 'miraculous' sign,
they turn away and say: Fleeting sorcery!
- 54:3 So they have belied 'the truth'
and followed their whims.
Yet every affair shall be settled.
- 54:4 And sufficient tidings,
wherein there is a grave threat,
have already come to them
- 54:5 in 'the revealed verses
of an' all-reaching wisdom.
Yet the forewarnings do not avail 'them'.
- 54:6 So turn away
from 'the disbelievers among' them,
'O Prophet'.
A Day 'is coming' when the 'Angel'-Summoner
shall summon 'them' to an event
that is utterly horrendous.
- 54:7 Their eyes downcast,
they shall issue forth from the tombs
as if they were swarming locusts,

١ أَقْرَبَ السَّاعَةِ

وَأَنشَقَّ الْقَمَرُ

٢ وَإِن يَرَوْا آيَةً يُعْرِضُوا

وَيَقُولُوا سِحْرٌ مُّسْتَعِجِرٌ

٣ وَكَذَّبُوا

وَاتَّبَعُوا أَهْوَاءَهُمْ

وَكُلُّ أَمْرٍ مُّسْتَقَرٌّ

٤ وَلَقَدْ جَاءَهُمْ

مِّنَ الْأَنْبَاءِ

مَا فِيهِ مَرَدَجَرٌ

٥ حِكْمَةٌ بَلِغَةٌ

فَمَا تَعْنِ النَّذَرُ

٦ فَيَقُولُ عَنْهُمْ

يَوْمَ يَدْعُ الدَّاعِ

إِلَى شَيْءٍ وَكُفْرٍ

٧ خُسَعًا أَبْصَرَهُمْ

سُورَةُ الْقَمَرِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

54:8 darting headlong toward the 'Angel'-Summoner.
The disbelievers shall say:
This is an exceedingly harsh Day!

يَخْرُجُونَ مِنَ الْأَجْدَاثِ
كَأَنَّهُمْ جَرَادٌ مُنْتَشِرٌ
مُهْطِعِينَ إِلَى الدَّاعِ ﴿٨﴾

54:9 *Before those of them
who now belie you, O Prophet,
the people of Noah belied the truth.
Thus they belied Our servant Noah
and said of him: A sheer madman!
And he was gravely threatened.

يَقُولُ الْكَافِرُونَ هَذَا يَوْمٌ عَسِرٌ
كَذَبَتْ قَبْلَهُمْ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ
فَكَذَّبُوا عَبْدَنَا ﴿٩﴾

54:10 So he called upon his Lord, praying:
I am utterly overpowered. So help me.

وَقَالُوا بَجُنُونٌ وَاذْكُرْ
فَدَعَا رَبَّهُ ﴿١٠﴾

54:11 Thus We opened wide the gates of the sky,
with water pouring down in torrents.

أَنِي مَغْلُوبٌ فَانْتَصِرْ
فَفَتَحْنَا أَبْوَابَ السَّمَاءِ ﴿١١﴾

54:12 And We caused the earth to burst forth
with gushing fountains.
Thus the waters of sky and earth met
upon a matter predetermined.

بِمَاءٍ مِنْهُمْ
وَفَجَّرْنَا الْأَرْضَ عُيُونًا
فَالْتَفَى الْمَاءُ عَلَى أَمْرٍ قَدْ فُتِّرَ ﴿١٢﴾

54:13 And We carried him upon
a vessel of planks and nails,

وَحَمَلْنَاهُ عَلَى ذَاتِ الْأَوْجِ وَدُسُرٍ
تَجْرِي بِأَعْيُنِنَا ﴿١٣﴾

54:14 running under the care
of Our watchful Eyes—
a reward for he who was belied.

جَزَاءَ لِمَنْ كَانَ كُفِرَ
وَلَقَدْ تَرَكْنَاهَا آيَةً ﴿١٤﴾

54:15 Then We left it as a sign.
So is there anyone to remember?

فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَكِّرٍ
فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرٍ ﴿١٥﴾

54:16 How awesome, then, was My torment
and the outcome of My forewarnings!

وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا الْقُرْآنَ لِلذِّكْرِ
فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَكِّرٍ ﴿١٦﴾

54:17 And very truly We have made the Quran
easy for remembrance.
So is there anyone to remember?

كَذَّبَتْ عَادٌ
فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرٍ ﴿١٧﴾

54:18 The people of 'Ad belied the revealed truth.
How awesome, then, was My torment
and the outcome of My forewarnings!

إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ رِيحًا صَرْصَرًا
فِي يَوْمٍ تَخِيسُ مُسْتَعْمِرٍ ﴿١٨﴾

54:19 Indeed, We sent against them

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- a thundering, raging-cold wind
on a day of unrelenting misfortune—
54:20 snatching up people and strewing them,
as if they were date-palm stumps uprooted.
54:21 How awesome, then, was My torment
and the outcome of My forewarnings!
54:22 And very truly, We have made the Quran
easy for remembrance.
So is there anyone to remember?
- 54:23 'The people of Thamûd
belied the forewarnings of their messenger'.
54:24 For they said:
Is it a single mortal man
from among ourselves that we are to follow?
In that case, we would, indeed, be utterly lost
in misguidance and raving madness.
54:25 Has the message of God
been cast upon him alone
from among all of us?
Rather, he is a sheer liar,
a mere boaster.
54:26 'God revealed to His messenger:
They shall know tomorrow
who is the sheer liar, the mere boaster.
54:27 Indeed, We shall send
the miraculous she-camel
to them as a sign for you
and a means of trial for them'.
So watch them and have utmost patience.
54:28 Moreover, tell them that their watering place
is to be shared between them
and the she-camel'.
The watering of each
is to be attended in turn on designated days'.

- ٢٠ نَزَعَ النَّاسُ كَانْتُمْ
أَعْجَازُ تَحْلِي مُنْقَعِرٍ
٢١ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنَذِيرٍ
٢٢ وَلَقَدْ يَسِّرْنَا الْقُرْآنَ لِلذِّكْرِ
فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَكِّرٍ
٢٣ كَذَّبَتْ ثَمُودُ بِالنُّذُرِ
٢٤ فَقَالُوا أَبَشَرًا مِثَّا وَجِدَا نَبِيعَهُ
إِنَّا إِذَا لَفَى ضَلَلٍ وَسُعُرٍ
٢٥ أَهْلُ لَفَى الذِّكْرِ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ بَيْنِنَا
بَلْ هُوَ كَذَّابٌ أَشِرٌّ
٢٦ سَيَعْمُونَ غَدًا
مَنْ الْكَذَّابُ الْأَشِرُّ
٢٧ إِنَّا مُرْسِلُوا النَّاقَةَ فَمَنْ لَهُمْ
فَأَرْقَبَتْهُمْ وَأَصْطَبِرْ
٢٨ وَنَبِّئْهُمْ أَنَّ الْمَاءَ قِسْمَةٌ بَيْنَهُمْ
كُلُّ شَرِبٍ مُحْضَرٌّ

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سورة القمر

- 54:29 So those who disbelieved
called for their wretched companion.
So he took up the task, then hamstrung her.
- 54:30 How awesome, then, was My torment
and the outcome of My forewarnings!
- 54:31 For We sent against them
a single fierce blast from the sky—
and they became like the dry stalks
of a corral maker.
- 54:32 And very truly, We have made the Quran
easy for remembrance.
So is there anyone to remember?
- 54:33 The people of Lot belied his forewarnings.
- 54:34 So We sent upon them
a raging storm of lethal pellets—
except for the family of Lot.
We delivered them at night's end,
as a blessing from Us.
- 54:35 Thus do We reward one who gives thanks.
- 54:36 For very truly,
he had forewarned them of Our assault,
but they doubted the forewarnings.
- 54:37 Yet even his guests
did they wickedly solicit of him!
Thus We blotted out their eyes
that night, saying:
Taste, then, the pain of My torment
and the outcome of My forewarnings!
- 54:38 And very truly, an unyielding torment
came upon them in the morning.
- 54:39 So taste, then, the pain of My torment
and the outcome of My forewarnings!
- 54:40 And very truly, We have made the Quran
easy for remembrance.

٢٩ فَادَّوَّاصِحَهُمْ فَغَاطَىٰ فَعَقَرَ

٣٠ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ

٣١ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ صَيْحَةً وَاحِدَةً

فَكَانُوا كَهَشِيمِ الْمُخَضَّبِ

٣٢ وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا الْقُرْآنَ لِلذِّكْرِ

فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَكِّرٍ

٣٣ كَذَّبَتْ قَوْمُ لُوطٍ بِالنُّذُرِ

٣٤ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِمْ حَاصِبًا

إِلَّا آلَ لُوطٍ

بِجَنَّتِهِمْ بِسَحَرٍ

٣٥ نِعْمَةً مِنْ عِنْدِنَا

كَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي مَنْ شَكَرَ

٣٦ وَلَقَدْ أَنْذَرَهُمْ بَطْشَتَنَا

فَتَمَارَوْا بِالنُّذُرِ

٣٧ وَلَقَدْ رَاودُوهُ عَنْ صَيفِيهِ

فَطَمَسْنَا أَعْيُنَهُمْ

فَذُوقُوا عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ

٣٨ وَلَقَدْ صَبَحَهُمْ بِكْرَةٌ

عَذَابٍ مُسْتَقِرٍّ

٣٩ فَذُوقُوا عَذَابِي وَنُذُرِ

٤٠ وَلَقَدْ يَسَّرْنَا الْقُرْآنَ لِلذِّكْرِ

سُورَةُ الْقَمَرِ

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So is there anyone to remember?

- 54:41 Now very truly, 'Our' forewarnings came to the House of Pharaoh.
- 54:42 They too` belied Our 'miraculous' signs—all 'nine' of them.
So We seized them, suddenly,
with the vehement grip
of One who is overpowering, invincible.
- 54:43 Are you disbelievers better
than those 'God destroyed before you'?
Or is that you have immunity
'against punishment
inscribed' in the divine Writs?
- 54:44 Or is that they say:
'United' together, we shall be victorious!
54:45 'United' together, they shall be vanquished—
and they shall turn their backs 'and flee'.
- 54:46 What is more, the Hour 'of Judgment Day'
is their appointed time 'of eternal doom'!
Thus the Hour is more grievous
'than their earthly defeat', and more bitter 'still'.
- 54:47 Indeed, the defiant unbelievers
are 'utterly lost' in misguidance 'in this life'—
and 'lost to the' flames of the Fire,
54:48 the Day they will be dragged
into the Fire 'of Hell' on their faces,
'and it is said':
Taste the touch of 'Hellfire in' Saqar.
- 54:49 Indeed, We have created all things
in 'accordance with a predetermined' measure.
- 54:50 Nor is Our command
'for a thing to be' but a single 'word',
like the twinkling of an eye!
- 54:51 Thus very truly, 'O disbelievers,'

فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَكِّرٍ

٤١ وَلَقَدْ جَاءَ آلَ فِرْعَوْنَ النَّذِيرُ

٤٢ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا كُلِّهَا

٤٣ فَأَخَذْنَاهُمْ أَخَذَ عَزِيزٌ مُقَدِّرٌ

٤٤ أَكْفَارًا كَرِهَ مِنْ أَوَّلِكَرٍ

٤٥ أَمَلِكُمْ بَرَاءَةً فِي الزُّبُرِ

٤٦ أَمْ يَقُولُونَ نَحْنُ جَمِيعٌ مُنْتَصِرُونَ

٤٧ سَيَهْرَمُ الْجَمْعُ وَيُولُونَ الدُّبُرَ

٤٨ بَلِ السَّاعَةُ مَوْعِدُهُمْ

٤٩ وَالسَّاعَةُ أَذْهَى وَأَمْرٌ

٥٠ إِنَّ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

٥١ فِي ضَلَالٍ وَسُعُرٍ

٥٢ يَوْمَ يُسْحَبُونَ فِي النَّارِ

٥٣ عَلَى وُجُوهِهِمْ

٥٤ دُوفُوا مَسَ سَفَرٍ

٥٥ إِنَّا كُلَّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقْنَاهُ بِقَدَرٍ

٥٦ وَمَا أَمْرُنَا إِلَّا وَاحِدَةٌ

٥٧ كَلَمَةٍ بَالْبَصَرِ

سُورَةُ الْقَمَرِ

الجزء الساتع والعشرون

We have destroyed multitudes of your ilk.
So is there anyone to remember?

54:52 Moreover, every single thing
they have ever done in life
is recorded in divine writs.

54:53 For all things, small or great,
are duly inscribed
in the Preserved Book of Heaven.

54:54 As for the God-fearing,
they shall be amid Gardens of Paradise
and rivers,

54:55 in the seat of truth, near an invincible King.

وَلَقَدْ ٥١

أَهْلَكْنَا أَشْيَاعَكُمْ

فَهَلْ مِنْ مُدَكِّرٍ

وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ

فَعَلُوهُ فِي الزُّبُرِ

وَكُلُّ صَغِيرٍ وَكَبِيرٍ مُسْتَطَرٌّ

إِنَّ الْتَّقِينَ فِي جَنَّاتٍ وَنَهَرٍ

فِي مَقْعَدٍ صِدْقٍ

عِنْدَ مَلِكٍ مُقْنَدٍ

٥١

٥٢

٥٣

٥٤

٥٥

Surah 55 / 78 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Rahmân

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 55:1 The All-Merciful 'God'!
- 55:2 He 'alone' has taught the Quran.
- 55:3 He 'alone' has created man.
- 55:4 He 'alone' has taught him expression.
- 55:5 The sun and the moon are in measured course,
'subjugated by Him to a fixed order'.
- 55:6 And 'to Him alone do' the stars and the trees
bow themselves down.
- 55:7 And 'as to' the sky—
it is He 'alone' who has raised it.
Thus it is He 'alone'
who has set the balance 'of all things',
so that you might not
transgress the 'just' balance.
- 55:9 Therefore, shall you establish
weights 'and measures' with justice.
And you shall not 'by fraud'
diminish the balance.
- 55:10 And 'as to' the earth—it is He 'alone'
who has laid it down for all living creatures.
- 55:11 Therein are 'abundant' fruit
and date palms endowed
with 'plenteous' sheaths,

- الرَّحْمٰنُ ١
- عَلَّمَ الْقُرْءَانَ ٢
- خَلَقَ الْاِنْسَانَ ٣
- عَلَّمَهُ الْبَيَانَ ٤
- الشَّمْسُ وَالْقَمَرُ بِحُسْبَانٍ ٥
- وَالنَّجْمُ وَالشَّجَرُ يَسْجُدَانِ ٦
- وَالسَّمَاءَ رَفَعَهَا ٧
- وَوَضَعَ الْمِيزَانَ ٨
- اَلَّا تَطْغَوْا فِي الْمِيزَانِ ٩
- وَأَقِيمُوا الْوَزْنَ بِالْقِسْطِ ١٠
- وَلَا تُخْسِرُوا الْمِيزَانَ ١١
- وَالْاَرْضَ وَضَعَهَا لِلْاَنَامِ ١٢
- فِيهَا فَاكِهَةٌ ١٣
- وَالنَّخْلُ ذَاتُ الْاَكْمَامِ ١٤

سُورَةُ الرَّحْمٰنِ

الْحُزْنُ السَّامِعُ وَالْعَفْرُونَ

- 55:12 and grains of the husk, and sweet-scented basil.
 55:13 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie,
 'O human- and jinn-kind?'
 55:14 He 'alone' has created man from a clay
 like 'that of fashioned' pottery.
 55:15 And He 'alone' has created jinn
 from 'the quintessence of' a flame of fire.
 55:16 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?
 55:17 'He alone is' Lord of the two Easts
 and Lord of the two Wests.
 55:18 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?
 55:19 He 'alone' let forth the two 'great' waters,
 'salty and sweet,
 such that they meet one another.
 55:20 'Yet' between them is a 'perpetual' barrier
 through which neither can pass.
 55:21 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?
 55:22 Out of them both come pearls and coral.
 55:23 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?
 55:24 And His 'alone' are the ships
 running with hoisted sail in the sea
 like mountains.
 55:25 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?
 55:26 All who are upon the earth shall pass away,
 55:27 but everlasting 'to everlasting'
 is the Face of your Lord—
 the Possessor of All Majesty and Honor.
 55:28 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?

وَالْحَبُّ ذُو الْعَصْفِ ١٢

وَالرَّيْحَانُ

فَيَأْتِيءُ الْآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ١٣

خَلَقَ الْإِنْسَانَ ١٤

مِنْ صَلْصَلٍ كَالْفَخَّارِ

وَخَلَقَ الْجَانَّ ١٥

مِنْ مَّارِجٍ مِنْ نَّارٍ

فَيَأْتِيءُ الْآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ١٦

رَبُّ الْمَشْرِقَيْنِ وَرَبُّ الْمَغْرِبَيْنِ ١٧

فَيَأْتِيءُ الْآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ١٨

مَرَجَ الْبَحْرَيْنِ يَلْتَقِيَانِ ١٩

بَيْنَهُمَا بَرْزَخٌ لَا يَتَّعِيَانِ ٢٠

فَيَأْتِيءُ الْآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ٢١

يَخْرُجُ مِنْهُمَا ٢٢

الذَّلْوُ وَالْمَرْجَاتُ

فَيَأْتِيءُ الْآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ٢٣

وَلَهُ الْجَوَارِ الْمُنشَآتُ ٢٤

فِي الْبَحْرِ كَالْأَعْلَامِ

فَيَأْتِيءُ الْآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ٢٥

كُلُّ مَنْ عَلَيْهَا فَانٍ ٢٦

وَبَقِيَ وَجْهُ رَبِّكَ ٢٧

ذُو الْجَلَالِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ

فَيَأْتِيءُ الْآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ٢٨

سُورَةُ الرَّحْمٰنِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

- 55:29 All who are in the heavens and the earth
 'in truth' ask Him 'alone for every need.
 Each and every day it is He 'alone'
 who executes 'every affair' in the universe .
- 55:30 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?
- 55:31 We shall call you to full account,
 O you two burdened ones,
 'O humans and jinn'!
- 55:32 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?
- 55:33 O fellowship of jinn and humans!
 If you are able to penetrate
 through the 'outer' spheres,
 of the heavens and the earth
 'to escape God's Judgment',
 then do so penetrate them.
 Yet never shall you penetrate them,
 but with 'Our overwhelming' authority.
- 55:34 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?
- 55:35 Flares of fire and 'molten' brass
 shall be sent upon you,
 nor shall you be helped.
- 55:36 Then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?
- 55:37 And when the heaven splits
 and becomes rose-red
 like 'thickly flowing' cream,
 then which of your Lord's blessings
 will either of you belie?
- 55:39 For on that Day, then,
 neither human nor jinn
 need be asked about his sin.

يَسْأَلُهُ ﴿٢٩﴾

مَنْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
 كُلُّ يَوْمٍ هُوَ فِي شَأْنٍ

فَيَأْتِيءُ آلَآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿٣٠﴾

سَنَفْرُغُ لَكُمْ أَيَّهَ الثَّقَلَانِ ﴿٣١﴾

فَيَأْتِيءُ آلَآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿٣٢﴾

بِمَعْشَرٍ الْجِنِّ وَالْإِنسِ ﴿٣٣﴾

إِنْ أَسْتَطَعْتُمْ

أَنْ تَنْفُذُوا مِنْ أَقْطَارِ

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

فَانْفُذُوا

لَا تَنْفُذُونَ إِلَّا بِسُلْطَانٍ

فَيَأْتِيءُ آلَآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿٣٤﴾

يُرْسَلُ عَلَيْكُمَا شَوَاظٌ

مِنْ نَّارٍ وَغُحَاسٌ فَلَا تَنْصَرَانِ

فَيَأْتِيءُ آلَآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿٣٥﴾

فَإِذَا انْشَقَّتِ السَّمَاءُ ﴿٣٦﴾

فَكَانَتْ وَرْدَةً كَالدِّهَانِ

فَيَأْتِيءُ آلَآءَ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿٣٧﴾

فَيَوْمَئِذٍ لَا يُسْأَلُ عَنْ ذَنْبِهِ

إِنْسٌ وَلَا جَانٌ ﴿٣٨﴾

يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ

الْحِزْبُ السَّامِعُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

- 55:40 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:41 For the defiant unbelievers
will be known by their 'distinctive' mark,
then seized 'and thrown into Hell'
by the forelocks and the feet.
- 55:42 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:43 'It shall be said, then:
This is the Hell which the defiant unbelievers
did 'in life' belie!
- 55:44 Between its 'Fire'
and 'a spring of' intensely scalding fluid—
back and forth—shall they traverse.
- 55:45 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:46 But for whoever fears standing
'in Judgment' before his Lord,
there are two gardens 'in Paradise awaiting'.
- 55:47 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:48 'Gardens replete' with lush bending boughs.
- 55:49 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:50 All through them both are two running springs.
- 55:51 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:52 All through them both
are all varieties of fruit, in pairs of every kind.
- 55:53 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:54 They 'who attain it' shall be reclining
on 'canopied' spreads,
whose linings are of rich brocade,

﴿١٠﴾ فَإِنِّي ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمْ

تُكَذَّبَانِ

﴿١١﴾ يُعْرِفُ الْمَجْرُمُونَ بِسِمَتِهِمْ

فَيُؤْخَذُ بِالتَّوَصَّى وَالْأَقْدَامِ

﴿١٢﴾ فَإِنِّي ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذَّبَانِ

﴿١٣﴾ هَذِهِ جَهَنَّمُ

الَّتِي يُكَذِّبُ بِهَا الْمَجْرُمُونَ

﴿١٤﴾ يَطُوفُونَ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَ حَمِيمٍ ءَانِ

﴿١٥﴾ فَإِنِّي ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذَّبَانِ

﴿١٦﴾ وَلَمَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ جَنَّاتٍ

﴿١٧﴾ فَإِنِّي ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذَّبَانِ

﴿١٨﴾ ذَوَاتَا أَفْنَانٍ

﴿١٩﴾ فَإِنِّي ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذَّبَانِ

﴿٢٠﴾ فِيهِمَا عَيْنَانِ تَجْرِيَانِ

﴿٢١﴾ فَإِنِّي ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذَّبَانِ

﴿٢٢﴾ فِيهِمَا مِنْ كُلِّ فَاكِهَةٍ زَوْجَانِ

﴿٢٣﴾ فَإِنِّي ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذَّبَانِ

﴿٢٤﴾ مُتَّكِئِينَ عَلَى فُرُشٍ

بَطَائِنُهَا مِنْ إِسْتَبْرَقٍ

- while the fruits of the two gardens
are near at hand.
- 55:55 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:56 All through them both
are maidens, restrained of glance—
whom neither human, nor jinn,
has deflorated before.
- 55:57 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:58 'It is' as though they were 'made
of' rubies and coral.
- 55:59 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:60 Is the reward of goodness
'to be' other than goodness?
- 55:61 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:62 Moreover, apart from them both
there are two other gardens 'in Paradise besides'.
- 55:63 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:64 Both of them are a deeply dense green!
- 55:65 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:66 All through them both are two gushing springs.
- 55:67 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:68 All through them both
are fruits, and date palms, and pomegranates.
- 55:69 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:70 All through them both are the most virtuous,
and loveliest 'companions'.

سُورَةُ الرَّحْمٰنِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

- وَحَيَّ الْجَنَّةِ دَانٍ ٥٥
- فَيَايَءَ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ٥٦
- فِيهِنَّ قَصِيرَتِ الطَّرْفِ ٥٧
- لَمْ يَطْمِئِنَّهُنَّ اِنْسٌ قَبْلَهُمْ ٥٨
- وَلَا جَانٌّ ٥٩
- فَيَايَءَ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ٦٠
- كَانَهُنَّ الْيَاقُوتُ وَالْمَرْجَانُ ٦١
- فَيَايَءَ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ٦٢
- هَلْ جَزَاءُ الْاِحْسَنِ ٦٣
- اِلَّا الْاِحْسَنُ ٦٤
- فَيَايَءَ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا ٦٥
- تُكَذِّبَانِ ٦٦
- وَمِنْ دُونِهِمَا جَنَّتَانِ ٦٧
- فَيَايَءَ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا ٦٨
- تُكَذِّبَانِ ٦٩
- مُدَّهَاتَانِ ٧٠
- فَيَايَءَ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ٧١
- فِيهِمَا عَيْنَانِ نَضَّاخَتَانِ ٧٢
- فَيَايَءَ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا ٧٣
- تُكَذِّبَانِ ٧٤
- فِيهِمَا قَنْطَرَةُ وَنَخْلٌ وَرُمَّانٌ ٧٥
- فَيَايَءَ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ٧٦
- فِيهِنَّ خَيْرَتٌ حَسَانٌ ٧٧
- فَيَايَءَ الْآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ٧٨

سُورَةُ الرَّحْمٰنِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

- 55:71 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:72 Wide-eyed beauties, cloistered in pavilions—
- 55:73 then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?—
- 55:74 whom neither human, nor jinn,
has deflorated before.
- 55:75 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:76 'Therein' are they reclined
upon 'lush' green cushions
and beauteous carpets, woven fine.
- 55:77 Then which of your Lord's blessings
will either of you belie?
- 55:78 Blessed be the name of your Lord,
the Possessor of All Majesty and Honor.

حُورٌ مَّقْصُورَاتٌ فِي الْبُيُوتِ ٧٢

فِي أَيِّ ءَالٍ زِينَتُهُنَّ مُكَدِّرَاتٍ ٧٣

لَمْ يَطْعَمْنَ ٧٤

إِنْسٌ قَبْلَهُمْ وَلَا جَانٌّ ٧٥

فِي أَيِّ ءَالٍ زِينَتُهُنَّ مُكَدِّرَاتٍ ٧٦

مُتَكَبِّرِينَ عَلَى رَفْرَفٍ خُضِرٍ ٧٧

وَعَبَقَرِي حَسَانٍ ٧٨

فِي أَيِّ ءَالٍ زِينَتُهُنَّ مُكَدِّرَاتٍ ٧٩

بَنَزَلَهُمْ رَبُّكَ وَنَزَلَ عَلَيْهِمْ ٨٠

ذِي الْمَلَكُوتِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ ٨١

Surah 56 / 96 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Wâqî'ah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 56:1 When the Indisputable Event
of the Last Hour` occurs,
56:2 no one, then, shall belie its occurrence!
56:3 For some, it shall be` abasing;
for others,` exalting.
56:4 When the earth is shaken
with` a mighty shaking,
56:5 and when the mountains are pounded
with` a mighty pounding,
56:6 such that they become as scattered dust,
56:7 it is` then that you` human beings
shall have been` resurrected as` three sorts:
56:8 The Companions of the Right,
and how` very` blessed
are the Companions of the Right!
56:9 And the Companions of the Left,
and how woeful
are the Companions of the Left!
56:10 And the Forerunners` in faith`
are the` unrivaled` Forerunners
in reward in the Hereafter`!
56:11 It is these who shall be brought nearest` to God`
56:12 in the Gardens of Delight` of Paradise`!

- ١ إِذَا وَقَعَتِ الْوَاقِعَةُ
٢ لَيْسَ لَوْقَعِهَا كَاذِبَةٌ
٣ خَافِضَةٌ رَّافِعَةٌ
٤ إِذَا رُجَّتِ الْأَرْضُ رَجًا
٥ وَبُسَّتِ الْجِبَالُ بَسًا
٦ فَكَانَتْ هَبَاءً مُنْبَثًا
٧ وَكُنْتُمْ أَزْوَاجًا ثَلَاثَةً
٨ فَأَصْحَابُ الْمَيْمَنَةِ
٩ مَا أَصْحَابُ الْمَشْأَمَةِ
١٠ وَالسَّيِّئُونَ السَّيِّئُونَ
١١ أُولَئِكَ الْمَقَرُّونَ
١٢ فِي جَنَّاتِ النَّعِيمِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحُجَّةُ السَّامِعُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

- 56:13 They are a multitude
from the first generations ,
56:14 but very few from the latter generations—
56:15 at leisure therein ,
upon settees richly encrusted
with gold and gems,
56:16 reclining on them, facing one another in joy .
56:17 Going round serving them
are immortal youths,
56:18 with chalices, and decanters,
and a cup from a flowing spring of wine .
56:19 From it they suffer
neither headache nor intoxication.
56:20 Moreover, they shall have fruits,
of whatever kind they would select;
56:21 and the flesh of fowl,
from whatever sort they should desire—
56:22 and wide-eyed beauties to wed,
56:23 who look as though they were
well-preserved pearls—
56:24 all in reward from God for all the good
that they used to do in life .
56:25 They shall not hear therein vile talk,
nor sinful speech—
56:26 but only the saying of the salutation :
Peace! And more peace!

56:27 As for the Companions of the Right,
how blessed shall it be, then,
for the Companions of the Right—
56:28 amidst thornless lote-trees,
56:29 and trees of clustered bananas,
56:30 and shade far-spreading,
56:31 and water ever-flowing,
56:32 and fruit aplenty—

ثَلَاثَةٌ مِنَ الْأَوَّلِينَ ١٣

وَقَلِيلٌ مِنَ الْآخِرِينَ ١٤

عَلَى سُرُرٍ مَوْضُونَةٍ ١٥

مُتَّكِئِينَ عَلَيْهَا مُتَقَابِلِينَ ١٦

يَطُوفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وِلْدَانٌ مُخَلَّدُونَ ١٧

يَأْكُوبُ وَأَبَارِيقُ ١٨

وَكَأْسٍ مِنْ مَعِينٍ

لَا يَصْدَعُونَ عَنْهَا وَلَا يُزْفُونَ ١٩

وَفَكَهَةٍ مِمَّا يَتَخِفُّونَ ٢٠

وَلَحْمِ طَيْرٍ مِمَّا يَشْتَهُونَ ٢١

وَحُورٍ عِينٍ ٢٢

كَأَمْثَلِ اللَّوْلِيِّ الْمَكُونِ ٢٣

جَرَاءٍ يَمَّا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ٢٤

لَا يَسْمَعُونَ فِيهَا لَغْوًا وَلَا تَأْتِيهِمَا ٢٥

إِلَّا قِيلًا سَلَامًا سَلَامًا ٢٦

وَأَصْحَابُ الْيَمِينِ ٢٧

مَا أَصْحَابُ الْيَمِينِ

فِي سِدْرٍ مَخْضُودٍ ٢٨

وَطَلْحٍ مَنْضُودٍ ٢٩

وَطَلْحٍ مَمْدُودٍ ٣٠

وَمَاءٍ مَسْكُوبٍ ٣١

وَفَكَهَةٍ كَثِيرَةٍ ٣٢

- 56:33 neither failing, nor forbidden—
 56:34 and elevated furnishing!
 56:35 So too, indeed, shall We bring forth
 'their wives from the world'
 in a 'most' perfect creation.
 56:36 Behold! We shall have made them virgins,
 56:37 forever loving, and of equal age—
 56:38 'all' for the Companions of the 'blessed' Right.
 56:39 They are a multitude from the first 'generations',
 56:40 and a multitude from the latter 'generations'.
- 56:41 But as for the Companions of the Left,
 how 'woeful' shall it be then
 for the Companions of the Left—
 56:42 amidst blowing heat and scalding fluid,
 56:43 and billowing-thick, darkened smoke,
 56:44 with nothing cooling or soothing!
 56:45 For indeed, before this 'in the world',
 they were indulged in 'forbidden' luxury.
 56:46 And they persisted in 'committing'
 the great perfidy 'against God':
 56:47 For they used to say 'in life':
 When we are dead
 and have become 'mere' dust and bones,
 are we, indeed, to be raised up
 'alive for Judgment'—
 56:48 and so too our fathers of old?
 56:49 Say 'to them':
 Indeed, the first 'of you' and the last 'of you'
 56:50 shall be gathered together
 at a predestined instant on a Well-Known Day!
 56:51 Then, indeed, all of you—
 O you who are misguided believers,
 'deniers of truth'—
 56:52 you shall, most surely, eat

سُورَةُ الْوَاقِعَةِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

- لَا مَقْطُوعَةٍ وَلَا مَمْنُوعَةٍ ٣٣
 وَفُرُشٌ مَّرْفُوعَةٍ ٣٤
 إِنَّا أَنشَأْنَهُمْ إِنِشَاءً ٣٥
 فَعَمَلْنَهُمْ أَفْكَارًا ٣٦
 عَرَبًا أَتْرَابًا ٣٧
 لِأَصْحَابِ الْيَمِينِ ٣٨
 ثَلَاثَةٌ مِنَ الْأَوَّلِينَ ٣٩
 وَثَلَاثَةٌ مِنَ الْآخِرِينَ ٤٠
 وَأَصْحَابُ الشِّمَالِ ٤١
 مَا أَصْحَابُ الشِّمَالِ ٤٢
 فِي سَمُومٍ وَجَمِيمٍ ٤٣
 وَظِلٍّ مِنْ يَحْتُمِيمٍ ٤٤
 لَا بَارِدٍ وَلَا كَرِيمٍ ٤٥
 إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا قَبْلَ ذَلِكَ
 مُتْرَفِينَ ٤٦
 وَكَانُوا يُصِرُّونَ ٤٧
 عَلَى الْحَنَنِ الْعَظِيمِ ٤٨
 وَكَانُوا يَقُولُونَ ٤٩
 أَيُّذَا مِتْنَا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعِظَامًا
 أَإِنَّا لَمَبْعُوثُونَ ٥٠
 أَوَآبَاءُنَا الْأَوَّلُونَ ٥١
 قُلْ إِنَّ الْأَوَّلِينَ وَالْآخِرِينَ
 لَمَجْمُوعُونَ ٥٢
 إِلَى مِيقَاتٍ يَوْمَ مَعْلُومٍ ٥٣
 ثُمَّ إِنَّكُمْ أَيْهَا الضَّالُّونَ الْمُكَذِّبُونَ
 لَأَكُونُ مِنْ شَجَرٍ مِّنْ رُّقُومٍ ٥٤

سُورَةُ الْوَاقِعَةِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

- from the 'Impalatable' Tree of Zaqqûm
 'from the nethermost of Hell'.
 56:53 Then from it shall you fill your bellies.
 56:54 Then along with it
 shall you drink of a scalding fluid.
 56:55 Thus shall you drink,
 as a thirst-mad camel drinks!
 56:56 Such shall be their hospitality
 on the Day of Judgment!
- 56:57 It is We 'alone'
 who have created you, 'O humanity'.
 Will you 'not', then,
 accept the truth 'of Resurrection'?
- 56:58 Have you considered the semen you emit?
 56:59 Do you yourselves create it?
 Or is it We who are the creators 'of it'?
- 56:60 We 'alone' have decreed death among you—
 and 'in this' We shall never be overcome.
 56:61 We shall replace you, 'whenever We so will,'
 with any likeness of you!
 Thus shall We bring you forth 'again'
 in a form you do not 'even' know.
- 56:62 Yet, truly, you have known 'your' first creation.
 Will you not, then, become mindful
 'of the One who has made it'?
- 56:63 Have you considered what you till?
 56:64 Do you yourselves grow its 'plants'?
 Or is it We who make them grow?
 56:65 If We so will,
 We shall turn it into crumbling stubble.
 And you shall forever lament, 'saying':
 56:66 Indeed, we are desolated!
 56:67 Rather, we have become destitute!

- فَالْيَوْمَ مِنْهَا الْبَطُونُ ﴿٥٣﴾
 فَشَرِبُوا عَلَيْهِ مِنَ الْغَمِيمِ ﴿٥٤﴾
 فَشَرِبُوا شَرِبَ الْغَمِيمِ ﴿٥٥﴾
 هَذَا نَزَّلْنَاهُ يَوْمَ الدِّينِ ﴿٥٦﴾
 فَخَنَّا خَلَقْنَكُمْ فَلَوْلَا تَصَدَّقُونَ ﴿٥٧﴾
 أَفَرَأَيْتُمْ مَا كَانُوا يَفْعَلُونَ ﴿٥٨﴾
 أَأَنْتُمْ تَخْلُقُونَهُ ۚ ﴿٥٩﴾
 أَمْ نَحْنُ الْخَالِقُونَ ﴿٦٠﴾
 نَحْنُ قَدَرْنَا بَيْنَكُمْ الْمَوْتَ ۚ ﴿٦١﴾
 وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمَسْبُوبِينَ ﴿٦٢﴾
 عَلَيْنَا أَنْ نَبْدِلَ أَهْلَكُمُ ﴿٦٣﴾
 وَنُنشِئَكُمْ فِي مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٦٤﴾
 وَلَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمُ النَّشْأَةَ الْأُولَىٰ ﴿٦٥﴾
 فَلَوْلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿٦٦﴾
 أَفَرَأَيْتُمْ مَا تَحْرُثُونَ ﴿٦٧﴾
 أَأَنْتُمْ تَزْرَعُونَهُ ۚ ﴿٦٨﴾
 أَمْ نَحْنُ الزَّارِعُونَ ﴿٦٩﴾
 لَوْ نَشَاءُ لَجَعَلْنَاهُ حُطَبًا ﴿٧٠﴾
 فَظَلَمْتُمْ تَفَكَّهُونَ ﴿٧١﴾
 إِنَّا لَمُعْرِضُونَ ﴿٧٢﴾

- 56:68 Have you considered the water that you drink?
 56:69 Did you yourselves
 bring it down from the clouds?
 Or is it We who send it down?
 56:70 If We so will, We shall at once
 cause it to become acrid.
 Will you not, then, give thanks?
- 56:71 Do you see the fire that you kindle?
 56:72 Did you yourselves bring forth the tree
 that kindles and fuels it?
 Or is it We who brought it forth?
 56:73 We alone have made it a reminder of Hellfire
 and a provision of survival and security
 for those who trek in the wilderness.
 56:74 So highly exalt the name of your Lord,
 the Magnificent.
- 56:75 *But no, indeed!
 I do swear by the positions of the stars!
 56:76 And it is, most surely, a great oath,
 if only you were to know its magnitude.
 56:77 Indeed, this is, most surely, a gracious Quran
 56:78 in a Book, well-preserved in Heaven.
 56:79 No one touches it, but the purified.
 56:80 It is a revelation sent down
 from the Lord of All the Worlds.
 56:81 Then is this the Heavenly discourse
 that you would slight?
 56:82 And do you render due thanks
 to God for your provision
 by belying His promise of Resurrection?
 56:83 If that is so, then why do you not
 hold back the soul of the dying
 when it reaches the throat?

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- بَلْ نَحْنُ مَحْرُومُونَ ٦٧
 أَفَرَأَيْتُمُ الْمَاءَ الَّذِي تَشْرَبُونَ ٦٨
 ءَأَنْتُمْ أَنْزَلْتُمُوهُ مِنَ الْمُزْنِ ٦٩
 أَمْ نَحْنُ الْمُنْزِلُونَ ٧٠
 لَوْ نَشَاءُ جَعَلْنَاهُ أُجَاجًا ٧١
 فَلَوْلَا تَشْكُرُونَ ٧٢
 أَفَرَأَيْتُمُ النَّارَ الَّتِي تُورُونَ ٧٣
 ءَأَنْتُمْ أَنْشَأْتُمْ شَجَرَهَا ٧٤
 أَمْ نَحْنُ الْمُنْشِئُونَ ٧٥
 نَحْنُ جَعَلْنَاهَا تَذْكِرَةً ٧٦
 وَمَتَعًا لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٧٧
 فَسَبِّحْ ٧٨
 بِأَسْمِ رَبِّكَ الْعَظِيمِ ٧٩
 * فَلَا أَقْسَمُ ٨٠
 بِمَوَاقِعِ النُّجُومِ ٨١
 وَإِنَّهُ لَقَسَمٌ ٨٢
 لَوْ تَعْلَمُونَ عَظِيمٌ ٨٣
 إِنَّهُ لَقُرْءَانٌ كَرِيمٌ ٨٤
 فِي كِتَابٍ مَكْنُونٍ ٨٥
 لَا يَمَسُّهُ إِلَّا الْمُطَهَّرُونَ ٨٦
 تَنْزِيلٌ مِنْ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ٨٧
 أَفَيْهَذَا الْحَدِيثِ أَنْتُمْ مُدْهِنُونَ ٨٨
 وَتَجْعَلُونَ رِزْقَكُمْ ٨٩
 أَنْتُمْ تُكَذِّبُونَ ٩٠
 فَلَوْلَا إِذَا بَلَغَتِ الْحُلُقُومَ ٩١

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- 56:84 Yet all the while you are 'helplessly' looking on.
 56:85 Rather, it is We 'alone'
 who are, most surely,
 nearer to the 'one dying' than you.
 But you do not see.
 56:86 Then why is it—
 if you are not to be summoned to Judgment
 'as you allege'—that you do not
 56:87 bring 'the soul' back, if, indeed, you are truthful?
 56:88 Yet, most surely, if 'the one dying'
 is of those to be brought nearest 'to God'—
 56:89 then 'for such a one' there shall be serenity,
 and 'the fragrance' of sweet-scented basil,
 and a Garden of Delights 'in Paradise'.
 56:90 And if he is of the Companions of the Right,
 56:91 then 'it shall be said': Peace to you!
 'For you are'
 of the Companions of the 'blessed' Right.
 56:92 But if he is of the beliers,
 the misguided 'deniers of truth',
 56:93 then 'for such a one' there is the hospitality
 of a scalding fluid
 56:94 and roasting in Hellfire!
 56:95 Indeed, this is, most surely,
 with all certainty, the utter truth.
 56:96 So highly exalt the name of your Lord,
 the Magnificent.

وَأَنْتُمْ حِينِيذٍ تَنْظُرُونَ ٨٤

وَمَعَكُمْ أَقْرَبُ إِلَيْهِ مِنْكُمْ ٨٥

وَلَكِنْ لَا تَنْصُرُونَ

فَلَوْلَا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ غَيْرَ مَدِينِينَ ٨٦

تَرْجِعُونَهَا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ٨٧

فَلَمَّا إِنْ كَانَ مِنَ الْمُقَرَّبِينَ ٨٨

فَرُوحٌ وَرِيحَانٌ وَجَنَّتٌ يَنعِيمٌ ٨٩

وَأَمَّا إِنْ كَانَ ٩٠

مِنْ أَصْحَابِ الْيَمِينِ

فَسَلَامٌ لَكَ مِنْ أَصْحَابِ الْيَمِينِ ٩١

وَأَمَّا إِنْ كَانَ ٩٢

مِنَ الْمُكَذِبِينَ الضَّالِّينَ

فَنَزْلٌ مِنْ حَمِيمٍ ٩٣

وَنَصْلَةٌ جَمِيمٌ ٩٤

إِنَّ هَذَا لَهُوَ حَقُّ الْيَقِينِ ٩٥

فَسَبِّحْ بِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ الْعَظِيمِ ٩٦

Surah 57 / 29 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Hadîd

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 57:1 All that is in the heavens and the earth
highly exalt God.
For He 'alone'
is the Overpowering 'One', the All-Wise.
- 57:2 To Him 'alone' belongs all dominion
over the heavens and the earth.
He 'alone' gives life.
And He 'alone' gives death.
For He is powerful over all things.
- 57:3 He is the First and the Last,
and the Manifest and the Hidden.
And He 'alone' is all-knowing of all things.
- 57:4 He 'alone' is the One
who has created the heavens and the Earth
in 'a span of six' Heavenly days.
Then, 'befittingly',
He settled Himself over the Throne.
He 'alone' knows
all that penetrates into the earth,
and all that issues from it,
and all that descends from the heaven,
and all that ascends into it.
Moreover, He is with you wherever you are.

سَبِّحَ لِلَّهِ ①
مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ②
يُحْيِي وَيُمِيتُ
وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
هُوَ الْأَوَّلُ وَالْآخِرُ ③
وَالظَّاهِرُ وَالْبَاطِنُ
وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ
هُوَ الَّذِي ④
خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ
فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ
ثُمَّ اسْتَوَى عَلَى الْعَرْشِ
يَعْلَمُ مَا يَلِجُ فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَمَا يَخْرُجُ مِنْهَا

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For God 'alone' is all-seeing of all that you do.

57:5 To Him 'alone' belongs all dominion
over the heavens and the earth.

Thus to God 'alone' are all matters returned
'for just Judgment'.

57:6 He 'alone' makes the night
penetrate into the daylight.

And He 'alone' makes the daylight
penetrate into the night.

And He 'alone'
is all-knowing of all that is 'harbored'
within the breast 'of people'.

57:7 You shall believe in God 'alone'
and His Messenger!

And you shall spend 'charitably'
out of that 'wealth'
over which He has made you trustees.

Then 'as to' those of you
who have thus believed and spent,
'know that' for them
there is a great reward 'awaiting'
in the Hereafter.

57:8 So what is it with you, 'O human beings,'
that you 'still' do not believe in God,
while the Messenger calls you

to believe in your Lord,
and 'while God Himself'
has already taken 'from you'
your covenant 'of faith'
in a pre-earthly existence —
if ever you shall be believers?

57:9 He 'alone' is the One
who sends down upon His servant,
'Muhammad, these 'clear verses 'of guidance',
to bring 'all of' you out

وَمَا يَنْزِلُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ

وَمَا يَرْجِعُ فِيهَا

وَهُوَ مَعَكُمْ أَيْنَ مَا كُنْتُمْ

وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ

لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ٥

وَالِلَّهِ تُرْجِعُ الْأُمُورُ

يُورِثُ اللَّيْلُ فِي النَّهَارِ ٦

وَيُورِثُ النَّهَارُ فِي اللَّيْلِ

وَهُوَ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

ءَامِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ٧

وَأَنْفِقُوا مِمَّا جَعَلَكُمْ

مُسْتَخْلِفِينَ فِيهِ

فَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مِنْكُمْ

وَأَنْفَقُوا لَهُمْ أَجْرٌ كَبِيرٌ

وَمَا لَكُمْ لَا تُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ ٨

وَالرَّسُولُ يَدْعُوكُمْ

لِلتَّوْمِنِ بِرَبِّكُمْ

وَقَدْ أَخَذَ مِنْكُمْ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ

هُوَ الَّذِي يُنَزِّلُ ٩

عَلَى عَبْدٍ مِّنْ دُونِهِ يَنْتَظِرُ

لِيُخْرِجَكُمْ

مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ

from the veils of darkness
into the light of faith and guidance.

For, indeed, God alone is all-kind
and mercy-giving to you.

- 57:10 Then what is with you believers
that you do not spend charitably
in the path of God,
while to God alone
belongs the inevitable heritage
of the heavens and the earth?
Not equal among yourselves
in the sight of God
are those who have spent charitably
and fought in the path of God
before the victory at Makkah
and those who did not.
Those who did are greater in rank
than those who spent charitably
and fought in the path of God thereafter.
Yet to each God has promised great goodness
in the Hereafter.

For God is all-aware of all that you do.

- 57:11 Who is it that shall loan to God
a goodly loan for His cause,
so that He shall multiply it for him,
such that for him
there shall be a gracious reward
awaiting in the Hereafter?

- 57:12 On that Day, you shall see
the believing men and believing women—
their own light streaming
before them and to their right.
It shall be said to them:
The glad tidings for you this Day
are Gardens beneath which rivers flow,

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وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِكُمْ لَرَءُوفٌ رَحِيمٌ

وَمَا لَكُمْ

١٠

أَلَّا تُنْفِقُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ

وَلِلَّهِ مِيرَاثُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

لَا يَسْتَوِي مِنْكُمْ

مَنْ أَنْفَقَ مِنْ قَبْلِ الْفَتْحِ

وَقَنْتَلُ أَوْلِيَاكَ أَكْثَرُ دَرَجَةً

مِنَ الَّذِينَ أَنْفَقُوا مِنْ بَعْدِ

وَقَتَلُوا وَلَوْ كَلَّا

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْخَسَفَ

وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ

مَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يُقْرِضُ اللَّهَ

١١

قَرْضًا حَسَنًا فَيُضَاعِفَهُ لَهُ

وَلَهُ أَجْرٌ كَرِيمٌ

يَوْمَ تَرَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ

١٢

يَسْعَى نُورُهُمْ

بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَبِأَيْمَانِهِمْ

بُشْرَانَكُمْ الْيَوْمَ جَنَّاتٌ

تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا

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wherein you shall abide forever.

It is this that is the magnificent triumph!

57:13 On that Day,
the hypocrite men and the hypocrite women
shall say to those who have believed:

Wait for us, that we may borrow
from your light!

It shall be said in mockery of them:

Return back to retrieve the faith
you left behind you in the world,
and seek for yourselves light!

Thereupon a wall that has a door
shall be imposed between them.

Within its interior, there is all mercy.

But in front of its outward side,
there is only torment.

57:14 The 'hypocrites' shall cry out to the 'believers':
Were we not with you in life?

They shall say: Oh yes, indeed!

But you tempted your own souls to duplicity.

And with eager anticipation
you awaited our demise.

For you doubted faith and this Resurrection.

For worldly fancies deluded you—

until at last God's decree of death
came to pass against you.

Thus Satan the Deluder has deluded you,
with regard to God.

57:15 Therefore, this Day,
no ransom shall be taken from you,
nor from any of those
who in life disbelieved in the One God.
Thus the abode of all of you is the Fire of Hell.
It is now your refuge—
and a most woeful destination it is!

ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ

يَوْمَ يَقُولُ ١٣

الْمُنَافِقُونَ وَالْمُنَافِقَاتُ

لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

اَنْظُرُونَا نَقْتَسِمَ مِنْ نُورِكُمْ

قِيلَ اَرْجِعُوا وِرَاءَكُمْ

فَالْتَمِسُوا نُورًا

فَضْرِبَ بَيْنَهُمْ سُوْرًا لِمَبَابِ

بَاطِنُهُ فِيهِ الرَّحْمَةُ

وَوَظَاهِرُهُ مِنْ قِبَلِهِ الْعَذَابُ

يُنَادُوْهُمْ اَلَمْ نَكُنْ مَعَكُمْ ١٤

قَالُوا بَلَىٰ

وَلَكِنْ كُنْتُمْ فَنَنْتُمْ اَنْفُسَكُمْ

وَتَرَبَّصْتُمْ وَارْتَبْتُمْ

وَعَرَّيْتُمْ الْاَمَانِي

حَتَّىٰ جَاءَ اَمْرُ اللّٰهِ

وَعَرَّيْتُمْ بِاللّٰهِ الْعُرُوْرُ

قَالِيَوْمَ لَا يُوْخَذُ مِنْكُمْ وِدِيَّةٌ ١٥

وَلَا مِنَ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا

مَا وُتِبْكُمْ النَّارُ هِيَ مَوْلٰىكُمْ

وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيْرُ

- 57:16 *Is it not time for those who truly believe that their hearts be humbled at the remembrance of God and at the utterance of the truth that has been sent down. So let them forsake excessive jesting and diversion and not be like those who were given the Scripture before them; for a long duration of heedlessness passed over them. Thus their hearts became hardened. And many of them are now ungodly.
- 57:17 Know that it is God alone who gives life to the earth after its death. We have now certainly made clear to you the manifest signs of God's creative power, so that you may reflect on them and understand.
- 57:18 Indeed, the charitable men and the charitable women—who have therewith loaned God a goodly loan—shall have it multiplied for them by their Lord. So for them, there is a gracious reward awaiting in the Hereafter.
- 57:19 As for those who have believed in God and in His messengers, it is these who are the upholders of revealed truth. As to the martyrs and the witnesses to God—in the very providence of their Lord is their reward and their light. But those who have disbelieved and belied Our revealed signs,

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﴿١٦﴾ **أَلَمْ يَأْنِ لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا**
أَنْ تَخْشَعَ قُلُوبُهُمْ
لِذِكْرِ اللَّهِ
وَمَا نَزَلَ مِنَ الْحَقِّ
وَلَا يَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ
أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ مِنْ قَبْلُ
فَطَالَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْأَمَدُ
فَقَسَتْ قُلُوبُهُمْ
وَكَثِيرٌ مِنْهُمْ فَيَسْقُوتُ
أَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ
يَحْيِي الْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ مَوْتِهَا
قَدْ بَيَّنَّا لَكُمُ الْآيَاتِ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ

﴿١٧﴾ **إِنَّ الْأَمْصِرِينَ وَالْمَصْدِقَاتِ**
وَأَقْرَضُوا اللَّهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا
يُضَاعَفُ لَهُمْ
وَلَهُمْ أَجْرٌ كَرِيمٌ
وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ
أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الصَّادِقُونَ
وَالشَّهَدَاءُ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ
لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ وَنُورُهُمْ
وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
وَكَذَّبُوا آيَاتِنَا
أُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْجَحِيمِ

سُورَةُ الْحَدِيدِ

الْحَدِيدُ السَّاعِ وَالْمُتَرُونَ

these are the Companions of Hellfire.

57:20 Know that the life of this world
is but play and amusement,
and 'sheer' adornment,
and a cause for boasting among yourselves,
and 'an arena of' vying in wealth
and 'in' children.

Its parable is 'that of' a 'nourishing' rainfall,
the herbage from which
pleases the tillers of soil.

But then it dries up,
so that you see it turning yellow.
Then it becomes crumbling stubble.
'Even' so shall there be in the Hereafter
severe torment,

as well as the forgiveness of God
and 'His good' pleasure.

For the life of this world is nothing
but the 'mere' enjoyment of a delusion.

57:21 Race 'one another'
to the forgiveness of your Lord—
and to a Garden 'of Paradise',
whose breadth is as the breadth
of 'all' heaven and earth,
prepared for those who believe in God
and 'in' His messengers.

That is the bounty of God.

He gives it to whomever He so wills.

For God 'alone'
is the Possessor of Magnificent Bounty.

57:22 Not a single affliction befalls in the earth,
or among yourselves,
'or a blessing,' but it is 'already written'
in a Book 'preserved in Heaven'
before We create it 'to try you'.
Indeed, that for God is 'ever so' easy.

أَعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا

٢٠

لَعِبٌ وَهُوَ زِينَةٌ

وَتَفَاخُرٌ بَيْنَكُمْ

وَتَكَاثُرٌ فِي الْأَمْوَالِ وَالْأَوْلَادِ

كَشَلٍ غَيْثٍ

أَعْجَبَ الْكَفَّارَ نَبَاتُهُ

ثُمَّ يَسْجُجُ فَنَرُّهُ مُضْفَرًا

ثُمَّ يَكُونُ حُطَمًا

وَفِي الْآخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ

وَمَغْفِرَةٌ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَرِضْوَانٌ

وَمَا الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا

إِلَّا مَتَاعُ الْغُرُورِ

سَابِقُوا إِلَىٰ مَغْفِرَةٍ

٢١

مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ وَجَنَّةٍ عَرْضُهَا

كَعَرْضِ السَّمَاءِ وَالْأَرْضِ

أُعِدَّتْ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ ذَٰلِكَ

فَضْلُ اللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَن يَشَاءُ

وَاللَّهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيمِ

مَا أَصَابَ مِنْ مُّصِيبَةٍ

٢٢

فِي الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ

إِلَّا فِي كِتَابٍ

مِّن قَبْلِ أَنْ نَبْرَأَهَا

إِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرٌ

- 57:23 Know this so that you do not grieve over what escapes you, nor exult over what comes to you, for God loves no swaggering, boaster—
- 57:24 nor those who are miserly and enjoin miserliness on people. Thus whoever turns away from giving in God's cause — then know that, indeed, it is God alone who is the Self-Sufficient One, the All-Praised.
- 57:25 Very truly, We have sent Our messengers to humanity with clear and miraculous proofs that confirmed their messages. And We sent down with each of them a Heavenly Book to guide their people, along with the just balance, so that people might establish justice in the earth. Moreover, We sent down iron from the heavens, in which there is mighty force, and in which there are many benefits for all people; and so also that God might make known who supports Him and His messengers, though unseen. Indeed, God alone is all-powerful, overpowering.
- 57:26 So very truly, We did, indeed, send Noah and Abraham as messengers. Thus We placed prophethood and the Scripture among their seed. So some of them were rightly guided. But many of them were ungodly.
- 57:27 Then We sent following upon their traces,

سُورَةُ الْحَدِيدِ

الْحِزْبُ السَّامِعُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

لِكَيْ لَا تَأْسَوْا
عَلَى مَا فَاتَكُمْ وَلَا تَفْرَحُوا
بِمَا آتَاكُمْ
وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ
كُلَّ مُخْتَالٍ فَخُورٍ
الَّذِينَ يَبْخُلُونَ
وَيَأْمُرُونَ النَّاسَ بِالْبَخْلِ
وَمَنْ يَتَوَلَّ
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْغَنِيُّ الْحَمِيدُ
لَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا رُسُلَنَا
بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ وَأَنْزَلْنَا مَعَهُمُ
الْكِتَابَ وَالْمِيزَانَ
لِيُقِمْ النَّاسُ بِالْقِسْطِ
وَأَنْزَلْنَا الْحَدِيدَ
فِيهِ بَأْسٌ شَدِيدٌ
وَمَنْفَعٌ لِلنَّاسِ وَلِيَعْلَمَ اللَّهُ
مَنْ يَنْصُرُهُ وَرُسُلَهُ بِالْغَيْبِ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ قَوِيٌّ عَزِيزٌ
وَلَقَدْ أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا وَإِبْرَاهِيمَ
وَجَعَلْنَا فِي ذُرِّيَّتِهِمَا
النُّبُوَّةَ وَالْكِتَابَ
فَمِنْهُمْ مُهْتَدٍ
وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمْ فَاسِقُونَ
ثُمَّ قَفَّيْنَا
عَلَىٰ آثَرِهِمْ رُسُلَنَا

many more of Our messengers.
 And We followed them up with Jesus,
 son of Mary.
 So We gave him the Evangel
 as a Heavenly Book.
 And We placed in the hearts
 of those who followed him
 loving-kindness and mercy.
 But as for the tradition of monasticism—
 they themselves invented it.
 Never did We prescribe it for them,
 but only that they seek the pleasure of God.
 Yet they did not observe this ordinance
 with its rightfully due observance.
 So We gave those who believed among them
 their reward.
 But many of them were ungodly.

- 57:28 O you who believe! Be ever God-fearing!
 And believe in His Messenger!
 He shall then give you
 a double share of His mercy.
 Moreover, He shall make for you a light,
 by which you shall walk always in His way.
 Thus He shall forgive you.
 For God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 57:29 So it is that the People of the Scripture
 may know, indeed, that they have no power
 over anything of God's bounty;
 and that, indeed,
 all bounty is in the Hand of God alone.
 He gives it to whomever He so wills.
 For God alone
 is the Possessor of Magnificent Bounty.

سُورَةُ الْحَدِيدِ

الجزء السابع والعشرون

وَفَقَيْنَا يَحْيَى ابْنَ مَرْيَمَ
 وَآتَيْنَاهُ الْإِنْجِيلَ
 وَجَعَلْنَا
 فِي قُلُوبِ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوهُ
 رَأْفَةً وَرَحْمَةً
 وَرَهَابَانَةٌ اتَّخَذُواهَا
 مَا كَتَبْنَا عَلَيْهَا
 إِلَّا ابْتِغَاءَ رِضْوَانِ اللَّهِ
 فَمَارَعَوْهَا حَقَّ رِعَايَتِهَا
 فَآتَيْنَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مِنْهُمْ
 أَجْرَهُمْ وَكَثِيرٌ مِنْهُمْ فَاسِقُونَ
 يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
 أَتَقُوا اللَّهَ وَءَامَنُوا بِرُسُولِهِ
 يُؤْتِيَكُمْ كَفَالَيْنِ مِنْ رَحْمَتِهِ
 وَيَجْعَلَ لَكُمْ نُورًا
 تَمْشُونَ بِهِ وَيَغْفِرَ لَكُمْ
 وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
 لِيُتْلَىٰ عَلٰٓءِ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ
 ؕ أَلَّا يَقْدِرُونَ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ
 مِّنْ فَضْلِ اللَّهِ ۚ وَأَنَّ الْفَضْلَ
 بِيَدِ اللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَن يَشَاءُ
 وَاللَّهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيمِ

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Surah 58 / 22 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Mujâdilah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

PART
28
half-part
55/60

- 58:1 Truly, God has heard the words
of she who has argued before you, 'O Prophet,'
concerning her husband,
and who has made complaint to God.
For God hears your discourse with each other.
Indeed, God is all-hearing, all-seeing.
- 58:2 Those of you who 'sinfully' estrange themselves
from their wives
with the 'mere' pronouncement:
You are prohibited to me for marital relations
as is my own mother's backside—
'know, O believers,
that 'never can they be their mothers!
None are their mothers
other than those who gave birth to them.
Therefore, indeed, they are assuredly uttering
an abominable statement and falsehood.
Yet, indeed, God is all-pardoning, all-forgiving.
- 58:3 Thus those
who do so 'sinfully' estrange themselves
from their wives,
who then retract what they have said,
they must free a bondservant

قَدْ سَمِعَ اللَّهُ
قَوْلَ الَّتِي تُجَادِلُكَ فِي زَوْجِهَا
وَتَشْتَكِي إِلَى اللَّهِ
وَاللَّهُ يَسْمَعُ خَوَافَكُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ بَصِيرٌ
الَّذِينَ يُظَاهِرُونَ مِنْكُمْ
مِنْ نِسَائِهِمْ
مَا هُنَّ أُمَّهَاتُهُمْ
إِنَّ أُمَّهَاتَهُمْ
إِلَّا الَّتِي وَلَدْنَهُمْ
وَأِنَّهُمْ لَيَقُولُونَ مُنْكَرًا
مِنْ الْقَوْلِ وَزُورًا
وَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَعَفُوفٌ غَفُورٌ
وَالَّذِينَ يُظَاهِرُونَ مِنْ نِسَائِهِمْ
ثُمَّ يَعُودُونَ لِمَا قَالُوا
فَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ
مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَتَمَاسَّا

سُورَةُ الْمُجَادِلَةِ

الْحَجَّةُ الْقَائِمَةُ وَالْمُشْرُونَ

before they and their wives
touch each other in intimacy.

With this decree are you admonished—
and God is all-aware of all that you do.

58:4 But for one who commits this offense
yet cannot find such means of atonement,
then he shall instead fast
two consecutive months,
before they touch each other in intimacy.
But if one is unable to fast,
then let him feed sixty indigent people.
This is to affirm
that you, indeed, believe in God
and His Messenger.

These are the ordained limits of God—
and for the disbelievers
who transgress God's Law,
there shall be a most painful torment.

58:5 Indeed, all those who oppose God
and His Messenger shall be laid low,
as all those before them
who did so were laid low.
For, already, We have sent down clear signs
in the Quran confirming Our commandments.
Therefore, the inveterate disbelievers
shall have a disgracing torment

58:6 on a Day Hereafter when God
shall raise them to life, all together.
Then shall He tell them the due recompense
of all that they have done in life.
God has enumerated it.
And they have forgotten it.
For God is a witness over all things.
58:7 Have you not considered
that God knows all that is in the heavens

ذَلِكُمْ تُوَعَّظُونَ بِهِ

وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ

فَمَنْ لَمْ يَجِدْ

فَصِيَامَ شَهْرَيْنِ مُتَتَابِعَيْنِ

مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ يَتَمَاسَّ

فَمَنْ لَمْ يَسْتَطِعْ

فَإِطْعَامَ سِتِّينَ مِسْكِينًا

ذَلِكَ لِيُذَكِّرُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

وَتِلْكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ

وَاللَّكَفِيرِينَ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يُحَادِّثُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ

كَيْتَرًا كَمَا كُتِبَ

الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

وَقَدْ أَنْزَلْنَا آيَاتٍ بَيِّنَاتٍ

وَاللَّكَفِيرِينَ عَذَابٌ مُهِينٌ

يَوْمَ يَبْعَثُهُمُ اللَّهُ جَمِيعًا

فَيُنَبِّئُهُمْ بِمَا عَمِلُوا

أَخَصَصَهُ اللَّهُ وَنَسُوهُ

وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ

أَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ

مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

٤

٥

٦

٧

and all that is in the earth?
 There is no private discourse
 among three but that He is the fourth of them;
 neither five but that He is the sixth of them;
 neither fewer than that nor more,
 but that He is with them
 wherever they might be.
 Then He shall tell them
 on the Day of Resurrection
 'the due recompense
 of all that they have done in life'.
 Indeed, God is all-knowing of all things.
 58:8 Have you not seen, 'O Prophet,
 those among the People of the Scripture
 who were forbidden
 from 'malicious' private discourse,
 and who even thereafter do revert
 to that from which they were forbidden?
 They discourse privately in sin and transgression,
 and in disobedience to the Messenger.
 Moreover, when they come to you,
 they greet you with 'a vile salutation'
 which God has not enjoined
 nor greeted you with.
 Then they say to themselves:
 Why does God not punish us for what we say,
 'if he is truly God's messenger'?
 Indeed, sufficient for them is Hellfire,
 in which they shall roast—
 and a most woeful destination 'it is'!

58:9 O you who believe!
 When you discourse in private,
 you shall not discourse in sin and transgression
 and in disobedience to the Messenger.

سُورَةُ الْمُجَادِلَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

مَا يَكُفُّونَ مِنْ نَجْوَى ثَلَاثَةٍ
 إِلَّا هُوَ رَابِعُهُمْ
 وَلَا خَمْسَةٍ إِلَّا هُوَ سَادِسُهُمْ
 وَلَا آدَنَى مِنْ ذَلِكَ وَلَا أَكْثَرَ
 إِلَّا هُوَ مَعَهُمْ إِنَّمَا كَانُوا
 ثُمَّ يَنْتَهُمُ
 بِمَا عَمِلُوا يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ
 أَلَمْ تَرَ

إِلَى الَّذِينَ نَهَوْا عَنِ التَّجَوُّيِ
 ثُمَّ يَعُودُونَ لِمَا نَهَوْا عَنْهُ
 وَيَتَنَجَّوْنَ

بِالْإِنْمِرِ وَالْعَدْوَانِ
 وَمَعْصِيَةِ الرَّسُولِ
 وَإِذَا جَاءُوكَ حَيَّوكَ
 بِمَا لَمْ يُحَيِّكَ بِهِ اللَّهُ
 وَيَقُولُونَ فِي أَنْفُسِهِمْ
 لَوْلَا يُعَذِّبُنَا اللَّهُ بِمَا نَقُولُ
 حَسْبُكُمْ جَهَنَّمُ يَصَلُّونَهَا
 فَيَكُفُّونَ الْمَصِيرُ

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 إِذَا تَنَجَّيْتُمْ فَلَا تَنَجَّوْا
 بِالْإِنْمِرِ وَالْعَدْوَانِ
 وَمَعْصِيَةِ الرَّسُولِ
 وَتَنْجَرُوا بِاللَّيْلِ وَالنَّفْوَى

سُورَةُ الْمُجَادِلَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

Rather, you shall discourse
 with virtue and in righteousness
 and with fear of God.
 And you shall fear God,
 before whom you shall be assembled
 for Judgment.

- 58:10 Indeed, malicious private discourse
 is prompted by Satan
 to grieve those who believe.
 Yet never shall he harm them in anything,
 except by the permission of God.
 So upon God alone let the believers rely.

- 58:11 O you who believe!
 When you are told
 in your gatherings that grow crowded:
 Make room for one another!
 Then make room
 with a spirit of patient fellowship.
 God will make room for you in Paradise.
 Moreover, when it is said:
 Rise for the Prayer and other good acts!
 Then rise.
 God shall raise in station
 those who sincerely believe
 and comply among you;
 and raise greatly in rank
 those who have sought
 and been given knowledge.
 For God is all-aware of all that you do.

- 58:12 O you who believe!
 When you seek to discourse privately
 with the Messenger,
 offer charity to the poor

وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ الَّذِي إِلَيْهِ تُحْشَرُونَ

إِنَّمَا التَّجَوُّى مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ ﴿١٠﴾

لِيَحْزَنَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَلَيْسَ بِضَارِهِمْ شَيْئًا

إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ

وَعَلَى اللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ

يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿١١﴾

إِذَا قِيلَ لَكُمْ

تَفَسَّحُوا فِي الْمَجَالِسِ

فَافْسَحُوا يَفْسَحِ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ

وَلِإِذَا قِيلَ اذْشُرُوا فَانْشُرُوا

يَرْفَعِ اللَّهُ

الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مِنْكُمْ

وَالَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْعِلْمَ دَرَجَاتٍ

وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ

يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ﴿١٢﴾

إِذَا نَجَّيْتُمُ الرُّسُولَ فَقَدِمُوا

بَيْنَ يَدَيِّ جُؤُنَاكُمْ صَدَقَةٌ

ذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ وَأَطْهَرُ

سُورَةُ الْمُجَادِلَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- before your private discourse with him.
That is best for you
and most purifying 'for your souls'.
But if you do not find 'the means',
then God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 58:13 Do you fear 'poverty from' offering charity
before your private discourse
'with the Messenger'?
Since 'some of' you have not done so,
and God has already
granted you repentance 'for this',
then 'steadfastly' continue
to duly 'establish the Prayer',
and give the Zakât-Charity,
and obey God and His Messenger.
For God is all-aware of all that you do.
- 58:14 *Have you not seen those 'hypocrites'
who 'secretly' allied themselves 'against you'
with a people
upon whom God's wrath has come?
They are not of you, 'O believers',
nor are they of them.
Thus, they 'but' swear a false oath
while they know 'it is a lie'.
God has prepared for them
a severe torment 'in the Hereafter'.
Evil, indeed, is what they have done.
- 58:16 They have taken their 'false' oaths 'of faith'
only 'as a shield',
so as to bar 'others' from the path of God.
Thus for them,
there is a disgracing torment 'in the Hereafter'.
- 58:17 Never shall their wealth, nor their children,
avail them against God, in anything 'at all'.

فَإِنْ لَّمْ تَجِدُوا
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
مَا أَشْفَقْتُمْ أَنْ تُقَدِّمُوا
بَيْنَ يَدَيَّ بَحْوَ دَكِّكُمْ صَدَقْتُمْ
فَإِذْ لَمْ تَفْعَلُوا
وَتَابَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ
فَأَقِمْوَا الصَّلَاةَ
وَمَّا تَوَارَكُوكَ الزَّكَاةَ
وَأَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
وَاللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ
أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ تَوَلَّوْا قَوْمًا
غَضِبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ
مَا هُمْ مِنْكُمْ وَلَا مِنْهُمْ
وَيَحْلِفُونَ عَلَى الْكَذِبِ
وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ
أَعَدَّ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا
إِنَّهُمْ سَاءَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
اتَّخَذُوا أَيْمَانَهُمْ جُنَّةً
فَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
فَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُهِينٌ
لَنْ تَنفَعِيَ عَنْهُمْ أَمْوَالُهُمْ
وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا
أُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ

سُورَةُ الْمُجَادِلَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

These 'hypocrites'
 are the Companions of the Fire 'of Hell'.
 They shall abide therein forever,
 on a Day 'Hereafter'
 when God shall raise them 'to life' all together.
 Then they shall swear 'falsely even' to Him,
 as they 'now' swear 'falsely' to you 'believers'—
 and they think
 they have something to 'stand' on!
 Most assuredly,
 it is they who are the 'sheer' liars.
 Satan has overmastered them.
 Thus he has caused them to forget
 the remembrance of God.
 These are the party of Satan.
 Most assuredly, it is the party of Satan,
 who are the losers 'of an everlasting Paradise'.
 As for 'all' those who oppose God
 and His Messenger,
 such as these shall be among the most debased
 'in this life and in the Hereafter'.
 God has inscribed
 'in the Preserved Book of Heaven':
 I shall, most surely, triumph—
 I and My messengers.
 Indeed, God is all-powerful, overpowering.
 You shall not find a people
 who 'truly' believe in God
 and 'in the coming Judgment of' the Last Day
 loving those who oppose God
 and His Messenger—
 even if they are their fathers,
 or their children, or their brothers,
 or their 'other' kinsfolk.
 Upon the hearts of these 'believers',

هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ

يَوْمَ يَبْعَثُهُمُ اللَّهُ جَمِيعًا ﴿١٨﴾

فَيُطْعَمُونَ لَهُ كَمَا يَخْلِفُونَ لَكَ

وَيَحْسِبُونَ أَنَّهُمْ عَلَى شَيْءٍ

أَلَا إِنَّهُمْ هُمُ الْكَاذِبُونَ

أَسْتَحْذِرُ عَلَيْهِمُ الشَّيْطَانَ ﴿١٩﴾

فَأَنسَهُمْ ذِكْرَ اللَّهِ

أُولَئِكَ حِزْبُ الشَّيْطَانِ

أَلَا إِنَّ حِزْبَ الشَّيْطَانِ

هُمْ الْمَلْعُونُونَ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ﴿٢٠﴾

يُحَادِّثُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ

أُولَئِكَ فِي الْأَذَلِّينَ

كَتَبَ اللَّهُ ﴿٢١﴾

لَا غَلَبَ لَنَا أَنَا وَرُسُلُنَا

إِنَّ اللَّهَ قَوِيٌّ عَزِيزٌ

لَا يَجِدُ قَوْمًا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ

وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ يُوَادُّونَ

مَنْ حَادَّ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ

وَلَوْ كَانُوا آبَاءَهُمْ

أَوْ أَبْنَاءَهُمْ أَوْ إِخْوَانَهُمْ

أَوْ عَشِيرَتَهُمْ أُولَئِكَ

كَتَبَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ

الْإِيمَانَ

He has inscribed 'true' faith.
 Moreover, He has aided them
 with a spirit from Him.
 Thus shall He admit them
 into Gardens beneath which rivers flow—
 wherein they shall abide, forever—
 God being well-pleased with them,
 and they well-pleased with Him.
 They are the alliance of God.
 Most assuredly,
 the 'believers of the' alliance of God—
 it is they who are the 'truly' successful.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزْبُ الْقَائِمُونَ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

وَأَيَّدَهُم بِرُوحٍ مِنْهُ
 وَدَخَلَهُمْ جَنَّاتٍ
 تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
 خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا
 رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ
 وَرَضُوا عَنْهُ
 أُولَئِكَ حِزْبُ اللَّهِ
 أَلَا إِنَّ حِزْبَ اللَّهِ
 هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ

Surah 59 / 24 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Hashr

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 59:1 All that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth highly exalt God.
For He alone
is the Overpowering One, the All-Wise.
- 59:2 It is He alone who has expelled
those who have disbelieved
of the People of the Scripture
from their nearby dwellings
at their first mustering in treason against you.
You did not think that they would ever depart.
Indeed, they themselves thought
that their strongholds would be
their defense against God.
But God's ordained Judgment came upon them
from where they had never expected.
For He hurled terror into their hearts.
They ruined their homes with their own hands,
and the hands of the believers.
So derive a lesson from this,
O you who have eyes to see!
- 59:3 Yet had God not decreed banishment for them,
He, most surely,
would have tormented them in this world.

سَبَّحَ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ ١
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

هُوَ الَّذِي أَخْرَجَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ٢
مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ
لِأَوَّلِ الْحَشْرِ مَا ظَنَّتُمْ
أَنْ يَخْرُجُوا وَظَنُّوا أَنَّهُمْ
مَانِعَتُهُمْ حُصُونُهُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ
فَأَنشَأَهُمُ اللَّهُ
مِنْ حَيْثُ لَمْ يَحْسِبُوا
وَقَذَفَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ الرُّعْبَ
يَخْرُجُونَ بِيُودِهِمْ بِأَيْدِيهِمْ
وَأَيْدَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
فَاعْتَدُوا يَتَأُولَى الْأَبْصَارِ
وَلَوْلَا أَنْ ٣
كَتَبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ الْجَلَاءَ
لَعَذَّبَهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا

Moreover, 'waiting' for them in the Hereafter is the torment of the Fire 'of Hell'.

- 59:4 That is because they 'willfully' rebelled against God and His Messenger.

And whoever rebels against God— then, indeed, God is severe in punishment.

- 59:5 Whatever 'of their' date palms you 'believers' have cut down or left standing on their rootstocks, it was 'only' by the permission of God— and thus does He disgrace the ungodly.

- 59:6 Furthermore, whatever spoils God has turned over to 'the authority of' His Messenger from them, you have spurred neither horse nor camel for it. Rather, God gives authority to His messengers over whomever He so wills. For God is powerful over all things.

- 59:7 Thus whatever spoils God has turned over to His Messenger from the 'disbelieving' townspeople, it shall be for God and for the Messenger 'to disburse', and for 'his' close relatives, 'who are prohibited from charity,' and for the orphans, and for the indigent, and for the wayfarer— so that it does not merely circulate between the wealthy among you. Thus whatever the Messenger brings you 'from God', then you shall take it. And whatever he has forbidden you, you shall desist from it.

سُورَةُ الْحَشْرِ

الجزء الثامن والعشرون

وَهُمْ فِي الْآخِرَةِ عَذَابُ النَّارِ

ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ

شَاقُوا اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ

وَمَنْ يُشَاقِ اللَّهَ

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ

مَا قَطَعْتُمْ مِنْ لَبَنَةٍ

أَوْ تَرَكْتُمُوهَا قَائِمَةً

عَلَى أَصُولِهَا فَبِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ

وَلِيُخْزِيَ الْفَاسِقِينَ

وَمَا أَفَاءَ اللَّهُ عَلَى رَسُولِهِ مِنْهُمْ

فَمَا أَوْجَفْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ

مِنْ خَيْلٍ وَلَا رِكَابٍ

وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ يُسَلِّطُ رَسُولَهُ

عَلَى مَنْ يَشَاءُ

وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

مَا أَفَاءَ اللَّهُ عَلَى رَسُولِهِ

مِنْ أَهْلِ الْقُرَى فَلِلَّهِ وَلِلرَّسُولِ

وَلِذِي الْقُرْبَىٰ وَالْيَتَامَىٰ

وَالْمَسْكِينِ وَابْنِ السَّبِيلِ

كَيْ لَا يَكُونَ دُولَةً

بَيْنَ الْأَغْنِيَاءِ مِنْكُمْ

وَمَا أَتَاكُمْ الرَّسُولُ

فَخُذُوهُ

وَمَا نَهَاكُمْ عَنْهُ فَانْتَهُوا

And be ever God-fearing.
 Indeed, God is severe in punishment.
 59:8 'A share of these spoils'
 belongs to the needy Émigrés—
 who have been expelled from their dwellings
 and 'dispossessed of their wealth—
 seeking 'all-nourishing' bounty from God
 and 'His' good pleasure,
 and to support
 'the cause of' God and His Messenger.
 It is these who are the truehearted.
 59:9 As for those who were 'already' settled
 in the abode 'of Madinah',
 and 'who were firm in' faith
 before 'the Emigration',
 they love those who emigrated to them
 and find no 'covetous' want in their breast
 for what 'the Émigrés' have been given.
 Rather, they give 'them' preference
 over their own selves—
 even when they themselves are in pressing need.
 And whoever is safeguarded
 from the avarice of his own soul—
 then it is these who are the 'truly' successful.
 59:10 As to all those 'believers' who come after them,
 they 'shall' say: Our Lord!
 Forgive us, and our brethren
 who preceded us in faith.
 And let not into our hearts
 any malice toward those who believe.
 Our Lord!
 Indeed, You are all-kind, mercy-giving.

59:11 *Have you not seen those
 who became hypocrites,

سُورَةُ الْحَشْرِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ
 ٨ لِلْفُقَرَاءِ الْمُهَاجِرِينَ
 الَّذِينَ أُخْرِجُوا مِنْ دِيَارِهِمْ
 وَأَمْوَالِهِمْ يَبْتَغُونَ فَضْلًا
 مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرِضْوَانًا
 وَيَنْصُرُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ
 أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الصَّادِقُونَ
 ٩ وَالَّذِينَ بَوَّءُوا
 الدَّارَ وَالْآيَمَةَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
 يُحِبُّونَ مَنْ هَاجَرَ إِلَيْهِمْ
 وَلَا يَجِدُونَ فِي صُدُورِهِمْ
 حَاجَةً مِمَّا أُوتُوا
 وَيُؤْتُونَ عَلَى أَنْفُسِهِمْ
 وَلَوْ كَانَ بِهِمْ خَصَاصَةٌ
 وَمَنْ يُوقِ شَحْمَ نَفْسِهِ
 فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ
 ١٠ وَالَّذِينَ جَاءُوا
 مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ يَقُولُونَ
 رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ لَنَا وَلِإِخْوَانِنَا
 الَّذِينَ سَبَقُونَا بِالْإِيمَانِ
 وَلَا تَجْعَلْ فِي قُلُوبِنَا
 غِلًّا لِلَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
 رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ رَءُوفٌ رَحِيمٌ
 ١١ أَلَمْ تَرَ
 إِلَى الَّذِينَ نَافَقُوا

saying to their brothers who disbelieve
from the People of the Scripture:

If ever you are expelled,
we shall, most surely, depart with you!
Nor shall we ever obey anyone
with regard to 'harming' you!

Moreover, if you are fought,
we shall, most surely, support you!

But God bears witness
that they are, indeed, liars!

- 59:12 If they 'who disbelieve
from the People of the Scripture' are expelled,
they 'who are hypocrites'
will not depart with them.
And if they are fought,
they will not support them.
And if ever they were to support them
'in battle',
they would, most surely,
turn their backs 'in flight',
wherefore they 'who disbelieve
from the People of the Scripture'
would not be helped by them.

- 59:13 The 'fear they 'both'
have for you 'believers' in their hearts
is, most surely, more intense
than 'their fear of' God.
That is because they are people
who do not comprehend 'God's greatness'.

- 59:14 They 'who disbelieve
from the People of the Scripture'
will not 'openly' fight against you, all together,
but only from within fortified towns,
or from behind walls.
The force of the enmity between them is severe.

سُورَةُ الْحَشْرِ

الْحَزَنَةُ الْقَائِمِينَ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

يَقُولُونَ لَا خَوْفٌ لَنَا مِنْهُمْ

الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ

لَئِنْ أُخْرِجْتُمْ

لَنُخْرِجَنَّكُمْ مَعَكُمْ

وَلَا نُنَاطِعُ فِيكُمْ أَحَدًا أَبَدًا

وَإِنْ قُوتِلْتُمْ لَنَنْصُرَنَّكُمْ

وَاللَّهُ يَشْهَدُ إِنَّهُمْ لَكَاذِبُونَ

لَئِنْ أُخْرِجُوا

١٢

لَا يَخْرُجُونَ مَعَهُمْ

وَلَئِنْ قُوتِلُوا لَا يَنْصُرُوهُمْ

وَلَئِنْ نَصَرُوهُمْ

لَيُؤَلِّبَنَّ الْأَآذِينَ

ثُمَّ لَا يَنْصُرُونَ

لَأَنَّهُمْ أَشَدُّ رَهْبَةً

١٣

فِي صُدُورِهِمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ

ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ

قَوْمٌ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ

لَا يَقْنَلُونَكُمْ جَمِيعًا

١٤

إِلَّا فِي قَرْيٍ مُحَصَّنَةٍ

أَوْ مِنْ وَرَاءِ جُدُرٍ

بِأَسْهُمٍ بَيْنَهُمْ شَدِيدَةٍ

الْحِزْبِ الْقَائِمِينَ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

You think them 'bonded' together,
but their hearts are divided.
That is because they are a people
who will not 'use reason to' understand.

59:15 Their case is like those who have, not long ago,
preceded them,
who tasted 'in this life' the grievous consequence
of their 'ungodly' affairs.
And for them 'in the Hereafter'
there is a 'more' painful torment 'awaiting.

59:16 The hypocrites are 'like Satan.
Behold! He says to man:
Disbelieve!
Then when he disbelieves:
'Satan' says: Indeed, I am free of you!
Indeed, I fear God,
Lord of 'All' the Worlds.

59:17 Thus the end of both of them
is that they shall be in the Fire 'of Hell',
abiding therein forever.
For that is the recompense
of the wrongdoers 'who are godless in heart'.

59:18 O you who believe! Be ever God-fearing!
And let every soul look
to what it has forwarded for tomorrow.
Thus be ever God-fearing.
Indeed, God is all-aware of all that you do.

59:19 Then do not be like those
who forgot 'the covenant of' God.
Therefore, He made them
forget their own souls.
It is these who are 'themselves' the ungodly.

59:20 Not equal are the Companions
of the Fire 'of Hell'

تَحْسِبُهُمْ جَمِيعًا

وَقُلُوبُهُمْ شَتَّىٰ ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ

قَوْمٌ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ

كَمَثَلِ الَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمْ

قَرِيبًا ذَٰقُوا وَيَالِ أَمْرِهِمْ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

كَمَثَلِ الشَّيْطَانِ

إِذْ قَالَ لِلْإِنسَانِ اكْفُرْ

فَلَمَّا كَفَرَ قَالَ

إِنِّي بَرِيءٌ مِّنْكَ

إِنِّي أَخَافُ اللَّهَ رَبَّ الْعَالَمِينَ

فَكَانَ عَاقِبَتُهُمَا

أَنَّهُمَا فِي النَّارِ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا

وَذَٰلِكَ جَزَاؤُ الظَّالِمِينَ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ وَلْتَنظُرْ نَفْسٌ

مَّا قَدَّمَتْ لِغَدٍ وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ

وَلَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ نَسُوا اللَّهَ

فَأَنسَاهُمْ أَنفُسَهُمْ

أُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ

لَا يَسْتَوِي أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ

وَأَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ

and the Companions
of the 'Everlasting' Garden 'of Paradise'.
The Companions of the 'Everlasting' Garden—
it is they who are the 'truly' triumphant.

- 59:21 Had We sent this Quran
down upon a mountain,
you would have most surely seen it
utterly humbled, breaking apart,
from the fear of God.
And such are the parables
We set forth for all people,
so that they may reflect
on the power of divine guidance.

- 59:22 He 'alone' is God, the One
besides whom there is no other God—
the Sole 'Knower of the' realms
of all the 'unseen and the seen'.
He is the All-Merciful, the Mercy-Giving.

- 59:23 He 'alone' is God.
There is no God but Him—
the King, the All-Holy, the Peace, the Faithful,
the Guardian, the Overpowering 'One',
the Irresistible, the Sublime.
Highly exalted is God
'far' above all that they associate
as gods 'with Him'!

- 59:24 He 'alone' is God.
The Creator, the Maker, the Fashioner.
To Him 'alone' belong
the most excellent names!
All that is in the heavens and the earth
gives due exaltation to Him.
For He 'alone' is the Overpowering 'One',
the All-Wise.

سُورَةُ الْحَشْرِ

الجزء الثامن والعشرون

أَصْحَابُ الْجَنَّةِ

هُمْ الْفَائِزُونَ

لَوْ أَنزَلْنَا هَذَا الْقُرْآنَ

عَلَى جَبَلٍ لَّرَأَيْنَهُ خَشَعًا

مُصَدِّعًا مِّنْ خَشْيَةِ اللَّهِ

وَتِلْكَ الْأَمْثَلُ

نَضْرِبُهَا لِلنَّاسِ

لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ

هُوَ اللَّهُ الَّذِي لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

عَلِيمُ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ

هُوَ الرَّحْمَنُ الرَّحِيمُ

هُوَ اللَّهُ الَّذِي

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْمَلِكُ

الْقُدُّوسُ السَّلَامُ الْمُؤْمِنُ

الْمُهَيْمِنُ الْعَزِيزُ

الْجَبَّارُ الْمُتَكَبِّرُ

سُبْحَنَ اللَّهِ

عَمَّا يُشْرِكُونَ

هُوَ اللَّهُ

الْخَلِيقُ الْبَارِئُ الْمُصَوِّرُ

لَهُ الْأَسْمَاءُ الْحُسْنَىٰ

يُسَبِّحُ لَهُ

مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

Surah 60 / 13 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Mumtahānah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

60:1 O you who believe!
 You shall not ever take My enemy,
 and your enemy, as allies.
 You offer genuine love to them.
 Yet they have disbelieved
 in the revelation of the truth
 that has come to you in the Quran —
 expelling the Messenger and yourselves
 from your homes
 only because you believe
 in the One God alone, your Lord.
 If truly you have come forth
 striving in My path
 and seeking My good pleasure,
 then do not ever take them as allies,
 divulging the believers' secrets to them
 out of genuine love—
 and I am most knowing
 of all that you conceal and all that you reveal.
 For whoever among you does this
 has truly strayed from the straight path.
 60:2 If they should gain ascendancy over you,
 they would become

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
 لَا تَتَّخِذُوا عَدُوِّي وَعَدُوَّكُمْ
 أَوْلِيَاءَ تَلْقَوْنَ إِلَيْهِم بِالْمَوَدَّةِ
 وَقَدْ كَفَرُوا
 بِمَا جَاءَكُمْ مِنَ الْحَقِّ
 يُخْرِجُونَ الرَّسُولَ وَإِيَّاكُمْ
 أَنْ تُؤْمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ رَبِّكُمْ
 إِنْ كُنْتُمْ خَرَجْتُمْ
 جِهَادًا فِي سَبِيلِي
 وَابْتِغَاءَ مَرْضَاتِي
 فَتُتْرَكُونَ إِلَيْهِم بِالْمَوَدَّةِ
 وَأَنَا أَعْلَمُ بِمَا أَخْفَيْتُمْ
 وَمَا أَعْلَنْتُمْ
 وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْهُ مِنْكُمْ
 فَقَدْ ضَلَّ سَوَاءَ السَّبِيلِ
 إِنْ يَنْقُصُوكُمْ
 يَكُونُوا لَكُمْ أَعْدَاءَ

سُورَةُ الْمُحْتَشِمَةِ

الجزء الثامن والعشرون

'treacherous' enemies to you
and stretch out their hands and their tongues
in harm against you.

For they wish that you would disbelieve
'in your faith'.

60:3 Neither your relatives
nor your 'disbelieving' children will benefit you
on the Day of Resurrection.

He shall separate 'the evil
from the righteous' among you.

For God is all-seeing of all that you do.

60:4 There is truly an excellent model for you
in 'the firm stand of' Abraham
and those with him when they said
to their idolatrous' people:

We are free of 'association with' you
and 'with' all that you worship, apart from God.

We have disbelieved in you
'for your ungodly ways'.

Thus 'open' enmity
and hostility have commenced
between us and you forever,
until you believe in God alone—
notwithstanding Abraham's statement
to his father:

I shall seek forgiveness for you.

Yet I have no control to help you
with anything against God.

'They prayed: 'Our Lord!

On You 'alone' do we rely.

And to You 'alone' do we turn.

For to You 'alone' is the ultimate destiny.

60:5 Our Lord!

Subject us not to a trial 'of defeat'
to 'tempt' those who disbelieve

وَيَسْطُوا إِلَيْكُمْ

أَيْدِيَهُمْ وَأَلْسِنَتُهُمْ بِالسُّوءِ

وَوَدُّوا لَوْ تَكْفُرُونَ

لَنْ تَنْفَعَكُمْ أَرْحَامُهُمْ

وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ

يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ يَفْصِلُ بَيْنَكُمْ

وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ

قَدْ كَانَتْ لَكُمْ أُسْوَةٌ حَسَنَةٌ

فِي إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَالَّذِينَ مَعَهُ

إِذْ قَالُوا لِقَوْمِهِمْ

إِنَّا بَرَاءٌ مِمَّا تَعْبُدُونَ

وَمِمَّا تَعْبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ اللَّهِ

كُفْرًا بِكُمْ وَبِدِينِكُمْ

وَالْعَدَاوَةُ وَالْبَغْضَاءُ أَبَدًا

حَتَّى تَوْمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَحْدَهُ

إِلَّا قَوْلَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ لِأَبِيهِ

لَأَسْتَغْفِرَنَّ لَكَ

وَمَا أَمْلِكُ لَكَ مِنَ اللَّهِ مِن شَيْءٍ

رَبَّنَا عَلَيْكَ تَوَكَّلْنَا وَإِلَيْكَ أَنَبْنَا

وَإِلَيْكَ الْمَصِيرُ

رَبَّنَا لَا تَجْعَلْنَا فِتْنَةً

لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

الْجُزْءِ الثَّامِنِ وَالْعِشْرُونَ سُبْحَانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ

to exult in their unbelief.
And forgive us, our Lord.
Indeed, it is You
who are the Overpowering 'One',
the All-Wise.
60:6 Very truly, there is an excellent model
for you 'believers' in them—
for whoever longs for God
and 'for salvation on' the Last Day.
But whoever turns away,
indeed, it is God 'alone'
who is the Self-Sufficient, the All-Praised.

60:7 *It may be that 'in due course'
God will establish genuine 'mutual' love
between you and those
with whom you had enmity.
For God is all-powerful.
Moreover, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
60:8 God does not forbid you
from 'honorable relationships'
with 'those who have not fought you
over religion,
nor expelled you from your dwellings—
that you relate kindly and equitably with them.
Indeed, God loves those who are just.
60:9 God only forbids you from making alliances
with those who have fought you over religion
and expelled you from your dwellings
and aided others in expelling you.
And whoever befriends such as these,
it is they who are the wrongdoers,
'godless in heart'.

60:10 O you who believe!

وَأَعِزَّنَا رَبَّنَا
إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
لَقَدْ كَانَ لَكُمْ فِيهِمْ أُسْوَةٌ حَسَنَةٌ
لِّمَن كَانَ يَرْجُوا اللَّهَ
وَالْيَوْمَ الْآخِرَ وَمَن يَتَوَلَّ
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ الْعَفِيفُ الْحَمِيدُ
* عَسَى اللَّهُ أَن يَجْعَلَ بَيْنَكُمْ
وَبَيْنَ الَّذِينَ عَادَيْتُمْ مِنهُمْ مَّوَدَّةً
وَاللَّهُ قَدِيرٌ وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ
لَّا يَنْهَى اللَّهُ
عَنِ الَّذِينَ لَمْ يُقَاتِلُوكُمْ فِي الدِّينِ
وَلَمْ يُخْرِجُواكُم مِّن دِيَارِكُمْ
أَن تَبَرُّوهُمْ وَتُقْسِطُوا إِلَيْهِمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُقْسِطِينَ
إِنَّمَا يَنْهَى اللَّهُ
عَنِ الَّذِينَ قَاتَلُوكُمْ فِي الدِّينِ
وَأَخْرَجُواكُم مِّن دِيَارِكُمْ
وَوَضَّعُوا عَلَيْكُمْ إِخْرَاجَكُمْ
أَن تَوَلَّوْهُمْ وَمَن يَتَوَلَّهُمْ
فَإُولَئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ

سُورَةُ الْمُؤْمِنَاتِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

10

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

إِذَا جَاءَكُمْ الْمُؤْمِنَاتُ

مُهَاجِرَاتٍ فَأَمْتَحِنُوهُنَّ

أَلَلَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِإِيمَانِهِنَّ

فَإِنْ عَلِمْتُمُوهُنَّ مُؤْمِنَاتٍ

فَلَا تَرْجِعُوهُنَّ إِلَى الْكُفَّارِ

لَهُنَّ جُلُوسٌ لَهُنَّ

وَلَا هُمْ يُحِلُّونَ لَهُنَّ

وَأَنفُسُهُنَّ مَا أَنفَقُوا

وَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ

أَنْ تَنكِحُوهُنَّ

إِذَا أَتَيْتُمُوهُنَّ لِجَوْرِهِنَّ

وَلَا تُنكِحُوا بِعِصَمِ الْكَافِرِ

وَسَأَلُوا مَا أَنفَقْتُمْ

وَلَيْسَتِلَا مَا أَنفَقُوا

ذَلِكَ حُكْمُ اللَّهِ يَحْكُمُ بَيْنَكُمْ

وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

وَإِنْ فَاتَكُمْ شَيْءٌ

11

مِنْ أَزْوَاجِكُمْ إِلَى الْكُفَّارِ

فَعَاقِبْتُمْ فَتَاتُوا الَّذِينَ

ذَهَبَتْ أَزْوَاجُهُمْ

مِثْلَ مَا أَنفَقُوا

When believing women come to you
as Émigrés, test their 'sincerity' —
and it is God 'alone'
who knows best about their faith.
Thus if you find them
to be believing women,
then do not return them to the disbelievers.
They are not lawful 'wives' for them.
Nor are 'the disbelievers'
lawful 'husbands' for them.
Moreover, give 'the disbelievers'
whatever they have spent 'to marry them',
whereupon there shall be no blame on you
if you marry them,
once you have given them
their 'full dowry' compensation.
Nor shall you 'believers'
hold on to bonds of marriage
with disbelieving women.
But ask 'for the return'
of 'what you have spent 'on them in dowry'.
And let 'the disbelievers' ask
for what they have spent
'to marry women'
who have since believed and emigrated'.
That is God's judgment,
as He has adjudged between you —
and God is all-knowing, all-wise.
Moreover, if any of your wives, 'O believers',
have fled from you to the disbelievers,
and 'in a campaign' thereafter
you 'believers' overcome 'the disbelievers',
then 'you are to' give
to those 'individuals among you'
whose wives have fled

سُورَةُ الْمُتَحَنِّنِ

الجزء الثامن والعشرون

the like of what they have spent on them
in dowry.

And you shall fear God,
in whom you are believers.

60:12 O Prophet!

When the believing women come to you—
pledging allegiance to you
that they shall not
associate anything as a god with God;
nor shall they steal;
nor shall they commit illicit sexual intercourse;
nor shall they kill their children;
nor shall they come forth
with a previously conceived child
in a calumny they forge
between their own hands and legs;
nor shall they disobey you
in any rightful thing—
then accept their allegiance,
and seek God's forgiveness for them.
Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

60:13 O you who believe!

You shall not ever take as allies
people upon whom God's wrath has come.
They have, indeed, despaired
of reward in the Hereafter—
just as the disbelievers have despaired
of ever seeing alive again
the inhabitants of the graves.

وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ الَّذِي

أَنْتُمْ بِهِ مُؤْمِنُونَ

يَأْتِيهَا النَّبِيُّ

١٢

إِذَا جَاءَكَ الْمُؤْمِنَاتُ يُبَايِعُنَكَ

عَلَى أَنْ لَا يُشْرِكْنَ بِاللَّهِ شَيْئًا

وَلَا يَسْرِقْنَ وَلَا يَزْنِينَ

وَلَا يَقْتُلْنَ أَوْلَدَهُنَّ

وَلَا يَأْتِينَ بِبُهْتَانٍ يَفْتَرِينَهُ

بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِنَّ وَأَرْجُلِهِنَّ

وَلَا يَعْصِيَنَّكَ فِي مَعْرُوفٍ

فَبَايِعْهُنَّ

وَأَسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُنَّ اللَّهَ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

يَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

١٣

لَا تَتَوَلَّوْا قَوْمًا

غَضِبَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ

فَدَيْسُوا مِنَ الْآخِرَةِ

كَمَا بَيَسَ الْكُفَّارُ

مِنْ أَصْحَابِ الْقُبُورِ

Surah 61 / 14 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Saff

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 61:1 All that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth highly exalt God.
For He alone
is the Overpowering One, the All-Wise.
- 61:2 O you who believe!
Why do you say what you do not do?
- 61:3 It is greatly abhorrent
in the sight of God
that you say what you do not do!
- 61:4 Indeed, God loves those
who fight in His cause in solid ranks,
as though they were a unified structure,
joined firmly together.
- 61:5 Now, behold!
Moses said to his people: O my people!
Why do you harm me, though truly you know
that I am, indeed, the messenger of God
sent to you?
Thus when they swerved from the right path,
God caused their hearts to swerve
from right guidance.

سَبَّحَ لِلَّهِ
مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
لِمَ تَقُولُونَ مَا لَا تَفْعَلُونَ
كَبُرَ مَقْتًا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
أَنْ تَقُولُوا مَا لَا تَفْعَلُونَ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ
الَّذِينَ يُفْعَلُونَ
فِي سَبِيلِهِ صَفًّا
كَانَهُمْ بَيْنَ مَرْضُوضٍ
وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لِقَوْمِهِ
يَقَوْمِ لِمَ تَوَدُّونَنِي
وَقَدْ تَعْلَمُونَ أَنِّي
رَسُولُ اللَّهِ إِلَيْكُمْ
فَلَمَّا زَاغُوا أَزَاغَ اللَّهُ قُلُوبَهُمْ

- For God does not guide an ungodly people.
- 61:6 And, behold! Jesus, son of Mary, said:
O Children of Israel!
I am, indeed, the messenger of God
'sent' to you,
as a confirmation of 'the truth'
that has preceded me 'in the law' of the Torah,
and 'as' a bearer of glad tidings
of a messenger to come after me,
whose name shall be Ahmad.
Then when he came to them
with clear 'and miraculous' proofs
'confirming his truth', they said:
This is manifest sorcery!
- 61:7 Yet who does a greater wrong
than one who forges lies against God,
while being called to Islam,
'a willing submission to God alone'.
For God does not guide the wrongdoing people
'who are godless in heart'.
- 61:8 They desire to extinguish
the 'guiding' light of God with their mouths.
But God shall perfect His light—
even if the disbelievers hate 'it'.
- 61:9 He is the One
who has sent His Messenger 'Muhammad'
with the guidance 'of the Quran'
and the religion of truth,
that He may cause it to prevail
'on its own merit' over every religion—
even if the idolaters hate 'it'.
- 61:10 O you who believe!
Shall I direct you to a transaction
that shall deliver you

سُورَةُ السَّافِّ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ

وَإِذْ قَالَ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ

يَبْنَیْ اِسْرَءِیْلَ

اِنِّی رَسُوْلُ اللّٰهِ اِلَیْكُمْ

مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَیْنَ یَدَیْ مِنَ التَّوْرَةِ

وَمُبَشِّرًا بِرُسُوْلِیْ اَیُّی مِنْ بَعْدِی

اَسْمُهُ اَحْمَدُ فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

قَالُوا هَذَا سِحْرٌ مُّبِیْنٌ

وَمَنْ اَظْلَمُ مِمَّنِ افْتَرَى

عَلَى اللّٰهِ الْكُذِبَ

وَهُوَ یَدْعِیْ اِلَی الْاِسْلَامِ

وَاللَّهُ لَا یَهْدِی الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِیْنَ

یُرِیْدُوْنَ لِیُطْفِئُوْا نُوْرَ اللّٰهِ بِاَفْوَاهِهِمْ

وَاللَّهُ مُمِیْتُ نُوْرِهِ

وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْكَافِرُوْنَ

هُوَ الَّذِیْ اَرْسَلَ رَسُوْلَهُ

بِالْحَقِّ وَدِیْنِ الْحَقِّ

لِیُطَهِّرَهُ عَلَى الدِّیْنِ كُلِّهِ

وَلَوْ كَرِهَ الْمُشْرِكُوْنَ

بِاٰیٰتِهَا الَّذِیْنَ ءَامَنُوْا

هَلْ اَدْرٰكُمْ عَلٰی عَجْرَةٍ

نُجِیْكُمْ مِنْ عَذَابِ اَلَمٍ

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- from a most painful torment?
- 61:11 It is that you believe in God and His Messenger and strive in the path of God with your wealth and your persons. That is best for you, if only you were to know 'God's reward for it'.
- 61:12 He shall forgive you your sins, and admit you into Gardens beneath which rivers flow, and 'give you residence in 'good 'and pleasant' dwellings in the Garden everlasting. That is the magnificent triumph.
- 61:13 Moreover, 'He shall give you something else 'in this life, which' you will love: Victory from God and a conquest near 'at hand'. So give 'these' glad tidings to the believers, 'O Prophet'.
- 61:14 O you who believe! Be supporters of 'the religion of' God—even 'as Jesus, son of Mary, said to the Disciples: Who will be my supporters 'on the path' to God? The Disciples said: We are the supporters of 'the religion of' God. Thus a group among the Children of Israel believed, and a group disbelieved. So We aided those who believed against their enemy. Thus did they come to prevail.

سُورَةُ السَّافِّ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

تُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ
وَجَاهِدُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
بِأَمْوَالِكُمْ وَأَنْفُسِكُمْ
ذَٰلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ إِن كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
يَغْفِرَ لَكُمْ ذُنُوبَكُمْ
وَيُدْخِلَكُمْ جَنَّاتٍ
تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
وَمَسْكَنٍ ظَلِيمَةٍ فِي جَنَّاتٍ عَدْنٍ
ذَٰلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ
وَأُخْرَى تُحِبُّونَهَا
نَصْرٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَفَتْحٌ قَرِيبٌ
وَبَشِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
كُونُوا أَنْصَارَ اللَّهِ كَمَا قَالَ
عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ لِلْحَوَارِيِّينَ
مَنْ أَنْصَارِي إِلَى اللَّهِ
قَالَ الْحَوَارِيُّونَ نَحْنُ أَنْصَارُ اللَّهِ
فَتَأْمَنَّا طَائِفَةٌ
مِنْ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ
وَكَفَرَتْ طَائِفَةٌ
فَأَيَّدْنَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا عَلَى عَدُوِّهِمْ
فَأَصْبَحُوا ظَاهِرِينَ

Surah 62 / 11 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Jumu'ah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 62:1 All that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth
give due exaltation to God—
the King, the All-Holy,
the Overpowering One, the All-Wise.
- 62:2 He is the One who sent among
the unlettered people without a Scripture
a messenger from among themselves,
who recites to them
His revealed verses of the Quran,
and purifies them,
and teaches them the Heavenly Book
and the wisdom of revelation.
And, indeed, before this
they were utterly lost in clear misguidance.
- 62:3 And He has sent him, as well,
to all others besides them
who have yet to join with them
in receiving God's message.
For He alone
is the Overpowering One, the All-Wise.
- 62:4 That is the bounty of God.
He gives it to whomever He so wills.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

يُسَبِّحُ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ ١
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ الْمَلِكِ الْقُدُّوسِ
الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ
هُوَ الَّذِي بَعَثَ ٢
فِي الْأُمِّيِّينَ رَسُولًا مِنْهُمْ
يَتْلُو عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتِهِ
وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِتَابَ
وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَإِنْ كَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ
لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ
وَأَخْرَجَ مِنْهُمْ ٣
لَمَّا يَلْحَقُوا بِهِمْ
وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ
ذَلِكَ فَضْلُ اللَّهِ ٤
يُؤْتِيهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ

For God alone
is the Possessor of Magnificent Bounty.

- 62:5 The likeness of those charged
with upholding the Torah,
who, thereafter, did not uphold it 'faithfully',
is as the likeness of a donkey
'merely' carrying books.
Woeful is the likeness of the people who belie
the 'revealed' signs of God!
For God does not guide
the wrongdoing people
'who are godless in heart'.
- 62:6 Say, 'O Prophet: O you of Jewry!
If you claim that you 'alone'
are the friends of God—
apart from all 'other' people—
then hope 'ardently' for death
'to bring you near Him',
if you are truthful 'in your claim'.
- 62:7 But they will not hope for it ever
because of 'the sins'
that their hands have advanced 'in the world'.
And God is all-knowing
about the 'godless' wrongdoers.
- 62:8 Say 'to them':
Indeed, the death from which you flee
shall, most surely, encounter you.
Then you shall be returned
to the 'Sole' Knower of the 'realms'
of all the 'unseen and the seen'.
Then He shall tell you 'the due recompense'
of all that you have been doing 'in life'.

62:9 O you who believe!

سُورَةُ الْجُمُعَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

وَاللَّهُ ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيمِ
مَثَلُ الَّذِينَ حُمِلُوا التَّوْرَةَ
ثُمَّ لَمْ يَحْمِلُوهَا
كَمَثَلِ الْحِمَارِ
يَحْمِلُ أَثْقَارًا
يُنْسِ مَثَلُ الْقَوْمِ
الَّذِينَ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ
وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهْدِي
الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ
قُلْ يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ هَادُوا
إِنْ زَعَمْتُمْ أَنَّكُمْ
أَوْلِيَائُ اللَّهِ مِنْ دُونِ النَّاسِ
فَتَمْنُوا الْمَوْتَ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
وَلَا يَسْمُنُونَهُ أَبَدًا
بِمَا قَدَّمَتْ أَيْدِيهِمْ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالظَّالِمِينَ
قُلْ إِنْ أَلَمْتُ
الَّذِي تَفِرُّونَ مِنْهُ
فَإِنَّهُ مُلْقِيكُمْ ثُمَّ تُرَدُّونَ
إِلَىٰ عَلِيمِ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ
فَيُنَبِّئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

سُورَةُ الْجُمُعَةِ

الجزء الثامن والعشرون

When the call to 'congregational' Prayer
is made on Friday, then proceed at once
to the remembrance of God
'and the Prayer', and quit all commerce.
That is best for you, if only you were to know
'God's reward for it'.

62:10 But when the Prayer is concluded,
then 'you may freely' spread
throughout the land
and seek out the bounty of God.
Yet remember God much 'in supplication',
so that you may be successful.

62:11 For behold!
When they 'who believe'
saw 'the arrival of' merchandise
and 'heard its luring' diversion
'during the Friday assembly',
they 'almost all' dispersed to it
and left you, 'O Prophet',
standing 'on the pulpit speaking'.
Say 'to them':
What is with God 'in reward' is far better
than any 'worldly' diversion
and any 'fleeting' merchandise.
For God is the best of providers.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

إِذَا نُودِيَ لِلصَّلَاةِ

مِنْ يَوْمِ الْجُمُعَةِ

فَأَسْعُوا إِلَىٰ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ

وَذَرُوا الْبَيْعَ

ذَٰلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ

إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ

فَإِذَا قُضِيَتِ الصَّلَاةُ

فَأَنْتَشِرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَابْتَغُوا مِنْ فَضْلِ اللَّهِ

وَأَذْكُرُوا اللَّهَ كَثِيرًا

لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ

وَإِذَا رَأَوْا تِجَارَةً أَوْ لَهْوًا

انْفَضُّوا إِلَيْهَا وَتَرَكُوكَ قَائِمًا

قُلْ مَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ

خَيْرٌ مِنَ اللَّهِوَمِنَ الْبَاطِلِ

وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُ الرَّازِقِينَ

Surah 63 / 11 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Munâfiqûn

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 63:1 When the hypocrites come to you,
 'O Prophet,' they say:
 We bear witness
 that you are, most surely, the Messenger of God.
 And God knows
 that you are, indeed, His Messenger.
 Yet God bears witness
 that the hypocrites are, most surely, liars!
- 63:2 They have taken their 'false' oaths of faith
 only as a shield,
 so as to bar others from the path of God.
 Indeed, evil is what they have been doing.
- 63:3 That is because they have believed
 then disbelieved.
 So a seal has been set upon their hearts.
 Thus they do not comprehend
 'what truly benefits them'.
- 63:4 *Now, when you see them,
 their physical appearance pleases you.
 And when they speak,
 you hear their 'lofty' words.
 'Yet' it is as if they are propped up logs!
 'Inwardly,' they think that every shout

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

١ إِذَا جَاءَكَ الْمُنَافِقُونَ
 قَالُوا نَشْهَدُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُولُ اللَّهِ
 وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُولُهُ
 وَاللَّهُ يَشْهَدُ
 إِنَّ الْمُنَافِقِينَ لَكَاذِبُونَ
 ٢ اتَّخَذُوا أَيْمَانَهُمْ جُنَّةً
 فَصَدُّوا عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
 إِنَّهُمْ سَاءَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ
 ٣ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ ءَامَنُوا
 ثُمَّ كَفَرُوا فَبَطَلَ عَنْ قُلُوبِهِمْ
 فَهُمْ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ
 ٤ وَإِذَا رَأَوْهُمْ
 تَعَجَّبُوا بِأَجْسَامِهِمْ
 وَإِنْ يَقُولُوا تَسْمَعُ لِقَوْلِهِمْ
 كَأَنَّهُمْ خُشُبٌ مُسَدَّدَةٌ
 يَحْسَبُونَ كُلَّ صَيْحَةٍ عَلَيْهِمْ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْجُودُ الْقَائِمِينَ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

of forewarning` is against them.

They are the enemy. So beware of them!

May God strike them down!

How are they turned away from the truth?

63:5 For whenever it is said to them: Come!

The Messenger of God

will seek God's forgiveness for you.

They turn their heads aside,

and you see them turning away—

for they are filled with arrogance.

63:6 It is the same in regard to them

whether you seek forgiveness for them,

or you do not seek forgiveness for them.

Never will God forgive them.

Indeed, God does not guide an ungodly people.

63:7 It is they who say:

Do not spend on those

who are with the Messenger of God

until they break away from him.

Yet to God belongs the treasures

of the heavens and the earth.

But the hypocrites do not comprehend this.

63:8 They say with hollow pride:

Should we return to Madinah

from this campaign,

the mightiest shall expel the most abased from it.

Yet, indeed, invincible might

belongs to God alone—

and thus shall it be for His Messenger

and for the believers.

But the hypocrites do not know it.

63:9 O you who believe!

Let not your wealth nor your children

divert you from the remembrance of God.

هُمْ أَعْدُوٌّ فَاحْذَرُهُمْ

فَنُلْهِمَهُمُ اللَّهُ أَنْ يُوَفَّقُوا

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمْ تَعَالَوْا

يَسْتَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ

لَوْ أَنَّهُمْ وَرَأَوْا بَرَاءَتَهُمْ

يَصُدُّونَ وَهُمْ مُسْتَكْبِرُونَ

سَوَاءٌ عَلَيْهِمْ

أَسْتَغْفَرْتَ لَهُمْ

أَمْ لَمْ تَسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ

لَنْ يَغْفِرَ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهْدِي

الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ

هُمْ الَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ لَا تُنْفِقُوا

عَلَى مَنْ عِنْدَ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ

حَتَّى يَنْفَضُوا وَلِلَّهِ خَزَائِنُ

السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَلَكِنَّ

الْمُتَنَفِّقِينَ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ

يَقُولُونَ لَئِنْ رَجَعْنَا

إِلَى الْمَدِينَةِ لَيُخْرِجَنَّ

الْأَعَزُّ مِنْهَا الْأَذَلَّ وَلِلَّهِ الْعِزَّةُ

وَلِرَسُولِهِ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

وَلَكِنَّ الْمُنَافِقِينَ

لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

لَا تُلْهِكُمْ أَمْوَالُكُمْ

وَلَا أَوْلَادُكُمْ

عَنْ ذِكْرِ اللَّهِ

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سُورَةُ الْمُنَافِقِينَ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

And whoever does this—
then it is they who are the losers
of an everlasting Paradise.

- 63:10 Moreover, spend charitably
from whatever We have provided you
before death comes to any one of you,
such that one would say: My Lord!
If You would but defer me from death
to a near term,
then I will give charity
and become of the righteous.
- 63:11 But never will God defer the death of a soul
when its due term comes.
And God is all-aware of all that you do.

وَمَنْ يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ
فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْخَاسِرُونَ
وَأَنْفِقُوا مِنْ مَا رَزَقْنَاكُمْ
مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ
يَأْتِيَ أَحَدَكُمُ الْمَوْتُ
فَيَقُولَ رَبِّ لَوْلَا أَخَّرْتَنِي
إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ قَرِيبٍ فَأَصَّدَّقَ
وَأَكُن مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ
وَلَنْ يُؤَخِّرَ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا
إِذَا جَاءَ أَجَلُهَا
وَاللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ

The surah that calls the Day of Judgment THE DAY OF MUTUAL LOSS AND GAIN. For those who abandon faith and choose to disbelieve shall lose Paradise and be thrown into Hellfire, cheated forever from felicity by their own souls and their leaders. Those who believe, however, shall gain Paradise against all the attempts of the unbelievers to distract them in the world from faith and goodness, guided away from Hellfire by God and His messengers.

Surah 64 / 18 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Taghâbun

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 64:1 All that is in the heavens
and all that is in the earth
give due exaltation to God.
To Him 'alone' belongs all the dominion.
And to Him 'alone' belongs all praise.
For He is powerful over all things.
- 64:2 He is the One who has created 'all of' you.
Then some of you become disbelievers
and some of you become believers.
Indeed, God is all-seeing of all that you do.
- 64:3 He 'alone' created the heavens and the earth
with 'the very essence of' all truth.
Moreover, 'it is' He 'who' has fashioned you—
and He, indeed, made most excellent
your forms!
Thus to Him is the ultimate destiny.
- 64:4 He knows all that is in the heavens
and the earth—
and He knows well all that you conceal
and all that you reveal.
For God is all-knowing of all that is 'harbored'
within the breast 'of people'.

يُسَبِّحُ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ ١
وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ
لَهُ الْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ الْحَمْدُ
وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
هُوَ الَّذِي خَلَقَكُمْ ٢
فَإِنَّكُمْ كَافِرٌ وَمِنْكُمْ مُؤْمِنٌ
وَاللَّهُ يَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ
خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ ٣
بِالْحَقِّ وَصَوَّرَكُمْ فَأَحْسَنَ
صُورَكُمْ وَإِلَيْهِ الْمَصِيرُ
يَعْلَمُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ٤
وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تُسْرُونَ وَمَا تَعْلِنُونَ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

- 64:5 Has there not come to you, O disbelievers,
the 'heavy' tidings of those
who disbelieved of old—
that they tasted 'in this life'
the grievous consequence
of their 'ungodly' affairs?
Yet for them 'in the Hereafter'
there is a 'more' painful torment 'awaiting'.
- 64:6 That is because their messengers,
indeed, came to them
with clear 'and miraculous' proofs 'from God'.
But they would say 'in arrogance':
'Will 'mere' mortals guide us?
So they disbelieved and turned away.
Yet God is self-sufficing,
'with no need of their faith'.
Indeed, God 'alone'
is self-sufficient, all-praiseworthy.
- 64:7 Those who disbelieve have alleged
that they shall never be raised 'from the dead'.
Say, O Prophet: Oh yes, indeed!
By my Lord!
You will, most surely, be raised 'back to life'!
Then you will, most surely, be informed
of all that you have done 'in the world'.
And that for God is 'ever so' easy.
- 64:8 So believe in God and His messenger
and the Light 'of the Quran'
that We have sent down.
For God is all-aware of all that you do.
- 64:9 The Day He shall gather up 'all of' you
for the Day of Gathering—
that is the Day of Mutual Loss and Gain.
For whoever believes in God
and does righteous deeds 'in life',

سُورَةُ التَّغَابُنِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

٥ أَلَمْ يَأْتِكُمْ نَبُؤُا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

مِنْ قَبْلُ فَذَاقُوا وَبَالَ أَمْرِهِمْ

وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ

٦ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ كَانَتْ

تَأْتِيهِمْ رُسُلُهُمْ بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ

فَقَالُوا أَأَبْشَرُ مِنْكُمْ

فَكَفَرُوا وَقَالُوا وَاسْتَغْنَى اللَّهُ

وَاللَّهُ غَنِيٌّ حَمِيدٌ

٧ زَعَمَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَنْ لَنْ يُبْعَثُوا

قُلْ بَلَى وَرَبِّي لَتُبْعَثُنَّ

ثُمَّ لَتُنَبَّيَنَّ بِمَا عَمِلْتُمْ

وَذَلِكَ عَلَى اللَّهِ يَسِيرٌ

٨ فَتَأْمُرُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ

وَالنُّورِ الَّذِي أَنْزَلْنَا

وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ

٩ يَوْمَ يَجْمَعُكُمْ لِيَوْمِ الْجَمْعِ

ذَلِكَ يَوْمُ النَّعَاجِ

وَمَنْ يُؤْمِنْ بِاللَّهِ وَيَعْمَلْ صَالِحًا

يُكَفِّرْ عَنْهُ سَيِّئَاتِهِ

سُورَةُ التَّغَابُنِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

He shall then absolve him of his misdeeds
and admit him to Gardens
beneath which rivers flow—
to abide therein, forever and ever.
That is the magnificent triumph!

64:10 As to those who disbelieve
and belie Our 'revealed' signs,
they are the Companions of the Fire 'of Hell'—
wherein they shall abide forever—
and a most woeful destination it is!

64:11 Not a single affliction strikes 'one'
but that it is by the permission of God.
Yet whoever believes in God,
He shall guide his heart 'to steadfast faithfulness'.
And God is all-knowing of all things.

64:12 Thus you shall obey God.
And you shall obey the Messenger.
Yet if you turn away,
then 'know that,' indeed, what is incumbent
upon Our Messenger
is only the clear conveyance 'of this message'.

64:13 God! There is no God but Him!
So upon God 'alone'
let the believers rely.

64:14 O you who believe!
Indeed, among your spouses and your children
are those who are enemies to you.
So beware of them.
Yet if you pardon and excuse and forgive,
then 'let it be known that,' indeed,
God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
64:15 'Moreover, know that,'
indeed, your wealth and your children
are a 'cause of temptation' for you.

وَيُدْخِلُهُ جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا

ذَٰلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

١٠

وَكَذَبُوا بَيِّنَاتٍ

أَوْلَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيرُ

مَا أَصَابَ مِنْ مُصِيبَةٍ

١١

إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ

وَمَنْ يُؤْمِنْ بِاللَّهِ يَهْدِ اللَّهُ

وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

وَأَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ

١٢

وَأَطِيعُوا الرَّسُولَ

فَإِنْ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ فَإِنَّمَا

عَلَى رَسُولِنَا الْبَلَاغُ الْمُبِينُ

اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

١٣

وَعَلَى اللَّهِ

فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

١٤

إِنَّ مِنْ أَزْوَاجِكُمْ

وَأَوْلَادِكُمْ وَعَدُوَّكُمْ

فَاحْذَرُوهُمْ وَإِنْ تَعَفَّوْا

وَتَصْفَحُوا وَتَغْفِرُوا

فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

إِنَّمَا أَمْوَالُكُمْ وَأَوْلَادُكُمْ

١٥

فِتْنَةٌ

- Yet God has with Him a magnificent reward.
 64:16 So fear God as much as you can, 'O believers'.
 Thus hear and obey 'His commandments'.
 And spend 'charitably'
 on what is good for your own souls.
 For whoever is safeguarded
 from the avarice of his own soul—
 then it is these who are the 'truly' successful.
 64:17 If you lend God a goodly loan
 'by your charitable offerings',
 He will multiply for you its 'reward'.
 Moreover, He will forgive you.
 For God is ever thankful, most forbearing—
 64:18 'the Sole Knower of the 'realms
 of all the 'unseen and the seen,
 the Overpowering 'One', the All-Wise.

سُورَةُ التَّغَابُنِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

وَاللَّهُ عِنْدَهُ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ
 فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُمْ ①٦
 وَأَسْمِعُوا وَأَطِيعُوا وَأَنْفِقُوا
 خَيْرًا لِّأَنْفُسِكُمْ
 وَمَنْ يُوقِ شَحْنَفِيهِ
 فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ
 ①٧
 إِنْ تَقْرَضُوا اللَّهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا
 يُّضَاعِفْهُ لَكُمْ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ
 وَاللَّهُ شَكُورٌ حَلِيمٌ
 ①٨
 عَلِيمُ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ
 الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

The surah that issues the lawful procedures by which one may DIVORCE and that calls for fair parting between believers if marriage is to end, in accordance with what is right and within God's prescribed limits, while promising ease and deliverance for the truly God-fearing who undergo this trauma.

Surah 65 / 12 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Talâq

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

65:1 O Prophet!
When you who believe
intend to divorce women,
then it shall not be during menstruation—
nor shall you have intimate relations
with them thereafter—
rather divorce them at the beginning
of their prescribed waiting period,
and count the exact days
of the prescribed waiting period—
and fear God, your Lord.
Thus you shall not expel them
from their homes.
Nor are they themselves to depart
during this period—
unless they commit a flagrant indecency.
These, then, are the ordained limits of God.
And whoever transgresses
the ordained limits of God
has truly wronged his own soul.
You do not know the outcome
of your course of action.
It may be that after this period

يَا أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ إِذَا طَلَقْتُمُ النِّسَاءَ
فَطَلَقُوهُنَّ لِعَدَّتِهِنَّ
وَأَحْصُوا الْعِدَّةَ
وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ رَبَّكُمْ
لَا تُخْرِجُوهُنَّ
مِنْ بُيُوتِهِنَّ
وَلَا يَخْرُجْنَ إِلَّا
أَنْ يَأْتِيَنَّ بِفَحْشَةٍ مُبَيَّنَةٍ
وَيْلَكُمْ حُدُودَ اللَّهِ
وَمَنْ يَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَ اللَّهِ
فَقَدْ ظَلَمَ نَفْسَهُ
لَا تَدْرِي لَعَلَّ اللَّهَ
يُحْدِثُ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ أَمْرًا

God will bring about
a resolution to the matter.

65:2 Yet when they reach the end
of their stated term of waiting,
then either retain them in marriage,
in accordance with what is right,
or part with them,
in accordance with what is right.
Moreover, let two just men from among you
bear witness to this outcome.
And you who are witnesses
shall administer upright testimony,
for the sake of God.
This is to admonish
whoever of you believes in God
and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day.
And whoever fears God,
He shall make for him a way
out of every difficulty.

65:3 Moreover, He shall provide for him
from where he has never conceived.
Thus whoever relies on God,
then He is sufficient for him.
God shall, indeed, attain His purpose.
Truly, for all things
God has apportioned a due measure.

65:4 As to those of your women
who anticipate no further menstruation—
if you are uncertain as to their term—
then their waiting period shall be three months,
just as it shall be for those
who have not yet menstruated.
As for those who are pregnant,
their stated term
is whenever they deliver what they carry.

سُورَةُ الطَّلَاقِ

الْحَرَّةُ الْقَائِمَةُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

فَإِذَا بَلَغْنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ ﴿٢﴾

فَأَمْسِكُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ

أَوْ فَارِقُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ

وَأَشْهِدُوا ذَوَى عَدْلٍ مِنْكُمْ

وَأَقِيمُوا الشَّهَادَةَ لِلَّهِ

ذَلِكَ كُمْ يُوعَظُ بِهِ

مَنْ كَانَ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ

وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ

وَمَنْ يَتَّقِ اللَّهَ

يَجْعَلْ لَهُ مَخْرَجًا

وَيَرْزُقْهُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَحْتَسِبُ ﴿٣﴾

وَمَنْ يَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ

فَهُوَ حَسْبُهُ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ بَلِغٌ أَمْرِهِ

فَدَجَّلَ اللَّهُ

لِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدْرًا

وَالَّتِي يَلَيْسَ مِنَ الْمَحْضِ ﴿٤﴾

مِنْ نَسَائِكُمْ إِنْ أَرَبْتُمْ

فَعَدَّتْهُنَّ ثَلَاثَةُ أَشْهُرٍ

وَالَّتِي لَمْ يَحْضَنْ

وَأُولَتْ الْأَحْمَالُ أَجَلُهُنَّ

أَنْ يَضَعْنَ حَمْلَهُنَّ

سُورَةُ الطَّلَاقِ

الْحَبْرَةُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

And whoever fears God,
He shall make his 'difficult' matter easy for him.

65:5 That is the command of God,
which He has sent down to 'all of' you.

And whoever fears God,
He will absolve him of his misdeeds
and make his reward immense.

65:6 'So as to the wives you proceed to divorce,'
give them residence
'throughout their waiting period
in the homes' where you reside—
in accordance with your means.
Yet you shall not harass them,
so as to cause them distress.
And if they are pregnant,
you shall spend on them
until they deliver what they carry.
Moreover, if they nurse 'your children' for you,
then give them
their 'due' compensation, 'accordingly'.

Indeed, you shall enjoin one another
'to all goodness',

in accordance with what is right.

But if you become hardened

toward one another,

then another woman

shall nurse 'the child' for 'the father'.

65:7 Let a man of abundant means
spend of his abundance, 'accordingly'.

But a man whose provision

is of limited measure,

let him spend

from whatever God has given him,

'accordingly'.

وَمَنْ يَتَّقِ اللَّهَ

يَجْعَلْ لَهُ مِنْ أَمْرِهِ يُسْرًا

ذَٰلِكَ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ أَنْزَلَهُ إِلَيْنَا

وَمَنْ يَتَّقِ اللَّهَ

يُكَفِّرْ عَنْهُ سَيِّئَاتِهِ

وَيُعْظِمَ لَهُ أَجْرًا

أَسْكَنْتُمْ مِنْ حَيْثُ سَكَنْتُمْ

مِنْ وُجْدِكُمْ وَلَا تَضَارُّوهُنَّ

لِضَيْقِ أَعْيُنِكُنَّ

وَأِنْ كُنَّ أُولَاتٍ حَمْلٍ

فَأَنْفِقُوا عَلَيْهِنَّ

حَتَّى يَضَعْنَ حَمْلَهُنَّ

فَإِنْ أَرْضَعْنَ لَكُمْ

فَاتَّوَهُنَّ أَجُورَهُنَّ

وَأَتِمُّوا إِلَيْنَكُمْ بِمَعْرُوفٍ

وَأِنْ تَعَاَسَرْتُمْ

فَسَدِّضْ لَهُ أُخْرَى

لِيَنْفِقَ ذُو سَعَةٍ مِنْ سَعَتِهِ

وَمَنْ قُدِرَ عَلَيْهِ رِزْقُهُ

فَلْيَنْفِقْ مِمَّا آتَاهُ اللَّهُ

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سُورَةُ الطَّلَاقِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

For God does not task a soul except
in accordance with what He has given it.
God shall bring about, after hardship, ease.

65:8 Yet how many a 'bygone' community
has insolently defied the commands of its Lord
and His messengers!

So We called each one to account
with a severe accounting.

For We punished each
with a horrid punishment.

65:9 So each 'community'
tasted the grievous consequence
of its 'ungodly' affair.

Thus the end of the affair of each one
was utter loss in this life.

65:10 Moreover, God has prepared for them
a severe torment in the Hereafter.

So be ever God-fearing,
O you people of 'discretion and' understanding
who have believed.

Truly, God has sent down
to you 'the Quran as' a 'revealed' Reminder
and Muhammad as a messenger,

65:11 reciting to you the verses of God—made clear—
so that He may bring forth

those who believe and do righteous deeds
from the 'veils of' darkness into the light.

And whoever believes in God
and does righteous deeds,

He shall admit him

to Gardens beneath which rivers flow—
to abide therein forever and ever.

Truly, God shall have granted such a one
a most excellent provision.

لَا يُكَلِّفُ اللَّهُ نَفْسًا

إِلَّا مَا آتَاهَا

سَيَجْعَلُ اللَّهُ بَعْدَ عُسْرٍ يُسْرًا

وَكَايِنٍ مِّنْ قَرِيبٍ

٨

عَنَّا عَنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّهَا وَرُسُلِهِ

فَحَاسِبْنَهَا حِسَابًا شَدِيدًا

وَعَذَابُنَهَا عَذَابًا نُكْرًا

فَذَاقَتْ وَبَالَ أَمْرِهَا

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وَكَانَ عِقَابُهُ أَمْرًا حُسْرًا

أَعَدَّ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا

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فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ يَا أُولِيَ الْأَلْبَابِ

الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

قَدْ أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ إِلَيْكُمْ ذِكْرًا

رَسُولًا يَتْلُوهُ عَلَيْكُمْ

١١

ءَايَاتِ اللَّهِ مُبَيِّنَاتٍ

لِيُخْرِجَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

مِنَ الظُّلُمَاتِ إِلَى النُّورِ

وَمَن يُؤْمِن بِاللَّهِ

وَيَعْمَلْ صَالِحًا يُدْخِلْهُ جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا

سُورَةُ الطَّلَاقِ

الْحُرَّةُ الْقَائِمَةُ وَالْحَشْرُونَ

65:12 God is the One
 who has created seven heavens—
 and of the earth, the like of them.
 The 'divine' command
 descends between them—
 so that you may know
 that God 'alone' is powerful over all things,
 and that God 'alone'
 has truly encompassed all things in knowledge.

قَدْ أَحْسَنَ اللَّهُ لَهُ رِزْقًا
 اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ سَبْعَ سَمَوَاتٍ
 وَمِنَ الْأَرْضِ مِثْلَهُنَّ
 يَنْزِلُ الْأَمْرُ بَيْنَهُنَّ
 لِتَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ
 عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
 وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ قَدْ أَحَاطَ
 بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا

Surah 66 / 12 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Tahrîm

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 66:1 O Prophet!
Why do you prohibit yourself from what God
has made lawful for you,
in order to attain the good pleasure
of your wives?
Yet God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.
- 66:2 God has already sanctioned
a way for you believers to absolve yourselves
from your oaths.
God alone is your Patron—
and He is the All-Knowing, the All-Wise.
- 66:3 Behold!
The Prophet confided
a matter to one of his wives.
Then when she told another of his wives of it,
and God acquainted him with it,
the Prophet made known part of it to her
and avoided disclosing a part.
Then when he disclosed to her
what she had divulged, she said:
Who told you this?
He said:
The One who is All-Knowing, All-Aware

بَيَّأْتُهَا النَّبِيُّ لِمَ تُحَرِّمُ ۖ ﴿١﴾
مَا أَحَلَّ اللَّهُ لَكَ
تَبْنِي مَرْضَاتِ أَزْوَاجِكَ
وَاللَّهُ عَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ
قَدْ فَرَضَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ ۖ ﴿٢﴾
مَحَلَّةَ أَيْمَنِكُمْ وَاللَّهُ مُوَلِّكُ
وَهُوَ الْعَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ
وَإِذَا أَسْرَأَ النَّبِيُّ ۖ ﴿٣﴾
إِلَى بَعْضِ أَزْوَاجِهِ حَدِيثًا
فَلَمَّا نَبَّأَتْ بِهِ
وَأُظْهِرَهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ
عَرَفَ بَعْضَهُ، وَأَعْرَضَ عَنْ بَعْضٍ
فَلَمَّا نَبَّأَهَا بِهِ قَالَتْ
مَنْ أَنْبَأَكَ هَذَا قَالَ
نَبَّأَنِ الْعَلِيمُ الْحَكِيمُ

has told me.

66:4 'God said:
If you two 'wives' turn in repentance to God,
'it will be accepted',
for your hearts have truly inclined
to an aberration.
But if you support one another against him,
then God, Himself,
is, indeed, his protector—
as well as Gabriel, and every righteous believer.
And the 'other' angels, moreover,
are his supporters.

66:5 It may be that his Lord—
should he divorce 'all of' you 'wives'—
shall give to him, instead of you,
wives who are better than you:
Submitting 'themselves willingly' to God!
Believing women!
Devoutly obedient women!
Penitent women!
Worshipful women!
Godly Émigrés,
both of the formerly wedded and virgins.

66:6 O you who believe!
Save yourselves and your families from a Fire
whose fuel is people and stones,
over which are 'designated' angels,
'dreadfully' stern and severe.
They do not disobey God
in whatever He commands them.
'Indeed,' they do
whatever they are commanded.

66:7 'Thus to whomever enters Hellfire,

سُورَةُ التَّحْرِيمِ

الجزء الثامن والعشرون

٤
إِنْ تَوْبَا إِلَى اللَّهِ
فَقَدْ صَغَتْ قُلُوبُكُمَا
وَإِنْ تَظَاهَرَا عَلَيْهِ
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ مَوْلَاهُ
وَجِبْرِيلُ وَصَلَّى الْمُرْسَلِينَ
وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ
بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ ظَهِيرٌ
٥
عَسَى رَبُّهُ إِنْ طَلَّقَكُنَّ
أَنْ يُبَدِّلَهُ أَزْوَاجًا خَيْرًا مِنْكُنَّ
مُسْلِمَاتٍ مُؤْمِنَاتٍ قَنَاطٍ
تَتَّبِعْنَ عِفْدَاتٍ رَّبٍّ بِحَبْرٍ
تُتَبِّعْنَ وَأَبْكَارًا
٦
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا
قُوا أَنْفُسَكُمْ وَأَهْلِيكُمْ نَارًا
وَقُودُهَا النَّاسُ وَالْحِجَارَةُ
عَلَيْهَا مَلَائِكَةٌ غُلَاطٌ شِدَادٌ
لَا يَعْصُونَ اللَّهَ مَا أَمَرَهُمْ
وَيَفْعَلُونَ مَا يُؤْمَرُونَ

it shall be said:

O you who disbelieve!

Make no excuses this Day.

Indeed, you are only being recompensed
for all 'the evil' that you have done 'in life'.

66:8 O you who believe!

Repent to God with a most sincere repentance.

Perhaps your Lord will absolve you
of your misdeeds and admit you into Gardens
beneath which rivers flow—
on a Day 'Hereafter,'

when God will not disgrace the Prophet
or those who have believed with him.

Their light shall stream forth before them,
and to their right.

They shall say: Our Lord!

Perfect for us our light, and forgive us.

Indeed, it is You

who are powerful over all things.

66:9 O Prophet!

Strive against the disbelievers and the hypocrites,
and be stern with them.

For their abode is Hell—

and a most woeful destination it is!

66:10 God sets forth,

as an example for those who disbelieve,
the wife of Noah and the wife of Lot.

They were under 'the care

of' two of Our righteous servants,
but they 'forsook the faith of their husbands,
and thus' betrayed them.

So 'even as prophets,'

they could not avail either of them

سُورَةُ التَّحْرِيمِ

الْحَجَرَةُ الْقَائِمَةُ وَالْعَشْرُونَ

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

لَا تَعْزِدُهُمُ الْيَوْمَ

إِنَّمَا تُجْزَوْنَ مَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

ثَوْبُوا إِلَى اللَّهِ تَوْبَةً نَّصُوحًا

عَسَىٰ رَبُّكُمْ

أَن يَكْفِرَ عَنْكُمْ سَيِّئَاتِكُمْ

وَيُدْخِلَكُم جَنَّاتٍ

تَجْرِي مِن تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

يَوْمَ لَا يُخْزِي اللَّهُ النَّبِيَّ

وَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا مَعَهُ

ثَوْرُهُمْ يَسْعَىٰ بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ

وَيَأْتِيهِمْ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا

أَتِمِّمْ لَنَا ثَوْرَنَا وَاعْفِرْ لَنَا

إِنَّكَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

يَتَأْتِيهَا النَّبِيُّ جَاهِدِ

الْكُفَّارَ وَالْمُنَافِقِينَ

وَاعْلَظْ عَلَيْهِمْ

وَمَا لَهُمْ جَهَنَّمَ

وَيَسَّ الْمَصِيرُ

ضَرَبَ اللَّهُ مَثَلًا

لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَمْرَاتِ نُوحٍ

وَأَمْرَاتِ لُوطٍ كَانَا تَحْتَ

عَبْدَيْنِ مِن عِبَادِنَا صَالِحَيْنِ

فَخَانَتَاهُمَا فَلَمْ يُغْنِيَا عَنْهُمَا

مِنَ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا

سُورَةُ التَّحْرِيمِ

الجزء الثامن والعشرون

against anything from God.

Thus it shall be said to their wives:

Both of you enter the Fire of Hell
with all those who shall enter it!

- 66:11 Also, God sets forth,
as an example for those who believe,
the wife of Pharaoh.
Behold, she said: My Lord!
Build for me near You
a house in the Garden of Paradise.
And deliver me from Pharaoh
and his evil doing.
And deliver me from the wrongdoing people
who are godless in heart.
- 66:12 Moreover, there is Mary, daughter of Imrân,
who estimably safeguarded her chastity.
Then We breathed into her womb
of Our life-giving spirit.
For she confirmed
the revealed words of her Lord
and His Heavenly Books.
Indeed, she was ever of those
who are devoutly obedient.

وَقِيلَ ادْخُلَا النَّارَ

مَعَ الدَّٰخِلِينَ

وَصَرَبَ اللَّهُ مَثَلًا ﴿١١﴾

لِّلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

أَمْرَاتِ فِرْعَوْنَ إِذْ قَالَتْ

رَبِّ ابْنِ لِي عِنْدَكَ بَيْتًا

فِي الْجَنَّةِ وَنَجِّنِي

مِن فِرْعَوْنَ وَعَمَلِهِ وَنَجِّنِي

مِنَ الْقَوْمِ الظَّالِمِينَ

وَمَرْيَمَ ابْنَتْ عِمْرَانَ ﴿١٢﴾

الَّتِي أَحْصَتْ فَرْجَهَا

فَنَفَخْنَا فِيهِ

مِن رُّوحِنَا وَصَدَقَتْ

بِكَلِمَاتِ رَبِّهَا وَكُتِبَ

وَكَاثٌ مِنَ الْفَاتِنِينَ

Surah 67 / 30 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Mulk

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

PART
29
half-part
57/60

- 67:1 Blessed be the One in whose 'mighty' Hand
is all the dominion.
For He is powerful over all things;
- 67:2 the One who created death and life
to test you,
'and to reveal' which of you is best in deeds.
For He 'alone' is the Overpowering 'One',
the All-Forgiving;
- 67:3 the One who created seven heavens 'in layers',
one above another.
Never shall you see any discordance
in the creation of the All-Merciful.
So return your gaze 'to the heavens'.
Do you see any flaws?
- 67:4 Then return your gaze, again and again.
Your gaze shall come back to you bedazzled,
and it shall be weary.
- 67:5 For very truly, We have adorned
the nearest heaven with lights.
And We have made 'of' them, 'as well',
projectiles to 'pelt' the satans.
Moreover, We have prepared for 'the satans
in the Hereafter' the torment

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- ١ تَبَارَكَ الَّذِي بِيَدِهِ الْمُلْكُ
وَهُوَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ
- ٢ الَّذِي خَلَقَ الْمَوْتَ وَالْحَيَاةَ
لِيَبْلُوَكُمْ أَيُّكُمْ أَحْسَنُ عَمَلًا
وَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْغَفُورُ
- ٣ الَّذِي خَلَقَ سَبْعَ سَمَاوَاتٍ طِبَاقًا
مَا تَرَى فِي خَلْقِ الرَّحْمَنِ
مِنَ تَفَوتٍ فَأَرْجِعِ الْبَصَرَ
هَلْ تَرَى مِنْ فُطُورٍ
ثُمَّ أَرْجِعِ الْبَصَرَ كَرَّتَيْنِ
يَنْقَلِبْ إِلَيْكَ الْبَصَرُ حَاسِرًا
وَهُوَ حَسِيرٌ
- ٤ وَلَقَدْ زَيَّنَّا السَّمَاءَ الدُّنْيَا
بِمُصْبِحٍ
وَجَعَلْنَاهَا رُجُومًا لِلشَّيَاطِينِ
وَأَعْتَدْنَا لَهُمْ عَذَابَ السَّعِيرِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ وَالْجِبَالِ وَالْأَنْجَارَ وَالْأَنْجَارَ وَالْأَنْجَارَ

- of the Flaming Fire of Hell.
- 67:6 Indeed, for all those who have disbelieved in their Lord, awaiting them is the torment of Hell—and a most woeful destination it is!
- 67:7 When they are cast into it, they will hear therein its deep gasping as it boils over.
- 67:8 It nearly bursts asunder with rage. Whenever a throng of disbelievers is cast into it, its keepers say to them: Did there not come to you a forewarner from God?
- 67:9 They will say: Oh yes! There did, indeed, come to us a forewarner. But we belied faith and said to him: God did not send down anything to us. It is you yourself who have but fallen into great error!
- 67:10 Moreover, they shall say: If only we had listened to God's message, or had used our reason to discern its truth, we would not be among the Companions of the Flaming Fire of Hell.
- 67:11 They will thus acknowledge their own sin. So damned are the Companions of the Flaming Fire of Hell!
- 67:12 As to those who fear their Lord while He is in the domain of the unseen, for them there is forgiveness and a great reward.
- 67:13 For whether you keep your words secret, or utter them aloud, indeed, He is all-knowing

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِرَبِّهِمْ

عَذَابُ جَهَنَّمَ وَبِئْسَ الْمَصِيرُ

إِذَا الْقَوُوفُ فِيهَا

سَمِعُوا لَهَا شَيْعًا وَهِيَ تَفُورُ

تَكَادُ تَمَيِّزُ مِنَ الْغَيْظِ

كُلَّمَا أُلْقِيَ فِيهَا فَوْجٌ

سَأَلَهُمْ خَزَنَتُهَا أَلَمْ يَأْتِكُمْ نَذِيرٌ

قَالُوا بَلَىٰ قَدْ جَاءَنَا نَذِيرٌ فَكَذَّبْنَا

وَقُلْنَا مَا نَزَّلَ اللَّهُ مِنْ شَيْءٍ

إِنْ أَنْتُمْ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَالٍ كَبِيرٍ

وَقَالُوا لَوْ كُنَّا نَسْمَعُ أَوْ نَعْقِلُ

مَا كُنَّا فِي أَصْحَابِ السَّعِيرِ

فَأَعْرِضُوا عَنْهُمْ

فَسُحْقًا لِأَصْحَابِ السَّعِيرِ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ

يَخْشَوْنَ رَبَّهُم بِالْغَيْبِ

لَهُمْ مَغْفِرَةٌ وَأَجْرٌ كَبِيرٌ

وَأَسِرُّوا قَوْلَكُمْ أَوِ اجْهَرُوا بِهِ

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of all that is 'harbored'
within the breast 'of people'.

- 67:14 Does He who has created
not know 'His creation',
while He is the Subtle, the All-Aware?

- 67:15 He is the One
who has made the earth
yielding 'of all its resources' to you.
So walk through its 'diverse' regions
and eat of His provision.
Yet 'know that' to Him 'alone'
is the Resurrection 'of all of you for Judgment.

- 67:16 O disbelievers!
Do you, then, feel secure
that He who is in the Heaven
will not cause the earth
to sink under you, then suddenly convulse?

- 67:17 Or do you feel secure
that He who is in the Heaven
will not send upon you
'a raging storm of lethal' pellets,
so that 'at last' you will know
how 'true' was My forewarning?

- 67:18 And very truly,
those 'who disbelieved' before them
also belied 'My revealed forewarnings'.
How 'awesome', then,
was My denunciation 'of them all'!

- 67:19 Then have they not looked
to the birds above them,
outspreading and folding 'their wings
in flight'?
None holds them 'aloft' but the All-Merciful.
Indeed, He is all-seeing of all things.

سُورَةُ الْمُلْكِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ

أَلَا يَعْلَمُ مَنْ خَلَقَ

وَهُوَ اللَّطِيفُ الْخَبِيرُ

هُوَ الَّذِي

جَعَلَ لَكُمُ الْأَرْضَ ذَلُولًا

فَأَمْشُوا فِي مَنَاكِبِهَا

وَكُلُوا مِنْ رِزْقِهِ ۚ وَإِلَيْهِ النُّشُورُ

ءَاٰمَنْتُمْ مَنْ فِي السَّمَاءِ

أَنْ يَخْفِيفَ بِكُمْ الْأَرْضَ

فَإِذَا هِيَ تَمُورُ

أَمْ آمَنْتُمْ مَنْ فِي السَّمَاءِ

أَنْ يُرْسِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ حَاصِبًا

فَسَتَعْلَمُونَ كَيْفَ نَذِيرِ

وَلَقَدْ كَذَّبَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ

فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَذِيرِ

أَوَلَمْ يَرَوْا إِلَى الطَّيْرِ فَوْقَهُمْ

صَفْقَتِ وَيَقِضْنَ

مَا يُمْسِكُهُنَّ إِلَّا الرَّحْمَنُ

سُورَةُ الْمُلْكِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ النَّاسِ وَالْعَمْرُونَ

- 67:20 Or who is that 'mighty' host of yours
who will support you
'against eternal punishment'
apart from the All-Merciful?
Indeed, the disbelievers
are 'whelmed' in delusion.
- 67:21 Or who is that 'affluent' one
that will provide for you,
if 'God' withholds His provision?
Rather, they persist
in insolence and aversion 'to the truth'.
- 67:22 Then is one who walks
pitched on his face 'in damnation' more guided,
or one who walks upright
upon a straight way 'of salvation'?
- 67:23 Say, 'O Prophet':
He is the One
who has brought you 'into being'
and who gave to you
'the faculties of' hearing, and sight,
and hearts 'that comprehend'.
How very 'little are the thanks that you give!
- 67:24 Say 'to the disbelievers':
He is the One
who has multiplied you on earth.
And before Him 'in the Hereafter'
you shall 'all' be assembled 'for Judgment'.
- 67:25 Yet they say 'in contempt':
When will this promise
'of divine judgment' be 'fulfilled',
if, indeed, you 'believers' are truthful?
- 67:26 Say 'to them, O Prophet':
Indeed, that knowledge is only with God,
and I am only a clear forewarner 'of its coming'.
- 67:27 Yet when they see its 'reality

إِنَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ بَصِيرٌ
أَمَّنْ هَذَا الَّذِي هُوَ جُنْدٌ لَكُمْ
يَنْصُرُكُمْ مِنْ دُونِ الرَّحْمَنِ
إِنَّ الْكَافِرِينَ إِلَّا فِي غُرُورٍ
أَمَّنْ هَذَا الَّذِي يَرْزُقُكُمْ
إِنْ أَمْسَكَ رِزْقَهُ
بَلْ لَجُّوا فِي عُتُوٍّ وَنُفُورٍ
أَفَمَنْ يَمْشِي مُكِبًّا عَلَى وَجْهِهِ
أَهْدَىٰ أَمَّنْ يَمْشِي سَوِيًّا
عَلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ
قُلْ هُوَ الَّذِي أَنْشَأَكُمْ
وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ السَّمْعَ وَالْأَبْصَارَ
وَالْأَفْئِدَةَ قَلِيلًا مَّا تَشْكُرُونَ
قُلْ هُوَ الَّذِي ذَرَأَكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
وَالَيْهِ تُحْشَرُونَ
وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَىٰ هَذَا الْوَعْدُ
إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ
قُلْ إِنَّمَا الْعِلْمُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ
وَإِنَّمَا أَنَا نَذِيرٌ مُبِينٌ

- so very near at hand,
 the faces of those who disbelieved
 will become greatly distressed.
 For it will be said to them :
 This is what you claimed would never be!
 67:28 Say to those who intend your ruin, O Prophet :
 Have you considered
 that whether God takes my life,
 and the lives of all those with me as you wish ,
 or has mercy on us and spares us —
 yet who is it that shall protect the disbelievers
 from a most painful torment from Him ?
 67:29 Say to them :
 He is the All-Merciful.
 We have believed in Him alone .
 And upon Him alone do we rely.
 Thus, you shall, most surely, know
 who is utterly lost in clear error!
 67:30 Say, O Prophet :
 Have you considered
 that if, suddenly, one morning
 you found that your water
 had become deeply sunken in the ground,
 who, then, would bring you
 water, fresh flowing and clean ?

سُورَةُ الْمُلْكِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

فَلَمَّا رَأَوْهُ زُلْفَةً ۝٢٧
 سَيِّئَتْ وُجُوهُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
 وَقِيلَ هَذَا الَّذِي
 كُنْتُمْ بِهِ تَدْعُونَ
 قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ إِنْ أَهْلَكْنِي اللَّهُ ۝٢٨
 وَمَنْ مَعِيَ أَوْ رَحِمَنَا
 فَمَنْ يُجِيرُ الْكَافِرِينَ
 مِنْ عَذَابِ أَلِيمٍ
 قُلْ هُوَ الرَّحْمَنُ أَمَّنَّا بِهِ ۝٢٩
 وَعَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلْنَا فَسَتَعْلَمُونَ
 مَنْ هُوَ فِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ
 قُلْ أَرَأَيْتُمْ
 إِنْ أَصْبَحَ مَاؤُكُمْ غَوْرًا
 فَمَنْ يَأْتِيكُمْ بِمَاءٍ مَعِينٍ

سُورَةُ الْقَلَمِ

The surah that opens with the single discrete Arabic letter Nûn and the oath of the Divine
One swearing by the instrument of THE PEN, as well as all knowledge that people are
able to preserve and communicate thereby.

Surah 68 / 52 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Qalam

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 68:1 *Nûn*
By the pen, and all that they inscribe!
- 68:2 You are not, by the grace of your Lord,
‘O Prophet,’ touched with madness.
- 68:3 And for you, indeed,
there is an unfailing reward awaiting.
- 68:4 For, indeed, you are, most surely,
‘a man’ of outstanding character.
- 68:5 Thus you shall see,
and they ‘who belie you’ shall see,
68:6 which of you is ‘truly’ afflicted with madness.
- 68:7 Indeed, it is your Lord ‘alone’
who knows best all those who have strayed
from His ‘straight’ path,
and He knows best
‘all’ those who are guided aright.
- 68:8 So do not obey ‘the dictates
of’ the beliers ‘of God’.
- 68:9 They wish only
for you to compromise ‘your faith’.
Then they too would ‘offer’ compromise.
- 68:10 Yet do not yield to ‘the wishes

١ ن وَالْقَلَمِ وَمَا يَسْطُرُونَ
٢ مَا أَنْتَ بِمَعْجُونٍ
٣ وَإِنَّ لَكَ لَأَجْرًا غَيْرَ مَمْنُونٍ
٤ وَإِنَّكَ لَعَلَىٰ خُلُقٍ عَظِيمٍ
٥ فَسَتُبْصِرُ وَيُبْصِرُونَ
٦ بِأَيِّكُمْ الْمُنْتَوُونَ
٧ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ
بِمَنْ ضَلَّ عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ
وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ بِالْمُهْتَدِينَ
٨ فَلَا تُطِيعُوا الْمُكَذِّبِينَ
٩ وَذُودُوا لَوْلَدَهُمْ فَيَذَرُوكَ
١٠ وَلَا تُطِيعُوا كُلَّ حَلَّافٍ مَّهِينٍ

- of one who is a habitual swearer of false oaths,
a contemptible person —
- 68:11 slanderer,
who goes about everywhere with malicious talk!
- 68:12 Preventer of all that is good!
Sinful transgressor!
- 68:13 Cruel! Moreover, ignoble!
Because he has wealth and sons,
- 68:14 when Our revealed verses
are recited to him, he says haughtily:
Mere tales of the ancients!
- 68:16 We shall brand him upon the muzzle.
68:17 Indeed, We have but tested
the elite of them among you who disbelieve,
even as We have tested
the owners of the garden before them.
Behold!
They vowed to harvest all its fruits
come early morning.
- 68:18 Yet they made no exception
for the will of God.
- 68:19 Then a whirlwind of fire from your Lord
came upon it while they slept.
- 68:20 Thus by morning, it was all but devastated.
68:21 So they called to each other in the morning:
68:22 Go early to your tillage,
if you are resolved to harvest it
for yourselves only!
- 68:23 So they proceeded to their orchard,
murmuring to one another:
- 68:24 Make sure that none of the indigent
enter it today with you!
- 68:25 Thus they went forth early morning
with determination,
thinking themselves all-able to bar the poor.
- 68:26 Then when they saw it utterly destroyed,

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- هَٰذَا مَثَلٌ ذَمِيمٌ ١١
- مَنَاعٌ لِلْخَيْرِ مُعْتَدٍ أَثِيمٌ ١٢
- عُتِلَ بَعْدَ ذَٰلِكَ رَئِيمٌ ١٣
- أَن كَانَ ذَا مَالٍ وَبَنِينَ ١٤
- إِذَا تُتْلَىٰ عَلَيْهِ آيَاتُنَا ١٥
- قَالَ اسْتَطِيرَ الْأُولَىٰ ١٦
- سَنَسِفُهُ عَلَى الْخَرْطُومِ ١٧
- إِنَّا بَلَوْنَاهُمْ ١٨
- فَطَافَ عَلَيْهَا طَائِفٌ مِّن رَّبِّكَ ١٩
- وَهُمْ نَائِمُونَ ٢٠
- فَأَصْبَحَتْ كَالصَّرِيمِ ٢١
- فَتَنَادَوْا مُصْبِحِينَ ٢٢
- أَنِ اغْدُوا عَلَىٰ حَرْثِكُمْ ٢٣
- إِن كُنتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ٢٤
- فَانْطَلَقُوا وَهُمْ يَخْفَتُونَ ٢٥
- أَن لَّا يَدْخُلَنَّهَا الْيَوْمَ عَلَيْكُمْ مُسْكِينٌ ٢٦
- وَعَدُوا عَلَىٰ حَرْثٍ قَدِيرٍ ٢٧
- فَلَمَّا رَأَوْهَا قَالُوا إِنَّا لَضَالُونَ ٢٨

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِسُ وَالْعَمْرُونُ

they said 'in disbelief':

Surely, we have strayed 'from the right way'!

68:27 Rather, we have become destitute!

68:28 The most fair-minded among them said:

Did I not say to you:

Why do you not exalt 'God'?

68:29 They said: Highly exalted is our Lord!

Indeed, we have been wrongdoers.

68:30 Then they turned to one another,
blaming each other.

68:31 They said: Oh, woe to us!

Indeed, we have been transgressors.

68:32 May our Lord replace it for us
with what is better.

For, indeed, we have set our hope 'anew'
upon our Lord 'alone'.

68:33 Such is the torment 'from God
in this world'—

and, most surely,

the torment of the Hereafter is 'far' greater,
if only they 'who disbelieve' could 'now' know.

68:34 Indeed, for the God-fearing,
there shall be Gardens of Delight
'in the Hereafter' with their Lord.

68:35 Shall We, then, regard those who are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone',
as 'equal to' the defiant unbelievers?

68:36 What has become of you?

How do you make
such an 'irrational' judgment?

68:37 Or do you have a 'revealed' Book
in which you study,

68:38 wherein it is 'written' for you
that you shall have 'in the Hereafter'
whatever you so choose?

٢٧ بَلْ نَحْنُ مَحْرُومُونَ

٢٨ قَالُوا أَوْسَطُهُمْ

أَلَوْ أَقْلَ لَكُمْ لَوْلَا تَسْتَعِينُونَ

٢٩ قَالُوا سُبْحَنَ رَبِّنَا

إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَالِمِينَ

٣٠ فَأَقْبَلَ بَعْضُهُمْ

عَلَى بَعْضٍ يَتَلَومُونَ

٣١ قَالُوا يَوَيْلَنَا إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَالِمِينَ

٣٢ عَسَى رَبَّنَا أَنْ يُبَدِّلَنَا خَيْرًا مِنْهَا

إِنَّا إِلَى رَبِّنَا رَاغِبُونَ

٣٣ كَذَلِكَ الْعَذَابُ

وَالْعَذَابُ الْآخِرُ أَكْبَرُ

لَوْ كَانُوا يَعْلَمُونَ

٣٤ إِنَّ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ

جَنَّاتٍ النَّعِيمِ

٣٥ أَفَنَجْعَلُ الْمُسْلِمِينَ كَالْمُجْرِمِينَ

٣٦ مَا لَكُمْ كَيْفَ تَحْكُمُونَ

٣٧ أَمْ لَكُمْ كِتَابٌ فِيهِ تَدْرُسُونَ

٣٨ إِن لَّكُمْ فِيهِ مَا تَخْتَبِرُونَ

- 68:39 Or do you have 'divine' pledges
that are binding upon Us,
extending to the Day of Resurrection,
stating that you shall have
whatever 'final Judgment'
you determine 'for yourselves'?
- 68:40 Ask them, 'O Prophet,'
who among them is the guarantor
of such a claim.
- 68:41 Or do they have associate-gods to guarantee it?
Then let them bring forth their associate-gods,
if, indeed, they are truthful—
- 68:42 on a 'most difficult' Day 'Hereafter,'
when they are resurrected,
and an 'inimitable' Shin is laid bare,
and they are called
to bow 'their faces' down to the ground
before God,
yet they are unable to do so.
- 68:43 Their eyes downcast,
humiliation shall spread over them;
for they had been called
to bow 'their faces' down to God
before 'in life',
while they were 'yet safe and' sound.
- 68:44 So leave to Me all who belie
this 'revealed' Pronouncement.
We shall draw them forth
'to their horrific end' gradually,
'by the cares of the world—
but from where they do not know.
- 68:45 Yet 'first', I shall grant them respite.
Indeed, My plan is 'inescapably' firm.
- 68:46 Is it, then, that you ask of them payment

سُورَةُ الْقَلَمِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

٣٩ أَمْ لَكُمْ أَيْدِي عَلَىٰ بِلْعَةٍ

إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ

إِنْ لَكُمْ لَمَّا تَحْكُمُونَ

٤٠ سَأَلْتَهُمْ أَتَيْتُمْ بِذَلِكَ رَعِيْمٍ

٤١ أَمْ لَهُمْ شُرَكَاءُ فَلْيَأْتُوا بِشُرَكَائِهِمْ

إِنْ كَانُوا صَادِقِينَ

٤٢ يَوْمَ يَكْشِفُ عَنْ سَاقٍ

وَيُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى السَّجْدِ

فَلَا يَسْتَطِيعُونَ

٤٣ خَشَعَةً أَبْصَرْتُمْ رَهَقَهُمْ ذِلَّةٌ

وَقَدْ كَانُوا يُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى السَّجْدِ

وَهُمْ سَالِمُونَ

٤٤ فَذَرْنِي

وَمَنْ يَكْذِبْ بِهَذَا الْخَبَرِ

سَنَسْتَدْرِجُهُمْ

مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ

٤٥ وَأُمْلِي لَهُمْ إِنَّ كَيْدِي مَتِينٌ

٤٦ أَمْ كُنْتُمْ تَرْجَوْنَ أَنْ نَحْمِلَهُمْ أَجْرًا

فَهُمْ مِنْ مَّغْرَمٍ مُتَقَلُّونَ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِسُ وَالْجُثْرُونَ
بَيْنَ الْقَلَمِ

٤٧ أَمْ عِنْدَهُمُ الْغَيْبُ فَهُمْ يَكْتُمُونَ

٤٨ فَاصْبِرْ لِحُكْمِ رَبِّكَ

وَلَا تَكُنْ كَصَاحِبِ الْحُوتِ

إِذْ نَادَىٰ وَهُوَ مَكْظُومٌ

٤٩ لَوْلَا أَن نَّذَرْنَاكَ نِعْمَةً مِن رَّبِّهِ

لَنُذِيَ بِالْعَرَاءِ وَهُوَ مَذْمُومٌ

٥٠ فَاجْنِبْهُ رَبُّهُ

فَجَعَلَهُ مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ

٥١ وَإِنْ يَكَادُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

لَيَرْفُؤُنَكَ بِأَبْصَرِهِمْ

لَمَّا سَمِعُوا الذِّكْرَ

وَيَقُولُونَ إِنَّهُ لَمَنْجُونٌ

٥٢ وَمَا هُوَ إِلَّا ذِكْرٌ لِلْعَالَمِينَ

for this message, O Prophet,
such that they shall be overburdened with debt,
wherefore they disbelieve?

68:47 Or have they hold of the realm of the unseen,
such that they may write down
whatever destiny they please?

68:48 Yet be patient, O Prophet,

with your Lord's decree
to convey His message.

And do not become frustrated
and abandon your mission,
like Jonah, the Companion of the Whale.
Behold!

When he realized his mistake,
he cried out from within it —
and he was utterly remorseful and distressed.

68:49 Had a grace from his Lord not reached him,
he would have been cast out
onto a barren shore, forever condemned.

68:50 But his Lord had chosen him as a prophet,
and so made him among the righteous.

68:51 Yet, indeed, those who disbelieve
would nearly strike you down, O Muhammad,
with their glances
whenever they hear the verses
of this revealed Reminder recited to them.
For out of envy they say:
Indeed, he is possessed!

68:52 Yet in truth,
this Quran is but a revealed Reminder
sent in admonition
to all the people of the worlds.

Surah 69 / 52 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Hâqqah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 69:1 The Inevitable Reality!
 69:2 How awesome shall be the Inevitable Reality!
 69:3 And what shall make you realize
 what is the Inevitable Reality?
 69:4 'The peoples of Thamûd and 'Âd
 belied the 'Great' Pounding
 of the Hour of Doom'.
 69:5 So as for the people of Thamûd,
 they were destroyed
 by an overpowering thunderclap.
 69:6 And as for the people of 'Âd,
 they were destroyed
 by a thunderously violent, raging-cold wind.
 69:7 He imposed its fury upon them
 for seven straight nights and eight days,
 utterly eradicating them,
 such that you could see the people therein
 hewn down,
 as if they were hollowed-out date-palm trunks.
 69:8 Then do you see any remnant of them?
 69:9 And thereafter came Pharaoh,
 and those before him—
 like the Overturned Towns

١ الْحَاقَّةُ

٢ مَا الْحَاقَّةُ

٣ وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا الْحَاقَّةُ

٤ كَذَّبَتْ ثَمُودُ وَعَادٌ بِالْقَارِعَةِ

٥ فَأَمَّا ثَمُودُ

فَاهْلِكُوا بِالطَّاعِنَةِ

وَأَمَّا عَادٌ فَاهْلِكُوا

بِرِيحٍ صَوَّارٍ عَاتِيَةٍ

٧ سَخَّرَهَا عَلَيْهِمْ سَبْعَ لَيَالٍ

وَتَمْنِيَةً أَيَّامٍ خُسُوفًا

فَتَرَى الْقَوْمَ فِيهَا صَرْعَى

كَأَنَّهُمْ أَعْجَارٌ نَحْلٌ خَاوِيَةٌ

٨ فَهَلْ تَرَى لَهُمْ مِنْ بَاقِيَةٍ

٩ وَجَاءَ فِرْعَوْنُ وَمَنْ قَبْلَهُ

وَالْمُؤْتَفِكَةُ بِالْخَاطِفَةِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون سُورَةُ الْحَاقَّةِ

- of Sodom and Gomorrah
that indulged in great sin.
- 69:10 For they all disobeyed
the messenger of their Lord sent to guide them.
So He seized them, suddenly,
with an exceedingly mighty grip.
- 69:11 Moreover, when ages before this
the water overflowed all things in the Deluge,
We carried you human beings as seed
in the running Ark of Noah,
so that We might make it
a lasting reminder for all of you,
and that a heedful ear
might give heed to its lesson.
- 69:13 Now, when the Trumpet
of the Hour of Doom is blown,
with a single blast,
and the earth and the mountains
are lifted high and then crushed low
in a single crushing blow—
- 69:15 on that Day,
the Indisputable Event of Resurrection
will then occur.
- 69:16 And the heaven will rend asunder,
for on that Day it shall be utterly frail.
- 69:17 Then the angels at its sides—
bearing above them the Throne of your Lord
on that Day—
shall be eight.
- 69:18 On that Day, all of you shall be displayed
before God for Judgment;
not a single one of your secret acts
will be concealed in seclusion from Him.
- 69:19 Then as to one who is given his book of deeds

- ١٠ فَعَصَوْا رَسُولَ رَبِّهِمْ
فَأَخَذَهُمُ أَخَذَةً رَابِيَةً
١١ إِنَّا لَمَّا طَغَا الْمَاءُ
حَمَلْنَاكُمْ فِي الْجَارِيَةِ
١٢ لِنَجْعَلَهَا لَكُمْ تَذْكِرَةً
وَتَعْيِبَهَا أَذْنٌ وَاعِيَةٌ
١٣ فَإِذَا نْفِخُ فِي الصُّورِ نَفْخَةٌ وَاحِدَةٌ
١٤ وَحُمِلَتِ الْأَرْضُ وَالْجِبَالُ
فَدَكَّنَا دَكَّةً وَاحِدَةً
١٥ فَيَوْمَئِذٍ وَقَعَتِ الْوَاقِعَةُ
وَانشَقَّتِ السَّمَاءُ
١٦ فَهِيَ يَوْمَئِذٍ وَاهِيَةٌ
وَالْمَلَكُ عَلَى أَرْجَائِهَا
وَيَحْمِلُ عَرْشَ رَبِّكَ فَوْقَهُمْ
يَوْمَئِذٍ ثَمَنِيَةٌ
١٨ يَوْمَئِذٍ تُعْرَضُونَ
لَا تَخْفَى مِنْكُمْ خَافِيَةٌ
١٩ فَأَمَّا مَنْ أُوتِيَ كِتَابَهُ بِيَمِينِهِ

- in his right hand—
 then 'joyously' shall he say:
 Here, come 'all of you'!
 Read my book!
- 69:20 Indeed, I did 'in life' believe
 that I would, most surely, face my reckoning.
- 69:21 Therefore, shall he be 'eternally'
 in a life well-pleasing,
 69:22 in a lofty Garden 'of Paradise',
 69:23 its fruits near at hand.
- 69:24 'It shall, then, be said:'
 Eat and drink salubriously,
 for what you have formerly done
 in the days gone by.
- 69:25 But as for one who is given his book 'of deeds'
 in his left hand—
 then, 'miserably,' shall he say: Oh!
 If only I had not been given my book
 69:26 and had never known what is my reckoning!
- 69:27 Oh! If only 'death' had been the end!
 69:28 My wealth has not availed me!
 69:29 My authority has vanished from me.
- 69:30 'It shall, then, be said:'
 Take him and yoke him!
 69:31 Then roast him in Hellfire!
- 69:32 Then bind him in a chain
 whose length is seventy cubits.
- 69:33 Indeed, he did not believe
 in God, the Magnificent.
 69:34 Nor did he urge the feeding of the indigent.
- 69:35 Therefore, here, on this Day,
 he has no intimate friend.
 69:36 Nor shall he have any food,
 except of purulent discharge.
- 69:37 None shall eat it, except the sinners.

سُورَةُ الْحَاقَّةِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- فَيَقُولُ هَؤُلَاءِ أَقْرَبُ أَكُنِيَّةَ ٢٠
 إِنِّي ظَنَنْتُ أَنِّي مُلَاقٍ حِسَابِيَّةَ ٢١
 فَهُوَ فِي عِيشَةٍ رَاضِيَةٍ ٢٢
 فِي جَنَّةٍ عَالِيَةٍ ٢٣
 قُطُوفُهَا دَانِيَةٌ ٢٤
 كُلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا هَنِيئًا ٢٥
 بِمَا أَسْلَفْتُمْ ٢٦
 فِي الْأَيَّامِ الْمُنَايَا ٢٧
 وَأَمَّا مَنْ أُوتِيَ كِتَابَهُ بِشِمَالِهِ ٢٨
 فَيَقُولُ يَلَيْتَنِي لَأَرْوُتَ كُنِيَّةَ ٢٩
 وَلَأَرْدِّرَ مَا حِسَابِيَّةَ ٣٠
 يَلَيْتَنِي كَانْتُ الْفَاضِيَّةَ ٣١
 مَا أَغْنَى عَنِّي مَالِيَّةَ ٣٢
 هَلَكْتُ عَنِّي سُلْطَانِيَّةَ ٣٣
 خَذُوهُ فَعِلُوهُ ٣٤
 ثُمَّ الْجَحِيمَ صَلُّوهُ ٣٥
 ثُمَّ فِي سِلْسِلَةٍ ٣٦
 ذَرْعُهَا سَبْعُونَ ذِرَاعًا فَاسْلُكُوهُ ٣٧
 إِنَّهُ كَانَ لَا يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ الْعَظِيمِ ٣٨
 وَلَا يَحْضُرُ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْمَسْكِينِ ٣٩
 فَلَيْسَ لَهُ الْيَوْمَ هُنَا حَمِيمٌ ٤٠
 وَلَا طَعَامٌ إِلَّا مِنْ غِسْلِينٍ ٤١
 لَا يَأْكُلُهُ إِلَّا الْخَاطِئُونَ ٤٢

سُوْرَةُ الْحَقِّ

الْحَقُّ الْيَقِيْنُ

- 69:38 But no, indeed! I do swear!
By all that you see,
69:39 and all that you do not see!
69:40 This 'Quran' is, indeed,
the 'very' word of God,
conveyed by way of a noble messenger-angel.
69:41 And it is not the word of a poet.
'But' little is it that you 'human beings' believe.
69:42 Nor is it the word of a soothsayer.
'But' little are you 'human beings' mindful
of God's admonitions .
69:43 It is 'a revelation' sent down
from the Lord of 'All' the Worlds.
69:44 And were 'Muhammad'
to falsely attribute some words to Us,
69:45 We would, most surely, seize him
by the right hand.
69:46 Then We would, most surely,
sever his aorta.
69:47 Nor is there 'a single' one of you
who could prevent 'God' from him.
69:48 Thus, indeed,
'this Quran' is a 'revealed' Reminder
'sent in admonition' for all the God-fearing.
69:49 Yet, indeed, We know well
that among you there are ardent beliers 'of it' .
69:50 For, indeed, it is a cause of 'deep' regret
for the disbelievers.
69:51 Yet, indeed, it is, most surely,
the 'revealed' truth of utter certainty.
69:52 So highly exalt the name
of your Lord, the Magnificent.

- ٣٨ فَلَا أَقِيْمُ بِمَا يُبْصِرُوْنَ
٣٩ وَمَا لَا يُبْصِرُوْنَ
٤٠ اِنَّهٗ لَقَوْلُ رَسُوْلٍ كَرِيْمٍ
٤١ وَمَا هُوَ بِقَوْلِ شَاعِرٍ
قَلِيْلًا مَّا تُؤْمِنُوْنَ
٤٢ وَلَا يَقُوْلُ كَاٰهِنٌ قَلِيْلًا مَّا نَذْكُرُوْنَ
٤٣ نَزِيْلٌ مِّن رَّبِّ الْعٰلَمِيْنَ
٤٤ وَلَوْ نَقُوْلُ عَلَيْنَا بَعْضُ الْاَقْوَالِ
٤٥ لَّاخْذَنَامِنُهٗ بِالْيَمِيْنِ
٤٦ ثُمَّ لَقَطَعْنَا مِنهٗ الْوَتِيْنَ
٤٧ فَمَا يَنْكُرُوْنَ اَحَدٌ عَنْهٗ حٰجِزِيْنَ
٤٨ وَاِنَّهٗ لَنَذِكُرُهٗ الْمُتَّقِيْنَ
٤٩ وَاِنَّا لَنَعْلَمُ اَنْ مِنْكُمْ مُّكَذِّبِيْنَ
٥٠ وَاِنَّهٗ لَحَسْرَةٌ عَلٰى الْكَافِرِيْنَ
٥١ وَاِنَّهٗ لَحَقُّ الْيَقِيْنِ
٥٢ فَسَبِّحْ بِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ الْعَظِيْمِ

Surah 70 / 44 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Ma'ârij

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 70:1 A 'mocking' questioner
has asked 'you, O Prophet,'
to 'hasten' the inevitable torment
70:2 for the disbelievers that none can repel!
70:3 It is from God 'alone', Lord of the Ascents.
70:4 The angels, and 'Gabriel', the Spirit,
ascend to Him in a Day—
'wherein humanity shall be resurrected—'
the measure of which is fifty-thousand years.
70:5 So have patience, 'O Prophet'—
beautiful patience!
70:6 Indeed, they 'who disbelieve' see it as far-off.
70:7 But We see it as 'so very' near—
70:8 on a Day 'Hereafter'
when the heaven shall be as molten brass;
70:9 and the mountains shall be
as 'multihued' tufts of wool;
70:10 and an intimate friend will not ask 'anything
of an intimate friend—
70:11 'though' they are made to see one another.
The defiant unbeliever will wish 'ardently'
he could ransom himself
from the torment of that Day—

- ١ سَأَلَ سَائِلٌ بِعَذَابٍ وَاقِعٍ
٢ لِلْكَافِرِينَ لَيْسَ لَهُ دَافِعٌ
٣ رَبُّكَ اللَّهُ ذِي الْمَعَارِجِ
٤ تَعْرُجُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ
وَالرُّوحُ إِلَيْهِ
فِي يَوْمٍ كَانَ مِقْدَارُهُ
خَمْسِينَ أَلْفَ سَنَةٍ
٥ فَاصْبِرْ صَبْرًا جَمِيلًا
٦ إِنَّهُمْ يَرَوْنَهُ بَعِيدًا
وَنَرَاهُ قَرِيبًا
٧ يَوْمَ تَكُونُ السَّمَاءُ كَالْهَلْ
وَتَكُونُ الْجِبَالُ كَالْعِهْنِ
٨ وَلَا يَسْأَلُ حِمِيمٌ حَمِيمًا
٩ يَبْصُرُونَهُ
يَوْمَ الْمُجْرِمِ لَوْ يَفْتَدِي
مِنْ عَذَابِ يَوْمِهِمْ يَسِيرُهُ

سُورَةُ الْمَعَارِجِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

١٢ وَصَجِبَتْهُ وَأَخِيهِ

١٣ وَفَصِيلَتِهِ الَّتِي تُتَوَكَّلُ

١٤ وَمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا ثُمَّ يُنْجِيهِ

١٥ كَلَّا إِنَّهَا لَأَطْنَىٰ

١٦ نَزَاعَةٌ لِلشَّوَىٰ

١٧ تَدْعُوا مَنْ أَدْبَرَ وَتَوَلَّىٰ

١٨ وَجَمَعَ فَأَوْعَىٰ

١٩ ۞ إِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لِرَبِّهِ لَكَنَ هَلُوعًا

٢٠ إِذَا مَسَّهُ الشَّرُّ جَزُوعًا

٢١ وَإِذَا مَسَّهُ الْخَيْرُ مَنُوعًا

٢٢ إِلَّا الْمُصَلِّينَ

٢٣ الَّذِينَ هُمْ عَلَىٰ صَلَاتِهِمْ دَائِمُونَ

٢٤ وَالَّذِينَ فِي أَمْوَالِهِمْ حَقٌّ مَّعْلُومٌ

٢٥ لِلسَّائِلِ وَالْمَحْرُومِ

٢٦ وَالَّذِينَ يُصَدِّقُونَ بَيِّرَ الَّذِينَ

٢٧ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ

٢٨ مِنْ عَذَابِ رَبِّهِمْ مُتَّقُونَ

٢٩ إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّهِمْ غَيْرُ مَأْمُونٍ

٣٠ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ لِأَعْيُنِهِمْ هَحْفَظُونَ

٣١ إِلَّا عَلَىٰ أَرْوَاحِهِمْ

٣٢ أَوْ مَا مَلَكَتْ أَيْمَانُهُمْ

٣٣ فَلَهُمْ غَيْرُ مَلُومِينَ

even by the sacrifice of his children,

70:12 and his spouse, and his brother,

70:13 and his close kin who sheltered him,

70:14 and whoever is on earth, altogether—

that they might, then, deliver him.

70:15 No, indeed! It shall never be!

It is, most surely,

a raging Fire that awaits him.

70:16 It rips away the flesh of scalp and limb.

70:17 It calls forth those

who in life drew back from the truth

and turned away from faith,

70:18 and gathered wealth, and then hoarded it.

70:19 *Indeed, man was created fretful.

70:20 When evil touches him, he is impatient.

70:21 But when good touches him,

he is begrudging of help to others—

70:22 excepted from this are those who pray:

70:23 The ones who are constant in their Prayers;

70:24 and the ones in whose wealth

there is a rightfully determined share

70:25 for the beggar and the destitute;

70:26 and the ones who affirm the truth

of the Day of Judgment;

70:27 and the ones who are ever cautious

with regard to the forewarning of torment
from their Lord.

70:28 Indeed, there is no safeguard

against their Lord's torment.

70:29 Moreover, these are the ones

who are ever vigilant

as to the chastity of their secret parts—

70:30 except in associating with their wives

or with whomever their hands

may rightfully attain to,

- for, then, they are not blameworthy.
70:31 But whoever seeks 'intimate consort'
beyond this,
then it is they who are the transgressors.
70:32 Thus the ones who are ever observant
of their trusts and their covenant;
70:33 and the ones who are upright
in 'upholding' their testimonies;
70:34 and 'again' the ones who are ever vigilant
as to 'keeping' their Prayers—
70:35 all these shall be in Gardens 'of Paradise',
most graciously honored.
70:36 So what is 'the purpose'
of those who disbelieve
in rushing at you headlong, 'O Prophet,'
70:37 from the right and from the left,
in 'mocking' crowds?
70:38 Is it that every one of them
hopes to be admitted
to an 'everlasting' Garden of Delight
'while belying God's message'?
70:39 No, indeed!
We have 'but' created them
from what 'humble fluid' they know.
70:40 Yet, no indeed!
I do swear by the Lord
of 'all' the Easts and 'all' the Wests
that truly We are all-able
70:41 to replace them
with 'those who are' better than them—
and never shall We be overcome!
70:42 So leave them, 'O Prophet,'
to indulge 'in vanity' and to play—
until they meet their 'ill-fated' Day,

سُورَةُ الْمَاعِجِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- ٣١ فَمَنْ أَتَىٰ ذَٰلِكَ
فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ الْعَادُونَ
٣٢ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ لِأَمْتِنِهِمْ
وَعَهْدِهِمْ رَاعُونَ
٣٣ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ بِشَهَادَتِهِمْ قَائِمُونَ
٣٤ وَالَّذِينَ هُمْ عَلَىٰ صَلَاتِهِمْ يُحَافِظُونَ
٣٥ أُولَٰئِكَ فِي جَنَّاتٍ مُّكْرَّمُونَ
٣٦ قَالِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَلَئِنْ لَّمْ نُحْكَمْهُمُ
عَنِ الْعَمِينِ وَعَنِ الشِّمَالِ عَرِيْنَ
٣٧ أَطِيعُ كُلَّ أَمْرٍ يَأْتِيهِمْ
أَنْ يَدْخُلَ جَنَّةَ نَعِيمٍ
٣٨
٣٩ إِنَّا خَلَقْنَاهُمْ مِمَّا يَعْلَمُونَ
فَلَا أَقْسِمُ رَبِّ الْمَشْرِقِ وَالْمَغْرِبِ
إِنَّا لَقَادِرُونَ
٤٠ عَلَىٰ أَنْ نَبْدِلَ خَيْرًا مِنْهُمْ
وَمَا نَحْنُ بِمُسْبِقِينَ
٤١ فَذَرَهُمْ يَحْوِضُوا وَيَلْعَبُوا
حَتَّىٰ يَلْقَاوُا يَوْمَهُمُ الَّذِي يُوْعَدُونَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

which they have been promised—

- 70:43 the Day they shall issue forth
from the tombs swiftly,
as if they were rushing toward an idol altar
they used sinfully to worship at in life .
- 70:44 Their eyes downcast,
humiliation shall spread over them.
That is the Day that they were promised.

يَوْمَ يَخْرُجُونَ مِنَ الْأَجْدَاثِ سِرَاجًا

١٣

كَأَنَّهُمْ إِلَىٰ نُصُبٍ يُوفِصُونَ

خَشَعَةً أَبْصَرُهُمْ تَرَهِفُهُمْ ذَلَّةٌ

١٤

ذَٰلِكَ الْيَوْمِ الَّذِي كَانُوا يُوعَدُونَ

١٥

Surah 71 / 28 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Nûh

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 71:1 Indeed, We sent Noah to his people, saying:
Forewarn your people
to willingly submit to God alone
before there comes to them
a most painful torment.
- 71:2 He said: O my people!
I am, indeed, a clear forewarner
sent by God to you,
that you shall worship God alone
and fear Him, and obey me.
- 71:3 He shall forgive you of your sins,
and defer judgment upon you
until you fulfill a stated term of life.
Indeed, God's term of judgment —
when it comes as punishment
for ungodliness — cannot be deferred;
if only you knew this,
you would surely believe.

- ١ إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ
أَن أَنْذِرْ قَوْمَكَ مِن قَبْلِ أَن
يَأْتِيَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ
- ٢ قَالَ يَقَوْمِ إِنِّي لَكُمْ نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ
٣ أَنِ اعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ
وَأَتَّقُوهُ وَأَطِيعُوا
٤ يَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ مِّنْ ذُنُوبِكُمْ
وَيُخَيِّرْكُمْ إِلَىٰ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمًّى
إِنَّ أَجَلَ اللَّهِ إِذَا جَاءَ لَا يُؤَخَّرُ
لَوْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
- ٥ قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي دَعَوْتُ قَوْمِي
لَيْلًا وَنَهَارًا
٦ فَلَمْ يَزِدْهُمْ دُعَايَ إِلَّا فِرَارًا

- 71:5 He said: My Lord!
I have called my people to faith,
by night and by daylight.
- 71:6 But my call has increased them

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي سَمِعَ وَالصُّلُوحُ

- only in flight from Your guidance .
- 71:7 Indeed, whenever I called them
to worship You alone ,
so that You might forgive them,
they put their fingers in their ears
and covered themselves with their garments,
and belligerently persisted in unbelief ,
and became arrogant—so very arrogant!
- 71:8 Then I called them all to belief in public.
- 71:9 Then I made known my message
to some of them openly ,
while I secretly
called to others among them in private.
- 71:10 Then I said to them :
Seek forgiveness from your Lord.
Indeed, ever is He most forgiving.
- 71:11 He shall avert drought
and send rain from heaven
upon you in abundance.
- 71:12 Moreover, He shall provide you
with wealth and children,
and make for you gardens,
and make for you rivers that run .
- 71:13 What is with you that you do not desire
to give due reverence to God,
while, truly, He has created each of you
in wondrous stages?
- 71:15 Do you not see how God has created
the seven heavens in layers one above another?
- 71:16 Thus has He made the moon therein as a light,
and the sun as a lamp.
- 71:17 Moreover, God has originally caused you
as human beings to spring
from the clay of the earth—as does a plant.
- 71:18 Then He shall return you into it,

وَأَنِّي كُلَّمَا دَعَوْتُهُمْ
لِتُغْفِرَ لَهُمْ
جَعَلُوا أَصْصِعَهُمْ فِي مَا أَنَا بِهِمْ
وَأَسْتَفْسَحُوا يَدِيهِمْ وَأَصْرُوا
وَأَسْتَكْبَرُوا اسْتِكْبَارًا
ثُمَّ إِنِّي دَعَوْتُهُمْ جِهَارًا
ثُمَّ إِنِّي أَعْلَنْتُ لَهُمْ
وَأَسْرَرْتُ لَهُمْ إِسْرَارًا
فَقُلْتُ اسْتَغْفِرُوا رَبَّكُمْ
إِنَّهُ كَانَ عَفَّارًا
يُرْسِلُ السَّمَاءَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِدْرَارًا
وَيُمَدِّدُكُمْ بِأَمْوَالٍ وَبَيْنَ
وَيَجْعَلُ لَكُمْ جَنَّاتٍ
وَيَجْعَلُ لَكُمْ أَنْهَارًا
مَا لَكُمْ لَا تَرْجُونَ لِلَّهِ وَقَارًا
وَقَدْ خَلَقَكُمْ أَطْوَارًا
الَّذِينَ تَرَوُا كَيْفَ خَلَقَ اللَّهُ
سَمِعَ سَمَوَاتٍ طِبَاقًا
وَجَعَلَ الْقَمَرَ فِيهِنَّ نُورًا
وَجَعَلَ الشَّمْسُ سِرَاجًا
وَاللَّهُ أُنَبِّتُكُمْ
مِّنَ الْأَرْضِ نَبَاتًا
ثُمَّ يُعِيدُكُمْ فِيهَا
وَيُخْرِجُكُمْ إِخْرَاجًا

- and resurrect you again—in a sure Resurrection.
- 71:19 Moreover, God has spread wide
the 'expanse of the' earth for you,
- 71:20 so that you may traverse
the broad pathways therein.
- 71:21 Noah said: My Lord!
Indeed, they have rebelled against me
and followed 'instead'
those whose wealth and children
have increased them only in loss 'of faith'.
- 71:22 Moreover, they have plotted
an enormous plot 'of great evil'.
- 71:23 And they have said 'to the people':
Do not ever leave your gods!
Do not ever leave Wadd,
nor Suwâ^c, nor Yaghûth,
or Ya'ûq, or Nasr.
- 71:24 Thus, truly, they have led many astray.
Therefore, 'my Lord, do not 'give' increase
'to the godless' wrongdoers 'in anything'
but 'the punishment due
for willful' misguidance.
- 71:25 So they were drowned for their sinfulness
then committed to a 'blazing' Fire.
Nor did they find for themselves,
apart from God,
any supporters 'against His Judgment'.
- 71:26 For Noah had said 'in his prayer': My Lord!
Do not leave upon the earth a single dweller
from among the disbelievers.
- 71:27 For, indeed, if You leave them,
they will lead astray Your servants;
and they will beget only wicked,
relentlessly unbelieving 'progeny'.
- 71:28 My Lord!

سُورَةُ نُوحٍ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

وَاللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ

الْأَرْضَ بِسَاطًا

لِتَسْلُكُوا مِنْهَا سُبُلًا فِجَاجًا

قَالَ نُوحٌ رَبِّ إِنِّهْم عَصَوْنِي

وَاتَّبَعُوا مَنْ لَمْ يَزِدْهُ مَالُهُ

وَوَلَدُهُ إِلَّا خَسَارًا

وَمَكْرُوا مَكْرًا كَبِيرًا

وَقَالُوا لَا نَذَرُنَّ آلِهَتِنَا

وَلَا نَذَرُنَّ وَدًّا وَلَا سُوَاعًا

وَلَا يَغُوثَ وَيَعُوقَ وَنَسْرًا

وَقَدْ أَضَلُّوا كَثِيرًا

وَلَا نُرِيدُ الظَّالِمِينَ إِلَّا ضَلَالًا

مِمَّا خَطَبْتَهُمْ أَغْرَقُوا

فَادْخُلُوا نَارًا فَلَمْ يَجِدُوا فِيهَا

مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ أَنْصَارًا

وَقَالَ نُوحٌ

رَبِّ لَا تَذَرْنِي عَلَى الْأَرْضِ

مِنَ الْكَافِرِينَ دَيَّارًا

إِنَّكَ إِن تَذَرَهُمْ

يُضِلُّوا عِبَادَكَ

وَلَا يَلِدُوا إِلَّا فَاجِرًا كَفَّارًا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ النَّاسِ وَالْجَنَّةِ

٢٨

Forgive me and my parents
 and whoever enters my house as a believer—
 and all the believing men
 and all the believing women
 'until the end of time'.
 But never 'give' increase
 'to the godless' wrongdoers in anything
 but an utter shattering 'of destruction'.

رَبِّ اغْفِرْ لِي وَلِوَالِدَيَّ
 وَلِمَنْ دَخَلَ بَيْتِي مُؤْمِنًا
 وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ
 وَلَا تَزِدِ الظَّالِمِينَ إِلَّا تَبَارًا

Surah 72 / 28 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Jinn

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

72:1 Say, 'O Prophet':

It has been revealed to me
that a group of jinn has listened
'to me reciting the Quran'.
So they said 'in admonition to their fellowship':
Indeed, we have heard a wondrous Quran.

72:2 It guides to the right way.

So we have believed in it.
Thus, never shall we associate
anyone 'as a god' with our Lord.

72:3 For, indeed,

most high is the majesty of our Lord.
He has not taken a spouse nor 'begotten' a son.

72:4 Thus, indeed, the foolish among us
have spoken an outrage against God
'in saying this'.

72:5 And, indeed, we had thought

that humankind and jinn
would never speak lies against God.

72:6 Yet, indeed, there have been men
among humankind
who seek refuge in the males of the jinn.
But they 'of the jinn who men seek out

قُلْ أُوحِيَ إِلَيَّ

أَنَّهُ أَسْمَعَ نَفَرٍ مِّنَ الْجِنِّ
فَقَالُوا إِنَّا سَمِعْنَا قُرْآنًا عَجَبًا

يَهْدِي إِلَى الرُّشْدِ فَآمَنَّا بِهِ

وَلَنُشْرِكَ بِرَبِّنَا أَحَدًا

وَأَنَّهُ تَعَلَّى جَدُّ رَبِّنَا

مَا اتَّخَذَ صِغَةً وَلَا وَلَدًا

وَأَنَّهُ كَانَ يَقُولُ سَفِيهُنَا

عَلَى اللَّهِ شَطَطًا

وَأَنَّا ظَنَنَّا أَن لَّنْ نَقُولَ الْإِنسُ

وَالْجِنُّ عَلَى اللَّهِ كَذِبًا

وَأَنَّهُ كَانَ رِجَالٌ مِّنَ الْإِنسِ

يَعُودُونَ رِجَالٍ مِّنَ الْجِنِّ

فَرَادَوْهُمْ رَهَقًا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْجِنُّ النَّاسِ وَالصُّنُوفِ

have only increased them in degradation
by urging them to impiety.

- 72:7 For, indeed, they of the jinn
have thought,
as you human beings have thought—
that God would never raise up anyone
after death for Judgment.

- 72:8 Now, indeed, we of the jinn
have sought to reach into Heaven.
But we found it filled
with mighty angels as guards
and shooting flames.

- 72:9 For, indeed, before the Quran's revelation,
we used to sit
in some of the sitting places near there
to listen to the higher world.
But one who seeks to listen now
finds a shooting flame in wait for him.

- 72:10 So, indeed, we do not know
whether an evil recompense is intended
for all those in the earth,
or whether their Lord intends
to bring about for them right guidance.

- 72:11 Now, indeed, among us
are those who are righteous.
And among us are those who are other than this.
We jinn have become of divergent ways.

- 72:12 Yet, indeed, we ourselves have realized
that never can we thwart
the will of God on earth.
Nor shall we ever thwart Him
by way of escape.

- 72:13 For, indeed, when we heard
the guidance of the Quran, we believed in it.

وَأَنَّهُمْ ظَنُّوا كَمَا ظَنَنْتُمْ
أَن لَّن يَبْعَثَ اللَّهُ أَحَدًا

وَأَنَا لَمَسْنَا السَّمَاءَ

فَوَجَدْنَاهَا مُلِئَتْ

حَرَسًا شَدِيدًا وَشُهَبًا

وَأَنَا كَمَا تَقَعُدُّ مِنْهَا

مَقْعَدٌ لِلْسَّمْعِ

فَمَنْ يَسْتَمِعِ الْآنَ

يَحِدُّ لَهُمْ شُهَابًا رَّصَدًا

وَأَنَا لَا تَدْرِي أَشْرُ

أُرِيدُ بِمَنْ فِي الْأَرْضِ

أَم أَرَادَ بِهِمْ رَبُّهُمْ رَشَدًا

وَأَنَا مِمَّا الصَّالِحِينَ

وَمِمَّا دُونَ ذَلِكَ

كُنَّا طَرَائِقُ فِدَا

وَأَنَا ظَنَنَّا

أَن لَّن تُعْجِزَ اللَّهُ فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَلَن تُعْجِزَهُ هَرَبًا

وَأَنَا لَمَّا سَمِعْنَا الْهُدَى

ءَامَنَّا بِهِ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- Thus whoever believes in his Lord 'in this life'
shall fear neither deprivation
'of his reward in the Hereafter'
nor degradation 'by an unjust accounting'.
- 72:14 And, indeed, among us
are those who are *muslims*,
in willing submission to God 'alone'.
And among us are those who are iniquitous.
So 'as to' those
who have willingly submitted 'themselves
to God alone',
they have pursued the right way
'to everlasting delight near their Lord'.
- 72:15 But as for the iniquitous,
they shall be firewood for Hell.
- 72:16 'God says:'
And were they 'who have belied this message'
to keep straight on the path 'of God',
We would, most surely,
'quench their thirst
and 'give them water 'from the heavens'
to drink in abundance—
- 72:17 so as to test them with it!
Yet whoever turns away
from the remembrance of his Lord,
He shall thrust him
into ever-mounting torment.
- 72:18 Now, indeed, the places of worship
are 'solely' for God.
So do not call upon anyone 'in worship'
along with God.
- 72:19 Yet when 'Muhammad,' the servant of God,
stood 'before his Lord' invoking Him 'in Prayer',

فَمَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِرَبِّهِ
فَلَا يَخَافُ مَحْصَا وَلَا رَهَقًا
وَأَنَا مِنَ الْمُسْلِمُونَ ﴿١٤﴾
وَمِنَ الْفَاسِقُونَ
فَمَنْ أَسْلَمَ
فَأُولَئِكَ نَحْرُورُ أَشْدَا
وَأَمَّا الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿١٥﴾
فَكَانُوا إِلَيْهِمْ حَطَبًا
وَأَلَوْ اسْتَقْنُوا عَلَى الطَّرِيقَةِ
لَأَسْقَيْنَهُمْ مَاءً غَدَقًا
لِنَفْنِئَهُمْ فِيهِ ﴿١٦﴾
وَمَنْ يُعْرِضْ عَنْ ذِكْرِ رَبِّهِ
يَسْلُكْهُ عَذَابًا صَعَدًا
وَأَنَّ الْمَسَاجِدَ لِلَّهِ ﴿١٨﴾
فَلَا تَدْعُوا مَعَ اللَّهِ أَحَدًا
وَأَنَّهُ لَمَّا قَامَ عَبْدُ اللَّهِ يَدْعُوهُ ﴿١٩﴾

سُورَةُ الْجِنِّ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- they 'who disbelieve'
were nearly swarming over him 'to harm him'.
72:20 Say, 'O Prophet':
I call only upon my Lord 'in worship'.
Nor do I associate anyone 'as a god' with Him.
72:21 Say, 'also':
Indeed, I hold no power
'with regard' to you 'who belie me' —
neither 'to bring you' harm,
nor 'to compel you to' right guidance.
72:22 Moreover, 'say':
Indeed, 'if ever I were to disobey Him'
never could anyone protect me from God—
for never shall I find
'a place of' refuge, apart from Him.
72:23 'Mine' is only to convey 'the truth' from God
and 'to deliver' His messages 'to one and all'.
Yet 'as to' one who disobeys God
and His Messenger,
indeed, for him there is the Fire of Hell
'awaiting in the Hereafter' —
to abide therein, forever and ever.
72:24 At last, when they 'who disbelieve'
see all 'the suffering'
that they have been promised,
they will know, then, 'with certainty'
who has weaker supporters
and is fewer in number.
72:25 Say, 'O Prophet':
I do not know whether 'the fulfillment'
of 'what you are promised'
'as divine judgment' is near,
or if my Lord will defer it for a long while.
72:26 He is the 'Sole' Knower
'of the realm' of the unseen.

كَادُوا يَكُونُونَ عَلَيْهِ لِبَدًا

قُلْ إِنَّمَا أَدْعُوا رَبِّي ٢٠

وَلَا أَشْرِكُ بِهِ أَحَدًا

قُلْ إِنِّي لَا أَمْلِكُ لَكُمْ ٢١

ضَرًّا وَلَا رَشَدًا

قُلْ إِنِّي لَنْ يُجِيرَنِي مِنَ اللَّهِ أَحَدٌ ٢٢

وَلَنْ أَجِدَ مِنْ دُونِهِ مُلْتَحَدًا

إِلَّا بَلَاغًا مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرِسَالَاتِهِ ٢٣

وَمَنْ يَعْصِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ،

فَأِنَّ لَهُ نَارَ جَهَنَّمَ

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا

حَتَّىٰ إِذَا رَأَوْا مَا يُوعَدُونَ ٢٤

فَسَيَعْلَمُونَ مَنْ أَضَعُفٌ

نَاصِرًا وَأَقْلَبُ عَدَدًا

قُلْ إِنْ أَدْرِي ٢٥

أَقْرَبُ مَا تُوعَدُونَ

أَمْ يَجْعَلُ لَهُ رَبِّي أَمَدًا

عَلِيمُ الْغَيْبِ ٢٦

سُورَةُ الْجِنِّ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

And never does He manifest
His knowledge of the unseen realm
to anyone—

72:27 except for one among the messengers
with whom He is well pleased.

Then, indeed, He dispatches before such a one,
and behind him, angel-sentinels,

72:28 so that He may know with proof
whether they who are His messengers
have conveyed the messages of their Lord—
though He Himself
encompasses all that is with them;
and He Himself
has enumerated all things by number.

فَلَا يُظْهِرُ عَلَى غَيْبِهِ أَحَدًا

إِلَّا مَن أَرْتَضَىٰ مِن رَّسُولٍ

٢٧

فَإِنَّهُ يُسَلِّكُ مِنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيْهِ

وَمِنْ خَلْفِهِ رَصَدًا

لِيَعْلَمَ أَن قَدْ

٢٨

أَبْلَغُوا رِسَالَاتِ رَبِّهِمْ

وَأَحَاطَ بِمَا لَدَيْهِمْ

وَأَحْصَىٰ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عَدَدًا

Surah 73 / 20 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Muzzammil

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 73:1 O you who are enwrapped in a mantle,
seeking cover out of fear and awe!
- 73:2 Rise the night long in Prayer,
except for a little of it.
- 73:3 Or pray half of it. Or take from this a little.
- 73:4 Or add to it.
And therein recite the Quran
with a measured recitation.
- 73:5 For We shall, most surely,
cast upon you a weighty word.
- 73:6 And, indeed, rising by night for Prayer
makes for a stronger impression on the soul,
and is best for the recitation of God's word.
- 73:7 Indeed, during the day
you shall have lengthy occupations
in calling to God.
- 73:8 So remember with praise
the name of your Lord.
Thus shall you devote yourself
with sincere devotion to Him alone —
- 73:9 the Lord of the East and the West.
There is no God but Him!
So take Him alone as a guardian.

- يَا أَيُّهَا الْمُرْسَلُ ①
- قُمِ اللَّيْلَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ②
- نُصْفَهُ أَوْ انْقُصْ مِنْهُ قَلِيلًا ③
- أَوْ زِدْ عَلَيْهِ ④
- وَرَقِلِ الْقُرْآنَ أَنْ تَرْتِيلًا ⑤
- إِنَّا سَنُلْقِي عَلَيْكَ قَوْلًا ثَقِيلًا ⑥
- إِنَّ نَاشِئَةَ اللَّيْلِ ⑦
- هِيَ أَشَدُّ وَطْأً وَأَقْوَمُ قِيلًا ⑧
- إِنَّ لَكَ فِي النَّهَارِ سَبْحًا طَوِيلًا ⑨
- وَإِذْكُرْ اسْمَ رَبِّكَ ⑩
- وَبَتَّلْ إِلَيْهِ تَبَسِيلًا ⑪
- رَبُّ الْمَشْرِقِ وَالْمَغْرِبِ ⑫
- لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ فَاتَّخِذْهُ وَكِيلًا ⑬

سُورَةُ الْمُزَّمِّلِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- 73:10 Moreover, be patient with all the abuse
that they who disbelieve shall speak.
Thus part from them with a fair parting.
- 73:11 And leave to Me the beliers,
those of prosperous ease;
and bear with them a short while.
- 73:12 Indeed, awaiting them with Us
are shackles, and a blazing Fire,
73:13 and food that chokes,
and a most painful torment—
73:14 on a Day Hereafter,
when the earth and the mountains shudder,
and the mountains become like running sand.
- 73:15 O humankind!
Indeed, We have sent to you a messenger
as a witness over you,
just as We sent a messenger to Pharaoh.
- 73:16 But Pharaoh disobeyed the messenger.
Thus, suddenly, We seized him
with an overwhelming grip.
- 73:17 How, then, shall you shield yourselves
if you disbelieve in a Day
the unthinkable terror of which
shall turn children gray?
- 73:18 From it, the heaven itself shall rend apart—
and ever is His promise fulfilled!
- 73:19 Indeed, these verses of admonition
are revealed as a Reminder of that Day—
so that whoever so wills
may take to his Lord
a penitent way to salvation.
- 73:20 *Indeed, your Lord knows, O Prophet,
that you rise for the Prayer

وَأَصْبِرْ عَلَى مَا يَقُولُونَ ١٠

وَاهْجُرْهُمْ هَجْرًا جَمِيلًا

وَذَرْنِي وَالْمُكَذِّبِينَ ١١

أُولَى النِّعْمَةِ وَمَهَلُكُمْ قَلِيلًا

إِن لَّدَيْنَا أَنْكَالٌ وَحِمَامًا ١٢

وَطَعَامًا ذَا غُصَّةٍ وَعَذَابًا أَلِيمًا ١٣

يَوْمَ تَرْجُفُ الْأَرْضُ وَالْجِبَالُ ١٤

وَكَانَتِ الْجِبَالُ كَغِيَابِ صَهِيلٍ

إِنَّا أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَيْكُمْ رَسُولًا ١٥

شَاهِدًا عَلَيْكُمْ

كَأَرْسَلْنَا إِلَى فِرْعَوْنَ رَسُولًا

فَعَصَى فِرْعَوْنُ الرَّسُولَ ١٦

فَأَخَذْنَاهُ أَخَذًا وَبِيلًا

فَكَيْفَ تَتَّقُونَ إِن كَفَرْتُمْ ١٧

يَوْمًا يَجْعَلُ الْوِلْدَانَ شِيبًا

السَّمَاءُ مُنْقَطِرَةٌ بِهِ ١٨

كَانَ وَعْدُهُ مَفْعُولًا

إِن هَذِهِ تَذْكِرَةٌ ١٩

فَمَنْ شَاءَ

اتَّخِذْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِ سَبِيلًا

nearly two-thirds of the night,
 and sometimes for half of it, or a third of it—
 and so do a group of those with you.
 For it is God who has determined
 the watches of the night
 and the offices of the day.
 He knows well that all of you who believe
 will not be able to endure this.
 Thus He has absolved you
 of this obligation, O believers.
 Now read of the Quran in your night vigils
 so much as may be easy for you.
 He knows well
 that there shall be among you those who are ill;
 and others treading through the land
 in search of God's bounty;
 and others fighting in the path of God.
 So read of it in your Prayers
 so much as may be easy.
 Yet you shall duly establish the Prayer.
 And you shall give the Zakât-Charity,
 and thereby lend God a most goodly loan.
 For whatever good you advance for your souls,
 you shall find its reward with God
 in the Hereafter;
 yet it shall be far better
 and much greater in reward.
 Thus seek, all of you, God's forgiveness.
 Indeed, God is all-forgiving, mercy-giving.

سُورَةُ الْمُزَّمِّلِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

٢٠

﴿٢٠﴾ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ يَعْلَمُ أَنَّكَ تَقُومُ
 أَدْنَى مِنْ ثُلُثِي اللَّيْلِ وَنِصْفَهُ
 وَثُلُثَهُ وَطَائِفَةٌ مِنَ الَّذِينَ مَعَكَ
 وَاللَّهُ يُقَدِّرُ اللَّيْلَ وَالنَّهَارَ
 عَلِمَ أَنْ لَنْ تُحْصَوْهُ
 فَتَابَ عَلَيْكُمْ
 فَلَقُوا مَا يَسَّرَ مِنَ الْقُرْآنِ
 عَلِمَ أَنْ سَيَكُونُ مِنْكُمْ مَرْضَى
 وَآخَرُونَ يَضْرِبُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ
 يَبْتَغُونَ مِنْ فَضْلِ اللَّهِ
 وَآخَرُونَ يُقَاتِلُونَ
 فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
 فَلَقُوا مَا يَسَّرَ مِنْهُ
 وَأَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَآتُوا الزَّكَاةَ
 وَقَرُّوْا اللَّهَ قَرْضًا حَسَنًا
 وَمَا تُقَدِّمُوا لِأَنْفُسِكُمْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ
 يَجِدُوهُ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ هُوَ خَيْرًا
 وَأَعْظَمَ أَجْرًا وَاسْتَغْفِرُوا اللَّهَ
 إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

Surah 74 / 56 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Muddaththir

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 74:1 O you who are mantled in a wrap,
seeking cover out of fear and awe !
- 74:2 Rise and forewarn!
- 74:3 And your Lord thus extol!
- 74:4 And your garments thus purify!
- 74:5 And shun thus idolatry!
- 74:6 Nor shall you give anything
in search of self-gain.
- 74:7 Moreover,
with the commandments of your Lord
have patience.
To God is the ultimate return.
- 74:8 For when the Horn Blast
is blown at the end of time ,
- 74:9 that Day, then,
shall be a most difficult Day—
- 74:10 utterly without ease for the disbelievers.
- 74:11 So leave such a one to Me
whom I created alone;
- 74:12 and to whom I granted extensive wealth
- 74:13 and gave sons to behold;
- 74:14 and for whom I paved a smooth way of ease .
- 74:15 Yet does he dare hope

- ١ يَا أَيُّهَا الْمُدَّثِّرُ
- ٢ قُمْ فَأَنْذِرْ
- ٣ وَرَبِّكَ فَكْبِرْ
- ٤ وَبِأَبْكَ فَطَهِّرْ
- ٥ وَالرَّجْرَ فَاهْجُرْ
- ٦ وَلَا تَمْنُنْ تَسْتَكْبِرُ
- ٧ وَلِرَبِّكَ فَاصْبِرْ
- ٨ فَإِذَا نُفِرَ فِي النَّاقُورِ
- ٩ فَذَلِكَ يَوْمَئِذٍ يَوْمٌ عَسِيرٌ
- ١٠ عَلَى الْكَافِرِينَ غَيْرُ يَسِيرٍ
- ١١ ذُرِّي وَمَنْ خَلَقْتُ وَجِيدًا
- ١٢ وَجَعَلْتُ لَهُ مَا لَا مَمْدُودًا
- ١٣ وَبَيْنَ شُهُودًا
- ١٤ وَمَهَّدْتُ لَهُ تَمْهِيدًا
- ١٥ ثُمَّ يَطْمَعُ أَنْ أَزِيدَ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزْبُ النَّاسِعُ وَالْأَمْرُ

that I should add more 'while he disbelieves'?

74:16 No, indeed! 'It shall not be!'

For, most surely, he has been obstinate
toward Our 'revealed' signs.

74:17 I shall burden him
with ever-mounting punishment!

74:18 Indeed, he thought 'ill of God's message'
and 'then' determined 'to suppress it'.

74:19 Hence, he is destroyed
for how he 'then' determined!

74:20 And again, he is destroyed
for how he 'then' determined!

74:21 Then he considered 'God's revelation'.

74:22 Then he frowned and scowled,
74:23 and turned away and grew arrogant,
74:24 and said:

This 'Quran' is nothing but sorcery
acquired 'from the ancients'!

74:25 This 'Quran' is nothing but the utterance
'of charms' from a mortal!

74:26 I shall roast him in Saqar, 'deep in Hellfire'!

74:27 Do you realize what Saqar is?

74:28 It spares none and leaves none!

74:29 It chars mortals.

74:30 Over it are nineteen 'angels'.

74:31 Nor have We appointed any
but 'the sternest of' angels
'as' the keepers of the Fire.

Nor have We made their number but as a trial
for those who disbelieve—

that those who have been given the Scripture
might become certain 'of God's revealed truth';
and that those who have believed 'in Islam'
might increase in faith;

and that those who have been given the Scripture

﴿١٦﴾ كَلَّا إِنَّهُ كَانَ لِإِبْنِنَا عَمِيدًا

﴿١٧﴾ سَأَرْهُقُهُ صَعُودًا

﴿١٨﴾ إِنَّهُ فَكَّرَ وَقَدَّرَ

﴿١٩﴾ فَقِيلَ كَيْفَ قَدَّرَ

﴿٢٠﴾ ثُمَّ قِيلَ كَيْفَ قَدَّرَ

﴿٢١﴾ ثُمَّ نَظَرَ

﴿٢٢﴾ ثُمَّ عَبَسَ وَبَسَرَ

﴿٢٣﴾ ثُمَّ أَدْبَرَ وَاسْتَكْبَرَ

﴿٢٤﴾ فَقَالَ إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا سِحْرٌ يُؤْتَرُ

﴿٢٥﴾ إِنْ هَذَا إِلَّا قَوْلُ الْبَشَرِ

﴿٢٦﴾ سَأُضْلِيهِ سَقَرَ

﴿٢٧﴾ وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا سَقَرُ

﴿٢٨﴾ لَا تُبْقِي وَلَا تَذَرُ

﴿٢٩﴾ لَوَاعِمٌ لِلْبَشَرِ

﴿٣٠﴾ عَلَيْهَا تِسْعَةَ عَشَرَ

﴿٣١﴾ وَمَا جَعَلْنَا أَحْسَبَ النَّارِ

إِلَّا مَلَائِكَةَ وَمَا جَعَلْنَا عَدَّتَهُمْ

إِلَّا فِتْنَةً لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

لِيَسْتَفِيقَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ

and those who have believed 'in Islam'
shall not doubt 'the Quran's truth';
and that those 'hypocrites'
in whose 'doubting' hearts there is a sickness,
as well as the disbelievers, might say:
What did God intend by this as an example?
In this way does God leave to stray
whomever He so wills;
and 'thereby' He guides whomever He so wills.
For none knows the hosts
of your Lord but Him.
Nor is this 'mention of Hellfire'
other than a 'dire' reminder to 'all' human beings
of the outcome of unbelief.

- 74:32 Yet most of them are heedless.
But 'no, indeed! 'It is real!
I swear 'by the moon!
74:33 And the night as it draws back!
74:34 And the morning when it shines forth!
74:35 Indeed, 'Hellfire' is, most surely,
one of the greatest 'terrors'—
74:36 a forewarning to 'all' human beings—
74:37 to whomever of you so wills
to go forward 'with goodness'
or lag behind 'in faithlessness'.
74:38 Every soul is 'itself' in pledge
for what it has earned—
74:39 except for the Companions
of the 'blessed' Right.
74:40 In Gardens 'of Paradise',
they shall ask one another
74:41 about the defiant unbelievers,
'then ask of them, themselves':
74:42 What thrust you into 'the deep of Saqar?
74:43 They will answer:

سُورَةُ الْمُذْثَرِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

وَبَرَدَادَ الَّذِينَ مَأْمُونُوا إِلَيْنَا
وَلَا يَرْثَابَ الَّذِينَ
أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ
وَلَقَوْلَ الَّذِينَ
فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَمٌ وَلَكَيْفُورُونَ
مَاذَا أَرَادَ اللَّهُ بِهَذَا مَثَلًا
كَذَلِكَ يُضِلُّ اللَّهُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَيَهْدِي مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَمَا يَعْلَمُ جُودَ رَبِّكَ إِلَّا هُوَ
وَمَا هِيَ إِلَّا ذِكْرٌ لِلْبَشَرِ

كَلَّا وَالْقَمَرِ

٣٢

وَاللَّيْلِ إِذَا أَدْبَرَ

٣٣

وَالصُّبْحِ إِذَا أَشْفَرَ

٣٤

إِنَّمَا لِإِخْدَى الْكَبَرِ

٣٥

نَذِيرًا لِلْبَشَرِ

٣٦

لِمَنْ شَاءَ مِنْكُمْ أَنْ يَتَقَدَّمَ أَوْ يَتَأَخَّرَ

٣٧

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ بِمَا كَسَبَتْ رَهِينَةٌ

٣٨

إِلَّا أَصْحَابَ الْيَمِينِ

٣٩

فِي جَنَّاتٍ يَسَاءَلُونَ

٤٠

عَنِ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

٤١

مَا سَلَكَكُمْ فِي سَقَرٍ

٤٢

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِسُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ
سُورَةُ الْمُذْثَرِّ

- We were not of those who prayed.
 74:44 Nor did we feed the indigent.
 74:45 Rather, we indulged in falsehood along with all the indulgent.
 74:46 Moreover, we used to belie the Day of Judgment—
 74:47 until the certainty of death came to us.
 74:48 Yet never shall the intercession of any intercessors benefit them.
 74:49 What, then, is the matter with them that they now turn away from the revealed Reminder of the Quran, as though they were terrified wild asses
 74:50 fleeing from a lion?
 74:52 Yet every one of them wishes, ardently, that he was chosen by God to be given Scriptures unfurled.
 74:53 No, indeed! It shall not be! Rather, they do not fear the consequence of the Hereafter.
 74:54 No, indeed! Their wishes are not to be! Most surely, this revelation of the Quran is an awesome Reminder.
 74:55 Then let whoever so wills remember its admonitions with sincerity of heart.
 74:56 Yet they shall not so remember, except as God so wills. He alone is all-worthy of reverent fear—and all-worthy of granting forgiveness.

١٣ قَالُوا لَوْ كُنَّا نَسْمَعُ أَوْ نَعْقِلُ مَا كُنَّا فِي أَصْحَابِ الْمَصَلِينَ
 ١٤ وَلَوْ كُنَّا نَسْمَعُ أَوْ نَعْقِلُ مَا كُنَّا فِي أَصْحَابِ الْمَصَلِينَ
 ١٥ وَكُنَّا نَحْوُ مَعَ الْخَائِضِينَ
 ١٦ وَكُنَّا نَكْذِبُ يَوْمَ الدِّينِ
 ١٧ حَتَّى أَتَانَا الْيَقِينُ
 ١٨ فَمَا نَفَعُهُمْ شَفَعَةُ الشَّافِعِينَ
 ١٩ فَمَا لَهُمْ عَنِ التَّذِكْرِ مُعْرِضِينَ
 ٢٠ كَانَهُمْ حَمْرُ مُسْتَنْفِرَةٍ
 ٢١ فَرَّتْ مِنْ قَسْوَرَةٍ
 ٢٢ بَلْ يُرِيدُ كُلُّ امْرِئٍ مِنْهُمْ أَنْ يُؤْتَى صُحُفًا مُنشَرَةً
 ٢٣ كَلَّا بَلْ لَا يَخَافُونَ الْآخِرَةَ
 ٢٤ كَلَّا إِنَّهُ تَذَكُّرٌ
 ٢٥ فَمَنْ شَاءَ ذَكَرْهُ
 ٢٦ وَمَا يَذْكُرُونَ إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ هُوَ أَهْلُ الْقُوَى وَأَهْلُ الْغَفَرَةِ

Surah 75 / 40 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Qiyâmah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 75:1 No, indeed! I do swear
by the Day of Resurrection!
- 75:2 Moreover, no, indeed!
I do swear by the self-reproving soul!
- 75:3 Does man think that We shall never reassemble
his bones for a Judgment Day?
- 75:4 On the contrary,
We are well able to form
even his very fingertips!
- 75:5 Rather, 'disbelieving' man desires
to do wickedness ever onward—
- 75:6 'while defiantly' questioning:
When is 'this' Resurrection Day?
- 75:7 Behold! When every eye is dazzled,
75:8 and the moon darkens,
75:9 and the sun and the moon
are gathered up together—
- 75:10 'disbelieving' man
will 'then' say, on that Day:
Where is the place to flee?
- 75:11 No, indeed!
Most surely, there shall be no shelter.

- ١ لَا أَقِيمُ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
- ٢ وَلَا أَقِيمُ بِالنَّفْسِ اللَّوَامَةِ
- ٣ أَيْحَسِبُ الْإِنْسَنُ
- ٤ أَلَّنْ يَجْمَعَ عِظَامَهُ
- ٥ بَلْ قَدِيرِينَ عَلَيَّ أَنْ تُسَوَّى بَنَانَهُ
- ٦ بَلْ يُرِيدُ الْإِنْسَنُ لِيَفْجُرَ أَمَامَهُ
- ٧ يَسْتَلْ أَيَّانَ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
- ٨ فَإِذَا بَرَقَ الْأَبْصَرُ
- ٩ وَخَسَفَ الْقَمَرُ
- ١٠ وَجُمِعَ الشَّمْسُ وَالْقَمَرُ
- ١١ يَقُولُ الْإِنْسَنُ يَوْمَئِذٍ أَيْنَ الْمَفَرُّ
- ١٢ كَلَّا لَا وَزَرَ
- ١٣ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ يَوْمَئِذٍ الْمُسْتَقَرُّ

سُورَةُ الْقِيَامَةِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- 75:12 To your Lord alone, on that Day,
shall all things come to rest.
- 75:13 Man will be told, on that Day,
of all the deeds that he had advanced in life —
and deferred forever.
- 75:14 Rather, every man shall be an eyewitness
against his own soul—
- 75:15 even if he openly casts his excuses.
- 75:16 'O Prophet!
Do not move your tongue hurriedly
with the Quran while receiving it,
to hasten memorizing it.
- 75:17 Indeed, it is incumbent upon Us
to collect it in your heart
and to ease for you its recitation.
- 75:18 So when We recite it to you
by way of Our Angel Gabriel,
then follow closely its recitation.
- 75:19 Then incumbent upon Us
is to ease for you its explanation.
- 75:20 No, indeed!
'You who disbelieve do deny
the Day of Resurrection'.
Rather, you do love
the fleeting pleasures of the world'.
- 75:21 Thus you leave behind you the Hereafter.
- 75:22 Faces, on that Day, shall be radiant.
- 75:23 To their Lord alone shall they be looking.
- 75:24 Faces, on that Day, shall be utterly dismal,
75:25 realizing they shall be dealt a backbreaking blow.
- 75:26 No, indeed, you human beings do deny
the Day of Resurrection.

يُنَبِّئُ الْإِنْسَانَ يَوْمَئِذٍ

١٣

بِمَا قَدَّمَ وَآخَرَ

بَلَى الْإِنْسَانُ عَلَى نَفْسِهِ بَصِيرَةٌ

١٤

وَلَوْ أَلْفَى مَعَاذِيرَهُ

١٥

لَا تُحَرِّكْ بِهِ لِسَانَكَ لِتَعْجَلَ بِهِ

١٦

إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا جَمْعَهُ وَقُرْءَانَهُ

١٧

فَإِذَا قَرَأَهُ فَأَنبِئْ قُرْءَانَهُ

١٨

ثُمَّ إِنْ عَلَيْنَا لِسَانَهُ

١٩

كَلَّالٌ يُحْيِي الْعَاجِلَةَ

٢٠

وَيُنذِرُونَ الْآخِرَةَ

٢١

وَوُجُوهٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ نَّاصِرَةٌ

٢٢

إِلَى رَبِّهَا نَاظِرَةٌ

٢٣

وَوُجُوهٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ بَاسِرَةٌ

٢٤

تَنْظُرُونَ أَن يُفْعَلَ بِهَا فَاقِرَةٌ

٢٥

كَلَّا إِذَا بَلَغَتِ الرَّاقِي

٢٦

- Yet, most surely, when the soul of the dying reaches the collarbones,
 75:27 and it is said in desperation:
 Who is a healing enchanter?
 75:28 and one then realizes
 that this is, indeed, the final departure;
 75:29 and leg is entangled with leg
 at the moment of death—
 75:30 to your Lord, on that Day,
 is the driving of people toward their Judgment.
- 75:31 Then as for one who did not believe nor pray,
 75:32 but, rather, belied God
 and turned away from the Quran,
 75:33 then went to his family, strutting—
 75:34 how near now is woe to you!
 So near now is woe!
 75:35 Again, how near now is woe to you!
 So near now is woe!
- 75:36 Does man think that he is to be left to no end?
 75:37 Was he not a mere sperm-drop
 from emitted semen?
 75:38 Then in the womb
 he became a clinging clot,
 that He alone
 then created and fashioned.
- 75:39 Then He alone
 made of him the two genders—
 the male and the female.
- 75:40 Is such as He
 not, then, well-able
 to give life anew to the dead?

سُورَةُ الْقِيَامَةِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- وَقِيلَ مَنْ رَاقٍ ٢٧
 وَظَنَّ أَنَّهُ الْفِرَاقُ ٢٨
 وَالْتَفَتِ السَّائِقُ بِالسَّاقِ ٢٩
 إِلَى رَبِّكَ يَوْمَئِذٍ الْمَسَاقُ ٣٠
 فَلَا صَدَقَ وَلَا صَلَّى ٣١
 وَلَكِنْ كَذَّبَ وَتَوَلَّى ٣٢
 ثُمَّ ذَهَبَ إِلَى أَهْلِهِ يَتَمَطَّى ٣٣
 أَوْلَى لَكَ فَأُولَى ٣٤
 ثُمَّ أَوْلَى لَكَ فَأُولَى ٣٥
 أَيْحَسِبُ الْإِنْسَانُ أَنْ يُتْرَكَ سُدًى ٣٦
 أَلَمْ يَكُنْ نَظْفَةً مِنْ مَنِيٍّ ٣٧
 ثُمَّ كَانَ عَلَقَةً فَخَلَقَ فَسَوَّى ٣٨
 فَعَمَلُوا مِنْهُ الزَّوْجَيْنِ الذَّكَرَ وَالْأُنثَى ٣٩
 أَلَيْسَ ذَلِكَ بِقْدِيرٍ ٤٠
 عَلَى أَنْ يُحْيِيَ الْمَوْتَى

Surah 76 / 31 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Insân

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 76:1 Has it ever occurred to man
that there were eons in the course of time
when he was nothing even to be mentioned?
- 76:2 Indeed, it is We alone who have created man
from a sperm-drop of mingled fluid
to try him in life.
Thus did We make him
a being endowed with hearing and seeing.
- 76:3 Indeed, it is We alone
who have shown him the way
to be either thankful or ungrateful.
- 76:4 Indeed, it is We alone
who have prepared for the disbelievers
chains, and yokes, and a flaming Fire in Hell.
- 76:5 As to the virtuous, they shall, in the Hereafter,
drink from a chalice of a wine,
tinged with a mixture of camphor,
flowing from a spring
- 76:6 from which the worthy servants of God alone
shall drink—
and which they themselves shall cause to gush,
at their command, in fountains.
- 76:7 Such is for those who fulfill their vows,

هَلْ أَتَى عَلَى الْإِنْسَانِ
حِينَ مِنَ الدَّهْرِ
لَمْ يَكُنْ شَيْئًا مَذْكُورًا
إِنَّا خَلَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ
مِنْ نُّطْفَةٍ أَمْشَاجٍ نَبْتَلِيهِ
فَجَعَلْنَاهُ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا
إِنَّا هَدَيْنَاهُ السَّبِيلَ
إِمَّا شَاكِرًا وَإِمَّا كَفُورًا
إِنَّا أَعْتَدْنَا لِلْكَافِرِينَ
سَلَاسِلًا وَأَغْلَالًا وَسَعِيرًا
إِنَّ الْأَبْرَارَ
يَشْرَبُونَ مِنْ كَأْسٍ
كَانَتْ مِرْآةً يَنْعَكُوسُ فِيهَا
وُجُوهُهُمْ لَا تَسْوَدُّ فِيهَا
أَسْفُلَةٌ وَسُحَابٌ مُثَقَّلٌ
فَوْقَهُمْ كَذُوبًا يُحْبَرُونَ

and who fear a Day whose evil is on the wing,
flying far and wide.

- 76:8 Thus they feed with food—
despite their own desire for it—
the indigent, and the orphan,
and the captive of war, saying :
76:9 We feed you purely for the sake of God.
We desire no reward from you,
nor thankfulness.
76:10 Indeed, we have fear of our Lord
and His punishment, on a Day Hereafter,
when faces shall be overspread with frowns
and intense gloom.
76:11 So God will shield them
against the evil of that Day
and will confer upon them radiance
and great gladness.
76:12 And He will reward them for their patience
with a Garden of Paradise and clothing of silk.
76:13 They shall recline therein on canopied couches.
They see therein
neither blazing sun nor bitter cold.
76:14 Moreover, so very near above them
are its boughs of shade—
their fruit-clusters lowered close in easy reach.
76:15 Passed round among them are vessels of silver
and cups bright as crystal—
76:16 crystalline of silver—
that they measure out with perfect measure.
76:17 They are given to drink of a chalice of wine
tinged with a mixture of ginger,
76:18 from a fountain therein that is named Salsabîl.
76:19 *Going round serving them
are immortal youths.
If you see them,

سُورَةُ الْاِنشَانِ

الجزء الثاني عشر والعشرون

وَيَخَافُونَ يَوْمًا كَانَ شَرُّهُ مُسْتَطِيرًا

وَيُطْعَمُونَ اَلطَّعَامَ عَلَى حُبِّهِ

مَسْكِينًا وَيَتِيمًا وَأَسِيرًا

إِنَّمَا نَطْعِمُكُمْ لَوَجْهِ اَللّٰهِ

لَا نُرِيدُ مِنْكُمْ جَزَاءً وَلَا شُكْرًا

إِنَّا خَافُ مِنْ رَبِّنَا

يَوْمًا عَبُوسًا قَتَطِيرًا

فَوَقَّعَهُمُ اللّٰهُ فَرًّا ذٰلِكَ اَلْيَوْمِ

وَلَقَّعَهُمْ نَصْرًا وَسُرُورًا

وَجَرَّهُمْ بِمَا صَبَرُوا جَنَّةً وَحَرِيرًا

مُتَّكِئِينَ فِيهَا عَلَى اَلْأَرَآئِكِ

لَا يَرَوْنَ فِيهَا شَمْسًا وَلَا زَمْهَرِيرًا

وَدَانِيَةً عَلَيْهِمْ ظِلَالُهَا

وَذُلِّلَتْ قُطُوفُهَا تَذْلِيلًا

وَيُطَافُ عَلَيْهِمْ بِتَابِيَةٍ مِّنْ فِضَّةٍ

وَأَكْوَابٍ كَانَتْ قَوَارِيرًا

قَوَارِيرًا مِّنْ فِضَّةٍ قَدَّرُوهَا تَقْدِيرًا

وَيُسْقَوْنَ فِيهَا كَأْسًا

كَانَ مِرْآجُهَا زَنْجَبِيلًا

عَيْنًا فِيهَا تُسَمَّى سَلْسَبِيلًا

وَيُطَوَّفُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَدَانٌ مُّخَلَّدُونَ

إِذَا رَأَوْهُمْ حَبِيبُهُمْ قَوْلًا مَّشُورًا

سُورَةُ الْاِنْسَانِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- you shall think them 'to be' strewn pearls.
 76:20 And wherever you so look,
 there shall you see pure delight
 and a great kingdom.
 76:21 Enrobing 'the Heavenly inhabitants'
 shall be green raiments
 of sarcenet and rich brocade.
 And they shall be adorned therein
 with bracelets of silver.
 Thus their Lord
 shall give them to drink a pure drink.
 76:22 'It shall be said:'
 Indeed, all this is for you in reward!
 For your 'lifetime of' striving
 has been graciously accepted.
 76:23 'O Prophet!'
 Indeed, it is We
 who have sent down the Quran to you
 in a succession 'of revelations'.
 76:24 So be patient, 'O Prophet,'
 with your Lord's decree
 'to convey His message'.
 Nor shall you obey 'the dictates
 of' any one among them
 who is utterly sinful or an 'unbelieving' ingrate.
 76:25 But remember 'with praise'
 the name of your Lord
 in the early morning, and in the late afternoon,
 76:26 and 'for' a 'good' part of the night.
 Therefore, bow down before Him 'in Prayer'.
 And highly exalt Him at length in the night.
 76:27 Indeed, these 'disbelievers' do love
 the fleeting 'pleasures of the world'.
 Thus they leave behind them
 a very weighty Day 'in the Hereafter'.

وَإِذَا رَأَيْتَ ثُمَّ رَأَيْتَ
 نَعِيمًا وَمُلْكًا كَبِيرًا
 عَلَيْهِمْ شَاقِبُ سُنْدُسٍ خُضْرٍ
 وَإِسْتَبْرَقٍ
 وَحُلُوءًا أَسَاوِرَ مِنْ فِضَّةٍ
 وَسَقَنَهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ شَرَابًا طَهُورًا
 إِنَّ هَذَا كَانَ لَكُمْ جَزَاءً
 وَكَانَ سَعْيُكُمْ مَشْكُورًا
 إِنَّا نَحْنُ نَزَّلْنَا
 عَلَيْكَ الْقُرْآنَ أَنْ تَتَذَكَّرَ
 فَاصْبِرْ لِحُكْمِ رَبِّكَ
 وَلَا تَقْطِعْ مِنْهُمْ ءِثْمًا أَوْ كُفُورًا
 وَادْكُرْ اسْمَ رَبِّكَ
 بُكْرَةً وَأَصِيلًا
 وَمِنْ اللَّيْلِ فَاسْجُدْ لَهُ
 وَسَبِّحْهُ لَيْلًا طَوِيلًا
 إِنَّكَ هُنَالِكَ تَمْجُونَ الْعَاجِلَةَ
 وَيَذَرُونَ وَرَاءَهُمْ يَوْمًا قَلِيلًا

- 76:28 We alone have created them
and strengthened their physical compositions.
And if We so will,
We can replace them, and their likes, entirely.
- 76:29 Indeed, these verses of admonition
are revealed as a Reminder of that Day—
so that whoever so wills
may take to his Lord
a penitent way to salvation.
- 76:30 Nor do you human beings will anything,
except that God so wills.
Indeed, God is ever all-knowing, all-wise.
- 76:31 He admits into His mercy
whomever He so wills.
Yet as to the wrongdoers,
He has prepared for them
a most painful torment.

سُورَةُ الْاِنْسَانِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

نَحْنُ خَلَقْنَاهُمْ ۖ (٢٨)
وَشَدَدْنَا أَسْرَهُمْ ۖ وَإِذَا شِئْنَا
بَدَّلْنَا أَمْثَلَهُمْ تَبْدِيلًا
إِنْ هَٰذِهِ تَذْكِرَةٌ ۖ فَمَنْ شَاءَ
اتَّخَذْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِ سَبِيلًا
وَمَا تَشَاءُونَ ۖ (٢٩)
إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ ۗ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا
يُدْخِلُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ فِي رَحْمَتِهِ ۗ (٣٠)
وَالظَّالِمِينَ أَعَدَّ لَهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا

Surah 77 / 50 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Mursalât

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 77:1 By those 'gusting winds' sent forth in succession
77:2 and blowing with vehement gales!
77:3 And by those 'angels' who spread 'the clouds',
spreading wide 'God's mercy'!
77:4 And by those 'angels' who make 'God's criteria'
distinct 'for people' —
with the clearest distinction!
77:5 And by those 'angels'
that cast 'God's revealed' Reminders
'to His messengers' —
77:6 proclaiming 'His glad tidings',
or forewarning 'of His retribution'!
- 77:7 O humankind!
Indeed 'the Resurrection and Judgment'
that you have been promised
shall most surely come to pass—
77:8 when the stars are extinguished,
77:9 and when the heaven is breached wide,
77:10 and when the mountains are blown away,
77:11 and when the time appointed for the messengers
comes to pass.
77:12 'Then' to which Day

- وَالْمُرْسَلَاتِ عُرْفًا ①
فَالْعَصْفَاتِ عَصْفًا ②
وَالنَّشِيرَاتِ تَشْرًا ③
فَالْفَرْقَاتِ فَرَقًا ④
فَالْمُغِيرَاتِ دُكْرًا ⑤
عُدْرًا أَوْ نَذْرًا ⑥
إِنَّمَا تُوعَدُونَ لَوَفِّعُ ⑦
فَإِذَا النُّجُومُ طُمِسَتْ ⑧
وَإِذَا السَّمَاءُ فُرِجَتْ ⑨
وَإِذَا الْجِبَالُ سُفِفَتْ ⑩
وَإِذَا الرَّسُولُ أُنْفِتَ ⑪

- have they who conveyed God's messages
been deferred to bear witness?
- 77:13 To the Day of Decision!
- 77:14 And do you realize what is the Day of Decision?
- 77:15 Woe, that Day, to all the beliers
of faith and Judgment!
- 77:16 Did We not destroy their like
from among the early generations?
- 77:17 So too shall We cause
the latter disbelieving generations
to follow them in destruction.
- 77:18 For so it is that We deal
with the defiant unbelievers.
- 77:19 Woe, that Day, to all the beliers!
- 77:20 Did We not create you human beings
from a humble fluid,
- 77:21 which We then set firmly in a safe haven
for a known measure of time?
- 77:22 And We alone have decreed the measure of it.
- 77:23 So excellent, far above all,
is Our power to determine whatever is to be!
- 77:24 Woe, that Day, to all the beliers!
- 77:25 Have We not made the Earth accommodating
to the living and the dead,
- 77:26 and set therein anchoring mountains
towering overhead,
- and given you to drink fresh water?
Thus shall it be said:
- 77:28 Woe, that Day, to all the beliers!
- 77:29 Proceed to that Judgment
which you used to belie!
- 77:30 Proceed to a three-columned shadow
of Hellfire's smoke,

سُوْرَةُ الْمُرْسَلَاتِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّامِنُ وَالْعِشْرُونَ

- لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ يُزِيلُ الْفُجُورَ ١٢
- لِيَوْمِ الْقَضَى ١٣
- وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا يَوْمُ الْقَضَى ١٤
- وَلَّيْلٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ١٥
- أَلَمْ تَهْلِكِ الْأَوَّلِينَ ١٦
- ثُمَّ نُنْعِمُهُم بِالْآخِرِينَ ١٧
- كَذَلِكَ نَفْعَلُ بِالْمُجْرِمِينَ ١٨
- وَلَّيْلٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ١٩
- أَلَمْ تَخْلُقْهُمْ مِّنْ مَّاءٍ مَّهِينٍ ٢٠
- فَجَعَلْنَاهُ فِي قَرَارٍ مَّكِينٍ ٢١
- إِلَى قَدَرٍ مَّعْلُومٍ ٢٢
- فَقَدَرْنَا فَنِعْمَ الْقَادِرُونَ ٢٣
- وَلَّيْلٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ٢٤
- أَلَمْ تَجْعَلِ الْأَرْضَ كِفَاتًا ٢٥
- أَحْيَاءَ وَأَمْوَاتًا ٢٦
- وَجَعَلْنَا فِيهَا رَوَاسِيَ شَامِخَاتٍ ٢٧
- وَأَسْقَيْنَكُم مَّاءً فُرَاتًا ٢٨
- وَلَّيْلٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ٢٩
- أَنْظِلُوا ٣٠
- إِلَى مَا كُنْتُمْ بِهِ تُكَذِّبُونَ ٣١
- أَنْظِلُوا إِلَى ظِلٍّ ٣٢
- ذِي ثَلَاثِ شُعَبٍ ٣٣

- 77:31 neither shading nor availing against the flame.
 77:32 Indeed, it hurls sparks 'huge' as castles,
 77:33 as if they were herds
 of 'stampeding' yellow camels.
- 77:34 Woe, that Day, to 'all' the beliers!
 77:35 This is the Day
 in which they shall not 'at all' speak.
 77:36 Nor shall it be permitted for them
 to offer excuse.
- 77:37 Woe, that Day, to 'all' the beliers!
 77:38 This is the Day of Decision.
 We have gathered you up,
 along with the earlier generations.
- 77:39 So if you 'disbelievers' have a scheme
 'against your imminent doom',
 then scheme against Me 'now as you did in life'.
 77:40 Woe, that Day, to 'all' the beliers!
- 77:41 Indeed, the God-fearing shall be
 amid shades and springs,
 77:42 and fruits of whatever 'kind' they desire.
 'It will be said to them:'
 77:43 Eat and drink, salubriously,
 for all 'the good' that you used to do 'in life'.
 77:44 Indeed, thus do We reward
 those who excel in 'doing' good.
- 77:45 Woe, that Day, to 'all' the beliers!
 77:46 'O godless ones!'
 Eat 'your fill', and enjoy 'your lives',
 for a little 'while'!
 Indeed, you are defiant unbelievers.
 77:47 Woe, that Day, to 'all' the beliers!

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- ٣١ لَا ظَلِيلٍ وَلَا يُغْنِي مِنَ اللَّهِ
- ٣٢ إِنَّمَا تَرَىٰ بُشُورًا كَالْقَصْرِ
- ٣٣ كَأَنَّهُ جُمَلٌ صُفْرٌ
- ٣٤ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَذِ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ
- ٣٥ هَذَا يَوْمٌ لَا يَظْفِقُونَ
- ٣٦ وَلَا يُؤْذَنُ لَهُمْ فَيَعْدِرُونَ
- ٣٧ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَذِ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ
- ٣٨ هَذَا يَوْمُ الْفَصْلِ
- جَمَعْنَاكُمْ وَالْأَوَّلِينَ
- ٣٩ فَإِنْ كَانَ لَكُمْ كَيْدٌ فَكِدُونِ
- ٤٠ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَذِ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ
- ٤١ إِنَّ الْمُتَّقِينَ فِي ظِلِّ وَعُيُونٍ
- ٤٢ وَفُورَةٍ مِّمَّا يَبْتَهِونَ
- ٤٣ كُلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا
- هَنِيئًا بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ
- ٤٤ إِنَّا كَذَلِكَ نَجْزِي الْمُحْسِنِينَ
- ٤٥ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَذِ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ
- ٤٦ كُلُوا وَتَمَنَّوْا قَلِيلًا إِنَّكُمْ تُجْرَمُونَ
- ٤٧ وَيْلٌ يَوْمَذِ الْمُكَذِّبِينَ

سُورَةُ الْمُرْسَلَاتِ

الجزء التاسع والعشرون

- 77:48 For when it is said to them:
Bow in worship before God, they do not bow.
- 77:49 Woe, that Day, to all the beliers!
- 77:50 For in which discourse—
after this Final Revelation—shall they believe?

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ ارْكَعُوا ٤٨

لَا يَرْكَعُونَ

وَيْلٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ لِلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ٤٩

فِي أَيِّ حَدِيثٍ ٥٠

بَعْدَهُ يُؤْمِنُونَ

Surah 78 / 40 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Naba'

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 78:1 About what are they asking one another?
 78:2 About the Great Tiding of the Afterlife —
 78:3 it is about this that they dispute.
 78:4 No, indeed, most surely,
 they shall yet know its truth!
 78:5 Again!
 No, indeed, most surely,
 they shall yet know
 that the Day of Resurrection is true!
- 78:6 Have We not made the Earth
 as a cradle for you;
 78:7 and the mountains as pegs in it;
 78:8 and created you in pairs as males and females;
 78:9 and made your sleep as a sabbath of rest;
 78:10 and made the night as a garment over you;
 78:11 and made the daylight
 for you to seek your livelihood;
 78:12 and built above you seven mighty heavens;
 78:13 and set the sun therein as a blazing torch;
 78:14 and sent down, from the rain-clouds,
 water in torrents,
 78:15 that We may bring forth with it grain and plant

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- ١ عَمَّ يَتَسَاءَلُونَ
 ٢ عَنِ النَّبَاِ الْعَظِيمِ
 ٣ الَّذِي هُوَ فِيهِ يُخْلِفُونَ
 ٤ كَلَّا سَيَعْلَمُونَ
 ٥ ثُمَّ كَلَّا سَيَعْلَمُونَ
 ٦ أَلَمْ نَجْعَلِ الْأَرْضَ مِهْدًا
 ٧ وَالْجِبَالَ أَوْتَادًا
 ٨ وَخَلَقْنَاكُمْ أَزْوَاجًا
 ٩ وَجَعَلْنَا نَوْمَكُمْ سُبَاتًا
 ١٠ وَجَعَلْنَا اللَّيْلَ لِبَاسًا
 ١١ وَجَعَلْنَا النَّهَارَ مَعَاشًا
 ١٢ وَبَنَيْنَا فَوْقَكُمْ سَبْعًا شِدَادًا
 ١٣ وَجَعَلْنَا سِرَاجًا وَهَّاجًا
 ١٤ وَأَنْزَلْنَا مِنَ الْمُعْصِرَاتِ
 مَاءً مُّجْجًا



- 78:16 and luxuriant gardens?
- 78:17 Indeed, the Day of Decision
has been fixed in time:
- 78:18 A Day 'Hereafter'
when the Trumpet 'of Resurrection' is blown,
and you come 'forth' in throngs;
- 78:19 and the heaven is opened,
and thus becomes as gateways;
- 78:20 and the mountains are moved away,
and thus become as a mirage.
- 78:21 Indeed, Hell has been 'sternly' awaiting—
- 78:22 as a resort for the transgressors!
- 78:23 Therein, will they remain for ages!
- 78:24 Never tasting in it any coolness or drink—
- 78:25 except scalding fluid and purulence—
- 78:26 a fitting recompense!
- 78:27 For, indeed, they used not to anticipate
a Reckoning.
- 78:28 And they belied 'both' Our 'natural
and revealed' signs with a most vehement denial.
- 78:29 Yet all things We did enumerate in writing
'in a precise book of record'.
- 78:30 Therefore, 'it shall be said':
Taste 'the punishment'!
For never shall We give you increase—
except in torment.
- 78:31 Yet, indeed, for the God-fearing
there is bliss—
- 78:32 orchards and vineyards,
78:33 and full-breasted maidens of equal age,
78:34 and a cup overflowing.
- 78:35 Therein, will they hear
neither vile talk nor belying 'word'—

سُورَةُ النَّبَاِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّلَاثُونَ

- ١٥ لَنُخْرِجَنَّ بِهِ حَبَّ وَنَبَاتًا
- ١٦ وَجَنَّتٍ أَلْفَافًا
- ١٧ إِنَّ يَوْمَ الْفَصْلِ كَانَ مِيقَاتًا
- ١٨ يَوْمَ يُنفَخُ فِي الصُّورِ
فَنَأْتُونَ أَفْوَاجًا
- ١٩ وَفُتِحَتِ السَّمَاءُ فَكَانَتْ أَبْوَابًا
- ٢٠ وَسُيِّرَتِ الْجِبَالُ فَكَانَتْ سَرَابًا
- ٢١ إِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ كَانَتْ مِرْصَادًا
- ٢٢ لِلطَّغْيِينِ مَنَآبًا
- ٢٣ لَيَشِينَ فِيهَا أَحْقَابًا
- ٢٤ لَا يَذُقُونَ فِيهَا
بَرْدًا وَلَا شَرَابًا
- ٢٥ إِلَّا حَمِيمًا وَغَسَّاقًا
- ٢٦ جَزَاءً وَفَاءً
- ٢٧ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا
لَا يَرْجُونَ حِسَابًا
- ٢٨ وَكَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا كِذَابًا
- ٢٩ وَكُلَّ شَيْءٍ
أَخْصَيْنَاهُ كِتَابًا
- ٣٠ فَذُوقُوا
- ٣١ فَلَن نَّزِيدَكُمْ إِلَّا عَذَابًا
- ٣٢ إِنَّ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ مَفَارًا
- ٣٣ حَدَائِقَ وَأَعْنَابًا
- ٣٤ وَكَوَاعِبَ أَتْرَابًا
- ٣٥ وَكَأْسًا دِهَاقًا
- ٣٦ لَا يَسْمَعُونَ فِيهَا لَغْوًا وَلَا كِذَابًا

- 78:36 a recompense from your Lord—
a gift well-sufficing
- 78:37 from the Lord of the heavens and the earth
and all that is between them—
the All-Merciful!
None hold from Him authority of address,
on a Day Hereafter
- 78:38 when the Spirit Gabriel and the angels
stand forth in ranks, not speaking—
except whomever the All-Merciful permits,
and who says what is right.
- 78:39 That is the true Day!
So let whoever so wills
take a penitent course to his Lord.
- 78:40 Indeed, We have forewarned you
of an imminent torment, on a Day Hereafter,
when every person shall behold
all that his own hands
have advanced in the world;
and the disbeliever shall say:
Oh! If only I were dust!

سُورَةُ النَّبَاِ

الجزء الثلاثون

جَزَاءٌ مِنْ رَبِّكَ عَطَاءٌ حِسَابًا ﴿٣٦﴾

رَبِّ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ﴿٣٧﴾

وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا الرَّحْمَنُ

لَا يَمْلِكُونَ مِنْهُ خِطَابًا

يَوْمَ يَقُومُ الرُّوحُ ﴿٣٨﴾

وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ صَفًّا

لَا يَتَكَلَّمُونَ

إِلَّا مَنْ أِذِنَ لَهُ الرَّحْمَنُ

وَقَالَ صَوَابًا

ذَلِكَ الْيَوْمُ الْحَقُّ فَمَنْ شَاءَ ﴿٣٩﴾

اتَّخَذَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِ مَنَابًا

إِنَّا أَنْذَرْتَكُمْ عَذَابًا قَرِيبًا ﴿٤٠﴾

يَوْمَ يَنْظُرُ الْمَرْءُ مَا قَدَّمَتْ يَدَاهُ

وَيَقُولُ الْكَافِرُ لَيْتَنِي كُنْتُ تُرَابًا

Surah 79 / 46 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Nâzi'ât

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 79:1 By the 'angelic' pullers, pulling forth violently
the souls of the disbelievers at death!
- 79:2 By the 'angelic' drawers, drawing out easily
the souls of the believers at death!
- 79:3 By those 'angels' gliding 'down'
smoothly 'from the heavens'!
- 79:4 By those 'angels' surpassing swiftly,
'transporting people to Paradise'!
- 79:5 By those 'angels' conducting 'varied matters'
by the command 'of God!
Most surely, every soul shall be resurrected
- 79:6 on the Day the convulsion rocks 'the earth'.
- 79:7 Following upon it shall be another 'blast.
- 79:8 The disbelievers' hearts,
on that Day, shall tremble,
their eyes downcast.
- 79:9 Yet, now, 'in life, mockingly' they say:
Shall we, indeed, 'after dying' be returned
to the condition 'of life' we are 'now' in—
- 79:11 even when we have become 'old', rotted bones?
- 79:12 'In scorn' they say:
That, then, would 'surely' be a losing return!
- 79:13 Yet, indeed, it shall be

- ١ وَالنَّازِعَاتِ غَرَقًا
- ٢ وَالنَّاشِطَاتِ نَشْطًا
- ٣ وَالسَّابِقَاتِ سَبْقًا
- ٤ فَالسَّابِقَاتِ سَبْقًا
- ٥ فَالْمُدْرِيَاتِ أَمْرًا
- ٦ يَوْمَ تَرْجُفُ الرَّاجِفَةُ
- ٧ تَتَّبِعُهَا الرَّاكِبَةُ
- ٨ قُلُوبٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ وَاجِفَةٌ
- ٩ أَبْصَرُوهَا خَشَعَةٌ
- ١٠ يَقُولُونَ أَوْنَانَا
- لَمَرْدُودُونَ فِي الْحَافِرَةِ
- ١١ أَوْإِذَا كُنَّا عِظْمًا تَخِرَّةً
- ١٢ قَالُوا إِنَّكَ إِذَا كَرِهَ خَاسِرَةٌ
- ١٣ فَلَمَّا هِيَ زَجْرَةٌ وَاحِدَةٌ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزْبُ الْفَلَّاحُونَ

- but a single 'impelling' blast.
 79:14 And behold!
 'At once' they are 'standing'
 in the 'bare' Plain of Resurrection.
- 79:15 Has the account of Moses
 come to you, 'O Prophet'?
- 79:16 Behold!
 His Lord called him 'in Sinai',
 in the Holy Valley of Tuwâ:
- 79:17 Go to Pharaoh!
 Indeed, he has transgressed 'all bounds'.
- 79:18 Thus say 'to him':
 Are you willing to purify yourself?
- 79:19 For I shall guide you to your Lord,
 so that you might 'have' fear 'of Him'.
- 79:20 Then he showed him
 the 'miracle of a' Great Sign.
- 79:21 But 'in obstinate arrogance' he belied it
 and disobeyed 'God',
- 79:22 then turned away in 'all' haste.
- 79:23 Then he assembled 'his people'.
 Thus he called out 'before them',
 79:24 whereupon he said:
 I am your Lord, the most high!
- 79:25 So God seized him, suddenly,
 and made an example of him—
 for the last 'life' as well as the first.
- 79:26 Indeed, in this is a great lesson
 for those who would fear 'God'.
- 79:27 Are you 'human beings'
 a more prodigious creation than the heaven?
 He 'alone' built it.
- 79:28 He raised its height and leveled it.

- ١٤ فَإِذَا هُمْ بِالسَّاهِرَةِ
- ١٥ هَلْ أَتَاكَ حَدِيثُ مُوسَى
- ١٦ إِذْ نَادَاهُ رَبُّهُ بِالْوَادِ الْمُقَدَّسِ طُوًى
- ١٧ أَذْهَبَ إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَغَىٰ
- ١٨ فَقُلْ هَلْ لَكَ إِلَٰهٌ أَن تَرَكَّىٰ
- ١٩ وَأَهْدِيكَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَتَخْشَىٰ
- ٢٠ فَأَرَاهُ الْآيَةَ الْكُبْرَىٰ
- ٢١ فَكَذَّبَ وَعَصَىٰ
- ٢٢ ثُمَّ أَذْبَرَ يَسْعَىٰ
- ٢٣ فَحَشَرَ فَنَادَىٰ
- ٢٤ فَقَالَ أَنَا رَبُّكُمُ الْأَعْلَىٰ
- ٢٥ فَأَخَذَهُ اللَّهُ نَكَالَ الْآخِرَةِ وَالْأُولَىٰ
- ٢٦ إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَعِبْرَةً لِّمَن يَخْشَىٰ
- ٢٧ ءَأَنْتُمْ أَشَدُّ خُلُقًا أَمْ السَّمَاءُ بَنَاهَا
- ٢٨ رَفَعَ سَمَكَهَا فَسَوَّاهَا

- 79:29 And He darkened its night
and brought out its morning light.
- 79:30 And the earth,
after this, He 'alone' spread.
- 79:31 He brought out from it
its water and its pasturage.
- 79:32 And the mountains,
He 'alone' anchored them—
79:33 all as 'enjoyment
for you and for your cattle, 'for a time'.
- 79:34 Yet when the Great Calamity
comes 'to pass,
it shall be utterly overwhelming—
79:35 a Day when man shall remember
all for which he 'truly' strove;
79:36 and Hellfire shall be brought forth
for all to see.
- 79:37 So as for one who transgressed
'against God',
79:38 and preferred the life of this world,
79:39 then, indeed, Hellfire
is the abode 'for him'.
- 79:40 But as for one who fears
his Lord's presence,
and guards his soul against whim,
79:41 then the Garden 'of Paradise'
is, indeed, the abode 'for him'.
- 79:42 They ask you, 'scornfully,
about the Hour 'of Doom, O Prophet,
when its arrival shall be!
- 79:43 What have you to do
with 'the time of' its designation?
- 79:44 To your Lord alone
belongs 'the knowledge of' its ultimate end.

سُورَةُ النَّازِعَاتِ

الجزء الثلاثون

- ٣٩ وَأَغْطَشَ لَيْلَهَا وَأَخْرَجَ صُحُفَهَا
- ٣٠ وَالْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ دَحَاهَا
- ٣١ أَخْرَجَ مِنْهَا مَاءَهَا وَمَرْعَاهَا
- ٣٢ وَالْجِبَالَ أَرْسَاهَا
- ٣٣ مَنَّامًا لَكُمُ وَلِأَنْعَامِكُمْ
- ٣٤ فَإِذَا جَاءَتِ الطَّامَّةُ الْكُبْرَى
- ٣٥ يَوْمَ يَتَذَكَّرُ الْإِنْسَانُ مَا سَعَى
- ٣٦ وَتُرْزِقُ الْجَحِيمُ لِمَنْ رِئَى
- ٣٧ فَأَمَّا مَنْ طَغَى
- ٣٨ وَءَاثَرَ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا
- ٣٩ فَإِنَّ الْجَحِيمَ هِيَ الْمَأْوَى
- ٤٠ وَأَمَّا مَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ
- وَنَهَى النَّفْسَ عَنِ الْهَوَى
- ٤١ فَإِنَّ الْجَنَّةَ هِيَ الْمَأْوَى
- ٤٢ يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ
- أَيَّانَ مَرْسَاهَا
- ٤٣ فِيمَ أَنْتَ مِنْ ذِكْرِهَا
- ٤٤ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ مُنْتَهَاهَا

سُورَةُ النَّازِعَاتِ

الجزء الثلاثون

- 79:45 Indeed, you are but a forewarner
to those who would fear it.
- 79:46 On the Day they see it, it will be as though
they had not tarried 'in the world'
but the evening of one day,
or 'even' its morning.

٤٥ إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ مُنذِرٌ مَّنْ يَخْشَاهَا

٤٦ كَانَتْهُمْ يَوْمَ يَرَوْنَهَا

لَوْ يَلْبِسُوا إِلَّا عَشِيَّةً أَوْ ضُحَاهَا

سُورَةُ عَبَسَ

The surah that opens with admonishing the Prophet ﷺ and refers to him as

HE WHO FROWNED and turned away. For a common blind man came to him importuning him with questions of religion while the Prophet ﷺ was engaged in discourse with the unbelieving nobles of Quraysh, whom he ardently wanted to embrace faith. The blind man's interruption elicited the Prophet's ﷺ reaction, which God corrected.

Surah 80 / 42 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Abasa

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 80:1 He frowned and turned away,
80:2 for the blind man came to him, interrupting.
80:3 Yet how would you know, O Prophet,
the condition of his heart?
For he may have been seeking to purify himself,
80:4 or to remember God and be admonished,
such that the revealed Reminder
of the Quran might benefit him.
80:5 As for he who in haughtiness
deemed himself self-sufficient,
80:6 to him you did direct your full attention.
80:7 Yet it is not your burden
if he never purifies himself.
80:8 But as for him who came to you,
rushing to seek guidance,
80:9 while being God-fearing,
80:10 from him are you diverted.

- 80:11 No, indeed!
Most surely, this revelation of the Quran
is an awesome Reminder.
80:12 Then let whoever so wills
remember its admonitions

- عَبَسَ وَتَوَلَّى ١
أَنْ جَاءَهُ الْأَعْمَى ٢
وَمَا يَذُرُّكَ لَعَلَّهُ يَزَكَّى ٣
أَوْ يَذْكُرُ فَنُفِّعَهُ الذِّكْرَى ٤
أَمَّا مَنْ أَسْتَفْتَى ٥
فَأَنْتَ لَهُ تَصَدَّى ٦
وَمَا عَلَيْكَ أَلَّا يَزَكَّى ٧
وَأَمَّا مَنْ جَاءَكَ يَسْعَى ٨
وَهُوَ يَخْشَى ٩
فَأَنْتَ عَنْهُ تَلَهَّى ١٠
كَلَّا إِنَّهَا لَذِكْرَةٌ ١١
مَنْ شَاءَ ذَكَرَهُ ١٢

سُوْرَةُ الْاَنْشَافِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ الَّذِي

- with sincerity of heart.
- 80:13 It is recorded on pages most honored,
 80:14 elevated, purified,
 80:15 borne by hands of emissaries,
 80:16 honorable, most virtuous.
- 80:17 Perished be disbelieving man!
 How ungrateful he is!
 80:18 Of what thing did He create him?
 80:19 Of a sperm-drop, He created him—
 then determined for him
 the measures of his life.
- 80:20 Then the path through life He eased for him.
 80:21 Then He causes him to die
 and inters him in his grave.
 80:22 Then, when He so wills, He resurrects him.
 80:23 Most surely, no, indeed!
 Man has not fulfilled
 what He has commanded him.
- 80:24 Then let man look to his own food.
 80:25 Indeed, it is We alone
 who have poured down the water
 in downpours.
- 80:26 Then We alone
 clove the land a measured cleaving.
 80:27 Then We alone
 have caused to grow therein grain,
 80:28 and grapes, and herbage,
 80:29 and olives, and date palms,
 80:30 and lush orchards,
 80:31 and fruits, and pastures—
 80:32 all as enjoyment for you,
 and for your cattle, for a time.

- ١٣ فِي صُحُفٍ مُّكَرَّمَةٍ
 ١٤ مَرْفُوعَةٍ مُّطَهَّرَةٍ
 ١٥ بِأَيْدِي سَفَرَةٍ
 ١٦ كِرَامٍ بَرَرَةٍ
 ١٧ قُلِ الْإِنْسَانُ مَا أَكْفَرَهُ
 ١٨ مِنْ أَيِّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقَهُ
 ١٩ مِنْ نُّطْفَةٍ خَلَقَهُ فَقَدَرَهُ
 ٢٠ ثُمَّ السَّبِيلَ يَسَّرَهُ
 ٢١ ثُمَّ أَمَانَهُ فَأَقْبَرَهُ
 ٢٢ ثُمَّ إِذَا شَاءَ أَنشَرَهُ
 ٢٣ كَلَّا لَمَّا يُفْضِ مَا أَمَرَهُ
 ٢٤ فَلْيَنْظُرِ الْإِنْسَانُ إِلَى طَعَامِهِ
 ٢٥ أَنَا صَبَبْنَا الْمَاءَ صَبًّا
 ٢٦ ثُمَّ شَقَقْنَا الْأَرْضَ شَقًّا
 ٢٧ فَأَنبَتْنَا فِيهَا حَبًّا
 ٢٨ وَعَسَبْنَا وَغْصًا
 ٢٩ وَزَيَّنَّاهَا وَمَخَلَّا
 ٣٠ وَحَدَّائِنَ عُثَبًا
 ٣١ وَفَكَهْمًا وَأَنَابًا
 ٣٢ مَنَعْنَا كَرْهًا وَغَنَصِيمًا
 ٣٣ فَإِذَا جَاءَتِ الصَّلَاحَةُ

- 80:33 So when the Deafening Blast
 'of the Resurrection' comes—
 80:34 'on that` Day a man shall flee
 from his own brother,
 80:35 and his mother and his father,
 80:36 and his wife and his children—
 80:37 for each one of them, on that Day,
 shall have a great matter
 sufficient to overwhelm him.
 80:38 Faces, on that Day, are shining,
 80:39 laughing, rejoicing
 'at glad tidings of Paradise` .
 80:40 And faces on that Day
 have upon them dust;
 80:41 grime overspreads them.
 80:42 It is these
 who are the 'inveterate` disbelievers, the wicked.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَزَنَةُ الْقَلْبُوتُ

يَوْمَ يَفِرُّ الْمَرْءُ مِنْ أَخِيهِ ﴿٣٤﴾

وَأُمِّهِ وَأَبِيهِ ﴿٣٥﴾

وَصَحْبِهِ وَبَنِيهِ ﴿٣٦﴾

لِكُلِّ أَمْرٍ مِنْهُمْ يَوْمَئِذٍ ﴿٣٧﴾

شَأْنٌ يُغْنِيهِ

وَجُوهٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ مُّسْفِرَةٌ ﴿٣٨﴾

ضَاحِكَةٌ مُّسْتَبْشِرَةٌ ﴿٣٩﴾

وَوُجُوهٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ عَلَيْهَا غَبَرَةٌ ﴿٤٠﴾

رَهَقَهَا قَتَرَةٌ ﴿٤١﴾

أُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْكَافِرَةُ الْفَجَرَةُ ﴿٤٢﴾

Surah 81 / 29 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Takwîr

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 81:1 When the sun enfolds;
 81:2 and when the stars collapse;
 81:3 and when the mountains are moved away;
 81:4 and when the camels ten-months pregnant
 are deserted;
 81:5 and when the wild beasts
 are assembled together;
 81:6 and when the seas are boiled over;
 81:7 and when the souls
 are recoupled with their bodies;
 81:8 and when the female child
 buried alive is asked
 81:9 for what sin she was killed;
 81:10 and when the records
 of all human deeds are disclosed;
 81:11 and when the sky is stripped away;
 81:12 and when Hellfire flares up fiercely;
 81:13 and when the Garden of Paradise
 is drawn near—
 81:14 it is then that each soul shall know
 the consequence
 of all that it has brought forth.

- ١ إِذَا الشَّمْسُ كُوِّرَتْ
 ٢ وَإِذَا النُّجُومُ انْكَدَرَتْ
 ٣ وَإِذَا الْجِبَالُ سُيِّرَتْ
 ٤ وَإِذَا الْعِشَارُ عُطِّلَتْ
 ٥ وَإِذَا الْوُحُوشُ حُشِرَتْ
 ٦ وَإِذَا الْبِحَارُ سُجِّرَتْ
 ٧ وَإِذَا النُّفُوسُ زُوِّجَتْ
 ٨ وَإِذَا الْمَوْءِدَةُ سُئِلَتْ
 ٩ بِأَيِّ ذَنْبٍ قُتِلَتْ
 ١٠ وَإِذَا الصُّحُفُ نُشِرَتْ
 ١١ وَإِذَا السَّمَاءُ كُشِطَتْ
 ١٢ وَإِذَا الْجَحِيمُ سُعِّرَتْ
 ١٣ وَإِذَا الْجَنَّةُ أُزْلِفَتْ
 ١٤ عَلِمَتْ نَفْسٌ مَّا أَحْضَرَتْ

سُورَةُ التَّكْوِيْنِ

الْحِزْبُ الْكَادُّونَ

- 81:15 Most surely, no indeed!
But I swear by 'the stars' receding!
- 81:16 Running! Fading!
- 81:17 And by the night as it approaches!
- 81:18 And by the morning as it breathes!
- 81:19 This 'Quran' is, indeed,
the 'very' word of God
conveyed by way of a noble messenger-angel,
81:20 possessing power, and well established,
in the presence of the Lord of the Throne—
81:21 obeyed and trustworthy there.
- 81:22 Thus, 'O People,'
your companion, 'Muhammad,'
is certainly not possessed.
- 81:23 For, very truly he saw him,
'the very Angel of Revelation,'
in the clear horizon.
- 81:24 And never would he conceal
'a revelation received'
from the 'realm of the' unseen.
- 81:25 For this 'Quran' is not the word
of a satan accursed.

- 81:26 Where, then, 'O humanity,' are you going?
- 81:27 Indeed, this 'Quran' is but a 'revealed' Reminder
'sent in admonition' to 'all the people
of' the worlds—
81:28 for whomever of you so wills
to be 'guided upon a' straight 'way'—
81:29 and you shall not so will
except that God wills,
Lord of 'All' the Worlds.

- ١٥ فَلَا أَقِيمُ بِالْخُسُفِ
- ١٦ الْجَوَارِ الْكُنُفِ
- ١٧ وَاللَّيْلِ إِذَا عَسَفَ
- ١٨ وَالصُّبْحِ إِذَا نَفَسَ
- ١٩ إِنَّهُ لَقَوْلُ رَسُولٍ كَرِيمٍ
- ٢٠ ذِي قُوَّةٍ عِنْدَ ذِي الْعَرْشِ مَكِينٍ
- ٢١ مُطَاعٍ ثَمَّ أَمِينٍ
- ٢٢ وَمَا صَاحِبُكُمْ بِمَجْنُونٍ
- ٢٣ وَلَقَدْ رَآهُ بِآلِافٍ الْمَلِينِ
- ٢٤ وَمَا هُوَ عَلَى الْغَيْبِ بِضَنِينٍ
- ٢٥ وَمَا هُوَ بِقَوْلِ شَيْطَانٍ رَجِيمٍ
- ٢٦ فَأَيْنَ تَذْهَبُونَ
- ٢٧ إِنْ هُوَ إِلَّا ذِكْرٌ لِلْعَالَمِينَ
- ٢٨ لِمَنْ شَاءَ مِنْكُمْ أَنْ يَسْتَقِيمَ
- ٢٩ وَمَا تَشَاءُونَ إِلَّا أَنْ يَشَاءَ اللَّهُ
- رَبُّ الْعَالَمِينَ

Surah 82 / 19 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Infitâr

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 82:1 When the sky splits asunder,
82:2 and when the stars scatter,
82:3 and when the seas burst,
82:4 and when the graves are unearthed—
82:5 then shall each soul know
what 'deeds' it has advanced
and 'what it has forever' deferred.
- 82:6 O humankind!
What has deluded you about your Lord,
the All-Gracious?—
82:7 the One who 'alone'
created you, then fashioned you,
then gave you symmetry—
82:8 and in what a wondrous form
has He willed to compose you!
82:9 No, indeed!
'You have no excuse
for denying faith in One God!'
Rather, most surely,
you belie the 'nearing' Judgment,
82:10 while, indeed, 'ever vigilant' over you
are guardian 'angels',

- إِذَا السَّمَاءُ انْفَطَرَتْ ١
وَإِذَا الْكَوَاكِبُ انشَترَتْ ٢
وَإِذَا الْبِحَارُ فُجِرَتْ ٣
وَإِذَا الْقُبُورُ بُعْثِرَتْ ٤
عَلِمَتْ نَفْسٌ ٥
مَا قَدَّمَتْ وَأَخَّرَتْ ٦
يَا أَيُّهَا الْإِنْسَانُ ٧
مَا غَرَّكَ بِرَبِّكَ الْكَرِيمِ ٨
الَّذِي خَلَقَكَ فَسَوَّدَكَ فَعَدَلَكَ ٩
فِي أَيِّ صُورَةٍ مَا شَاءَ رَكَّبَكَ ١٠
كَلَّا بَلْ تُكَذِّبُونَ بِالْبَیِّنِ ١١
وَإِنَّ عَلَيْكُمْ لَحَافِظِينَ ١٢

سُورَةُ الْاِنْفِطَارِ

الجزء الثلاثون

- 82:11 noble ones, writing everything.
 82:12 They know all that you do.
 82:13 Indeed, in the Afterlife,
 the virtuous shall, most surely,
 be in pure delight.
 82:14 And, indeed, the wicked shall, most surely,
 be in Hellfire.
 82:15 They shall roast therein
 on the Day of Judgment.
 82:16 And never will they be able
 to absent themselves from it.
 82:17 And what will make you realize
 what is the Day of Judgment?
 82:18 Again, what will make you realize
 what is the Day of Judgment?
 82:19 It is a Day when one soul
 holds no power for another soul in anything.
 For all the command, on that Day,
 is for God alone.

- كِرَامًا كَاتِبِينَ ﴿١١﴾
 يَعْلَمُونَ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ ﴿١٢﴾
 إِنَّ الْأَبْرَارَ لَفِي نَعِيمٍ ﴿١٣﴾
 وَلِئِنَّ الْفَجَارَ لَفِي حَبِيمٍ ﴿١٤﴾
 يَصَلُّونَهَا يَوْمَ الَّذِينَ ﴿١٥﴾
 وَمَاهُمْ عَنْهَا بِعَايِينَ ﴿١٦﴾
 وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا يَوْمَ الدِّينِ ﴿١٧﴾
 ثُمَّ مَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا يَوْمَ الدِّينِ ﴿١٨﴾
 يَوْمَ لَا تَمْلِكُ ﴿١٩﴾
 نَفْسٌ لِنَفْسٍ شَيْئًا
 وَالْأَمْرُ يَوْمَ لِلَّهِ

The surah that opens with a dire divine warning of a debasing punishment awaiting in the Hereafter for those who practice cheating as a norm in commerce, and whom it calls THE DEFRAUDERS because they insist on receiving a full amount in return for the partial measure that they themselves give.

Surah 83 / 36 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Mutaffifîn

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 83:1 Woe to the defrauders:
 83:2 Those who when they take
 a measure 'in commerce' from people
 take it in full;
 83:3 but when they give
 a measure 'in commerce' to them,
 or 'give' a weight 'in trade' to them,
 they diminish it.
 83:4 Do they not think that they themselves
 shall be raised up 'in the Hereafter'
 83:5 on an Awesome Day,
 83:6 a Day when 'all' people will stand 'for Judgment'
 before the Lord of 'All' the Worlds?
 83:7 No, indeed! 'The case is not as they think!'
 Most surely, the 'inscribed' Book of 'Deeds'
 for 'the wicked is locked up
 in the 'inescapable' depths of Sijjîn.
 83:8 And do you realize what is Sijjîn?
 83:9 It is 'the lowest of the low',
 wherein is 'a Book
 inscribed' with their dreadful end'.
 83:10 Woe, that Day, to 'all' the believers:
 83:11 Those who belie the Day of Judgment.

- وَيْلٌ لِّلْمُطَفِّفِينَ ١
 الَّذِينَ إِذَا أَكَالُوا عَلَى النَّاسِ ٢
 يَسْتَوْفُونَ
 وَإِذَا كَالُوهُمْ أَوْ وَزَنُوهُمْ ٣
 يُخْسِرُونَ
 أَلَا يَظُنُّ أُولَٰئِكَ ٤
 أَنَّهُمْ مَّبْعُوثُونَ
 لِيَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ ٥
 يَوْمَ يَقُومُ النَّاسُ لِرَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ٦
 كَلَّا إِنَّ كِتَابَ الْفَجَارِ ٧
 لَفِي سِجِّينٍ
 وَمَا أَذْرَكَ مَا سَحَابٌ ٨
 كِتَابٌ مَّرْقُومٌ ٩
 وَيْلٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ١٠

- 83:12 For none belies it but every sinful transgressor—
 83:13 'one who', when Our 'revealed' verses
 are recited to him, he says:
 'Mere' tales of the ancients!
 83:14 No, indeed!
 Most surely, 'the case is not as they say!'
 Rather, encrusted over their hearts
 is all 'the evil' that they have earned.
 83:15 No, indeed! 'The Day of Judgment is true!'
 Most surely, on that Day,
 they shall be veiled from 'seeing' their Lord.
 83:16 Then, most surely, they shall roast in Hellfire.
 83:17 Then it will be said 'to them':
 This is what you used to belie!
- 83:18 No, indeed! 'Honor awaits the believers!'
 Most surely, the 'inscribed' Book of 'Deeds
 for 'the virtuous is 'secured'
 upon 'the lofty heights of' 'Illîyyûn.
 83:19 And do you realize what is 'Illîyyûn?
 83:20 It is 'the highest of the high, wherein is' a Book
 inscribed 'with their delightful outcome'.
 83:21 Those brought near 'by God' shall witness it.
 83:22 Indeed, 'in the Afterlife,' the virtuous
 shall, most surely, be in 'pure' delight;
 83:23 upon 'canopied' couches they shall look about.
 83:24 In their very faces shall you perceive
 the radiance of delight.
 83:25 They are given to drink of a pure wine, sealed,
 83:26 its seal of musk!
 Then for this,
 let the competitors 'for God's pleasure' compete!
 83:27 For its blend is of Tasnîm—
 83:28 a spring, from which 'only'
 the ones brought near 'to God' shall drink.

سُورَةُ الْمُتَفِّفِينَ

الجزء الثلاثون

- الَّذِينَ يَكْذِبُونَ يَوْمَ الدِّينِ ١١
 وَمَا يَكْذِبُ بِهِ ١٢
 إِلَّا كُلُّ مُعْتَدٍ أَثِيمٍ ١٣
 إِذَا تُتْلَى عَلَيْهِ آيَاتُنَا ١٤
 قَالَ اسْتَطِيرَ الْأُولَى ١٥
 كَلَّا بَلْ رَانَ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ ١٦
 مَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ ١٧
 كَلَّا إِنَّهُمْ عَنْ رَبِّهِمْ ١٨
 يَوْمَئِذٍ لَمَحْجُورُونَ ١٩
 ثُمَّ إِنَّهُمْ لَصَالُوا الْجَحِيمِ ٢٠
 ثُمَّ يُقَالُ ٢١
 هَذَا الَّذِي كُنتُمْ بِهِ تُكَذِّبُونَ ٢٢
 كَلَّا إِنَّ كِتَابَ الْأَنْبَارِ ٢٣
 لَفِي عِلِّيَّينَ ٢٤
 وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا عِلِّيُّونَ ٢٥
 كِتَابٌ مَرْقُومٌ ٢٦
 يَشْهَدُهُ الْمُرْسَلُونَ ٢٧
 إِنَّ الْأَنْبَارَ لَفِي نَعِيمٍ ٢٨
 عَلَى الْأَرْيَافِ يُنْظَرُونَ ٢٩
 تَعْرِفُ فِي وُجُوهِهِمْ ٣٠
 نَضْرَةَ النِّعَمِ ٣١
 يُسْقَوْنَ مِنْ رَحِيقٍ مَخْتُومٍ ٣٢
 خِتَمُهُ مَسْكَ وَفِي ذَلِكَ ٣٣
 فَلْيَتَنَافَسِ الْمُنْتَفِسُونَ ٣٤
 وَمِنْ رَاجِهِ مَنْ تُسَنِّمِ ٣٥
 عَيْنًا يَشْرَبُ بِهَا الْمُقَرَّبُونَ ٣٦

- 83:29 Indeed, those 'in life'
who trespassed 'against God'
used to laugh at those who believed.
- 83:30 And when they passed by them, they would,
'in mockery' with one another, wink.
- 83:31 Then when they returned to their people,
they would return gleeful
'with haughty derision'.
- 83:32 Thus whenever they saw them, they said:
Indeed, these 'believers' are, most surely, astray.
- 83:33 Yet it is not they 'who disbelieve'
who were sent 'by God'
to be guardians over them!
- 83:34 So this Day 'in Eternity',
those who 'in life' believed 'in the One God'
shall laugh at the disbelievers.
- 83:35 Upon 'canopied' couches 'in Paradise',
they shall gaze 'down upon them',
beholding their torment in Hell.
- 83:36 Then it shall be said to the believers:
Have 'not' the disbelievers
been 'justly' rewarded for all 'the evil'
that they used to do?

سُورَةُ الْمُتَفَفِّفِينَ

الْجُزْءُ الْكَلَامُونَ

٢٩ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ أَجْرَمُوا كَانُوا

مِنَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا يَضْحَكُونَ

٣٠ وَإِذَا مَرُّوا بِهِمْ يَتَغَامَزُونَ

٣١ وَإِذَا انْقَلَبُوا إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهِمْ

انْقَلَبُوا فُكْهِينَ

٣٢ وَإِذَا رَأَوْهُمْ قَالُوا

إِنَّ هَٰؤُلَاءِ لَضَالُّونَ

٣٣ وَمَا أُرْسِلُوا عَلَيْهِمْ حَافِظِينَ

٣٤ فَالْيَوْمَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا

مِنَ الْكُفَّارِ يَضْحَكُونَ

٣٥ عَلَى الْأَرَائِكِ يَنْظُرُونَ

٣٦ هَلْ ثُوِّبَ الْكُفَّارُ

مَا كَانُوا يَفْعَلُونَ

Surah 84 / 25 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Inshiqâq

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 84:1 When the sky rends asunder
84:2 and gives ear to the command of its Lord—
and so must it be!
84:3 And when the earth is stretched taut
84:4 and casts out what is in it
and empties itself completely,
84:5 and gives ear to the command of its Lord—
and so must it be!
84:6 'On that Day, O humankind—
for, indeed, you are all laboring to your Lord,
most laboriously—
then shall you meet Him!
84:7 So as to one
who is given his book of deeds
in his right hand,
84:8 he shall then undergo an easy reckoning;
84:9 and he shall return to his people rejoicing.
84:10 Yet as to one
who shall be given his book of deeds
from behind his back,
84:11 he shall call out: 'Oh, my ruination!
84:12 and roast in Hell's flaming Fire.
84:13 He had, indeed, been joyful

- ١ إِذَا السَّمَاءُ انشَقَّتْ
٢ وَأُذِنَتْ لَرَبِّهَا وَحُقَّتْ
٣ وَإِذَا الْأَرْضُ مُدَّتْ
٤ وَأَلْقَتْ مَا فِيهَا وَتَخَلَّتْ
٥ وَأُذِنَتْ لَرَبِّهَا وَحُقَّتْ
٦ يَتَأْتِيهَا الْإِنْسُنُ إِنَّكَ كَادِحٌ
إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ كَدْحًا فَمُلَاقِيهِ
٧ فَأَمَّا مَنْ أَوْفَىٰ كِتَابِهِ، بِيَمِينِهِ
٨ فَسَوْفَ يُحَاسَبُ حِسَابًا يَسِيرًا
٩ وَنُقَلِّبُ إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهِ مَسْرُورًا
١٠ وَأَمَّا مَنْ أَوْفَىٰ كِتَابِهِ، وَرَاءَ ظَهْرِهِ
١١ فَسَوْفَ يَدْعُوا ثُبُورًا
١٢ وَيَصْلَىٰ سَعِيرًا
١٣ إِنَّهُ كَانَ فِي أَهْلِهِ مَسْرُورًا

سُورَةُ الْاِنْشِقَاقِ

الْجُزْءُ الْفَلَاثُونَ

- in the pursuit of whim
among his family in the world.
- 84:14 For, indeed, he thought
that he would never return to God
for Judgment.
- 84:15 On the contrary!
His Lord was, indeed, ever all-seeing of him.
- 84:16 No! But I do swear by the twilight!
- 84:17 And by the night and all it enshrouds!
- 84:18 And by the moon when it becomes full!
- 84:19 You shall, most surely,
mount through stage upon stage
from conception to Resurrection.
- 84:20 Then what is with these who are called to God,
that they will not believe—
- 84:21 who, when the Quran is recited to them,
will not bow their faces down
to the ground in worship of Him alone? ﴿١﴾
- 84:22 Rather, those who disbelieve
vehemently belie it!
- 84:23 Yet God knows best
all the ill that they harbor in their hearts.
- 84:24 So give them all heavy tidings
of a most painful torment in the Hereafter—
- 84:25 except for those who would believe
and do righteous deeds.
For them, there is an unfailing reward
with their Lord.

- ١٤ إِنَّهُ ظَنَّ أَنْ لَنْ يَحُورَ
- ١٥ بَلَىٰ إِنَّ رَبَّهُ كَانَ بِهِ بَصِيرًا
- ١٦ فَلَا أَقْسِمُ بِالْشفَقِ
- ١٧ وَالْاَيْلِ وَمَا وَسَقَ
- ١٨ وَالْقَمَرِ إِذَا اتَّسَقَ
- ١٩ لَتَرْكَبُنَّ طَبَقًا عَنْ طَبَقٍ
- ٢٠ فَمَا لَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ
- ٢١ وَإِذَا قُرِئَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقُرْآنُ لَا يَسْجُدُونَ ﴿١﴾
- ٢٢ بَلِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا يُكْذِبُونَ
- ٢٣ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يُوعُونَ
- ٢٤ فَنَشِرُهُمْ بِعَذَابٍ آلِيمٍ
- ٢٥ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
- لَهُمْ أَجْرٌ غَيْرُ مَمْنُونٍ

The surah that opens with a three-part oath of the Divine One, who swears by the sky studded with THE CONSTELLATIONS, by the assurance that the Day of Resurrection shall come, and by His Own Universal Witness, which beholds all, that the believers shall have their reward, and the unbelievers their punishment, in the Hereafter.

Surah 85 / 22 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Burûj

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 85:1 By the sky full of constellations—
85:2 and by the Promised Day of Resurrection!
85:3 And by a 'Heavenly' Witness
and all those 'on earth' who are witnessed!
85:4 Perished be the People of the Fire-Pit!—
85:5 the fire 'of which they themselves' fed with fuel,
85:6 as they were seated 'in command' over it,
85:7 while they themselves were witnesses
to what they did with the believers,
'throwing them in it'.
85:8 And they took vengeance against them
only because they had believed
in 'One' God 'alone',
the Overpowering 'One', the All-Praised—
85:9 the One to whom belongs all dominion
over the heavens and the earth.
Thus over all things is God a witness.
85:10 As to those who persecute
the believing men and the believing women—
and thereafter do not repent—
then for them 'in the Hereafter'
awaits only 'the torment of Hell'.
Thus for them there is the torment

وَالسَّمَاءِ ذَاتِ الْبُرُوجِ ١

وَالْيَوْمِ الْمَوْعُودِ ٢

وَشَاهِدٍ وَمَشْهُودٍ ٣

قُلْ أَصْحَابُ الْأُخْدُودِ ٤

النَّارِ ذَاتِ الْوُفُودِ ٥

إِذْ هُمْ عَلَيْهَا قُعُودٌ ٦

وَهُمْ عَلَىٰ مَا يَفْعَلُونَ ٧

بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ شُعُودٌ ٨

وَمَا نَقَمُوا مِنْهُمْ ٩

إِلَّا أَن يُؤْمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ ١٠

الْعَزِيزِ الْحَمِيدِ ١١

الَّذِي لَهُ ١٢

مُلْكُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ ١٣

وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ ١٤

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ ١٥

فَتَنُوا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ ١٦

سُورَةُ الْبُرُوجِ

الْجُزْءُ الثَّلَاثُونَ

of 'everlasting' burning!

85:11 As to those who believe and do righteous deeds,
for them in the Hereafter

await Gardens beneath which rivers flow.

That is the magnificent triumph!

85:12 As to the onslaught of your Lord,
it is, most surely, severe!

85:13 For, indeed, He 'alone' is the One
who begins 'creation'
and 'then' returns 'it to being'.

85:14 Yet He 'alone'
is the All-Forgiving 'One', the All-Loving!

85:15 Possessor of the Throne! The All-Glorious!

85:16 Doer of all that He intends!

85:17 Has the account of the 'disbelieving' hosts
'whom God destroyed'
come to you, 'O Prophet,

85:18 that of the hosts of 'Pharaoh
and 'the people of 'Thamûd?

85:19 Rather, those who disbelieve are in 'utter' denial
'of a nearing Judgment'—

85:20 while beyond them God is all-encompassing.

85:21 Rather, this 'Quran'
is a glorious Heavenly Recitation,
'that you receive, O Prophet,

85:22 and 'in a 'Heavenly' Tablet, 'it is' well-preserved.

ثُمَّ لَوْ رَتَّبُوا
فَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ جَهَنَّمُ
وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ الْخَرِيقِ

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا

وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ

لَهُمْ جَنَّاتُ

تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ

ذَلِكَ الْغَوْرُ الْكَبِيرُ

إِنَّ بَطْشَ رَبِّكَ لَشَدِيدٌ

إِنَّهُ هُوَ بَدِئُ وَيُعِيدُ

وَهُوَ الْغَفُورُ الْودُودُ

ذُو الْعَرْشِ الْمَجِيدُ

فَعَالٌ لِمَا يُرِيدُ

هَلْ أُنَبِّئُكَ حَدِيثَ الْجُنُودِ

فِرْعَوْنُ وَثَمُودُ

بَلِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فِي تَكْذِيبٍ

وَاللَّهُ مِنْ وَرَائِهِمْ مُحِيطٌ

بَلْ هُوَ قُرْآنٌ مَجِيدٌ

فِي لَوْحٍ مَحْفُوظٍ

Surah 86 / 17 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Târiq

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 86:1 By the sky
and the Night-Comer!
- 86:2 And what will make you realize
what is the Night-Comer?
- 86:3 It is the 'pulsating' star
of piercing 'brightness.
- 86:4 And, indeed, 'even thus,'
there is not a single soul
but that over it
there is a guardian 'angel
recording everything'.
- 86:5 Then let man consider
'the substance'
from which he is created.
- 86:6 He is created
from a spurting fluid,
issuing from between
the backbone 'of a man'
and the breast bones
'of a woman'.
- 86:8 Indeed,
He 'who created him'

- ۱ وَالسَّمَاءِ وَالطَّارِقِ
- ۲ وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا الطَّارِقُ
- ۳ النُّجُومِ الثَّاقِبِ
- ۴ إِنَّ كُلَّ نَفْسٍ لَّمَّا عَلَيْهَا حَافِظٌ
- ۵ فَلْيَنْظُرِ الْإِنْسَانُ مِمَّ خُلِقَ
- ۶ خُلِقَ مِنْ مَّاءٍ دَافِقٍ
- ۷ يُخْرَجُ مِنْ بَيْنِ الصُّلْبِ وَالتَّرَائِبِ
- ۸ إِنَّهُ عَلَى رَجْعِهِ لَقَادِرٌ
- ۹ يَوْمَ يَبْلُغُ السَّرَّابِ
- ۱۰ قَالَهُ، مِنْ قُوَّةٍ وَلَا نَاصِرٍ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي

- is, most surely, well able
to return him to life anew —
86:9 on a Day Hereafter
when all man's inner secrets
shall be examined!
86:10 Thus for him,
there shall be neither power
nor helper
against God's punishment.
- 86:11 By the sky
ever returning water
to the earth in rain!
86:12 And by the earth
ever cleaving and sprouting
with vegetation!
86:13 Indeed, this Quran
is, most surely,
a distinguishing word
from God —
86:14 and it is not conveyed
in jest!
86:15 Indeed,
they who disbelieve
are devising a plan against faith.
86:16 Yet I devise a plan
to thwart them.
86:17 So bear with the disbelievers,
O Prophet.
Bear with them
just a little while.

- وَالسَّمَاءِ ذَاتِ الرَّجْعِ ١١
وَالْأَرْضِ ذَاتِ الصَّنْعِ ١٢
إِنَّهُمْ لَقَوْلٌ فَصْلٌ ١٣
وَمَا هُوَ بِالْهَزْلِ ١٤
إِنَّهُمْ يَكِيدُونَ كَيْدًا ١٥
وَأَكِيدُ كَيْدًا ١٦
فَهَلِ الْكَافِرِينَ أَهْلُكُمْ رَوْدًا ١٧

Surah 87 / 19 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-A'la

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 87:1 Highly exalt
the name of your Lord,
the Most High,
87:2 the One who 'alone'
created 'everything',
then gave it form;
87:3 and the One who 'alone'
determined 'all creation',
then guided it upon its way,
87:4 and the One who 'alone'
brings forth the pasturage,
87:5 then turns it into dusty debris.
- 87:6 We shall make you recite 'the Quran,
O Prophet,'
such that you shall not forget it —
87:7 except what God so wills.
For He knows
all that is proclaimed
and all that is hidden.
87:8 Thus We shall ease you
to 'Our sacred way of life
with' all ease.

- سَبِّحْ اسْمَ رَبِّكَ الْأَعْلَى ١
الَّذِي خَلَقَ فَسُوَّى ٢
وَالَّذِي قَدَّرَ فَهَدَى ٣
وَالَّذِي أَخْرَجَ الْمَرْعَى ٤
فَجَعَلَهُ غُثَاءً أَحْوَى ٥
سَنُقْرِئُكَ فَلَا تَنسَى ٦
إِلَّا مَا شَاءَ اللَّهُ ٧
إِنَّهُ يَعْلَمُ الْجَهْرَ وَمَا يَخْفَى ٨
وَنُبَشِّرُكَ لِلْيُسْرَى ٩
فَذَكِّرْ إِن نَّفَعَتِ الذِّكْرَى ١٠
سَيَذَكِّرْ مَنْ يَخْشَى ١١

سُورَةُ الْأَعْلَى

الجزء الثلاثون

- 87:9 So 'continue to' remind
'all people with the Quran'—
even if the reminding benefits
'only some of them'.
- 87:10 For, indeed,
he shall be reminded
who 'truly' fears 'God'.
- 87:11 But the most wretched 'of people'
shall shun it—
- 87:12 such as shall roast
in the great Fire 'of Hell',
wherein one shall neither die,
nor live 'without pain'.
- 87:14 Truly he has succeeded
who purifies himself
'with sincere faith',
and mentions the name of his Lord
'in glory',
and then prays 'the daily Prayers'.
- 87:16 Yet you 'human beings'
prefer the life of this world,
while the Hereafter is 'far' better
and more lasting!
- 87:18 Indeed, this is, most surely,
'mentioned' in the earlier Scriptures,
the Scriptures of Abraham
and Moses.

- وَيَجْنِبُهَا الْأَشْقَى ١١
- الَّذِي يَصِلُ النَّارَ الْكُبْرَى ١٢
- ثُمَّ لَا يَمُوتُ فِيهَا وَلَا يَحْيَى ١٣
- قَدْ أَفْلَحَ مَنْ تَزَكَّى ١٤
- وَذَكَرَ اسْمَ رَبِّهِ فَصَلَّى ١٥
- بَلْ تُؤْثِرُونَ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا ١٦
- وَالْآخِرَةَ خَيْرٌ وَأَبْقَى ١٧
- إِنَّ هَذَا ١٨
- لَفِي الصُّحُفِ الْأُولَى ١٩
- صُحُفِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَمُوسَى ٢٠

Surah 88 / 26 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Ghâshiyah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 88:1 Has the account
of the Whelming Event of Resurrection
come to you, O Prophet?
- 88:2 Faces, on that Day, shall be downcast,
88:3 laboring, weary,
88:4 roasting in a 'blazing' hot fire 'in Hell'.
88:5 They are given to drink
from a fiercely boiling spring.
88:6 There shall not be for them any food,
except of a thorny bush
88:7 that does not fatten 'one',
nor avail against hunger.
- 88:8 Faces, on that Day, shall be delighted,
88:9 well pleased with their 'dutiful' strivings 'in life',
88:10 in a lofty Garden 'of Paradise'.
88:11 You shall not hear therein an idle word.
88:12 Therein are flowing springs.
88:13 Therein are raised settees,
88:14 and cups set at hand,
88:15 and 'lounging' cushions
arrayed 'near each other',
88:16 and lush carpets spread about.

- ١ هَلْ أَتَاكَ حَدِيثُ الْغَاشِيَةِ
- ٢ وَجْوهٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ خَشِيعَةٌ
- ٣ عَامِلَةٌ نَاصِبَةٌ
- ٤ تَصَلَّى نَارًا حَامِيَةً
- ٥ تُشْقَى مِنْ عَيْنٍ آتِيَةٍ
- ٦ لَيْسَ لَهُمْ طَعَامٌ إِلَّا مِنْ ضَرِيعٍ
- ٧ لَا يَسْمِنُ وَلَا يُغْنِي مِنْ جُوعٍ
- ٨ وَجْوهٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ نَاصِبَةٌ
- ٩ لَسَعِيَهَا رَاضِيَةٌ
- ١٠ فِي جَنَّاتٍ عَالِيَةٍ
- ١١ لَا تَسْمَعُ فِيهَا لَغْوَةً
- ١٢ فِيهَا عَيْنٌ جَارِيَةٌ
- ١٣ فِيهَا سُرُرٌ مَرْفُوعَةٌ
- ١٤ وَأَكْوَابٌ مَوْضُوعَةٌ
- ١٥ وَنَمَارِقُ مَصْفُوفَةٌ
- ١٦ وَزَرَارٍ مَبْنُوتَةٌ

سُورَةُ الْغَاشِيَةِ

الْحِزْبُ الْثَلَاثُونَ

- 88:17 Do they who disbelieve
not look with reflection
at the form of camels—
how wondrously they are created;
88:18 and at the sky—
how majestically it is raised;
88:19 and at the mountains—
how firmly they are set erect;
88:20 and at the earth—
how smoothly it is spread?
88:21 So remind the people, O Prophet,
of the blessings and Oneness of their Creator,
for you are but a reminder sent to them.
88:22 You are not meant
to be domineering over them.
88:23 Yet one who turns away and disbelieves,
88:24 God will, then, torment him in the Hereafter
with the greatest torment.
88:25 Indeed, to Us alone
is their final return after death.
88:26 Then, indeed, upon Us alone
shall be their reckoning
of everlasting recompense.

١٧ أَفَلَا يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَى الْإِبِلِ

كَيْفَ خُلِقَتْ

١٨ وَإِلَى السَّمَاءِ كَيْفَ رُفِعَتْ

١٩ وَإِلَى الْجِبَالِ كَيْفَ نُصِبَتْ

٢٠ وَإِلَى الْأَرْضِ كَيْفَ سُطِحَتْ

٢١ فَذَكِّرْ إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ مُذَكِّرٌ

٢٢ لَسْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِمُصَيِّرٍ

٢٣ إِلَّا مَنْ تَوَلَّى وَكَفَرَ

٢٤ فَيُعَذِّبُهُ اللَّهُ الْعَذَابَ الْأَكْبَرَ

٢٥ إِنَّ إِلَيْنَا إِيَابَهُمْ

٢٦ ثُمَّ إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا حِسَابَهُمْ

Surah 89 / 30 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Fajr

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 89:1 By the dawn,
89:2 and the Ten Nights
of the Month of Pilgrimage!
89:3 By all that is even and all that is odd,
89:4 and the night as it passes!
89:5 Is there in this an oath of sufficient proof
for whoever has a mind
that God is all-able to punish the ungodly?
89:6 Have you not seen, 'O Prophet,
how your Lord dealt with the people of 'Ad,
89:7 from Iram, the nation of the pillars,
89:8 the like of whom
were never before created in the lands;
89:9 and with the people of Thamûd,
who carved their very homes
out of the great rocks of the Stone Valley;
89:10 and with mighty Pharaoh
of the lofty structures?
89:11 They all insolently transgressed in the lands.
89:12 Thus they spread therein much corruption.
89:13 So your Lord poured upon them all
a scourge of horrendous torment!
89:14 Indeed, your Lord

- وَالْفَجْرِ ١
وَلَيَالٍ عَشْرٍ ٢
وَالشَّفْعِ وَالْوَتْرِ ٣
وَاللَّيْلِ إِذَا يَسْرِ ٤
هَلْ فِي ذَلِكَ قَسَمٌ لِّذِي حِجْرِ ٥
أَلَمْ تَرَ كَيْفَ فَعَلَ رَبُّكَ بِعَادٍ ٦
إِرمَ ذَاتِ الْعِمَادِ ٧
الَّتِي لَمْ يُخْلَقْ مِثْلُهَا فِي الْبِلَادِ ٨
وَتُمُودَ الَّذِينَ ٩
جَاءُوا الصَّخَرَ بِالْوَادِ ١٠
وَفِرْعَوْنَ ذِي الْأَوْتَادِ ١١
الَّذِينَ طَغَوْا فِي الْبِلَادِ ١٢
فَأَكْثَرُوا فِيهَا الْفَسَادَ ١٣
فَصَبَّ عَلَيْهِمْ رَبُّكَ سَوْطَ عَذَابٍ

سُورَةُ الْفَجْرِ

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِي

is, most surely, ever-watchful.

- 89:15 Now, as for man,
whenever his Lord tries him,
such that He gives generously to him
and blesses him, he says 'exultantly':
My Lord has honored me!
- 89:16 Yet, as to whenever He tries him,
such that He restricts for him his provision,
he says 'despondently':
My Lord has disgraced me!
- 89:17 No indeed! 'It is a test of faith!'
But you 'human beings
break the covenant of God:
You do not give generously to the orphan.
- 89:18 Nor do you urge one another
to feed the indigent.
- 89:19 Moreover,
you devour the inheritance 'of others'
with a devouring greed.
- 89:20 For you love wealth with an ardent love.
- 89:21 No indeed!
Most surely, 'it shall all perish,'
when the earth is pounded 'to dust'
with a crushing pounding;
and comes your Lord 'for Judgment'—
and the angels 'arrayed'
in rank upon rank;
and brought near into view,
on that Day, is Hell 'itself'—
it is on that Day
that man will remember
'with utter regret all his sins!'
But how, then,
shall 'this' remembrance avail him?

١٤ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَبَالِغُ الْعَذَابِ

١٥ فَأَمَّا الْإِنْسَانُ إِذَا مَا ابْتَلَاهُ رَبُّهُ
فَأَكْرَمَهُ وَنَعَّمَهُ
فَيَقُولُ رَبِّي أَكْرَمَنِ

١٦ وَأَمَّا إِذَا مَا ابْتَلَاهُ
فَقَدَّرَ عَلَيْهِ رِزْقَهُ
فَيَقُولُ رَبِّي أَهْنَنِ

١٧ كَلَّا بَلْ لَا تَكْفُرُونَ الْيَتِيمَ
وَلَا يَخَافُونَ

١٨ عَلَى طَعَامِ الْمَسْكِينِ
وَتَأْكُلُونَ التَّرَاثَ

١٩ أَكْثَرًا لَّمَّا
وَتُحِبُّونَ الْمَالَ حُبًّا جَمًّا

٢٠ كَلَّا إِذَا دُكَّتِ الْأَرْضُ
دَكًّا دَكًّا

٢١ وَجَاءَ رَبُّكَ وَالْمَلَكُ
صَفًّا صَفًّا

٢٢ وَجِئَتْ يَوْمَئِذٍ بِجَهَنَّمَ
يَوْمَئِذٍ يَذَّكَّرُ الْإِنْسَانُ
وَأَنَّى لَهُ الذِّكْرَى

سُورَةُ الْفَجْرِ

الْحِزْبُ الثَّلَاثُونَ

- 89:24 He will say: Oh!
If only I had forwarded
some good for this, my true life to come!
- 89:25 For, on that Day, none shall have ever
sought to punish as He shall punish.
- 89:26 And none shall have ever
thought to bind as He shall bind.
Yet to each believer, God shall say:
- 89:27 O peaceful soul!
- 89:28 Return to your Lord,
well-pleased and well-pleasing.
- 89:29 And so, enter among
My beloved servants.
- 89:30 And enter My Everlasting Garden.

٢٤ يَقُولُ يَلَيْتَنِي قَدَّمْتُ لِحَيَاتِي

٢٥ فَيَوْمَئِذٍ لَا يُعَذِّبُ عَذَابُهُ أَحَدًا

٢٦ وَلَا يُوثِقُ وَثَاقَهُ أَحَدًا

٢٧ يَأْتِيهَا النَّفْسُ الْمُطْمَئِنَّةُ

٢٨ أَرْجِعِي إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ رَاضِيَةً مُّرْضِيَةً

٢٩ فَأَدْخِلْنِي فِي عَبْدِي

٣٠ وَأَدْخِلْنِي جَنَّاتِي

Surah 90 / 20 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Balad

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 90:1 No, indeed!
I do swear
by this 'Sacred' City 'of Makkah',
90:2 while you, 'O Prophet',
are a 'free' dweller
in this 'Sacred' City 'of Makkah'.
90:3 Moreover, 'I swear
by all that begets
and all that is begotten!
90:4 Very truly,
We created man
in 'a life of' travail.
90:5 Does he think that no one
shall ever overpower him?
90:6 He says 'in boast':
I have expended vast wealth!
90:7 Does he think that no one
has seen him?
90:8 Have We not made for him
two eyes,
90:9 and a tongue,
and two lips,
90:10 and guided him

- ١ لَا أَقْسِمُ بِهَذَا الْبَلَدِ
٢ وَأَنْتَ حِلٌّ بِهَذَا الْبَلَدِ
٣ وَوَالِدٍ وَمَا وَلَدَ
٤ لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ فِي كَبَدٍ
٥ ابْحَسِبُ أَنْ لَنْ يَقْدِرَ عَلَيَّ أَحَدٌ
٦ يَقُولُ أَهْلَكْتُ مَا لَا لُبَدَا
٧ ابْحَسِبُ أَنْ لَمْ يَرَهُ أَحَدٌ
٨ أَلَمْ نَجْعَلْ لَهُ عَيْنَيْنِ
٩ وَلِسَانًا وَشَفَتَيْنِ
١٠ وَهَدَيْنَاهُ النَّجْدَيْنِ
١١ فَلَا اقْتَحَمَ الْعَقَبَةَ
١٢ وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا الْعَقَبَةُ
١٣ فَكُ رَقَبَةً
١٤ أَوْ إِطْعَمَهُ فِي يَوْمٍ ذِي مَسْغَبَةٍ
١٥ يَتِيمًا ذَا مَقْرَبَةٍ
١٦ أَوْ مَسْكِينًا ذَا مَتْرَبَةٍ

- to the two highways
 of right and wrong?
- 90:11 Yet he has not attempted
 the steep road.
- 90:12 And do you realize
 what is the steep road?
- 90:13 It is the freeing
 of a human being
 from bondage,
 90:14 or offering food
 on a day of starvation
 90:15 to an orphan
 who is a relative,
 90:16 or to an indigent person
 who is down in the dust—
 90:17 all the while,
 being of those who believe—
 and who exhort one another
 to persevere in faith
 with patience,
 and who exhort one another
 to mercifulness.
- 90:18 These are the Companions
 of the 'blessed' Right.
- 90:19 But as to those
 who disbelieve
 in Our 'natural and revealed' signs—
 they are the Companions
 of the 'woeful' Left.
- 90:20 Upon them
 'in the Hereafter',
 a Fire shall descend
 and forever trammel them.

سُورَةُ الْبَلَدِ

الجزء الثلاثون

ثُمَّ كَانَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ١٧

وَتَوَاصَوْا بِالصَّبْرِ

وَتَوَاصَوْا بِالْمَرْحَمَةِ

أُولَٰئِكَ أَصْحَابُ الْيَمِينِ ١٨

وَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنَّا ١٩

هُمْ أَصْحَابُ الْمَشْأَمَةِ

عَلَيْهِمْ نَارٌ مُّؤَصَّدَةٌ ٢٠

Surah 91 / 15 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Shams

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 91:1 By the sun
and its morning radiance!
- 91:2 And by the moon
as it follows it!
- 91:3 And by the daylight
as it unveils it!
- 91:4 And by the night
as it whelms over it!
- 91:5 And by the heaven
and Him who built it!
- 91:6 And by the earth
and Him who spread it!
- 91:7 And by the soul
and Him who fashioned it—
and informed it
with consciousness
of its wickedness
and its righteousness!
- 91:9 Truly, whoever purifies it
has succeeded.
- 91:10 And truly, whoever defiles it
has failed.

- ١ وَالشَّمْسِ وَضُحَاهَا
- ٢ وَالْقَمَرِ إِذَا تَلَّهَا
- ٣ وَالنَّهَارِ إِذَا جَلَّهَا
- ٤ وَاللَّيْلِ إِذَا يَغْشَاهَا
- ٥ وَالسَّمَاءِ وَمَا بَنَاهَا
- ٦ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا خَلَقَهَا
- ٧ وَنَفْسٍ وَمَا سَوَّاهَا
- ٨ فَأَلَمَهَا فُجُورَهَا وَتَقْوَاهَا
- ٩ قَدْ أَفْلَحَ مَن زَكَّاهَا
- ١٠ وَقَدْ خَابَ مَن دَسَّاهَا
- ١١ كَذَّبَتْ ثَمُودُ بِطَغْوَاهَا
- ١٢ إِذِ انْبَعَثَ أَشْقَاهَا
- ١٣ فَقَالَ لَهُمُ اللَّهُ سُقِيَهَا

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء الثلاثون

91:11 Know that the people of Thamûd
belied the revealed truth of old
because of their insolent transgression.

فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَعَقَرُوهَا ﴿١٤﴾

فَدَمَدَمَ عَلَيْهِمْ رَبُّهُمْ

بِذُنُوبِهِمْ فَسَوَّاهَا

وَلَا يَخَافُ عُقْبَاهَا ﴿١٥﴾

91:12 Behold!
The most wretched of them
rose up violently,
defying God's commandment,
91:13 though Sâlih,
the Messenger of God
had said to them:
Beware the sanctified she-camel
that belongs to God
and honor the right of her to drink!

91:14 But they belied him
and hamstrung her.
So their Lord crushed them
for their sins
and utterly leveled them.

91:15 And He has no fear
of its consequence.

Surah 92 / 21 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Layl

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 92:1 By the night
as it whelms 'the world'
in darkness!
- 92:2 And 'by' the daylight
as it shines out!
- 92:3 And 'by' Him who created
the male and the female—
- 92:4 indeed, your pursuits,
'O humankind,'
are, truly, divergent
'as to good and evil'.
- 92:5 So as for one who gives 'charity'
and is ever God-fearing,
92:6 and confirms 'his faith'
in the ultimate reward 'of God'—
- 92:7 We shall then ease him
'in this life'
into ease 'in the Hereafter'.
- 92:8 But as for the miserly one
who withholds 'charity',
and claims self-sufficiency,
92:9 and rejects 'faith'
in the ultimate reward 'of God'—

- ۱ وَاللَّيْلِ إِذَا يَغْشَى
- ۲ وَالنَّهَارِ إِذَا تَجَلَّى
- ۳ وَمَا خَلَقَ الذَّكَرَ وَالْأُنثَى
- ۴ إِنَّ سَعْيَكُمْ لَشَتَّى
- ۵ فَأَمَّا مَنْ أَعْطَى وَانْفَكَى
- ۶ وَصَدَّقَ بِالْحُسْنَى
- ۷ فَسَنِّيَرُهُ لِلْعُسْرَى
- ۸ وَأَمَّا مَنْ يَبْخُلْ وَأَسْتَفْتَى
- ۹ وَكَذَّبَ بِالْحُسْنَى
- ۱۰ فَسَنِّيَرُهُ لِلْعُسْرَى
- ۱۱ وَمَا يُغْنِي عَنْهُ مَالُهُ إِذَا تَرَدَّى
- ۱۲ إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا لَلْهُدَى

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الجزء الثلاثون

- 92:10 We then shall ease him
into hardship.
- 92:11 And his wealth
will not avail him
when he falls 'into Hellfire'.
- 92:12 Indeed, 'by Our grace,'
it is 'incumbent' upon Us
to provide guidance 'to humanity'.
- 92:13 For, indeed, to Us 'alone'
belongs the last 'life'
and the first.
- 92:14 So I have forewarned you,
'O humankind,'
of a raging Fire 'in Hell'.
- 92:15 None shall roast therein
but the most wretched—
- 92:16 'the likes of' one who belies 'God's signs'
and turns away
'from His worship'.
- 92:17 Yet the righteous
shall be kept away from it—
- 92:18 'the likes of' one who gives his wealth
to purify himself,
and confers no favor
upon anyone
for any recompense—
- 92:20 except seeking the Face of his Lord,
the Most High—
- 92:21 and 'for this'
he shall, most surely,
be well-pleased
'in the Hereafter'.

وَإِنَّا لِلْآخِرَةِ وَالْأُولَىٰ

١٣

فَأَنذَرْتُكُمْ نَارًا تَلَظَّىٰ

١٤

لَا يَصْلِيْهَا إِلَّا الْأَشْقَىٰ

١٥

الَّذِي كَذَّبَ وَتَوَلَّىٰ

١٦

وَسَيُجَنَّبُهَا الْأَتْقَىٰ

١٧

الَّذِي يُؤْتِي مَالَهُ يَتَزَكَّىٰ

١٨

وَمَا لِأَحَدٍ عِنْدَهُ

١٩

مِّن نِّعْمَةٍ تُجْزَىٰ

إِلَّا ابْتِغَاءَ وَجْهِهِ الْأَعْلَىٰ

٢٠

وَلَسَوْفَ يَرْضَىٰ

٢١

Surah 93 / 11 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Duhâ

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 93:1 By the morning sunshine!
93:2 And 'by' the night as it falls still!
93:3 Your Lord has not deserted you, 'O Prophet'.
And never has He abhorred you.
93:4 And, most surely, the last 'life to come'
will be better for you than the first.
93:5 And, most surely,
your Lord shall give you 'of His bounty',
and you shall become well-pleased.
93:6 Has He not found you an orphan
and sheltered you;
93:7 and found you astray and guided you;
93:8 and found you needy and enriched you?
93:9 Then as for the orphan,
you shall not suppress 'him'.
93:10 And as for the beggar,
you shall not rebuke 'him'.
93:11 And as for the grace of your Lord,
you shall 'gratefully' proclaim it!

- وَالضُّحَى ①
وَاللَّيْلِ إِذَا سَجَى ②
مَا وَدَّعَكَ رَبُّكَ وَمَا قَلَى ③
وَلَلْآخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لَّكَ مِنَ الْأُولَى ④
وَلَسَوْفَ يُعْطِيكَ رَبُّكَ ⑤
فَرَضَى ⑥
أَلَمْ يَجِدْكَ يَتِيمًا فَآوَى ⑦
وَوَجَدَكَ ضَالًّا فَهَدَى ⑧
وَوَجَدَكَ عَائِلًا فَأَغْنَى ⑨
فَأَمَّا الْيَتِيمَ فَلَا تَقْهَرْ ⑩
وَأَمَّا السَّائِلَ فَلَا تَنْهَرْ ⑪
وَأَمَّا بِنِعْمَةِ رَبِّكَ فَحَدِّثْ ⑫

سُورَةُ الشَّرْحِ

The surah that opens with a reassurance to the Prophet ﷺ that his divine appointment to receive God's revelation has been nothing less than THE OPENING OF THE HEART to sacred wisdom and guidance, and that thereby he has been honored for all time, made well-able to bear the mantle of prophethood, and that ultimately and inevitably he shall be eased unto success.

Surah 94 / 8 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Sharh

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 94:1 Have We not,
‘O Prophet,’
opened your heart for you
‘with Our guidance’;
94:2 and lifted from you
the burden
94:3 which had weighed down
your back;
94:4 and raised for you
your renown?
94:5 So, indeed, with hardship
comes ease.
94:6 Indeed, with hardship,
comes ease.
94:7 So whenever
you become free ‘from obligation’,
then stand ‘in Prayer’,
94:8 and to your Lord alone
turn in hope.

١ أَلَمْ نَشْرَحْ لَكَ صَدْرَكَ

٢ وَوَضَعْنَا عَنكَ وِزْرَكَ

٣ الَّذِي أَثْقَلَ ظَهْرَكَ

٤ وَرَفَعْنَا لَكَ ذِكْرَكَ

٥ فَإِنَّ مَعَ الْعُسْرِ يُسْرًا

٦ إِنَّ مَعَ الْعُسْرِ يُسْرًا

٧ فَإِذَا فَرَغْتَ فَانصَبْ

٨ وَإِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَارْغَبْ

Surah 95 / 8 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Tîn

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 95:1 By the fig
and the olive
of the blessed land!
- 95:2 By Mount Tûr
of Sinai!
- 95:3 By this Secure
and Sacred City of Makkah!
- 95:4 Very truly,
We created man
in the fairest stature.
- 95:5 Then if he disbelieves,
We reduce him
to the lowest of the low.
- 95:6 But not those who believe
and do righteous deeds.
Indeed, for them,
there is an unfailing reward
awaiting.
- 95:7 So what, then, causes you,
O disbeliever,
to belie the Judgment Day!
- 95:8 Is not God
the Most Judicious of Judges?

- ١ وَالَّتِينِ وَالزَّيْتُونِ
- ٢ وَطُورِ سَيْنَاءَ
- ٣ وَهَذَا الْبَلَدِ الْأَمِينِ
- ٤ لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا الْإِنْسَانَ
- ٥ فِي أَحْسَنِ تَقْوِيمٍ
- ٦ ثُمَّ رَدَدْنَاهُ أَسْفَلَ سَافِلِينَ
- ٧ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
- ٨ فَلَهُمْ أَجْرٌ غَيْرُ مَمْنُونٍ
- ٩ فَمَا يُكَذِّبُكَ بَعْدُ بِالدِّينِ
- ١٠ أَلَيْسَ اللَّهُ بِأَعْلَمَ الْحَاكِمِينَ

Surah 96 / 19 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-^cAlaq

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 96:1 Read, 'O Prophet,
in the name of your Lord
who has created!
- 96:2 He has created man
from a clinging clot.
- 96:3 Read!
For your Lord
is the Most Gracious 'One',
who has taught by the pen,
has taught man
what he has known not!
- 96:6 No, indeed!
Most surely,
man 'is unmindful
of his covenant with God.
And thus
he does transgress,
for he sees himself
'as self-sufficient.
- 96:8 Indeed, to your Lord
is the ultimate return
in the Hereafter.

- ١ أَقْرَأْ بِاسْمِ رَبِّكَ الَّذِي خَلَقَ
- ٢ خَلَقَ الْإِنْسَانَ مِنْ عَلَقٍ
- ٣ أَقْرَأْ وَرَبُّكَ الْأَكْرَمُ
- ٤ الَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِالْقَلَمِ
- ٥ عَلَّمَ الْإِنْسَانَ مَا لَمْ يَعْلَمْ
- ٦ كَلَّا إِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لِرَبِّهِ لَكَنَافٍ
- ٧ أَلَمْ يَرَهُ أَنَّمَا أُنْشِئَ مِنْ طِينٍ
- ٨ إِنَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ الرُّجُوعَ
- ٩ أَرَأَيْتَ الَّذِي يَنْهَىٰ
- ١٠ عَبْدًا إِذَا صَلَّىٰ
- ١١ أَرَأَيْتَ إِنْ كَانَ عَلَىٰ الْهُدَىٰ
- ١٢ أَوْ أَمَرَ بِالْقَوَىٰ
- ١٣ أَرَأَيْتَ إِنْ كَذَّبَ وَتَوَلَّىٰ

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الْحِزْبُ الْثَلَاثُونَ

- 96:9 Have you seen
one who would forbid
96:10 a servant of God when he prays?
96:11 Have you seen
whether such a one is upon the path
of Heavenly guidance,
96:12 or commands people to be ever God-fearing?
96:13 Have you seen
when he belies the truth and turns away?
96:14 Does he not know
that God, indeed, sees?
96:15 No, indeed!
Most surely, if he does not desist,
We shall, certainly, seize him by the forelock—
96:16 a lying, sinful forelock!
96:17 Then let him call upon his council!
96:18 We shall call upon the Guards of Hell!
96:19 No, indeed!
Never shall he be helped!
So do not obey such a one.
Rather, bow down to the ground
in God's worship and draw near Him. ﴿١٩﴾

﴿١٤﴾ أَلَمْ يَعْلَم بِأَنَّ اللَّهَ يَرَىٰ

﴿١٥﴾ كَلَّا لَئِنْ لَمْ يَنْتَهِ لَنَسْفَعًا بِالنَّاصِيَةِ

﴿١٦﴾ نَاصِيَةٍ كَذِبَةٍ خَاطِئَةٍ

﴿١٧﴾ فَلْيَدْعُ نَادِيَهُ

﴿١٨﴾ سَنَدْعُ الزَّبَانِيَةَ

﴿١٩﴾ كَلَّا

﴿٢٠﴾ لَا نَطْعُهُ وَأَسْجُدْ وَاقْتَرِبْ ﴿٢٠﴾

Surah 97 / 5 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Qadr

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 97:1 Indeed,
 it is We
 who have sent this `Quran` down
 from on high
 on the Night of `Empowering` Decree.
- 97:2 And do you realize
 what is the Night of `Empowering` Decree?
- 97:3 The Night of `Empowering` Decree
 is better than a thousand months!
- 97:4 Therein do the angels
 and the Spirit `Gabriel` descend,
 by the permission of their Lord,
 with every `divine` commandment.
- 97:5 Peace it is
 till the rise of dawn!

١ إِنَّا أَنْزَلْنَاهُ فِي لَيْلَةِ الْقَدْرِ

٢ وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا لَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ

٣ لَيْلَةُ الْقَدْرِ

خَيْرٌ مِنْ أَلْفِ شَهْرٍ

٤ نَزَّلَ الْمَلَكُ

وَالرُّوحُ فِيهَا بِإِذْنِ رَبِّهِمْ

مِنْ كُلِّ أَمْرٍ

٥ سَلَامٌ هِيَ حَتَّىٰ مَطَلَعِ الْفَجْرِ

Surah 98 / 8 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Bayyinah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 98:1 Never
would those who have disbelieved
among the People of the Scripture
and the idolaters
have parted from their fixed ways
until there had come to them
the clear proof
of revealed truth —
- 98:2 a messenger from God,
reciting Scriptures
kept pure,
- 98:3 in which are decisive and
upright commandments from God.
- 98:4 Nor did those
previously given the Scripture
divide
until after the clear proof
of revealed truth
had come to them—
- 98:5 though they were not commanded
but to worship One God—
making the practice of their religion
pure and sincere to Him alone,

لَا يَكُنِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا
مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ
وَالْمُشْرِكِينَ مُنْفَكِّينَ
حَتَّى تَأْتِيَهُمُ الْبَيِّنَةُ
رَسُولٌ مِنَ اللَّهِ
يَتْلُوا صَحَافًا مُطَهَّرَةً
فِيهَا كُتِبَ قِيمَةٌ
وَمَا نَفَرَقَ
الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ
إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَتْهُمْ الْبَيِّنَةُ
وَمَا أُمِرُوا إِلَّا لِيَعْبُدُوا اللَّهَ
مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ الدِّينَ حُفَفَةً
وَيَقِيمُوا الصَّلَاةَ
وَيُؤْتُوا الزَّكَاةَ
وَذَلِكَ دِينُ الْقِيمَةِ
إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

being ever upright of heart —
 and to `duly` establish the Prayer,
 and to give the Zakât-Charity.
 For that, indeed,
 is the upright religion.
 98:6 Indeed, those who have disbelieved
 among the People of the Scripture
 and the idolaters
 shall be `ultimately`
 in the Fire of Hell,
 wherein they shall abide forever.
 It is these
 who are the `very` worst of all creatures.
 98:7 As to those who have believed
 and `who` do righteous deeds,
 it is these
 who are the `very` best of all creatures.
 98:8 Their recompense with their Lord
 shall be Gardens everlasting
 beneath which rivers flow—
 wherein they shall abide,
 forever and ever—
 God being well-pleased with them,
 and they well-pleased with Him.
 That is `the reward`
 for whoever
 fears his Lord.

سُورَةُ الْبَيِّنَاتِ

الْحُجُورَةُ الْكَافُورُونَ

مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ
 وَالْمُشْرِكِينَ فِي نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ
 خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا
 أُولَئِكَ هُمْ شَرُّ الْبَرِيَّةِ
 إِنَّ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا
 وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
 أُولَئِكَ هُمْ خَيْرُ الْبَرِيَّةِ
 جَزَاءُؤُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ
 جَنَّاتٌ عَدْنٍ
 تَجْرِي مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
 خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا
 رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ وَرَضُوا عَنْهُ
 ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ خَشِيَ رَبَّهُ

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Surah 99 / 8 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Zalzalah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 99:1 When the earth quakes
with its 'final' quaking;
99:2 and the earth expels
its burdens;
99:3 and the people say:
What is 'wrong' with it?
99:4 on that Day,
it shall tell all its news,
99:5 for so your Lord
shall have inspired it.
99:6 On that Day,
all people shall issue forth
'from their graves'
in divergent multitudes
to be shown their deeds.
99:7 So whoever does an atom's weight of good
shall see it.
99:8 And whoever does an atom's weight of evil
shall see it.

١ إِذَا زُلْزِلَتِ الْأَرْضُ زِلْزَالَهَا
٢ وَأَخْرَجَتِ الْأَرْضُ أَثْقَالَهَا
٣ وَقَالَ الْإِنْسَانُ مَا لَهَا
٤ يَوْمَئِذٍ تُحَدِّثُ أَخْبَارَهَا
٥ بِأَنَّ رَبَّكَ أَوْحَى لَهَا
٦ يَوْمَئِذٍ
يَصْدُرُ النَّاسُ أَشْتَاتًا
لِيُرَوْا أَعْمَالَهُمْ
٧ فَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ
مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ خَيْرًا يَرَهُ
وَمَنْ يَعْمَلْ
٨ مِثْقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ شَرًّا يَرَهُ

Surah 100 / 11 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Âdiyât

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 100:1 By the chargers panting,
100:2 'galloping,' and striking sparks!
100:3 And 'by' the raiders
raiding at the break of dawn,
100:4 stirring up therewith a cloud of dust,
100:5 then piercing into the midst of a gathered host!
100:6 Indeed, man to his Lord
is, most surely, ungrateful.
100:7 And, indeed, to this he, himself,
is, most surely, a witness.
100:8 And, indeed, in his love of worldly goods,
he is, most surely, fierce.
100:9 *Does he not, then, know
that when all that is in the graves is unearthed,
100:10 and all that is 'harbored'
within the breast 'of people' is collected—
100:11 indeed, their Lord, on that Day,
will, most surely, be all-aware of them?

- وَالْعَادِيَّاتِ ضَبْحًا ١
فَالْمُورِيَّاتِ قَدْحًا ٢
فَالْمُغِيرَاتِ صُبْحًا ٣
فَأَثَرُنَّ بِهِ نَقْعًا ٤
فَوْسَطْنَنَّهُ جَمْعًا ٥
إِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لِرَبِّهِ لَكَنُودٌ ٦
وَإِنَّهُ عَلَىٰ ذَٰلِكَ لَشَهِيدٌ ٧
وَإِنَّهُ لِحُبِّ الْخَيْرِ لَشَدِيدٌ ٨
أَفَلَا يَعْلَمُ ٩
إِذَا بُعْثِرَ مَا فِي الْقُبُورِ ١٠
وَحُصِّلَ مَا فِي الصُّدُورِ ١١
إِنَّ رَبَّهُم بِهِمْ يَوْمَئِذٍ لَّخَبِيرٌ

سُورَةُ الْقَارِعَةِ

The surah that opens with this single word, Al-Qâri'ah, meaning THE GREAT POUNDING, for that is the repeated sound that shall resound through all the earth as it is being pulverized in the cataclysm at the end of time, leveled utterly for the Resurrection Day and the ultimate Judgment of every human soul.

Surah 101 / 11 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Qâri'ah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 101:1 The 'Great' Pounding!
 101:2 How 'awesome' shall be the 'Great' Pounding!
 101:3 And what shall make you realize
 what is the 'Great' Pounding?
 101:4 'It shall occur on' a Day
 when the people shall be as scattered moths,
 101:5 and the mountains shall be
 as 'multihued' tufts of wool.
 101:6 So as for one whose balances weigh heavy
 'with good deeds',
 101:7 then shall he be 'eternally' in a life well-pleasing.
 101:8 But as for one whose balances weigh light
 'with good deeds',
 101:9 then his destiny 'in eternity'
 is 'to plunge into' the abyss.
 101:10 And what will make you realize
 what is this?
 101:11 It is a 'blazing' hot Fire!

- ١ الْقَارِعَةُ
 ٢ مَا الْقَارِعَةُ
 ٣ وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا الْقَارِعَةُ
 ٤ يَوْمَ يَكُونُ النَّاسُ
 كَالْفَرَاشِ الْمَبْثُوثِ
 ٥ وَتَكُونُ الْجِبَالُ
 كَالْعِصْفُورِ
 ٦ فَأَمَّا مَنْ ثَقُلَتْ مَوَازِينُهُ
 ٧ فَهُوَ فِي عِيشَةٍ رَاضِيَةٍ
 ٨ وَأَمَّا مَنْ خَفَّتْ مَوَازِينُهُ
 ٩ فَأُمُّهُ هَاوِيَةٌ
 ١٠ وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا هِيَةٌ
 ١١ نَارٌ حَامِيَةٌ

Surah 102 / 8 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Takâthur

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 102:1 Vying for 'worldly' abundance
diverts you,
102:2 until you have visited the graves.
102:3 Most surely,
no indeed!
You shall know 'in the end'.
102:4 Again, most surely,
no indeed!
You shall know 'in the end'.
102:5 Most surely,
no indeed!
If only you could know 'now'
the knowledge
of 'the utmost' certainty—
102:6 'that' you shall, most surely,
see Hellfire!
102:7 Again, you shall, most surely,
see it with the eye of certainty.
102:8 Then you shall, most surely,
be asked 'to give account'
that Day,
for 'all' the delights
'you have enjoyed in life'.

أَلْهَمَكُمُ التَّكَاثُرَ ۝
حَتَّىٰ زُرْتُمُ الْمَقَابِرَ ۝
كَلَّا سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ۝
ثُمَّ كَلَّا سَوْفَ تَعْلَمُونَ ۝
كَلَّا لَوْ تَعْلَمُونَ عِلْمَ الْيَقِينِ ۝
لَتَرَوُنَّ الْجَحِيمَ ۝
ثُمَّ لَتَرَوُنَّهَا عَيْنَ الْيَقِينِ ۝
ثُمَّ لَتُسْأَلُنَّ يَوْمَئِذٍ
عَنِ النَّعِيمِ ۝



The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by
 THE DECLINE OF TIME and humankind's absolute loss of every single thing but
 righteousness, truth, patience, and faith.

Surah 103 / 3 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-^cAsr

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 103:1 By the decline
 of Time!
- 103:2 Indeed, humankind
 is in a condition
 of utter loss—
- 103:3 except for those who believe
 and do righteous deeds—
 and exhort one another
 to uphold the truth,
 and exhort one another
 to persevere in faith
 with patience.

وَالْعَصْرِ ١
 إِنَّ الْإِنْسَانَ لَفِي خُسْرٍ ٢
 إِلَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ٣
 وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ
 وَتَوَاصَوْا بِالْحَقِّ
 وَتَوَاصَوْا بِالصَّبْرِ



The surah that opens with a threat of impending affliction and grief to
THE SLANDEROUS REVILER, one who, in greediness of wealth and acclaim,
defames others.

Surah 104 / 9 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Humazah

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 104:1 Woe to every slanderous reviler,
habitual defamer,
104:2 who hoards wealth
and incessantly counts it!
104:3 He thinks his wealth
will immortalize him.
104:4 Most surely,
no, indeed!
He will be hurled
into the Crusher.
104:5 And what will make you realize
what is the Crusher!
104:6 'It is' the Fire of God,
set ablaze 'in Hell, forevermore',
104:7 which mounts over
'and pierces'
hearts.
104:8 Indeed, upon them it shall descend
and trammel 'them'
104:9 in ever-extending pillars!

وَيْلٌ لِّكُلِّ هُمَزَةٍ لُّمَزَةٍ ١
الَّذِي جَمَعَ مَالًا وَعَدَّدَهُ ٢
يَحْسَبُ أَنَّ مَالَهُ أَخْلَدَهُ ٣
كَلَّا لَيُنْبَذَنَّ فِي الْحُطَمَةِ ٤
وَمَا أَدْرَاكَ مَا الْحُطَمَةُ ٥
نَارُ اللَّهِ الْمَوْقُودَةُ ٦
الَّتِي تَطْلُعُ عَلَى الْأَفْنَدَةِ ٧
إِنَّهَا عَلَيْهِمْ مُّوَصَّدَةٌ ٨
فِي عَمَدٍ مُّمدَّدَةٍ ٩

Surah 105 / 5 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

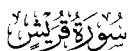
Al-Fîl

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 105:1 Have you not seen, 'O Prophet,'
how your Lord dealt
with the Companions of the Elephant?
- 105:2 Did He not put their plot
'to level the Sacred House'
in 'utter' disarray?
- 105:3 For He sent upon them birds
in flocks,
105:4 pelting them with stones
of hardened clay.
105:5 Thus did He render them
like 'worm'-eaten husks.

أَلَمْ تَرَ كَيْفَ فَعَلَ رَبُّكَ
يَأْصَحِبِ الْفِيلِ
أَلَمْ يَجْعَلْ كَيْدَهُمْ فِي تَضْلِيلٍ
وَأَرْسَلَ عَلَيْهِمْ طَيْرًا أَبَابِيلَ
تَرْمِيهِمْ بِحِجَارَةٍ مِنْ سِجِّيلٍ
فَجَعَلَهُمْ كَعَصِفٍ أَمَاكُولٍ



The surah that admonishes the first recipients of the Quran, the Makkan tribe of QURAYSH, to give thanks to the One God alone who had long bequeathed to them, in their desert surroundings, abundant provision and security.

Surah 106 / 4 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Quraysh

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 106:1 If only for the perennial security
of the people of Quraysh—
106:2 their perennial security
in their winter
and summer trade-journeying—
106:3 let them, then,
worship only
the Lord of this 'Sacred' House,
106:4 the One who alone
has fed them
against hunger
and secured them
from fear.

١ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ

٢ إِلَهٌ لَّهُمْ

رَحْلَةَ الشِّتَاءِ وَالصَّيْفِ

٣ فَلْيَعْبُدُوا رَبَّ هَذَا الْبَيْتِ

٤ الَّذِي أَطْعَمَهُمْ مِنْ جُوعٍ

وَأَمَّنَّهُمْ مِنْ خَوْفٍ

Surah 107 / 7 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Mâ'ûn

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 107:1 Have you seen one
who belies the 'final' Judgment?
- 107:2 This, then, is the 'same' one
who repels the orphan,
- 107:3 and who will not urge
the feeding of the indigent.
- 107:4 So woe to all those who pray—
- 107:5 'that is,' those who are unmindful
about their Prayers,
- 107:6 those who only make a show
'of worship',
- 107:7 while they withhold 'basic' aid
'from others'.

أَرَأَيْتَ الَّذِي
يُكَذِّبُ بِالْإِيمَانِ
فَذَلِكَ الَّذِي
يَدْعُ الْيَتِيمَ
وَلَا يَحْصُ
عَلَى طَعَامِ الْيَسِيرِ
فَوَيْلٌ لِلْمُصَلِّينَ
الَّذِينَ هُمْ
عَنْ صَلَاتِهِمْ سَاهُونَ
الَّذِينَ هُمْ يَرَاءُونَ
وَيَمْنَعُونَ الْمَاعُونَ

سُورَةُ الْكَوْثَرِ

The surah that informs the Prophet ﷺ that God has gifted him with ABUNDANT GOODNESS in this life and far greater resplendence in the Hereafter—for which he is instructed to ever show worshipful gratitude and charitable generosity.

Surah 108 / 3 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Kawthar

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 108:1 Indeed, We have given you,
 'O Prophet,'
 abundant goodness.
- 108:2 So pray to your Lord,
 and sacrifice 'charitable-offerings'
 to Him alone.
- 108:3 As to one who detests you—
 he is 'utterly' cut off
 'from all goodness'.

إِنَّا أَعْطَيْنَاكَ الْكَوْثَرَ ①

فَصَلِّ لِرَبِّكَ وَأَنْحَرْ ②

إِن شِئْنَاكَ ③

هُوَ الْأَبَدِيُّ

Surah 109 / 6 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Kâfirûn

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 109:1 Say, 'O Prophet':
O you 'inveterate' disbelievers!
- 109:2 I do not worship
what you worship.
- 109:3 Nor are you worshippers
of what I worship.
- 109:4 Nor shall I ever be a worshipper
of what you worship.
- 109:5 Nor shall you ever be worshippers
of what I worship.
- 109:6 For you is your religion.
And for me is my religion.

قُلْ يَتَّيْبُهَا الْكَافِرُونَ ﴿١﴾
لَا أَعْبُدُ مَا تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿٢﴾
وَلَا أَنْتُمْ عَابِدُونَ مَا أَعْبُدُ ﴿٣﴾
وَلَا أَنَا عَابِدٌ مَّا عَبَدْتُمْ ﴿٤﴾
وَلَا أَنْتُمْ عَابِدُونَ مَا أَعْبُدُ ﴿٥﴾
لَكُمْ دِينُكُمْ وَلِيَ دِينِ ﴿٦﴾

Surah 110 / 3 VERSES / REVEALED AT MADINAH

Al-Nasr

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 110:1 When the victory of God comes
and triumph,
‘O Prophet,’
110:2 and you see the people
entering the religion of God
in throngs,
110:3 then highly exalt your Lord
with ‘all’ praise.
Moreover, seek His forgiveness;
‘for’, indeed, ever has He been
all-relenting.

إِذَا جَاءَ ①
نَصْرُ اللَّهِ وَالْفَتْحُ
وَرَأَيْتَ النَّاسَ ②
يَدْخُلُونَ فِي دِينِ اللَّهِ
أَفْوَاجًا
فَسَبِّحْ بِحَمْدِ رَبِّكَ ③
وَاسْتَغْفِرْهُ
إِنَّهُ كَانَ تَوَّابًا

The surah that mentions THE PALM-FIBER ROPE that in Hellfire shall be twisted around the neck of the wife of the Prophet's uncle, who bitterly opposed Islam; for she took great pride in wearing an ostentatious necklace she became known for and would slip by night to strew thorns and prickly plants in the Prophet's ﷺ path to injure his feet.

Surah 111 / 5 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Masad

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 111:1 Perish the hands of Abu Lahab!
And perish he!
- 111:2 Never shall his wealth
avail him,
nor all that he has earned.
- 111:3 He shall roast
in a flaming fire "in Hell"—
- 111:4 as shall his wife,
the "stealthy" carrier
of "thorny" firewood.
- 111:5 On her neck
shall be a "prickly" rope
of palm-fiber.

١ تَبَّتْ يَدَا أَبِي لَهَبٍ وَتَبَّ
٢ مَا أَغْنَىٰ عَنْهُ مَالُهُ
وَمَا كَسَبَ
٣ سَيَصْلَىٰ نَارًا ذَاتَ لَهَبٍ
٤ وَامْرَأَتُهُ
حَمَالَةٌ أَحْطَبٍ
٥ فِي جِيدِهَا
حَبْلٌ مِّن مَّسَدٍ

سُورَةُ الْاِخْلَاصِ

The surah whose six elements of belief constitute PURE SINCERITY of faith, wherein a believer affirms God's divinity, Oneness, and eternity, and negates in relation to Him any offspring, ancestry, or likeness.

Surah 112 / 4 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Ikhlâs

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 112:1 Say:
He is God.
One.
112:2 God,
the Everlasting Refuge.
112:3 He does not beget.
Nor is He begotten.
112:4 And comparable to Him,
there is none.

قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ١
اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ٢
لَمْ يَكِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ ٣
وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ ٤
كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ ٥

Surah 113 / 5 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

Al-Falaq

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 113:1 Say:
I seek refuge
in the Lord of the daybreak
113:2 from the evil
of what He created;
113:3 and from the evil
of the gathering darkness
when it overspreads;
113:4 and from the evil
of sorceresses
who blow upon knots
to cast spells ;
113:5 and from the evil
of an envier
when he envies.

قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ الْفَلَقِ ①
مِنْ شَرِّ مَا خَلَقَ ②
وَمِنْ شَرِّ غَاسِقٍ إِذَا وَقَبَ ③
وَمِنْ شَرِّ النَّفَّاثَاتِ ④
فِي الْعُقَدِ ⑤
وَمِنْ شَرِّ حَاسِدٍ
إِذَا حَسَدَ

Surah 114 / 6 VERSES / REVEALED AT MAKKAH

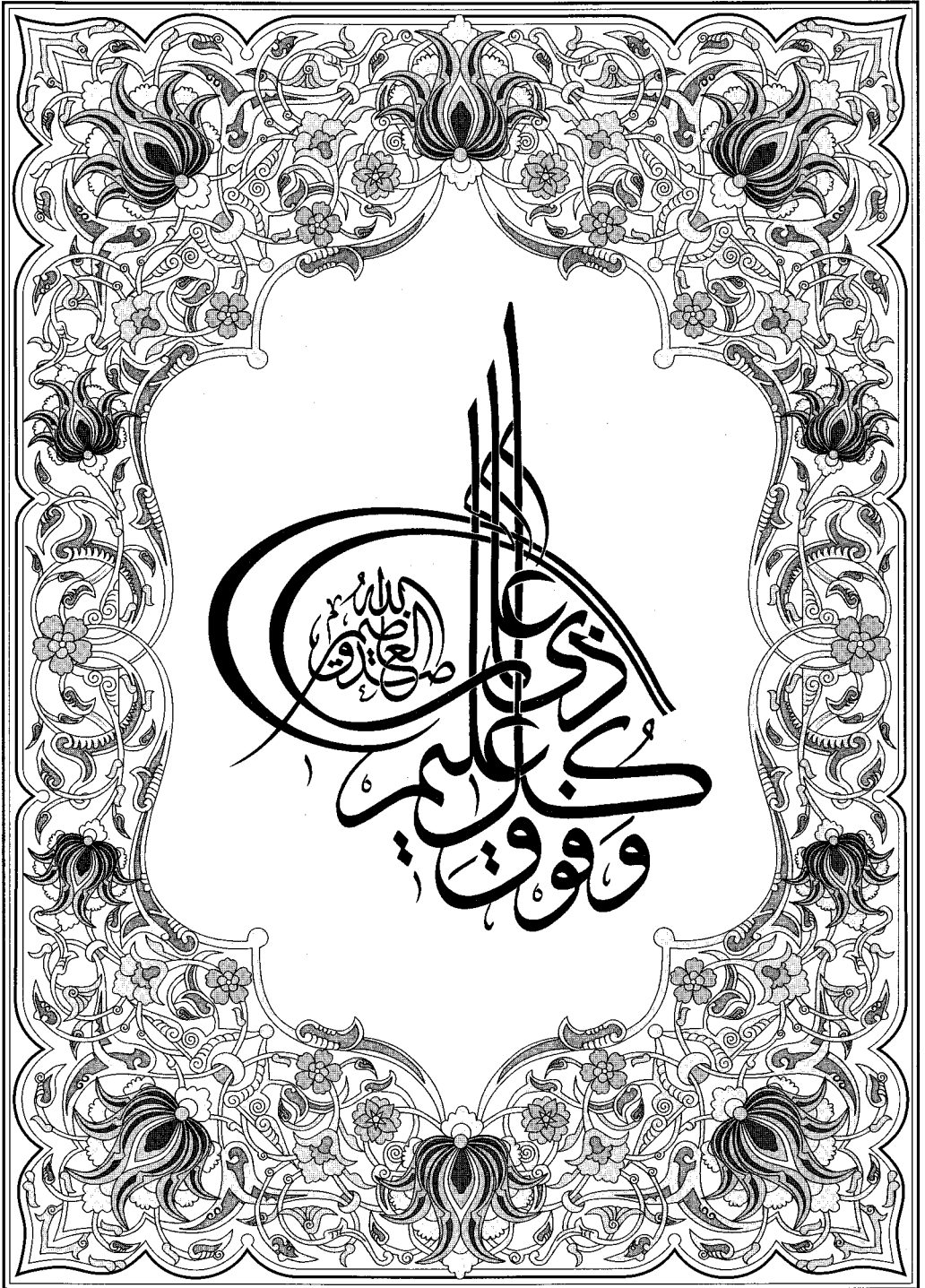
Al-Nâs

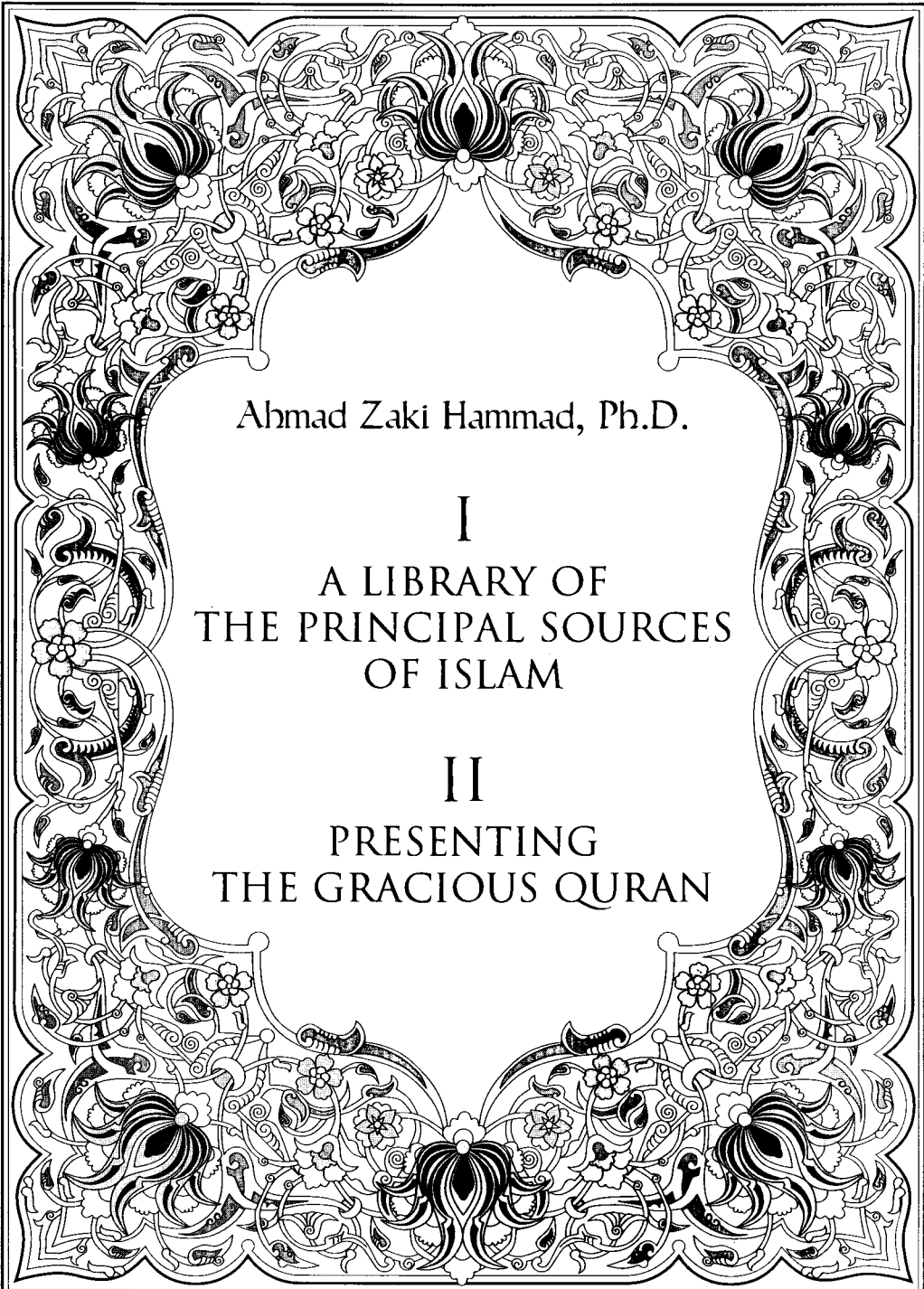
IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

- 114:1 Say:
I seek refuge
in the Lord of all people,
114:2 King of all people,
114:3 God of all people,
114:4 from the evil
of the 'incessantly' inciting and receding
whisperer—
114:5 who whispers 'evil furtively'
in the breast of people—
114:6 from the 'whispering' jinn
and the 'whispering' people.

١ قُلْ أَعُوذُ بِرَبِّ النَّاسِ
٢ مَلِكِ النَّاسِ
٣ إِلَهِ النَّاسِ
٤ مِنْ شَرِّ الْوَسْوَاسِ
الْخَنَّاسِ
٥ الَّذِي يُوَسْوِسُ
فِي صُدُورِ النَّاسِ
٦ مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ



The entire page is framed by a highly detailed, symmetrical border. This border is composed of intricate floral and foliate motifs, including stylized flowers, leaves, and scrolling vines, rendered in a black and white line-art style. The central area of the page is a large, white, rectangular space with rounded corners, where the text is located.

Ahmad Zaki Hammad, Ph.D.

I
A LIBRARY OF
THE PRINCIPAL SOURCES
OF ISLAM

II
PRESENTING
THE GRACIOUS QURAN

I. A LIBRARY

OF THE PRINCIPAL SOURCES OF ISLAM

THE QURAN IS the Heavenly Revelation that inhabits the heart of the religion of Islam. It teaches the human being the truth about its Creator, creation, and itself; and it guides the human creature to everlasting success through its relationships with God, nature, and the human fellowship. The work you now read, or listen to, is part of *A Library of the Principal Sources of Islam*, a collection that presents this faith as the universal religion proclaimed by every prophet throughout time. For God has said: «Such was the way We decreed for those of Our messengers whom We sent before you, O Prophet. And never will you find in Our established Way any change» (Sûrat Al-Isrâ', 17:77). Islam as a way of life is embodied in five sources: (1) The Quran, its primary Arabic Text; (2) the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ, its principal exemplar; (3) the ethical system that these two sources together express; (4) the ritual and remembrance that underpin its edifice; and (5) the Divinely Revealed Law that epitomizes this hierarchy and that is to govern the transactions of people and their interaction with God, one another, and all creation.

The Quran comprises the first link in this chain of faith and the top tier in its knowledge gradation. Its scholarly explication, part of which is discriminating its unique lexicon, forms an important part of both its intellectual and functional contexts. It raises to human consciousness the pivotal issues of the mortal journey through life on earth—its beginnings, ends, and hereafter—and classifies them so that one can purposefully contemplate them. It explains how one ought to respond to these issues in the course of life and gives the spiritual reasons why.

The actions and teachings of Muhammad ﷺ, the Quran's human messenger, represent the most complete and current account of the prophetic life available for human scrutiny and emulation. Together, the message of the Quran and the model of the Prophet ﷺ articulate an essential criterion of belief and standard of ethical behavior that incorporates ritual observance, precepts of Divine Law, and moral values that inescapably lead to predictable, actual consequences in the visible world and the spiritual unseen, and in the union of these in the Afterlife, wherein they shall all be accounted for.

As the definitive creature of worship, cast into time and a living, believing universe, the human being cannot survive as such without fulfilling its congenital will to venerate, its innate nature to adore. If its devotions are specious, the light in its soul eventually wanes, for sound worship is the mysterious oil of life. Thus, even correct ritual, in the protracted absence of a nourishing spirituality, only deadens the heart, until it desiccates, fossilizes, and dies. Islam, then, in its worldly human experience, is, in part, a program of deep and comprehensive spiritual fitness that keeps religion meaningful by ensuring that it remains attached and attentive to the worshipful impulse of the delicate human psyche.

The spiritual drive, however, like its corporeal and conceptual counterparts, must be regulated. This is the function of Divinely Revealed Law. It binds the limits of human understanding to the implementation of these aforementioned sources of faith at both the personal and social levels, so that religion becomes neither a cause of distress and suffering for people, nor a means to their exploitation, nor the dissipation of their intellectual, spiritual, biological, and worldly assets in the service of whim and selfish passion. Hence, jurisprudence has as its goal moderation, the application of religion's inspired resources as a balance to the native aspirations of man.

These are the five components that inform the vision of *A Library of the Principal Sources of Islam*. It proposes to give readers of English an accurate insight into the message and emotion of the religion of Islam through the witness of its own Texts and the fund of its scholarly resources. For strident of late are the voices that now speak of its name, and desolate the images they suggest of its face. But they do not utter its truths. Nor do they know its enchanting beauty. How infinitely far they are from its wisdom and its sentiments!

That knowledge begins with the Quran. A communication of its Arabic Text is presented "complete" in English translation—God willing, with highly reliable accuracy. Implicit intent is conveyed with a light hand in unobtrusive brackets, for no small effort has been spent to

make its reading easy, clear, accessible, and, it is hoped, not inelegant—free of poetic pretension, philosophical complication, and lifeless literalisms. Forthcoming volumes of commentary, scholarly notes, precepts and practice, vocabulary reference, and a thematic concordance and indices are planned to perfect the in-depth explication of this work, entitled *The Gracious Quran: A Modern-Phrased Interpretation in English*.

Ahmad Zaki Hammad, Ph.D

24 Ramaḍān 1427, 17 October 2006, Cairo, Egypt

II. PRESENTING THE GRACIOUS QURAN

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II. PRESENTING THE GRACIOUS QURAN

PART ONE

The Five Spheres of *The Gracious Quran* and Its Interpretation into English

“No man seeking to live in the same world as Islam, and to understand the affairs of Islam, can afford to regard lightly, or to judge ignorantly, the Book that is called the Qur’ân.... It surely deserves and demands to be more widely known and better comprehended in the West.”

— A.J. Arberry, *The Holy Koran, An Introduction with Selections* (1953)

THE QURAN, THE Sacred Text central to the religion of Islam, lays claim to a status not quite asserted for any other book: It is the last word-perfect revelation from God still available to man. For this reason, it reads unlike any other book and needs some explication. The presentation on the Quran that follows considers five topics that provide essential information and helpful background: (1) It summarizes the Quran’s doctrine regarding the Creator and His creation—in particular, the human creation; (2) it characterizes the Quran as the Quran describes itself through its self-reflective imagery; (3) it analyzes the Quran’s components and structure as a Book; (4) it gives account of the earliest and continuing efforts to authenticate the original Arabic Quranic Text in writing in accordance, first, with its messenger’s public recital of it and, also, its memorization and inscription by a multitude of his contemporaries; and (5) it reviews the history of the Quran’s interpretation into English, and concludes by explaining the need for a “new” method to give the non-Arabic speaking better access to it. Each of these five subjects forms a “sphere” of knowledge conceived to help the reader think about the Quran with appreciably more depth and contexture—and to understand Islam and the millions who bear witness to it as Muslims more reliably.

1

SPHERE ONE

THE QURAN IN THE WORLD

ISLAM AND ITS Book, the Quran, stir much hope and fear in our contemporary world. The global reawakening of Muslims is certainly a source of optimism for them. Yet it worries many who do not know Islam beyond the daily, *de rigueur* dose of negative media imagery. It is also not surprising that this return should trouble those who view Islam as an unforeseen impediment along the way to accomplishing their own designs. Both these groups see Islam as a counter-realm, a parallel universe, different in aspect and spirit from the unquestioned social prerogative of the day, Western civilization.

In my judgment, as a student and citizen of these counterpart dominions, their mutually agreeable elements far exceed the differences between them. Indeed, there can be no serious categorical statement on their “incompatibility” absent either chauvinism or an ill intent to implant psychological barriers between their populations. Yet to begin to benefit from this vast common ground between the peoples of the West and Islam (who are not necessarily geographically and culturally apart), we must first rid ourselves of two mirror complexes to which the present-day belief in linear history and inexorable progress have led: (1) The presumption of civilizational superiority and human advancement by some and (2) its inverse, an admission of cultural inferiority and backwardness by others. These attitudes breed psychoses in both powerful and powerless societies that make them susceptible to xenophobia, collective hysteria, and culturewide delusions and distortions that lead ineluctably to the willful dehumanization of whoever is perceived as “the other.” Unfortunately, these inclinations are as compelling as they are base and can justify in the mind of a people the appropriation of its

wholesome genius and public resources for the malevolent enterprise of abuse, persecution, and carnage.

Perhaps, initially, we would all do well to step back and realize that the entire world witnesses a religious, or at least a spiritual, resurgence, notably catalyzed by the collapse of atheism's bastion in 1991, the former Soviet Union, which fought religion philosophically and politically for half the twentieth century. So, among Jews and Christians (across their own sectarian divides, from the Ultra-Orthodox to the Reform, and from Catholics to Protestants to the Eastern Orthodoxies), as well as in the lands of South and East Asia (among Buddhists, Hindus, Taoists, Sikhs, and others), we see a reassertion of religious identity. As to those who have migrated beyond the margins of the established religions, commonly they have undertaken a deliberate respiritualization of their lives. Hence, the resuscitation of religion as a human force is restricted neither to Muslims nor to any particular region or group of people.

The reemergence of the religious impulse in the world is, on the one hand, good news because it means the long quiescent yearning in people to reconnect with their Creator has matured in our time. There is a worldwide desire to realize the upright spiritual and moral virtues to which faith invites. The rekindling of this consciousness, however, may signal that danger looms, that it could transmute at any moment into global tribulation in the form of widespread and sustained communal clashes, national struggles, or even large-scale war. This is, indeed, likely, if not inevitable, if the courage of the native sapiential voices in each of these traditions falters, if we who lay claim to divine words of enlightenment fail to pierce with them the rising din of demagoguery and reach the attentive ears of people.

There can be no misunderstanding that the human soul craves stability, peace, and the spread of prosperity on earth (and it should be obvious that the "typical" Muslim is very likely, and with good cause, now among the foremost in this longing). This being the case, sincere and diligent efforts that seek to shape this growing, planetary religious event must now coalesce around three poles of goodness: a mature sense of the spiritual ends of faith; a respectful attitude of toleration toward all being; and a sincere endeavor to balance social and international policy with the sole aim of minimal intrusion, scrupulous justice, and alleviation of the ills besetting the weak and the afflicted.

That is why it is essential that we reactivate our long traditions of meaningful and purposeful dialogue between faiths—but based upon a deep and comprehensive effort to gain direct understanding of the creed of "the other" for the purpose of upholding the expansive common

good, rather than for the sake of tendentious debate, which, not surprisingly, but very regrettably, came into vogue among the religious in the decades leading up to the current climate of belligerence. What are the longings, challenges, rights, obligations, and societal ethos of the unfamiliar stranger and the wayfarer in our midst or across the sea? And what criteria may be considered the common entitlements of humanity wherein we might all agree, the blessed words by which we may at least build consensus, in the interest of the welfare of the individual who is “meek” among us, knowing, as the Quran tells us, that ﴿...such are the days of life. By turns do We alternate them among the people, that God may know those who believe...﴾ (Sûrat Âl ‘Imrân, 3:140).

These are not new thoughts for me, born out of the spiraling crises of our intensifying times. They are deep-rooted intuitions formed in the humbling crucible of forty years of serious study and contemplation of revelation and the sacred. They are the gathering insights that led me more than fifteen years ago now to begin a reexamination in my native Arabic, and reinterpretation into my adopted English, of the Quran. For it became apparent to me in my teaching and living in the West throughout more than two decades that this would surely soon be needed—and urgently—by a great many in our world. What was by turns exciting and frightening was the realization that this was no more necessary for people of faiths and persuasions other than Islam than it was for Muslims—not excepting the native Arabic speaking. It seemed to me inevitable that Islam would assume center stage in the human arena in our time, which I found both promising and problematic. For Islam, I believe, is the surprise of the age. Thought to be lost, it is now everywhere found. And many who presently see it as unfashionable will come to find it tailor-perfect for latter-day man—a fine, numinous wrap to protect him against material overexposure, and a portable support promoting the spiritual circulation of his much busied soul. But scores less Muslims understand the Quran today with as much comprehension and competence as in eras past—the reason, no doubt, that no Muslim community presently with us has successfully interpreted Islam into life with a fair glimmer of the “universality” that it insists on; namely, upholding the rights of worship it accords to God, such as prayer, worshipping, fasting, charity, and pilgrimage; while at the same time guaranteeing the rights of the human individual, including religion, life, family, thought, and property.

This shortcoming is crucial. For anyone who desires an objective comprehension of the religion of Islam and its centrally important civilization has no recourse but to water at its fountainhead, its perennial

resource, the Quran. Without this, all talk about Islam, of which there is increasingly much, is dangerously whimsical, obsessive, and false, for all its declaimed sincerity or expertise. The thoughtful person today has much cause to be cautious about imbibing his or her impression of Islam secondhand, particularly in the English language, or at least not without sufficient contextual substantiation. Yet if one aspires to get Islam's genuine message; to address its relevance; to figure out Muslims for what they are or what they should be—irrespective of one's motives—the Quran is his or her unassailable authority, the radiant core from which all subsequent understanding of Islam emanates.

If after this one wanted to learn *how* the Quran could be actualized in life, to see it, as it were, in motion in the world, then one must come, modestly, to the Quran's conveyor and exemplar, the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ, in the form of the record of his teachings and conduct. He *was* the Quran walking the earth. This account has been meticulously preserved and extensively analyzed on a continuous basis, from the advent of his prophetic call to our own time—first by his Companions, and then by scholars in every successive generation, who rightly believed that profound awareness of the message of the Quran is not to be attained bereft of accurate knowledge about its Messenger ﷺ.

The above two sources of knowledge are twin aspects of divinely revealed wisdom, what Muslims call, simply, Revelation (*wahy*). Thus the Quran is revelation that has been recited verbatim from God exactly as it has been delivered to and received by God's Messenger ﷺ. The prophetic record (called the *Sunnah*) is revelation that God has inspired in His Prophet ﷺ, or guided him to, but which has been conveyed in the words and actions of Muhammad ﷺ with the approval of God.

At this juncture of the conception of human knowledge, however, Islam differs widely and markedly from the notions of revealed knowledge that have been espoused by those who hold the trust of the Heavenly faiths that preceded it. Islam encourages—indeed, the Quran demands—that, in addition to revealed knowledge, human beings labor in the harvest of the vast fruit of humanity's cultivated learning and individual rational investigation; and that they savor, along with human thought and esthetic expression, not science's litmus dogmas, but the empirical conclusions that man has established about the created world that, very truly, we share. The reason the Quran commands this of man are several, but all center around the human tendency toward intellectual indolence: (1) man's tendency not to exercise his rational gifts makes him highly susceptible to superstition, and inordinately inclined to an adverse social compliance; (2) human knowledge, being as cir-

cumscribed as it is, means that most people will only be able to verify the truth of God's revelation (that is, the veracity of the Quran and the Prophet ﷺ) if they investigate creation, both their own and the world's; for it is by this study that they shall know for certain that only the Creator Himself could manifest in the Quran what is being presented to them as from God; and (3) man's crucial intuitive or imaginative faculty—which is essential to faith—will not normally be sparked without sustained contemplation of the revealed and the empirical together, and it is this tandem reflection that shall carry man beyond the merely concrete in faith and in life to a transcendent vision, which conveys his innate sense of godly conviction to love and his intrinsic will-to-righteous-action to nobility. Heavenly revelation and worldly investigation—these are no more mutually exclusive in Islam than they are to the human soul (which is, to say, not at all). On the contrary, they are the blend that breeds knowledge at its most complete ideal in man.

Hence, in the heart of this last principle—cultivable human knowledge and the discoveries that make up the inverted pyramid of human development through history—quite literally, there reside ten solid centuries of Islamic civilization as premier world culture, a civilization that fast approaches 1,400 years of continuous proliferation. Today, a quarter of the human family celebrates Islam as its faith. Wheresoever you behold these words at this moment, be it in the Americas to the west, China and Japan to the east, Australia or Asia from south to north, Europe astride the North Sea and the Mediterranean at once, or Africa and, more particularly, the Middle East in the heart of the world—there are undoubtedly millions of Muslims who share both your geography and ethnography. Knowingly or ignorantly, their internal compasses spin between meaning and bearing from the magnetic pull of the revelation that heralds itself as “The Heavenly Recitation”—Al-Qur’ân, in its own divine speech. So, lend an attentive ear to it, for it is here that your journey to know Islam begins.

A Glimpse into the Mirror of the Quran

THE QURAN IS, at once, the central text of both Islamic civilization and the Muslim mind. It is, to Muslims, the most hallowed Book, though they are keenly aware that while they are responsible to uphold and convey it, it is not their possession. It does not belong to them, but rather to the One God who has gifted it as a glad tiding and as an admonition of forewarning to all humanity for all time. To the Muslim, then, the Quran is the sacred portal to the presence of God opened especially for “you.” Thus, it forms the natural gate to the House of Islam, the

people who inhabit it (Muslims (pronounced mus • lim, with a sharp, shortened u-sound and a light s-sound, as in the plant name 'pussy willow'; not an uh-sound and a z-sound, as in the word 'muzzle')), and the civilization they built and with which they look to reconnect.

The number of Muslims who today memorize the entire Quran by heart is in the tens of millions, the amount that learn some portion of it by rote in the hundreds of millions. It is undoubtedly the most read Book of all time, our own era being no exception. Its words are among the very first vocabulary of countless Muslim children across the globe, irrespective of their race, mother tongue, and place of origin. This is not a brag. It is fact, an attempt to convey the tremendous impact of this Recitation on the psychology—rather, the formative personality—of an almost incomprehensible mass of people watching, listening, and, increasingly, speaking to the world. Their great variance of understanding, broadmindedness, and conviction aside, internally Muslims try to assume life's myriad postures in some semblance of accord with the Quran's guidance; and they defend their positions with its inspiration and Texts. Stated plainly, the Quran is no mere religious document; it is the very stuff of Muslim consciousness and culture.

I. THE EARTHLY ROLE AND LIFE OF THE HUMAN CREATION

Then what outlook does the Quran instill in the human being? Those who are well versed in the Quran universally know that it declares: ﴿Very truly, We created man in the fairest stature﴾ (Sûrat Al-Tîn, 95:4) in order to live upon the earth, occupy all its climes, and shepherd it to humankind's own good and to the good of all being on it, living and nonliving. This was divinely established, according to the report of the Quran, even before the completion of man's creation, from the moment God told the angels: ﴿I am placing upon the earth a human successor to steward it﴾ (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:30). God not only brought man into existence to live in this world, but He eased that destiny for him, subordinating all that is in it and all that is around it to his needs, so that humankind might live a good earthly life and prepare itself for its eternal existence in the Hereafter:

﴿God alone is the One who has subjugated for all of you the sea, that through it the ships may run—by His command—so that you may seek of His bounty, and that, therefore, you might give thanks to God alone. And He has subjugated for you all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth—all of it from Him and no other! Indeed, in this there are sure signs of God's Oneness for a people who would reflect on the wonder of creation.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Jâthiyah, 45:12–13)

God did not circumscribe the human creature in a fruitless world of scanty provision, nor proscribe it from satisfying itself in its abundant resources and wealth. «O humankind! Eat from whatever is upon the earth that is lawful and wholesome» (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:168). But, as the end of this instruction tells us, human beings are, nevertheless, to be just to their own persons and to the persons of others, considerate of their very real need for each other, consistent with the reality that they are, in fact, «of one another» (Sûrat Âl 'Imrân, 3:195), and cognizant of their inherent mutual obligations for every other human being's welfare as a direct result of the overarching truth that, by the will of God, they proceed one from the other. For by the wombs of our mothers we are all related. To achieve this end of personal commitment to the human family, God prescribes one of the cardinal tenets of Islam: Humanwide remembrance of the conceptual reality of singularity: *Tawhîd*. All people descend from a single human soul, and that soul was created by One, and only One, Creator. «O humankind! Be ever God-fearing, 'conscious' of your Lord who created 'all of' you from a single soul—and from it created its mate, and from them both spread 'abroad' many men and women. So fear God, in whose name you ask 'consideration' of one another, and, therefore, 'be dutiful to' kindred.» And, as so often recurs in the Quran, there is appended to this verse the assertion to its human recipient of that ceaseless omnipotent check. «For, indeed, ever is God vigilant over 'all of' you» (Sûrat Al-Nisâ', 4:1).

Again, from a different angle, the Quran reminds humanity that its members all share with each other in the parentage of a foremost mother and original father. Their biological succession into disparate families and peoples occurred by divine design; to create a sense of joy at the wondrous motif of God varied and adorned across the beautiful human form; to ground each individual in a strong consciousness of belonging and identity; and to enable the human family to interact with one another with high appreciation for, and in recognition of, the innate human need to express its particular genius, dignity, and artistry. Yet, humans in community are not to grow exultant in their cultural self-conceptions and innovation to the denigration of others, to lose that inborn feeling of admiration for one another. For true nobility accrues to the human being not on the basis of ancestral prowess, ethnicity, or creativity, but only in accordance with the personal piety one cultivates in one's behavior as a manifestation of the quality and amount of pure godliness one holds in one's heart. «O humankind! Indeed, We have created 'all of' you from a 'single' male and female. Moreover, We have made you peoples and tribes, so that you may 'come to' know one

another. And, indeed, the noblest of you, in the sight of God, is the most God-fearing of you.﴾ Again, however, God affixes to this uplifting divine reminder a cautionary notice that even behavioral evidence that a person fears God proves ultimately inconclusive. Man is not to be judgmental about who is better than whom, for the concealed haven of the human heart is the exclusive knowledge province of its One Creator. ﴿Indeed, God alone is all-knowing, all-aware﴾ (Sûrat Al-Hujurât, 49:13).

Observe also how the Quran in these verses highlights to humanity that its propagation into an astonishing (and transforming) array of homogeneous peoples is fundamentally linked to the principle of pairing (*zawjiyyah*) that God has instituted throughout His creation. In other words, the notion of mates, of the male and the female, be it in gender or in aspect, is the divinely decreed mode of all creation, both in the sense of their physical complementarity and in the notion of their spiritual completion of one another.

﴿Moreover, of His wondrous signs is that He has created you from dust. Then, behold! You are human beings spreading yourselves about. And of His wondrous signs is that He has created for you, from yourselves, spouses, so that you may repose in them. And He has set between you genuine mutual love and tenderhearted mercy. Indeed, in this there are sure signs for a people who would reflect on the wonders of God.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Rûm, 30:20–21)

So too, Heavenly obligation holds uniform across all souls, apart from the incidentals (philosophy's so-called accidents) of one's existence. In Quranic terms, human beings are thus defined as creatures who bear the heavy weight (*al-thiqâl*) of moral accountability (*taklîf*).

﴿Whoever does righteous deeds, whether male or female, and is a believer, We shall, most surely, cause him to live a good life. Moreover, We shall, most surely, recompense all of them with their reward, in accordance with the very best they ever did.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Nahl, 16:97)

﴿Indeed, the Muslim men and the Muslim women, and the believing men and the believing women, and the devoutly obedient men and the devoutly obedient women, and the truthful men and the truthful women, and the patient men and the patient women, and the reverent men and the reverent women, and the charitable men and the charitable women, and the fasting men and the fasting women, and the men who guard their chastity and the women who

guard theirs, and the men who remember God much and the women who likewise remember Him—for such as these, God has prepared forgiveness and a magnificent reward.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Aḥzâb, 33:35)

II. FAITH, HUMAN PERCEPTION OF RELIGION, AND DESTINY

Humanity is God's "civilizing" agent on earth. Yet it cannot scale the summits of the civility to which it is called, nor realize its down-to-earth objectives, in ignorance of its Creator, the Maker of all that it sees and cannot see. For worship and thanksgiving are the wings upon which the human soul transcends the mere clay of its symmetrical housing in order to keep sight of its unseen but true place of alighting in the everlasting Hereafter, following death when inevitably its body shall lay down its earthen burden and leach back into the dust from which it briefly stood up. ﴿How can you human beings disbelieve in God when you were once lifeless, and He gave you life; then He causes you to die; then He shall again give you life; then to Him shall you all be returned for Judgment?﴾ (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:28). A great physical affinity pulls man earthward that, if relentlessly indulged, deadens his organ of insight—his heart—sealing it up beneath the thickening spread of the cataract of irreverence. This is distraction, beguiling man from his paramount purpose as diligent servant and assiduous worshipper of God, ﴿for the life of this fleeting world is nothing but amusement and play﴾. If he allows this to occur, man regresses to the level of mere beast. He suffers an irretrievable loss of higher moral vision, falls deaf to his divine commission as God's lieutenant on earth, and becomes dumb to the eternal consequence of this fall from grace. ﴿But, indeed, it is the abode of the Hereafter that is, most surely, life everlasting itself, if only they were to know what awaits them there﴾ (Sûrat Al-ʿAnkabût, 29:64).

The Quran seeks to remedy this in man before it metastasizes—and God has, indeed, made the human heart capable of miraculous cure. Its primary method is to awaken in man his primordial sense of lucid recall, both on the level of human history and in that timeless moment of pre-earthly existence that began his spiritual legacy. Thus its purpose is to reconnect man with the great struggle in which he is, in this interregnum of earthly life, often unwittingly but nonetheless thoroughly embroiled. ﴿Now, behold! Your Lord took from the Children of Adam—from their loins—all the souls that would become their posterity. And He made them bear witness to their own souls—saying to them: Am I not your Lord? They said: Oh yes, indeed! We do so bear

witness! 'This We did in the event' that you should say, on the Day of Resurrection: Indeed, we were heedless of this 'truth' ﴿ (Sûrat Al-A'raf, 7:172). In other words, the Quran undertakes man's edification-by-reawakening, beginning with the all-important notion in Islam of unity. All people originally professed belief in the One God, a witness with which God has imprinted their very souls. Heavenly guidance then comes to awaken that latent memory, asleep within, for it is the essence of all true religion: The shared heritage of primal human faith in the true and only God. This divine inspiration is what God has consistently revealed to the messengers and prophets that He awoke among every human community before Islam. This inspiration includes the Scriptures—the inscribed words of God—that God sent down, extending, as such, only to their original divine wording. At the precise intersection in human history wherein the time of the prophets would pass from the world—and, with it, the divine activity of revealing to humankind new Heavenly Books (that is, the sealing up of prophet-hood)—the Quran came to the last of the messengers, in order to "prevail" as the "protected" cumulative repository of this ageless way of human persistence and repentance, enshrining until the end of time this path by which all the prophets and the faithful migrated to God.

﴿He has laid down for you, O humankind—in whatever He has already revealed to you, O Muhammad—all the tenets of Heavenly religion, the likes of which He had first enjoined upon Noah, and that which We had thereafter enjoined upon Abraham, and upon Moses and upon Jesus; namely: You shall be steadfast in establishing the religion of God. And you shall not divide therein!﴾ (Sûrat Al-Shûra, 42:13)

This brings up two crucial points. First, since Muslims are divinely obliged to believe in all the prophets and messengers—those they know and those that in this life they will never hear of—they are also, as a matter of creed, equally required to acquiesce in the authenticity of all the Heavenly Scriptures that came down prior to the Quran as containing the selfsame kernel of divinely inspired truth. Thus, the Quran commands: ﴿Say, O believers: We believe in One God, and in all that has been sent down to us in the Quran; and in all that has been sent down to Abraham, and Ishmael, and Isaac, and Jacob, and to the prophets of the Tribes of Israel; and in all that was given to Moses and to Jesus; and in all that was given to all the other prophets from their Lord. We do not differentiate in faith between any of them. Thus are we *muslims*, in willing submission to Him alone﴾ (Sûrat Al-

Baqarah, 2:136). Second, the logical conclusion of this stand is that the very name of a religion and community so obliged to affirm all the Heaven-sent emissaries and messages of the past should be consistent with the necessary principle by which they identified themselves. Thus the name “Islam,” for the true religion of God, and the title “Muslim,” for its faithful follower—neither of which takes its epithet from either tribe or figure, land or milestone—emerge on the tongues of all of God’s envoys and in the commandments of all of His revelations as the very witness to which they themselves attest and the humble posture they are divinely ordered to assume. The word *islām* describes the essential disposition of the human heart to willingly submit its free mortal will to the Immortal will of the One God, while the name *muslim* applies to any human being at any time or place who has committed to this.

«Thus strive, O believers, for the sake of God to uphold His commandments—with the kind of striving that is thoroughly worthy of Him. For it is He alone who has chosen you for this faith—nor has He placed on you any undue strain in your religion. It is the sacred way of your forefather Abraham. And it is He alone who has in honor named you Muslims in the Scriptures of old—and in this Quran—so that Muhammad, the Messenger of God, may be a witness to God’s truth before all of you, and that you may, in turn, be witnesses to the revealed truth before all people.» (Sûrat Al-Ḥajj, 22:78)

So in the Quran, one finds all the believing figures one meets—from Noah ﷺ to Abraham ﷺ and Moses ﷺ, and from Jesus ﷺ to Muhammad ﷺ—identifying themselves as «*muslims*» and their religion as «Islam». This represents the irreducible spirit of holistic faith in the human heart and the unbreakable bonds of belief across the eons. Its acceptance signifies the reunification of man with all creation as worshipper of One God, and thus his successful transfiguration into incomparable prince of all created beings. Witness the words of Noah ﷺ:

«Yet if you shall continue to turn away, know that I have not asked of you any reward. Indeed, my reward is only from God. For I have been commanded to be of those who are *muslims*, in willing submission to God alone.» (Sûrat Yûnus, 10:72)

After him came the testification of the golden prophetic line of Abraham ﷺ, Ishmael ﷺ, and Isaac ﷺ, along with the latter’s son Jacob ﷺ and his son Joseph ﷺ:

«Thus when Abraham and Ishmael raised the foundation of the

‘Sacred’ House, ‘they prayed’: Our Lord! Accept this ‘deed’ from us. Indeed, it is You, You ‘alone’ who are the All-Hearing, the All-Knowing. Our Lord! And make us both ‘muslims,’ in willing submission to You ‘alone’. And ‘make’ of our children a Community ‘of muslims,’ in willing submission to You ‘alone’. And show us our ‘religious’ rites ‘in Your worship’, and grant us repentance. Indeed, it is You, You ‘alone’ who are the All-Relenting, the Mercy-Giving. Our Lord! And send forth among ‘our descendants’ a messenger from their own ‘midst’ who shall recite to them Your verses, and teach them the ‘revealed’ Book and the ‘way of prophetic’ wisdom, and purify them. Indeed, it is You, You ‘alone’ who are the Overpowering ‘One’, the All-Wise.

Now, who but one who fools himself could be averse to the sacred way of Abraham? For very truly, We did choose him ‘as a messenger’ in this world. Moreover, in the Hereafter, he shall, most surely, be among the righteous ‘in Paradise’. For when his Lord said to him: Submit yourself! He said ‘at once’: Willingly, I submit ‘my face in worship’ to the Lord of ‘All’ the Worlds. Thus Abraham enjoined his children with this ‘sincere devotion to God’, as did Jacob, ‘saying’: O my children! Indeed, God has chosen for you the religion ‘of purity’. So take care not to die, except ‘as muslims,’ in willing submission to God ‘alone’. Or were ‘those of you’ who would deny this ‘witnesses when death approached Jacob? Behold! He said to his children: What will you worship after me? They said: We shall worship your God ‘alone’ and the God of your fathers—Abraham, and Ishmael, and Isaac—the One ‘and only’ God. Thus are we muslims, in willing submission to Him ‘alone’.* (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:127–33)

Joseph ﷺ inherited prophethood from Jacob ﷺ, and he too called himself *muslim*:

Joseph prayed ‘My Lord! Truly, you have given me ‘a share’ of the kingdom. And You have taught me the interpretation of ‘the’ events ‘dreams foretell’. O ‘Sole’ Originator of the heavens and the earth! You ‘alone’ are my Patron in this world and in the Hereafter. Take my soul, ‘when I die,’ as a muslim, in willing submission to You ‘alone’. And unite me ‘in the Hereafter’ with the righteous. (Sûrat Yûsuf, 12:101)

In time, Moses ﷺ followed upon Joseph’s footsteps and enjoined the Children of Israel with the self-same description:

«Thus Moses said: O my people! If you have believed in God, then rely on Him alone, if, indeed, you are *muslims*, in willing submission to Him alone.» (Sûrat Yûnus, 10:84)

Finally, Jesus ﷺ concluded this branch from the seed of Abraham ﷺ, and his Disciples styled themselves «*muslim*»:

«But when Jesus discerned from them resolute unbelief, he said to his followers: Who will be my supporters on the path to God? The Disciples said: We are the supporters of the religion of God. We have, indeed, believed in God. So bear witness that we are, indeed, *muslims*, in willing submission to God alone.» (Sûrat Âl 'Imrân, 3:52)

So, while all the Heavenly religions lay claim to inviting man to have faith in One God, to worship Him alone, and to prepare to meet Him for Judgment in the Hereafter with the provision of good deeds in this life, it is only Islam that requires its adherents to believe in every divine revelation conveyed by each prophet and messenger sent to the communities before their own. That is because Islam is, in fact, a continuation of all these faiths, which are, in reality, a single religion before God. Thus, faith in God is not the exclusive province of any human cohort. It is the shared heritage of all people who willingly submit to His will alone, there being no essential difference between the near and far, the ancient and modern.

III. FAITH AND FREE CHOICE, WILL AND WORSHIP

The question of faith, as the Quran poses it, is thoroughly enmeshed with that of knowledge. It presents man's belief as a matter of sacred wisdom, unfettered by the philosophical problem of predeterminism in creed. Man is free to choose belief or unbelief. Yet, he is required to exert his distinguishing rational gift in this choice by an All-Knowing God, who alone guides or leaves one to stray. That is to say, the fact that God lends man the liberty and the craft to open or lock tight his heart to faith does not absolve him of liability for his divine endowment of intellect. Indeed, the only thing here that man truly owns are the intents he purposes and the deeds he does—and, of course, the consequences for these. Accordingly, the most important factor in the discourse of human free will is precisely the dynamic that is mostly ignored by people: God's grant of free choice to man does not restrict His own divine will in the least. Exalted far beyond the limits of human perspective, God remains perfectly free to execute His own irreversible judgment upon His human creature in this life *and* in the Hereafter as He deems fit. (Double jeopardy lives in the exclusive court of divine judgment.)

God may not have *coerced* man to “choose” belief in Him in the course of his brief earthly life. Yet, man is very much *obliged* to take the vessel of choice-making God has given him and set sail upon the enigmatic oceans of the temporal to discover the limpid truth about the Eternal. He is charged to exercise independent reasoning to come to a verdict that is his own about this, the very pivot of all the issues of human life. He is duty-bound to engage in self-reflection and in the contemplation of existence, for within and without him lie the signs that shall point him to the shining path of God’s sure guidance. ﴿We shall show them Our signs in the horizons and in themselves—until it becomes utterly clear to them that this Quran is, indeed, the divine truth﴾ (Sûrat Fuşşilat, 41:53). This is learning, the acquisition of knowledge, which the Quran contends must necessarily lead to faith in God’s Oneness by way of recognition of the truth of His revealed and natural signs. If man fails this his *raison d’être* and refuses to use his faculties out of sloth, selfish passion, or mundane fear, they will go dark. They will continue to register manifest information, even correlate their cumulative external implications, but they will not illumine their causal Truth, that is, God Himself, nor fathom the inner truth that He breathed into their own souls, nor apprehend the undeviating design of truth that He stitched into the very fabric of creation.

Thus, the Quran distinguishes between the re-collection of knowledge, as spiritual truth, and the accumulation of mere sensory perception, as material fact. The former lights the way for man to exercise his responsibility as God’s worshipper and vicegerent on the earth. The latter, on its own, renders him a mere prehensile oaf, an unjustifiably arrogant tyrant, who looks around himself and sees being only in what he presumes to be an inferior state of creation to his own. The result is that man forgets his agency in the name of God and becomes a force for creation’s corruption instead of its amelioration, including, albeit unknowingly, the condition of his own created soul. In this, he betrays the divine trust of ever-affirming his belief in One God as well the vicegerency in the earth with which God originally vested him, based on man’s individual and collective witness to uphold this affirmation. Thereby he enlists himself for suffering in this world and in the Hereafter.

It is for this reason, as well, that “faith” or “belief” (*imân*) is called as such. God has made it a clear product of knowledge not information and equipped his upright servants to discern it for and in themselves. Faith enshrines in the human heart the everlasting covenant between God and His “chosen” ones, those penitent souls who have believed in Him, His messengers, and His signs by choice. Therefore has God

decreed that none shall be forced into its spiritual contract.

﴿There shall be no compulsion in religion! For truly rectitude has been made clearly distinct from perversity. Thus whoever disbelieves in false deities and believes in God alone has truly grasped the firmest handhold, which is forever unbreakable. And God is all-hearing, all-knowing.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:256)

Nor are any (even the prophets) authorized to impose it on others.

﴿So remind the people, O Prophet, of the blessings and Oneness of their Creator, for you are but a reminder sent to them. You are not meant to be domineering over them.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Ghâshiyah, 88:21–22)

Man's choice of faithlessness, no matter its frequency or popularity, does not change reality. Worshipfulness is the essential nature of all created being, that which humans consider living and all that they shallowly deem lifeless. For, according to the Quran, worship of the One God is the necessary and universal constant among creation—the human creature being no exception to this. So even when man turns aside from the worship of his Lord, he cannot turn off the need to worship in his heart. He is ever in the demeanor of worshipping something. If the object of man's worship is not God, then it is, according to the Quran, false deities. These may be idols or other creatures, symbols, or concepts. When haughtily man thinks he worships nothing at all in some "pristine" state of utter unbelief, it is then that his face is prostrate to his own passions and whims.

Yet, at the very moment the human being realizes its need to worship its Creator to the exclusion of all associations and intercessions, it snaps upright and becomes immediately attuned to the overarching purpose of its creation, declared by God in the divine statement: ﴿And know that I have not created either jinn or human beings for any other end but to know and worship Me alone﴾ (Sûrat Al-Dhâriyât, 51:56). The result of this is not only to set man in accord with his own nature, but to synchronize him with the natures of all created things in the world, material and immaterial, which hymn without end the glory and the majesty of their Lord. ﴿The seven heavens and the earth and all that are in them give due exaltation to Him. For there is not a single thing but that it exalts Him with all praise. But you human beings fathom not their exaltations. Indeed, ever is He most forbearing, all-forgiving﴾ (Sûrat Al-Isrâ', 17:44). This is cosmic truth beyond the ken of human intellection, but immanent within the stilling deep of man's own soul. So how does one call it up?

Contortions of worship and plastic ritual—drained of spirit and hollow at the core—hold no value in the Quran. This is the mere dogma of appearances that man invents and occupies himself with, in an aimless search for solace or, more often, mindlessly following upon the traces of forebears who hold an “authority” no more meaningful than simple precedent. True worship is sound belief in the heart, realized in the practices emanating from this intention, practices that God Himself institutes among people in order to establish man in goodness with it and to help man lift up the spirit of his earth-clinging nature for the purpose of completing his humanity. It may take on the form of prescribed ritual. It may be a consistent positive act that confirms personal integrity; or a negation of a sort that demonstrates one’s will to resist some wickedness; or a word whispered in the night; or a deed dealt in broad daylight once in one’s lifetime. It may require one to part with what one holds dear, or even to call up the courage of a last stand. In the nature of the case, it is the whole of which these things are integral parts, tens of boughs branching off into heaven from a good and deep-rooted tree.

﴿Righteousness in the sight of God is not the mere turning of your faces toward the East or the West. Rather, true righteousness dwells in one who believes in God, and in the coming Judgment of the Last Day, and in the angels, and in every revealed Book, and in all the prophets; and dwells in one, who—despite his love for it—gives of his wealth in charity to close relatives and orphans, and to the indigent and the wayfarer, and to beggars, and for the emancipation of slaves; and dwells in one who establishes the Prayer and gives the Zakât-Charity; and dwells in all those who fulfill their covenant when they make a covenant, as well as in those who are patient during periods of affliction and harm and times of conflict. These are the ones who have been truehearted, and it is such as these who are the God-fearing.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:177)

﴿Do you not see how God has set forth this parable? A good word of faith, in witness of One God, is like a good tree: Its root is set firm, and its branches are in heaven.﴾ (Sûrat Ibrâhîm, 14:24)

The true aim of worship, in the wisdom of the Quran, then, is to abet the human being in carrying out his or her weighty obligations. Never is it a mere burden meant to prevent people from enjoyment in life.

Let us take four of the celebrated, but, perhaps, much underestimated, Five-Pillars of Islam as examples, excepting, for the moment, the all-important first one, that is, (1) the Testament to Faith, from which all of belief flows.

- (2) The Ṣalât-Prayer: Here is the hallmark of Islam, wherein Muslims stand before God to recite His Quran, bend at the waist, and bow their faces down to the ground before Him. It is, perhaps, the purest exhibition of humility before God left on earth. It is this! But it is also more, in accordance with our objective of enabling man to execute his heavy earthly responsibility, as mentioned just previously. The Ṣalât-Prayer is the Muslim's most effective antidote to humankind's toxic affinity for obscenity and the captivating allure of all indecent worldly pursuits that threaten to put out the inner light by which the soul sees. ﴿O Prophet! Recite to humanity all that has been revealed to you of the Quran, the Book of God. Moreover, duly establish the Prayer. Indeed, the Prayer guards one against immorality and evil. Yet, most surely, the remembrance of God in the life of this world is greater extollment for one still. And God knows all that you do﴾ (Sûrat Al-ʿAnkabût, 29:45).
- (3) The Zakât-Charity: These mandatory alms give the poor a "rightful" claim in the wealth of every believer. But what does it give its giver? What his or her money can never buy in all the world! A spiritual rinse for a soul soiled with the aggressive and acquisitive tendencies called forth from it by the hunt for the dollar and dirham of the marketplace. ﴿Take from their wealth a charitable offering to cleanse them and purify them thereby. Moreover, pray for them. Indeed, your prayer is a comfort to them. For God is all-hearing, all-knowing﴾ (Sûrat Al-Tawbah, 9:103).
- (4) Obligatory fasting: The abdications of the month of Ramadan (the ninth of the lunar year) are a humanly willed rupture of an otherwise more-or-less constant acquiescence to our sensual natures whenever the provocations of our bodies arise. Fasting has much merit as a means of training man out of his habitual self-indulgence, teaching him that, unlike much of creation, he possesses the will to abstain. Yet, it has a far higher objective. It is meant to instill in his breast a consciousness that God is ever-present, reading his thoughts, observing his actions. The effect is obvious: Man learns cautiousness, to think before he acts, and to cultivate a vigilant respect and awe of his Creator. ﴿O you who believe! Fasting is prescribed for you as it has been prescribed for those who have believed before you, so that you may be ever God-fearing﴾ (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:183).
- (5) The Ḥajj-Pilgrimage: This required visit to the Ka'bah in Makkah is replete with benefits, from that of personal spiritual retreat,

renunciation of the world, and the accumulation of a massive supply of charitable-offerings of sacrifice that should be distributed to feed the world's stricken and poor. But its underlying objective is to indelibly imprint on the heart of the worshipper—by means of one's own time-, space-, and faith-compressing experience—the stark unity, the utter coherence, the difference-leveling truth of the sacred way upon which he or she has been guided, which brings one abruptly as if to a glimpse of humanity's Judgment upon the open white plane of the Hereafter. It is a path stretching uninterrupted back to the Patriarch Abraham ﷺ, leading down to the holy valley of the very first House of God on earth, and drawing the world-reduced pilgrim into the very vortex toward which he or she prays five times every day. Its primal purpose is to affirm the Sole God of all in the prejudice-crushing presence of a sea of indistinguishably cloth-clad, vast human diversity. Privilege is barefoot, presidents disheveled. Oneness: The unicity of God; the unity of man; the singularly inescapable destiny of the created returning to the dust from which it was created, and then, through resurrection, to its Creator unto a Day of Eternity. All this is intuitively, not academically, verified in the heart by the Hajj-Pilgrimage.

¶Say: God has spoken the truth. So follow the sacred way of Abraham, the purely upright of heart—and never was he of those who associated gods with God. Indeed, the first House of God appointed for all people is that in the valley of Bakkah.¹ It is most blessed and a source of guidance for all the peoples of the world. From the time of Abraham, there has remained in it clear signs—such as the Station of Abraham. Moreover, whoever enters its sanctuary shall be secure. Thus Hajj-Pilgrimage to the Sacred House in Makkah is owed to God as an obligation upon all people who are able to attain a way to it. And as to those who disbelieve this, know, then, that God is, indeed, self-sufficient, above any need for any of His creation in all the worlds.﴾ (Sûrat Âl 'Imrân, 3:95–97)

The real aim of worship, then, is to incessantly remind the human being—in the course of the sundry pursuits of one's life—of its provisional role in this fleeting world and its permanent destiny in the infinite Hereafter. Worship is the divine training paradigm that exalts the human being's spiritual fitness so that he can carry out the tasks and duties by which God will certainly try his soul against the performance of all other human beings in the open competition for His Paradise. This makes the Quran both the explanation and arbiter of the human

race for reality, the guidebook by which man can come to understand the nature and the solution to the test in which he finds himself so utterly and consequentially engaged.

IV. MORALITY: THE NEXUS OF FAITH AND CONDUCT

The Quranic message is in essence a moral prescription to civilize human behavior. Through a carefully balanced regimen of God-consciousness and worldly activism in its surahs and verses, it progressively links the passionate human heart to the will of its compassionate Lord within the concentric jurisdictions of self, family, humanity, and nature. Its aim is to fortify the moral fiber of frail man by imbuing him with a heightened sense of godliness, which it achieves in two ways: First, it instructs him with the divine commandments that will empower him to be a moral being "in deed." It is for this reason that one finds the divine "style" of moral commandment common to all the Heavenly revelations. It is indispensable to the edification of man, and this enlightenment is the key to man's psychological and corporeal freedom. For God desires to suffice humanity emotionally, apart from the concrete deterrence of law, to awaken in him his longing for transcendent exertion and assertion; that is, to lift the intent and achievement of man beyond a fundamental fear of the law's threat of penalty and punishment—both as God has revealed it and as human beings themselves understand and organize it.

Rather, man has been released into the world by God, for a time, on his own recognizance and has been created to be, in the end, self-consciously observant, personally guarding, and socially courageous. Man is scrutinizer of his own conduct, inquisitor of his own thought, interlocutor of his own conscience as to the immediate intent and ultimate consequence of his actions. To all that is good and beneficial, seamless with the even path of equity and truth, he is diligently to make his way. When, inevitably, he finds himself on occasion delinquent of the decree of God, errant from the high road of righteousness, man is himself to true his spiritual direction, to reset his moral coordinates, for he has been accorded by God the interior apparatus of psychical self-correction and afforded by Him through His revealed Book the prospect of amending the conceptual and material acts that have caused him to veer from virtue.

In addition to commending the human being to moral action (and here is the Quran's second way of infusing man with godliness), the Quran prepares one to attain his or her intended moral purpose by thoroughly raising one's consciousness regarding the Creator's "all-with-

ness”: “He is with you wherever you are. For God alone is all-seeing of all that you do . . . and to God alone are all matters returned for just Judgment . . . For He alone is all-knowing of all that is harbored within the breast of people” (Sûrat Al-Ĥadîd, 57:4–6). Again:

“Have you not considered that God knows all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth? There is no private discourse among three but that He is the fourth of them; neither five but that He is the sixth of them; neither fewer than that nor more, but that He is with them wherever they might be. Then He shall tell them on the Day of Resurrection the due recompense of all that they have done in life. Indeed, God is all-knowing of all things.” (Sûrat Al-Mujâdilâh, 58:7)

Thus does the Quran remind man that he is a creature whose life is an open book and who is both blessed with twofold goodness and tried by double jeopardy. On the one hand, he has been brought from nothingness to life, out of the sheer mercy of God, and given freedom, provision, and pleasure in a goodly habitat in the earth. Man has, moreover, been promised far better than this; namely, his heart’s worldly desire: perpetual life amid the enthralling delights of Paradise in the Hereafter, provided he believes and works righteousness in accordance with God’s will. On the other hand, man is duly accountable to God in this world, as well as the community of believers and humankind, for all that issues from him, with special moral value attached to the deliberate and intentional act. Furthermore, he is liable to punishment in the Afterlife, when God shall raise humankind from the dead for Judgment, if he turns heretical renegade or immoral profligate in his earthly life. “So whoever does an atom’s weight of good shall see it; and whoever does an atom’s weight of evil shall see it” (Sûrat Al-Zalzalah, 99:7–8).

At the same time that the Quran everywhere contextualizes for man that he is constantly observed and morally responsible, its Text also directly enjoins man (more than 250 times) to steadily internalize its ethic of pious fear of God—to have *taqwah* in the idiom of the Quran. This very sense is what the insistent repetition of the Quran’s celebrated most excellent names of God (*asmâ’illâh al-ḥusnâ*) amplify in the hearts of its readers as they chime out from surah and verse. Thus God is *Al-Baṣîr* and *Al-Samîʿ*, The All-Seeing and The All-Hearing; *Al-ʿAlîm*, *Al-ʿÂlim*, *Al-ʿAllâm*, The All-Knowing, The Knower, and The Supreme Knower; *Al-Ḥakam*, *Al-Ḥâkim*, *Al-Ḥakîm*, The Arbiter, The Judge (supreme authority), The All-Wise; He is *Al-Raqîb*, The All-Vigilant; and *Al-Qarîb*, *Al-Mujîb*, The Ever-Near, The All-Answering; He is *Al-Shahîd* and *Al-Muḥşî*, The All-Witnessing and The All-

Enumerating. Yet, also the Quran cheers man by assuring him that God is *Al-ʿAfiww*, The All-Pardoning, and *Al-Ghaffār*, *Al-Ghaffār*, and *Al-Ghāfir*, The All-Forgiving, The Most Forgiving, and The Forgiver; this is in addition to the Quran etching in the memory of its readers God's sheer and immeasurable mercy.

Besides the Quran's incessant Textual and contextual orientation of man to the fear of God, or rather running like a tsunami just beneath its surface, or a whirlwind just above it, there is the constant sense of the swell and gust of God's menacing, nearing Judgment. It is a resonance built by the continually recurring mention of a looming "Last Day"; the gravity of an unseen, unpredictable end of the world, made palpable by a ubiquitous Hour of Doom sagging heavy from the Seventh Heaven, oppressing the atmosphere of the earth. This is what trips that breathless feeling of impending eternity, which the Quran so characteristically sets off in its recipients. The Quran's mellifluous literary cascade of implication and explication at first seems an almost cursory method of treating the fickle uncertainty of so inconstant and distracted a creature as man. Yet, within its verses, the continual coincidence of the cataclysmic through the delicate, the imminence of Heaven's timelessness loosed in mundane human tense, accounts, in part, for the Quran's tremendous power to alter people and the astonishing efficiency with which it hones to moral perfection the tremulous heart of man. The Quran's graduated effect, in recitation and realization, enables the human being—and so is it divinely intended—to steadily gather up all of its energies and deploy them in an all-out effort to gain the true goal of its earthly existence: To get back to the Garden from whence jealous evil and uncertainty expelled its parents.

This is the Quran's great exposition of the truest human equation: Faith, guided by Heavenly revelation, *is* mortal conduct—or rather mortal conduct as God meant it to be. For all man's activity is no more or less than an unbroken continuum of worship. That is why issues of the lawful and the prohibited, governance and conviction, are inseparably bound to questions of belief, even when the charters of human beings seek to reconstitute them as discrete. It is acts of virtue in the world, measured against the perennial values set forth in the scale of Heaven's religion, that bring balance to, fulfillment in, and the betterment of earthly life. These are the deeds that the Quran unflinchingly, and so very beautifully, recalls to the attention of an excessively diverted humanity.

﴿Say, 'to them': Come! I will recite what your Lord has 'in fact' forbidden to you:

- ♦ That you shall not associate anything as a god with Him.
- ♦ And to your parents you shall be good.
- ♦ And you shall not kill your children because of indigence; We provide for you and for them.
- ♦ And you shall not come near lewdness, what is manifest of it and what is hidden.
- ♦ And you shall not ever kill any human soul that God has prohibited, except by what is lawful and right.

All this has He enjoined upon you, so that you may comprehend the commandments of God.

- ♦ And you shall not ever approach the wealth of the orphan in your care—except in the fairest manner, until he reaches full maturity and you return it to him.
- ♦ And in trade, fill the measure and weigh the balance, with all justice; We do not task any soul beyond its capacity.
- ♦ And when you speak out, be fair, even if one party is a close relative.
- ♦ And fulfill the covenant of God.

All this has He enjoined upon you, so that you may become mindful of God's commandments.

And command them, as well:

- ♦ Indeed, this is My way, a straight one. So follow it. And you shall not follow other ways, for they will separate you from His way.

All this has He enjoined upon you, so that you may be God-fearing. ﴿Sûrat Al-An'am, 6:151–53﴾

Elsewhere, the Quran seeks to reinforce these same commandments, which it accomplishes, not only by mere repetition, but also by restyling their very presentation. In this way, their importance is doubly highlighted, so that the reader might again be reminded of them, and delight in them, at one in the same time.

﴿O Prophet!

- ♦ You shall not set up any other god with God.
 - For if you do, then you shall forever remain condemned as ungodly and be forsaken by Him utterly.

- For your Lord has decreed for one and all: You shall not worship other than Him.
- ♦ And to your parents, you shall be good.
 - Should either one of them, or both of them, reach old age in your care, then you shall not say to either of them even so much as: Fie!
 - Nor shall you rebuke them. Rather, say to both of them a gracious word, in loving kindness.
 - Moreover, lower for them the wing of humility, out of mercy, and say in supplication for them: My Lord! Have mercy upon them both—even as they have raised me up as a little one.
 - Your Lord knows best about what is within your souls. If you resolve yourselves to be righteous, then, indeed, to all those who are ever-penitent He is all-forgiving.
- ♦ And you shall give in charity to the close relative his rightful due in benevolent offerings
 - and also to the indigent
 - and to the wayfarer.
- ♦ But you shall not squander resources, even with the slightest squandering. Indeed, the squanderers are the evil brethren of the satans. And Satan has ever been most ungrateful to his Lord.
- ♦ Yet if you must turn away from those who are needy while you yourself seek mercy and means from your Lord—hoping ardently all the while for provision from Him which you can give in charity—then you shall say to them, a tender word of prayer, to ease their hearts.
- ♦ Thus you shall not keep your hand yoked to your neck out of stinginess, nor extend it to the utmost extent in extravagance. For then you would remain ever blameworthy and regretful. Indeed, it is your Lord alone who extends abundant provision to whomever He so wills. And He alone restricts it. Indeed, ever is He all-aware, all-seeing, of the condition of His servants.
- ♦ And you shall not ever kill your children for fear of indigence. We provide for them and for you. Indeed, the act of killing them is an enormous sin.
- ♦ And you shall not ever approach illicit sexual intercourse. Indeed, it is utter lewdness and a most evil way.
- ♦ And you shall not ever kill any human soul that God has prohib-

ited except by what is lawful and right. Hence, whoever is killed wrongfully, We hereby assign to his heir an authorization for retribution. Yet let him not exceed just bounds regarding retribution for the killing. For he is, indeed, to be aided in attaining justice.

- ♦ And you shall not ever approach the wealth of the orphan in your care—except in the fairest manner, until he reaches full maturity and you return it to him.
- ♦ And you shall fulfill every covenant you make. For, indeed, every covenant shall be answered for in the Hereafter.
- ♦ And you shall give a full and honest measure whenever you measure out goods.
- ♦ And you shall weigh with an even and just balance. That is the best of goodness and ensures a most excellent outcome.
- ♦ And you shall not ever follow that of which you have no sure knowledge, without first verifying its truthfulness. Indeed, hearing and sight and conceptions of the heart—every act of each of these faculties shall one answer for in the Hereafter.
- ♦ And you shall not ever walk upon the earth proudly exultant. For never shall you human beings be such as to perforate the earth with your steps. And never shall you stretch up to the mountains in height. As to all of this, O Prophet—its evil trespass is ever hateful with your Lord. This is of the divine wisdom that your Lord has revealed to you.
- ♦ And, again, you shall not set up any other god with God. For if you do, then you shall be cast into Hell, deservedly blameworthy, forever banished.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Isrâ', 17:22–39)

Balanced upon the two great pinions of altruism and self-discipline, and borne aloft by the tailwinds of faith in Oneness and fear of God, any human individual is divinely deputized to make the stand of the prophets of old, to take up the reform of his or her society and the human community by way of joining up with and calling forth an open fellowship to enjoin what is right and forbid what is wrong.

V. THE HUMAN INTELLECT: BETWEEN BALANCE AND DIVERSITY

We began this portion of our survey of the Quran with the claim that it is really about civilizing man. Put another way, the Quran constitutes a Heavenly curriculum to teach the human being how to actu-

alize his humanity in full. Like any good curriculum, its goals are eminently measurable and brilliantly visual, as to the human product it shall, by God's will, produce—provided a person, a community, a society, a humanity implements it (and at any and all of these levels individually and simultaneously, incidentally). For the school of the Quran cares not for what the collective may think or say. It puts itself instantly and wholly in the service of its learners and is completely operational at all times in their lives, not suffering any of its pupils to be frozen by the lack of will, or even the overt obstruction, of others. On the contrary, at the outset, it adjusts the attitude and modifies the response of its students to the antagonistic sentiments, settings, and reactions that it foresees as “likely,” in order to immunize them against this. Indeed, it goes so far as to give a name by which to distinguish its striving student body, its moral graduates. They are the exclusive *«Servants of the All-Merciful»*. Rather, only to hear the Quran's mere articulation to us of our human possibility in becoming one of them makes the heart leap and the hair stand. It is the kind of sweet-breathed inspiration, mystic motivation, that could heal the sick, raise the dead—or make the sun rise over a benighted world again:

«Blessèd be the One who set high in the heaven constellations; and set therein a sun as a torch and a luminous moon.

God is the One who has made the night and the daylight successive—for whoever yearns to remember His majesty or yearns to be thankful to Him eternally—and such are the Servants of the All-Merciful:

- ♦ They are the ones who walk upon the earth softly; and when the ignorant or the belligerent address them, they say only: Peace!
- ♦ And they are the ones who spend the night, before their Lord, bowing their faces down to the ground and standing in Prayer.
- ♦ And they are the ones who say: Our Lord! Turn aside from us the torment of Hell. Indeed, its torment is unrelenting. Assuredly, it is a most evil residence and station.
- ♦ And they are the ones who when they spend are neither excessive nor stingy, but who stand firm evenly between these.
- ♦ And they are the ones who do not call upon any other god with God.
- ♦ Nor do they kill a soul—which God has prohibited—except by what is lawful and right.
- ♦ Nor do they commit illicit sexual intercourse.

For whoever does this shall meet the penalty of sin: Torment shall be multiplied on the Day of Resurrection for such a one. Thus he

shall abide therein forever, disgraced—except for whoever repents, and believes, and does deeds of righteousness. For the likes of them, then, God will substitute their misdeeds with good deeds. And ever is God all-forgiving, mercy-giving. For whoever repents after sinning and works righteousness, then, indeed, such a person has repented to God with a worthy repentance.

- ♦ And they are the ones who do not bear false witness.
- ♦ Moreover, when they pass by those uttering vile talk, they pass by honorably.
- ♦ And they are the ones who when reminded of the revealed verses of their Lord do not fall deaf and blind to them.
- ♦ And they are the ones who say: Our Lord! Grant us in our spouses and our children the joy of our eyes. Moreover, make us an exemplar of goodness for the God-fearing.
- ♦ Such as these shall be rewarded with the High Chamber of Heaven, for what they endured patiently in life.
- ♦ And they shall be met therein with a welcoming salutation and peace. They shall abide therein forever—a most excellent residence and station.
- ♦ Say, O Prophet: Never would my Lord even care for you, O people, were it not for your calling upon Him in worship and need. ﴿Sûrat Al-Furqân, 25:61–77﴾

Balance, Diversity, and the Human Intellect

THE QURAN brings instruction to man, but what is man to bring to it? The Quran insists on only one thing: That man unleashes the power of his mind (the “heart,” in the parlance of the Quran) to fathom its lucid signs. Man is not merely to apply his assumptions to this task, employing his exceedingly limited information base as a filter. He is to “exert” in the Quran’s contemplation the full force of his intellectual faculty, comprising the rational, spiritual, and imaginative dimensions of his soul. For man must “think” himself into the horizons of existence and into the recesses of his own soul, if he is to regain true consciousness of the original covenant of his creation; if he is to remember that he is, indeed, “that” creature, the one, he who was born to bear God’s witness. Again, the Human Covenant of Pre-Earthly Existence:

﴿Now, behold! Your Lord took from the Children of Adam—from their loins—all the souls that would become their posterity. And He made them bear witness to their own souls—saying to them: Am I not

your Lord? They said: Oh yes, indeed! We do so bear witness! 'This We did in the event' that you should say, on the Day of Resurrection: Indeed, we were heedless of this 'truth'. ﴿Sûrat Al-A'râf, 7:172﴾

The Quran, therefore, evinces an unequivocal and profound aversion to any idea that attempts to imprison human thought within the dispiriting walls of the physical realm. How shall man ever actualize his upright stature, his originally pure nature, his longing for the divine if he is crushed by the incessant secular catechism that he is but the sum of his instincts, the slave of his sensualities, the mere clump of mud from which he arose; that he is forsaken and missionless, time's funny gene trick without purpose! Whoever acquiesces in this conjecture and willfully shuts up the portal of his own thought, the Quran censures with blame in this life and the next. Such was the sin of a fallen people of the ancients whom the Quran calls the People of 'Âd, a name that, hauntingly for humankind, translates (in one of its Arabic word forms) as 'recurrence' or 'return,' and (in another) 'willful transgressor.' They were a prodigious tribe that had received God's admonition and guidance on the tongue of a chosen messenger from among themselves. But they belied it all, with proud belligerence. God says: ﴿We had endowed them with 'the faculties of hearing and sight, and hearts to comprehend'. Yet neither their hearing, nor their sight, nor their hearts availed them in anything 'good', for they were 'set on' disavowing the 'revealed' signs of God﴾ (Sûrat Al-Ahqâf, 46:26). So God razed them from the face of the Earth.

The Quran does not want to inculcate in man a belief that will sweep him to the extremes of either unconditional renunciation of the world or categorical revulsion of the created, for the former leads to neglect and the latter to violence. Rather, it calls men and women, who would of their own accord enter into the free fellowship of God's willing submission, to a modest path midway between these fringes: A blessed medium, wherein one fully partakes of all the world, but abstains from an indulgence in it that many idealize as the highest good in life, the shifting source of moral value. As Muslim scholars have coined it: The world is to be held in the hand, not in the heart. One preserves a sense of esteem for life and a love for all being but resolutely refuses to elevate the created to a divine station of adoration and repels all that seek to subvert godliness in man or pervert the wholesomeness of creation. ﴿And so it is that We have 'now' appointed you 'Muslims' the 'Chosen' Community of the Midmost Way, to stand as witnesses 'to the revealed truth' before all people, and for 'Muhammad', the Messenger 'of God', to be a witness before 'all of' you﴾ (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:143). Obviously, this is no sanc-

tion of isolationism. On the contrary, it is a commission to speak with the single voice of the prophets, to take up their unified stance for truth and justice in society. Even if others elect not to join in the conviction espoused here, they, nonetheless, share in a common humanity and responsibility that the Quran demands be universally acknowledged. Indeed, as previously noted, this mutual recognition is among the prime objectives of human existence on earth. ﴿We have made you peoples and tribes﴾—that is, branching off in the world from one father and mother—﴿so that you may come to know one another﴾ as equals with common rights and responsibilities (Sûrat Al-Ḥujurât, 49:13).

This, then, is the balance in which the Quran calls humanity to live. God commands man to believe, but He accords him the prerogative of unbelief. Believing man is never to relinquish his right to live the life of faith and is, moreover, to strive with mind and main to ensure that this remains the sovereign right of all his fellows on earth. But he is not to curtail the original state of freedom that God has afforded others, the condition of independence from which they are to make the premier decision of faith, even if they openly reject God. God sanctions choice for man, but He attaches the unseen dimension of moral responsibility to each and every word, deed, and thought man chooses, and these will all certainly be accounted for.

﴿For each faith-community among you We have appointed a Divine Law and a way of life. And had God so willed, He would have made all of you one faith-community without choice. But He has intended to test you in what He has given you. Thus race with one another to good works! To God is your return—all of you. He shall then tell you the truth about all that you have been disputing.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Mâ'idah, 5:48)

Diversity is, then, truly the way of God's world, including in the most sacred matter of creed. ﴿He is the One who has created all of you. Then some of you become disbelievers and some of you become believers﴾ (Sûrat Al-Taghâbun, 64:2). Despite this variance, however, humankind is to live as an extended family—accepting each other, not disavowing one another, speaking and listening to each other, not aggressing against, or attempting to silence or force conversion on, one another. To aid us in maintaining this attitude of tolerance—for the human being tends toward impatience with the differences of its own—the Quran, as we have just seen, reminds humankind that the many disputes and problems whose truth we are unable to resolve in life God shall, most surely, not fail to determine with swift and just recompense

on the Day of Decision, the destined Meeting of Judgment, at the time of our resurrection into the Afterlife; for He is, indeed, the «Lord of All the Worlds» that human beings name and to which they may lay claim (Sûrat Al-Fâtiḥah, 1:1).

Here, then, is the immortal meaning of religion, its divine definition, from eternity to infinity, extended endlessly beyond the petty, sectarian, truncated description that human beings have falsely ascribed to it. Here too is the very essence of Islam as limned in the Quran. Accordingly, one beholds the Quran strictly forbidding its messenger, the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ, from giving in to the tremendous pressure his tribal peers brought to bear upon him to narrow religion's conception, to confine it to a "special" race, a "native" culture, a "caste" of bloodline or class—something unattainable by "the rest," inaccessible to any "other." For how utterly obvious it is in even a moment's consideration that the very nature of Heavenly faith *must be* to reach beyond all time and the material, into every generation, and through all space into every nation and the spiritual. Whenever God has revealed His commandments to one or more of His chosen prophets, then and there *must be* true religion, immutable in its basic message for all history and humankind, pristine between the two spooled ends of the scroll of time.

Thus did the Quran command the Prophet ﷺ who received its final divine communiqué on behalf of man to resolutely reject whoever called him to partisanship in religion. Nor was he even to countenance constraint of this expansive meaning of faith. Nor was he ever to digress upon his own traces from its universal call to One God and the oneness of His Heavenly message to all people. This remains the Quran's unaltered and inalterable claim upon whoever would ardently uphold the unity of revealed truth and vindicate the brotherhood of its messengers. Such are the believers whose hearts quake with buckling fear and dizzying hope at the remembrance of the gathering Judgment of an awesome Day.

«So to this upright religion of all the prophets call everyone, O Prophet. Moreover, keep steadfastly straight upon God's path, even as you have been commanded. Thus you shall not follow their whims, which have led them to division. Rather, say to them: I have believed in all that God has sent down in every Scripture. Moreover, I have been commanded to do justice between all of you. God is our Lord and your Lord. For us shall be the recompense of our deeds. And for you shall be the recompense of your deeds. Let there be no dispute between us and you, for God will gather us all together on the Day of Judgment, and to Him alone is the ultimate destiny.» (Sûrat Al-Shûrâ, 42:15)

2

SPHERE TWO

THE QURAN AND ITS SELF-REVEALING NAMES

THE NAME AL-QUR'ÂN ("the Quran," as it appears in the title of this interpretation and throughout) is the most recognized name of the Sacred Text of the revealed religion of Islam. It is also the name that the Scripture of the Quran uses most often to identify itself. In Arabic, the word *qur'ân* means "recitation." This specifies the way its human messenger, Muhammad ﷺ, received it: as Heavenly revelation verbally recited to him; the way he conveyed it throughout the duration of his life: in the mode of oral recitation; and the way that those who learned it from Muhammad ﷺ communicated it to others: by reciting it aloud to them, in successive relays down through the generations in precisely the same manner in which they heard it. This represents an unbroken chain of transmission in the world from the moment the first five verses of its revelation (see Sûrat Al-ʿAlaq (96)) breached human history to our own time—at the occasion of this writing, nearly 1,395 solar years (1,438 lunar years) hence. Indeed, in the Quran's own words: ﴿It was the month of Ramadan in which the Quran was first sent down as guidance for all people﴾ (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:185). This fixes its occurrence in the ninth month of the Islamic lunar year, about thirteen years before the Hijrah, or Emigration, of the Prophet ﷺ to Madinah from Makkah, the event that begins the Islamic calendar. So, the revelation of the Quran commences in the solar month of June 610 C.E., according to contemporary calendaring.

The Word Qur'ân in Arabic

To delve somewhat deeper into the term 'Quran' as a matter of language, the word occurs nowhere else as a title to a tract of any sort, oral

or written, religious or otherwise, before the Quran's revelation. Nor has the word 'Quran' been used to name any other book or literary production since. By its own account, the name 'Quran' has been designated as such by divine mandate. «Indeed, this Quran guides humanity to that which is most upright» (Sûrat Al-Isrâ', 17:9). Therefore, one may apply the appellation 'Quran' to either the entire Book or a portion of it with equal validity. As a defined proper noun, *Al-Qur'ân* is commonly pronounced with a glottal pause, called a *hamzah* in Arabic (often represented in English transliteration by an apostrophe: ') between the Arabic letter *râ* (rolled *r*-sound) and the subsequent *aliph* (long-vowel *a*-sound), correctly transliterated as 'Qur'ân,' or 'Qur'ân.' (See "A Note on the Arabic Language and Its Transliteration and Pronunciation" in Volume II of the Deluxe Edition.) The word 'Qur'ân,' however, is not uncommonly pronounced in Arabic without the glottal *hamzah* sound, in which case it also may be represented in English as 'Qurân.' Older Anglicized renderings, such as 'Koran,' or the Francophone 'Coran,' have been steadily abandoned in academic writings, although they linger in the somewhat recalcitrant editorial style sheets of the popular media. This text represents the word 'Quran' without vocalization symbols or diacritical marks, owing to its commonness in both this work and, increasingly, in the English language.

The Quran, as the title of the Sacred Scripture of Islam, can be traced to several descents, all simultaneously consistent within its own experience. (Simultaneity, or multiplicity, of significations is a phenomenon that characterizes the multilayered meanings and multidimensional truths of the Quran's message, both in its specific verses and surahs and in the timeless relevance of the Quran in its entirety for all people everywhere in all conditions. Muslims uphold this phenomenon as a proof of its certain divine origin.) The very first word of the Quran's revealed recitation was the Arabic imperative *iqra'*, "Read!" or "Recite!" Hence, the Quran is that divine utterance that God has enjoined to be recited, in other words, "The Recitation." The name Quran also reflects an Arabic word form whose structure connotes the "coupling" of things, for the Quran is that which links words together into divine signs, or verses (s. *ayah*, pl. *âyât*); verses into independent segments (s. *surah*, pl. *suwar* (designations to be addressed forthwith)); and segments into an intentional Heavenly Book. The term 'Quran' also may derive from the word *qarînah*, that is, circumstantial evidence, or an indicium, since it contains facts or indicators whose recondite and consistent truths must necessarily proceed from the Creator, and not mortal authorship, thus substantiating its divine origin.

The unproven notion, forwarded by some in the Orientalist milieu, that the word Quran has Aramaic roots has been debunked by the special researches of Arab linguists who specialize in the Quran. Such theories were posited, in part, because of certain tenuous, even sentimental, assumptions that organized the relationships between the Semitic languages (including Akkadian (now extinct), Aramaic, Syriac, Hebrew, Amhuric (or Ethiopic), and Arabic) with respect to their ages, histories, and derivations, which increasingly have been shown to be suspect. Persuasive evidence mounts, including studies of early cuneiform and hieroglyphics, that show Arabic to be by far the oldest and, likely in some form, to be the mother of all these tongues, with ancient Arabia as the cultural hearth, the regions from which originally nomadic peoples emerged. What is sure is that the word Quran itself occurs more than seventy times in its own Text, with no single occurrence as such established in any of the other Semitic languages, including pre-Islamic Arabic itself.

The secondary name that the Quran most frequently uses for itself is, simply, *Al-Kitáb*, or “The Book,” as in ﴿this is the Book of God﴾ (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:2). Elsewhere, ﴿All praise is for God alone, the One who has sent down the Heavenly Book﴾ (Sûrat Al-Kahf, 18:1). This epithet it holds in common with the other Heavenly Scriptures that appeared in the geographical heart of the world of antiquity, notably the Torah and the Evangel. The name “The Book” establishes that the Quran is, in fact, both a “scripted” and “inscribed” Sacred Text in an existing category of which human beings are aware. The former sense, that of the “scripted” revelation, emphasizes the Quran’s physical reality in human history; namely, that from its inception it is divinely classified in the same elite genre with, and is meant to play a role similar to, the Heavenly revelations that preceded it. The latter notion, that it is “inscribed,” highlights its metaphysical reality: The Quran is celestially preexistent (to earthly life) as part of the Preserved Tablet of Heaven—the timeless record of all things—from which it was sent down into the world. Moreover, both these names, “The Recitation” and “The Book,” are divine indications that the Quran would manifest and perpetuate in the world by virtue of both internal and external means, aural and mechanical agencies; specifically, that of memorization in the human heart and writing by the human hand, respectively. The decree to reveal and preserve the Quran, as in all things, is God’s, but His instrument of preservation shall be man—explicitly, His willing servants among them.

The very first of people to memorize the Quran was the Prophet

Muhammad ﷺ, himself, followed by his Companions ﷺ, and the two generations after them, named the Successors, and the Followers of the Successors. This entailed a complete four-echelon generational constellation, with each subsequent cohort and generational alignment proceeding in turn. The Prophet ﷺ was, moreover, the very first to order the Quran to be written and, foremost, as well, in directing that parts of it be conveyed to the peoples of other lands, or approving of such acts—his Companions, the Successors, and subsequent generations duly emulating him in all of this.

Names of the Quran and the Numinous Effects of Its Message

If one is to read the Quran with at least modest awareness, it is important to understand the connection between three of its intents: (1) its message, (2) the names by which it describes itself, and (3) the chief product it seeks to bring forth, specifically, a kind of human being. From the Quran's many self-given names, we can discern crucially important aspects of the consciousness it created, first and foremost, in its Messenger ﷺ and, through him, in the men and women ever at God's service and in His Prophet's ﷺ faithful company, dubbed the Companions, for they were the ones in the first instance whom the Quran remade, first cultivating in them the highest levels of spiritual reflection, psychological and physical restraint, and social civility; then inspiring them, through these auspices, to redirect the splintered torrent of human history toward ontological and moral ends consistent with an inexorably nearing Hereafter, wherein God shall deliver His final judgment on humankind.

Astonishing as this human transformation was in its time, more stunning still is that it was not merely a one-time, mythical wonder. It was a tableau to be reenacted, again and again, on the global stage—an always unexpected spiritual awakening cascading spectacularly down the centuries among the most diverse peoples and in the most unlikely places. From where did this energy for such complete renovation come? From what essential force did it emanate? The Quran, in fact, identifies itself as such a life-giving Spirit (*Al-Rûh*). Then what miracle does it hold that stirred, with just a word, the dissolute and the destitute, the benighted and the indulged, to such undaunted faith—all falling, as it has been so aptly described, like so much unfailing light all about them? And the more urgent question of our own times: Can it still stir?

The answer that leaps first from the Quran is its name *Al-Tanzîl*, literally, "The Descending"—which proclaims that this Book is "The Sent Down" message, or even "The Heaven-Sent," from the High

Holy One Himself. Hence, this appellation is, perhaps, best rendered by the title “The Revelation.” Yet, in all cases, it means that the Quran is of a divine origin. Thus, its words cannot lose their power. ﴿This is the revelation from on high of the Book wherein there is no doubt, from the Lord of All the Worlds﴾ (Sûrat Al-Sajdah, 32:2). ﴿The revelation of this Book is from God on high, the Overpowering One, the All-Wise﴾ (Sûrat Al-Zumar, 39:1; see also Sûrat Al-Jâthiyah, 45:2, and Sûrat Al-Ahqâf, 46:2).

That is to say, while the Quran as a Book is thoroughly concerned with human affairs in the world, and guiding the human being to the good life in both the lower world and the Hereafter, it is, nonetheless, in its every word and verse, divine dispensation from the Ensouler, Himself. Therefore, it is also known by the name *Kalâm’Allah*, or the Speech of God, a designation intended to affirm in the hearts of people that the Quran has originated from the Creator of the universe and is, verbatim, His very own words in the human language in which He chose to speak them. This is to negate doubtful thoughts that may whisper within the souls of humankind that the Quran has come from some other source, or, as has been claimed of other books, that it has emanated from God by way of an unspoken inspiration that was then put into words by men, angels, or other intermediaries. The Quran’s verses explicitly and implicitly confirm that its words are God’s speech—in the instruction to Muslims, for example, that in their polities they are to grant asylum, even in a state of belligerence, to anyone whose heart is drawn to listen to the divine discourse ﴿until he hears the words of God﴾—meaning the Quran itself (Sûrat Al-Tawbâ, 9:6).

The Quran also characterizes itself as *Al-Dhikr*, “The Reminder,” or “The Remembrance,” and also, a variation on this, *Al-Dhikr al-Hakîm*, “The All-Wise Reminder.” ﴿This account that We recite to you, O Muhammad, is among the signs of your prophethood and a confirmation of the truth of this Quran—the All-Wise Reminder—for all humanity﴾ (Sûrat Âl ‘Imrân, 3:58). For one, the word *dhikr*, or ‘remembrance,’ points to the Quran’s lofty position with regard to the world, for among its meanings is “glory” or “honor.” It also informs people that one of the Quran’s supreme functions is to constantly remind them that their Creator is none other than God, that He alone provides for them from the sky and the earth, and that, therefore, they are not to neglect His remembrance in thankfulness. They are not to take other things as gods apart from Him. They are not to assume that other than God sustains their being or feeds them. They are not to forget how they are duty-bound—by way of godly gratitude—to steward

the earth and all that has been subjugated to them in it by Him, in accordance with His all-wise commandments. Moreover, never are they to be remiss in recollecting that they shall, most surely, meet Him for Judgment and to receive their eternal disposition in the Afterlife. Furthermore, since God has imbued the Quran with glory upon honor by His own sacred word, it endues this aura of dignity upon each individual, every community, and any generation that believes in its message and upholds its guidance ardently. «Truly, We have sent down to you a Heavenly Book that bears in it your glory and eminent remembrance for all time. Will you not, then, understand?» (Sûrat Al-Anbiyâ', 21:10).

The Quran instills in the human personality it seeks to build a distinction by which the Torah of old is also characterized in its verses. «Blessed be the One who has sent down upon His servant Muhammad the Quran as the Criterion, so that he might be a forewarner to all the worlds of the nearing Judgment of God» (Sûrat Al-Furqân, 25:1). Hence, it is "The Criterion," *Al-Furqân*, that distinguishes truth from falsehood, right from wrong, the wholesome from the harmful, the sound from the corrupt—not only in terms of one's belief and creed, but in all the archetypal moral objectives of one's life. «It was the month of Ramadan in which the Quran was first sent down as guidance for all people, having in it clear proofs of divine guidance and the criterion for right and wrong» (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:185).

Thus, the Quran descends upon the human being in spiritual radiance as "The Light," *Al-Nûr* (24), shed from Heaven to illumine the dark places of his world. Centuries of human controversy within the communities of God's previous revelations all but obscured the revealed truth, for they tarnished the reflective organ of human insight, man's heart. By the light of the Quran, it could once again see God's truth with certainty. Finally, the world of men could rid itself of the legacy of frightful hesitancy that had nearly sunk it and the human race into irretrievable despair about faith. The Quran has now lighted that path. Man can see plainly the higher ends of his existence, the hopeful realm of his eternal salvation and happiness, and the moats of illicit peril threatening to waylay him in his crossing. With sure footing upon the lawful stepping-stones that God has laid down in His servant's way, he may return safely now to his heart's ardent longing, his only Lord and King.

«O People of the Scripture! Truly, Our Messenger has come to you to make clear to you much of what you have been concealing of the Scripture—and to pass over much that is not essential. Truly, there

has now come to you from God a guiding light and a clear Book in this Quran. By it, God guides whomever follows His good pleasure along the pathways of peace. And, thereby, He brings them out from the veils of darkness into the light—by His permission. Thus does He guide them to a straight way of salvation.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Mâ'idah, 5:15–16)

The Quran is supremely aware that there are among humankind those who will deny ever having pined for divine clarity or Heavenly truth, who will belie having grieved over any loss of a sense of nearness to God. ﴿That is because their messengers, indeed, came to them with clear and miraculous proofs from God. But they would say in arrogance: Will mere mortals guide us? So they disbelieved and turned away. Yet God is self-sufficing with no need of their faith. Indeed, God alone is self-sufficient, all-praiseworthy﴾ (Sûrat Al-Taghâbun, 64:6). Such are the ones who enwind themselves in the thickening dark matter of brute existence, believing that shut eyes will keep them safe. In the feckless tomb of temporal life, they enwomb themselves till they die, thinking that no pick exists to unlock their graves, no power lives to reset bone and reclothe flesh, and then, at once, send them flying headlong like locusts on Judgment's desperately dark, stark plane. Yet, the Quran excludes not even these from the infinite wisdom of its bottomless still waters, the showering cloudbursts of its all-merciful rain.

﴿Those who disbelieve have alleged that they shall never be raised from the dead. Say, O Prophet: Oh yes, indeed! By my Lord! You will, most surely, be raised back to life! Then you will, most surely, be informed of all that you have done in the world. And that for God is ever so easy. So believe in God and His messenger and the Light of the Quran that We have sent down. For God is all-aware of all that you do. The Day He shall gather up all of you for the Day of Gathering—that is the Day of Mutual Loss and Gain. For whoever believes in God and does righteous deeds in life, He shall then absolve him of his misdeeds and admit him to Gardens of Paradise beneath which rivers flow—to abide therein, forever and ever. That is the magnificent triumph! As to those who disbelieve and belie Our revealed signs, they are the Companions of the Fire of Hell—wherein they shall abide forever—and a most woeful destination it is!﴾ (Sûrat Al-Taghâbun, 64:7–10)

Because of the limited nature of its understanding, the human being requires "Self-evident Proof" for all that it shall ever know with certainty. This is, in Arabic, *Al-Burhân*, another name by which the Quran

identifies itself in its verses, for it contains unmistakable signs that enable man to know his Maker, the mystery of his own existence, and his all-important destiny without doubt. Rather, when believing man unfolds in its leaf the secret of his life and death, he reads in them good news upon glad tidings, success in the world, and triumph in the Afterlife—and the admonition of a just recompense here, and in the Hereafter, for his heartless adversaries.

Yet by these same words of the Quran, any person may, indeed, heal him- or herself before death catches him up, for this Book is the long besought *Al-Shifā'*, "The Panacea": It is both balm for the wounds of his sin and its salutary preventative; the antidote to the shame of his hypocrisy and its therapy; the tonic to end his blind wandering and the restoration of his inner sight; the calmative to quiet his apprehension and the potion of his perpetual peace.

Man is to have no fear that the fount of the Quran shall ever diminish, finish, or fail—either in the categorical guidance that it promises him, or in the beauty to which it bears him in his meditations. For the corrupting touch shall never attain it, and the humiliating tongue shall forever fall short of gainsaying it, as God Himself has sworn to its abiding protection, unlike its precursor revelations that He entrusted to men, who proved weak. «Indeed, it is We alone who have sent down the Quran as a revealed Reminder to humanity of the way of God. And, indeed, We alone shall forever preserve it» (Sûrat Al-Hijr, 15:9).

So let the human heart be at rest in the comforting knowledge that God's Book is *karîm*, "All-Gracious," in the largesse it gives without stint or end. It is *hakîm*, "All-Wise" in the wisdom it is forever dispensing, wherefore it was sent; *mubâarak*, "Most Blessed," in the profuse goodness it stows for all human beings, vouchsafed by God for all life and all the Hereafter without end. It is further *majîd*, "All-Glorious," in its awe-inspiring beauty, sublimity—complete perfection—in the highest moral and spiritual plane to which it causes the human soul to ascend. It bestows everlasting dignity to all who adhere to it, ever-increasing love upon all who are sincere with it, ever-glowing resplendence within every heart whose hopes and fears are kindled in it. Its utterance is clear and conspicuous (*mubîn*) and sets forth the details of all the distinctions (*mufaṣṣal*) needed by every human being in his or her endeavor to discern the true from the false, and the impure from the clean.

Nor need one lament the loss of previous revealed wisdom contained in the Scriptures of old, as the Quran preserves in its extant Arabic what they held in languages and wordings now vanished or obscured by time.

«Yet before it, the Book of Moses was similarly revealed as an exemplar and mercy. And this Quran, too, is a revealed Book—indeed, a confirmation in an Arabic tongue of all the Heavenly Scriptures that preceded it—to forewarn of God’s nearing Judgment all those who have done wrong by false worship. Moreover, it is a glad tidings of everlasting delight in Paradise sent to all those who believe and excel in doing good.» (Sûrat Al-Ahqâf, 46:12)

Indeed, because «this Quran is a clear declaration of divine truth for all people», it encompasses the generations of all periods, from the first moment of its declaration to the lattermost days. «Thus it is Heavenly guidance and an inspired admonition for the God-fearing», whether male or female, and from every race and place (Sûrat Âl ‘Imrân, 3:138). This fact elevates to the foremost duty of every believer, and the Muslim community as a whole, the obligation to make the Quran’s declaration accessible to every person on the face of the earth.

For in the end, the Quran is the «very essence of truth» revealed from the One who is *the* Immortal Truth, who created all things *with* the truth, and who sent it down for the explicit purpose of keeping truth alive for man in the world. By whatever eminent name, then, that it may rightfully be called (its scholars recording as many as fifty-five titles and attributes for it from its own hallowed pages), this Quran is the Book of man’s guidance, no doubt. Yet, it is not *of* man, nor of the Muslims among men, nor even of the Prophet ﷺ himself. Rather, it is the age-old prophesy come to pass at last: ‘To put into the bland mouth of matter-bound men, on the tongue of a noble messenger, the fiery word of the Sole Transcendent, the Overpowering One, the Most Magnified, the Most High. The Quran is nothing less than this miracle, the verbatim Heavenly Recitation of God.

3

SPHERE THREE

THE REVEALED STRUCTURE OF THE QURAN

THE QURAN IS the Book of God and resembles no literary work of man, either structurally or stylistically. It is its own convention, following a “publishing” standard that human beings have never established and cannot replicate. The closest analogy to the *word* of the Creator in the revelation of the Quran is the *work* of the Creator in the design of nature.³ Just as God has made the conditions and position of the world favor balances so fine and varied that a profusion of beings spring into every conceivable state of matter—animate, inanimate, and the mysteriously in-between—leaping into life from seemingly every magnitude of existence—so too has He uttered a Scripture of an expression so exquisite, a scope so inclusive, a depth so fathomless that no human measure other than incalculable awe exists to calibrate it. Like the natural world it mirrors, it too has echelons of being and meaning. Much can one readily perceive from it. Infinitely more can one discern with sustained reflection and study of it. As for what one glimpses in its unseen beyond, it is transporting.

Thus if one comes to the Quran looking to read a man-made book, frustration is his or her just end. This is as true for the uninitiated as it is for those who disingenuously claim mastery over it and renunciation of it in the same breath. From the singular God, one ought to desire—rather, *must* anticipate—the singularly unlike. As to those who attune their heartstrings to this kind of sincerity (whether out of definite faith or undefined honesty), the Quranic concerto never disappoints: Forte of God! Lilt of human hope! Chant of justice! Profound moral mantra! Sublime hymn! Unchained melody unto a Day Hereafter! Such is the Quran. How alien is its immortal originality and native its human inti-

macy at one and the same revealed moment! The great Quran scholar Muhammad Diraz (Azhari-shaykh *cum* Sorbonne philosopher) has addressed the flawlessness of the Quran's integration of sundry form and singular purpose as an unambiguous sign of the inimitably divine creativity behind it that we now speak to. In his attempt to describe the intra-coherence of the longer surahs of the Quran, he begins by comparing them to a "single edifice whose rooms and corridors conform to a consistent design." He soon confesses this a useful but still "inadequate" analogy for the kind of immaculate synergy of internal integration that the subdivisions of the Quran achieve. Rather, he continues:

The parts and passages of each surah are coupled together and brought into perfect harmony, even as are the members of the human body. Between any two passages, an inherent link unites them, just as two bones articulate at a joint, while a mass of connective tissue and ligaments perfects the linkage. Supported by the two bones, the two members are then linked by arteries and nerves. Moreover, the whole surah moves in a singular direction to fulfill a [larger] particular purpose, even as we see the human body has an individual stature, while all its members perform different biological functions that assist in accomplishing one purpose.

Dr. Diraz is not merely essaying a description here. He has applied his literary analysis to the longest of the Quran's surahs, demonstrating the uncanny coherence between its words and sentences, on the one hand, with the wisdom of their syntactical and structural arrangement, on the other. Scholars besides him, with names like his, as well as others with names that might ring more familiar to the reader, have done similar stylistic dissections of surahs, or even of the whole Quran, with like results. Their aim is to show that the Quran realizes a union so complete—between the configuration of a merely human language (Arabic) and its stated divine function (to inform the human being of things it cannot touch but that it needs in order to feel whole and to become successful)—that it is necessarily a miracle, an act of speech beyond mortal thought, beyond human scope, beyond any individual creature's, or the sum of all of creation's, literary or esthetic capacity.

For our introductory purposes, however, this exposition brings us only to the outer orb of the Quran's description. Yet, even at this level, it is peerless.

The Unique Units of the Quran as a Text

ON THE MACRO-LEVEL, the Quran is divided into *suwar* (s. *surah*) and the *suwar* into *ayât* (s. *ayah*). The Quran is made up of one hundred fourteen (114) *suwar*, a term in plural form in Arabic that English-speaking Muslims have almost universally anglicized as ‘surahs,’ a word used in this writing as well. The total number of *ayât* (also anglicized as ‘ayahs’) is six thousand two hundred thirty-six (6,236). They contain a sum of seventy-seven thousand four hundred ninety-seven (77,497) words, or *kalimât* (s. *kalimah*). These are the native divisions of the Quran, the first two coined by the revelation itself for itself, and wherein resides its inimitability (a subject to be discussed later). Surah, as a division of the Quran, is sometimes translated by the English ‘chapter,’ though this is inevitably (and, perhaps, substantially) misleading. The term ‘verse,’ for the Arabic *ayah*, has gained acceptance based on analogy with the Bible and other religious texts, and in this sense is not confusing, though, as we have seen in the section of this book entitled “Before You Read” (and as we shall again address later), a great deal is lost in using the word ‘verse’ to translate the Quranic term *ayah*. There are other textual devices that Muslims subsequently innovated as measurements for the Quran, but they are considered external and supplementary aids to serve people in their quest to access and learn these divinely defined categories.

I. THE SURAH

Surah number one is called Al-Fâtihah, or “The Surah of the Opening,” which Muslims must read in each standing of every ritual Prayer. The last surah, number one hundred fourteen, is called Al-Nâs, or “The Surah of All People.” (The Table of Contents of this volume introduces the advent and development of the naming scheme for the surahs of the Quran).

Etymologically, the term *surah* names any lofty position or high point. From this meaning, the Arabs derived the phrase *suur al-madinah*, or “the city walls,” the word *sûr* in this expression denoting “walls.” The word also came to be used for a “wall” or “gate” surrounding a house. It is this connotation that the Quran appropriated for itself, without literary precedent in Arabic, to indicate a Quranic division that contains within its perimeter a set of defined “signs” as distinguished from other “neighboring” collections within the Quran, just as a fence marks off and encompasses distinct properties and ownership of improvements and assets.

Regarding the word *surah*’s connotation of “high point,” this too is

reflected in its use as the revealed name for the particular divisions of the Quran. Each of the Quran's surahs marks a separation, as though by a high structure, that distinguishes it from the other lofty edifices that flag the Quran's unique partitions. In this sense, each construction comprises a revealed theme or motif that is special to it and that gives it an identifiable personality. Simply stated, the surah is an independent piece of divine revelation specific to the Quran. It is made up of "signs" (that is, verses), which have a beginning and an end, and an order from first to last, and that convey an express part of the message of the Quran.

One finds this designation (of surah) in various places in the Quran, for example, in the opening verse of Sûrat al-Nûr (24), "The Surah of Divine Light": ﴿This is a surah of the Quran. We have sent it down as Heavenly revelation and ordained the obligations herein. And thus, We have sent down herewith verses of clear intent, so that you may become mindful of God's commandments.﴾ Length, however, plays no generally defining role in the determination of what constitutes a surah. The longest surah, the second in the order of the Quran (known as Sûrat Al-Baqarah, or the surah containing mention of 'the cow' by which God tested the Children of Israel), is two hundred eighty-six (286) verses, comprising about a twelfth of the Quran. The shortest of its surahs is Al-Kawthar ((108) which mentions 'the abundance' that God has given and stowed away in the Hereafter for the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ), containing only three verses totaling barely two lines.

Each surah has a popular name by which it is known but that is not part of its revelation, that is, the surahs were not formally named by God, as part of the Quran's verbatim transmission, with the titles they now carry. Rather, these names were based, as in the two examples just cited, upon a word, incident, or theme mentioned in or characterizing a particular surah. Their names thus came about naturally, by common consensus, in the time of the Prophet ﷺ as people sought to establish familiar references to these initially nameless surahs. For this reason, a number of them have more than one name, like that of Sûrat Al-Fâtihah, "The Opening," which is the first surah in the Quran, known also as "The Foundation" (Al-Asâs), along with several other titles. Sûrat Al-Baqarah, the Quran's second surah, is sometimes called "The Pavillion of the Quran." The fifth surah, Sûrat Al-Mâ'idah, "The Surah of the Table Spread" (which may, incidentally, equate with the New Testament story of the Last Supper), is referred to as "The Surah of Contracts" (Sûrat al-Uqûd), after its opening admonition to be mindful of fulfilling them, as a matter of religion. Sûrat Al-Tawba, "The Surah of Repentance," number nine in the order of the Quran, is addi-

tionally styled "The Surah of Renunciation" (Sûrat Barâ'ah), after the divine proclamation in its first verse.

The Quran's one hundred fourteen surahs go roughly from longer to shorter. This is not, however, the particular logic behind their arrangement, as is often assumed. The Prophet ﷺ himself is the one who defined the surahs and separated them from each other, in accordance with the revelation he received in gradual fashion from God. A survey of the Quranic Text shows that each surah has an independent nature, conveyed, on the whole, by way of its distinct subject matter and its distinguished form. Indeed, each surah has a demonstrable stylistic consistency, a sort of *élan vital*, that can only be described as intrinsic to its essential content. Let us take, for quick reference, two short surahs, Al-Zalzalah (99) and Al-Ikhlâş (112).

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 99:1 When the earth quakes with its 'final' quaking;
99:2 and the earth expels its burdens;
99:3 and the people say: What is 'wrong' with it?
99:4 On that Day, it shall tell all its news,
99:5 for so your Lord shall have inspired it.
99:6 On that Day, all people shall issue forth
 'from their graves' in divergent multitudes
 to be shown their deeds.
99:7 So whoever does an atom's weight of good
 shall see it.
99:8 And whoever does an atom's weight of evil
 shall see it.

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

- 112:1 Say: He is God. One.
112:2 God, the Everlasting Refuge.
112:3 He does not beget.
 Nor is He begotten.
112:4 And comparable to Him, there is none.

Be reminded that here we experience the sense of the two surahs' meanings inasmuch as I have been able to bring this out in translation. We taste nearly none of the original Arabic word choice, feel almost none of its native cadence, grasp virtually none of its intrinsic rhetorical device or cultural-lingual depth. Yet even with this considerable hand-

icap, something of their distinctive power and central spirit shines through. *Sûrat al-Zalzalah*, *The Quaking at the End of the World* (99), concerns itself with the moment in time that bridges, or rather breaks off, the life of this world from the life of the Hereafter. Its first six verses focus vividly on a single event: The advent of the Last Hour of earthly life and the dawning of the Judgment Day in eternity. Indeed, these verses are split evenly between the earth's cataclysmic finale, with human beings upon it, and Judgment Day's even more dramatic commencement with human beings flying forth from their graves within it. Yet the tie-in of each tripartite is singular: the earth's compliance with the command of its Lord, first in its own destruction, then in its disgorgement. In each case, the earth is disburdening of itself, initially of the life that has lived upon it—and, more spectacularly, giving account from its own record of what those living beings did—and subsequently of resurrected human life from within it.

These two momentous events come to a very "weighty" conclusion consistent with the material of the earth itself, but meant exclusively for the spiritual measurement of man, who is thrice of the earth, in his creation, death, and resurrection. The recipient is thus abruptly delivered from the engrossing, chaotic, harrowing scenes of global doom and Judgment to a profoundly individualized truth delivered with the sudden conceptual shift and detachment of a true oracular vision: The impact of your earthly action, the dark and the light of it, down to the atomic level, shall manifest the full burden of its moral reality for Judgment. The message: Fill your scales with good now while the earth yet remains firm under your feet and not piled upon you, while still you barter with your life.

Compare the breathless, building, bewildering high spectacle of *Sûrat Al-Zalzalah*, culminating in the most elemental sense of the individual, to the sparse, terse, staccato, sense of "onliness" pervading *Sûrat Al-Ikhlâs*, or the *Surah of Pure Sincerity in Faith*. Its subject is so utterly, indivisibly God's Oneness that it is as if the surah's words themselves should speak in syntactical singularity: "Say," period—and it is a sentence. If words must be combined, then they should be equational in nature, a fact emphasized in Arabic, which absents the verb "to be" from its completely nominal constructions. He is God (in Arabic, literally, "He God," that is, He = God). Every succeeding thought furthers the surah's unified sense of unequivocal negation, first, of any notion of sanguineous-like relationship for God and, next, of all conceivable analogous connection in the mind of man in thinking about God. The surah is defined both by the stark absence of anything remotely emotive, in

order to completely disassociate God from even a vague sense of the anthropomorphic and, second, by its unmistakably clear-cut message that, in reality, there is but a single category: "One." All else is, by comparison, literally "none." The case being made here in this illustration of the meaning of the Quran's surahs is that in theme, style, and even the resonance of their language (as far as this echoes through another language), they are distinct, consistent, and whole. The effect in Arabic is far, far greater and distinguishing. Moreover, the surahs begin; they deliver their subject matter; they end—each of these literary parts being clearly what human beings understand as openings, interior contents, and conclusions.

There are, of course, certain mundane categorizations that can be applied to the Quran's surahs, and Muslim scholars have duly pointed these out. For instance, they have divided them in terms of length into four groupings: Al-*Ṭiwāl*, or "The Lengthy," from *Sûrat Al-Baqarah* (2) through *Sûrat Al-Tawbah* (9), so called, of course, because, by comparison, they are much longer than the other surahs; Al-*Mi'ûn*, "The Hundreds," from *Sûrat Yûnus* (10) (although some scholars begin with the eleventh surah) through *Sûrat Al-Sajdah* (32), since most of these surahs number in the range of one hundred verses; Al-*Mathânî*, "The Oft-Repeated," from *Sûrat Al-Aḥzâb* (33) through *Sûrat Al-Ḥujurât* (49), as the word *mathânî* means to recur with frequency, and these surahs, due to their relatively short length, are commonly recited by Muslims in their ritual *Salât*-Prayers; and, finally, Al-*Mufaṣṣal*, "The Discrete," from *Sûrat Qâf* (50) to the end of the Quran (*Sûrat Al-Nâs*, 114), for these sixty-four surahs are very short and have numerous breaks (distinctions) occurring between them.

It is here convenient, before discussing the Quran's most basic unit, the *ayah*, "sign" or verse, to mention several additional synthetic divisions of the Quran. As noted, the Quran itself and its Messenger ﷺ exhorted Muslims to memorize it in its entirety in order to recite it in their rituals and edify themselves and their societies in terms of its legislation, moral instruction, and spiritual guidance. This led scholars to elaborate three related demarcations to aid in the Quran's memorization and transcription. The first is the *juz'* (pl. *ajzâ'*), or part, there being thirty (30) such portions of more or less equal length for the entire Quran. The second is the *ḥizb* (pl. *aḥzâb*), or half-part, each one equaling half a *juz'* (part), making their number sixty (60) for the whole Quran. The third is the *rub'* (pl. *arbab'*) or quarter, so called because it measures one-fourth a *ḥizb* (half-part), giving us a total of two hundred forty (240) in the entire Quran. Each of these units has a designated

insignia printed in the margins of a typical Quran copy (*muṣḥaf*), alerting the reader to the piece it marks, usually accompanied by some identifying asterisk, line, or other symbol that indicates its precise beginning in the Text of the Quran itself. Thus, one memorizes a *rub*^c (quarter), then four *arbā*^c (quarters) to complete a *ḥizb* (half-part), and then another half-part to make a *juz*['], or part, and so on until each of the thirty *azjā*['] (parts) of the entire Quran is learned by heart.

Now, since the word *muṣḥaf* (literally, folio or codex) has been mentioned, let it be said that Muslims make a formal distinction between the Quran (which is the speech of God in the form we have described) and a copy of its sounds reduced to writing for the Quran is God's immutable, recited word in the exact mode that its content was delivered to the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ, and, properly speaking, not its earthly symbolic representation, meaning writing. Thus, multiple printed copies of the unique Quran, for example, are not properly to be referred to as 'Qurans,' a morphological error, even in the Arabic plural form, but rather as *maṣāḥif*, or codices, folios, or copies.

II. THE ĀYAH

The word *ayah* means "sign," "lesson," "proof," "evidence," or "miracle." Naming its essential unit *ayah* has obvious implications for the Quran, given the meanings of the word 'ayah.' Thus, it is another unprecedented designation that the Quran appropriated from the Arabic language for itself. Never before was the term *ayah* used in the description of a text before the Quran's revelation. An *ayah*, then, is a revealed "sign" in the Arabic language intended to be part of the Quran, at the end of which its reciter pauses. Hence, it is individualized. Moreover, every such sign bears a lesson, an admonition, a tidings or some portion, number, or combination of these. Each sign, because it is from God, constitutes a miracle. When these miraculous signs are combined into a complete surah, or a distinguished segment of the Quran, no matter how small it may be, they become inimitable; that is, no individual or group of beings can replicate it with all the implications and truth of its meanings. This constitutes proof, to the objective, meditative mind, that the Quran is direct revelation from God. In other words, analyses of the signs, their content, construction, and expression enable one to establish that the Book they are part of cannot but be from the Creator of life and the universe.

The Quran and the Consistency of Its Form

THE SIGNS, OR verses, within each surah are not haphazardly arranged, but rather are recited today, and transcribed in the verified copies of the Quran, as set by the instruction of the Prophet ﷺ himself, both in his regular and frequent public recitation over a period of twenty-three years and in his personal direction of their transcription by his scribes. This, of course, was widely known in his own time by his Companions (for which ample verification is readily available). For instance, the well-known Companion Hudhayfah ibn Al-Yamân رضى الله عنه reported:

I once joined God's Messenger ﷺ in one of his night vigils. He then commenced the recitation of Sûrat Al-Baqarah and I said [to myself], 'Soon he will bow [in the course of his recitation] at verse one hundred.' Yet he proceeded [beyond this]. So I said [to myself], he will recite the entire surah in one rak'ah [Prayer cycle, and then bow]. But he finished Sûrat Al-Baqarah...'

The point here, for our purposes, is not the lengthy Prayer of the Prophet ﷺ (though this is striking for one who knows the extent of the Prophet's ﷺ recitation) but that the Prophet ﷺ was (a) reading aloud and (b) his Companion, who joined him "by chance," was fully familiar with the surahs he was reciting, including their order, their verses, their sequence number, and the number of these verses, which could only have come with their widespread propagation in the Muslim community. Structurally, then, despite dubious periodic attempts to feign scholarship to the contrary, it is well established that the Quran has reached us in the very form in which the Prophet ﷺ and, then, his Companions received it, an issue we shall take up presently.

4

SPHERE FOUR

THE AUTHENTICITY OF THE QURANIC TEXT

THERE IS VIRTUAL consensus among Muslims and non-Muslims that the Quran came into the consciousness of the world through the articulation of the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ. Dispute arises as to the Quran's Originator. Muslims are certain, of course, that the same Divine Being that revealed the Torah to Moses ﷺ and the Evangel to Jesus ﷺ sent down the Quran upon Muhammad ﷺ—and they know Him to be the One and only God. This accounts for three mutually corroborating proofs at the heart of these scriptures: (1) the human purpose and consequence they articulate in the form of rules, rites, virtues, and destiny; (2) the biographical record they preserve of the existence of their messengers, the prophets, and their missions among their peoples; and (3) the Heavenly faiths that coalesced around them by reason of their adherents upholding them as revealed Books and affirming the truth of their messengers, who testified that what they brought to people were, indeed, Heavenly revelations.

Muslims see a clear rationale to these matters of historical fact: God, Himself, selected prophets from every community of the world. Yet He preserved their unified message for human posterity, into our times, through the single line of Abraham ﷺ, Father of Prophets, and his heirs to divine revelation. Moreover, the distilled life-examples of these prophets and their followers (as well as that of others of God's messengers, who either preceded Abraham ﷺ and his seed, or appeared among different peoples whom the Quran does not name or locate) create for us an unmistakable universal paradigm of the nearly invariable responses and realignments that take place among any people whenever a Heavenly message descends to challenge the religious assumptions they

have invented in order to underpin and uphold the privileged hierarchies and injustices they have enshrined in their societies on the vague authority of some ancestral way of life. For example, the Quran mentions how Mary عليها السلام, the mother of Jesus عليه السلام, though a female, came to be reared in the High Temple under the guardianship of her prophet-brother-in-law Zachariah عليه السلام, though the other priests of Israel desired and vied for this appointment, on account of her inestimably noble lineage. In conveying this information, it reminds: «This is but one of the tidings of the unseen past that We reveal to you. For you were not with them when they cast their quills to resolve which of them would have the foster care of Mary. And you were not with them when they were contending for this honor» (Sûrat Âl-Imrân, 3:44).

That is to say, it is through the specific experience of the ancient prophets, Abraham عليه السلام and his heirs, and all those who followed and opposed them that God has shown us generally how He promulgated the divine call to spiritual unity and social equality among all humankind, the contentions that always arose, the means and methods that recurred in this struggle, and the inevitable ends that ensued: «Indeed, We have sent forth among every community a messenger with the commandment: You shall worship God alone and shun all false deities and objects of worship!» Hence, the challenge of the Quran today is no different than when it first came into the world, and not unlike that of any other Heavenly Book in its time and among its people. «So among them were those people whom God guided aright. And among them were those who persistently rejected guidance. Thus, they deservedly remained astray.» The continuation of this archetypal pattern of belief and rejection in relation to the Quran is, in a sense, its own ongoing proof of its abiding veracity as the Heavenly Revelation of the times. Therefore, the Quran's invitation to man to conduct anthropological and archaeological studies of the cultures and fate of bygone peoples remains open—and its warning against rejecting the message of Heaven that it now represents, continues in effect—until the Day of Judgment. «So journey in the earth, and see how devastating was the end of those who belied God» (Sûrat Al-Nahl, 16:36).

The Quran's iteration of these paradigm illustrations—that is, the prophetic experience in conveying to various human communities God's Books of revelation—occurs within a larger framework that details the “real-time” encounter of its own message and messenger. In other words, the Quran is cataloguing for all succeeding peoples and periods a detailed montage of the reaction of a vitally representative cross-section of peoples to itself and to its divinely appointed, human bearer,

Muhamamad ﷺ, the emissary of God. The Quranic cross-section of people is vitally representative because it corresponds to the categories of human beings into modernity until the end of time that the believing community shall ever encounter. The cataloguing of the event of the Quran—namely, its gradual revelation through the culmination of a generation—is crucial because it gives one the opportunity to assess the condition of one's own community and make enlightened choices in the midst of a rising confusion regarding the Quran, the place of God, and the relationship of religion to life swirling all about one. In addition, it allows those who come to uphold the Quran's revelation (1) to understand the sequence of events and experiences that they are facing or are likely to face in taking on that role; (2) to see through to the underlying reasons for the varied reactions of people to them; and, most importantly, (3) not to surrender their hearts to the strong "parasymphetic" urges that they shall surely feel, but, rather, to choose appropriate spiritual and temporal responses based, not upon whim, but on divine guidance. Specifically, they are to retrieve guidance from the "Text" of the Quran that addressed the essential questions confronting them in the first "context" of its revelation to the Prophet ﷺ and his Companions.

The Challenge Before the Quran in the First Instance

IN THE EARLY half of the mission of the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ, the Arabs of Makkah and its surroundings strove to drown out his public recitation of the Quran, devising to obscure its message and more easily belie its Heavenly origin among those they were effectively deterring from giving it fair hearing. As a backup to this, the Arab idolaters propagated notions that Muhammad ﷺ was a poet not a prophet, a sorcerer not a messenger, a soothsayer not an actual envoy from God. Sometimes they would spread the foregoing. Sometimes they would shift and say that others were teaching the Prophet ﷺ the mesmerizing words and wisdom he had suddenly come to utter. Sometimes they would reverse themselves and say he himself had fabricated the Quran, perhaps with the help of another. Yet if they were unclear about the source of the Quran, these opponents were absolutely clear about its end effect: Its words were as if magical and could not be allowed to reach the cocked ears of the people; its message of human individuality and God-given freedom was "radical" by the measures of a firmly ensconced aristocracy and would utterly transform the family, class, and gender structures of society, should it elude their grasp and get hold of the people.

Those who answered the call of Muhammad ﷺ, then and now,

responded to these accusations with a simple reply and challenge, inspired by the Quran itself: It is impossible for an unlettered, untutored man, as was Muhammad ﷺ, in the midst of a lonely desert peninsula, to produce the sublime likes of this Quran, transcendent in meaning, resplendent in structure—electric enough to power for a thousand years one of the most luminous civilizations the world has ever beheld. The ultimatum, of both the believers and this Book? Bring, then, a Quran like it, if it is invented. Rather, manufacture just ten forged surahs of its like. Indeed, bring forth just a single surah of compare. Moreover, call upon every being and invention in creation to help you in your endeavor. The legendary poetic genius possessed by the Arabs of the Prophet's ﷺ day shrank from this dare—full in their face—for fear of assured public humiliation. They understood the dire nature of the contest to which the Quran had summoned them. Perhaps a contemporary “confidence of ignorance,” as one translator of the Quran's meanings aptly called such an attitude, might incite one to take up the gauntlet. Fourteen centuries running, and the Muslim world yet waits.

The truth is no mortal being, whatever the amplitude of his or her gift, could rationally deem to do the work of the Divine. Thus, a reminder may be in order for those whose hearts have inclined to resurrect these failed policies toward the Quran from the graveyard of history, those who have shown signs of a delusion to give voice to the vacant echoes of the desolate past: Return, first, to the actual Text of the Quran, itself, and study the allegations made against it, not with the predisposition of a heart dimmed by cultural intolerance and politicized misinformation, but rather in light of the crystalline content that shines free from its surahs, glistens clear from its every verse.

I. THE CONTRADICTORY CLAIMS AGAINST MUHAMMAD ﷺ

The most common allegation made against the Quran is that Muhammad ﷺ surreptitiously authored it and then claimed that God revealed it to him. But much of the Prophet's ﷺ speech, both expounding religion and addressing mundane matters, survives. Its clarity, terse precision, and simplicity are eloquence itself. His supplications, in particular, are intensely inspirational, beautiful, moving, even genius. Yet when compared to the sublime utterance of God in the Quran, there is an unmistakable—indeed, profound—distinction between the two—in vocabulary, syntax, scope, theme, structure, and the sheer penetrative power that is the Quran's all alone. One who understands its Arabic sustains its impact on almost the cellular level, while, at once, it transports the mind to the very foundations of the earth and the universe beyond

infinity. For those who would argue that composition and speech differ, the Quran, strictly speaking, was presented as an oral recitation to be chanted and listened to. Nor is this kind of stylistic analysis between such presentations some extraordinary feat of scrutiny. Scholars and jurists regularly determine either the authorship or source of a document by way of systematic comparison. Indeed, the Quran itself hints at this kind of assessment.

﴿If you do not come forth to them with a miraculous sign, they say: Why do you not concoct one, or acquire it from God! Say to them: I follow only what is revealed to me from my Lord. This Quran is a manifest proof that my message is from your Lord, and that it is divine guidance and the way to God's mercy for a people who believe in Heavenly revelation.﴾ (Sûrat Al-A'raf, 7:203)

Note also in this verse the use of the imperative, *qul*, "Say!" addressed to the Prophet ﷺ, for it issues in the masculine singular (Arabic is capable of singular, dual, and plural, in both masculine and feminine forms). Indeed, this command is stated nearly three hundred twenty (320) times in the Quran—almost invariably directed at the Prophet ﷺ in the first instance. At the very least, this bit of grammatical evidence indicates to us three crucial realities about the relationship of Muhammad ﷺ to the Quran: (1) Here is a powerless individual in the glaring public eye of his tribal community who can now be held completely accountable by them to act upon the divine instructions he himself is telling them that he is receiving—often in defiance of their traditions and perceived interests; (2) the directives themselves state that he is bound to impart the Heavenly transmission they carry to "all" people, regardless of the consequence to his own person; and, most importantly, (3) much of what the Quran commands the Prophet ﷺ to convey to his people comes at immeasurable personal cost to him and harrowing risk, subjecting him to unbearable fear and terror at the hands of precisely those who have worldly dominance over him and to whom he is being compelled to address its message.

It seems almost too obvious to remark that a person under such duress would not normally cast himself, by his own hands, into ostracism, harm, and lethal injury, even if he knew that his decision to yield in the short term was against his ultimate interests. What of the man who holds the means to attain his "personal" desires without enduring such persecution and who further controls the agency whose pronouncements imperil his life? The fact is that power, leadership, glory, riches, and virtually endless worldly satisfaction—far beyond what

most people could ever hope to attain—were all well within the reach of Muhammad ﷺ at considerably less sacrifice and hazard, with seemingly much greater ease (and to a good deal more advantage), by simply parleying with his opponents instead of taking the arduous road of faith that the Quran had set him upon. For they had offered him all of this, in exchange for relatively modest concessions, if, indeed, the matter was all in his hands. Something more, then, than self-seeking worldly gain was certainly motivating—rather, sustaining—him in his mission.

Another accusation, by way of backhanded approbation, is that the Prophet ﷺ was a brilliant poet. Yet the consistent external moral voice of the Quran, as though it is being dictated from on high, is no common form for the artist, whose underlying ambition is in reality to please and win the acclaim of as wide an audience as possible, and to undermine—that is, to disestablish or loosen—the cultural strictures that conserve the normative power of a social elite. The unambiguous and resounding prophetic voice insisting upon both individual and systemic conversion through religious rectification is a far cry from the liberalizing wordplay and provocative dissent of countercultural artistic expression. Here, again, we draw attention to the exceedingly hostile antagonism—the real perception of threat to way of life—that the Quran, like all Heavenly revelation, produces in the audience at whom it is aimed. Art, moreover, has heritage; one can readily trace the transitions in its development and link together its creative genealogies. This was no less true of poesy and eloquence among the pre-Islamic Arabs than it is of the arts in our own time. Indeed, the anthropological record makes clear that such imaginative forms were quite rigidly established, widely known, and well developed among the Arabs at the time of the Quran's inception and continued long thereafter.

A third somewhat subtle assertion anoints the Prophet ﷺ a sincere monotheist, who believed so fervently in the truth of God's oneness that he began thinking he was receiving revelation, but that the Quran is, nonetheless, the ingenuous product of his own mind. There is a certain type of turbulent personality that has appeared at crisis points in the history of communities, mostly as messianic reformers within established religions. They are characterized by ecstatic utterances or expressions of protest that are enough to verify the desperate mood of the masses, or the building dissent within some silent but alienated and corrupt socially controlling institution. Their "inspiration" invariably accommodates the usually nascent power structure that produced its viewpoint and then reconciles for rational purposes with all coercive force that can attain to it.

The Prophet ﷺ, like all prophets, has no share in the logic of such malcontents. He was calm, reflective, and reticent, not truculent. Makkan society enjoyed an economic boon and Arabia stability, within its brutal tribal norms, prior to his declaration of prophethood. Before his call, he showed no inclination to power and did not vie for it on behalf of any interested or disaffected group or hierarchy, not even his own clan. Indeed, one sees him moving steadily away from public engagement and irresistibly toward solitude and meditation in manhood. After his divine summons, the Prophet ﷺ had very real cause (as we shall see later) to change certain positions of the Quran in order to persuade or appease his powerful detractors. In their interminable attempt to negotiate Islam with him, relentlessly they requested him to modify the Quran's statements or bring forth a more agreeable discourse, and steadfastly he declined, even when seemingly moral expediencies would nearly make his heart so incline and when not to have so acquiesced simply defies human logic. We need not speculate about whether these antagonist powers sincerely wanted a less exacting revelation or balked at one of such sweeping socio-moral change. There can be no doubt, however, that on occasion the same clique sought, and were caught, trying to seduce the Prophet ﷺ into human amendment of its Text, in order to undermine its assertion of being a divine proclamation. Regardless of the intent, the Quran's answer invariably came to the Prophet ﷺ with all the decisiveness of the Heaven-sent, ordering him without his consultation and warning him either openly or implicitly, to say so publicly.

﴿But when Our revealed verses were recited to them as clear evidences that God is One, those who do not hope for Our destined Meeting on Judgment Day said: Bring to us a Quran other than this, or change it. Say to them, O Prophet: It is not for me to change it of my own accord. I only follow what is revealed to me. Indeed, I fear—were I to disobey my Lord—the torment of an awesome Day Hereafter!﴾ (Sûrat Yûnus, 10:15)

As far as the Quran is concerned, then, the Prophet ﷺ is but Heaven's herald on earth: Transmitting the Quran at God's command; imparting it to people with no inserted thought, nor extra word (and at no time or choosing) of his own; utterly incapable of marshalling the omniscient meanings of the miracle message he intoned, let alone of composing it into such perfectly set verses of so unconditionally supreme a lyric beauty—a fact distressingly well known to the cousin-contemporaries he had spent forty quiet, constant, uncreative, "Quranless" years among as part

of the tribe of Quraysh. «Say to them, O Prophet: Had God so willed I would not now have received this Quran and recited it to you. Nor would He have made it known to you. For, truly, I have dwelled among you a lifetime before it was revealed to me as an admonition to you. Will you not, then, reason?» (Sûrat Yûnus, 10:15–16).

It is established history that Muhammad ﷺ could neither read nor write; that before his divine appointment to the office of prophethood he had no knowledge of the preceding scriptures nor their Laws and rites; that his religious awareness did not appreciably exceed that of his people, the idolatrous Arabs, though his heart inclined away from the objects they worshipped his entire life. His environment held no esteemed center of religious learning or philosophical thought. Rather, even the learned among the Jews and the Christians who lived on the periphery of “scriptureless” Arab life heartily shared in Arab religious illiteracy; and this condition of ignorance obtained, with rare exception, even regarding most of their own religion. Nor was Muhammad ﷺ conversant in languages other than Arabic to understand or read in the Greek or Hebrew texts of the old scriptures. Rather, the Quran tells us, he was not only unlettered but a man “unscriptured.”

«And so it is that We have revealed to you O Prophet, this Quran—a guiding Spirit of the divine Law with Our revealed command. Never before it did you know what the Book of God was, nor what Heavenly faith was. Thus have We made it a light by which We guide whomever We so will of Our servants. And, indeed, thereby, you guide humanity to a straight way of salvation—the way of God, to whom belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. Most surely, it is to God alone that all affairs are destined.» (Sûrat Al-Shûrâ, 42:52–53)

II. THE RESUSCITATION OF SUCH CLAIMS IN OUR TIMES

Some Orientalists have insinuated that Muhammad ﷺ learned from his desert environs what the Quran delineates as to faith in One God and the manifestations of this in the human soul and on the horizons of existence; that he discerned therein the creed of resurrection and recompense, and what might precede and accompany this and what will succeed and result from it; that the histories of the prophets and the nations of old, and the narratives of peoples unknown—all this he gleaned from his world. This is patent nonsense. To attribute such erudition and awareness to sixth-century Arabia is either to be wholly ignorant of, or sentimental about, its crude reality, or to project what is

in oneself, and one's own milieu and culture, onto it.

To study the life of the Prophet ﷺ is to quickly recognize that he was seemingly always faced with direly crucial moments that must necessarily have pressed upon him heavily, where he was desperate for the Quran's revelation to come to him with a vindicating word; and yet Heaven, to his ear, held silent. Clearly, the Quran declaimed not at his will. For had this at all been the case, he could not have hesitated to so beckon it whenever a challenge or need arose. Yet here Muhammad ﷺ was helpless, save to wait. How ardently he desired to turn his face in Prayer to the First House of God founded on earth in Makkah, the holy edifice raised by Abraham ؑ and his eldest son Ishmael ؑ, and to which the Arabs had adhered for millennia. Yet, Jerusalem remained the decreed direction of the Muslim Prayer for more than thirteen years into his call, until at last God's new commandment descended (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:144). How politically expedient and appeasing (from the economic point of view) this change of Prayer direction would have been to the Quraysh, his own people, and all the Arabs of the Peninsula who venerated the Ka'bah from time immemorial! But the Prophet ﷺ could not, dared not, bid it. For it was God's will to first rip this submission, this Islam, free of all parochial, cultural identity, and associate it with the focal point of its sister-faiths, Judaism and Christianity.

The Prophet's ﷺ wife was falsely accused of adultery (Sûrat Al-Nûr, 24:10–24). Muhammad ﷺ waited. The idolatrous Arabs and Arabized Jews tested the veracity of his claim to prophethood with question after query: Who was the noble one, son of the noble one, son of the noble one, son of the noble patriarch whose travails brought his people to a foreign land (see Sûrat Yûsuf, 12)? Muhammad ﷺ waited. Who were the Sleepers? How did they come to be called this? How many were they? How long did they sleep (see Sûrat Kahf, 18:9)? Muhammad ﷺ waited. Who is “he of the two horns” and what of his story and traces (see Sûrat Kahf, 18:83)? Again, he waited.

Now our questions: Why would a man who had it at his disposal to prove his veracity with a sure word endure the anxiety, the suspicion, the ensuing weakening of position if he had it in his power to do otherwise? Why would such a one remain silent, mute, all eyes upon him at every moment, at the precise time he could win for himself the lasting certainty that he was what he claimed to be? Why would a man bring upon himself the mortal wrath of people, his own and some of those from preceding faith-communities, when the former offered him kingship over them, if only he would compromise in the Arabic “word” he was uttering; and when the latter desired only a few alterations of his

“revelation to incorporate him as their awaited prophet”? Yet there he stood, waiting, unable to yield, even when desperate need would nearly take the heart of him. Waiting for what?

For this:

﴿But no, indeed! I do swear! By all that you see, and all that you do not see! This ‘Quran’ is, indeed, the ‘very’ word ‘of God, conveyed by way’ of a noble messenger-angel. And it is not the word of a poet. ‘But’ little is it that you ‘human beings’ believe! Nor is it the word of a soothsayer. ‘But’ little is it that you ‘human beings’ reflect! It is ‘a revelation’ sent down from the Lord of ‘All’ the Worlds. And were ‘Muhammad’ to falsely attribute some words to Us, We would, most surely, seize him by the right hand. Then We would, most surely, sever his aorta. Nor is there ‘a single’ one of you who could prevent ‘God’ from him. Thus, indeed, ‘this Quran’ is a ‘revealed’ Reminder ‘sent in admonition’ for all the God-fearing. Yet, indeed, We know well that among you there are ardent beliers ‘of it’. For, indeed, it is a cause of ‘deep’ regret for the disbelievers. Yet, indeed, it is, most surely, the ‘revealed’ truth of utter certainty. So highly exalt the name of your Lord, the Magnificent.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Ĥâqqah, 69:38–52)

The likes of this would, “indeed,” be strong impetus for the Prophet ﷺ not to essay in conjecture but to wait on a conclusive word. Yet, why would God have His messenger wait? Why did He not immediately fulfill his obviously pressing needs? Why did He not relieve His own prophet of such mounting stress? God is all-wise and well knows where to place His message and when to reveal it—and how to ensure that it is eminently understood, for all time, that it is God alone who was sending it into the world.

﴿Thus with ‘profound’ truth, it is We who have sent down this ‘Quran’. And thus with ‘profound’ truth has it come down! For We have not sent you, ‘to humanity, O Prophet,’ but as a bearer of glad tidings ‘of everlasting delight in Paradise’ and as a forewarner ‘of God’s nearing Judgment’. For, indeed, this ‘Quran’ is a Heavenly Recitation We have apportioned ‘with distinct messages of truth’, so that you may recite it to humanity, ‘in intervals, O Prophet’, at a deliberate pace. Thus have We sent it down in successive ‘revelations’.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Isrâ’, 17:105–06)

There are skeptics who deem all leaders, including the Prophet ﷺ, simply creatures of ambition, in search of fame and authority at all costs. Yet had this been the mentality of the Prophet ﷺ, he would certainly

not have attributed the Quran to anyone other than himself, desiring, rather, to redirect the natural human adoration for the Deity to himself, for so it is that such men act. In that case, we would have found a surfeit of “revelations” springing up all across Arabia, to contend with that of Muhammad ﷺ, for the competitors contending for the leadership of the Arabs were as many as the grains of its sand. But no such thing took place. Muhammad ﷺ credited the Quran to humanity’s sole God. Nor were any serious attempts made to replicate it, except what from the outset became synonymous with lying and laughing.

The life of Muhammad ﷺ—especially after his call to prophethood—was recorded and reported with a meticulousness that knows no equal in all of human history (something the camera and computer have not altered). Yet his own opponents could find nothing disparaging or impugning in his conduct—before or after his anointing—to unseat his image of sincerity and honesty among his contemporaries. Now, clearly a man of his solemnity and wisdom, of his elevation and character, of his widely reputed fidelity would not abjure lying or deceiving people only to invent falsehoods before God. Muhammad ﷺ had been hailed by his people before Islam with the honorific Al-Amîn, the Trustworthy soul. For all that had been handed over to him of wealth or vested in him of personal responsibility for safeguard, he preserved and returned, even the assets of those who belied his prophethood yet still put their valuables with him for safekeeping. Would he uphold the gems of men and betray the jewel of God? On the contrary, God has spoken the very word of truth in His divine defense of His own Book and His chosen Messenger ﷺ—no less pertinent today to their jealous detractors than when it was revealed early on in the Prophet’s ﷺ call in Makkah:

﴿Every soul is itself in pledge for what it has earned—except for the Companions of the Right. In Gardens of Paradise, they shall ask one another about the sinful unbelievers, then ask of them, themselves: What thrust you into the deep of Hellfire, in a place called Saqar? They will answer: We were not of those who prayed. Nor did we feed the indigent. Rather, we indulged in falsehood along with all the indulgent. Moreover, we used to belie the Day of Judgment—until the certainty of death came to us. Yet never shall the intercession of any intercessors benefit them. What, then, is the matter with them that they now turn away from the revealed Reminder of the Quran, as though they were terrified wild asses fleeing from a lion? Yet every one of them wishes, ardently, that he was chosen by God to be given Scriptures unfurled.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Muddaththir, 74:38–52)

The Collection and Compilation of the Quran

THE EARLY EXPERIENCES of the Prophet ﷺ with the divine revelation of the Quran were overwhelmingly gripping (and quite literally so, in his celebrated first episode with Gabriel ﷺ, the Archangel of Revelation, in the grotto of Hīrâ' atop the Mount of Light). These encounters varied in their nature and intensity, some bringing the Prophet ﷺ to the limits of his endurance. The Prophet ﷺ had to "mature" into the experience of revelation and his role as elect of God.

In the beginning, as Gabriel ﷺ recited the Quran to him, the Prophet ﷺ was fearful that his memory would fail and tried anxiously to capture in his breast the utterances of every phoneme and inflection. He used frantically to repeat its words and verses right through the event of their revelation and afterward. Like so much of the prophetic experience, the Quran guided him by degrees to an inner peace, and from this center to an unrelenting focus on his worldly mission. First it eased his mind, over and again, of its apprehension: ﴿O Prophet! Do not move your tongue hurriedly with the Quran while receiving it to hasten memorizing it. Indeed, it is incumbent upon Us to collect it in your heart and to ease for you its recitation﴾ (Sûrat Al-Qiyâmah, 75:16–17). ﴿We shall make you recite the Quran, O Prophet, such that you shall not forget it—except what God so will﴾ (Sûrat Al-A'îlâ, 87:6–7). ﴿For most high above all is God, the King, the Truth! Thus make no haste with the Quran before its revelation to you is completed﴾ (Sûrat Tâ Hâ, 20:114).

Then the Quran immortalized this lesson: ﴿So when We recite it to you by way of Our Angel Gabriel, then follow closely its recitation﴾ (Sûrat Al-Qiyâmah, 75:18). ﴿For God knows all that is proclaimed and all that is hidden. Thus We shall ease you to Our sacred way of life with all ease﴾ (Sûrat Al-A'îlâ, 87:7–8).

Finally, it redirected him outward to disclose to his fellows in humanity the Quran's guarantee to them all of a good life that would never wane, even as it called them to pursue wisdom with a higher purpose in their hearts deriving from the sacred and not the profane: ﴿So continue to remind all people with the Quran—even if the reminding benefits only some of them﴾ (Sûrat Al-A'îlâ, 87:9). ﴿Then incumbent upon Us is to ease for you its explanation﴾ (Sûrat Al-Qiyâmah, 75:19). And, again: ﴿Thus make no haste with the Quran before its revelation to you is completed. But say only: My Lord! Increase me in knowledge﴾ (Sûrat Tâ Hâ, 20:114).

In this manner, the Prophet ﷺ became the first person to memorize the Quran by heart and the living epitome of its wisdom. His

unfailing example—augmented by his plain-spoken, inspiring exhortations—strongly motivated his Companions to follow suit. “The best of you is one who learns the Quran and teaches it,” he said. “If anyone recites a letter from the Book of God, then he will be credited with a good deed, and a good deed attains a tenfold reward. I do not say that [the verse] *Alif, Lâm, Mîm* is considered one letter, but *Alif* is a letter; *Lâm* is a letter; and *Mîm* is a letter.” He said, as well, “Envy is justified in only two cases: A man who, having received knowledge of the Quran from God, stays awake reciting it night and day; and a man who, having received wealth from God, spends on others night and day.”

Memory was something Arabian culture revered and cultivated to a degree probably extraordinary in the world. Yet contrary to some of the more romanticized notions among modern scholars, from almost the first moment of his prophethood, Muhammad ﷺ required that the segments of revelation he received be transcribed in writing. Quran scholars enumerate nearly seventy (70) of his Companions, both men and women, who served as scribes to his personal dictation in this regard—a process that did not cease throughout his twenty-three-year prophetic career, including annual comprehensive reviews deliberately redoubled near the end of his life. The first four Caliphs after the passing of the Prophet ﷺ (who were the instruments through which the final authoritative compilation of the Quran took place) all served as scribes of the Prophet ﷺ in his lifetime. So did three of the Prophet’s ﷺ wives, as well as many other prominent Companions.⁵

The transcription of the Quran predated widespread availability of paper. For the most part, parchments of leather, stripped palm branches, fabric, wood, bones (mostly camel and sheep scapulas and ribs), and flat stones sufficed early on. Potted ink, writing boards, pen implements, and the like were, however, readily available.

Numerous reports show the Prophet’s ﷺ deliberate plan to transcribe the revelation of the Quran from the outset. These include the Makkan conversion of ‘Umar ibn Al-Khaṭṭāb (from his reading of a written transcription of the beginning portion of Sûrat Tâ Hâ (20)); the credit given in Makkah to Khâlid ibn Sa‘îd ibn Al-‘Âṣ for being the first to write the celebrated Quranic opening, *Bismillah al-Rahmân al-Rahîm*, In the Name of God, the All-Merciful, the Mercy-Giving; and the fact that it is widely reported that the Prophet ﷺ turned over in writing all that had been, for more than a ten-year period, revealed of the Quran in Makkah to Râfi‘ ibn Mâlik, an Arab of the town of Yathrib (later to be renamed Al-Madinah, “The City” of the Prophet), at the time of the Pledge of ‘Aqabah, wherein the Yathrabite Arabs

agreed to give refuge and support to the persecuted Prophet ﷺ. Râfi^c then returned home with this transcription and read out loud to his tribesmen from these transcribed pages.⁶

I. THE COMPANIONS AND THE COLLECTION OF THE QURAN

Much has been made of the unrivaled reverence, esteem, and regard in which the Companions held the Prophet ﷺ, and the great deference and solicitude they showed him, to the extent that emulation of him—no matter how mundane or small of a statement or act it might seem—constituted a perfection of their worship of God, inasmuch as he was upheld by the Quran to all humanity as «an excellent model for you—for whoever has hope in God and for salvation on the Last Day» (Sûrat Al-Aḥzâb, 33:21). If that is the case with their human messenger, and it was, then one can scarcely imagine the overpowering impact on the Companions of so much love, veneration, and care as these feelings converged spot on at their irreducible focal point, the divinely revealed Quran. In the first half of the Prophet's ﷺ mission, nearly thirteen years in Makkah (commonly called the Makkan period, since it predated the Emigration, or Hijrah, of the Prophet ﷺ and his followers to Madinah), virtually every new Muslim, male and female, had memorized all the Quran that had been revealed in that phase. This constitutes a remarkable 100 percent Quranic literacy rate among them. It is true that their numbers were relatively few (less than two hundred) owing to intense persecution. Yet, this only underlines the obvious and overwhelming esteem in which they beheld the Quran.

The Companions who memorized the Quran in its entirety were with honor entitled *Ḥafazât al-Qurrâ'*, the Preservers of the Recitation (or *Ḥafazât al-Qur'ân*, the Preservers of the Quran). Their numbers dramatically increased in the Madinan period. As many as seventy (70) Quran memorizers (*qurrâ'*, s. *qâri'*) are reported to have been massacred by a group of Bedouins at a place called Bi'r Mâ'ûnah in the year 4 A.H. (626 C.E.).⁷ Another two hundred or more *qurrâ'* were martyred in the fierce Battle of Yamâmah (a plateau in central northeast Arabia) in 11 A.H. (632 C.E., the year of the Prophet's ﷺ death).

Indeed, with the passing of the Prophet ﷺ and the ascension of Abû Bakr to the Caliphate, Arabia and the borderlands erupted in the Apostatic Wars (*Ḥurûb Al-Ridda*), testing the Muslim polity's resolve and the legitimacy of their central authority in Madinah. Muslim armies were dispatched to eleven regions to assert, among other things, the ascendancy of Islam's collectivized rites, such as the annual collection of the Zakât-Charity. So as the Companions passed into elderhood, events

such as the foregoing strongly motivated their leaders, as we shall now see, to formally commission the gathering and compilation of the entirely extant oral and written record of the Quran into attested standardized editions, representing the precise conveyance of the Prophet ﷺ.

II. THE COLLECTION OF THE QURAN DURING THE CALIPHATE OF ABÛ BAKR

The loss of so many Preservers of the Quran, coupled with the increased possibility of death among the illustrious first generation it had illumined, prompted ‘Umar ibn Al-Khaṭṭāb to advocate for an official compilation of the Quran with Islam’s first Caliph, Abû Bakr. ‘Umar’s explicit reason was the Quran’s preservation and dissemination. The official Text of the Quran was to be a safeguard against any ill-intended attempt to tamper with the Quran’s Text and a precaution against even the slightest loss of certainty in its Text, which might accrue with the inevitable rise of ignorance about its concrete experience, as the close Companions died off and newcomers flooded Islam’s fold. Characteristically hesitant to initiate any endeavor or practice without explicit precedent in the life of the Prophet ﷺ, Abû Bakr aired his concerns with ‘Umar, who pressed his case until he overcame his friend and leader’s objections, one by one. Then Abû Bakr consulted with others of the Companions regarding the idea, and they too supported it. So commenced the meticulous process of the “gathering” of the verses and surahs of the Quran as they had been previously publicly recited, memorized by the Prophet ﷺ himself, and written down under his supervision.

Abû Bakr’s methodology in the collection of the written Quran was both thorough and methodical:

He selected for the task Zayd ibn Thâbit Al-Anṣârî—youthful, energetic, morally irreproachable, among the best memorizers of the Quran in the community, and, perhaps, the most prolific of all the Prophet’s ﷺ Quran scribes.

He decreed a mandatory, complete communitywide effort in its hardcopy collection and simultaneous oral verification.

He appointed the most prominent Companions in the most effective ways to carry it out. This included its promulgation by ‘Umar ibn Al-Khaṭṭāb, who was stationed at the door of the central theater of Muslim life, the Prophet’s ﷺ Mosque in Madinah, to inform and direct the Companions in this effort; Zayd assumed an established post near ‘Umar to perform the collection and take the witnessed testimony of each contributor; and

the celebrated muezzin of the Prophet ﷺ, Bilâl ibn Rabî'ah, heralded the project through the streets and byways of Madinah. He decreed that no verse of the Quran would be accepted into the compilation unless it had been written under the direct supervision of the Prophet ﷺ with two witnesses who could attest to the veracity of this.

He had the Quran compilation recorded on the surface of treated leather, organized into the *muṣḥaf* (Quran copy) as we now know it, in terms of verses and surahs, and simultaneously verified by Ḥafazât al-Qurrâ', the Preservers of the Recitation.

This copy was then placed under the guardianship of no less a figure than the Caliph himself, Abû Bakr, and, after his death, that of his successor, 'Umar ibn Al-Khaṭṭâb, who assigned it to his daughter, Hafsah, the wife of the Prophet ﷺ, at the event of his passing. When 'Uthmân ibn 'Affân, the third of the four Rightly Guided Caliphs, took up the burdens of leadership, he assumed the preservation of this copy and used it as the basis for retranscribing and verifying—with the overwhelming approval of the Companions—the six major codices of the Quran, from which all copies of the Quran down to the present time have been produced.

Substantially, the objective of 'Uthmân was no different than that of the first Caliph, Abû Bakr: recording the Quran's words, verses, and surahs as the Prophet ﷺ received, uttered, and had them written down in a rigorously exact, authentic way. If at all his purpose can be said to have differed from that of his predecessor, it was only in his goal of expanding the availability of the confirmed codices to the major regions of the fast-growing Muslim world, to become a reference for the far-flung who had accepted Islam, that they might learn from them and inscribe from them their own copies (which held no official authority) specifically for this function.

Thus, 'Uthmân appointed, for the recompilation of the Book of God, a second Quran Committee from the senior Companions. They were not only among the most estimable *qurrâ'*, but known, as well, for their impeccable religious credentials and spiritual solicitude. Again, Zayd ibn Thâbit played the most prominent role. Along with him, Abd Al-Rahmân ibn Al-Hârith ibn Hishâm and Khâlid ibn Sa'îd ibn Al-Âṣ served in the core committee. An adjunct group, also Companions, assisted and checked them. Among them were 'Ubay ibn Ka'b (a scribe), Anas ibn Mâlik, 'Abdullah ibn 'Abbâs, Kathîr ibn Aflah, and others. Again, the compiled written Text was reviewed against both the memorization of the Companion-*qurrâ'* and the original authenticated

copy collected by Abû Bakr. From this, the ‘Uthmânî codices were transcribed and promulgated, five to the major outlying urban centers, the sixth, following his predecessors, in the personal care of the Caliph himself at the very seat of government in Madinah. There are historical reports that mark the number of codices as four, excluding the Makkan copy. Others count eight or nine official codices, adding Egypt, Bahrain, Yemen, and Al-Jazîrah (present-day northern Iraq) to the list.⁸

In his transmission of these official codices of the Quran, ‘Uthmân maintained the strict oral-written, mutually verifying tradition of the Quran that was embodied in the actual revelation experience of, and established by, the Prophet ﷺ himself. Accompanying each codex to its specified city or region was an appointed *qâ’î*—again, an approved reciter who had memorized the entire Quran. These were elevated to the newly instituted position of Muqri’ Muṣḥâf (Official Reciter of the Quran Codex). Thus, Zayd ibn Thâbit was installed as Muqri’ Muṣḥâf Al-Madinah, the Official Reciter of the Quran Codex of the City of Madinah; ‘Abdullah ibn Al-Sâ’ib in Makkah; Mughirah ibn Shihâb in Syria; Abû Abd Al-Raḥmân Al-Sulamî in Kûfah; and ‘Âmir ibn Qays in Baṣrah.

Most remarkable in all of this is that from the death of the Prophet ﷺ in 11 A.H. / 632 C.E. to the verified publication and distribution of ‘Uthmân’s codices a mere fifteen years had elapsed. This is, in the context of the history of the compilation of Sacred Texts and their public issue, nothing short of miraculous, the living proof of God’s promise about the Quran in its own immortal verse: ﴿Indeed, it is We alone who have sent down the Quran as a Reminder to humanity of the way of God. And, indeed, We alone shall forever preserve it﴾ (Sûrat Al-Hijr, 15:9).

Just as the Prophet ﷺ had fulfilled his obligation before God to convey the message of the Quran in full, so too did his Companions—with their faultless collection and dissemination of the Quran’s codices—follow his prescribed way (*sunnah*). For after the establishment of faith and its way of life, the commitment to promulgate the Quran with complete clarity to all humanity is the foremost responsibility of every generation of the Muslim community.

5

SPHERE FIVE

THE MUSLIM OBLIGATION TO CONVEY THE QURAN

THE QURAN SAYS explicitly that it «is a declaration for all people» sent down to them by God for three reasons: «so that they may be forewarned by it» of their coming judgment before Him in the Hereafter; «so that they may know ‘certainly’ that He» who sent it down «is, indeed, the One God; and so that those» human beings «who are endowed with» the discretion to perceive that both these things are true and who possess the «understanding» to realize what this means «may» heed the Quran’s admonition and «be ever mindful» of implementing it in the world (Sûrat Ibrâhîm, 14:52).

By its own account, then, the Quran is «a ‘revealed’ Reminder ‘sent to ‘all the people of ‘the worlds» that human beings inhabit—temporal and spatial, psychological, and social (Sûrat Al-An‘âm, 6:90). Now, so wondrous a thing as a revelation from God in the tongue of men must not escape their individual consideration. «A most blessed Book have We sent down to you,» O Prophet, «so that they» who receive it «may reflect on its verses.» All people, therefore, are meant to contemplate its letter and meaning. But only those who believe in its message—those «who are endowed with» its «understanding» and who are «ever mindful» of the practice of its commandments—are obligated to convey its content and clarify its meaning on behalf of those who are only vaguely aware of it or who have no access to it (Sûrat Şâd, 38:29). If others choose to take part in the Quran’s promulgation, that is their free-will decision and their recompense is with God. But as a commission (and honor), this duty has been entrusted only to the community that has pledged to uphold God’s Messenger ﷺ and His message.

The first person that God enjoined with the obligation of commu-

nicating the Quran was the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ himself. ﴿O Messenger! Proclaim all that has been sent down to you from your Lord. For if you do not, then you will not have conveyed His message﴾ (Sûrat Al-Mâ'idah, 5:67). God obliged him not only to transmit its surahs and signs (*ayât*) verbatim to all people, but also to explain their Texts and meanings to them. ﴿Thus to you, O Prophet, We have sent down the Quran as a final Reminder of God's way, so that you may make clear to all people the word of God that has come down to them, and so that they may reflect on it and be guided﴾ (Sûrat Al-Nahl, 16:44). The Prophet ﷺ accomplished this mission categorically, to which the entire Muslim community has borne witness, enunciating the Quran down to its final inflection and illustrating its meanings unto the last breath with word and deed. He then transferred this obligation in perpetuity to his Companions after him and to every generation of their successors, until the Trumpet Blast of the Last Hour shall sound the call to Judgment. Anyone who follows Muhammad ﷺ is obliged to take up his earthly mantle and forewarn and hearten all humanity with the ﴿Great Tiding﴾ of an imminent Hereafter (see Sûrat Al-Nabâ', 78). "Convey [God's revelation] from me, if but a single verse," he said. And "let the present among you convey it to the absent, and may the latter understand it better than the former" (Şaḥîḥ Al-Bukhârî, 1:35).

From the very first, Muslims were decisive in answering the Prophet's ﷺ call. Nor did they confine themselves to the meticulous transmission of the Quran's written Arabic Text alone, though this they surely did, as well (see "Sphere Four"). The Companions interpreted the Quran's meanings in both Arabic and other languages. To begin with, it is widely known and reported that the Prophet ﷺ did not restrict himself to conveying the message of Heaven to people of the Peninsula. He sent to the monarchs of neighboring lands, several letters in which verses of the Quran were recorded. He chose for his messengers those of his Companions who knew the languages of these rulers, or whom he had specifically exhorted to learn targeted foreign languages. This illustrates two relevant points. First, the Prophet ﷺ directly promoted among his followers the learning of non-Arabic tongues for the express purpose of conveying the message of the Quran. In addition, he dispatched at least some of these multilingual Companions with his letters to heads of state with the aim of having them translated to the latter—including the verses of the Quran cited in them.⁹

In the Prophet's ﷺ lifetime, his own cousin, Ja'far ibn Abî Tâlib, led a group of Muslims to asylum in the Christian kingdom of Abyssinia and presented the first forty verses of Sûrat Maryam in the court of its

wise and just ruler, Al-Najâshî. Recounting the miraculous story of Mary عليها السلام and the conception, birth, and prophetic mission of Jesus عليه السلام, these verses were translated then and there into Amharic, the language of the land. Another Companion, the Persian Salmân, is said to have interpreted the meanings of the Quran's most revered surah, "The Opening," or Al-Fâtîhah, into old Farsi, his mother tongue, though there is discrepancy in this report.¹⁰ It is clear, however, that the great jurist, Abû Hanîfah (80–150 H. / 698–767 C.E.), at least early on, ruled in favor of Persian converts translating the Quran in their Şalât-Prayers into Farsi, until they learned Arabic.¹¹ Others contend that Mûsâ ibn Sayyâr Al-Aswânî orally translated the entire Quran in the first phase of Islam in Persia.¹²

Non-Arabic speakers were not alone in requiring interpretation of some verses of the Quran. Many among the Arabs themselves sought its explication *in other words*. Hence, the celebrated Companion 'Abdullah ibn 'Abbâs became known as *Tarjumân al-Qur'ân*, literally, the "Translator" of the Quran, meaning, here, not into different languages, but explaining its meanings in Arabic. Thus, from the advent of the Quran to the present, Muslims have not ceased representing and explicating the words of God with their own. The result is perhaps the most prodigious library of interpretive literature in human experience, a genre known as Tafsîr Al-Qur'ân, exegesis of and commentary on the Quran—and it is under this rubric that translation is properly to be classified. Arabic remains far and away the most common language in which the Quran is contemplated and clarified. Nevertheless, in all the written tongues of the Muslim world, and most others, explanation of the Quran, by Muslims, has grown voluminously. It was the same kind of systematic study of the Quran, across a wide array of cultures, and by many whose native speech was not Arabic, that originally helped engender the Quranic sciences, which formed and diverged into Textual and contextual disciplines in the broad areas of explication, language, and recitation, each field sprouting varied branches that in turn became lines of scholarly inquiry in themselves. From the boundless fount of the Quran also teemed the many "Islamic" sciences, including theology (*kalâm*); Law (*fiqh*); prophetic studies (*sunnah*, that is, the statements, practices, and approvals of the Prophet ﷺ, and *sîrah*, the history of his messengership); and Arabic language (*lughah*). Out of the Quran, as well, stemmed the famed Muslim inquiry into the heavens and the earth, that is, virtually all their discursive and natural learning, which lighted the way for humankind into modernity. Moreover, in direct association with the Quran came the renowned aural and visual arts for which Islam

as a civilization is still justly admired.

Yet, the central Quranic discipline, the resource from which all the streams of Islam's learning and creativity flow, is exegetical commentary (*tafsīr*). The past masters of this science are many. They have hailed from across the globe and appeared in every age (see Part Two: The Method of this Interpretation and Commentary, which follows this section, for some of these luminaries, and also the Bibliography of this work). Their works bear witness to the inspired brilliance, the intellectual excellence, and the impeccable moral rectitude that render them the sterling standard of Quran scholarship. History's verdict, on the other hand, has fallen harshly on those interpreters adjudged false, incompetent, or ideologically compromised, sending them into the annals of the abyss. It counted them illegitimate pretenders to the prophetic inheritance of sacred knowledge, for their works were born of inferior, suspicious, or tenuously speculative labors. This is because the work of Quran commentary is, indeed, the patrimony of the prophets ﷺ and, as such, can be established after them by nothing less than earnest, arduous, intellectual struggle in the service of the Quran.

The Need to Express the Quran in World Languages

Regrettably, translation and explanation of the Quran's meanings into world languages outside majority Muslim societies has no gallant history to compare with Arabic commentary, though, clearly, linguistic interpretation offered Muslims the most ample platform from which to express their revelation's universality. While the scholars never really took up this challenge (until recently, perhaps), the need was not lost on the piercing commentators of the past. Addressing the obvious issue of an Arabic summons to a multilingual world, the incisive Quran scholar Al-Zamakhsharī (d. 538 H. /1143 C.E.) said: "The Prophet ﷺ has been sent to the entirety of humanity, but it was not necessary that the Quran be revealed in all the languages of the world because conveying its meanings to people by way of translation is entirely feasible."¹³ Indeed, the Quran itself is the most effective reply to the dismissive allegation that it is no more than a historical Arabic address, relevant to the desert-dwellers of the Middle Ages alone. Were it properly unfurled in plain view upon the winds of the world's languages, the Quran's cogent ontological clarity, permeating spiritual simplicity, temperate spirit of Law, and modest way of life would forever banish the malicious image-mongering that swirls about it to the Dark Ages of history, from whence it has mostly come.

Yet for thirteen centuries, Muslims did not produce a single, known,

complete translation of the Quran into the languages of peoples who lived outside the far-flung lands of Islam, where Muslims had no numerical concentration. In 1143, the year before our keen Quran commentator, Al-Zamakhsharî, died, however, the first full Latin rendition of the Quran's meanings was done by an English cleric. For nearly four centuries after him, and another four hundred years beyond the disintegration of Islamic Andalusia in 1492 (the year of Columbus's claim upon America and Spain's ensuing Inquisition), Muslims lay speechless as to the translation of the Quran into Western languages. They seemed not to recognize the relationship between their manifest unwillingness to enunciate their message and the phenomenon of their collapse and their rising ridicule and persecution. Increasingly, they cocooned themselves in a self-imposed quiescence, wrapped in the fiction that if they neglected their covenant and kept still, time and the jealous attentions of men would pass over them, and the world would let them be. Only the prodding steel of an approaching "twentieth" century, according to a foreign, Gregorian calendar, goaded Muslims to finally attempt the articulation of the Quran's message in European tongues. Their first utterances of its reassuring meanings in strange speech were weak. Deficient in motive and methodology, they were a perfect reflection of the rust-encrusted faculties of the men who emitted them, neither enlightened with the philosophical underpinnings of the burgeoning West nor illuminated by the great traditions of learning from the Muslim middle of the world.

Not merely did these efforts ensue late, they emerged from a desire not altogether fired by the prophetic instruction to impart the worded will of God through the earth. In the main, they came to counter an onslaught of thoughts unleashed from the direction of sunset that intended, overtly or obliquely, to support the twilight logic of colonial supremacy over Muslim lands. Neither the old-style missionary nor the newly minted Orientalist sought to augment the broken spirit or amend the buckled intellectual infrastructure of the Muslim world. They saw feebleness on both counts and meant to exploit it for the sake of a vulgar earthly ascendancy. Vehemently they assailed the foundational Text of Islamic civilization, as to its authenticity, its structure, and even its religious value. They strove mightily to bring down the entire edifice of Islam upon its residents' heads. They were not the only ones guilty of badly underestimating the durability and potency of the Quran.

Within three decades, the Muslim world fell into furious debate about the legitimacy of translating the meanings of the Quran into modern languages. Interpretations of the Quran by Muslims were appearing

now in a more or less steady trickle, mostly from outside the religious establishment of the scholarly ‘*ulamâ*.’¹⁴ It had become the intellectual province of those trained in the institutions and traditions of Western learning and whose Islamic education was inexpert and unverified. Proponents of the ban on Quran translation were acutely aware of this reality, which exposed a deep and growing divide in the most fundamental notions of knowledge and education in the Muslim world. The evermore-blatant opposition of the Egyptian and Turkish learned in religion hinged on this and on the omens of reorientation flying everywhere in Muslim skies. In the shocking brim-hatted, brave new world of “fez-less” Turkey, secularism banished Arabic and its flowing script, banned the Arabic public call to Prayer (*adhân*), and ordered a Turkish translation of the Quran in choppy Cyrillic lettering, which some tried (and failed) to sanctify as the liturgical language for the public Şalât-Prayers, wherein the Quran is to be recited.

Now consciously sidestepping the opinion of their illustrious predecessors—that the Quran not only could but *should* be translated as a means to the fulfillment of its universal imperative—the modern scholars in their argumentation gave precedent to the widespread fear that the vast ignorance and powerlessness of the Muslim peoples, before the martial and intellectual juggernaut of the West, left them vulnerable to a leveling of all differences between the Quran and translations of its meanings—even as modernity threatened to flatten the ‘*ulamâ*’ themselves into anachronism.¹⁵ The public was at high risk of according these translated human texts a status of dynamic equivalence to the divine revelation that makes the Quran, in its Arabic, inimitable. Even though translation in its most inclusive sense is no more than the transfer of understanding by way of interpretation—which might take place within one language or medium, or in a wholly other language or form—this fact was rigorously suppressed in a dispute where the defense of Islam itself seemed to hang in the balance.

Nothing, however, could have been more natural than the need to translate the Quran into modern languages at a time when old social patterns were passing away and novel cultural intersections and social circumstances were developing and diverging at a staggering pace. For the obligation to translate the Quran’s meanings anew ought to recur just as organically as the call for new commentaries on the Quran, the scholarly production of which never ceased; for the truth is, there is virtually complete identity between these two expressions. Yet, the progressively more undermined and ridiculed ‘*ulamâ*’ did not see Quran translation—could not, perhaps, be expected to have seen it—as an

eminently commonsensical mission that they themselves were duty bound to undertake.

Where the 'ulamâ' were correct, however, is in their realization that, for the most part, the wrong hands were at the helm of the translative enterprise and that such captains of the world would not easily be persuaded to either study the master charts of the Quranic sciences or relinquish the tiller. The scholars feared flagrant incompetence and unregulated work. Their dread has proven prophetic. Translators of the Quran have been almost completely unequipped to navigate the infinite expanse of the Quran's message, the universality of its address. For this task requires the same genuine, authenticated continuity of scholarship as commentary, if the deep of the Quran's inexhaustible wisdom is to be appropriately fathomed, if its meanings are to be properly delved and responsibly interpreted in accordance with the cardinal objectives of faith. For this is the assignment of all Quran explication, be it in Arabic or any other language: To accurately translate Scripture's signal guidance with a clarity that enables the contemplative mind to see the light, so that one may follow a way to goodness in life in the face of novel complications, or take the tried and true paths past the old hazards that present themselves anew.

It remains, nonetheless, a matter of historical record that neither government nor educational institution in the Muslim world produced a single original translation of the Quran's meanings into a living language until late in the twentieth century. Only recently have Muslim scholars drawn up guidelines for would-be translators that identify requisite competencies, including trustworthiness, and that attempt to lay down standards that one may follow and by which one's work may be adjudged credible. Among these are *Al-Muntakhab fî Tafṣîr al-Qur'ân al-Karîm*, *The Select in the Interpretation of the Holy Quran* (1993), sponsored by Egypt's Supreme Council of Islamic Affairs; and *Al-Tafṣîr Al-Muyassar* (1418 H.), *A Facilitated Commentary of the Quran from The King Fahd Holy Qur'ân Printing Complex of Madinah*. Both (which are briefly reviewed in the coming pages) are concise Arabic commentaries produced for translators of the Quran into other languages, with an eye to their own future translation as well. What pertains here are two points: (1) They were created to meet the present need for easy, brief, authenticated commentary and (2) they were prepared by groups of competent specialists in the field of Quran scholarship, including exegesis, law, and language.

These are very beneficial works, no doubt, insightful and innovative in their aim and execution, for the most part. A translator, however,

must not view them as sufficient resources. Exclusive dependence on such succinct commentaries can unduly restrict the Quran's meanings to detrimental effect. English, for example, is the national (sometimes official) language of decidedly diverse nations: Britain, a good part of Canada, America, Australia, South Africa, Zambia, and Zimbabwe, while it is the language of culture in India and other countries. The social, cultural, and religious differences in these societies are obvious. Thus, for a translator to restrict him- or herself to a brief Quran commentary threatens to unjustifiably narrow the message of Islam to the point that it cannot speak effectively to the relevant sociocultural circumstances of the people for whom one is translating. More than one commentary, and preferably from more than one milieu, period, and approach, must be used to achieve an interpretation of significance and depth. Indeed, more than one mode of a translation ought to be considered in addressing the diversity of ages, cultures, and social differences. Nor does the matter end in deliberating and segmenting the communicative approach of a translation. It should include varied editions and mediums: English alone, for example, for readers without need or interest in the accompanying Arabic; large print and Braille for others with specific sight requirements; audio, visual, and Internet editions, and so on. In a word, dependence on one or two short commentaries is valid at only certain phases of Quran interpretation and for specific functions. But, in truth, the conscientious translator has need to work from a large number of specialized works that treat the several Textual and contextual issues that he or she will continually face.

The practical reality, however, is that the problems of supplying the Quran's meanings for alternative linguistic settings are still relatively new to the Muslim community. Europe, as an expression of Western civilization, has had far more experience in this, from a certain point of view, or is at least much further along in its ideas. For nearly five hundred years after the Quran's revelation, translation of it was not at all at issue. Then Christian Europe picked it up, commencing with Latin manuscripts that heavily influenced subsequent English efforts, which got underway in earnest only in the eighteenth century. The review of these is instructive. For one, the evolution of this experiment in rendering the meaning of Islam's Sacred Text in another language illustrates the vital subtext to increasingly crucial Muslim-Western relations. Beyond this, it squarely pegs the urgent need for a new initiative in Quran interpretation in the service of English and its world of speakers.

Synopsis of the English Interpretation of the Quran

Several good briefs on the translations of the Quran have appeared in Western languages, English in particular. Noteworthy among them are those of Neal Robinson, Senior Lecturer in Islamic Studies at the University of Leeds, and A.R. Kidwai, Professor of English Literature at Aligarh University, India (who has a forthcoming comprehensive review on the subject). In Arabic, two works by Al-Azhar University doctors, the late Ahmad Ibrahim Muhannah's *Dirâsah Hawlah Tarjamât Al-Qur'ân Al-Karîm* and the last chapter of Muhammad M. Abu Laylah's *Al-Qur'ân Al-Karîm min Al-Mandhûr Al-Istishrâqî*, are noteworthy. In addition, the famed Cambridge University professor A.J. Arberry, in the introductions to his own distinguished translation, and in a preceding book of interpreted selections of the Quran, provides honest historical analysis of the motives behind the early European renditions of the Quran's meanings in classical and modern languages. But the most important of all such works is the monumental *World Bibliography of Translations of the Meanings of the Holy Qur'an, Printed Translations 1515-1980*, edited and introduced by Ekmeleddin Ihsanoglu, with Ismet Binark and Halit Eren, and published by the Research Center for Islamic History, Art and Culture in Istanbul. The service it has rendered in the field is incomparable and, at all costs, should be perennially updated, so great is its value.

Still, it is, perhaps, useful to quickly summarize what is approaching a thousand-year history of Quran translation in the tongues of the Western peoples. Practically, it makes it that much easier for those who would like to know something of it but have no time to delve into it. Intellectually, it will go a long way toward explaining why, with such an extensive history of contact between Christians and Muslims, Islam remains so vastly misunderstood at the most elemental levels in the West. The translation studies just noted have been reviewed in the following synopsis. Yet, the interpretation that this introduction presents itself began with a critical, first-hand evaluation of virtually all the existing translations of the Quran into English that went well beyond these summaries. It is a scrutiny that has continued in decidedly more depth in the course of my own work and that has extended to the several new interpretations that have since been published.

I. REPRESENTING THE QURAN IN ENGLISH:

THE WESTERN TRADITION

Our perusal begins in 1143 C.E. with the completion of English clergyman **Robert of Ketton's**¹⁶ widely circulated manuscript translation of

the Quran into Latin, commissioned by Peter the Venerable, Abbot of Cluny (Burgundy, France).¹⁷ In 1543, it at last appears in print under the title *Machvemetis saracenorum principis, eius'que successorum vitae, ac doctrina, ipse'que, Alcoran*, published in Basle upon the recommendation of none less than the father of Protestantism himself, Martin Luther, who penned its preface. Yet the aforementioned specialist in Arabic Classics, A.J. Arberry, says of the Latin translation: "It abounds in inaccuracies and misunderstandings and was inspired by hostile intention; nevertheless it served as the foundation of the earliest translations into modern European idioms." A century and a half later, a second Latin rendition was printed, one that was ultimately to exert the main influence on English interpretations through the version of a young British lawyer. The Latin author is **Ludovic Marraccio** (or Luigi Marracci in the common Italian). The 1698 Padua edition, titled in part *A Refutation of the Qur'an*, obviously differed little with the malefic purposes of its predecessor.

The seventeenth century witnessed two translations, one in German (1616), the other in French (1647), which point to expanded European interest in the Muslim world. The latter, by the French noble **Andre Du Ryer**, who had commercial interests in the Arab northlands (*bilād al-Sham*) and seems to have been granted residence in Alexandria by the imperial French government for a time, formed the basis of the first complete English interpretation of the Quran, that of the Scottish cleric **Rev. Alexander Ross** (1648), *The Alcoran of Mahomet*. There can be no doubt of Ross's aims and his opinions of his subject matter, having so shamelessly inked them into his introduction for posterity "to the Christian reader":

Thou shalt find it of so rude, and incongruous a composure, so farced with contradictions, blasphemies, obscene speeches, and ridiculous fables, that some modest, and more rational *Mahometans* have thus excused it; that their Prophet wrote an hundred and twenty thousand sayings, whereof three thousand only are good, the residue (as the impossibility of the Moons falling into his sleeve, the Conversion and Salvation of the Devils, and the like) are false and ridiculous.¹⁸

It was this edition that **George Sale** (1697-1736), the protestant English lawyer, sought to overthrow for the British public with his 1734 *The Koran*, based upon the Marracci Latin version and the Hamburg publication of the Arabic Text of the Quran, printed whole in 1694 for the first time in Europe. Orientalists and Arabists have tended to laud Sales' work as a breakthrough in their efforts to fairly represent the Quran, which is not entirely untrue, for its presentation is more

straightforward than its hunchbacked forebears. Their claims, however, of his Arabic prowess, or more faithful hand, are at best exaggerated and, at least in many places, disingenuous. That Sale had access to the German-produced Text of the Sacred Book he set out to translate seems hardly a thing to brag about, save that it is a confession of the extraordinary liberties taken by all his predecessors. Nor does it prove his Arabic competencies, although he did employ the intrusive Bible-printing device of italicizing words of his own insertion to offset them from the “text.” What is sure and closer to the truth is that Sale (contrary to claims that he depended on Muslim Quran commentaries, especially that of Baydāwī) had absolutely no access to original Arabic sources, a fact that others have now established—and had he, it is not at all clear that he could have benefited, in any case.¹⁹ What this means is that Sale had little feel for the rhythms of the Arabic Quran, its thematic pulse, or the rhetorical chords it strikes variously and masterfully together in a crescendo of meanings that bring it into complete resonance with the heartstrings of its human recipients. What remains is the grotesquely disjointed experience, not of divine revelation, but of a mortally flawed translator of altered but, nonetheless, hand-me-down words and phrases. Such a fatal gap of perception could only be filled with the conception of unwarranted regal condescension and malevolence with which Sale took up his, for him, “Christian” duties. In this he makes absolutely no break with the, at least, unscholarly and, positively, partisan ghosts of his European forerunners. His is a heart filled with contempt, which he himself uncloaks in his own introduction.

But whatever use an impartial version of the Koran may be of in other respects, it is absolutely necessary to undeceive those who, from the ignorant or unfair translations which have appeared, have entertained too favourable an opinion of the original and also to enable us effectually to expose the imposture... The Protestants alone are able to attack the Koran with success; and for them, I trust, Providence has reserved the glory of its overthrow.

This attitude of assault, as inevitably it must, suffused through the very veins of his translation. (See for instance his use of “dark sayings” in *Sûrat Yûsuf*, 12:6, for the Arabic word *ahādīth*, or “events.”) Nor is his translation easy to consult, as he chose to ignore established verse numberings completely. Yet, Sale’s interpretation, for 127 years, lingers as England’s esteemed eyewitness account to the event of the Quran, without serious rival. Virtually all “educated” English opinion of the Quran as a Text, in this crucial and formative century, is, really, second-

hand critique of Sale's maladroitness, and to an inconceivable and ultimately disastrous cultural loss.

It is not until 1861 that this composition is challenged, by a Cambridge cleric, the **Rev. John Meadows Rodwell**. In 1909, his effort receives a considerable boost in that competition with its inclusion as part of the famed *Everyman's Library* series (as edited and introduced by the Orientalist G. Margoliouth). Rodwell attempted to elevate the language of his translation above that of Sale, with some success. However, the scourge of the "higher criticism," as it was then called, was already upon him. Thus, Rodwell insisted on a critical rearrangement of the Quran's standard Arabic order based upon a textual theory of dating and sequencing, a "searching criticism," as he put it, sweeping the European academy in his day. This seriously limited his translation's usefulness and consequently its use. If the suppositions of this literary conjecture sounded impeccable, its reality was arbitrary, arrogant, and chaotic. While Rodwell was not the wholly unaccounted for bigot that his predecessors were, he could not free himself from the root bane and litmus test of the now emergent discipline of Orientalism: The inability to accept truth beyond the pale of the European subcontinent and the rational-romantic dichotomy that defined the schizophrenic era of its Enlightenment. A Quran interpreter's credentials could not thus be maintained without accusing the Prophet ﷺ of having authored its Text and foisted it upon humanity as a grand forgery in the name of God. Despite Rodwell's palpable realization, admiration even, for the miraculous feat of the Quran in word and in history, and the sheer greatness of the Prophet ﷺ in the world of men, his careful parenthetical rationalizations fall precipitously to a sudden senseless and slipshod explanation for the globe-changing moral magnitude and spectacular spiritual resilience that constitute the living efficacy of the Quran in history. Rodwell would have us believe that it is all attributable to the fortuitous combination of a sincere epileptic's misapprehensions and the impact of this on a mentally substandard race.

It is nearer to the truth to say that he [the Prophet ﷺ] was a great though imperfect character, an earnest though mistaken teacher, and that many of his mistakes and imperfections were the result of circumstances, of temperament, and constitution; and that there must be elements both of truth and goodness in the system of which he was the main author, to account for the world-wide phenomenon, that whatever may be the intellectual inferiority (if such is, indeed, the fact) of the Muslims races, the influence of his teaching ... has

now lasted for nearly thirteen centuries, and embraces more than one-tenth part of the inhabitants of the globe.²⁰

Though Rodwell defames the Prophet ﷺ as “peculiarly liable to morbid and fantastic hallucinations, and alternations of excitement and depression, which would win for him, in the eyes of his ignorant countrymen, the credit of being inspired,” he does not give us nearly as much explanation for his own delusions and mistakes that enabled him to not infrequently misinterpret even basic passages of the Quran. While the race to which Rodwell belongs suffers not from any intellectual inferiority, his Arabic aptitude certainly did. Indeed, he demonstrates a fairly basic illiteracy in this regard. He shows no appreciation for the style or even language of the Quran, besides. At times, he is purposely twisting it, of course. Yet, at other times he is simply misapprehending it, often in a pathetic way. He explains, for instance, the common use of the rudimentarily religious term *‘abd* (servant or worshipper) as a Quranic backformation resulting from the numerous slaves who early on accepted Islam from the Prophet ﷺ. He translates the second verse of Sûrat Al-Kawthar (108), an instruction directed to the Prophet ﷺ, as *Pray to your Lord and ‘kill,’* when even the smallest of Muslim children know that the Arabic command *inḥar* means to sacrifice animals in the name of God as charitable offerings for the worthy poor. Where God instructs the Heavenly community to bow down before His new creation Adam ﷺ, in order to concretely establish his stature among creation and to receive him (parentless, as he is) warmly into life, Rodwell states that the angels were commanded by God to *worship* Adam ﷺ, and goes on: *Then worshipped them all, save Eblis, that is, the devil, whom he bewilderingly casts as a hero, alone upholding the worship of only God!*²¹

In due course, Rodwell encourages the faithful to proselytize Muslims, an exhortative that imperial England took politically serious in 1882 when it occupied Egypt—the same year, as it so happens, in which the next notable British translator of the Quran met his fate in that colony’s desert, just two years after his volume for the popular *Sacred Books of the East* series of Oxford University appeared in print, under the editorial oversight of Max Mueller. His name was **Edward Henry Palmer**, yet another Cambridge graduate. Palmer, a somewhat mysterious young man, deserves credit for being the first English translator of the Quran to actually travel to a Muslim, Arabic-speaking land, and for conceding the Quran’s confirmed and established order. While Palmer held the lofty racial views of those English interpreters who went before him—with the by now obligatory dismissal of the Quran’s divine liter-

ary refinement (as opposed to the profane brilliance of Europe's artistic productions)—he did grasp something of the nobility of the Quran's expression. Nor was he excessive in his belligerence toward Islam. Yet consistently one expects from these envoys of Europe's higher learning more literary deftness in mirroring the Arabic of the Quran in English, only to be disappointed. *Verily, We quicken and We kill*, he renders *wa innâ lanahnu nuhîy wa numît*, more properly translated: ﴿And, indeed, it is assuredly We alone who give life and give death﴾ (see Sûrat Al-Hijr, 15:23; also Sûrat Al-Dhâriyât, 50:43). His expression is inappropriate, to say the least—not merely to the Arabic ear, but in human taste. God, the giver of life, brings it to an end, causes death, makes each soul to taste it, but does not, in this sense, “kill.”

This conveys us, in many ways, to the culmination of the Orientalist project on the Quran in the person of **Richard Bell**: a cleric, a learned reader of Arabic at the University of Edinburgh, and a champion of European rational superiority. He published his two-volume translation from 1937 to 1939. He is widely acclaimed to have known Arabic well, and this may be believed. What he did not know was humility. He became so enamored of the preceding century's faith in the prophetic possibilities of critical theory that he literally rent the Quran to pieces and reassembled it, not merely at the stratum of surah, but at the level of verse, phrase, and even word.

It is difficult to describe the reckless disregard, the clinical contempt, with which Bell approached translation, if, indeed, it can even be called such. His work demonstrates, under the thin syntactic guise of “scientific” analysis, a complete blindness, hostility even, to the very nature of the Quranic Text. Here is a man who was a professor of Islamic studies at a somewhat less-than-eminant institution, in the field, in Britain, having achieved no particular literary or linguistic repute in his mother tongue among his own people. Indeed, never even has he demonstrated the scholarly worth of his literary theories on, say, the comparatively slight four-hundred-year-old literary product of his native isle. Yet, suddenly, he arrogates to himself the status of ultimate arbiter of the peerless masterpiece—the Sacred Speech no less—that coalesced in the revelation of the Quran at the culmination of Arabian culture's five thousand years of acknowledged pristine linguistic refinement. For that, indeed, and more, is the Quran's station and style in Arabic. In fact, the time frame of Arabic's earthly development at the advent of the Quran, according to recent studies in Arabic ethnolinguistics, may still be far underestimated even in this space of human vastness. Yet, on behalf of Arabs and Muslims, our schoolman in Scotland begins a base, crude, self-

absorbed, infantile cut-and-paste job on the flawless touchstone of their language, an indiscriminate derangement of the wellspring of their spiritual life. This alone is astounding for the enormity of its sheer conceit. What is well beyond comprehension is that he worked in accordance with a personal conception as to the form the Quran must have originally held half a world away and fourteen hundred years before! This black art he called “science”—and even now some seek to revive it, as a bigoted, polemical Orientalist ethos reaches to reassert itself. Yet such textual reconstruction can be called science only in the sense that astrology or alchemy still lingers by the same designation. And, indeed, it shares much with their systematic and assiduous approach to folly and madness. “Virtually unreadable,” notes Bell’s successor Arberry of the former’s “hard-laboured pages.”²² Its dependency on the Leipzig edition of the Arabic Text of the Quran, imperfectly arranged in 1834 by the Orientalist Gustav Flügel, mars it all the more. In not entirely ironic fashion, it is Bell himself, through his own introduction, who gives us the devastatingly trenchant assessment of the condition of his psyche in the course of his eight-year work: touched by a “confidence of ignorance.”

Bell’s literary atrocity merits mention, however, because it illustrates a resistant strain in the engagement of the cultural West with the Quran. Having literally buried and effaced its own pre-Christian historical backdrop—and orphaned as it is by the loss of continuity with and within its Sacred Texts and religious experience—Europe has produced scholars all too eager to seize on the false assumption that the Quranic Text, written originally on both sides of varied parchments, skins, and animal scapulas, was misordered by the Prophet’s ﷺ Companions in its first collection. This represents serious and stubborn ignorance of the most elemental information about the history of the Quran’s written compilation, which I have already recapped in Sphere Four of this introduction. Their (wistful?) argument obstinately disregards the much-proven fact that the Quran was not only recorded in writing and preserved as such in the lifetime and at the direction of the Prophet ﷺ himself, followed by his three successive heirs to communal leadership, but that it was, surah-for-surah, also memorized and publicly recited in its current word-by-word and verse-by-verse order by the Prophet ﷺ himself, along with thousands of his Companions, wherein even regional dialect differences had to be explicitly sanctioned with Prophetic approval, and whereas the Prophet ﷺ himself deliberately sat down with particular, named and known Companions in the last year of his life to recite to them, and bear witness to them reciting, the Quran in its final state, when its revelation was complete—again, all of these steps being

recorded in historically verifiable accounts.

Setting aside the Quran's instantly recognizable soul-awakening spiritual resonance, the truth is that Rev. Bell and his like do not understand the uniqueness of the Quran's order in terms of either its material reality or its stylistic coherence—and truer still, perhaps, they desire not to. Western scholars of the Quran bristle because many of their Muslim counterparts hold their credibility cheap when it comes to the interpretation or translation of its Text. Questions have been raised: How can they be trusted to be faithful mouthpieces of the Quran's message, when (fearful of the world-shattering consequences of the Quran as a scriptural alternative) they begin from the prejudiced belief that a man put its words into the mouth of God, rather than the other way around? What, indeed, separates their ethnocentric likes from that of the Quraysh, the proponents of the ideal of tribalism who first belied the message of the Quran and its Messenger, the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ? One finds scholars, even of the caliber of A.J. Arberry (whose translation is the subject of our next assessment) pointing a justifying finger to the existence of this Orientalist argument of "misorder" when faced with this Muslim objection.²³

If this open discussion tends to bare the old bones of a shrouded confrontation, then it also admits to an unavoidable argument between Muslim scholars and non-Muslim academics as to the requisites that qualify a translator of the Quran's sacred message. The latter's best answer thus far has been the much-esteemed work, and rightly so, of **Arthur John Arberry's** *The Koran Interpreted* (1955). While he himself has, in writing, denied his Islam, there are those among Muslims, scholars who knew him, some of whom were his students, who report otherwise. God alone knows the truth of this, but on its face it should be taken as a measure of some hopefulness (a) that men and women of the Biblical West, or that the sincere and competent in the world, can come to the Quran and faithfully report as much of its message as their minds may grasp, withholding themselves from bending away the unrelenting intellectual and spiritual critique to which the Quran will surely subject them and their forefathers; and (b) that versed and balanced Muslims are, indeed, fair-minded and confident enough to give credit to worthy and principled scholarship dealing with the very core of their faith from those who have not affirmed it—so long as the latter enter the considerable discussion sufficiently educated and with the intellectual courage to commit to truth and truth's representation, rather than in the spirit of war by other means.

This is not so easy a task as it first seems. Yet, Arberry exemplifies

much of this, undoubtedly because of his great ability in Arabic (and Persian), his broad scholarship in their literary arts and in the spiritual heritage of Islam, and in his truly poetic gift in English. His translation has deficiencies, some of which, in my view, incapacitate all but the well-initiated reader (and activation is, after all, the Quran's point). But these do not arise as a result of impure motive or some treacherous *arrière-pensée* with respect to Islam, its Sacred Book, or the community it continues to call forth in the world. Rather, they lie partially in his stated ambition to "imitate, however imperfectly, those rhetorical and rhythmical patterns which are the glory and the sublimity of the Koran." Arberry himself cautions, "I am breaking new ground here." His style is not King Jamesian, but harkens with such an undertone through its not always charming Victorian-Edwardian overlay. Yet of a necessity, based on the ideal he has set for himself, he systematically chooses to sublimate Quranic meaning, to say nothing of meaning's resonance, to sensual and poetical impact.

In more places than most reviewers, and perhaps the translator himself, have admitted, Arberry is incomprehensible or flatly inaccessible (see, for instance, the notion of "double life," *Sûrat Al-Isrâ'*, 17:75). Sometimes this verges on distortion of meaning, but regularly it ignores the fact that with the Quran, language, rhetorical beauty, sublime expression are always at the service of releasing profoundly urgent meaning. Never is sense constrained to sensibility. One cannot do in translation what Arberry has sought to do and adequately free the Quran's powerfully educative metaphysical, moral, soul-inspiring, world-ordering message from its divinely inscribed verses—signs that flash their forewarnings and gleam their glad tidings to a common human fellowship not all meant to take heed and heart in Arabic, per se, but all made to realize the transcending inferences that only the Quran's Arabic significations have been equipped to conserve.

There is little doubt that Arberry himself recognized the pull exerted by his passion, as regards the translation of the Quran, in his double-edged, but, nonetheless, abject confession that "never was it more true than in this instance that *traduttore traditore*," all translators are traitors. With this, Arberry professes his heart captive to the rapturous beauty of a body of Text, divinely veiled from the mind of so much of the world by the most diaphanous of wraps, a mere mouthful of fine Arab phonemes.

For this reason, he advocates the eminently sane idea that the Western scholar of the Quran end his self-imposed incarceration in the lifeless laboratory of the quantifiable intellect and contemplate the Sacred as a living unity, that he liberate himself from the "irreverent" slice-and-

dice mentality that inevitably causes all he touches to lose coherence and run like sand through his hands. How clearly Arberry echoes in his plea the elucidation of Shaykh Muhammad Diraz, quoted previously!

It is against this excess of anatomical mincing that I argue the unity of the Sura and the Koran; instead of offering the perplexed reader *disjecta membra* scattered indifferently over the dissecting table, I ask him to look again at the *cadaver* before it was carved up, and to imagine how it might appear when the lifeblood of accepted inspiration flowed through its veins. I urge the view that an eternal composition, such as the Koran is, cannot be well understood if it is submitted to the test of only temporal criticism. It is simply irrelevant to expect that the themes treated in the individual Sura will be marshaled after some mathematical precision to form a rationally ordered pattern; the logic of revelation is not the logic of the schoolmen. There is no 'before' or 'after' in the prophetic message, when that message is true; everlasting truth is not held within the confines of time and space, but every moment reveals itself wholly and completely.²⁴

A year later, in 1956, **Niseem J. Dawood**, a Jew of Iraqi origin and a translator by profession, ignored Arberry's insight and attempted the Quran in a much relaxed contemporary idiom, rearranging its surahs by the fairly meaningless pattern of size, shortest to longest. Dawood's work, which is singularly uninspiring, has been among the most widely available translations of the Quran on the English bookshelf (thanks to Penguin, his publisher). In the 1980s, he, or Penguin, reverted back to the standard textual order in a revised edition. A mutual friend, whom we shall meet as the translator of a popular modern Quran commentary, once gently reproached Dawood for taking license with the language of the Quran that he would not accept in the mundane transactional Arabic translations at his own firm. "It is sufficient for me," he is said to have replied, "that I intended to bring the style of the Quran closer to the tastes of English readers." This aptly summarizes Dawood's effort, as does his own introduction, which openly catalogues his bias against Islam. Dawood is guilty of plenty of mistranslation, in addition to leveling the Text to a uniform monotony.

For some time, Dawood was the only Jewish translator of the complete Quran into English. He lost this distinction in 1979 when Massada Press published Tel Aviv University Prof. **Aharon Ben-Shemesh's** *The Noble Quran*, who first rendered the Quran into Hebrew in 1971. This edition is unremarkable, save for its scattered polemical reinterpretations that seek to locate the Quran in Old Testament origins. This is accom-

plished by certain twists of its revealed tongue, mostly unprecedented in their construal, that, for example, in Sûrat Âl ‘Imrân, 3:110, inserts the object phrase “People of the Book,” meaning Jews, or sometimes Jews and Christians, for a pronoun heretofore universally established as referring to the “believers”; namely, the upholders of its address who it spoke to in the first instance, that is, the Muslim community. Thus, ﴿You ‘believers’ are the best Community ever brought forth for ‘the good of humankind’﴾ becomes, at Ben-Shemesh’s hand, *You People of the Book ...* Other instances of such interpretive gymnastics speak for themselves. Witness his footnote to Sûrat Al-Isrâ’, 17:1, which removes the Furthest Mosque (*Al-Masjid Al-Aqṣâ*) from its age-old Jerusalem foundations to the parochial village of Ji‘ranah, some ten miles from Makkah.

A few other translations by non-Muslims have appeared in the past two decades, like *The Koran* by **Thomas Cleary** (2004), a multilingual translator of various sacred texts with an apparent interest in their mystic unity. This follows on his 1994 *The Essential Koran*, a book of select passages with a brief, somewhat eccentric, but generally thoughtful introduction. Cleary’s style, especially in the recent publication, is jarringly uneven, shifting abruptly between exceedingly ordinary, at times almost conversational, language and glaring poetic flights. Regarding pedestrian usage, in which this translation abounds, take the verse, *Without a doubt, the one to whom you invite me hasn’t a prayer in the world or the hereafter* (Sûrat Ghâfir, 40:43). Not only is *hasn’t a prayer in the world* prosaic to the point of cliché, it is misconstrued. This verse-phrase means ﴿There is no doubt that all that you call me to ‘worship’ has nothing worthy for which to be invoked—neither in this world nor in the Hereafter﴾. Further, Cleary’s dissonant styles are quite mixed, even in one and the same sentence or verse. *Then lo—they will debate in the fire, with the powerless saying to those who had aggrandized themselves, “We were your followers, so aren’t you to substitute for us in the fire in part”* (Sûrat Ghâfir, 40:47). This gives the feeling that the translator seems at a loss for much of the overt significance he is attempting to interpret, let alone the rich subtlety that runs beneath. Thus, he transmogrifies, rather than transliterates, the enigmatic discrete letters (*hurûf al-muqatta‘a*) that appear at the head of several surahs. ﴿Alif Lâm Mîm﴾ become simply, and very wrongly, “A L R.”

There is a good deal that is bizarre in this effort, including inconsistent use of italics to represent, it is supposed, the Speech of the Divine; quotation marks that attempt to treat verses like paragraphs; and Roman Numeral section breaks inserted in the midst of surahs. Moreover, not a word of explanation, note, or index entry accompanies this complete-

ly stripped-down publication. His peculiar English word choices for their Arabic “counterparts” are too numerous to itemize: *God is not ‘ashamed,’* for the Arabic word *istihyâ*’ (Sûrat Al-Baqarâh, 2:26). The reflexive, tenth-form Arabic verb *istihyâ*’, as applied to God, more appropriately means (as both classical and modern Arabic lexicographers define it) to ‘spare,’ ‘forebear,’ ‘abandon,’ or ‘refrain’ from a thing. *Then [God] ‘ascended’ the throne* (Sûrat Al-A‘râf, 7:54): Cleary translates the Arabic *astawâ* by a word that connotes the exact opposite motion, “rising upward,” or, more precisely, the very sense the Arabic seeks to preclude, that is, “succeeding to” a position. Rather, *astawâ* connotes a “settling over,” in the meaning of a worthiness that comes from an unprecedented and undisputed mastery. The Arabic *‘ibâd* very plainly in the Quran means “worshippers,” or “servants,” or even, for the more literally emphatic, “slaves” of God, implying God’s ownership of one and human devotion to God in return. This Cleary renders wrongly and blandly as “mortals.” Again, he interprets the essential Quranic phrase *alladhîna kafarû*, or “those who disbelieve,” or “the unbelievers,” as “the atheistic.” This is an almost complete misrepresentation of the Quran’s usage of the term *kafara*, which denotes unbelief in God by way seeking to “cover over” God’s truth—associating with Him or His religion anything false, whether by means of assertion or denial. This includes believing in more than one deity, elevating others to divine agencies, or associating anything else with God in a godhead, and the like. It also accounts for belying any aspect of God’s absolute reality, Divine Being, or perfect attributes, including categorical denial of whatever God has instructed, said, or revealed, or rejection of whomever or whatever He has said is to be affirmed and upheld, like the messengers and the angels, and the truth of the Day of Judgment, and Heaven and Hell. The word ‘atheistic’ narrows this notion to the very small margin, indeed, of those who deny the existence of God or any deity altogether. This work takes its place in a growing list of recent efforts for which one cannot discern, beyond commercial possibilities, the contribution it hoped to make.

II. CONVEYING THE MESSAGE IN ENGLISH: THE QURANIC MILIEU

Whatever criticisms may be laid at the doorstep of Europe and its Quran interpreters, one cannot but admire that for nearly eight hundred years they single-handedly perceived and took up the immense challenge that complacent Muslims clearly, even shamefully, would not: To examine, understand, and project (albeit mostly negatively) the dynamic message of the Quran and its religion to a world rushing in all about

its adherents. Muslims woke up only sleepily, and exerted themselves anemically, to this their most urgent of all needs. Recognition of the self-evident necessity for the Quran's champions to, themselves, express it in the world seeped slowly through the Muslim body. One could graph the piercing thrust of Britain's imperial scepter through the Muslim psyche with a chart of Muslim translations of the Quran into English. It is said that it was Islam that roused Christendom from its long dark slumber. Here, Europe returned the favor. India stirred first.

The earliest known edition of a complete translation of the Quran by a Muslim is the 1905 work of an Indian physician, **Mohammad Abdul Hakim Khan**. Originally of a Qâdiyânî²⁵ background, he renounced its sectarian views and produced a "propagandistic" account of the Quran, without basis in any authentic or estimable Islamic scholarship. It had no discernible methodology but promised in a lengthy subtitle *short notes based on the Holy Qur'an, or the authentic traditions of the Prophet (pbuh), or the New Testament or scientific truth. All fictitious romance, questionable history, and disputed theories have been carefully avoided*. It fulfilled exactly none of this.

Seven years later, in 1912, two new efforts appeared. The first, edited by **Dehlawi Mirza Hairat**, claims to have enlisted the help of "various Oriental learned scholars." Published in Delhi in two editions, its intention to offer "a complete and exhaustive reply to the manifold criticisms of the Koran by various Christian authors, such as Drs. Sale, Rodwell, Palmer, and Sir W. Muir" never really materializes in either the Text or the accompanying matter.

The Allahabad edition of the same year by **Mirza Abu'l Fadl**, dedicated to Sultan Jahan Begum, the princess ruler of Bhopal, India, billed itself as a refutation of the Bible "with a view to bringing out the superiority of the Qur'an." It arranges the surahs chronologically, harbors fairly informal responses to apparent arguments of local missionaries, but includes few notes and constitutes no real qualitative contribution over its two predecessors.

The first serious response to the Orientalist venture into Quran translation comes, in fact, not from the Empire but a native son. **Muhammad Marmaduke William Pickthall's** *The Meaning of the Glorious Qur'an* (London, 1930) surprised his countrymen and delighted Muslims. At least 27 editions later, the faithful can still be seen showing their appreciation. Pickthall was a British novelist of some distinction who accepted Islam after careful study. He visited and was welcomed in much of the Muslim world, especially India (where he served as a consultant to the Nizam of Hyderabad) and Egypt, where the

shaykhs of the renowned Al-Azhar University accorded him some assistance. Pickthall's Orientalist countrymen found it all so very "interesting as the work of an Englishman who became a Muslim," but decided (with raised eyebrow) that "it does not read well."²⁶ Silent censure aside, Pickthall is certainly faithful to the Quran in its representation and objectively more readable and accurate than any translation by an Englishman before his work. He is, moreover, keenly sensitive to the difference between the Quran and whatever any interpreter might produce, no matter how accomplished. Indeed, he held that the Quran could not, in fact, be translated, but only its meanings relatively conveyed—a position with which Muslims have tended to heartily concur and for which Arberry (who knew him and professes a commensurate love of him) took him severely to task in his 1953 work *The Holy Koran, an Introduction with Selections*. (Yet, just two years later, it is to Pickthall's expressed sensibilities that Arberry acknowledges his translation owes its appended title word "interpreted," changing from *The Holy Koran* or merely *The Koran* to *The Koran Interpreted*.)

All the more unexpected, then, with Pickthall's views thus expressed, that he himself attempts a quite literal interpretation of the Quran. Even more startlingly, given this constraint, he includes virtually no notes. The result is a Text composed with a certain difficulty of expression, dryness of style, lack of exactness in meaning in many places, and a message that remains in good part unelucidated, no doubt because of the mental constraints that grew out of his particular translation theory. At least some of these flaws, however, surely result from the limits of his Arabic, though he used his English gifts to offset this. He translates the word Quran, for instance, in Sûrat Yûsuf, 12:3, as "Lecture," which is restrictive to the point of being wrong in its sense. Moreover, his use of a language vaguely reminiscent of the King James Bible has tended to remain a stumbling block for most readers. The verse numbering system he imports from India, which differs from the more precise standard developed by Egyptian scholars, though far better than Flügel's, creates some impediment to easy Textual comparison. While pleased with Pickthall's service, Muslims were almost immediately eager to go beyond him, perhaps because he had enabled them to see the possibilities.

That desire gets its first spirited response only five years later, with the 1934 debut of the most important translation of the Quran to this day: **Abdullah Yusuf Ali's** *The Holy Qur'ân: Translation and Commentary* (Lahore, 1934–37). Yusuf Ali's work has appeared in at least 35 editions of record and probably that many unregistered ones. It has been twice revised, once (mostly favorably) in America by Amana

Publications in 1989, and at nearly the same time in Saudi Arabia by The Presidency of Islamic Researches, IFTA, Call and Guidance and the King Fahd Holy Qur'ân Printing Complex in 1410 H. (1990).

The translator was born in Bombay in 1872 in a family that belonged to the Bohra community (so called because of their merchant seafaring), though it is not clear if he came from its much larger *Ismâ'îlî* or Sunni branches. He completed his first reading of the Quran as a young boy (popularly called *khatm* among Indian Muslims), though this was not its memorization, as others have misread it. Rather, his study and professional interests found their focus on the West and specifically England, in whose literature he went on to become something of a specialist in his country. He traveled Europe and settled in London, where he began a review of existing translations. Dissatisfied with the representation of the Book that never left the center of his consciousness nor his study, he eventually resettled in Lahore, in what is today Pakistan, and took up the project of interpreting the Quran into English, with the aid of a considerable number of students at the Islamic College that he was appointed to head. The translations of the famed **Maulana Muhammad Ali, Ghulam Sarwar**, and Pickthall were on his work-table, but he significantly elevated the language, and especially the style, of their English presentations of the Quran's meanings. He is widely praised among Muslims for the fervent faith and spirit of love with which he succeeded to infuse his rendition, far surpassing, in the popular taste, his predecessors. His notes are copious and reflective of his broad learning, if not necessarily its depth. Nevertheless, a portion of these glosses, in particular as they relate to end-time discussions, the unseen world, and the miraculous, are held to be excessively apologetic and pseudo-rationalistic. (This is, as we shall see, consistent with most of the sectarian translations of the Quran by Muslims, and, perhaps, here Yusuf Ali's upbringing is evinced.)²⁷

The more Yusuf Ali's interpretation has been scrutinized, the more it has come under sharp criticism on all counts. In truth, his translation is often imprecise, inconsistent, and weighed down with parenthetical word choices that show a heart divided between the rationalistic and mystic. He too employs a verse numbering scheme imported from the Subcontinent (different than Pickthall's), inferior to the established standard (but cured in the revisions). In his notes, his inner leanings fairly ooze from every page. He is much given to allegorical explanation, poetic flights, and interludes, in addition to mystical interpretations that sometimes do not accurately reflect either the essence of the Quran's message or the context of its revelation. His notes on *Sûrat Yûsuf* (12),

for instance, are highly romanticized, based on the purely imaginative Persian love poetry that the poignant Joseph narrative inspired among the lyricists of its high culture period. There is no doubt that he was aware of this literary history, but it is significant that he could not resist its inner pull.

A decade hence, Muslims of a more scholarly mind began to take note of the field of Quran translation, perhaps heedful of Yusuf Ali's success, and began to weigh in (though "laymen" efforts not only continued but proliferated). In 1947, in the same city where Ali produced his work, **Abdul Majid Daryabadi** began publishing his compendium, *The Holy Qur'an with English Translation and Commentary*. Its notes are enormous and its translation more true to the Text of the Quran than its predecessor. Yet, its language fails to approach the inspiration and elegance of Ali's effort. It has never found an audience. The Quran translation critic, Dr. Kidwai, cited here throughout, is, in fact, a descendant of this translator and has supervised an abridged edition of his work, published by The Islamic Foundation (United Kingdom (with his hand in others of their works on the Quran, as well)). Oddly, Daryabadi expresses admiration for Bell, though, thankfully, he follows none of his dubious "methodology."

A number of other products by Muslims appeared in the next three decades, but five deserve special attention. The first is **Hashim Amir Ali's** 1974 *The Message of the Qur'an Presented in Perspective*. The "perspective" to which the title alludes is H.A. Ali's somewhat bizarre rearrangement of the surahs into something on the order of the Pentateuch that Biblical scholars traditionally attribute to Moses. He calls it the "five books of the Qur'an," and its justification is thematic unity: Book I is *The Portal, al-Fatihah (the Opening)*; Book II is *The Enlightenment, ar-Ruh* (literally, the Spirit), comprising 18 early-Makkan-period surahs; Book III is *The Guidance, al-Huda*, 36 middle Makkan surahs; Book IV is *The Book, al-Kitab*, 36 late Makkan surahs; and Book V is *The Balance, al-Mizan*, 24 Madinah-period surahs. One half-expects Ali to have grasped what the Rodwells and Bells in the field did not—that such reordering destroys the coherent connections with which key terms and phrases link verses, passages, and (especially the beginnings and endings of) surahs together, in a far more impressive, germane, and sophisticated thematic engagement than merely personal observation.

In 1977—partly as a reaction to Muslim experimentation with the Quran as exemplified by H.A. Ali—**Muhammad Taqi-ud-Din Al-Hilali** and **Muhammad Muhsin Khan** published *The Noble Quran*, Khan serving as the actual translator and Al-Hilali as the religious

authority. The global distribution of this ultra-traditional interpretation in multiple languages is now in the hundreds of thousands, owing to the free Hajj-Pilgrimage copies, and other gratis distributions, of the King Fahd Holy Qur'ân Printing Complex. Its language is roughly hewn, paying no regard to literary style, though its primary text claims to derive from the work of Abdullah Yusuf Ali. It contains numerous direct, unexplained Arabic transliterated words that can only confuse a reader who does not know Arabic. Its defining feature, however, is the copious parenthetical interpolations its translators wedged everywhere into the Quran's verses, in order to ensure that the reader understands these in accordance with the partisan, religio-social vision that it improperly implies prevailed in Muslim societies during the classical period. The problems of such a work are, of course, as obvious as they are legion. Most notably, it unnecessarily and detrimentally distracts one from the timeless message of the Quran and the belief in the possibility of human harmony under God's Oneness, which is the essential inspiration the Quran's universal call seeks to instill in the human heart.

The publishers at Saḥīḥ International understood this critique when they called upon an American woman, who accepted Islam about the time of *The Noble Qur'an's* first printing, to revise its language in 1997. **Um Muhammad** (the name Aminah Assami publishes under) lived and learned Islam first in Syria and then in Saudi Arabia. She admirably excised Hilali's many blatant dogmatic interjections from the English text and adequately redressed the bulk of Khan's stilted language, pulling its interpretation back to a literal level. What she could not do, and perhaps did not intend to, is alter the translation's firmly entrenched underlying worldview. The work, therefore, remains the conceptual captive of Hilali and Khan's excessively narrow and skewed vision of how the Quran should be read and understood, and is incommunicative of meaning after message (sometimes misleadingly so) almost wherever amplification is necessary to impart a verse or passage's implication and purpose or wisdom. Thus, God, who is ever-watchful and keeps record of human deeds—meting out judgment with all speed and justice in this life and on the Day of Judgment, in accordance with His own decree—is described in this interpretation's intermittantly unnatural style as the *swiftest of accountants* (whereas *swiftest of reckoners* is more suitable (Sûrat Al-An'âm, 6:62)). She renders Sûrat Al-Anfâl, 8:67, as follows: *It is not for a prophet to have captives [of war] until he inflicts a massacre [upon Allah's enemies] in the land.* This cannot be understood in any other way but as brutally offensive. Thus, it is a complete distortion of the valuable moral intent of the verse, which is to prevent coercive

military power from being called forth deceitfully on the pretense of noble ideals, when its real motive is the corruptive, yet widespread historical practice of going to war for economic objectives—in this case, the capture of wealthy opponents in battle for the purpose of receiving substantial ransoms from their kin.²⁸ Thus the verse should read: ﴿It is not for a prophet to take prisoners of war until he has thoroughly pacified the land. Most of you desire the fleeting things of this world, while God desires for you the everlasting life of the Hereafter. And God alone is overpowering, all-wise.﴾ Her methodology, or the one imposed, made this warping effect inevitable, bridled as it was by the relentlessly parochial interpretation with which the work was constrained to align.

Stepping back into the 1980s, a new light entered the realm of Quran translation in the person of **Muhammad Asad**, born in Austria (now Galicia, Poland) in 1900 as Leopold Weiss. The son of a lawyer and grandson of an orthodox rabbi, he converted to Islam at age 26. Though he majored in philosophy as a student and began his writing career as a German-language journalist (writing dispatches from Palestine), from the moment of his conversion and his powerful Pilgrimage experience to Makkah, he rededicated himself to the study of Islam in its primary languages, becoming acquainted with many of the intellectual luminaries of Islam in his time. He participated in the political life of the Muslim world, consulting Saudi Arabia's King Abdul Aziz, contributing to the formation of Pakistan, representing its interests in the United Nations, and becoming one of the era's most trenchant critics of the direction in which Western modernity and secularism were headed. Yet, it is said that his mind was ever on translating the Quran for Western peoples.

In the winter of his days, with his understanding and language skills at full maturity, he realized his life's mission. *The Message of the Quran*, printed in 1980, is among the most serious efforts at Quran interpretation in English. His translation of the Arabic Text and his copious and lengthy notes raised the art of Quran translation another level. While its language is highly effective, it is somewhat prolix, abandoning any notion of translation, per se, in favor of interpretive rephrasing. He seeks to remedy the inevitably banal effect of this by peppering the language with the antiquated 'thee,' 'thou,' and analogous verb suffixes that have long since fallen out of use, to lend it, one surmises, some register of the sacred. Thus, his language forms a peculiar admixture of the archaic and prosaic.

Deeper analysis of Asad's *Message* explains his linguistic approach. Asad is discernibly influenced by the rationalistic interpretations popu-

larized by the Qâdiyânî translators (whom we shall meet shortly), and to a lesser extent the social interpretations of the Egyptian pre-modernist commentator Shaykh Muhammad Abduh. Thus, he tends to bend the meanings of the Quran's report on the unseen realm in this life and in the Hereafter, as well as the miraculous in the world, toward abstraction and away from the "sensible." In addition, he is somewhat given to injecting the findings of natural science in some verses, but this is not wholly without merit, as some contend. His interpretation, however, and especially his notes are strongly psychological in the shade of Freud and Jung. Asad grew up in a place and time (turn-of-the-century Eastern Europe) where rationalism virtually possessed the populace. Perhaps he thought notions of jinn (mythical genies to the Western mind) and angelic guardians of Hell, for instance, would cause a people who had lost patience with and trust in unempirical religion to dismiss the Quran as just another Bible-based message, before they ever had a chance to reflect on the transcending truths it reveals and with which only God could have infused it.

Whatever may be his reasoning or belief, he does not hesitate to advocate farfetched psychoanalytic interpretations of the Quran, or espouse a little natural science, to suit the mentality of the modern English reader he had in mind. Thus, one can turn to almost any page of this work and discern his governing prepossession. [*And so,*] *whenever the two demands [of his nature]—"his" meaning "man's"—come face to face, contending from the right and from the left, not even a word can he utter but there is a watcher with him, ever-present* (Sûrat Qâf, 50:17-18). It is the dual noun *mutalaqiyân*, which describes «the 'receiving' angels' that receive each person's every word and deed in life—one on the right and one on the left—'seated,' 'giving heed'», that Asad is rendering as *the two demands* of man's nature, in the Freudian sense, while the ever-present "watcher," for Asad, is simply the human "conscience." He explains:

"The two that aim at meeting each other" corresponds better with the preceding verse, which speaks of what man's innermost self (*nafs*) "whispers within him," i.e., voices his subconscious desires. Thus "the two that aim at meeting" are, I believe, the two demands of, or, more properly, the two fundamental motive forces within man's nature: his primal, instinctive urges and desires, both sensual and non-sensual (all of them comprised in the modern psychological term "libido"), on the one side, and his reason, both intuitive and reflective, on the other. The "sitting (*qâ'id*) on the right and on the left" is, to my mind, a metaphor for the conflicting nature of these

dual forces which strive for predominance within every human being: hence, my rendering of *qā'id* as “contending.” This interpretation is, moreover, strongly supported by the reference, in verse 21, to man’s appearing on Judgment Day with “that which drives and that which bears witness”—a phrase which undoubtedly alludes to man’s instinctive urges as well as his conscious reason.²⁹

To be fair, Asad’s note commences with a nod to the “classical commentators,” who understand the relevant words and verses cited here, *mutalaqiyân*, *qā'id*, and verse 21 (which we shall describe presently) as references to the recording angels that the Quran explicitly states accompany every human being in his or her journey through life, at every moment (see Sûrat Al-An‘âm, 6:61, and Sûrat Al-Infîâr, 82:10–12), and then after death into Judgment. We may even overlook his transposition of *qā'id* into *qā'id* in his notes as an error of transcription. What cannot be ignored, however, is the way in which he must contort the Text in verse after verse to comport, just as he says, “to my mind,” in order to achieve his psychological reduction of the Text.

The problem with this is that the primary thrust of the Quran aims at awakening arrogant, sensory-bound, earthen-dull man to just this realization: That *the [full] truth*, as Asad puts it in 50:19, is not mental, nor is it “full insight into one’s own self,” as the preconception of his interpretation compels him to explain it in his notes. Rather, it is very much the concrete, physical, and spiritual reality of the Hereafter’s truth—its real existence—to which the rigors and throes of the delirium of death shall inevitably bear the human being. It is for this reason that the disbeliever is told, when he enters the scene of Judgment in the Hereafter, as the Quran so arrestingly testifies here in verse 21 in such electrifying words: “Very truly, you were lost in utter unawareness of the imminence of all of this in life. Yet, now, have We removed your veil! Thus your sight this Day is acutely piercing.” At the hands of Asad, that very moment whereof you frantically sought evasion, that is, death as the transition into the previously concealed realm of the Afterlife, is not a heightening of visual certainty, a confirmation of a new, but infinitely more real reality. Rather, for him it is an awakening of the subconscious mind. The whole event dissolves into metaphor, and metaphor passes easily into allegory, and allegory into suspect psychological theory—until the corporeal substance of the unseen Afterlife, which awaits one following death and resurrection, evanesces into the mere *conscious mind* of man. Such an assertion is unheard of through five solid centuries of Quran commentary. Yet,

Asad, in the note cited above, somehow proclaims that it “undoubtedly alludes to man’s instinctive urges as well as his conscious reason.”

That is why, in verse 21, the English reader of Asad’s interpretation never learns that the Trumpet of resurrection initiates a physical spectacle; he or she never realizes how *thus*, instantly, from the grave each soul sallies forth—two angels with it: One driving it inexorably to the Plain of Assembly; and the other a witness to all its earthly deeds. Rather, what they find instead is that one will, in some way, *come forward with [his erstwhile] inner urges and [his] conscious mind*. Asad does show the raising *from thee thy veil, and sharp is thy sight today!* But when that veil on the unseen is rent away, his reader never sees that it is *then*, the angel who that Day is his close companion shall say: This record that is with me is of his life, full and ready! But, rather, he meets—perhaps to his surprise—only *one part of himself*, no evidence produced by an accuser that he may face just “the sinner’s [own] reason” rebuking him “that he has always been more or less conscious, perhaps even critical, of the urges and appetites that drove him into evildoing.”

Asad’s psychological interpretation completely falls apart in verse 26, for there the precise Arabic dual is employed by God, commanding the two celestial guardians of every inveterate disbeliever: *Anyone who has held with God any other god! Cast him now—both of you angels—into the severest torment!* Asad does not translate the dual at all, for it makes no sense in his psychological twist to have the good part of one (the rational mind, according to his scheme) aiding the sinful part of one (that is, the “counterpart,” to one’s reason)—or as Asad notes it, “namely, the complex of the sinner’s instinctive urges and inordinate, unrestrained appetites” [sic]—cooperating to throw “oneself” into Hellfire. Asad’s reader further never meets, in verse 27, the unseen devil that has, by way of goading suggestion, collaborated with the condemned in the perpetration of evil throughout his life; for it is here that this very real being of wickedness pleads innocence before its God: *His close companion in evil in the world shall say: Our Lord! I did not make him transgress. Rather, he himself was lost in uttermost misguidance.* Instead, Asad’s reader encounters this disbelieving *man’s other self*, a thorny theological conception in its own right. What the reader, moreover, is taught from Asad’s notation on this verse is that this “other self” is the “*sā’iq* (that which drives),” meaning, in Asad’s view, the *inner urges* of the libido he has interpreted into verse 21, “often symbolized as *shaytân* (‘satan’ or ‘satanic force’...),” for which the classical Quran commentator Râzî is blamed. Thus, in the Asad experience of the Quran, even Satan nearly vanishes into allegory.

This thread of hyper-rationalism runs throughout Asad's text, sometimes leading to bizarre interpretations that have tenuous connection, at best, with the Quran's Arabic address. In *Sûrat Âl 'Imrân*, 3:49, for example, the exceedingly straightforward statement of Jesus ﷺ regarding his widely reported ability to bring a clay-fashioned bird to life as a God-given miracle (proving to the Children of Israel that he was, indeed, the awaited Messiah) Asad transmutes into: "I shall create for you out of clay, as it were, the shape of [your] destiny, and then breathe into it, so that it might become [your] destiny by God's leave." This he justifies from the figurative meaning of the Arabic *ṭayr*, or 'bird,' which secondarily connotes a good or bad 'omen,' though there is absolutely no reason, in the context of Jesus' ﷺ speech, to leap the concrete usage of *ṭayr* as 'bird' and reach for 'omen.' Consider, for instance, the other miracles Jesus ﷺ articulates to his people in the self-same verse.

﴿...Truly, I have come to you with a sign of my commission from your Lord that I, indeed, form for you from the mud of the earth a bird-like figure. Then I blow into it, and so it becomes a bird—by God's permission. I heal the born-blind and the leper; and I give life to the dead—by God's permission. And I tell you what no person knows of what you eat and of what you store up in your houses. Indeed, in this there is a sure sign for you, if, indeed, you are believers.﴾
(*Sûrat Âl 'Imrân*, 3:49)

Asad, of course, is himself aware of the discrepancy between his interpretation of the bird-miracle and its counterparts. Thus, he is further compelled, in a footnote, to update Jesus' ﷺ clear-cut statement of raising the dead—by God's permission—to "a metaphorical description of his giving new life to people who were spiritually dead" (see Asad's note 38, p. 74). It is not unreasonable to observe, as well, that the miracles of Jesus ﷺ that the Quran here recounts (and that Asad appears to discount) are not novelties to the Quran but part of the religious record of other faith-communities. In other words, there is no defensible reason to support Asad's eccentric interpretation. The logical conclusion is more practically what has been shown here—that Asad labored under a controlling principle of systematically rationalizing away the miraculous, the extrasensory, and the other-worldly in his attempt to accommodate the message of the Quran to the modern mind as he perceived it.

What is most disappointing about Asad's work, and, really, unwarrantable, is that he resorts to more than a little deftness in supporting his translation's wordings and understanding with notes presented as being legitimized by the classical commentators. More than once does he

quote Al-Ṭabarī and other such Quran authorities in support of his choices, while a reading of the original shows these past masters to be citing the opinion only to refute it, or are therewith merely completing the record, not advocating his position. He is particularly given to the heavier philosophical digressions of the thirteenth-century exegete just cited, the renowned Fakhruddin Al-Râzī (d. 1210), a scholar of multiple Islamic sciences who also practiced Quran explication, not on the basis of meanings that had been historically established by authenticated reports, but on the basis of informed opinion (*tafsīr bi'l-ra'ī* (to an extent for which he has been sharply criticized)), which is not to say the latter is illegitimate. Yet, for this reason, Asad cannot be read reliably without recourse to serious study of the Quran commentators themselves.

In the wake of Muhammad Asad come a number of modernist translations that vary as to quality, style, and worth. None amount to significance in the sense of attaining unique contributive value. Some can be dismissed out of hand as unmethodical adventures in the breach, like the translation thoughtlessly entitled *The Qur'an*, of husband-wife team **Ahmad and Dina Zidan**, the former an Egyptian engineer resident in England whose scholarly qualifications in Islam and the Quran are quite unknown. The late **Thomas Ballantine Irving**, an American expert on the history of Spain, and beloved convert to Islam (known among Muslims as Ḥajj Ta'lim 'Alī), published his translation in 1985. Deliberate in its use of American common language and idiom (at times even colloquialisms), he, in fact, titled his work, *The Qur'an: The First American Version*. It is certainly readable, yet is devoid of literary elegance or textual dignity. (*If he does not do what I ask him to do, he will be taken down a notch or two* (Sûrat Yûsuf, 12:32)). His decision to translate the Quran in the tongue of popular American culture proves weighty, indeed, pulling it beneath an acceptable language standard into tastelessness.

If Irving is too earthy, three other interpretations of roughly the same period aspire to soar, but with wax wings. One senses in them the ambition to imitate the lofty aims of Arberry (who, again, was himself seeking to "imitate" the literary "sublimity of the Koran"). The Pakistani novelist and poet **Ahmed Ali** in 1984 produced a translation that Robinson describes as stylistically "sublime" but "wildly inaccurate and very inconsistent."³⁰ On the latter count, there can be no disagreement. Ali is, in fact, completely irresponsible in numerous instances, even pandering. He is smooth in the reading, but, in this appraisal, rarely inspires. On the contrary, he is ultimately dismaying for anyone familiar with the unrestrained license he takes. The 1986 print of **Muhammad M. Khatib's** *The Bounteous Qur'an: A Translation of*

Meaning and Commentary, on the other hand, attempts a faithful rendition while reaching for literary elegance, but falters in its English in not a few places. It tends to fatigue one with a sense of beauteous words and phrases bereft of expressive content. Its sparse notes are not unhelpful.

This same pattern prevails, but with much less proficiency, in the interpretation of the Egyptian linguist **Muhammad Mahmud Ghali**, whom I know and respect. Though his knowledge of the nuance of Arabic words is superior, his language is consistently stilted and his interpretation basically wrong in places, stemming, I believe, from an allegiance to an unattainable notion of synonymy. Ghali, a former dean of Al-Azhar's Faculty of Languages and Translations, sometimes obscures, or even inverts, verse meanings in the interest of word correspondence. For instance, in *Sûrat Al-Nisâ*, 4:105, he renders an admonition to the Prophet ﷺ to use the Quran to judge with justice and never to be an 'advocate' for the treacherous as "*do not be a constant 'adversary' of the treacherous.*" In *Sûrat Al-Ra'd*, 13:31, he handles the phrase *with which mountains could be moved*, as "*whereby the mountains were made to 'travel.'*" When the opponents of the Prophet ﷺ challenge him to bring God Himself and the angels in a 'host' before us, he translates it "*come up with Allah and the angels and their (dependent) 'tribes'*" (*Sûrat Al-Isrâ*, 17:92). *Sûrat Al-Zukhruf*, 43:5, he presents unintelligibly: "*Shall We then strike away the Remembrance from you, 'pardoning,' for that you are an extravagant people?*" The English 'pardon' and the Arabic adverbial the Quran uses, *ṣafhan* (here, 'forsaking'), are not invariably synonymous. Rather, it should read: *Shall We, then, turn the Quran's admonitory Reminder away from all of you, 'forsaking' you of Heavenly guidance, because you are an exceedingly rebellious people?*

Modern Muslim translators seem increasingly to see the translation of the Quran with dichoptic vision: One eye fixed upon the Quran as untranslatable, the other searching to bring about as literal, or as simple, as possible a correspondence between its Arabic words and the English ones they select to express their meanings. The belief grows that the quest for the "impossible" can best be attained through some as yet undiscovered translation science of stringency that, if achieved, will at once produce a more precise rendering of the Quran and a lyric masterpiece of English. It is a chimera.

Interlanguage synonymy in the highly dynamic expression of human speech has not, by any significant measure, proven to be word-based. This is part of the miracle of the simultaneous "sameness and uniqueness" of human utterance, even within the development of a single language itself. To each tongue is its secret genius. Splendor in speech

emanates from how perfectly that secret is given voice. Herein resides the linguistic miracle of the Arabic Quran. It is the perfect truth perfectly expressed, the flawless said faultlessly, the unicity of medium and message. The interpreter of the Quran is to be guided not by an impossible ideal of its reproduction, but by the canon it idealizes: Sublime meaning said well. To this end the Quran's English interpreters are to strive.

Poetic Endeavors in Interpretation

From time to time translators, Muslims and others, feel moved to render the Quran "poetically." **R.A. Nicholson** and **Richard Burton**, two Englishmen who spent their lives translating classical Arabic and Persian texts into English, respectively interpreted *Sûrat Al-Qân'ah* and *Sûrat Al-Fâtihah* in English free verse. While their attempts reflect their creative abilities, they fail to produce anything more than quite ordinary rhymed English.³¹ "I do not think if the Qur'ân had spoken like that, it would have shaken the world," observes Arberry quite astutely, and for good reason, as we shall explain. Before this, however, let us acknowledge an Iranian poet, resident in the United States, who recently published what he has called the first complete poetic translation of the meaning of the Quran.³²

No matter how novel an effort, how sweet the expression of any such work to interpret the Quran's meanings, and whatever the language, poetry remains contrary to the nature and the objectives of the Quran. Indeed, God, Himself, negates in absolute terms both the appellation and character of poetry in relation to the Quranic address. To begin with, anyone aware of Arabic verse knows instantly and unequivocally that nothing of the Quran resembles Arabic poetry—not its style, metrical patterns, or rhyme, nor its uses and purposes. Moreover, as a translation method—regardless of its rationale or accomplishment—poetry gives mastery to sound and syllable over sense. Rhyme (or resonance) precedes meaning in the hierarchy of the poetic imagination. In the arc of the rhyming arts, original meaning is easily jettisoned, putting poetry in diametrical opposition to both the intent and essence of the Quranic Text. To liken the Quran to poetry, then, is not only fundamentally wrong, but demeaning of its Heavenly Revelation.

Commentaries in Translation

The translation critic A.R. Kidwai has thoughtfully observed that Muslims have completely mined the rich "indigenous linguistic and literary resources" of virtually all the major language milieus wherein Islam prevails (take, for example, Persian, Turkish, and Urdu) in order

to “meet the scholarly and emotional demands” of something as exacting as interpreting the Quran. But no such artistic-intellectual pollination has yet come to pass “in the universal medium of English ... in the service of the Quran.”

This is a sentiment that English-literate Muslims have, in fact, felt keenly. In the midst of what is now recognizable among them as a clear movement toward opening up to their heritage of religious scholarship, Muslim communities of the West have begun to deploy their resources in the translation of commentaries. This work has largely been done by native Arabic- and Urdu-speakers with proficiency in English (not outside the Quran translation pattern, incidentally). The books they have naturally chosen were the ones that gave meaning to their own religious experience in their youth.

For the Urdu-oriented, this translated, literally, into the enormously influential work of **Sayyid Abul A'la Al-Mawdûdî**, *Tafhîm al-Qur'ân, Towards Understanding the Qur'ân*. Begun in 1942, its first of five volumes appeared in 1950, with the author imprisoned. It was completed some three decades later in 1973. Its first English interpretation debuted, even before its completion, in 1967, translated by Muhammad Akbar of Islamic Publications, Lahore. Its limitations of language, abridgment, and publication quality notwithstanding, it was an unqualified success among English-speaking Muslims from the late 1960s through the early 1980s. Their activist mentalities—as a truly close-knit, fledgling community of immigrants and converts, adrift in a sea of experimental secular liberation—jibed with its revivalist “plea for purposive change” via the numinous and changeless.” This became required reading for such Muslims. Yet, it is reported that Mawdudi himself, before his death in 1979, advocated a “new and more forceful” rendition of the *Tafhîm* in more modern English. The first effort failed, in his view, to capture the literary and spiritual quality of his original, especially with regard to the ineffectual English translation of the Text of the Quran, a sense he felt he had succeeded in his translation for the Urdu edition. In 1988, **Zafar Ishaq Ansari** of The Islamic Foundation (United Kingdom) took up the task. Still in progress, it is expected to fill as many as 15 volumes when done.

The Arab counterparts to this story (holding to the same response pattern of their engagement with Quran translation) later, but equally vigorously, turned in their search for a more cogent English expression of the essential thrust of their faith to the modern commentary that has moved them most. There was no question but that this would be the Egyptian writer **Sayyid Qutb's** *Fî Zilâl Al-Qur'ân, In the Shade of the*

Qur'ân. It is impossible to overstate the pervasive inspirational impact that this work has had on the modern Arab Muslim world. Initiated in 1951 as a serialized commentary for a journal (like Mawdudi's, in fact), within a year he had published its first volume. He had finished two-thirds of his effort in his native Egypt when he was jailed for the words he wrote. The remaining third, composed largely in prison under egregious conditions, is among the most profound expressions of liberation theology and sociospiritual reform ever produced. He attempted to revise his first writings, accordingly, but achieved only about half of this (up to *Sûrat Al-Ḥijr*, 15) before he was executed in 1966. A London-based Muslim society published the last segment of his thirty-part commentary in 1979. Its popularity was instant and ongoing. For some time, the project lay dormant, until The Islamic Foundation (United Kingdom, the same publishers of the *Tafhîm*) picked it up in 1999, with the capable hands of **Adil Salahi** (his co-translator in some volumes being Aslur Shamis). Ten volumes have thus far appeared in print.

The dilemma of both these efforts, of course, is that they were first-ly composed for the generation coming of age during the rise of ideological nationalism in the hot post-colonial period of the Middle East and South Asia, two distinctive social settings, but wherein Islam was nonetheless a historically established, politically known alternative. Their goals were revival of a Quranic consciousness and societal reform in cultures where Islam enjoyed instant resonance, though it had been conceptually truncated and in reality suppressed. In consequence, both these works reenvision the Quran's message as a constitution charting the rights and responsibilities of a state and its citizens, as a compass in the face of a socially dislocating modernity, and as a mirror of cultural identity by which to refract an alien incursion into the very spirit of the people. While the universality of the Quran cannot but come through in any fair illumination of its message (and these, at times brilliant, reinterpretations hinged precisely on the pivot of the Quran's timeless and spaceless relevancy), this was not the underlying point of such avant-garde presentations of the Quran.

It is self-evident that the audience, psychological challenge, and milieu of the translated message of the Quran for the global linguistic community of the English-speaking are all substantially different than the like of what these revolutionary commentaries sought to address. Then, so too, quite obviously, must be such a translation's task. One cannot be blamed for observing that the mission of the interpreted Quran today—especially in the West—more resembles its divine intervention into the spiritually unlettered Arabian Peninsula fourteen hun-

dred years ago than its explanation in Egypt and the Indian Subcontinent in the 1950s and 60s. Waking souls with the breath of God's Oneness, opening minds to Quranic literacy—this is, indeed, the English interpretation's primary duty in our day.

The feeling that English's plentiful language assets have not yet been harnessed in the service of this assignment is palpable among others besides English-speaking Muslims. The Muslim world has demonstrated concern about the efficacy of translation as a means of conveying the Quran's message with sufficiency. Yet, it also has expressed its fears that the substance of more reflective interpretations has tended to come from the periphery and not the vital core of the commentary tradition. This has inspired two movements related to the field of translation. The first is to create concise Arabic commentary materials that condense (into comparatively few words) authenticated, normative interpretations for the verses of the Quran that can be readily accessed by translators. The second has been to digest primary commentaries and then translate them into English.

The most ambitious of these latter efforts has been the Arabic abridgment of *Tafsīr Al-Qur'ān Al-'Azīm* by the renowned fourteenth-century Syrian commentator Ibn Kathīr (d. 774 H. /1372 C.E.), published in Arabic as *Al-Miṣbāḥ Al-Munīr fī Tahdhīb Tafsīr Ibn Kathīr*. Followed up with its English translation of the same name, it was conceived and issued in 2000 by Darussalam Publishers & Distributors of Riyadh. Half a dozen different translators and editors under the supervision of **Shaykh Safi-ur-Rahman Al-Mubarakpuri** executed the English phase. The intent was to give English-speaking Muslims "the most popular interpretation of the Quran in the Arabic language, [which] the majority of Muslims consider ... the best source based on Qur'ān and Sunnah [the life model of the Prophet ﷺ]." Whether or not these claims hold, the English rendition leaves much to be desired. Ibn Kathīr codified in his much-regarded work what became known as the *tafsīr bi'l-ma'thūr* methodology (which is, very basically, commentary based on a knowledge hierarchy of (a) the Quran itself; (b) coherent reconciliation of its verses for legal purposes; (c) authenticated explanations from, and the relevant actions of, the Prophet ﷺ; (d) other well-founded historical testimonies related to the Quran's meanings; and, only lastly, (e) personal linguistic analysis). This hints at the English abridgment's fatal flaw: It fails to grapple with the reality that seven centuries ago Ibn Kathīr wrote for a scholarly, Arabic-literate elite about whose awareness of the Quran and its commentary much, indeed, could be assumed. The inconsistent English representation of his work, however, targets no

such addressees. Its translation is patchy (perhaps the result of too many hands of varied competency in the mix). Its contextual explanation is meager. Its fundamental terminology and concepts remain shrouded in a combined cloak of awkward English and unsatisfactorily explained Arabic transliteration. *Tafsīr Ibn Kathīr*'s historical effectiveness notwithstanding, its English interpretation is a bewildering visual and intellectual experience.

About a decade before this, Egypt's Supreme Council of Islamic Affairs issued a condensed Arabic commentary of the Quran, based on several normative exegetical sources, under the title *Al-Muntakhab* ("Al-Montakhab" in their own transliteration) *fi Tafsīr al-Qur'ān al-Karīm*, *The Select in the Interpretation of the Holy Quran*. The Arabic is a good and reliable work as a commentary *précis*. In 1993, **Abdel Khalek Himmat Abu-Shabanah**, a physician by profession, "translated" it, and the late Muhammad Mahdy Allam reviewed it. From the opening surah—which renders the much uttered and spiritually summative verse *Al-hamduli'llāh rabb'il-`ālamīn*, "All praise is for God 'alone', Lord of All the Worlds", as "Bosoms peep forth and answer thanks to God"—to the last paragraph of its acknowledgments—"our bosoms peep forth and answer thanks to God"—it is a massacre of language and concept. Rarely does Abu-Shabanah show the discipline to curb himself to the Arabic text of the *Muntakhab*. His hyper-inflated English discourse, sentence by raucous sentence, grates against ear, intellect, and soul. That it is presented as the official English commentary of the Arab Republic of Egypt is appalling.

The **King Fahd Holy Qur'ān Printing Complex of Madinah** commissioned a group of scholars to produce a good and finely printed brief commentary in Arabic, *Al-Tafsīr Al-Muyassar* (1418 H.), *A Facilitated Commentary* of the Quran, with the intention of helping translators. It has not itself been rendered into English (though this, it seems, was also part of its conception, though it now seems the original work itself has lost its endorsement), but it is certainly a dependable work within its intentionally concise limits. There are occasional glosses that smack of ideological pedantry, but these are few and not out of bounds.

Finally, **Mahmoud Mustafa Ayyoub**, a Lebanese-born academic in Islamic studies educated at the American University of Beirut and Harvard, has been at work on a series entitled *The Qur'an and Its Interpreters*, which seeks to cull selections and themes from the classical commentaries. It has, however, an inordinate focus on relatively minor Shi'ite exegetes and the quasi-philosophical issues they and a few others have raised. Its usefulness remains to be seen.

Sectarian Translations of the Quran

Non-Muslim translators are, of course, not alone in using Quran interpretation to prove or strengthen their sectarian biases. **S.V. Mir Ahmad Ali's** 1964 work announces an ideological allegiance in its very title from which its interpretation never strays: *The Holy Quran with English Translation and Commentary, according to the version of the Holy Ahlul Bait* [that is, Household of the Prophet ﷺ, whom Shi'ahs believe are, genetically, the only divinely authorized authorities to rule over Muslims for all time] *includes special notes from Hujjatul Islam Ayatullah Haji Mirza Mahdi Pooya Yazdi on the philosophical aspects of the verses*. It is, of course, an unabashed defense of Shi'ism.

M.H. Shakir's *Holy Quran* (New York, 1982 (first published in 1968 without Arabic Text)), another apology for Shi'ism, has similar goals in its presentation of Syed Muhammad Hussain at-Tabatabai al-Mizan's *An Exegesis of the Quran*, translated from Persian into English by Sayyid Saeed Akhtar Rizvi (Tehran, 1981).³⁴ The actual translation is no more than a reworking (to be kind) of a 1917 version by Muhammad Ali, which is rich with scholarly notes and commentary, yet weak in style and filled with deliberate contortions of interpretation blatantly cast to defend the affiliation to which he belonged; namely, the mystic-messianic Qâdiyâni, or Aḥmadiyyah, phenomenon of South Asia, prompted in part by "modern-Western infiltrations" in the colonial Punjab.³⁵

The Qâdiyâni/Aḥmadiyyah movement, one of several religious amalgams that emerged and then splintered on the cusp of the twentieth century in British-ruled India, has been particularly active in interpreting the Quran into English since early last century. These efforts generally share an ideological advocacy that seeks to legitimize the tenets of their varied creeds. Their translations thus introduce interpretive twists that appear for the first time in the history of Quran scholarship. They tend, as well, to deny any miracle, event, or mode in the world that lies outside natural law as established by modern science. The Quran, for example, states that God ﴿subjugated the very mountains to give due exaltation to God with David in the evenings and at sunrise﴾, that is, to join God's prophet in hymning His praise (Sûrat Al-Anbiyâ', 21:79). This they interpret as a reference to a community of human beings that inhabited the mountains (or even the righteous among humanity) who glorified God with David ﷺ. The Quran further states that God ﴿taught﴾ both David ﷺ and his son Solomon ﷺ to comprehend ﴿the utterance of birds﴾ and subjugated the birds to their command (Sûrat Al-Naml, 27:16). The Qâdiyâni/Aḥmadiyyah translators

generally construe this as the two prophets training the birds in the manner of messenger pigeons, or as a tribe of men named Tayr. When the Quran refers explicitly to an individual bird, the hoopoe, and explicitly records its dialogue with Solomon ﷺ, they represent it as a man of high rank, a general, in Solomon's army called by the Arabic name Hudhud (or Hoopoe), and not simply a particular bird of that type. Finally, they reject belief that there are Jinn (the race to which Satan belongs) who are coexistent with humankind in the world but invisible to it. Rather, they infer this to be an aristocratic class of human beings or a secret society of men. The same sort of rationalizations apply to the miracles of Jesus ﷺ in the Quran, and so on.

The best translation that they have produced is that of **Ghulam Hafiz Sarwar** (1920), still another Cambridge graduate. His style and fealty to the Arabic Text far exceeds the rest, though his translation is devoid of notes or commentary. He attempts to soften the hyper-rationalism of the Ahmadiyyah religious tenets somewhat. He puts considerable effort into his work's introductory matter, however, with a notable review of previous Quran translations, a detailed account of the life of the Prophet ﷺ, and a fine outline of the Quran's surahs, all of which demonstrate good methodological training from the West.

Another notable effort from these ranks is that of **Zafarullah Khan**: *The Quran: Arabic Text and English Translation* (London, 1970). His language is good, but highly inconsistent, and at places completely off-center with regard to the Arabic Text—and well it had to be, for it contains ideological sleights of interpretation that defend its unorthodoxy. For this reason, it is unreliable. For example, it undoes the Quran's rather straightforward announcement that the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ, as the "Seal" of the prophetic brotherhood, marks the end of all prophethood on earth, a point the Ahmadiyyah tradition cannot concede since its founder claimed to be just this.³⁶

In addition to the Qâdiyâni/Ahmadiyyah versions,³⁷ a similar Persian religious affiliation known as the Bahais, which formed at nearly the same time, also has made translations of the Quran. In 1978, **Rashad Khalifah**, a Bahai Egyptian engineer, naturalized as an American who took up residence in Tucson, published *The Quran: The Final Scripture (Authorized English Version)*. His work, crude as it is, merits no special mention, save for the further illustration it gives of the psychosis to which religiously fanatical partisanship, owing to reckless disregard for genuine scholarship, can lead. Fascinated by what he came to see as the prime divine "unknown" underlying all religious mystery, he began to explicate all things in accordance with the inscrutable number 19. By

19, the Quran could be entirely explained. Upon 19, he discovered, all physical and spiritual existence had been based. He felt certain that so insightful a perception as had been vouchsafed him could not but be revelation from God, confirming that he, rather than Muhammad ﷺ, was humanity's long-awaited last messenger!

Mahmud Y. Zayid, sought a consolation to such sectarian interpretations with his English Translation of the Quran, for which he brought together a consortium of Shi'ite and Sunni scholars in Lebanon to construe his translation (which is largely that of Naseem J. Dawood (seriously marred by its own mistranslations)), and who added an appendix on their respective rituals and beliefs. The result was that which editing by committee so often tends to produce, only more mixed and divided. It suffers from inarticulate English as well as misinterpretation. The title page reads: *The Qur'an: An English Translation of the Meaning of the Quran* (Checked and Revised by Mahmud Y. Zayid, Assisted by a Committee of Muslim Scholars, Approved by The Supreme Sunni and Shii [sic] Councils of the Republic of Lebanon), Beirut: Dar Al-Choura, 1980.

The Increasing Need for an Original Interpretation

The twentieth century, as we have seen, witnessed a number of serious, in some instances, sincere, efforts to interpret the meanings of the Quran into English. This naturally raises questions: (1) Do the interpretations meet the criteria of the maturing art of translation? (2) Did the translators have the requisite skills and specialized learning to effectively interpret the Quran? (3) To what degree are the interpretations accurate reflections of the Arabic Quran, in regard to the meanings that scholarly Quran commentary has established and that linguistic analysis of the Quran's Arabic supports? (4) Is the English clear, of literary quality, consistent within its word usage, phrasal expression, and sentence construction, without being mechanical? (5) Where verses share such language elements, is the same meaning and phraseology replicated, if applicable? (6) Are the English texts accessible, both in terms of the standardized Arabic numbering and order of the verses and surahs of the Quran, and in relation to content through indices, tables, and the like?

Neal Robinson, the University of Leeds professor cited previously, precedes us in evaluating some of these translations. "Although there are over forty English-language translations of the Qur'ân, none of them is entirely satisfactory and some are extremely unreliable." It is not a mere matter of reasonable dependability, a few Muslim translations achieving that bar (along with, perhaps, only that of A.J. Arberry from the endeav-

ors of others). Most of these translations, in our review, are marred by either (a) an overt intention to distort the Text overall or at certain ideologically specific points (nearly all the efforts of non-Muslims, in particular the earliest ones, belonging to this infamous category) or (b) a propensity toward Muslim sectarianism, ideological parochialism, hyper-rationalization of the miraculous or unobservable, or systematically “refracting” the Quran’s nature- or societal-related verses to verify time-bound scientific theory or to coincide with the perceived values orientation of the ever-evolving Western reader.

The spate of English translations of the Quran that have appeared since Robinson’s assessment have not vitiated his observations. Most of them are not original efforts, but either comprise Yusuf Ali or Pickthall redux (compare the Turkish committee-produced *The Majestic Quran* and Pickthall’s *The Meaning of the Glorious Qur’an* for an example of this) or have relied at a formative level on previous translations—not as part of a comprehensive study, but, rather, as a bridge by which to shorten the distance between their translators’ tasks and the Quranic message’s English expression. Indeed, much of the impulse among Muslims that has led to the recent proliferation of translations has been to “modernize,” “popularize,” or otherwise “enhance” the language or presentation of “older” efforts.

It is all too clear, moreover, that the background of the translator cannot be ignored in evaluating the validity of the interpretation. It affects both how the content of the Quran will be conveyed and, indeed, what nuance that content will likely carry. This applies to effect as well as meaning. For even if a translator should be well intended or grasp a verse’s sense (a grand assumption, for not a few of our translators), its articulation may not be at all commensurate with the spiritual distinction that the Quran carries, to the point that one feels to be reading an alien utterance that refuses to flow within the margins of English or rise to the thresholds of its eloquence. For this reason, one finds, for nearly two and a quarter centuries, English writers (including, as Arberry has observed, the likes of Gibbon and Carlyle, who perhaps never saw a copy of the Arabic Quran in their lives, and who certainly could not read it) dismissing the Quran’s literary composition in the most unfavorable terms.³⁸ One can discern this very same damaging misapprehension in many a contemporary intellectual and pundit.

Even our brief survey of past interpretations produces massive evidence that many of the non-Muslim translators presumed a civilizational ascendancy and religious prejudice that like cataracts made them impervious to the light and message of the Quran. Their Arabic, more-

over, was often deficient, their access to and familiarity with the Quranic sciences insufficient, and their stylistic appreciation for the Quran's expression of divine intent, moral virtue, legal decree, and the Afterlife usually nonexistent. Nonetheless, it was never the aim—nor the obligation—of non-Muslims to spread the message of the Quran and convey its guidance.

As for the Muslim translators, may God reward their efforts, most spent their gifts of time and mind qualifying themselves in professions removed from formal study of the Quran and its related disciplines. Physicians, engineers, accountants, and lawyers; English teachers, journalists, and novelists—they did not study Arabic and the Quran, the Sunna and the Shari'ah, in Islamic institutions of higher learning or in equally valid alternative settings with recognized masters. A few had no personal experience in Western societies or culture, moreover. Far too many enslaved themselves to the select service of sect and ideology, reducing a message whose vista is that of the heavens and the earth, the temporal and the eternal, to the worldly vindicator of some synthetic creed.

The neglect of the scholars of the Quran and the institutions they people has already been addressed, for their conspicuous absence cannot be excused. They bear a great responsibility for the confusion in which the branch of commentary studies known as Quran interpretation into living languages finds itself. They have, in fact, shunned the difficult task of qualifying themselves in other languages and methods (or, at least, of training capable translators in the Quranic sciences), thereby forsaking the field to the volunteer and hobbyist, who have innovated their own rampant methodologies.

The need to reinterpret the meanings of the Quran, accurately, clearly, and in graceful English, is plainly stronger now than ever before. Interest in Islam runs at an all-time high. Intersection between Christian and Muslim cultures meshes ever deeper. And, perhaps most tellingly, the rise of dynamic, melting-pot Muslim communities in Western lands—no longer catalyzed by visions of empire or dreams of escape alone—is a genuine globe-altering phenomenon. As for the world's escalating attention to Islam and its Book—no matter its motive—it merely makes this need more vivid and pressing.

The *Interpretation* that this work accompanies tries to address the essential reasons that have given rise to this core necessity, fully cognizant that, in its six-volume vision and presentation, it is a new step in English toward established *tafsîr* commentary methodology. The first volume, an English translation of the complete Quran in meaning, is its first tome.

I. THE CHALLENGES OF QURAN INTERPRETATION

"I swear by God, had they asked me to move a mountain, it could not have been weightier than what they now requested of me." These are the words of the great Companion and Quran-compiler Zayd ibn Thâbit, recalling his feeling at the moment he was asked to gather together an authenticated copy of the Quran. They are virtually sufficient as an introduction to a statement that is here in order regarding the Muslim translator in the arena of Quran interpretation. The celestial difference between Zayd's person and burden and that of a mere translator is obvious. Yet, anyone sincerely engaged in conveying the Quran's revealed verses in another language cannot help but identify with the flash of fright Zayd must have beheld when first his mind took sight of his calling, and then slowly sense the monumental shift in gravity as it undoubtedly descended upon his shoulders. (See "Sphere Four" of this writing for more on the history of the Quran's compilation as a Text.)

Fifteen years in the conception and implementation of two different works of Quran interpretation into English have taught me, first hand, a good deal of humility. The Quran is the very word of God to all human beings. Then where breathes the believing soul who would not come to know fear in the demand that its meaning be conveyed clearly, a feeling of dread at the thought of one's personal inadequacy, who would not bolt upright in the night at the thought of the mistakes he must have made in seeking to understand and express the intent of the Creator in human-set words that are not the Immortal's own?

Moreover, there stand, ever at the ready, vast numbers of critics in the intuitive mirror of the conscientious Quran translator's mind—Muslims with analytical eyes trained upon every attempt to translate the Book of God—rightfully eager to authenticate how one has ferried meaning from native to foreign shore, yet avidly questing after a freshness of spirit that will blow a semblance of indigenous life from the Arabic Quran into its echo in English, and sprinkle it with something of the sweet fragrance of the original in the accent of its omnipotence, a work with a soul limned by scholarly insight but not encumbered by it or oppressed by the translator's onerous ideological freight. The Muslim audience—progressively more cognizant of the growing non-Muslim fascination and trepidation with Islam—also looks evermore at the literary and visual quality of the translation "experience" that might justify adding yet another English interpretation of the Quran to the nearly fifty that have appeared in the past three centuries, perhaps a fifth of these in the last two decades. What might be this new volume's golden virtue?

Added to the translator's concerns is the notion of literary lag—Muslims and non-Muslims cling to one or two translations (not altogether based on sound evaluation) and grow comfortable with their idiom and presentation, such that they compare new works against, not the authority of the original Text, but familiar phrases and arrangements that their minds are used to replaying. Acceptance of a different composition for readers does not always come easy.

There are other reasons, not to be spelled out here, that bring specific difficulties to this kind of epic effort, obstacles that, according to the Quran itself, go with the territory of any solemn attempt to publicize its message anew for another potentially providential generation. Not least of a would-be interpreter's challenges, however, are the multiple skills one need hone and the range of intellectual matériel and personages that must be gathered and brought selflessly to bear in the campaign to be clear and correct in the explication of the Book of God by way of translation. In addition to these competencies, the Quran commentator—and, again, commentary (*tafsīr*) is where translation fits in the vista of the Quranic sciences—has to systematically cultivate two other levels of consciousness: (1) a broad awareness of the natural world—described previously as the Quran's mirror-revelation in dynamic display; and (2) a deep fathoming of, and devotion to, the human sea into which he aims to cast the Quran's message.

These prerequisites require of the translator rigorous preparations, not a little of which begins “involuntarily” long before one is conscious that he or she is destined to undertake such urgent business. There needs to be a fairly massive integration of Arabic linguistics, historicity, exegesis, Revealed Law, Prophetic tradition, and theological learning, along with an analogous synthesis of learning and experience in the target language, in this case, English. This substantial intellectual groundwork is the main bar that has historically precluded many untutored Muslims from composing interpretive commentaries on something as exacting as the Quran. This is not to be viewed as an authoritarian prohibition, but rather as a testimony to the widespread presence of a wise valuation for the authentic and authoritative, and a finely tuned reverence for the sacred, in Muslim culture.

Increasingly, however, the precondition of scholarly expertise to explain the Quran has been obscured in the minds of Muslims, a shadow of oblivion that has only lengthened in consequence of the modern disconnect between the intersecting notions of commentary and translation, when it comes to the Quran. This trend is directly linked to the so-called globalization of world culture, which is, for the most part, alien-

ation of native cultures, rapid deculturalization, and an indiscriminate leveling that desacralizes all traditional hierarchies. In place of all of this, a new pantheon of highly suspect, experimental assumptions is steadily diffusing through the world, with the result that many Muslims now reflexively register these conjectures as validating—including the ones that say knowledge and personal intuition are equal when it comes to the “immaterial” domain of the nonsecular, for in this latter domain of “hard,” worldly, man-made commandments and taboos, the new hierarchies are inviolable, sacrosanct, and enforced with draconian severity.

Little wonder, then, that people look with grave misgiving at suggestions to change, say, a constitution, whereas the call to bring about “versions” of the Quran in modern languages has already gone forth from various circles. This has been part of the confusion among Muslims as to the objective of Quran translation. It is not, as some now seem almost subconsciously to think, to scribe an adaptation of a sacral Text (as has been the very real challenge of Bible translation in its “production” of particular “versions”). Nor is it to sculpt a word-by-word likeness of the original Arabic Text. Nor is it to draw a culturally and psychologically correct analogy between civilizations and centuries. Many of these misconceptions can be discerned in notions of Quran interpretation that are now widespread among Muslims. “Literal” translation theory proposes a basic word correspondence between the Arabic and the English. A variation on this theory, the “literal-sensed” concept, seeks to inject interpretations with “authentic” ideology. “Modern-sensed” translation philosophy attempts to abstract concepts from the Quran that favor a “rational” gloss that better aligns with contemporary (read Western) thought, anthropologies, and values.

Yet, the Quran interpreter is supposed to be reporting the Quran’s meaning. Any emendations that he or she includes ought not to be—and, indeed, cannot justly be—to the Quran. Rather, they can only be to one’s own translation through the copious research work of the specialist—a major part of whose purpose is to endue the commonly unversed reader with concepts one needs to understand the Quran, but that one’s culture has forgotten or that one has not yet perceived. So, in addition to the interpreter’s aforementioned capacities (or maybe as a culmination of them), one’s translation stylus, before attempting Quran interpretation, ought to have been well whetted with positively related, substantial, and previous work of one’s own. In addition, one should all the while be sharpening his or her interpretive sense with the, I think, important foundational literature now mushrooming in the field of translation study and theory, which has now come of age.

Perhaps, this obliquely explains one of the underlying reasons why—in spite of the surfeit of new translations of the Quran in modern languages—Muslims in the world express an almost insatiable demand for yet another interpretation of it. Intuitively, they believe and hope that the next translation will more purposefully and skillfully convey the Quran’s meanings in English, for their own personal elucidation and that of their descendants, of course, but ever more so with an eye on two emergent realities. The first of these is that Muslims everywhere recognize the urgent need to elevate the voice of the Quran to its worthy place in the accelerating dialogue between civilizations, where truth and understanding are now openly at stake for the world. Secondly, Muslims have a distinctive desire (and in this, I believe, they are not alone) to fortify the anemic profile of the Heavenly faiths. For, instinctively, Muslims recognize the direness of the need for their essentially congruous and tolerant word of divine guidance to be amplified in the human community with respect to the ominous issues of the age—none of which, it should be duly observed, can be considered “national” or “domestic” problems any longer. They are global, created by humanity, the concern of every man and woman, the planetary consequence on land and sea of the sins (in religious terms) that have gone forth from human lips and fingertips, a threat to the earth and all that flies through its air, moves upon its face, swims in its waters, or burrows beneath its soil.

These crises constitute dramatic divine reminders of humanity’s collective liability for its actions on earth (though the All-Merciful pardons much). More importantly, they disguise opportunities to repent and reflect, and to thereby set right humankind’s affairs with God, one another, and its environment before the Last Day of our lives, when no alteration or egress back into the world will be possible. These predicaments, which we human beings all generate, and wherefore we find ourselves steeped in them, suggest questions that, the Quran tells us, we cannot be afraid to pose to one another. Nor may we despair of together finding their answer within the waymarks of divine guidance: What is the place of religion in society? What are the categorical imperatives across humankind? How can law be impartially globalized while retaining cultural-linguistic prerogatives and continuity? How is education to be defined as a purpose and a content-base, and made into an egalitarian right, rather than a tool of cultural and political coercion; and what is the burden of the educational enterprise, the obligation and station of the educator in our societies? What is the proper function of the worldly philosophies within the decidedly moral spheres of wealth and property, health and cure, and the exploitation of earth’s resources and care for its

ecology? What principles are to be held as controlling with regard to parent-child, female-male, elder-youth, and human relations in general, and in the interaction between the human creature and the rest of creation, animal, plant, and mineral? And what ethical doctrines does it behoove humanity to establish and enforce in managing disparities between rich and poor, meek and powerful, and, especially, in uprooting the deeply evil assumptions of intrinsic racial, communal, and gender inequalities that have so irrationally but tenaciously tainted modern thought?

Such questions, or, more properly, their answers, begin to shed light on the reasons why Muslims so ardently desire the Quran to be effectively translated, so that it can more readily enter, indeed, redress, the arena of the new global discourse. As God's last and culminating tiding and admonition to all of humanity, the Quran must unequivocally reach the understanding of the English-speaking in a fashion on par with (a) the calcifying, manmade ideological theses of our era (with which we currently remain deluged) and (b) the translations of preceding Heavenly Books. We listen in on Moses' ﷺ reception of the Ten Commandments in captivating modern English and heed the account of the Old Testament in the same tongue. The similarly translated New Testament reports its narrative of the mission of Jesus ﷺ and the Disciples in a style at times approaching the poignantly beautiful. Obviously, neither Moses ﷺ nor Jesus ﷺ ever pronounced a word in an utterance to be named English, given the simple historical reality that they preceded its very existence by millennia. Nor were the truly massive efforts to represent these texts in this idiom brought about by, say, Muslims or Magians. Rather, it was and continues to be the aspiration of believing Christians and Jews to illuminate their contemporaries with a seminal word that has produced their respective rescensions. Nor is it appropriate for a Muslim to cast aspersions upon the attempts of rabbis and priests, monks and ministers to plumb the depths of their sacred texts in order to disseminate their criteria and diffuse the light they find within them, when the Quran itself speaks of God's exhortation of them to respond to the decrees of His revelation:

﴿Indeed, It is We, Ourselves, who sent down the Torah. In it there is guidance and light. With it the prophets, who submitted themselves to God, made judgments for Jewry, as did the rabbis and the scribes; for they had been entrusted to preserve the Book of God—and to this trust they were mindful witnesses.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Mâ'idah, 5:44)

﴿And after the prophets of Israel, We sent following upon their traces Jesus, son of Mary, as a confirmation of the truth that had

preceded him in the law of the Torah. Moreover, We gave him the Evangel—in which there is guidance and light—as a confirmation of the truth that had preceded him in the law of the Torah, along with further guidance and inspired admonition for the God-fearing. ﴿Sûrat Al-Mâ'idah, 5:46﴾

Thus, for the Muslim, there are three reasons why every people have the right to access the meaning of God's last, universal revelation in this the post-prophetic age, the latter scenes of human history: (1) The Quran contains the comprehensive criteria by which human beings are to live on earth until the end of time; (2) it articulates the bases upon which they shall be judged in the Hereafter; and (3) it informs them of the eternal consequences of their worldly beliefs and actions and links this to the existence of the everlasting abodes of a true Paradise and a real Hell. Whoever is raised a Muslim or becomes one is accountable for providing the rest of the world with a clear sense of the explicit message of the Quran. Nor is this a one-time or place-bound liability for the Muslim community. It devolves anew upon every generation, in every location. Muslims, therefore, cannot fail to express the vital meanings of the Quran in English at the same level of original understanding, clarity, and literary quality as their counterparts in faith have their central texts—and based upon a similar impulse—yet being ever safeguarding of the rigorously authenticated meaning of its uniquely preserved Text.

II. *TAFSÎR*-COMMENTARY: THE OLD NEW VISTA OF QURAN INTERPRETATION

Perhaps one thing is clearer today regarding the Quran than it has been since English efforts to translate it began three centuries ago: The education of anyone who is ignorant of its message is not only dubious but renders that person's opinion obsolete, even dangerous, for the Quran is undoubtedly one of the great wellsprings of influence in the world and without understanding its message—not as it has been, and continues to be, largely systematically misrepresented—in at least a clear interpretation of its own authentic Heavenly voice, one cannot advance the crucial goal of confluence within the human fellowship. The common knowledge that this statement proposes, however, will not be easy if the Quran is not distinctly conveyed and reliably explained. Yet this cannot be done if its transmitters continue to restrict themselves to regurgitating old translations or mouthing sense-based idea or cultural interpretations in more or less the same old flat forms.

It should be obvious now that the route that centuries of enlightened

Quran commentary took in imparting and elucidating the Book's meanings was all along the only one that could be taken seriously, irrespective of languages and culture. Indeed, if one looks at linguistic settings other than that of Arabic in which Islam established itself by winning hearts and minds, not wars as popularly mythologized—the Persian, Turkic, Urdu, and Malay environments, for example—contextually bereft translation never sufficed. Let us put aside for the moment the obvious, that the Arabic of the Quran must be systemically taught and commonly learned at a certain level of awareness. Original, native, language-specific commentaries are all that can or will suffice the deep-rooted mortal thirst to drink in the nectar of divine truth, to know and grow into the Textbook of Heaven's guidance in terms that contextualize the Quranic experience in authentic conceptions that bear it accurately, transport its message clearly, and transfer the import of its meaning with impact. For it is only in this way that one's personal and communal encounter with the Quran can come to resonate in one's own circumstance with something of the Prophetic event of the Quran itself in the first instance.

The challenge that Muslims in the English-language milieu have correctly perceived but largely ineffectively addressed is that the Quran is more than capable of standing for and inculcating the vanishing noble virtues of moderation, civility, modesty, selflessness, charity, forbearance, and courage in new generations—provided it is given proper unmuted and uncensored voice. For the Quranic message is its own medium. Its appropriate mode, however, inheres not in the almost obsessive and resource wasteful act of translation and retranslation that seeks, again and again, to present the Quran in word-for-word or sense-for-sense approximations that cannot but appear as neurotically repetitive exercises in enigma and disconnection. Nor is there much hope in the newly fashionable trend to transplant popular commentaries from foreign soils as a harvest for the sons of different decades and their separate toils. Rather, the methodology that has proven most effective and resilient is that of the native interpretation that is conceived as an organic part of the scholarly tradition of Quran commentary. For the genre's genius is truly its ability to systematically provide peoples of a specific time, place, and experience with the intellectual, spiritual, and imaginative connections they need to recreate something of the spontaneous advent of the Quran in their own hearts, lives, and communities.

The remarkable discipline of Quran commentary stands alone in performing this feat because its purpose is to fashion the correct progression of mental bridges that link a particular reader, generation, and peo-

ple to a multifaceted understanding of the Book it amplifies. This is done, if done properly, by connecting a verse and its language, a verse and its meanings, a verse and its style, verses as they cohere and relate to one another, verses and their surahs, surahs one to another, and all with the Quran itself as a singularly coherent statement miraculously unfolding in parallel Texts of untold dimensions of time, culture, situation, and emotion: Heavenly Book! Worldly declaration! Arabic oration! Time's Last Reminder! Remembrance of all things! Divinely preserved chronicle of the prophetic history and spirituality of the life, mission, and psychology of its unlettered Messenger, Muhammad ﷺ, and his Companions, in juxtaposition with the narrative of the inveterate allies of unbelief! Such is the Quran.

Commentary succeeds in presenting the Quran because its message, in fact, originally came—not as a cryptic Book of atomized statements—but as a chain reaction, a big-bang genesis, that creates the human being and his gardenous endeavor in the world anew. It is the unfolding of believing man's universal paradigm until the end of time. It is the divine perfection of history's perpetual record, the encounter between Heavenly revelation, prophethood, and humility, on one hand, and earthy empiricism, egotism, and arrogance, on the other. It is that far-off thunder-peal in the night that starts the human soul to consciousness of an unseen realm and its absolute primacy over the relative province of the sensible. It is the proximal cause that compels one to the decisive inner struggle of establishing its numinous light in one's life. It is the luminous rune of revelation that reenchants and resacralizes for man a natural world that his numbed soul has heretofore held dispirited and profaned. It is a glad tiding and solemn admonition to him of destiny's two highways of ascent and descent that intersect only momentarily in the herebelow, if we but knew, and diverge forever in the Hereafter at the Throne of creation's singular, incomparable Maker, the true and only God, the Sole Judge of woman and man, all else's lone Creator.

At concentric levels, then, Quran commentary seeks to segregate and articulate the multitudinous message of the Quran as it, in fact, strikes the human being—rather, thrusts him all through—immediately, inexpressibly, and simultaneously. This is the steep road that this proposed series, *The Quran: A Contextual Commentary*, has taken as opposed to common translation, and which is reflected in this edition: *The Gracious Quran: A Modern-Phrased Interpretation in English*. A summary of its approach and features follows.

PART TWO

The Method of This Interpretation and Commentary

“Quran Commentary was the first of Islam’s spheres of learning to emerge. Indeed, exploration of its issues was already underway in the time of the Prophet ﷺ, as the Companions sought answers to various questions about the Quran’s verses....³⁹ Thereafter, investigation into matters of Quran commentary greatly intensified as multitudes whose native tongue was not Arabic accepted Islam. Now it had become *a necessity* to elucidate the Quran’s meanings for them; hence, its practice grew widespread among the [second generation, that is, the] Successors to the Companions....⁴⁰ For Quran commentary is surely the most venerable of the Islamic sciences. In point of fact, it is of the uppermost [echelon] of knowledge [altogether].”

—Ibn ‘Ashûr (d. 1973), *Tafsîr Al-Tahrîr wa Al-Tanwîr* (1:14)

EVERY PROJECT PROPERLY done has an underlying methodology. The Five Spheres that precede this section introduce the Quran, but also caption the philosophy and intellectual context from which this work proceeds. Creative productions also have histories, however, a sort of rationalization of the emotional experience that brought their creators to and through their particular labors. My own twenty-five-year American odyssey as an Islamic scholar and citizen is, by every measure, crucial to the formation of this work. Relevant fare, to be sure, and of invaluable historical worth in its own right, yet I believe its gloss would constitute an unnecessary distraction here, out of sync with the germane descriptions that remain before us, regarding the attributes that distinguish this interpretation.

This much I will say: Nothing shall suffice the now-critical need of English-speaking peoples to understand the Quran and Islam—be they in North America, Europe, Australia, or elsewhere—but this: the formation of homegrown, comprehensive Quran-based curricula and the

publication of original exegetical texts on the Quran—not away from, but in the very stream of, the great learning mechanisms and scholarly commentaries of Islamic civilization. This must be borne out of the self-same “necessity to elucidate” the meaning of the Quran that the quote at the opening of this essay speaks to; namely, that sense of urgency for the “exploration of [the Quran’s] issues” in search of “answers to various questions about the Quran’s verses” for the express purpose of living by these answers. That means those who yearn to make a meaningful contribution to this “uppermost [echelon] of knowledge” must conceive of their work, from the inception, as offering solutions to real concerns and tribulations that go beyond the Muslim community and purely academic pursuit. In other words, we must become engaged in the premier collective responsibility of the followers of the last Prophet ﷺ: upholding the Quran in our day-to-day lives and conveying its message to those with whom we share a bond of humanity and a responsibility for the welfare and direction of society and this strained planet. This necessarily requires a systematic awareness of what has been done, and the creative conception of what one can do, to advance the objective of total public access to, and discussion of, the Quran—if, indeed, Muslims hold the Quran to be the “prescriptive” Book of God for every man, woman, and society for all time.

The Interpreter and the Foundational Work of This Interpretation

IN SEVERAL PLACES this introduction states that the education and background of the Quran interpreter and the goals and preparations set forth for his or her production not only matter but are first-order considerations in determining whether such a work should be undertaken and received as worthy of study. Having done such an interpretation implies that one feels qualified to put it forth, and God alone is worthy of praise. The background of the interpreter as it relates to this effort follows.

1. THE CREDENTIALS OF THE COMMENTATOR: He received his Arabic and Islamic training at Al-Azhar University. For those who are unacquainted with this institution, it is the oldest continuous-running university in the world, founded in 359 H. / 970 C.E. by the Fatimid rulers of Egypt and reorganized by the famed Salâhuddin Al-Ayyûbî (Saladin, as it has been Anglicized) in 567 H. / 1171 C.E. into the premier citadel of Islamic religious higher education, which it has remained since.

He first studied Arabic language and the Sharī‘ah, or, very broadly, Islamic Law, and then learned Ḥadīth, the teachings and tradi-

tions of the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ, in which he has written two specialized works, in Arabic. His Ph.D. in Islamic Philosophy is from the University of Chicago, for which he translated the first half of the great Muslim legist, philosopher, and mystic Abû Ḥamid Al-Ghazâlî's seminal work on the principles of Islamic Law (*uṣûl al-fiqh*) *Al-Mustaṣfa min 'ilm al-Uṣûl*, *The Quintessence of the Science of the Principles of Islamic Law* (he has recently begun drafting the second part for publication).

For twenty-five years, up until 1999, he lived exclusively in America, where he functioned as an Islamic scholar, participating in what has shown itself to be the most vital period of its establishment and growth, both religiously and socially. The titles of other books he has written, including six that directly relate to the one in hand, can be perused after the title page of this book. He is currently Professor of Islamic Studies in Translation at Al-Azhar University, as well as at Al-Azhar's College of Sharī'ah and Law, and is the first of its rank to have interpreted the Quran into English after having lived and completed higher studies in America. Any worthiness in this fact is to be accorded, in part, to both these institutions, Al-Azhar and the University of Chicago. He publishes this work in the same year of life in which the Prophet ﷺ completed his call and passed to the mercy of God, and he hopes to witness its completion in its five companion volumes in the coming years.

- II. SURVEY OF ENGLISH TRANSLATIONS: Shortly after the 1989 publication of an article on Sûrat Yûsuf (12) called *The Fairest of Stories* (subsequently redone in a somewhat more substantial book), he undertook a comprehensive survey of every English translation of the Quran from the 1700s on. The purpose was to become intimate with the various approaches to Quran interpretation, as they had actually appeared in print, and to study the salient differences in each generation of translators, to the degree that such patterns existed. The translators themselves were also studied in terms of their religious, ideological, and national affiliations, along with their intellectual training, as they themselves expressed such things in their own writings and as such had been reported in the works of others.
- III. PRINCIPLES OF TRANSLATION: After the in-depth review of existing translations, a four-fold ethic to guide the interpretation process was laid down as follows: (1) fidelity to the meaning of the Quran as it is articulated in its revealed Arabic Text; (2) accuracy in its interpreta-

tion into English; (3) clarity and literary quality in its English expression; and (4) freedom from ideological bias, sectarian interpretation, or personal predilection in the representation of its meanings.

- IV. SURVEY OF QURAN VOCABULARY: The Quran's approximately one thousand seven hundred thirty-four (1,734) primary root words (from which virtually its entire lexicon derives (excepting particles, prepositions, and the like)) were separately catalogued with an extensive set of specialized Arabic and English language references attached to each one, some twenty-five linear feet of research as it stores in file drawers.

- V. SURVEY OF SURAH LITERATURE: By a similar process, the Quran's one hundred fourteen (114) surahs were surveyed. Each surah was then compiled into its own compendium with (a) its existing translations into English; (b) its commentary from the major Arabic exegetical literature, selected according to their specialized topical focus, including the teachings of the Prophet ﷺ (*hadīth*), the rules of applied Islamic Law (*ahkām al-fiqh*), prophetic biography (*sīrah*), and occasions of revelation (*asbāb al-nuzūl*), as well as various aspects of Arabic language. Generally speaking, no less than a dozen commentaries were bound into each surah file (though the range of commentaries and references ultimately needed proved quite extensive (cf. Bibliography)). These included *Jāmi' Al-Bayān 'an Ta'wīl Al-Qur'ān*, Al-Ṭabarī (d. 310 H. / 922 C.E.); *Ma'ānī Al-Qur'ān wa Irābuhu*, Al-Zajjāj (d. 311 H. / 923 C.E.); *Mufradāt Alfāz Al-Qur'ān*, Rāghib Al-Iṣfahānī, (d. 425 H. / 1033 C.E.); *Al-Kashshāf*, Al-Zamakhsharī (d. 538 H. / 1143 C.E.); *Zād Al-Maṣīr fī 'Ilm Al-Tafsīr*, Ibn Al-Jawzī (d. 597 H. / 1200 C.E.); *Al-Tafsīr Al-Kabīr*, Fakhr Al-Dīn Al-Rāzī (d. 606 H. / 1209 C.E.); *Al-Jāmi' li Ahkām Al-Qur'ān*, Al-Qurṭubī (d. 671 H. / 1272 C.E.); *Al-Baḥr Al-Muhīṭ*, Abū Ḥayyan (d. 745 H. / 1344 C.E.); *Tafsīr Al-Qur'ān Al-'Azīm*, Ibn Kathīr (d. 774 H. / 1373 C.E.) *Tafsīr Al-Jalālayn*, Jalāl Al-Dīn Maḥallī (d. 864 H. / 1459 C.E.) and Jalāl Al-Dīn Al-Ṣuyūṭī (d. 911 H. / 1505 C.E.); *Tafsīr Irshād Al-'Aql Al-Salīm ilā Mazāyā Al-Qur'ān Al-Karīm*, Abū Al-Sa'ūd (d. 982 H. / 1574 C.E.); *Fath Al-Qadīr*, Al-Shawkānī (d. 1250 H. / 1834 C.E.); *Rūḥ Al-Ma'ānī fī Tafsīr Al-Qur'ān Al-'Azīm wa Al-Sab' Al-Mathānī*, Al-Alūsī (d. 1270 H. / 1853 C.E.); *Tafsīr Al-Taḥrīr wa Al-Tanwīr*, Ibn 'Ashūr (d. 1393 H. / 1973 C.E.); *Al-Muntakhab fī Tafsīr Al-Qur'ān Al-Karīm*, sponsored by Egypt's

Supreme Council of Islamic Affairs (1993); and *Al-Tafsîr Al-Muyassar* (1418 H.), published by the King Fahd Holy Qur'ân Printing Complex of Madinah; (c) articles from the major works, classical and contemporary, on the science of Quranic studies (*‘ulûm al-Qur’ân*) also incorporated; and (d) related articles from various other sources included, as well. More than one hundred twenty (120) volumes of primary research literature on the surahs were gathered in this way.

VI. SOURCE TEXT OF THE QURAN: The interpretation of the Quranic Text has depended upon the impeccable *Muṣḥaf Al-Madīnah Al-Munawwarah* edition of the renowned Mujamma‘ Al-Malik Fahd printing complex of Madinah, in accordance with the transmission of the Quran by the esteemed recitation experts universally known by the single names Ḥafs and, before him, ‘Āṣim, as conveyed by the third Caliph of Islam, the illustrious Companion, ‘Uthmân ibn ‘Affân. This is the authenticated, undisputed, normative recitation of the Quran as the Prophet ﷺ read it publicly, had it transcribed, and taught it personally to thousands of his followers.

Baseline and Revised Texts of the Interpretation

THE FIRST TRANSLATION of the Quran undertaken by this translator was *The Quran: Interpretation in Context*, completed in May 1999. It adhered exceptionally closely to the Quranic Text, in word-choice and syntax, but saw only limited publication. It achieved, it could be said, a high and worthy standard relative to existing English renderings. Yet, still, it seemed, by the criteria that the translator had steadily evolved, not to address the actual and fast-broadening need of the English universe of readers. The present interpretation, begun in earnest in 2000, reached completion in eighteen months. Thereafter, it underwent complete revisions for meaning, language, and style twice, over the next two years. This was followed by two critical reviews—periods wherein various specialists in Islamic studies, divinity scholars, and the Arabic and English languages contributed comprehensive independent appraisals. A limited number of review editions were then sent to a cross-section of two types of readers: those whose mother tongue is English, for verse-by-verse comment on clarity of language and meaning, native quality, and general readability (wherein actual readability was measured); and Arabic speakers with English proficiency, who had both (a) memorized the entire Quran and (b) received degrees in Islamic studies. This group read the English text against the Quran itself and offered extensive comment.

- I. VERSE NUMBERING: Surahs and verses appear and are numbered in accordance with their order and numbering in the authoritative Quranic Text mentioned above. For maximal accessibility, each verse of every surah in the interpretation lists its surah number first, followed by a colon, followed by its verse number. Thus, the first verse of Surah One appears with the numbers 1:1 before it; the fifth verse of Surah Two is numbered 2:5; and the hundredth verse of Surah Twenty-Six as 26:100. In the forthcoming companion volume, *Annotations to the Gracious Quran: A Modern-Phrased Interpretation in English*, this numbering scheme is preserved for easy consultation between the interpreted verse of a surah and its note.
- II. INTERPRETIVE ENGLISH TEXT: The words and constructions that this interpretation uses to render the meanings of the Quran into English can be generally described as end-secondary to early university level literacy. A deliberate effort has nonetheless been made to achieve a style of consistent literary elegance, neither slipping into bombast and affectation, nor tripping into colloquial expression or the conventional idioms that mar many contemporary translations, and which, in reality, take one much further from the “sense” of the Quran’s presentation than does the archaic lexis that inhabits the Jacobean-reminiscent language of earlier efforts.

The language challenge for Quran interpretation is nearly as visual as it is aural. Thus, the interpreted verse has been segmented into connotative and conceptual phrases that occupy text lines to themselves. This has been much considered and constitutes an important feature of the translated text of this edition. It is designed overall to make the reading experience more enjoyable, which is to say maximally meaningful, by giving one a chance to reflect on the richness of the read, for the Quran is opulent with imagery and deep with implication that is, at once, immediate and far-reaching, overpoweringly accessible and breathtakingly fathomless, its verses, as it were, diversely layered with distinct but concomitantly correct denotations cast together by the selfsame expressions and words. Some of these senses, particularly the latter, are inevitably diluted or lost in translation. It is hoped that accompanying notations (along with a forthcoming volume of more extensive notes) will help restore at least some of that information, if not the experience, to English readers.

The classical Arabic of the Quran contains no punctuation marks. The language, rather, organizes itself into clauses and phrases through word order and particle usage. This increases the impression

of continuousness in its reading and can make for extended sentences and variant word- and phrase-groupings that yield important variation in meaning. This renders the Text of the Quran exceedingly dynamic, as much more meaning can be—and is—stored in nonlinear information sequences. This interpretation mostly introduces these passages in parts that add up to a complete sense of the entire Arabic sentence, using modern standard English punctuation as needed to make its meaning clear. To give one example, however, we may take the second verse of the second surah, Al-Baqarah, or the surah wherein is mentioned the story of the Cow of sacrifice, whereby God tested the Children of Israel. It is translated in this text: «This is the Book of God. There is no doubt therein. It is guidance for the God-fearing.» Owing to the absence of punctuation and the continuous nature of the Arabic Text, it also could mean, and be interpreted, «This is the Book of God, wherein there is no doubt. It is guidance for the God-fearing»; or «This is the Book of God, no doubt is there regarding this. It is guidance for the God-fearing»; or «This is the Book of God. There can be no doubt about the fact that it is guidance for the God-fearing.» Moreover, each of these meanings is true. It is this kind of sense, among others, that disappears in interpretation, wherein one is compelled to specify a meaning for a Text.

Native Arabic expressions have been translated into English idioms that are understandable but not too far afield from their original phrasing. Multiple meanings for such expressions are explained outside the translated text when necessary, but where the sustained use of pronouns, of which Arabic is more capable, might confuse, the referent nouns are inserted into the translated text, in brackets, to avoid ambiguity. This policy has been employed with circumspection, however. In borderline cases, these referents have been relegated to accompanying notations. In not a few places, renderings that are more literal have been reproduced there, as well, for those who might want to taste a more Arabic-styled syntax in the English.

This interpretation also makes extensive use of, and considers as important and meaningful to the English reading, the many Arabic articles of emphasis that appear in the Quran, such as, *'inna* (indeed), *'anna* (assuredly), the letter *'lam* of emphasis (most surely), and *'laqad* (very truly). The English renderings of these are, for the most part, consistent, without being relentlessly mechanical. Moreover, they have proved not only appropriate but, it would seem, desirable in imparting to the English a certain register that marks the tone of

a Sacred Text while not encumbering it with archaic usages such as 'lo,' 'verily,' 'alas,' and so on, which to contemporary sensibilities may actually tend to subtract this sense from a text.

There has been no analogous challenge when it comes to most proper name usages (for person, place, animal, plant, etc.), English equivalents being readily used. In certain instances, and in keeping with what seems an inevitable and positive trend in transliteration of world languages into English, corrective or nativized spellings for names, such as Makkah (instead of the common Mecca, for instance) have been favored. Person names, such as Muhammad ﷺ, have not been diacriticized with the points, accent marks, or macrons that distinguish certain Arabic letters for pronunciation purposes. This is often, in the translator's view—especially with given names—unnecessarily intrusive and alienating.

Similarly, technical terms, like measurements and distances, for instance, have been converted into popularly understood quantifiers and then explained, if necessary, with notes, unless the usage is generic and the measure understood, as in the verse ﴿And there are among them the likes of one who, if you were to entrust him with even a single 'dinar,' he would not restore it to you, unless you were to remain standing over him﴾ (Sûrat Âl 'Imrân, 3:75).

In addition, the English interpreted text has been rendered as much for oral, public reading as for private, silent study. This has had the further virtue of verifying the interpretation's meaning as it is likely to be received and has certainly tended to ease the reading experience overall and enhance the text's clarity. This interpretation is, in fact, intended to appear in oral mediums as well as written.

III. INTERPRETIVE ENGLISH TEXT AND GENDER: The Quran's message is universal, for every people of every generation, be they women or men—and in this latter regard, the Quran is explicit.⁴¹ Arabic, like most other languages, defaults to the masculine, particularly in its plural address. This convention is not exclusionary. The interpretation is neutral in this regard, provided this does not conflict with original Arabic connotation, the conceptual intent of the Quran, or good English style.

IV. INTERPRETIVE ENGLISH TEXT AND THE SCRIPTURAL RELIGIONS: The Quran has been revealed to liberate human beings from superstition and false assumptions about God. For this reason, it offers no compromise with idol worship or its adherents. To the scriptural faiths,

however, it accords a formal standard of recognition and preservation. First, the Quran mandates belief in every Heavenly revelation that preceded it as a precondition of faith in it. One cannot profess acceptance of the Quran and reject the Scriptures of old. From this category, the Quran specifically mentions the Torah of Moses ﷺ, the Psalms of David ﷺ, and the Evangel of Jesus ﷺ. To others it eludes generally, but the principle it establishes firmly. Thus, the Quran accords the communities that formed around these revealed Books, explicitly the Jews and the Christians, special status, formally naming them *ahl al-kitâb*, the People of the Scripture, deliberately distinguishing them from idol worshippers, and, thereby, exempting them from such denunciations as it pronounces upon the practitioners of paganism. Yet, God Himself, in all these revelations, reserves the right to address all peoples as He so wills. He guides them as He so pleases, and He forewarns and admonishes them as He so pleases. He is explicit as to what brings about His hallowed blessing and what earns His divine wrath. Neither Muslims, nor Jews, nor Christians—nor any community that has ever received his prophets and messages—are excepted from His Judgment. The Bible, for instance, is replete with passages that illustrate this as Heaven's prerogative. The Quran follows this divine rule. For example, God praises the generations and communities of Jews who preserved their faith against persecution and skepticism.

﴿Now, very truly, We have previously given Moses the Torah as a Heavenly Book, even as We have given you the Quran. So do not be in doubt, O Prophet, about meeting the like of what faced him. Yet, indeed, We made it a source of guidance for the Children of Israel. And thereby We made from them exemplary leaders, guiding their people by Our command—when they had endured patiently, and when they had certainty in the truth of Our revealed verses. Indeed, God will judge between them all on the Day of Resurrection about that wherein they have been disputing.﴾ (Sûrat Al-Sajdah, 32:23–25)

The Quran states, moreover, that God bestowed favor upon the Children of Israel in a measure unequaled by any other people in their era, not arbitrarily, but as a result of their compliance with His commandments and His mercy. ﴿O Children of Israel! Recall in your hearts My blessings with which I have blessed you, and that I had, indeed, showed preference to you above the peoples of the time in all the world﴾ (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:47). Yet as to those who

violated God's commandments and willfully and obstinately transgressed His ordained limits, it is the likes of these, the Quran states, that God chastised with His severe retribution, in this life, withholding for them an even more severe torment in the Hereafter. This, in fact, is the way of divine Judgment, confirmed in many places in the Old Testament, as well.

The Quran also lauds those Christians who enshrine and practice the ethics of abstinence and devotion, sincere love of divine truth, and humility before God.

¶And you shall assuredly find that the nearest of faith-communities in genuine love to those who believe in this Quran are those who say: We are, indeed, Christians. That is because there are among them priests and monks—and they do not grow arrogant. And when they hear what has been sent down to the Messenger, you see their eyes overflowing with tears because of the truth, which they recognize. They say: Our Lord! We have believed. So inscribe us among those who bear witness to the truth. Why should we not believe in God and the truth that has come to us, and hope for our Lord to admit us to Paradise with the righteous people? So God has rewarded them for what they have said—Gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein they shall abide forever and ever. Such is the reward of those who excel in doing good.¶ (Sûrat Al-Mâ'idah, 5:82–85)

The Quran, therefore, disapproves of the offenses of Jews, Christians, and Muslims—singling out in particular the hypocrites, a group from the Muslim community—for their unrepentant defiance of their Creator's commandments and their sustained willful violation of His covenants with them. It further instructs humankind, all together, to abandon idol worship and every custom that is unfounded in the practice of faith, cautioning that religion, in its beliefs about God and in its ritual expression, is not a dimension of life in which the human being may exercise its inventive faculty; for the implications of this are far-reaching and its consequences ultimate. Thus the Quran directs the recipients of God's revelations to bring their rational gift to bear especially in the scrutiny of religion, in order to distinguish the baseless belief invented by man from the revealed tenet of God, and so as to identify and cure the qualities of idolatry that may creep into their worship and the symptoms of hypocrisy that may suffuse into their hearts.

While the Quran is by comparison notably clear and moderate in

the relatively few obligations and prohibitions it places upon people, it nonetheless contains a number of decisive Texts that delineate true faith, and in this it brooks no tilt or compromise with anyone for any consideration, be it racial, denominational, temporal, or social (though it exempts from these categorical injunctions those who are coerced into capitulation, provided willful unbelief or defiance does not enter their hearts).

V. IN-TEXT NOTATION: This interpretation is characterized by the words and phrases it intersperses to clarify, often in essential ways, the more strictly translated text. These insertions have been carefully applied in order to give the English reader what a Quran-literate Arab would gather intuitively from the language and from his or her study of established Quran scholarship. These notations, numbering more than seventeen thousand (17,000), flow seamlessly, for the most part, within the interpreted text, and are clearly marked off in hopefully unobtrusive half-brackets, designed especially for this work. Their use has been tightly governed by the following considerations:

1. Harmony exists between the universal objectives of the Quranic message and the locus of meaning contained in its words, sentences, and verses from beginning to end.
2. The nonnative reader of the Quranic message has the right to expect that its meaning be communicated to him or her with unstinting accuracy and reliability and without sacrificing the fullest sense and truest impact that such a reading experience can provide. Indeed, it is the translator's conviction that accuracy regarding the meaning of the Quran's passages cannot be achieved in translation without a qualified, native interpreter to supply as full a sense of the original as possible, scrupulously avoiding the snare of ideological bias.
3. The Quran is its own most authoritative commentary and is a mutually defining and reciprocally explanatory document. Therefore, virtually all the half-bracketed notations come from the Quran itself, from verses that specify what other verses leave implicit. This has been done for two reasons:
 - a. To guard against obvious miscommunication of the Quran's message.
 - b. To ensure clarity. In-text augmentation has, therefore, kept to the firmly established rhetorical principles of classical Arabic.

4. English has its own dictates of grammar and rhetoric to be upheld. If it is something essential to the nature of the language, as with the verb ‘to be’ (which the Arabic nominal sentence does not need), no bracketed insertions are used. If it is a matter of supplying on occasion something that is deliberately left out of the Quranic Text, but which seems substantial to the English (as in the case of the omitted answer to the subtle rhetorical question, or the absented—but strongly implied—fulfillment of a hypothetical clause), such is provided.
5. The Quran is a divine Text and as such addresses humanity in a way that tends, by its nature, to transcend popular convention. Therefore, connections fundamental to the reader’s perspective are bracketed in the English to give one proper orientation. This impinges especially in two cases:
 - a. The Quran’s declaration to all humanity is directed first to and through its prophet-recipient, Muhammad ﷺ, whose speech and life-model it designed to raise, in exemplification of its revealed wisdom, to the plane of the universal human being.
 - b. Arabic’s pronominal and nominal precision with regard to number and gender are often melded in English. Thus the titles of “Prophet” or “Messenger” for Muhammad ﷺ, and less frequently his name, are often specified in brackets in the interpretation (without the subsequent prayer symbolized in the Arabic icon ‘ﷺ,’ as this is out of form for the divine address). In addition, the feminine or masculine nature of a word, or its singular, dual, or plural form (especially with regard to pronouns) is clarified directly in the text, as they are integral to the Arabic.

There is good reason for such in-text notation to a Quran interpretation, as opposed to the idea of an unachievable literal translation or the attempt to merely gloss the Book’s meaning with a modernized “sense” of the original that devalues the language experience. The Quran is a clear Arabic revelation of unmistakable message, without doubt. Yet, the Arabic of the Quran—while exclusive in the sense that God has spoken it (being thus distinguished from all other speech)—has never been intended to be exclusionary. Rather, its revealed Arabic constitutes a human means of storing and preserving its divine linguistic value through the otherwise natural and inescapable degradations of time, human awareness, and language.

Annotation to the Quran, however, is not all of one piece. Its purpose of clarifying or enhancing meaning varies widely in terms of approach, application, and aspect—from the conceptual, to the creedal, to the existential, to the eschatological, to the linguistic, to the legal, to the inspirational, and so forth, for the verses of the Quran do, indeed, contain all of this and more simultaneously, wherefore literal translation is implausible and all but rudimentarily ineffective, if not an outright illusion.

Yet, so too is this quality of embedded signification and implication part of the cause of the science of Quran commentary as it has formed itself, that is, around the nature of the Quran's complex (not simplex) of explication. Now, footnoting every detail in a translation cannot help but be a detractive and inadequate visual and intellectual-emotional *mélange* upon the static page, if it is to reach a level of sufficiency; and endnoting is useful only for contextual information that exists at a certain remove from essential or immediate understanding, which is not to say that this cannot be constructive or even powerfully instructive. What is indispensable to Quran commentary in the first order, however—and especially commentary in the form of translation—is the completion of the Quran's message through specification and contextualization, in the way the Book itself, as a whole, completes the meaning and sense of its individual verses and surahs by others that are not necessarily sequentially or textually linked to them, and by associating them with several frames of human experience. That is to say, the Quran, though graduation characterized its descent into the world, was sent down consummate, integral, and inclusive from its first celebrated command—﴿Read, O Prophet, in the name of your Lord who has created!﴾ (Sûrat Iqrâ', 96:1)—to its last revealed reminder: ﴿Thus fear a Day Hereafter in which you shall be returned to God. Then each soul shall be rendered in full what it has earned—and never shall they be wronged in the least﴾ (Sûrat Al-Baqarah, 2:281).⁴²

On one hand, the Quran announces its completion in the very first moment of its transmission from Heaven. The Prophet ﷺ is to *begin* to ﴿read﴾ to humanity verbatim from an *existing* Text ﴿in the name of﴾, that is, on behalf of, the Divine One who has uttered its inscription in eternity, and who shall teach it to humanity in the temporal world, by the instrumentality of the ﴿pen﴾. On the other, the Quran shall be the foremost fulfillment of its own meaning in the very act of its completion: through the ongoing revelation of its verses; through the mutual explication they bring of one another;

and through God's primary exhibition of the meaning of these verses by occasioning their revelation to coincide with preordained events in the world that would demonstrate, or conserve in context, both the earthly human value of their import and their necessarily divine origin. This is, in part, the meaning of the Quran's self-description during the course of its revelation—when its verses were not yet wholly unveiled to humanity nor disclosed to it as a completed Text—as being, from the outset, ﴿a Book whose verses are perfectly set, then made utterly distinct, from One who is all-wise, all-aware﴾ (Sûrat Hûd, 11:1). It is for this reason that the Quran is its own first and full commentary—and such is a rank and arrangement of explication that must be preserved and presented in any effective and reflective interpretation. This is, in fact, what the half-bracketed in-text notations represent, discreetly, but, God willing, very authoritatively and informatively: several thousand notes from the Quran commenting on itself and calling up pertinent event references—without which the reader will suffer decisive loss of meaning or remain concept deprived—yet, with no need to break the reading consciousness, to divert an eye, or turn a page.

The pragmatic reality is that this method provides the medium by which an individual seeking to access the message of the Quran and assess and internalize its meaning can independently accomplish much of his or her initial aim (far from the idealist discourse that has tended to occupy translators and the hobbyists who discourse about this). This is the golden vein that the expert commentators of Islam's heritage all diligently mined to enrich the understanding of the Quran's audiences. Bearing in mind the additional layer of translation, it is believed that this methodology, sensitively handled, though it has been toil intensive, is a boon for the vast majority of readers. For those who still favor a more austere flow of linguistic interpretation, without augmentation, it runs largely intact beyond the half-brackets.

- VI. EXTRA-TEXT NOTATION: With the half-bracketed in-text notations carrying most of the explanatory lode, other comment has been limited in the Deluxe Edition to more or less essential annotation, the need for which is not immediate. This has been largely restricted to three types of clarification: passages that require extended contextual background, alternative renderings of words and verses, and, occasionally, linguistic explication to enhance understanding and clue the reader in as to why a phrase has been translated as it has.

In the two volume Deluxe Edition, separate notes and appendices address concepts and beliefs deemed essential to a sound understand-

ing of the Quran, the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ, and the religion of Islam as its Book and Messenger established it. If this is one's first encounter with the Quran, it is strongly advised that one visit these essays, which ought to substantially enrich one's reading of the Quranic message. At the very least, one should familiarize him- or herself with their topics and refer to them in the course of reading the interpretation whenever one comes across verses or notions for which one lacks adequate awareness to grasp their import.

Notions of Interpretation

A WORD OUGHT to be said about the idea of 'interpretation' as opposed to the more literal 'translation.' If there is one conception that this work has tried to convey, it is that the verses of the Quran are pregnant with meaning, intimation, and implication. This is advice to be considered in several different ways, but on the level of translation it serves to remind, especially the untutored reader of the Quranic message, that languages harbor natures, geniuses of expression, and manners of imparting sense that point all to the greatness of One Creator but that do not necessarily, or even likely, correspond literally with one another. It is for this reason that translation, when it comes to the Quran, is more properly described as interpretation, not in the connotation of conveying a particular insight or impression, but in the substance of establishing meaning and communicating its significance within the limitations of human expression.

What is most obvious in every such effort is that the translated words and phrases of the Quran are not the Quran itself; they are not divine Text equal to the original and cannot, therefore, be, like the original, called the words of God, or the Quran. They are, in the best sense, the mortal words that the translator uses to report the meanings of the Sacred Text of the Quran—the distinction between the original and the translation equaling the infinite difference between the august Creator and the humble translator. Any interpretation thus elevates itself above obvious human limitation only to the degree that it captures the meanings meant by the Divine One in the Quran's revelation. These last two facts define what an interpretation can never be; namely, a dynamic equivalent of the divine Text of the Quran in Arabic.

Be that as it may, in each and every clause and sentence, it was necessary to make a restricted decision about meaning in accordance with common rhetorical principles that govern the understanding of Arabic expression and the intent of the Quranic Text. When the matter exceeded the scholarly awareness of the translator, editors, and reviewers,

specialists in the fields of languages and the religious sciences and, occasionally, the natural sciences were consulted to help determine the most authentic meaning. Wherever multiple denotative meanings were plausible, an educated judgment was made as to which was the likelier or conceptually more compatible of the alternatives (if, indeed, there was such an issue), and this was used in the interpretation while the others were noted. Not infrequently, such conclusions involve a certain consistency of understanding rather than incompatible propositions. It goes without saying that this process involved fairly prodigious research on a word-by-word, verse-by-verse, surah-by-surah basis in the vast commentary, prophetic, linguistic, and analytical Quranic literature, especially in Arabic.

As to the English vocabulary of the interpretation, much consideration and verification went into establishing a consistent, standard, clear, literate lexicon that has been all but purged of the technical terminology of the specialists, as well as archaic pronominal usages (thee, thou, etc.). The royal 'We,' however, in reference to the first person plural references that God makes to Himself has been preserved and capitalized, though when this is followed by the pronominal reflexive, as in *innâ nahnu*, the singularized 'Ourselves' has been used with initial capital (reading, ♠We, Ourselves♠). With regard to the standard pronouns that refer to God, with the exception of 'who,' they are, against modern American convention, invariably capitalized.

This is not to say that other older or rarer significations of words have not been used, or that Arabic has not been preserved in a handful of places where it seemed the point, but overwhelmingly anyone who understands the general periodic literature in circulation will have little call to do reference work. But for those who would have a more precise appreciation for the use of key words, the dictionary is highly recommended (particularly in conjunction with Arabic-English dictionaries), especially until the forthcoming companion volumes, *Annotations to The Gracious Quran: A Modern-Phrased Interpretation in English* and *The Vocabulary Reference to The Gracious Quran: A Modern-Phrased Interpretation in English*, are published, God willing.

Moreover, the language of the interpretation is in no way specific to Muslims. Rather, Christians and Jews, Buddhists and Hindus, Humanists and seekers—whoever reads English at a standard college-ready level of literacy and wants to acquaint him- or herself with the message of the Quran from a font nearer its source—should find ease in this interpretation's rendering. (It is hoped that this interpretation shall one day be redone for children and early adolescents, if not by the trans-

lator, then at his direction). The translator has neither inserted nor overlaid the text with any word of reprimand, tenor of rebuke, or tone of righteous admonition, nor has he tinged it with the pitch of persuasion, nor is there need to do so. The Quran well suffices as its own forthright declaration to all people and, indeed, cautions its knowing adherents to refrain from shouting or muting its message of guidance, glad tidings, and forewarning, and to simply and straightforwardly convey it. Rather, it likens itself to a light that God has displayed manifestly before the minds of all humankind by which He shall guide them directly unto Himself—provided they scrutinize it intently and that it is He alone their hearts truly seek (Sûrat Al-Nisâ', 4:174).

Editions and Additions

THIS PUBLICATION MARKS the second edition of *The Gracious Quran: A Modern-Phrased Interpretation in English*, yet it raises the question of completion. Indeed, can any translation of the Quran's message *finish*, requiring or benefiting from no further explanation, correction, or revision? We have established that the concept of dynamic equivalence—an "official" version of the Quran in any language other than Quranic Arabic, and any wording besides the Quran's Arabic Text in its accepted readings—is humanly impossible. Were it possible, it would be transient, for language itself—especially English today, as, perhaps, the most dynamic language on earth—must grow in (and slough off) vocabulary, style, and expression to accommodate the reality it continues to encompass. The last printed edition of that master compendium of English words, the *Oxford English Dictionary*, contains some 85,000 words that simply did not exist in the 1924 publication. It is irrational for any man or woman to claim that a translated text enjoys perfect identity with its original—and the negation of perfection, or anything near faultlessness, applies most naturally to "translating" or interpreting into another language the very wording of God in His most inimitable Quran. No one given life, being naught before and destined to die thereafter, only to be brought back to life again for Divine sentencing, can hope to render the thrust, the force, the truth, the eloquence, the nuance of meaning delivered by the Quran in the full divine effulgence of its revealed Arabic. This most stunning of all miracles is the undivided province of *the One* God, alone—and how transcendently far is He who is ever-near exalted high, high above what anyone may claim of imperfection!

The best a master translator can do is to transfer the Quran's meanings in accordance with the utmost of his or her knowledge, efforts, and skill. Then the difference that shall remain between the revealed and the

reported shall be, as we have said already, equivalent to that of the Eternal Originator and the passing translator He originated. The compass of the work of a mortal, who, if he is so blessed, learns anew with every day, narrows into abject nothingness before the word of the Divine, who ﴿has encompassed all things in knowledge﴾ (Sûrat Al-Anʿâm, 6:80). The translation of the Quran, as this passage implies, cannot complete or even finish. One's ongoing study of the Quran, of its Arabic, of Islam, of the discoveries of man, and, in this case, of the English language ought to enable one to enrich this translation, its commentary and notations, and its presentation and design, so long as English speaks in this dialect and this interpretation exists.

The initial editions of this work are, therefore, exactly that. No informed comment, notation, or correction intended to raise the station of this interpretation in the discourse of our ever-changing world shall go unconsidered, God willing. Fervently we pray to Him, highly exalted and most high is He: O God! Accept this work that is offered seeking Your august Countenance, and nothing of any other, as a service in behalf of all those who submit their faces willingly to You alone and for all those who would serve only You; and do pardon its shortcomings and mistakes, and convey its truth to the hearts of its readers. Shower Your prayers of blessings upon Your Messenger, Muhammad ﷺ, his family, his Companions, his wives, and all unto the end of time who seek to follow him in their lives. And the last of our prayers is ever ﴿All praise is for God alone, Lord of All the Worlds﴾ (Sûrat Al-Fâtiḥah, 1:2).

ENDNOTES

- 1 Bakkah is the ancient name of the valley in which Makkah is located, at the center of which is the Ka'bah, the First House of God built on earth. See al-Zabîdî, Muḥammad Murtaḍā al-Ḥusainî, *Tāj Al-ʿArūs min Jawāhir Al-Qāmūs* (Kuwait: al-Turāth al-ʿArabî, 1413 H. / 1993 C.E.), vol. 27, p. 80.
- 2 See the Biblical promise to humanity that God "will raise them up a Prophet from among their brethren, like unto thee, and will put my words in his mouth; and he shall speak unto them all that I shall command him. And it shall come to pass, that whosoever will not hearken unto my words which he shall speak in my name, I will require it of him." Deuteronomy: 18:18, *Bible*, King James Version.
- 3 The Preface to this book describes this concept in a bit more detail.
- 4 al-Aʿzamî, Muḥammad Muṣṭafā, *The History of the Qur'anic Text from Revelation to Compilation: A Comparative Study with the Old and New Testaments* (Leicester, England: UK Islamic Academy, 2003), pp. 67–68.
- 5 The first four caliphs are Abû Bakr al-Ṣiddîq, the first adult male believer and longtime friend of the Prophet ﷺ; ʿUmar ibn al-Khaṭṭâb; ʿUthmân ibn ʿAffân; and ʿAlî ibn Abî Tâlib. The three wives of the Prophet ﷺ who also served as scribes are ʿĀʾishah, the daughter of the first caliph, Abû Bakr; Ḥaṣṣah, the daughter of the second caliph, ʿUmar; and ʿUmm Salamah. Among the most prominent Companion-scribes, as noted by al-Aʿzamî, *The History of the Qur'anic Text*, pp. 67–68, are, alphabetically (with a nod to Arabic transcription), as follows: ʿUbay ibn Kaʿb, ʿUsayd ibn al-Ḥudayr, Ṭalhah ibn ʿUbaydillah, ʿAbbâs, ʿAbd al-ʿUzzâ ibn Khaṭal, ʿAbdullah ibn ʿAbdullah ibn ʿUbay ibn Salûl, ʿAbdullah ibn ʿAmr, ʿAbdullah ibn Abû Bakr, ʿAbdullah ibn al-Arqam, ʿAbdullah ibn Asad, ʿAbdullah ibn Rawâḥah, ʿAbdullah ibn Saʿd, ʿAbdullah ibn Zayd, ʿĀmir ibn Fuḥayrah, ʿAmr ibn al-ʿĀs, ʿUqbah, Ḥâṭib ibn ʿAmr, Ḥanzalah ibn al-Rabīʿ, Ḥudhayfah ibn al-Yamân, Ḥuwaytib ibn ʿAbd al-ʿUzzâ, Abân ibn Abû Sufyân, Abân ibn Saʿîd, Abû ʿUmâmah, Abû ʿAbs ibn Jabr, Abû Ḥudhayfah, Abû Ayyûb al-Anṣârî, Abû Râfiʿ al-Qibṭî, Abû Salamah al-Makhzûmî, Abû Sufyân ibn Ḥarb, al-ʿAlâʾ ibn ʿUqbah, al-ʿAlâʾ ibn al-Ḥaḍramî, al-Ḥuṣayn ibn Numayr al-Numayrî, al-Arqam ibn Abî al-Arqam, al-Mughîrah ibn Shuʿbah, al-Zubayr ibn al-ʿAwwâm, Aws, Bashîr, Buraydah ibn al-Ḥuṣayb, Jaʿfar ibn Abî Tâlib, Jahm ibn Saʿd, Juḥaym ibn al-Ṣalt, Khâlid ibn al-Walîd, Khâlid ibn Saʿîd ibn al-ʿĀs, Khâlid ibn Zayd, Maʿn ibn ʿAdî, Muḥammad ibn Maslamah, Muʿâdh ibn Jabal, Muʿâwiyah ibn Abû Sufyân, Muʿayqib ibn Abî Fâṭimah, Mundhir, Saʿd ibn ʿUbâdah, Saʿd ibn al-Rabīʿ, Saʿid ibn al-ʿĀs, Saʿid ibn Saʿid, Shurahbîl ibn Ḥasanah, Thâbit ibn Qays,

- Yazîd ibn Abû Sufyân, Zayd ibn Thâbit, and Zubayr ibn Arqam.
- Names in red are from the following sources:
- al-Faramâwî, 'Abd al-Hayy, *Rasm al-Mushaf wa Naqtuhu*, 1st ed. (Beirut, Lebanon and Jeddah, Saudi Arabia: Mu'assasat al-Rayyân, in association with Dâr Nûr al-Maktabât, 1425 H. / 2004 C.E.), pp. 51-52; al-Şâlihî, Muḥammad ibn Yûsuf, and edited by 'Âdil 'Abd al-Mawjûd and 'Alî Mu'awwad, *Subul al-Hudâ wa al-Rashâd fî Sîrat Khayr al-'Ibâd*, 1st ed. (Beirut, Lebanon: Dâr al-Kutub al-'Ilmiyyah, 1414 H. / 1993 C.E.), vol. 11, pp. 375-394; Ibn Ḥajar, Aḥmad ibn 'Alî, and edited by 'Abd al-'Azîz bin Bâz, *Fath al-Bârî bi Sharḥ Şaḥîḥ al-Bukhârî*, 1st ed. (Cairo, Egypt: Dâr al-Ḥadîth, 1419 H. / 1998 C.E.), vol. 9, pp. 27-28; Ibn al-Qayyim, Muḥammad ibn Abû Bakr, and edited by Shu'yb al-Arnâ'ût, *Zâd al-Ma'âd fî Hady Khayr al-'Ibâd*, 3rd ed. (Beirut, Lebanon: Mu'assasat al-Risâlah, 1418 H. / 1998 C.E.), vol. 1, p. 113.
- 6 al-A'zamî, *The History of the Qur'anic Text*, pp. 67-68.
 - 7 The *qur'â'* had been sent to the eastern Arabian province of Najd, mostly bedouin land, from Madinah after their conversion to Islam. Along the way, the bedouins reverted to idolatry under the instigation of 'Âmir ibn Ṭufayl, from the tribe of Banû 'Âmir, and slaughtered all their Quran teachers, save one who survived and returned with the report to Madinah. See Ibn Hishâm, Abû Muḥammad 'Abd al-Malik, *Sîrat ibn Hishâm*, 4 vols. (Beirut: Dâr al-Ma'rifah, n.d.), vol. 3, p. 184. See Ibn Ḥajar, *Fath al-Bârî*, vol. 7, p. 475, no. 4088; Muslim ibn al-Ḥajjâj, *Şaḥîḥ Muslim* (Beirut: Dâr Iḥyâ' al-Kutub al-'Arabiyyah, 1955), vol. 1, p. 468, no. 677.
 - 8 al-A'zamî, *The History of the Qur'anic Text*, p. 94. He attributes these reports of 8 and 9 codices, respectively, to Shawqî Daif, *Kitâb Al-Sab'a of Ibn Mujâhid*, p. 7, and the Shi'ite historian Aḥmad ibn Ya'qûb al-Ya'qûbî, *Târikh Al-Ya'qûbî* (Beirut: 1379 H. / 1960 C.E.), vol. 2, p. 170.
 - 9 Lings, Martin, *Muhammad ﷺ: His Life Based on the Earliest Sources* (Islamic Texts Society, 1983), pp. 258-62; and Guillaime, trans., *The Life of Muhammad: A Translation of Ishâq's, Sîrat Rasûl Allâh* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1980), pp. 652-58.
 - 10 Binark and Ismet, et al., *World Bibliography of Translations of the Meanings of the Holy Qur'an: Printed Translations, 1515-1980* (Istanbul: The Research Centre for Islamic History, Art and Culture, 1406 H. / 1986 C.E.), pp. xxvii-xxviii; cf. 'Alî Qalî Qarraâ'î, "A Glance at the History of the Translation of the Qur'ân" (The Centre for Translation of the Holy Qur'ân, 1420 H. / 1999 C.E.), p. 14.
 - 11 Ibid.
 - 12 Ibid.
 - 13 al-Zamakhsharî, Maḥmûd ibn 'Umar, *Al-Kashshâf* (Beirut, Lebanon: Dar al-Kotob al-'Ilmiyyah), vol. 2, p. 518.
 - 14 See the interesting legal opinion (*fatwâ*) of Shaykh Rashîd Ridâ, in *Al-Manâr* (1326 H. / 1908 C.E.), vol. 11, pp. 268-274. Or one may refer to Salâh al-Dîn al-Munajjid and Khûrî Yûsuf, *Fatâwâ al-Imâm Muḥammad Rashîd Ridâ* (Beirut: Dâr al-Kitâb al-Jadîd, 1970), vol. 2, pp. 761-762. Or see Muḥammad Rashîd Ridâ, *Tarjamât al-Qur'an wa ma Fithâ min al-Mafâsid wa-Munâfât al-Islâm*, 1st ed. (Cairo: Maṭba'at al-Manâr, 1344 H. / 1926 C.E.), pp. 21-22. See also the opinion of the Shaykh al-Islâm of the Ottoman State, Muşţafâ Şabrî, in Binark and Ismet, et al., *World Bibliography of Translations of the Meanings of the Holy Qur'an*, pp. xxvii-xxviii. Or see Şabrî, Muşţafâ, *Mas'alat Tarjamât al-Qur'an* (Cairo: al-Maṭba'a al-Salafiyya, 1351 H. / 1933 C.E.), pp. 56-57. Many scholars of this period weighed in on the heated Quran translation debate. These included, besides Shaykh Rashîd Ridâ and Shaykh al-Islâm Muşţafâ Şabrî, in the majority view of supporting strong barriers between the Quran and its translation, Muḥammad Muşţafâ al-Shâṭir and Hasanayn Makhlûf. Shaykh al-Marâghî's defense of Abû Hanîfah's original position is both vigorous and categorical, calling it "obligatory" for one who does not know Arabic or the Quran's meanings to recite of its meanings what he or she may in translation in order to engage in this communion of Prayer with God. Shaykhs Maḥmûd Shaltût and Muḥammad al-Khiḍr Ḥusayn remain neutral.
 - 15 See throughout, al-'Atţas, Muḥammad, *Islam and Secularism* (Malaysia: Institute of Islamic Thought & Civilization, 1979).

- 16 Robert of Ketton, whose name is often Latinized as Robertus Retenensis (and in the Turkish-produced *World Bibliography of Translations of the Qur'an* as Robertus Ketenensis), was actually part of a team of clerics gathered by Peter the Venerable of Cluny.
- 17 This feat of translation is considered one of the Abbot's more important achievements. His own Latin being poor, he wrote few epistles, but noteworthy among them are his attacks on Muslims. See Samuel W. Duffield, "Peter the Venerable" (1092 or 1094–1156), in Philip Schaff, ed., *A Religious Encyclopaedia or Dictionary of Biblical, Historical, Doctrinal, and Practical Theology*, 3rd ed. (Toronto, New York & London: Funk & Wagnalls Company, 1894), vol. 4, p. 1819.
- 18 Alexander Ross, *The Alcoran of Mahomet*, (Philadelphia, 1853).
- 19 See the introductions to the translations of Ghulām Sarwār, pp. vii–xlix, and Abdullah Yusuf Ali, p. xiv.
- 20 John Meadows Rodwell, trans., *The Koran*, in Everyman's Library, reprinted with a preface by Rodwell and an introduction by G. Margoliouth (New York: E.P. Dutton & Co., 1953). Rodwell's translation and preface may be found at the following site: www2.hn.psu.edu/faculty/jmanis/koran/Koran.pdf.
- 21 Dr. Aḥmad Ibrāhīm Muhanna offers an excellent dissection of Rodwell's translation in *Dirāsah Ḥawla Tarjamāt Al-Qur'ān Al-Karīm*, p. 102.
- 22 Guillaume, the translator of Ibn Ishāq's *Ṣīrat Rasūl Allāh*, says of Bell's work: "Fine and careful scholar as he was, I confess that his surgery is so devastating that I cannot use his translation. By cutting out verses and transposing them for purely subjective reasons and by going on to amputate half the verses and even phrases he provokes a mental resistance to textual analysis that is in part sound scholarly [scholarly [un]sound [sic?]]. At the best readers will say, 'this is how Bell thinks the Qur'ān originally ran'; at the worst, 'the man has lost all sense of proportion.'" "The Koran Interpreted" [Review], *The Muslim World* (1957), vol. 48, p. 248.
- 23 Arberry, *The Holy Koran, An Introduction with Selections* (London: Allen and Unwin, 1953), p. 7.
- 24 Arberry, *The Koran Interpreted* (New York: Collier Books, 1955), vol. 2, p. 12.
- 25 Quran interpretation and this religious affiliation are discussed more fully in a subsequent section of this introduction, pp. 1210–1212.
- 26 See Montgomery Watt's introduction to Richard Bell's interpretation, p. 178.
- 27 For a detailed discussion on Yusuf Ali's unorthodox views, please see A. R. Kidwai, "Abdullah Yusuf Ali's Views on the Qur'anic Eschatology," *Muslim World League Journal*, 12, No. 5 (February, 1985), pp. 14–17.
- 28 If ever a prophet of God was pressed into war, it had solely to be to end persecution. Thus, no thought of prisoners (the great wealth of the day) was to be entertained, unless and until he had thoroughly pacified the land from such persecution, for it is then that this phenomenon becomes a burden of restoration and not a boon.
- 29 Asad, Muhammad, *The Message of the Quran* (Gibraltar: Dar al-Andalus, 1980), pp. 797–98.
- 30 Neal Robinson, *Islam: A Concise Introduction* (U.S.A.: Georgetown University Press, 1999), p. 72.
- 31 Nicholson's rendering of *Sûrat al-Qâri'ah* (101):
The Smiting!
What is the Smiting?
And how shalt thou be made to understand
what is the Smiting?
The Day when Men shall be as flies scattered,
And the Mountains shall be as shreds of wool
tattered,
One whose Scales are heavy,
a pleasing life he shall spend,
But one whose Scales are light,
to the Abyss he shall descend.
What that is, how shalt thou be made to
comprehend?
Scorching Fire without end!
And Burton's of *Sûrat al-Fâtihah* (1):
In the Name of Allah, the Merciful, the
Compassionate! Praise
be to Allah, who the three worlds made,
The Merciful, the Compassionate,
The King of the day of Fate.
Thee alone do we worship,
and of thee alone do we ask aid.

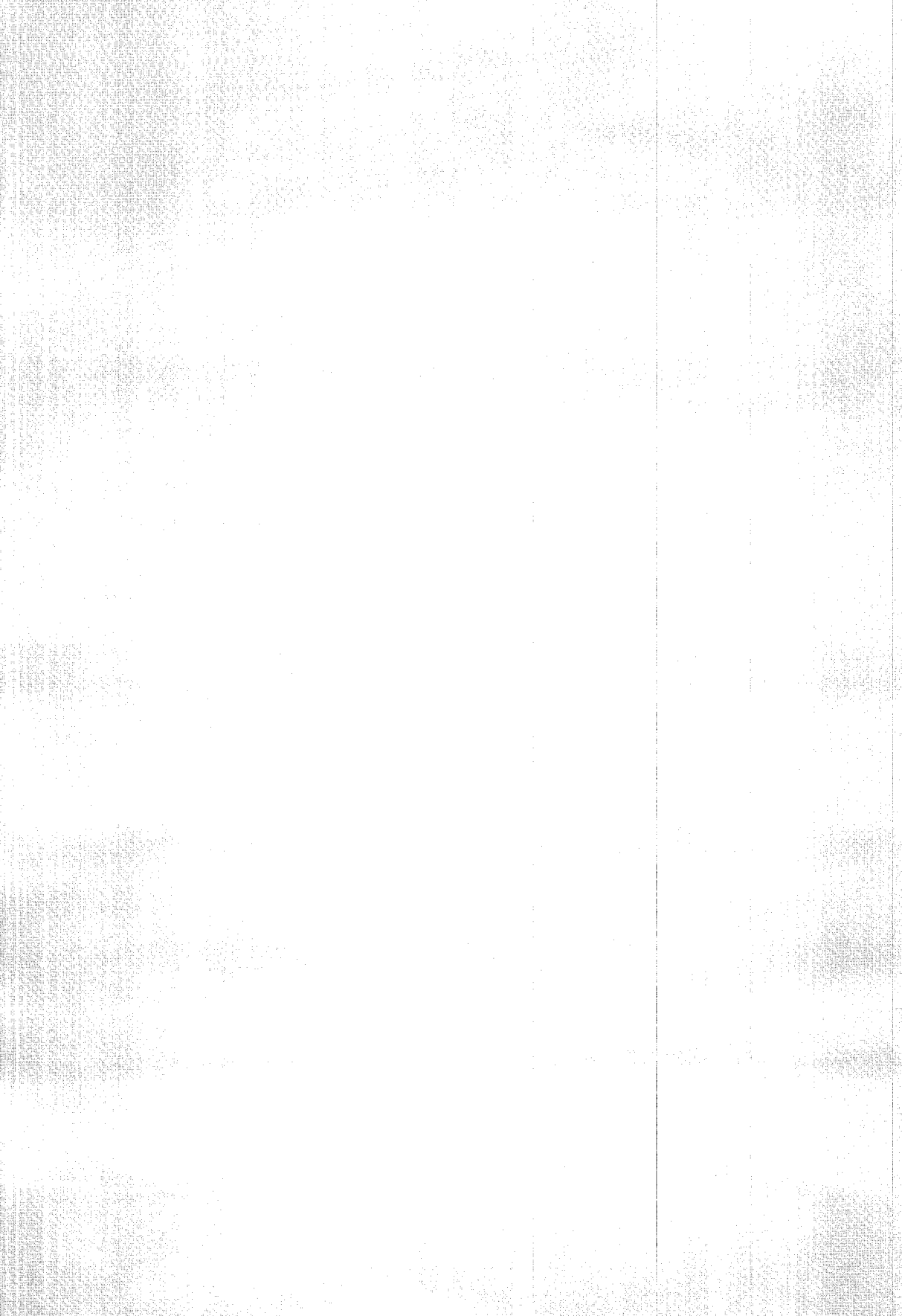
- Guide us to the path that is straight—
The path of those to whom thy love is great,
Not those on whom is hate,
Nor they that deviate. Amen.
- 32 Nikayin, Fazlollah, *Quran: A Poetic Translation from the Original* (Chicago, IL: R. R. Donnelley & Sons, 2000).
 - 33 al-Mawdūdī, Sayyid Abū al-A'la, and trans. Zafar Ishāq Anṣārī, *Tafhīm al-Qur'ān: Towards Understanding the Qur'ān* (United Kingdom: The Islamic Foundation, 1988), vol. 1, pp. xxi–xxii.
 - 34 Twelve volumes of *al-Mizān*, corresponding to 6 Arabic volumes, have so far appeared in English, translated by the late Mawlānā Sa'īd Akhtar Ridwī, see: www.almizan.org.
 - 35 For more information, see the article under the entry “Aḥmadiyyah,” in *Encyclopaedia of Islam* (The Netherlands: Brill, 2002), vol. 1, pp. 301–303.
 - 36 Abū Laylah, Muḥammad M., *Al-Qur'ān Al-Karīm min Al-Mandhūr Al-Istishrāqī: Dirāsah Naqdiyyah Tahlīliyyah* (Egypt: Dār al-Nashr lil Jami'āt, 1423 H. / 2002 C.E.), pp. 390–391.
 - 37 Other such works that do not bear close analysis here are those of Muhammad Ali, (Lahore, 1917), which is the first complete effort from the Aḥmadiyyah/Qādiyānī groups; Kamaluddin Ahmad and Nazir Ahmad, *A Running Commentary of the Holy Qur'an* (London, 1948), (the former is the father who died in the course of work, completed by the latter, his son); Sher Ali, *The Holy Qur'an* (Rabwah, 1955); Peer Salahuddin, *Translation of the Holy Qur'an* (Aminabad, 1960); Malik Ghulam Farid, *Translation of the Holy Qur'an* (Rabwah, 1962); Khadim Rahmani Nuri, *The Running Commentary of the Holy Qur'an* (Shillong, 1965); Firozuddin Ruhi, *Translation of the Holy Qur'an* (Karachi, 1965).
 - 38 Arberry, *The Koran Interpreted*, vol. 1, p. 12.
 - 39 The omitted sentences in this quote are as follows: “Such was the case of ‘Umar ibn al-Khaṭṭāb, who asked about the word *kalālah*. [See Sūrat al-Nisā’, 4:12 and 4:176]. The word *kalālah* denotes one who has passed away leaving behind no lineal heirs.] Among the Companions, ‘Alī ibn Abī Ṭālib and ‘Abdullah ibn ‘Abbās became renowned for addressing issues relating to commentary on the Quran, and then Zayd ibn Thābit, ‘Ubay ibn Ka’b, ‘Abdullah ibn Mas‘ūd and ‘Abdullah ibn ‘Amr ibn al-‘Āṣ.”
 - 40 The omitted phrase is this: “the most famous of whom [that is, among the Successors] were Mujāhid and Ibn Jubayr.”
 - 41 ¶God has promised the believing men and the believing women Gardens beneath which rivers flow, wherein they shall abide forever—and therein shall they have good and pleasant dwellings in a Garden everlasting. Yet the pleasure of God is greater still! Assuredly, it is this that is the magnificent triumph! (Sūrat al-Tawbah, 9:72).
 - ¶Indeed, the Muslim men and the Muslim women, and the believing men and the believing women, and the devoutly obedient men and the devoutly obedient women, and the truthful men and the truthful women, and the patient men and the patient women, and the reverent men and the reverent women, and the charitable men and the charitable women, and the fasting men and the fasting women, and the men who guard their chastity and the women who guard theirs, and the men who remember God much and the women who likewise remember Him—for such as these, God has prepared forgiveness and a magnificent reward. Thus it is not ever befitting for a believing man or a believing woman, when God and His Messenger have decreed a matter, to have for themselves a contrary choice in their affairs. For whoever disobeys God and His Messenger has truly strayed into clear misguidance (Sūrat al-Aḥzāb, 33:35–36).
 - ¶Indeed, the charitable men and the charitable women—who have therewith loaned God a goodly loan—shall have it multiplied for them by their Lord. So for them, there is a gracious reward awaiting in the Hereafter (Sūrat al-Hadīd, 57:18).
 - 42 It is reported that the Prophet ﷺ passed away just eight days after the revelation of this verse (see al-Zurqānī, Muḥammad ‘Abdul ‘Azīm, *Manāhil Al-‘Irfān fī ‘Ulūm al-Qur’ān* (Beirut, Lebanon: Dar El-Marefah Publishing & Distributing, 2001), vol. 1, p. 93).

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* Numerical references are to surah number followed by verse number of the Quran such as 1:1

* Italics mark the Arabic root words or significant phrases



SPECIALIZED INDEX

GOD

Divine Acts and Attributes

Numerical references are to surah number followed by verse number of the Quran. Italics often mark the Arabic root words or significant phrases.

all things, exalt and praise God, 2:30, 2:32, 7:206, 13:13, 17:44, 21:19-20, 21:79, 37:164-166, 38:18-19, 40:7, 41:38, 42:5, 57:1, 59:1, 59:24, 61:1, 62:1, 64:1

association of gods, with Sole God (*daughters, false deities, idols, offspring, or partners*). See General Index

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PROPHETS, MESSENGERS, AND MARY ﷺ IN THE QURAN

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الأزهر
مجمع البحوث الإسلامية
الإدارة العامة
للبحوث والتأليف والترجمة

نموذج رقم (٤)

إدارة المصاحف

تصريح بتداول المصاحف (نص القرآن الكريم) كما يقرأ في المصاحف
رقم (٧٩) الصادر في ١٩ / ٧ / ٢٠٠٨ م معاني القرآن للغة الإنجليزية ترجمة
١٠٨ / ١٠٨ / ٢٠٠٨ م محمد زكي عمار

السيد الأستاذ الدكتور محمد زكي عمار

السلام عليكم ورحمة الله وبركاته - وبعد :

فيسر الأمانة العامة لمجمع البحوث الإسلامية ، أن تفيد سيادتكم بأنها قد وافقت
على طلبكم الخاص بتداول نص القرآن الكريم كما يقرأ في المصاحف (جوامع مصنفين عظامهم)
المكتوب بالخط الكوفي المصنف . طبع مطبعة المجمع . طبع مطبعة المجمع .
وعلى جواز نشره في حدود الكمية المصرح لكم بتداولها قدرها (أربعون ألف) نسخة ،
وذلك بناء على تقرير لجنة مراجعة المصاحف الصادر بتاريخ ٢٠ / ٦ / ٢٠٠٨ م
علما بأن هذا التصريح خاضع للقانون رقم ١٠٢ لسنة ١٩٨٥ الخاص بطبع وتداول
المصاحف والأحاديث النبوية الشريفة وكذلك قرار فضيلة الإمام الأكبر شيخ الأزهر
رقم ٤٧ لسنة ١٩٨٦ وقرار السيد وزير العدل رقم ١٦٣ لسنة ١٩٨٦ .
مع مراعاة الدقة التامة في جمع وترتيب الصفحات والملازم والا ستعظم الإدارة
لسحب التصريح الذي يحمل هذا الرقم ومصادرة جميع النسخ إذا ظهر بإحداها خلل ما
طبقا للقانون سالف الذكر .

علما بأن هذا التصريح صالح لمدة أثناسها خمس سنوات تعضي من تاريخه .
ومرافق لهذا التصريح نسخة من المصحف المشار إليه ختمت في جميع صفحاتها
بختام الإدارة العامة للبحوث والتأليف والترجمة .

والسلام عليكم ورحمة الله وبركاته ،،،

تحريرا في ١٤ / ٧ / ٢٠٠٨ م

إدارة المصاحف

١٤ / ٧ / ٢٠٠٨ م

الأمين العام

مجمع البحوث الإسلامية

بمحمد

الإدارة العامة للبحوث والتأليف والترجمة الإسلامية



مدير عام

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تحت إشراف

إدارة البحوث والتأليف والترجمة

بمجمع البحوث الإسلامية بالأزهر الشريف

بمعرفة لجنة مراجعة المصاحف برئاسة

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رئيس لجنة المصحف وشيخ عموم المقارئ المصرية

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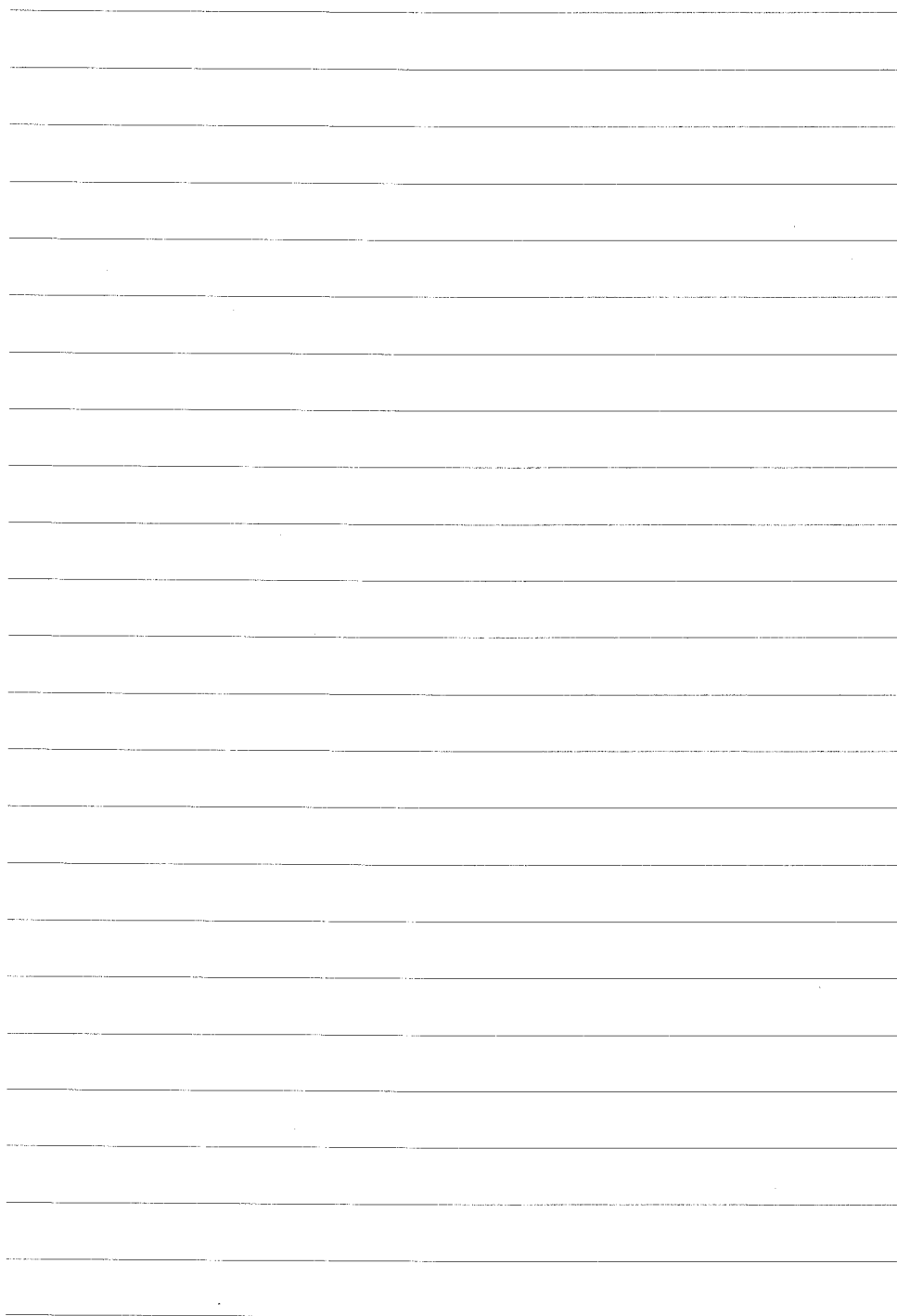
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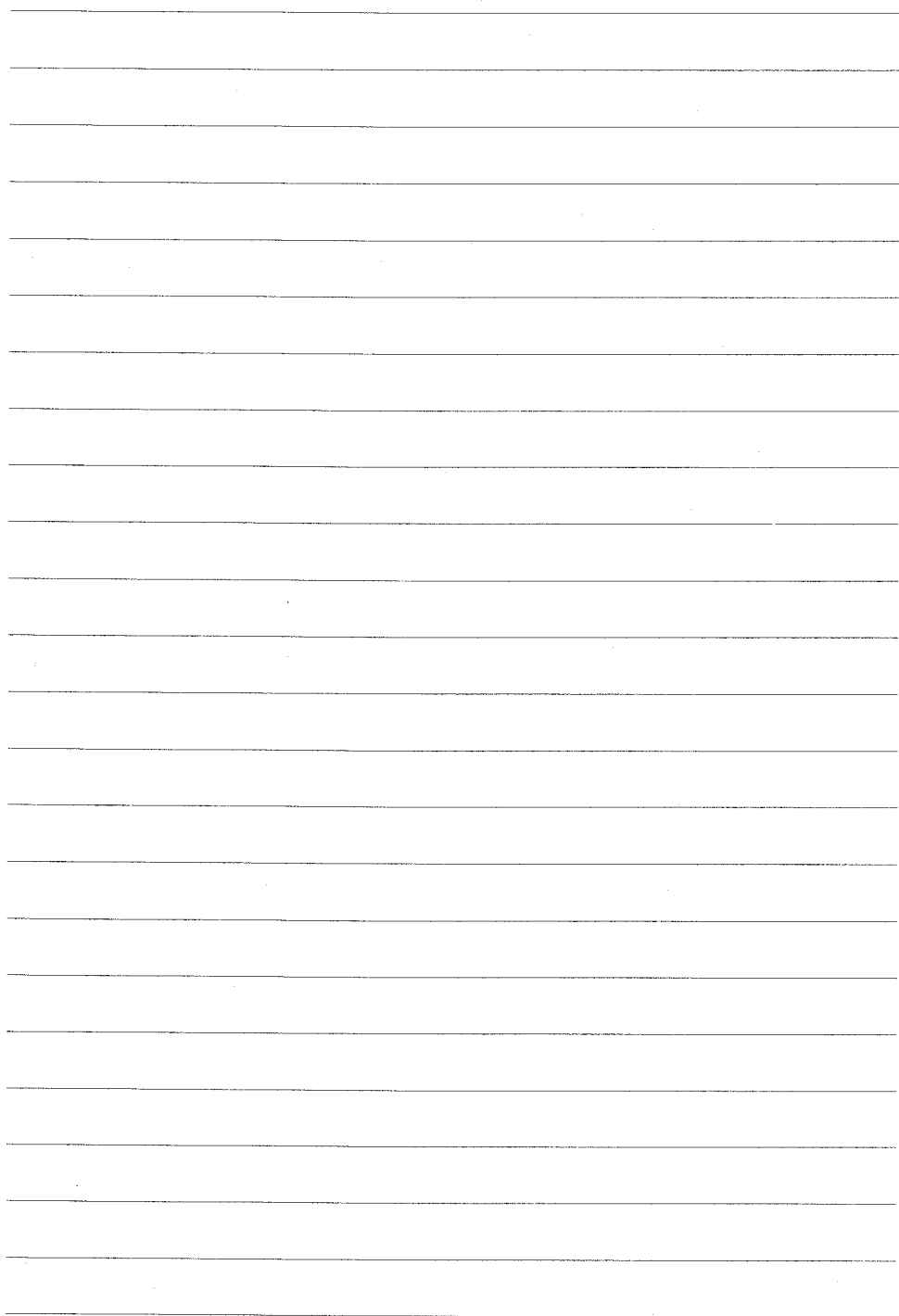
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بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

﴿وَلَا تَنْسُوا الْفَضْلَ بَيْنَكُمْ﴾
(البقرة: ٢٣٧)

الحمد لله وكفى ، وسأدّم على عباده الذين اصطفى . وبعد :
دعوة خالصة
برضوان الله ، وعفوه ومحبته ،
وحسنات الدنيا والآخرة ،
وبركات العافية الآتية ،
للذين لم يندحروا وسعاً أو مالا
لرعاية هذا العمل في مراحلهم المختلفة
وأتروا أن يتقوا أسماؤهم في علم الله
تقرباً إليه ، ورغبة في عظيم شؤبه .
فإهم الله غير ما يحزى عباده الصالحين .

وَصَدَقَ اللَّهُ الْعَظِيمُ :

﴿الَّذِي يُؤْتِي مَالَهُ يَتَزَكَّى * وَمَا لِأَحَدٍ عِنْدَهُ مِنْ نِعْمَةٍ تُجْزَى *
إِلَّا ابْتِغَاءَ وَجْهِ رَبِّهِ الْأَعْلَى * وَلَسَوْفَ يَرْضَى﴾
(النيل ٩٢ / ١٨ - ٢١)

كلمة الناشر

﴿الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ وَسَلَامٌ عَلَى عِبَادِهِ الَّذِينَ اصْطَفَى﴾ (النمل ٢٧/٥٩)

وبعد:

بدأ هذا المشروع الحضاري المبارك قبل عشرين عامًا: يَسِّرُ الله تعالى خلالها الأسباب، ودُلِّلَ له الصعاب، حتى تمت ترجمة معاني أي الكتاب الكريم وخرجت الترجمة في ثوب قشيب.

ولأول مرة في تاريخ خدمة معاني النص القرآني في اللغة الإنكليزية يقوم بالترجمة عالم مسلم جمع بين الثقافة الإسلامية باللغة العربية، والثقافة الغربية باللغة الإنكليزية، وعاش حياته في آفاق العالم الإسلامي والعالم الغربي، وعرف خصائص كل منهما، ذلكم هو الأستاذ الدكتور/ أحمد زكي حماد. لقد رَاجَعَ الترجمات التي ظهرت في القرون الثلاثة الأخيرة، وَرَجَعَ إلى دواوين التفسير، واللغة، وسائر العلوم الشرعية، واطَّلَعَ على المؤلفات الهامة في فن الترجمة، واستشار أهل الاختصاص كُلَّ واحدٍ في مجاله. والتزم في المنهج: (١) بِمُراعَاةِ الأمانة العلمية في نقل رسالة القرآن وبيان مقاصده. (٢) وَتَحَرِّيِ الدقة في التعبير عن المعنى الصحيح. (٣) وَصِيَاغَةَ الترجمة في لسان إنكليزي مبين، خال من آفات الغموض والإسفاف. (٤) اسْتِيعَادَ كل ميل فكري أو مذهبي أو شخصي يشذ عن ضوابط التفسير، وقواعد الترجمة.

وخرجت الطبعة المُمَيَّزَةُ في مجلدين: يقع الأول في أكثر من ٨٥٠ صفحة من القطع الكبير وفيه، مع نص الترجمة كاملاً: مقدمات، وفهارسٌ فنيَّة لا مثيل لها في شمولها، ودقتها. أما المجلد الثاني فيقارب الـ ٧٠٠ صفحة من القطع الكبير، وفيه نص المصحف الشريف مراجعاً، ومدققاً من قبل علماء القراءات في مجمع البحوث الإسلامية بالأزهر الشريف. وما نحن نخرج الإصدار الثاني بتسسيق جديد في مجلد واحد يتقابل فيه نص القرآن الكريم مع ترجمة المعاني بنفس الصفحة، وذلك استجابة لإقتراحات كثير من قراء الإصدار الأول. وألحقنا به مع الفهارس الفنية المقدمة الضافية التي تتناول دراسةً علمية موثقة بالإنكليزية عن القرآن الكريم: رسالته، وتسميته، ونظامه، وأصله الإلهي، ومنهج توثيق نصّه، مع بيان لضرورة نقل معاني القرآن الكريم إلى لغات العالم، إضافة إلى عرضٍ علمي موجز لقيمة الترجمات الإنكليزية السابقة، وتفصيل للمنهج المتبع في إنجاز هذه الترجمة.

هذا ولم يدخر المترجم - وكل من عاونه - أيَّ جهد في خدمة معاني القرآن الكريم كي يخرج النص الإنكليزي صحيح المعنى، سليم المبنى، رائق الأسلوب، بديع الإخراج، بريئاً من آفات الغموض أو الانحراف عن جادة العلم الوثيق.

وقد سجل عدد من أعلام الفكر والقراء المسلمين وغير المسلمين شهاداتهم وإشاداتهم بهذا العمل. وختاماً نُهدي هذه النشرة في حلتها القشبية إلى الناطقين بالإنكليزية، ونهيبُ بكل مهتمٍ برسالة القرآن أن يوافينا بأية مقترحات أو ملاحظات، أو معلومات تدفع هذا العمل إلى مستواه اللائق به في العالم المعاصر. ونحن إذ نقدم هذا العمل الحضاري المبارك لقراء الإنكليزية (وعدهم يتجاوز ألف مليون في العالم)، ندعو الله تعالى أن ييسر لنا جميعاً خدمة ديننا العظيم، وكشف النقاب عن رسالته الهادية، وحضارته العريقة التي تهدف إلى بناء عالم يرفرف عليه الأمن والسلام، والإعمار والازدهار، ويسعى قُدماً إلى خير البشرية في الدنيا والآخرة.

ونسأل الله تعالى أن يجعل هذا العمل خالصاً لوجهه الكريم، وأن ينفع به صاحبه وقارئه وكل من عاون على إنجازهِ ونشرهِ.

رَبِّا

اٰتٰنَا فِى الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً
وَفِى الْآخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً
وَقَدْ اٰتٰنَا ذٰلِكَ اِلٰهَ الْبَحْرِ

سورة البقرة الآية رقم ٢٠١

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

تَجْمِةٌ مَعْنَايَا الْقُرْآنِ الْكَرِيمِ
إِلَى اللُّغَةِ الْإِنْكِلَابِيَّةِ

الدكتور
أحمد زكي حماد

الترقيم الدولي: ٦-٣-٩٧٨٧٨٤٩٠-

طُبِعَ النص القرآني بالرسم العثماني على مصحف المدينة المنورة

الطبعة الأولى من الإصدار الثاني

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لا يجوز إعادة إصدار هذا الكتاب كاملاً أو أي جزء منه، أو مجموع المجلدات - بأي شكل من الأشكال عن طريق التخزين، أو التحويل إلى أي هيئة أخرى بأي وسيلة ممكنة سواء تم ذلك ميكانيكياً، أو عن طريق النسخ الفوتوغرافي، أو التسجيل، أو النشر على شبكة المعلومات الدولية (الإنترنت)، أو بأي وسيلة أو أجهزة تمكن من تخزين المعلومات أو استرجاعها، أو بأي سبيل آخر من غير إذن كتابي مسبق من المؤلف/المرجع د. أحمد زكي حماد ويشمل ذلك تمثيلاً (وليس حصراً) كل المواد المثبتة في صدر هذا الكتاب (أو الكتب)، أو المثبتة في وسط أو آخر هذا الكتاب (أو الكتب)، وعلى سبيل المثال لا الحصر: المقدمة المختصرة أو المطولة سواء العربية أو الإنكليزية، والهوامش، والمقالات التفسيرية، والملاحق، وكذلك النص الرئيس، وتنسيقه، وتصميمه، وقطعه، وشكله، وترتيبه، وصف حروفه إلى غير ذلك من العناصر الجديدة في هذا المجلد (أو المجلدات المنشورة). ولا يجوز لأي أحد أو جهة غير شرعية تداول هذا المجلد (أو مجموع المجلدات) في أي تجليد، أو تصميم في طبعته هذه، أو الطباعات اللاحقة. وتنطبق هذه الحالة على أي حائز لهذا المجلد (أو المجلدات). ويجب ذكر الترجمة والمترجم عند الاقتباس في كل مرة يزيد فيها النقل على نص آية قرآنية متوسطة الطول؛ مثل قوله تعالى:

﴿يَوْمَ تَرَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ يَسْعَىٰ نُورُهُمْ بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَبِأَيْمَانِهِمْ بُشْرَانُكُمْ الْيَوْمَ جَنَّاتٌ تَجْرَىٰ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ﴾

(الحديد ١٢/٥٧)

وما زاد على ذلك فيجب النص على اسم الكتاب والمؤلف/المترجم مع كل اقتباس.

البريد الإلكتروني: azh@azhammad.com

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

تَجْمِيدُ مَعَانِي الْقُرْآنِ الْكَرِيمِ

إِلَى اللُّغَةِ الْإِنْكَلِيدِيَّةِ

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ARABIC-ENGLISH PARALLEL EDITION
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[illegible]

TRANSLITERATION NOTE

The transliteration of Arabic names and terms into English follows the well-established scheme shown below. For a more extensive discussion on Arabic as the language of the Quran and the pronunciation of Arabic letters and words, see "A Note on the Arabic Language and Its Transliteration and Pronunciation" in Volume II of the Deluxe Edition of *The Gracious Quran: A Modern-Phrased Interpretation in English*.

ا.....	ز.....z	ق.....q
إ.....â or a	س.....s	ك.....k
ب.....b	ش.....sh	ل.....l
ت.....t	ص.....s	م.....m
ث.....th	ض.....d	ن.....n
ج.....j	ط.....t	ه.....h
ح.....h	ظ.....z	و.....û or u
خ.....kh	ع..... ^c	w (consonant)
د.....d	غ.....gh	ي.....î or i or iyy
ذ.....dh	ف.....f	y (consonant)
ر.....r		

With the exception of the main text of the translation itself, nearly every mention of the name of Prophet Muḥammad ﷺ is followed by the Arabic "ﷺ" which may be translated as "God bless him and grant him peace," a prayer of endearment reflecting Muslim veneration for the Prophet ﷺ. The Arabic Prayer "ﷺ" also may appear after the names of other prophets (as well as Angel Gabriel ﷺ), meaning "peace be upon him," an expression of Muslim love and esteem for each of them.

The English meanings of other Arabic icons featured in the new rendering of the Bembo font for this translation are listed in the table below.

ﷻ	Highly exalted is He, and most high	ﷻ	God be pleased with both of them (dual)
﷪	The One to whom belongs absolute power and majesty	ﷻ	God be pleased with them (plural, masculine)
ﷻ	God bless him and grant him peace	ﷻ	God be pleased with them (plural, feminine)
ﷺ	Peace be upon him	✱	Marks the beginning of the <i>rubʿ</i> , or quarter part
ﷺ	Peace be upon her	ﷻ	Marks a place at the end of a Quranic verse calling for ritual performance of the <i>sajdah</i> , or bowing down
ﷺ	Peace be upon them (plural, masculine)	﴿﴾	Marks the beginning and end of a Quranic citation in English
ﷻ	God be pleased with him		
ﷻ	God be pleased with her		

QURANIC CITATION NOTE

References to the Quran's verses in this book are cited following an established system: "Surah" (Quran Chapter) name; "Comma"; "Number" of Surah; "Colon"; "Number" of verse. For example, the *third verse* of the Quran's *first surah* (or chapter) is cited as *Sûrat Al-Fâtîḥah, 1:3*.

BRACKET NOTE

Within some translated texts are half brackets " " that contain clarifying text that should be read as if it were part of the text. For example: *He is the One who pronounces blessings that descend upon you with His mercy...* (The Quran, Sûrat Al-Aḥzâb, 33:43).

FOR

Peace on Earth

*And for all in the English-speaking world who
may derive from the Heavenly Book, even in the
smallest degree, the impulse to seek divine
guidance for a meaningful life,
here and in the Hereafter.*

AND FOR

*The very special people
who have immeasurably enriched my life
— as a son, a brother, a husband, a father,
a friend, a student, and a teacher —
and who have enabled me to enjoy
an ever-rewarding study
of the Gracious Quran and the graced Prophet ﷺ.*

AND

*Especially for my wife,
a beacon of unfailing light
through all the reaches of my life —
may she be ever blessed with God's light.*

IN THE NAME OF GOD, THE ALL-MERCIFUL, THE MERCY-GIVING

*Had We sent this Quran down upon a mountain,
you would have most surely seen it
utterly humbled, breaking apart,
from the fear of God.
And such are the parables
We set forth for all people,
so that they may reflect
on the power of divine guidance.
He alone is God, the One
besides whom there is no other God—
the Sole Knower of the realms
of all the unseen and the seen.
He is the All-Merciful, the Mercy-Giving.
He alone is God.
There is no God but Him—
the King, the All-Holy, the Peace, the Faithful,
the Guardian, the Overpowering One,
the Irresistible, the Sublime.
Highly exalted is God
far above all that they associate as gods with Him!
He alone is God.
The Creator, the Maker, the Fashioner.
To Him alone belong the most excellent names!
All that is in the heavens and the earth
gives due exaltation to Him.
For He alone is the Overpowering One, the All-Wise.*

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BEFORE YOU READ!

IN THE PHYSICAL world, elements join forces, despite differences, to sustain the existence we all know. We see water and light, feel the air on our faces, and live on earth with countless diverse beings. We walk the world's valleys, run its sandy shores, and scale its mountains. Their soft, earthen, or rocky surfaces do not keep us from them. We cherish the fragrant greenery of their plants and flowers no more than the silent austerity of their crests and shoals. Forms diverge in shape and color, smell and texture, function and lifespan; yet they are deeply interdependent and together make up what our scholars of the empirical sciences have so aptly termed the "natural" order. There can be no doubt that an unyielding emphasis on the "dissimilarities" of the constituents of existence would limit the human outlook on the world to a dangerously narrow margin, indeed. For, in fact, such a mood clashes with the most urgent message of the scientists of our age: A great unity underlies all earthly existence, wherein lies its phenomenal individual resilience and its precarious collective fragility.

The analogy I am making is especially well suited to a first, or first serious, exploration of the Quran, the Sacred Text at the root of the religion of Islam. In the world of the Quran, as in the natural one, there is an elemental unity to its Heavenly message just beneath the unique style of its outward expression. This

point is particularly important in light of the inexorably mundane conventions of "the publication" that have so thoroughly trained readers in our time to acquiesce in the hegemony of the linear, the chronological, the dismembered, the provisional. Yet the Quran is dynamic, integrative, holistic, and unconditional. That is *its* nature.

For the Creator, resplendent and exalted, who originated the multifarious order of the physical world, as believers of every Heavenly faith report to us, is the same One who revealed and gave order to the content of the Quran as a final divine dispensation to all human beings, whoever and wherever they might be until the end of time; hence, their similar animation and character. So the natural world fills up our senses with countless signs of its All-Living God, and the Quran explains the significance of those signs directly from God to give life to our hearts. Indeed, both of these constituencies, the individual things of creation and the singular verses of the Quran, the Quran terms *ayah* (pl. *ayât*), each one a "sign."

These "textual" and "contextual" worlds share much else, as well. There is utter distinctiveness in each and every sign, and also a profound repetition in their occurrence and collectivity. The signs in the pages of the Quran, like those in its counterpart book of nature, often appear together, despite their diver-

sity, and shift from shape to scape unexpectedly, but never haphazardly, and always to the effect of an acute escalation of experience and realization—provided the factor of human contemplation is applied. Most tellingly, they share two distinguishing marks of the work of the Creator: At once, they provoke an exquisite event of beauty and an experience of soul-shuddering truth.

It should come as no surprise, then, that the divine address of the Quran centers on two principal domains: That of the Creator and creation and, as an extension of this, the realms of the unseen and the seen. Viewed from our little corner of the natural cosmos, the human being represents the focal point of this Heavenly discourse. We are introduced as masters of the earth, vis-à-vis the rest of creation, and dignified beyond our fellow creatures, animate and inanimate. Indeed, all of them on earth, and in the lower heaven, have been subjugated to us and made serviceable for our life here. Yet at the same time we are told clearly that, in fact, we too are servants in both our corporeality and in our nature—but only to the Creator and to no other, human or otherwise. For every woman and man of us springs from a single origin, is hosted in one environment, and walks into a singular inevitable destiny. We meet with all existents, other than God, only upon the plane of our mutual “createdness” as His fellow servants. They can never be in service, in the sense of worship, to anyone other than God, and we must never allow ourselves to be. God has raised human beings to the top of creation, though we are not the oldest of creatures, nor the strongest, nor the most complex. Thus, we are forbidden to compromise this divine order or vested honor to worship anything or anyone equal to or below us in status or stature as creature. There is none to be worshipped save God.

Who is the Creator? Who is man? How shall he live as an individual, as part of a family, in community? What is his relationship to generations past, his responsibility to those forthcoming? What is his earthly mission? Why are there different religions and how is the human worshipper to relate to others in view of this? What shall be man’s worldly end? Shall there be another beginning? These are the vital questions running through the veins of the human creature, with tens of related queries besides. Their answers, all of them, one may find in the “sign-verses” of the Quran—yet in the peerless style of the Quran and in its inimitable way.

All that is requested of you, whatever may be your conviction, is that you approach this expression of much love to render the Quran’s meanings into another tongue and time, with the decisively human virtues of sincerity and humility, along with an open mind and sound heart. Read what has come down to us as a confirmation of the message of Noah ﷺ, the Parchments of Abraham ﷺ, the Torah of Moses ﷺ, the Psalms of David ﷺ, and the Evangel of Jesus ﷺ. This work of translation has garnered untold hours of care because of a divine worthiness in the original that is beyond the inventive competencies of mere mortals. Yet I have attempted to make it deserving of a reader whom I pray will be activated in making for a better tomorrow, wherein humankind will bequeath to its children and its descendants after them (and all earth’s other inhabitants) a world guided by the blessings of knowledge from Heaven and sustained by Heaven’s mercy from above them and beneath their feet, a place long from our present woes of hunger and fear, a far serene country, distant from the desperate pang of poverty and the desolating shriek of war. In a word, may they partake in the fruit of all of this, a term we call “peace”: The very meaning of a religion the Quran names *Islam*.

A Final Word

THIS WORK RESOLUTELY adheres to scholarly principles, but it is not directed to the academic or specialist. It has been rendered in the service of the much broader audience comprising the universe of English speakers. This, of course, divulges a monumental hope. I confess an even greater debt of gratitude to every person who has prayed for, given to, or trekked through this long journey to *The Gracious Quran: A Modern-Phrased Interpretation in English*. They know who they are—and, indeed, God knows them (and shall suffice them!) best.

﴿رَبِّ أَوْزِعْنِي أَنْ أَشْكُرَ نِعْمَتَكَ الَّتِي أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيَّ وَعَلَىٰ وَالِدَيَّ وَأَنْ أَعْمَلَ صَالِحًا تَرْضَاهُ
وَأَصْلِحْ لِي فِي ذُرِّيَّتِي إِنِّي بُنِيتُ إِلَيْكَ وَإِنِّي مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِينَ﴾ (الأحقاف: ١٥/١٦)

﴿My Lord! Dispose me always to give thanks for Your grace, with which You have graced me and my parents, and that I do righteous deeds with which You are pleased. And make righteous for me my children. Indeed, I have repented to You. And, most surely, I am of those who are *muslims*, in willing submission to God alone.﴾

— Sûrat Al-Ahqâf, 46:15

Ahmad Zaki Hammad, Ph.D.

24 Rabîʿ Al-Thânî 1429

30 April 2008

Cairo, Egypt

THE QURAN AND YOU

To Be Human

GOD CREATED YOU, and all that you see in the world and do not see, for a reason. Your shape and spirit are different from the sky's, the earth's, the mountain's, the bird's, and the tree's, but your purpose is not. It is to come to unwavering faith in God as He is—without seeing Him—and then to worship Him as if you do. Your fellows in creation, the nonhuman ones just mentioned and others besides, always know their purpose and succeed in achieving it simply by being what they are because God fixed this function into the natures He created them with. This does not, however, make them better than you. In fact, it is you, as a human being, whom God has raised above much of His creation, subjugating all that you see in this life, and much that you do not see, to your will. That is because you have what these other creatures do not: Freedom to choose and a mind to make those choices with.

These two gifts come with consequences, however. First, God set faith in Him as our Sole Creator, deep within your human nature, even as He did in, say, the bee's or the flower's. Yet unlike them, your disposition to believe in and worship God sleeps in your soul and must be awakened by the use of your mind (which is really another word for your heart). Second, God may or may not choose to call the bee or flower to account for what it does, but He will

definitely call on you and hold you responsible for all the choices you make as an individual and as a part of a larger community. Moreover, the results of this accountability will come to you and your people, both in this life and after death. This is morality coupled with mortality, the two defining qualities of the human being.

The idea that we are liable in life and after death for our beliefs and actions brings up two important questions, the second one claiming a thing that may surprise some of us: First, why has God obliged us to *find* our faith instead of programming it in us, like the rest of creation that we know? Second, can it be that when we have lost our souls, and our bodies decay into the earth, that God will truly raise us to life again? The first answer is that by making us come to the realization that we have a Creator, God tests our gratitude to Him for bringing us from a condition of deadness into the thrill of living existence, and from utter unawareness to the dignity of rational being. The second is that God, who created everything from nothing and then guided it to its natural way of life, can recreate it all over again with complete precision whenever He chooses and with no weariness. In fact, He has told us that He means to do exactly this with His entire human creation after we die and the world ends. Then He will keep us in new states of being ever after. This last statement is both a major part of our test of

faith and the perfection of the blessing of human life, for which no amount of thankfulness to God can suffice, a demonstration of pure divine mercy.

Many religions teach the essence of all that has just been said. Moreover, the human sense of moral conduct across time and the world is remarkably common. Yet, how can you know that these ideas are true? Why are the concepts of right and wrong so widely and persistently shared? The response is twofold: God set free-willed people upon the earth to journey back to pure belief in Him alone and to strive for all that is good for themselves and the rest of creation along the way. He did not strand them, however, in the lonely vastness of a planet adrift in space without the sustenance their bodies require or the guidance their souls need. Provision flourishes all about us in the teeming creation God made serve us as food, fuel, and habitation; and it extends to the way He divided us into genders and united us as families. As for the want of our spirits, God continuously sent among humankind two forms of guidance to stir our souls to remembrance of Him and to ease our social and emotional existence. On one hand, He sent us human beings, whom He communicated with, taught, and raised as models for the rest of us to follow. These are the prophets and messengers, most of whom we no longer know, though nearly every community in the history of humanity has had them. On the other, He revealed through some of His messengers Heavenly Books that we ordinary people could directly access. These scriptures are the inscribed remembrances of God in His own words, meant to explain to the first of us and the last of us who our Creator is, what He expects of humankind, and what we can hope for in Him in the days of the world and the life everlasting.

The messages that these prophets and rev-

elations spread enjoin belief in the same One God, practice of the same human virtues, and admonition about our same ultimate destiny. However, God evolved their traditions and systems of human self-governance regarding the rights and obligations of the individual, the community, and human interaction as humankind itself developed personally, socially, and globally. It is God's way that all He does should come to perfection. Therefore, from the beginning, He willed that the human leadership of His prophets and the revealed guidance of His Books would reach a culmination at precisely the right moment in history. The work that these words introduce represents in English the fruition of that anciently sacred tradition. In its original Arabic, it is entitled the Quran, meaning the Recitation, or the Reading. It is named this because God intended for believing men and women to read and recite it over and over again, as a grace and as a Reminder to them. For it makes clear to them who they are, where they come from, where they are headed, what they are to do, what will happen if they do not listen, what will be theirs if they do, and Who it is that brought them to life and why.

The "translation" of this Book is not the Quran itself, an important distinction to keep in mind. The Quran only exists as God Himself revealed it to the final messenger—letter-by-letter, word-by-word, verse-by-verse, segment-by-segment, surah-by-surah. This prophet then conveyed it verbatim to all those around him as he received it, and saw to it that his companions memorized it accurately and transcribed it meticulously in writing. Nearly fourteen hundred years later, it still holds the selfsame language and final verse and segment order that this last of God's messengers to the world transmitted, bringing it to life and others to life with it. That messenger's name is

Muhammad, God's blessings and peace be upon him—and upon all his brothers whom God sent as prophets and messengers before him. These include Jesus ﷺ, Moses ﷺ, Abraham ﷺ, and Noah ﷺ. There are other men and women of God that the Quran will present to you as role models, many of whom you will likely have heard of before, and some who may be new to you. The Quran makes no distinction between the creed of any of them. They are a single fellowship charged with bringing to the world a solitary faith: Belief in One God without partner. It does not take its name from any one of them, nor from their peoples or lands. Rather, from its central, singular truth comes its title: Islam, the religion of willing human submission to the will of God.

This Translation

This book is not the first to interpret the Quran into English, but many of the preceding efforts are dependent on the translations of others, rather than on original investigation and studious engagement with the Quran itself. Moreover, it was those who openly, and often hostilely, rejected the truth of the Quran as a divine communication that made most of the early presentations of the Quran in translation. Like the unbelievers that the Quran itself talks about, they saw it as no more than a mere human fabrication, and this inevitably slanted their representations of it. In addition, a majority of the Quran's translators, Muslims and others, have had inadequate higher training in understanding this Revelation and little or no traditional grounding in its learning or in the related primary fields of knowledge that the Quran gave birth to and still nourishes. This means that a good number of the early translations of the Quran were done by individuals who understood the Quran little, or who sought to attack it because they saw religions

and ways of life other than their own as antagonistic competitors.

You may ask why Muslim scholars left such an obviously crucial task to those who would portray the Quran as false or who lacked the capacity to do it well. It is a fair question, but the answer is complex. The upshot is that, for various reasons of confidence and competence, they were profoundly late in meeting the urgent need to express the meaning of the Book of God in English. This is despite the fact that God has entrusted the Muslim community to uphold the Quran's message on earth and to teach it without compulsion to the peoples of the world. At present, existing English translations of the Quran by Muslims are not few, but the capabilities of their translators differ widely, as do the criteria they set for themselves. A number of them are reasonably good and accurate, and, therefore, worthy.

The distinctive merits of this new interpretation, God willing, are three: (1) It conveys an understanding of the intent of the words and verses of the Arabic Quran, according to a comprehensive, if not exhaustive, study of how the Prophet Muhammad ﷺ reportedly explained them and how his Companions understood his elucidation. (This is knowledge that has been preserved, considered, and classified through fourteen centuries of continuous Quran scholarship by the learned throughout the world.) (2) It supplies from this research sufficient context, within its translation, to allow the new reader and the nonspecialist to understand the references and connections that an Arabic reader well-studied in the Quran would grasp. (3) It presents this reading of the Quran's verses in clear language that also tries to elicit a sense of reverence and beauty because the meanings of the Quran should also sound becoming; for that is very much a part of the original Quranic experience, though we have no

hope of duplicating that in another language since the Quran is miraculous in this regard. In addition, a premium has been placed on accessibility, not only in language, but in the way the words, verses, surahs, and parts of the Quran are designated and displayed on the page.

A word here is in order about the religion of Islam and the Quran in our times, though actually it applies to all wisdom and ways of life we may meet. The Quran holds that God gave human beings minds so that they could evaluate for themselves the truth and import of things. The very fact that we have independent wills for which we each bear individual moral responsibility makes thinking one of those essential obligations that one cannot pass off to another. All of us are responsible to assess the truth and rectitude of our own thoughts and beliefs, and to do likewise with the information that comes to us from others. We must do this inventory in an ongoing fashion, in order to adjust our perceptions continually to reality (that is, to learn) and to repeatedly redirect our behavior to good action (that is, to improve). In other words, critical reflection cultivates modesty and honesty, the two mother traits of noble character. God has given this power of judgment to us as an internal safeguard against our being involuntarily misled into either condoning or perpetrating wrongful harm. That is to say, our reasoning ability constitutes a failsafe faculty that nullifies the dubious claim that it is a human "right" to blame others and to excuse oneself for believing wrongly about God and being ignorant of the good, the right, and the wholesome thing to do in virtually every situation.

Increasingly much is now being said in English about Islam, its Book, its Messenger, and Muslims. The truth is this talk simply cannot be properly appraised without accurately knowing what the Quran says for itself and comprehending what it means to say, not what

others may second- or third-handedly attribute to it and then recklessly ascribe to its adherents. Nor should hearsay about Muslims—even hearsay dressed in expensive suits and illustrated with quotes and film footage—be taken as legitimate commentary on the Quran. If we do not know something or understand it from our own personal intellectual exertion, then we must reserve judgment until we do. To believe in something that we have not even considered and do not fathom is the definition of ignorance. To act on that assumption is the very meaning of belligerence.

Resolving ourselves to live by this kind of simple but principled policy of forming opinions only after study gives way to thought and thought to knowledge could not possibly be more relevant or crucial to our success as people and nations. It is tantamount to asking oneself what kind of human being one wants to be and what kind of society and world one wants to be part of. For it is only after we first understand that we can begin the reflection that is necessary to believe correctly and then act deliberately. Here, let the Muslim take special note, particularly those who remain confined to the far shores of the Arabic language. God revealed the Quran for humanity to listen to with heed, that is, to pay serious attention to its meanings, because the secret of God's mercy itself lies in pondering them and living them. This work has been done through many years and challenges to equip people from every place and path of life—someone like yourself—to do exactly that: To make an educated judgment about your faith, your life, your conduct, and your world, and thereby become a wise participant in all of them.

For the Quran is here to tell us that all we shall ever believe, say, and do—that is, our real worship in life—shall hang in the divine balance at an inevitable, all-determining end.

THE GRACIOUS
QURAN

A MODERN-PHRASED INTERPRETATION IN ENGLISH

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A MODERN-PHRASED INTERPRETATION IN ENGLISH

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




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 The surah that mentions the practical fragility of the webbed home of THE SPIDER as an analogy for those who take false deities as a shelter.
30. Sûrat Al-Rûm سُورَةُ الرُّومِ 689
 The surah that mentions the defeat of THE BYZANTINES and the divine promise of their forthcoming victory in several years—and in prophesying this, implying martial triumph for the Muslims over their idolatrous adversaries at the same time. The surah is occasioned by the celebration of the idol-worshipping opponents of the Prophet ﷺ at the news of the Byzantine defeat by the Persians, for they drew an analogy between themselves and the fire-worshipping Persians as defenders of polytheism in opposition to the monotheism of the Muslims and Byzantine Christians.
31. Sûrat Luqmân سُورَةُ لُقْمَانَ 701
 The surah that mentions the judicious and poignant admonitions of LUQMÂN (whom some call Lokman, the Wise, a man of faith) as he spoke them to his beloved son.
32. Sûrat Al-Sajdah سُورَةُ السَّجْدَةِ 709
 The only surah beginning with the discrete Arabic letters *Alif Lām Mīm* that also contains a verse (32:21) which requires one who recites it to perform a prostration of BOWING DOWN to the ground before God in worship at the mention of God's revealed signs.

33. Sûrat Al-Aḥzâb  715
 The surah that mentions THE FEDERATED CLANS of the unbelievers, who besieged Madinah, the City of the Prophet ﷺ, with an overwhelming force, but whom God routed with winds and a sandstorm in what became known as the Battle of the Ditch, in reference to the digging of a wide trench around the city as a barrier to invasion, an unprecedented practice in Arabia.
34. Sûrat Saba'  733
 The surah that mentions the gracious dwelling place of the prosperous people of SHEBA in Yemen, whom God whelmed away for their rejection of God's blessings by causing the great 'Arim Dam to break, drowning their spectacular parallel orchards.
35. Sûrat Faṭîr  746
 The surah that opens with the praise of God as the SOLE ORIGINATOR of the heavens and the earth.
36. Sûrat Yâ Sîn  756
 The surah that opens with the discrete Arabic letters YÂ SÎN, and which the Prophet ﷺ called the "Heart of the Quran."
37. Sûrat Al-Şaffât  767
 The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by the angels arrayed before Him in DEVOTIONAL RANKS and, thereafter, by other angels propelling the clouds, dispelling evil, and reciting God's praise.
38. Sûrat Şâd  781
 The surah that opens with the single discrete Arabic letter ŞÂD.
39. Sûrat Al-Zumar  792
 The surah that mentions THE COMPANIES of the unbelievers who shall be driven to Hell in the Hereafter, and the companies of the God-fearing who shall be ushered to Paradise in honor.
40. Sûrat Ghâfir  808
 The surah that describes the Divine Being in its third verse as the one and only God, who is THE FORGIVER of Sin, the Acceptor of Repentance, but also the Severe in Punishment.

41. Sûrat Fuṣṣilat **سُورَةُ الْفُصِّلَاتِ** 825
The surah that describes the Quran as THE LUCIDLY DISTINCT Heavenly revelation for those who would give it heed.
42. Sûrat Al-Shûrâ **سُورَةُ الشُّرَى** 837
The surah that mentions mutual CONSULTATION among the believers as the godly means by which to conduct their affairs and as a virtuous sign that they will gain the reward of God in the Hereafter.
43. Sûrat Al-Zukhruf **سُورَةُ الزُّكْرَى** 849
The surah that mentions the solid GOLD ORNAMENTS, and other precious commodities and appointments, which God would have granted in this life to all the unbelievers—had it not been that this would have driven humankind to unite in godlessness—for the trinkets of life are the true hearts’ desire of the ungodly. Yet fleeting are all the things of this world, and far finer and everlasting the joy of Paradise for the believers; and that is their true hearts’ desire.
44. Sûrat Al-Dukhân **سُورَةُ الدُّخَانِ** 862
The surah that mentions a divine portent of an evil destiny that will come in the appearance of something unknown called THE SMOKE. It manifests in the sky and enveils the unbelievers on the earth, until they cry in vain to God that they shall believe in the Quran and its Messenger ﷺ if only He delivers them from this torment.
45. Sûrat Al-Jâthiyah **سُورَةُ الْجَاثِيَةِ** 868
The surah that mentions THE KNEELING of every community around the brink of Hellfire on the Day of Doom in wait of its divine judgment.
46. Sûrat Al-Ahqâf **سُورَةُ الْاَحْقَافِ** 875
The surah that mentions the fatal lesson of the ancient people of ‘Âd who dwelled in THE DUNE VALLEYS OF AL-AHQÂF, whose prophet warned them to give up idolatry and worship only God, but to no avail.
47. Sûrat Muḥammad **سُورَةُ مُحَمَّدٍ** 885
The surah that declares that God absolves of misdeeds, and sets right the intellects, of those who work righteousness and who believe in all that God has sent down upon His final Messenger to humankind, MUHAMMAD ﷺ.









48. Sûrat Al-Fath سُورَةُ الْفَتْحِ 893
 The surah that opens by acclaiming THE MANIFEST TRIUMPH of peace that God accorded His Prophet ﷺ in the truce he agreed to with the Makkans at a place called Hūdaybiyyah.
49. Sûrat Al-Hujurât سُورَةُ الْحُجُرَاتِ 901
 The surah that criticized as ill-mannered and uncouth those who would stand behind THE CHAMBERS of the Prophet's wives and call him forth for discourse with raised voices.
50. Sûrat Qâf سُورَةُ قَافٍ 906
 The surah that opens with the single discrete Arabic letter QÂF.
51. Sûrat Al-Dhâriyât سُورَةُ الذَّارِيَّاتِ 913
 The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by THE SCATTERING WINDS that stream far and wide bearing the rain clouds of His mercy.
52. Sûrat Al-Tûr سُورَةُ الطُّورِ 919
 The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by MOUNT ṬÛR of Sinai, where the Torah was revealed to Moses ﷺ.
53. Sûrat Al-Najm سُورَةُ النَّجْمِ 924
 The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by every one of THE STARS, as they descend and disappear beneath the horizon, that Muhammad ﷺ is indeed God's awaited Messenger.
54. Sûrat Al-Qamar سُورَةُ الْقَمَرِ 930
 The surah that opens with the unnerving, cataclysmic sign of the end of the world coming and THE MOON having split apart.
55. Sûrat Al-Rahmân سُورَةُ الرَّحْمَنِ 936
 The surah that crowns the Quran and opens with the chant of a single word proclaiming one of God's most beautiful names, THE ALL-MERCIFUL.
56. Sûrat Al-Wâqî'ah سُورَةُ الْوَاقِعَةِ 942
 The surah that opens by naming the occurrence of the end of time with the title THE INDISPUTABLE EVENT; for all who deny that it is coming will never belie it when finally it happens.

57. Sûrat Al-Ḥadîd  948
The surah that mentions the heavy metallic element IRON as being sent down by God from the heavens to endow the earth itself with mighty force, and humanity with the many benefits of its malleable and structural strength, and all the great tests of faith that arise from this.
58. Sûrat Al-Mujâdilâh  956
The surah that mentions the complaint of Khawlah bint Tha'labah to the Prophet ﷺ as SHE WHO ARGUED for the dignity of women against the abominable practice whereby husbands estranged their wives from intimacy on false pretext.
59. Sûrat Al-Hashr  963
The surah that mentions God's expulsion of the clan of Banû Al-Naḍîr from their prodigious fortress-settlement near Madinah, in THE MUSTERING it calls the first of its kind; for they had betrayed their covenant of mutual defense by aiding idolaters against monotheistic believers.
60. Sûrat Al-Mumtaḥanah  969
The surah that instituted for lone female Emigrés to Islam the swearing of a sacred oath as THE TEST OF FAITH, establishing publicly that their migration was purely for the sake of God, without worldly motive, so as to vouchsafe to them full protection and rights in the Muslim community.
61. Sûrat Al-Şaff  974
The surah that declares God's love of all those believers who maintain THE SOLID RANKS of unbreachable communal unity in selflessly and fearlessly defending God's cause against aggression.
62. Sûrat Al-Jumu'ah  977
The surah that enjoins the believers to proceed at once to the ritual Prayer of THE FRIDAY CONGREGATION and to quit all commercial transacting as soon as they hear the call to the Prayer.
63. Sûrat Al-Munâfiqûn  980
The surah that declares that God bears witness that the false profession of faith by THE HYPOCRITES is uttered only as a screen to hide their duplicity.

64. Sûrat Al-Taghâbun سُورَةُ التَّغَابُنِ 983
The surah that calls the Day of Judgment THE DAY OF MUTUAL LOSS AND GAIN. For those who abandon faith and choose to disbelieve shall lose Paradise and be thrown into Hellfire, cheated forever from felicity by their own souls and their leaders. Those who believe, however, shall gain Paradise against all the attempts of the unbelievers to distract them in the world from faith and goodness, guided away from Hellfire by God and His messengers ﷺ.
65. Sûrat Al-Talâq سُورَةُ الطَّلَاقِ 987
The surah that issues the lawful procedures by which one may DIVORCE and that calls for fair parting between believers if marriage is to end, in accordance with what is right and within God's prescribed limits, while promising ease and deliverance for the truly God-fearing who undergo this trauma.
66. Sûrat Al-Tahrim سُورَةُ الْحَرَمِ 992
The surah that opens with admonishing the Prophet ﷺ against THE PROHIBITION of something he once imposed on himself for the purpose of not offending his wives, though God had made it lawful for him.
67. Sûrat Al-Mulk سُورَةُ الْمُلْكِ 996
The surah that opens with the statement «Blessed be the One in whose mighty Hand is all THE DOMINION».
68. Sûrat Al-Qalam سُورَةُ الْقَلَمِ 1001
The surah that opens with the single discrete Arabic letter Nûn and the oath of the Divine One swearing by the instrument of THE PEN, as well as all knowledge that people are able to preserve and communicate thereby.
69. Sûrat Al-Hâqqah سُورَةُ الْحَاقَّةِ 1006
The surah that opens by proclaiming one of the names of the Day of Resurrection—THE INEVITABLE REALITY—so named because in it the matter of truth shall forever be decided then and all truth shall prevail regarding every affair.
70. Sûrat Al-Ma'ârij سُورَةُ الْمَاعِجِ 1010
The surah that proclaims God to be the August Lord of THE HEAVENLY ASCENTS, the points of rising from which the angels and Gabriel ﷺ shall go up to God on the Day of Resurrection.

71. Sûrat Nûḥ سُورَةُ نُوحٍ 1014
The surah that opens with the story of the ancient Prophet NOAH ﷺ, the unrelenting Messenger of Resolve, and his obstinately unbelieving people.
72. Sûrat Al-Jinn سُورَةُ الْجِنِّ 1018
The surah that opens with the revelation that a group of JINN-KIND listened to the Prophet ﷺ reciting the Quran, believed in it, and so admonished their own race.
73. Sûrat Al-Muzzammil سُورَةُ الْمُزَّمِّلِ 1023
The surah that opens by addressing the mantled Prophet ﷺ as THE ENWRAPPED MESSENGER.
74. Sûrat Al-Muddaththir سُورَةُ الْمُذْثِّثِ 1026
The surah that opens by addressing the enwrapped Prophet ﷺ as THE MANTLED MESSENGER.
75. Sûrat Al-Qiyâmah سُورَةُ الْقِيَامَةِ 1030
The surah that opens with the emphatic oath of the Divine One swearing by the looming DAY OF RESURRECTION.
76. Sûrat Al-Insân سُورَةُ الْإِنشَانِ 1033
The surah that opens with a question posed to arrogant MAN about his utter nothingness before God brought him into existence.
77. Sûrat Al-Mursalât سُورَةُ الْمُرْسَلَاتِ 1037
The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by the gusting winds as THOSE SENT FORTH IN SUCCESSION
78. Sûrat Al-Naba' سُورَةُ النَّبَاِ 1041
The surah that mentions THE GREAT TIDING of the coming of the Day of Judgment, the truth of which people yet dispute.
79. Sûrat Al-Nâzi'ât سُورَةُ النَّازِعَاتِ 1044
The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by THE ANGELIC PULLERS who shall harshly wrench out the souls of the unbelievers at their appointed time of death.

80. Sûrat 'Abasa سُورَةُ عَبَسَ 1048
 The surah that opens with admonishing the Prophet ﷺ and refers to him as HE WHO FROWNED and turned away. For a common blind man came to him importuning him with questions of religion while the Prophet ﷺ was engaged in discourse with the unbelieving nobles of Quraysh, whom he ardently wanted to embrace faith. The blind man's interruption elicited the Prophet's ﷺ reaction, which God corrected.
81. Sûrat Al-Takwîr سُورَةُ التَّكْوِيْرِ 1051
 The surah that opens with a riveting description of THE ENFOLDING of the sun at the end of earthly life and the dawn of eternity.
82. Sûrat Al-Infitâr سُورَةُ الْاِنْفِطَارِ 1053
 The surah that opens with a riveting description of THE SPLITTING open of the sky at the onset of the Day of Resurrection and asserts that every human is being watched by angels and shall stand accountable before God in the Hereafter.
83. Sûrat Al-Muţaffifîn سُورَةُ الْمُطَفِّفِيْنَ 1055
 The surah that opens with a dire divine warning of a debasing punishment awaiting in the Hereafter for those who practice cheating as a norm in commerce, and whom it calls THE DEFRAUDERS because they insist on receiving a full amount in return for the partial measure that they themselves give.
84. Sûrat Al-Inshiqâq سُورَةُ الْاِنْشِقَاقِ 1058
 The surah that opens with a riveting description of THE RENDING of the sky and the leveling of the earth as a sign of the commencement of the Day of Resurrection.
85. Sûrat Al-Burûj سُورَةُ الْبُرُوجِ 1060
 The surah that opens with a three-part oath of the Divine One, who swears by the sky studded with THE CONSTELLATIONS, by the assurance that the Day of Resurrection shall come, and by His Own Universal Witness, which beholds all, that the believers shall have their reward, and the unbelievers their punishment, in the Hereafter.
86. Sûrat Al-Tariq سُورَةُ الطَّرِيْقِ 1062
 The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by the sky of the world and THE NIGHT-COMER—which, in one of its senses, is the name of a pulsar of piercing brightness—so called because it comes by night and leaves by day.

87. Sûrat Al-A'la  1064
The surah that opens with the command to highly exalt God, the Divine One who is THE MOST HIGH, far above all that is unworthy that people wrongly attribute to Him.
88. Sûrat Al-Ghâshiyah  1066
The surah that opens with the edifying question regarding human awareness of the coming of a sure cataclysmic event it calls THE WHELMING—which is the advent of the Day of Resurrection.
89. Sûrat Al-Fajr  1068
The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by THE DAWN, and other natural occurrences and sacred designations, as a means of categorical affirmation to humankind that God shall, indeed, hold all people accountable.
90. Sûrat Al-Balad  1071
The surah that opens with the emphatic oath of the Divine One swearing by Makkah, THE CITY of the Sacred Mosque, that humankind is under the absolute power and watchfulness of God.
91. Sûrat Al-Shams  1073
The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by THE SUN as it shines out with morning's radiance.
92. Sûrat Al-Layl  1075
The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by the whelming of THE NIGHT that swathes the world in darkness.
93. Sûrat Al-Duḥā  1077
The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by THE MORNING SUNSHINE and the night when all falls still.
94. Sûrat Al-Sharḥ  1078
The surah that opens with a reassurance to the Prophet ﷺ that his divine appointment to receive God's revelation has been nothing less than THE OPENING OF THE HEART to sacred wisdom and guidance, and that thereby he has been honored for all time, made well-able to bear the mantle of prophethood, and that ultimately and inevitably he shall be eased unto success.

95. Sûrat Al-Tîn سُورَةُ التِّينِ 1079
 The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by THE FIG and the olive, and other signs, representing the Holy Land in which God revealed the Evangel, the Torah, and the Quran, and thereby guided all humankind.
96. Sûrat Al-‘Alaq سُورَةُ الْعَلَقِ 1080
 The surah that contains the first revealed verses of the Quran, reminding the human being of THE CLINGING CLOT, a stage that reflects the miracle of human creation in the womb of the mother. The surah is also known by the first Quranic instruction: READ.
97. Sûrat Al-Qadr سُورَةُ الْقَدْرِ 1082
 The surah that mentions the moment in which God first revealed the Quran, calling it THE NIGHT OF EMPOWERING DECREE
98. Sûrat Al-Bayyinah سُورَةُ الْبَيِّنَةِ 1083
 The surah that mentions the advent of the message of the Quran and its Messenger ﷺ as THE CLEAR PROOF of a decisive revelation for both the disputing People of the Scripture and the unbelievers unlettered in God’s word.
99. Sûrat Al-Zalzalah سُورَةُ الزَّلْزَلَةِ 1085
 The surah that opens with the mention of THE QUAKING of the earth in utter destruction at the end of the world.
100. Sûrat Al-‘Âdiyât سُورَةُ الْعَادِيَّاتِ 1086
 The surah that opens with the mention of galloping war steeds that it calls THE CHARGERS, whose very hoofs strike sparks upon the rocky earth as they carry their riders furiously into the midst of the fray of life.
101. Sûrat Al-Qâri‘ah سُورَةُ الْقَارِعَةِ 1087
 The surah that opens with this single word, Al-Qâri‘ah, meaning THE GREAT POUNDING, for that is the repeated sound that shall resound through all the earth as it is being pulverized in the cataclysm at the end of time, leveled utterly for the Resurrection Day and the ultimate Judgment of every human soul.
102. Sûrat Al-Takâthur سُورَةُ التَّكْوِيْنِ 1088
 The surah that opens with the mention of the vying of the children of Adam ﷻ for WORLDLY ABUNDANCE, grasping for an ephemeral wealth that shall be utterly consumed and annihilated.

103. Sûrat Al-ʿAşr **سُورَةُ الْاَشْرِ** 1089
The surah that opens with the oath of the Divine One swearing by
THE DECLINE OF TIME and humankind's absolute loss of every single
thing but righteousness, truth, patience, and faith.
104. Sûrat Al-Humazah **سُورَةُ الْهُمَزَاةِ** 1090
The surah that opens with a threat of impending affliction and grief to
THE SLANDEROUS REVILER, one who, in greediness of wealth and
acclaim, defames others.
105. Sûrat Al-Fîl **سُورَةُ الْفِيلِ** 1091
The surah that tells of the destruction of the armed force that came to be
known as the company of THE ELEPHANT, after the animal they intended
to use to destroy the Ka'bah, in the generation before the advent of Islam.
106. Sûrat Quraysh **سُورَةُ الْقُرَيْشِ** 1092
The surah that admonishes the first recipients of the Quran, the Makkan tribe of
QURAYSH, to give thanks to the One God alone who had long bequeathed
to them, in their desert surroundings, abundant provision and security.
107. Sûrat Al-Mâ'ûn **سُورَةُ الْمَاعُونِ** 1093
The surah that chastises as irreligious and mean all those who withhold from
the helpless and needy the most basic forms of AID.
108. Sûrat Al-Kawthar **سُورَةُ الْكَوْثَرِ** 1094
The surah that informs the Prophet ﷺ that God has gifted him with
ABUNDANT GOODNESS in this life and far greater resplendence in the
Hereafter—for which he is instructed to ever show worshipful gratitude and
charitable generosity.
109. Sûrat Al-Kâfirûn **سُورَةُ الْكَافِرِينَ** 1095
The surah that instructs the Prophet ﷺ to inform THE DISBELIEVERS
that the worship of false deities and the worship of One God are not, and can
never be, compatible.
110. Sûrat Al-Naşr **سُورَةُ النَّصْرِ** 1096
The surah that informs the Prophet ﷺ that THE ULTIMATE VICTORY
of God is imminent in the liberation of Makkah from idolatry, in the throngs
whose hearts God will open to Islam, and in the approach of his own passing
to the mercy of God.

111. Sûrat Al-Masad سُورَةُ الْمَسَدِ 1097
 The surah that mentions THE PALM-FIBER ROPE that in Hellfire shall be twisted around the neck of the wife of the Prophet's uncle, who bitterly opposed Islam; for she took great pride in wearing an ostentatious necklace she became known for and would slip by night to strew thorns and prickly plants in the Prophet's ﷺ path to injure his feet.
112. Sûrat Al-Ikhlâş سُورَةُ الْاِخْلَاصِ 1098
 The surah whose six elements of belief constitute PURE SINCERITY of faith, wherein a believer affirms God's divinity, Oneness, and eternality, and negates in relation to Him any offspring, ancestry, or likeness.
113. Sûrat Al-Falaq سُورَةُ الْفَلَقِ 1099
 The surah that opens with the mention of God as the Lord of THE DAYBREAK and that teaches one to seek refuge in Him from the evil in creation and from all who envy the blessings of God in others.
114. Sûrat Al-Nâs سُورَةُ النَّاسِ 1100
 The surah that opens with the mention of God as the Lord of ALL PEOPLE and teaches one to seek refuge in Him from the whisperings of Satan and those of evil jinn and people.

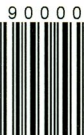
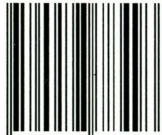
تَجْمِيدُ مَعَانِي الْقُرْآنِ الْكَرِيمِ
إِلَى اللُّغَةِ الْإِنْكِلَابِيَّةِ

THE GRACIOUS QURAN

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